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1 BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION 2 3 4 In the Matter of DOCKET NO. 940109-WU 5 Petition for Interim and Permanent Rate Increase in 6 Franklin County by St. George: Island Utility Company, Ltd. : 7 8 FIRST DAY - AFTERNOON SESSION 9 **VOLUME 2** 10 Pages 132 through 256 11 PROCEEDINGS: HEARING 12 13 **BEFORE:** CHAIRMAN J. TERRY DEASON COMMISSIONER DIANE K. KIESLING 14 15 Wednesday, July 20, 1994 16 commenced at 9:40 a.m. 17 18 Apalachicola Community Center 1 Avenue E 19 Apalachicola, Florida DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE 20 REPORTED BY: JOY KELLY, CSR, RPR 21 Chief, Bureau of Reporting 22 **APPEARANCES:** 23

(As heretofore noted.)

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PROCEEDINGS (Transcript follows in sequence from Volume 2 3 1.) (Hearing reconvened at 1:10 p.m.) 4 CHAIRMAN DEASON: Call the hearing to order. 5 6 MR. PFEIFFER: We call Wayne Coloney. This witness has not been sworn, Your Honor. 7 8 WAYNE H. COLONEY 9 was called as a witness on behalf of St. George Island Utility Company, Ltd. and, having been duly sworn, 10 testified as follows: 11 12 DIRECT EXAMINATION 13 BY MR. PFEIFFER: 14 Please state your name and your business Q address? 15 Wayne H. Coloney, C-O-L-O-N-E-Y. My business 16 A 17 address is Coloney Company, Consulting Engineers, 1014 North Adams Street, Tallahassee 32303. 18 19 And have you previously prepared prefiled 20 testimony in this proceeding? 21 Yes, I have previously prepared prefiled Α testimony, and I have also prepared and submitted 23 prefiled rebuttal testimony in this issue. 24 Do you have any additions or corrections or

changes to make in your testimony?

Α I do not.

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Would you please summarize your testimony, Mr. Coloney?

Surely. In my prefiled direct testimony I Α described the system, St. George Island system, in considerable detail. I find it be to be a rather unique entity in its physical configuration. I addressed the question of used and useful. However, I understand that that has been settled or resolved by stipulated agreement and, accordingly, I will not summarize that further.

In my rebuttal testimony I addressed the question of my prior study in the rate case. I assess it as being accurate and complete and have seen nothing that would suggest that my conclusions should be modified or changed. I found the system to be generally in compliance with the requirements of the Florida Department of Environmental Pollution (sic), and I expressed the opinion that the Utility is effectively managed.

- Would that be the Department of Environmental Protection?
 - Environmental Protection, that is correct.
- Thank you. And could you summarize your rebuttal testimony?

1	A I had just addressed the rebuttal testimony
2	also.
3	Q Mr. Coloney, if I were to ask you the same
4	questions that are asked in your prefiled direct and
5	rebuttal testimony, would you give the same answers here
6	today?
7	A I would.
8	Q Did you sponsor any exhibits with your
9	prefiled testimony?
10	A Yes. I submitted my experience record as an
11	exhibit to my prefiled testimony.
12	MR. PFEIFFER: We would ask that it be marked
13	as our next numbered exhibit.
14	CHAIRMAN DEASON: Yes, it will be identified
15	as Exhibit No. 5.
16	(Exhibit No. 5 marked for identification.)
17	MR. PFEIFFER: And we would ask that the
18	prefiled direct and rebuttal testimony of Mr. Coloney be
19	submitted into the record of this proceeding.
20	CHAIRMAN DEASON: Without objection the direct
21	and rebuttal testimony will be inserted into the record.
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- Q. Will you state your name, position and employment
- 2 address?
- A. Wayne H. Coloney, P.E., P.L.S., President, Coloney
- 4 Company Consulting Engineers, Inc., 1014 North Adams
- 5 Street, Post Office Box 668, Tallahassee, Florida,
- 6 32302. Telephone: 904/222-8193; Fax 904/222-9824.

- 8 Q. Please provide your qualifications including
- 9 academic background and professional experience.
- 10 A. Accompanying this testimony as Exhibit "A" is a
- 11 copy of my professional experience record, which
- defines my education, professional work history,
- 13 professional registration, military service,
- 14 professional activities, business activities, civic
- activities, clubs, honors, patents, and published
- 16 papers. Also accompanying this testimony as Exhibit
- "B" is an abstract from the current edition of Who's
- 18 Who in America containing a more detailed biography.
- 19 With specific reference to this particular project, I
- 20 have designed, supervised the design, administered
- 21 construction, analyzed, evaluated, and appraised water
- 22 systems for public and private utility companies for
- 23 more than thirty-five (35) years and during this time
- 24 have had total engineering responsibility for water
- 25 supply and distribution projects ranging in cost from a

1	rew numereds of thousands of dollars to several
2	millions of dollars.
3	
4	Q. Are you a registered engineer in the state of
5	Florida?
6	A. I am a Registered Professional Engineer in Florida
7	Georgia, Alabama and North Carolina. In addition, I
8	have been certified to practice in each of the fifty
9	states by the National Council of Examiners for
10	Engineering and Surveying. Further, I am also a
11	Registered Professional Land Surveyor in Florida and
12	Georgia, and a Registered General Contractor in the
13	state of Florida.
14	
15	Q. Are you a member of any professional or technical
16	societies?
17	A. Yes. As set forth in Exhibit "A," I belong to the
18	following, among others, with membership grades noted:
19	* Fellow, American Society of Civil Engineers
20	* Fellow, National Academy of Forensic Engineers
21	* Senior Member, National Society of Professional
22	Engineers
23	* Member, Florida Engineering Society
24	* Member, Florida Institute of Consulting
25	Engineers

1	* Member, Florida Society of Professional Land
2	Surveyors
3	
4	Q. What is the subject matter of your testimony?
5	A. I am prepared to testify as to the used and useful
6	determinations of this rate application, as to the
7	quality of service, and as to the adequacy of the
8	system capacity.
9	
10	Q. Are you familiar with the St. George Island Water
11	System?
12	A. Yes, I am.
13	
14	Q. When and how did you become familiar with the
15	system?
16	A. My first contact with the water system occurred in
17	1981 which I was performing other engineering design
18	work on St. George Island; however, I have been
19	actively involved in engineering work related to the
20	water system since 1984 when St. George Island Utility
21	Company, Ltd. retained Coloney Company Consulting
22	Engineers, Inc. to assist in various aspects of water
23	system improvement and expansion including the design,
24	development, and installation of water supply well #2,
25	which came on-line in 1985. Immediately after an

1 outage which occurred on the fourth of July, 1986, 2 Coloney Company was again retained to assist in system 3 management in order to reduce the possibility of 4 subsequent outages. The Coloney Company developed, and 5 St. George Island Utility Company implemented, a series 6 of system management principles which were successful 7 in substantially reducing and ultimately in eliminating 8 outage problems. From 1986 to 1988 Coloney Company 9 provided on-going advice, consultation, management 10 assistance, and engineering design in a continuing 11 effort to upgrade the system and to eliminate 12 deficiencies. In June of 1988 the Coloney Company 13 completed an "ENGINEERING ANALYSIS AND APPRAISAL OF THE ST. GEORGE UTILITY COMPANY, LTD." Following completion 14 15 of the engineering analysis and appraisal in 1988, 16 Coloney Company assisted St. George Island Utility Company in the design and implementation of a variety 17 18 of improvements including the construction of a one 19 hundred fifty thousand (150,000) gallon storage tank, a 20 projected third water supply well which has now been 21 built, and a number of other modifications and 22 improvements. Since 1990, Coloney Company has continued to assist St. George Island Utility Company 23 on an "as-needed" basis in cooperation with 24 Baskerville-Donovan, Inc. and other engineering firms. 25

1 Since January 1, 1992, Coloney Company has provided 2 consulting services under a Retainer Agreement. 3 4 Q. Would you describe the water plant and the water 5 distribution system? 6 A. The St. George Island water system consists of a 7 three-unit well field, located on the mainland in 8 Eastpoint, Florida, together with the appropriate 9 support, treatment, storage and distribution 10 facilities. Raw water supply for the system is 11 provided by the first two wells, each rated at a design 12 capacity of two hundred fifty (250) gallons per minute (gpm) and by a recently completed third well rated at 13 14 five hundred (500) gallons per minute (qpm). 15 wells are manifolded into a transmission main along and 16 in the right of way of the Bryant Patton 17 Bridge/Causeway. The permit application for the third water well (Well Number 3) was prepared and submitted 18 19 by Baskerville-Donovan, Inc. on behalf of St. George 20 Island Utility Company, Ltd., to the Florida Department 21 of Environmental Regulation (now Protection). The permit was approved and Well Number 3 is now complete 22

main is pumped across the bridge from the mainland to a

as noted above. Water produced from this well field

and manifolded into the eight (8) inch transmission

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1	three hundred thousand (300,000) gallon ground storage
2	tank located on St. George Island at the utility
3	company water treatment plant. From the ground storage
4	tank, water is lifted to a one hundred fifty thousand
5	(150,000) gallon elevated tank. Two of the three wells
6	have a design capacity of two hundred fifty (250) gpm
7	or zero point three six zero (0.360) MGD, maximum daily
8	withdrawal based on twenty-four (24) hour flows. Well
9	Number 3 has an individual pumping rate of
10	approximately five hundred (500) gpm. Well Number 3 is
11	intended to automatically alternate in operation with
12	Wells Number 1 and 2 also to serve as a back-up source
13	of supply. It will provide alternate service with
14	Wells 1 and 2 pumping together at a delivery rate of
15	five hundred (500) gpm. Accordingly, the capacity of
16	the raw water supply system over a twenty-four (24)
17	hour period is approximately zero point seven two zero
18	(0.720) MGD. Well Number 3 is equipped with an
19	emergency generator which will substantially increase
20	system reliability. Well Number 3 and the generator
21	are in place, complete and ready to go into full
22	operation as soon approval is received from the
23	Department of Environmental Protection.
24	Treatment facilities provided by the Utility are
25	located on Gulf Beach Drive and consist of gravity fed

1	tray aeration and chlorination. Storage facilities
2	located at the plant consist of a three hundred
3	thousand (300,000) gallon round storage tank and a one
4	hundred fifty thousand (150,000) gallon elevated
5	storage tank. Gravity feed tray aeration capacity has
6	recently been increased and its present effective
7	capacity exceeds the pumping capacity of the raw water
8	supply element of the system. Finished water is
9	provided by a fifty (50) horsepower, six hundred fifty
10	(650) gpm, primary booster pump, which operates on a
11	pressure range of forty-three (43) to forty-seven (47)
12	PSI as determined by the static water level in the
13	elevated tank which has a height of one hundred fifteen
14	(115) feet (ground to overflow). A smaller, twenty
15	(20) horsepower, two hundred fifty (250) gpm pump is
16	provided as back-up and a stand-by generator with
17	automatic start provides electricity in the event of a
18	power system failure. Treatment of raw water has
19	recently been improved by completion of a dual
20	chlorinator system with individual scales and an alarm
21	system. At the west end of the water distribution
22	piping, a booster chlorinator aids in maintenance of
23	residual chlorine levels.

Q. What materials pertaining to this case have you

revi	ewe	d?	145
A.	The	materials which I have studied and re-	viewed as
the	bas:	is for formulation of my professional	opìnion
have	in	cluded, among many other unlisted item	s, the
foll	owi	ng:	
	*	Coloney Company files pertaining to S	t. George
		Island Utility Company, Ltd., dating	back
		approximately ten (10) years.	
	*	The St. George Island Utility Company	, Ltd.
		rate case exhibit for the year ended	31
de Company		December 1987.	
	*	The engineering analysis and appraisa	l of the
		St. George Island Water System for th	e St.
		George Island Utility Company, Ltd.,	dated
		June, 1988, as prepared by the Colone	y Company.
	*	Current (1992 and 1993) correspondence	e between
		St. George Island Utility Company, Lt	d. and the
		Department of Environmental	
		Regulation/Protection.	
	A. the	A. The the bas have in followi	A. The materials which I have studied and rethe basis for formulation of my professional have included, among many other unlisted item following: * Coloney Company files pertaining to S Island Utility Company, Ltd., dating approximately ten (10) years. * The St. George Island Utility Company rate case exhibit for the year ended December 1987. * The engineering analysis and appraisa St. George Island Water System for the George Island Utility Company, Ltd., June, 1988, as prepared by the Colone * Current (1992 and 1993) correspondence St. George Island Utility Company, Ltd. Department of Environmental

- * The engineer's report, SYSTEM CAPACITY ANALYSIS OF THE ST. GEORGE UTILITY COMPANY, LTD. WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM, prepared by Baskerville-Donovan, Inc. and dated May, 1992 together with addenda thereto.
- * Applicable rules, regulations and statutes. 25

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1	* Docket No. 911082-WS, Staff Recommended Water
2	and Wastewater New and Amended Rules. (not
3	<pre>adopted/tabled).</pre>
4	Q. Based on your study and review of these materials
5	and your knowledge of these matters, have you formed
6	any professional opinions regarding this rate
7	application?
8	A. Yes, I have.
9	
10	Q. Would you please discuss the question of "used and
11	useful" percentage with respect to the system as a
12	whole?
13	A. In order to formulate a professional opinion as to
14	"used and useful" percentages for each of the primary
15	accounts and for the system as a whole, I gave careful
16	attention to 367.111(1) Service, which provides that:
17	(1) Each Utility shall provide service to the

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area described in a certificate of authorization within a reasonable time. If the Commission finds that any Utility has failed to provide service to any person reasonably entitled thereto, or finds that extension of service to any such person could be accomplished only at an unreasonable cost and that addition of the deleted area to that of another Utility company is economical and

1	feasible, it may amend the certificate of
2	authorization to delete the area not served or not
3	properly served by the Utility, OR IT MAY RESCIND
4	CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION. If utility service
5	has not been provided to any part of the area
6	Utility is authorized to serve, whether or not
7	there has been a demand for such service, within
8	five (5) years after the date of authorization for
9	service to such part, such authorization may be
10	reviewed and amended or revoked by the Commission
11	beginning with such authorization.
12	(2) EACH UTILITY SHALL PROVIDE TO EACH PERSON
13	REASONABLY ENTITLED THERETO SAFE, EFFICIENT, AND
14	SUFFICIENT SERVICE AS IS PRESCRIBED BY THE FLORIDA
15	SAFE DRINKING WATER ACT, THE FLORIDA AIR AND WATER
16	POLLUTION CONTROL ACT, OR RULES ADOPTED PURSUANT
17	THERETO. (Emphasis added.)
18	Although the Staff Recommended Water and
19	Wastewater New and Amended Rules have been tabled
20	by the Commission and have not been adopted, these
21	proposed rules provide additional, and highly
22	rational, guidelines for the determination of
23	"Used and Useful" percentages.

1 question of "Developer Owned" or "Developer 2 Controlled" customer areas. The existing number 3 of connected ERU's, the actual capacity of raw 4 water supply and treatment facilities, the extent 5 of the water distribution system, and the 6 development pattern were also given consideration. 7 Finally, great importance was attached to the 8 question as to whether or not the Utility's 9 investment was prudently incurred in order to meet 10 its statutory obligations.

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- Q. Would you discuss the "used and useful" percentage of wells numbers 1 and 2?
- 14 Wells numbers 1 and 2 each have an independent design capacity of two hundred fifty (250) gpm. Well 15 Number 3 which is now complete and soon to come on line 16 17 has a capacity of five hundred (500) gpm. George Island Hydraulic Analysis performed by the 18 Florida Rural Water Association (FRWA) in May of 1992 19 determined that Wells Numbers 1 and 2 running together 20 were averaging a total of four hundred ten (410) gpm. 21 22 Well Number 1, pumping independently, averaged two hundred fifty-five (255) gallons per minute, while Well 23

Number 2, when pumping independently, averaged three

hundred ten (310) gpm. A letter from the Florida

1 Department of Environmental Regulation (now Protection) 2 addressed to St. George Island Utility Company, Ltd., 3 dated 5 June 1992 and signed by J. A. Kintz, P.E., 4 Potable Water Section Supervisor, addressed the 5 question of the Florida Rural Water Association Flow 6 Tests and requested that Baskerville-Donovan, Inc. 7 incorporate these "real world" data into their 8 engineering report. On 10 June, 1992, Baskerville-9 Donovan, Inc. responded to the foregoing referenced 10 letter from Mr. Kintz. The essence of their investigations was the determination that the existing 11 12 raw water supply is capable of providing a sufficient 13 quantity of water to the system, when taking into 14 account available storage capacity, in order to serve 15 the one thousand two hundred sixty-four (1,264) 16 existing ERU's plus an additional one hundred thirty (130) ERU's or approximately two (2) years growth for a 17 total of one thousand three hundred ninety-four (1,394) 18 19 This would indicate a capacity to meet the existing demand of twelve hundred sixty-four (1,264) 20 21 ERU's plus the capacity to provide a margin of reserve 22 equal to one hundred thirty (130) ERU's or ten point twenty-eight (10.28) percent. These determinations 23 24 were based on the capacities of Wells Numbers 1 and 2 only. When Well Number 3 comes on line, the system 25

1 capacity will increase significantly. 2 3 Q. Based on the foregoing, do you have a professional opinion as to the "used and useful" percentage for 5 Wells Numbers 1 and 2? 6 A. Yes, I have. The "used and useful" percentage of 7 Wells Numbers 1 and 2 is one hundred (100) percent. 8 9 Would you discuss the "used and useful" percentage 10 for well number three? 11 Construction and installation of Well Number 3 was 12 mandated by the Florida Department of Environmental 13 Regulation (now Protection) and was contemplated as a 14 back-up to provide service in the event of failure of 15 either or both Wells Numbers 1 and 2. Considering the 16 absolute necessity for back-up capacity combined with 17 the fact that the construction of this well was 18 mandated by the Florida Department of Environmental 19 Regulation, it must be recognized that the investment 20 in Well Number 3 is and has been prudently incurred. 21 Based on the foregoing, have you formulated a 22 professional opinion as to the "used and useful" 23 percentage for Well Number 3? 24

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Yes, I have. The "used and useful" percentage for

1 Well Number 3 is one hundred (100) percent. 2 3 Q. Would you discuss the "used and useful" percentage 4 for Wells Numbers 1, 2 and 3 as a combined source of 5 raw water supply? 6 The redundancy requirements of Rule 17-555.315(1) 7 F.A.A. mandate that raw water supply capacity must be 8 sufficient to meet system demand with the largest of 9 the supply wells out of service. Only by construction 10 of Well Number 3 can this requirement be met. Further, 11 DEP mandated construction of Well Number 3 as a back-12 up. Accordingly, all three wells combined constitute the minimum raw water supply package necessary to 13 14 provide adequate and reliable service. 15 16 Based on the foregoing, have you formulated a professional opinion as to the "used and useful" 17 18 percentage for wells numbers 1, 2 and 3? Yes, I have. The "used and "useful" percentage for 19 20 Wells Numbers 1, 2 and 3 is one hundred (100) percent. 21 Would you discuss the "used and useful" percentage 22 for the elevated tank? 23

both the DER (now DEP) and the PSC (Order Number 21122)

Construction of the elevated tank was mandated by

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1 as being necessary to provide adequate service and the 2 tank is therefore one hundred (100) percent "used and 3 useful" regardless of any capacity calculations. on determinations of both the Florida Department of 5 Environmental Protection and Baskerville-Donovan, Inc., 6 the elevated storage tank, when combined with the 7 previously existing three hundred thousand (300,000) 8 gallon ground storage tank, has the capacity to serve 9 the one thousand two hundred sixty-four (1,264) 10 existing ERU's plus an additional one hundred thirty 11 (130) ERU's for a total of one thousand three hundred 12 ninety-four (1,394) ERU's indicating a margin of 13 reserve of ten point twenty-eight (10.28) percent. In 14 its report, dated May, 1992, Baskerville-Donovan 15 recommends the installation of an altitude valve to 16 isolate the existing elevated tank during peak flows and also modification of existing pump controls in 17 18 order to allow parallel operation of the larger and smaller booster pumps at the treatment plant. This is 19 20 intended to provide a capacity to serve on thousand 21 four hundred twenty-one (1,421) ERU's if assumed development occurs together with five (5) percent ERU 22 growth throughout the system. This growth would, of 23 course, include the currently existing ten point 24 twenty-eight (10.28) percent margin of reserve of one 25

1	hundred thirty (130) ERU's.
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3	Q. Based on the foregoing, have you formulated a
4	professional opinion as to the "used and useful"
5	percentage for the elevated tank?
6	A. Yes, I have. Based on the foregoing, it is my
7	professional opinion that the elevated storage tank,
8	both before and after installation of the altitude
9	valve and accompanying modifications, is one hundred
10	(100) percent "used and useful."
11	
12	Q. Would you discuss the "used and useful" percentage
13	of the supply mains?
14	A. Inasmuch as the supply mains were installed to
15	serve the areas described in the Certificate of
16	Authorization under which St. George Island Utility
17	Company, Ltd. operates and since customers having a
18	right to be served are scattered throughout the entire
19	area described in such certificate, it is clear that
20	the construction of these mains represents an
21	investment prudently incurred.
22	
23	Q. Based on the foregoing, have you formulated a
24	professional opinion as to the "used and useful"
25	percentage of the supply mains?

- 1 A. Yes, I have. Based on the foregoing, it is my
- 2 professional opinion that the supply mains are one
- 3 hundred (100) percent "used and useful."

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- Q. Would you discuss the "used and useful" percentage of the transmission and distribution system installed
- 7 within the plantation area?
- 8 A. 367.111(1) states that:

"Each Utility shall provide service to the area described in a Certificate of Authorization within a reasonable time. If the Commission finds that any Utility has failed to provide service to any person reasonably entitled thereto, or finds that extension of service to any such person could be accomplished only at an unreasonable cost and that addition of the deleted area to that of another Utility company is economical and feasible, it may amend the certificate of authorization to delete the area not served or not properly served by the Utility, OR IT MAY RESCIND CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION. If utility service has not been provided to any part of the area Utility is authorized to serve, whether or not there has been a demand for such service, within five (5) years after the date of authorization for service to such part, such authorization may be reviewed and amended or

- revoked by the Commission beginning with such authorization.
- 3 (2) EACH UTILITY SHALL PROVIDE TO EACH PERSON
 4 REASONABLY ENTITLED THERETO SAFE, EFFICIENT AND
 5 SUFFICIENT SERVICE AS IS PRESCRIBED BY THE FLORIDA SAFE
 6 DRINKING WATER ACT, THE FLORIDA AIR AND WATER POLLUTION
 7 CONTROL ACT, OR RULES ADOPTED PURSUANT THERETO, "
 8 (Emphasis added.)

9 The area described in the Certificate of
10 Authorization is specifically divided into two (2)
11 separate segments: one within the "Plantation" and the
12 second consisting of the rest of the Island.

Giving first consideration to the area within the "Plantation," it should be noted that, at one time, the "Plantation" was directly under developer control and, as a result, at that time the question of "used and useful" may have depended upon the ratio of lots connected to lots with service available; however, since 1986, no portion of the "Plantation" has been subject to control by St. George Island Utility

Company, Ltd. nor by any of its officers, partners, or employees, and as such, the Plantation is not now a "developer controlled" area. Neither the St. George Island Utility Company nor any of its officers or owners has any means of controlling growth within the

1 "Plantation" or elsewhere. 2 3 Q. Based on the foregoing, have you formulated a 4 professional opinion as to the "used and useful" percentage of the transmission and distribution system 6 installed within the Plantation area? Yes, I have. Based on the foregoing, and taking 8 into consideration the fact that the Plantation is 9 clearly and definitively beyond the control of St. 10 George Island Utility Company, Ltd. or any of its 11 officers or owners, and giving further consideration to 12 the fact that the Utility Company is required by the 13 Florida Public Service Commission to provide water 14 service to any customer within the "Plantation" who 15 requests service, then it is my professional opinion that the transmission and distribution system within 16 17 the "Plantation" area of St. George Island is one 18 hundred (100) percent "used and useful." 19 Q. Would you discuss the "used and useful" percentage 20 21 of the transmission and distribution system of the rest 22 of the Island? Throughout the rest of St. George Island outside 23 the "Plantation" area, no officer, employee or 24 affiliate of the Utility Company has ever had anything 25

1 to do with the development and platting of lots or 2 parcels. The development pattern throughout the rest 3 of the Island is not controlled nor is it subject to related developer control by the Utility Company in any 5 shape, manner, or form. The Commission Rule requires 6 provision of service to the whole territory included 7 within the area described in its Certificate of 8 Authorization and customers have built residences and 9 structures AT RANDOM throughout the entire certificate 10 area necessitating construction of transmission and 11 distribution lines throughout this area in order to 12 provide service when and where requested. More than 13 one hundred twenty (120) potential customers are now 14 served by privately owned shallow wells. transmission and distribution lines must be run past 15 16 such lots with shallow wells regardless of whether or 17 not they are connected to the system, it is further 18 indication that construction of such transmission and 19 distribution lines were mandated by the Public Service Commission and were a prudently incurred investment. 20

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Q. Based on the foregoing, have you formed a professional opinion as to the "used and useful" percentage of the transmission and distribution system on the rest of the Island?

1 A. Yes, I have. Based on the foregoing, it is my 2 professional opinion that the transmission and 3 distribution system outside of the "Plantation" and 4 throughout the balance of St. George Island is one 5 hundred (100) percent "used and useful." 6 7 Q. Do you have an opinion as to the "used and useful" 8 percentage applicable to the entire water system, taken 9 as a whole, owned and operated by St. George Island 10 Utility Company, Ltd.? 11 Yes, I have. Based on the foregoing, the total 12 water system in its entirety is one hundred (100) percent "used and useful." 13 14 15 Q. Would you discuss the quality of service currently 16 being provided to customers of the water system owned and operated by St. George Island Utility Company, 17 18 Ltd.? 19 Based on my personal observations, my detailed 20 knowledge of the water system, and on information 21 provided to me by Baskerville-Donovan, the Florida 22 Department of Environmental Regulation (now Protection), and the Utility company itself, there have 23

periods as Memorial Day weekend and the Fourth of July.

been no outages in recent years even during such peak

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1 In recent months, very few billing complaints have been 2 received and customer response indicates general 3 satisfaction with the qualify of service. Since the last rate case there have enormous and substantive 5 improvements to the reliability and quality of service. 6 The addition of the 150,000 gallon elevated storage 7 tank provides longer service capacity in the event of 8 power or well outages and maintains delivery pressure 9 even with pump outages. Well Number 3 provides 10 increased raw water supply capacity and significantly 11 increases reliability. The added chlorine booster 12 station at the west end, the repair of aeration plant 13 screening and addition of trays to improve hydrogen 14 sulfide removal, automatic operation of the standby 15 generator for high service pumps and addition of an 16 automatic start generator for the new well, a regular 17 flushing program, detection and repair of leaks, 18 regular testing for chlorine residuals and hydrogen 19 sulfide, regular testing for system pressure, employment of a certified and competent plant manager, 20 21 maintenance of a cross connection prevention program, fencing and security at plant and wells, availability 22 23 of emergency numbers 24 hours a day all have vastly 24 increased reliability and quality of service. Based on the foregoing, it is my professional opinion that the 25

1 qualify of service provided by St. George Island 2 Utility Company, Ltd. to customers of its water system is, indeed, satisfactory and acceptable. 3 5 Would you discuss adequacy of capacity? During my prior testimony concerning the "used and 6 7 useful" percentages in primary accounts, I addressed 8 the adequacy of capacity of the wells and pumping 9 plant, elevated tank and related storage capacity, the 10 supply main, the bridge crossing, and the transmission 11 and distribution system. Amplifying these comments 12 with information based on determinations set forth by 13 Baskerville-Donovan, Inc. in their report dated May, 14 1992, it appears that the system with relative 15 modifications and improvements, including Well Number 16 3, has adequate capacity to serve existing and 17 projected growth through the current year. From 1995 18 to 1998 it is projected that an additional fifty 19 thousand (50,000) gallon ground storage tank and 20 booster pumps will increase the capacity of the system to serve a total of one thousand nine hundred seventeen 21 (1,917) ERU's. In the period 1999 to 2002, 22 construction of a new elevated storage tank near 23 24 Windjammer Village will increase the capacity of the

system to meet projected growth and will enable it to

1 serve two thousand one hundred ninety-seven (2,197) 2 ERU's. In short, it is my professional opinion that the 3 system as it presently exists, given modifications and 4 5 improvements which are within the ability of the 6 company to provide, has adequate and sufficient capacity to serve its existing customers and those 7 8 projected to be added through the year 2002. 9 10 Does that conclude your testimony.

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Yes, it does.

1	REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF WAYNE H. COLONEY, P.E., P.L.S.
2	BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
3	REGARDING THE APPLICATION FOR INCREASED RATES FOR
4	ST. GEORGE ISLAND UTILITY COMPANY, LTD.
5	IN FRANKLIN COUNTY
6	DOCKET NO. 940109-WU
7	Q. Please state your name, position and employment
8	address?
9	A. Wayne H. Coloney, P.E., P.L.S., President, Coloney
10	Company Consulting Engineers, Inc., 1014 North Adams
11	Street, Post Office Box 668, Tallahassee, FL 32302.
12	Telephone: 904/222-8193; Fax 904/222-9824.
13	Q. Have you previously filed direct testimony in this
14	proceeding?
15	A. Yes, I have.
16	Q. What is the purpose of your rebuttal testimony?
17	A. The purpose of my rebuttal testimony is to respond
18	to the direct testimony of the OPC and PSC staff
19	witnesses.
20	Q. A question has been raised concerning the validity
21	of the engineering appraisal of the St. George Island
22	water system which was submitted in connection with
23	your testimony in the utility company's last rate case.
24	Do you still believe that study is valid and accurate?
25	A. Yes, I certainly do. My original cost study was and

- is a complete and thorough evaluation of the St. George
- Island water system as of the date of the study.
- 3 Q. Have you seen or heard anything that would cause
- 4 you to question your study?
- 5 A. No, I have not. I have carefully examined an
- 6 earlier study by William M. Bishop dated approximately
- 7 10 years prior to my study and I believe that it was
- 8 accurate at that time. After that examination, I
- 9 remain confident that my study as submitted in the last
- 10 rate case is accurate, complete and valid and that it
- is, in fact, generally consistent with the work of Mr.
- 12 Bishop when changes during the 10 year time gap are
- 13 properly considered.
- 14 Q. A question has also been raised regarding the issue
- 15 of whether the St. George Island water system is in
- 16 compliance with the statutes, rules and regulations
- 17 administered by the Florida Department of Environmental
- 18 Protection. Do you have an opinion regarding this
- 19 issue?
- 20 A. Yes, I do.
- 21 Q. What is that opinion?
- 22 A. I believe the St. George Island water system is in
- 23 substantial compliance with all of the statutes, rules
- 24 and regulations administered by the Florida Department
- 25 of Environmental Protection.

1	Q. How would you compare the current status of the
2	system with the status of the system as it existed when
3	you first started doing work for the company?

- A. I have seen the St. George Island water system grow and develop from a system of questionable reliability into a first class system that provides safe and reliable water service for its customers, and that has the capacity to grow and to continue serving its existing customers and those projected to be added within the foreseeable future. This is confirmed by my personal observations as well as the various reports and studies that have been conducted regarding the system.
- Q. To what would you attribute this success?
- A. There are a number of factors, but the primary one involves the perseverance and management abilities of Gene Brown, who has been the driving force behind the utility company's success over the past several years since he assumed the position as general manager.
- Q. What, if any, training or experience do you have in the field of management?
- A. In addition to over 40 years of actual executive management experience, I am a principal in Coloney, Von Soosten & Associates, Inc., which is a management consulting company. We specialize in corporate.

- turnaround counseling, crisis management and advice to
- 2 companies experiencing severe cash flow shortages and
- 3 operational problems. The principals of our management
- 4 company all have extensive management experience and
- 5 expertise. They include Geoffrey C. Murphy, who served
- as chief financial officer of Eastmark, Inc. and as
- 7 chief administrative officer of Beatrice International
- 8 Foods Company.
- 9 Q. Have you had an opportunity to observe Gene Brown
- in his role as manager of the St. George Island Utility
- 11 Company.
- 12 A. Yes, I have.
- Q. Do you have an opinion as to whether he is an
- 14 effective, competent and capable manager of the utility
- 15 company?
- 16 A. Yes, I do.
- 17 Q. What is that opinion?
- 18 A. I believe that Gene Brown has proven himself to be
- 19 a very effective, efficient, competent and capable
- 20 manager of St. George Island Utility Company. In fact,
- 21 he has done an absolutely phenomenal job in taking over
- 22 a company in crisis and bringing it to a high level of
- operating efficiency within a very limited time, with
- 24 limited resources. When Gene Brown took over as
- 25 general manager in the fall of 1991, I was frankly

166 concerned as to whether the company would be able to avoid bankruptcy and complete failure, to the detriment of the owners and lenders as well as the customers on St. George Island. I have been extremely impressed that Gene Brown was able to solve the myriad of problems facing the utility company, including the completion of the necessary improvements to the system to bring it up to a new high level of operating efficiency and service to the company's customers on St. George Island. I have observed him solving one problem after another through perseverance, hard work and managerial ability. I do not know who else could have stepped in and solved all of the problems that existed in the fall of 1991, considering the many pressures on the company, and considering the lack of cash flow which had caused so many of the company's problems up until that time. He has solved these many many problems over the past 2 1/2 years, and the company now operates efficiently and effectively while providing safe and reliable water service to its customers on St. George Island. However, the company must have adequate operating revenue for this level of service to continue.

- Q. Does that conclude your testimony?
- 25 A. Yes, it does.

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1 MR. PFEIFFER: And we would proffer the witness for cross examination. 2 3 CHAIRMAN DEASON: Mr. McLean. 4 CROSS EXAMINATION 5 BY MR. MCLEAN: 6 Good afternoon, Mr. Coloney. It's good to see Q 7 you again, sir. 8 Good to see you again, Mr. McLean. 9 Thank you, sir. I have some questions. may range from direct to rebuttal, so forgive me where 10 11 that's true. I'll give you time to catch up if you need it. 12 13 Thank you, sir. Α 14 You testified in the case which was before the O 15 Commission, the last rate case, which was in 1989, that you relied primarily for the preparation of your 16 17 original cost study -- I'm sorry, yes, continue -- let me start over, so I won't confuse you, okay? 18 19 Α Sure. 20 So I won't confuse myself. Q 21 You testified in the earlier rate case that you relied primarily on the data furnished to you by the 22 Company in the preparation of your original cost study; is that correct? 24

A I'm not sure that's an accurate

representation. We relied to a large extent on the data furnished by the Company, but at the same time we also did, indeed, physically examine the system in order to determine the extent of pipe which was actually in the ground and the physical features which were there.

Q I understand that. Let me ask a different question, then. With respect to the assets which were actually installed in the ground as of December 31st, 1979, with respect to the conclusions that you drew about those assets, did you rely exclusively upon data furnished to you by the Utility?

A Actually, we did not have accurate data as to what had been installed, and we made an estimate as to the extent of the system which had been installed prior to December 31st, 1979, and assessed it accordingly. We made our best estimate based on information available to us.

Q Now, my focus is on the information that was available to you. I have the impression that to determine whether a specific asset was in the ground or not in 1979 depends largely upon what the Utility told you, with a possible exception of things which were obviously placed there beforehand; is that not right?

A We were able to actually physically identify everything that was there as of the date of our study.

However, the specific items which were physically in place at earlier dates were determined by our most informed estimate, based on the information then available to us.

Q Okay. Now, let me get back to the information that's available to you. Is it not true -- well, let me ask you the question differently. Did you not testify in 1979 in response to a similar question that what you relied on was, quote, "Plans which were furnished to us by the Utility Company."

A Yes.

MR. PFEIFFER: That must be 1989.

MR. McLEAN: I'm sorry, yes. Thank you, Steve.

Q (By Mr. McLean) Was your answer yes, sir?

A My answer to that, with the stipulation as far as the date was concerned, was correct.

Q Well, thank you, sir.

Now, speaking of your study in a larger sense -- well, let me ask you a couple more questions about the conditions in 1989. I asked you in deposition had you had the privilege to testify before the Commission in investor-owned utilities other than St. George Island Utilities. Do you recall a question with that tenor?

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1	A Yes, I do.
2	Q Okay. And I believe your answer was that you
3	had not; that your experience with respect to the
4	testimony before this Commission was that
5	MR. PFEIFFER: Your Honor, I object to this
6	use of a deposition. Use of a deposition in this
7	fashion would be to impeach a witness and that's not
8	what he's doing. He can simply ask the question. I
9	object.
10	MR. McLEAN: I think it's a device of speech
11	which is to recall that we had that conversation.
12	MR. PFEIFFER: There's no indication of
13	CHAIRMAN DEASON: Mr. Pfeiffer, if you will
14	allow Mr. McLean to respond and then I'll give you an
15	opportunity to respond.
16	MR. McLEAN: I think the only thing else I
17	could do was ask Mr. Coloney if we ever talked about it
18	before, something like. It's a figure of speech; I
19	don't mean it to have any significance at all, and I'll
20	be happy to ask the question straight out.
21	Yes, ma'am.
22	COMMISSIONER KIESLING: Just so that I
23	understand, why can't you just ask him the question.

MR. McLEAN: I can. It's not a problem. I'll

CHAIRMAN DEASON: Please proceed.

MR. McLEAN: Sure.

Q (By Mr. McLean) I can't remember what my question was. Well, let me ask you in a general sense have you testified on behalf of any investor-owned regulated utility before the Commission in any other case that does not affect St. George Island Utilities?

- A I have not.
- Q Thank you, sir.

Now, given that you have not, I want to ask you anyway, if you'll permit the question, whether you have a notion as to what the Public Service Commission means when they speak of original cost?

A I believe that I have received sufficient information to have a reasonable understanding of what is meant by original cost.

Q Thank you, sir. Will you tell the Commission what your understanding is?

A It's my understanding that it would be the actual investment in allowable and requisite items, infrastructure and systems necessary to the operation of the Utility.

Q Now, does that in any way -- when you say "investment," does that in any way differ from the actual cost, as established by invoices, drafts, time

records and the like, differ in any way?

A I would believe the two would be synonymous.

Q And I think, if I'm not mistaken, when you set out to do your original cost study, although it was an estimate, and a scholarly estimate perhaps, it was, in fact, an inquiry to determine what those invoices would say if we had them.

A I think that's a reasonable expression. That is correct. When we undertook our study we did not have original cost data from which to work. We had the actual fiscal system in place.

Q I understand. Now, did you make any attempt of any sort to determine the whereabouts of any of those records to which we just referred?

A To a limited extent. It appeared that they were not reasonably available, and since we had limited time and resources for completion of the study, we devoted a significant portion of those resources to a physical examination and determination of what was actually in place.

Q So when you determined that they were not available did you determine that by asking the Utility, for example?

- A Yes, we did.
- Q Did you ask anyone else?

Α We did not. Are you familiar with a gentlemen named Q William Bishop? Yes, I am. And he operates an engineering firm in Tallahassee, does he not? Α Yes, sir. Q Thank you, sir. Was he the design engineer for this system? That is correct. 0 And do you know whether Mr. Bishop has 12 conducted at least two other studies, and I believe they may be replacement cost studies, but he has, in fact --13 do you know whether he has, in fact, conducted studies of the value directed to determine the original cost of 15 this system? We do, indeed, at this time understand that, and since my original rate study -- or excuse me, my 19 original cost study, I have had occasion to review Mr. Bishop's work. However, at the time we did our cost study, we did not have that before us. Okay. So, as I understand your testimony, you

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set out to do an original cost study without consultations with the engineer who actually was the consulting engineer when the system was built; is that correct?

A Absolutely, because we felt that our physical determination of what was actually in the ground was far, far more accurate than any other work ten years old, particularly given the fact that there had been very, very extensive additions to the system in the interim period.

Q Of course. Now, none of those additions would affect the original cost of the system as of December 31st, 1979, would they?

A Our directive was to determine, to the best of our ability, the original cost of the system based upon the dates, to the best of our ability, as of those portions of the installation. In other words, we were not requested to make a determination as to the original cost of the system as it existed in 1978 or '79, or '85. We were requested to make a determination as to the original cost of the system in its entirety as it existed at the date of our study.

Q I understand. You ventured an observation about the Bishop Report when I asked you if you consulted -- I'm sorry. You ventured an observation about your declining to speak with Mr. Bishop because you knew Mr. Bishop's study could not logically relate in any way, I think, to the additions which took place

since his study; is that correct?

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A It's my understanding that he had not done additional studies which encompassed the additional infrastructure added after the date of his original study.

Q And I think you also say that at least part of your marching order, so to speak, was to ascertain original cost as of December 31st, 1979, and points thereafter, I give you that, but points which preceded that as well; isn't that correct?

A That is correct. And we based our assessment on our best estimate as to which portions of the system had been in at various dates.

Q I understand. Did you ask Mr. Bishop if he happened to have the original invoices, checks, drafts, bills of lading, time sheets and so forth associated with the original construction?

A We did not.

Q With respect to the state of the plant, state of the investment or original cost, any of those things, let me ask you -- strike that. Let me ask you, there is also, Mr. Bishop also ventured some sort of appraisal in 1982, didn't he?

A If he did, I'm not aware of it nor have I seen it.

Q Did you testify in the last hearing that you were aware of a Bishop Study?

A Of the Bishop Study for the system as it existed in 1978.

Q I see. So if there is a 1982 Bishop Study, you don't know anything about it; is that correct?

A That is correct.

Q All right. Now, when Mr. Brown or whoever it was -- was it Mr. Brown who commissioned the study that you do for original cost?

A Yes, it was.

Q Okay. When Mr. Brown commissioned that study, did you happen to ask Mr. Brown, "Are there any similar studies to the one which you're proposing that I might consult or rely upon? Did you ask that question?

A No, from a engineering standpoint, unless I have original cost data and documentation, I would prefer to rely upon my determination of what physical assets actually exist rather than on prior studies. And that certainly is no reflection upon the work of other engineers or other entities. I simply feel that I am able to provide a more accurate and more effective assessment of the assets under consideration if I do not allow myself to be influenced by prior studies.

Q Would that be true if the prior study -- and I

make no representation that it does -- but if the prior study did, in fact, include invoices, checks, cancelled checks, bills of lading, time records, professional bills, those are original source documents you could have relied on if they existed, couldn't you?

A If the original study had provided or did include such documents, certainly those documents in and of themselves might have assisted us. However, I do not know whether or not Mr. Bishop did, indeed, have those in his possession nor do I know whether or not they were available to us.

Q But you made no inquiry to Mr. Brown when he commissioned the study, "Mr. Brown, do you have any other study by any other engineer to which original invoices may be attached as part of the study?"

A No, I didn't. Most essentially, because over the years I have rarely encountered an engineering study which included and encompassed the actual possession of original invoices, et cetera. It simply would be rather surprising if Mr. Bishop had retained that data and documentation as opposed to the Utility itself.

- Q But you made no inquiry?
- A That is correct.
- Q Okay.

A I have so stated several times.

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I understand. And I think you also testified, Q correct me if I have the wrong impression, that you would rather do your own work than you would in some way to rely on Mr. Bishop's interpretation of data that you might rather examine yourself.

I believe that is an accurate statement.

And this is a related question. I apologize to any extent that it is redundant, but had you so inquired, you also might have inquired of Mr. Bishop whether he had any of those things as opposed to rely on your intuition that engineers normally don't have those kinds of things; isn't that correct?

Had I inquired, and if he had them, that would have been additional information that would have been perhaps helpful.

Did Mr. Brown enter into any discussion with Q you about whether he, himself, had expressed any opinion with respect -- I'm not asking you what the opinion was, you understand, but I would like to know if Mr. Brown related to you whether he expressed any opinion as to that Billy Bishop Study under oath at any time?

A I do not recall being present when Mr. Brown made any statement under oath regarding the study by Mr. Bishop, nor do I really recall any discussions with Mr. Brown, either under oath or not under oath,

concerning the study by Mr. Bishop.

- Q And that is not the sort of inquiry that you would make, I would think.
 - A That's correct.

- Q Sure. Mr. Coloney, let's shift focus just a bit, I want to ask you about the requirement of a utility such as St. George Island Utility to file annual reports. Are you familiar, in a general sense, with that requirement?
 - A In a general sense, yes, I am.
- Q Now, Mr. Brown is seeking in this rate case, is he not, to be recompensed for money which he spends on engineering advice, namely yours?
 - A I believe that is probably correct.
- Q All right. Now, part of that engineering advice would be, perhaps, correct me if I'm wrong, to determine what numbers ought to go in that annual report, assuming that it has entries for engineering things?
 - A I'm not sure that I followed your question.
- Q I'm sorry, sir. Can Mr. Brown look to you in the future for the development of engineering data such that he can include those in his annual reports?
- A I have an ongoing relationship with Mr. Brown and his organization and I would expect that we would

respond to requests from Mr. Brown for engineering data and documentation.

Q Do you know whether you've done so in the past? Have you been so consulted in the past with respect to annual reports?

A We have been consulted on an ongoing basis over a number of years concerning a broad variety of technical matters, but I cannot say specifically whether any particular request was related to the preparation of an annual report.

Mr. Brown customarily asks for my advice regarding technical matters relating to the system, and I simply don't recall him saying, "Mr. Coloney, I need information for inclusion in an annual report."

- Q I understand. You're not specifically familiar with the annual reports then. Is that a fair --
 - A That is correct.
- Q Okay. That said, do you know whether the annual report requires the Utility to make two entries, namely: The plant account at the beginning of the year and the plant account at the end of the year?
 - A I simply do not know.
- Q I understand. Okay, let me ask you a general question or two then which address logic as much as

engineering. And that is, if we set out to inquire -and I'm not suggesting whether we should or should not
-- but if we should set out to inquire the original cost
of a system, of a utility system, as of a specific date,
and our focus is either on the one hand the original
documentation, or on the other hand a reasonable
estimate of those things, need we know anything of the
additions after that point to ascertain the original
cost of the value at the point?

A I'm afraid again I don't follow your question,
Mr. McLean.

Q Okay, I'm sorry. I can state it simply and then maybe more precisely.

Think of the day, December 31st, 1979. You don't have to remember what you were doing, okay, but we are looking to how much investment, what was the original cost of the assets in the ground as of that day?

A Yes.

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Q That is our focus. Need we know anything of the assets which were placed in the ground after that day for an answer to our original inquiry?

A You do not.

Q All right. Now, let me ask you the converse,
I think it is, of that question, and that is, in order

to quantify and to ascertain the extent to which additions were made since December 31, 1979, in order to quantify not their sum with the original, but just their sum standing on their own, need we know anything of the point of beginning to quantify the additions?

A It would be very helpful to know the extent of the original system as of the original date, in order to make a distinction between the two different construction periods.

Q Okay. Then accept, if you will, that we know that point, just for purpose of my inquiry. Accept, if you will, that we know the original investment -- I'm sorry, the original cost as of December 31, 1979. What need we know of that point to evaluate the additions which took place since then?

A Here again it would be helpful to know the extent of the actual fiscal infrastructure which was in existence as of the first date, and the extent of the infrastructure in place as of the second date so that it would be possible to differentiate one from the other.

Q Once differentiated, must one need anything -must one need to know anything about that point along
the way to get to the quantification of the additions?

- A Again, I'm not sure that I follow you, sir.
- Q Okay. Maybe I can think of an analogy.

-1	If we fook at an equation, which is a plus 5,
2	we get an answer which is X plus 5. What need we know
3	of the X to determine the magnitude of 5?
4	A I think we start with the basis that 5 is 5.
5	Q Yes, sir. We do.
6	A And you asked me what we would need to know in
7	order to determine the magnitude of 5, and I would have
8	to respond 5 is 5.
9	Q Yes, sir. What need you know of X to
10	determine that?
11	A You do not in other words, if you have a
12	given you really don't that 5 is 5, you really don't
13	need to know anything about X.
14	Q Have you ever predicted or represented to this
15	Commission that Well No. 3 would be in place by June
16	1989?
17	A Let me specifically say that that was not a
18	prediction. That was an expression of hope. (Laughter)
19	Q Shared by a number of people, Mr. Coloney.
20	Did you represent it that way, as an
21	expression of hope, when you told that to the
22	Commission?
23	A I told the Commission that based on
24	information which had been provided to me as of that
25	date, the expected operational date for Well No. 3 would

be as given.

Q And that information was provided to you by the Utility; is that correct?

- A That is correct.
- Q And that's the same utility which provided you data to tell the Commission what the extent of the original cost was in 1979?
 - A I have to go back to my earlier --
- Q Pardon me, Mr. Coloney, would you answer the question and then explain your answer, if you care to.
 - A Surely.
 - Q It is the same?
- 13 A It is the same Utility company.
 - Q Yes, sir.
 - A However, in my earlier response to your question, we relied on our own physical examination of the system in order to make a determination as to what actually existed as opposed to relying upon representations that, for example, a given stretch of line was actually in the ground.
 - Q I understand. When you did your study, incidentally, did you consult the some ten years of annual reports which the Utility submitted to the Commission?
 - A We did not.

Q Had you known that the Utility told the Commission on a yearly basis what the additions to plants -- what the addition to plant was, would you have then examined them?

A Here again, for a determination of the system as a whole, nothing is more accurate than actually knowing what is physically in the ground.

Q Yes, sir.

A And I would hesitate to assess the value of a system based on information contained in reports which had been generated over a period of years, when I had already determined that I did not have sufficient data and documentation, including invoices, paid invoices and contracts, to track the original cost of construction.

Q You're not suggesting license in any way, are you, for the Utility to report other than what they actually incurred in terms of additions during that time; are you?

A Absolutely not.

Q Okay.

A I'm simply stating that from an engineering standpoint, I would rely on my own physical measurements and observations before I would rely on reports generated by other entities.

Q Well, the other entity, in this instance, is

your client, isn't it?

A That is correct.

Now, the other entities -- let us say hypothetically, say that the plant came on in relatively -- if they say this, hypothetically -- came on in relatively equal increments during the ten years, and if to the contrary your study showed that there was a tremendous increment, say, halfway through the period and then one at the end, such that the sum of those two is roughly the same as the increments -- are you with me so far? I didn't ask the question yet. I was getting to one. I'm asking you for a sanity check actually.

If you discovered that the Utility reported to the Commission a relatively linear increase or rate of additions to the plant, and that your study indicated something very much to the contrary, not linear at all but essentially two spikes or maybe three spikes, wouldn't that cause you to inquire further had you considered that?

A Recognizing that this is a hypothetical question.

Q Yes, sir.

A Recognizing that I had not examined the reports and recognizing that I had indeed physically measured the system, responding to your purely

hypothetical question, such information may perhaps have resulted in a redistribution of my costs, and if they had come on line on a fairly uniform basis over the ten-year period, then in all probability my assessment of original cost would have been higher than what I presented in my cost study.

Q Okay. Well, the Commission has before it, if the Commission has before it, a report from the Utility, from persons exclusively within the Utility's control, if it has those things which indicate a linear progression of additions, should the Commission consider that in conjunction with your report when they are deciding the credibility of your report?

A Perhaps so. However, I would say that after careful review, I am completely confident in and satisfied with the conclusions and costs presented in my report. And nothing that I have seen in other data, including Mr. Bishop's study, would lead me to any other opinion.

- Q I understand that, sir. For how long have you known Mr. Brown?
 - A I have known Mr. Brown for at least 25 years.
 - Q Are you friends with Mr. Brown, sir?
- A I would say so.

Q Does Mr. Brown owe you money?

	A les, he does.
2	Q What quantity of money does he owe you, sir?
3	A I believe at this point in time somewhere in
4	the vicinity of \$75,000.
5	Q Have you taken have you on an occasion
6	filed a lien at the Courthouse to attempt to secure that
7	obligation?
8	A Yes, I have.
9	Q When was that, sir?
10	A I do not recall the specific date. I
11	discussed the matter with Mr. Brown, and requested my
12	attorney to proceed, and since that time I have paid no
13	particular attention to it.
14	Q I didn't I'm sorry, I didn't hear the date,
15	did you say
16	A I said I did not recall the specific date.
17	Q I understand. Do you know whether it was
18	before or after you completed this study?
19	A I would believe it was probably after I
20	completed this study.
21	Q Now, if Mr. Brown emerges well, let me ask
22	the question differently. Do you support Mr. Brown's
23	successful prosecution of this rate case?
24	A I do.
25	MP MolFAN: Thank you Mr Coloney T

particularly thank you for your patience. 1 2 WINTESS COLONEY: Thank you, Mr. McLean. 3 CHAIRMAN DEASON: Ms. Sanders. MS. SANDERS: Thank you, Mr. Deason. 4 5 Deason, I have three things we'll pass out. I apologize for not getting them out before. We had to change one 6 7 of them. 8 CHAIRMAN DEASON: That's okay. 9 CROSS EXAMINATION BY MS. SANDERS: 10 11 Q Good afternoon, Mr. Coloney. 12 Good afternoon. 13 Just to follow up on one of Mr. McLean's questions, you say that it's real accurate for you as an 15 l engineer to go out and look at what's in the ground 16 physically, right? 17 I feel that that's the most accurate approach to a determination of what is actually there. 19 It gives an accurate determination of what's Q actually in the ground. Does it in any way give you an accurate determination of original cost? 21 22 Α Having made a determination as to what is 23 actually in the ground, then it is possible to determine the current cost of those facilities by using currently

available unit construction costs.

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1	Q I	understand that. Then you extrapolate back
2	through you	r Handy-Whitman Index, right?
3	r A	hat is correct.
4	Q E	But you don't see the price tag when you go
5	out there a	and look on the ground, do you?
6	A I	do not.
7	Q A	all right. Now, when you were originally
8	asked to st	udy this, I know that Mr. McLean established
9	it but you	did not look at the annual reports?
10	I A	hat is correct.
11	Q Y	ou did not look at tax returns.
12	r A	hat is correct.
13	Q N	o checkbooks.
14	I A	hat is correct.
15	Q N	o invoices.
16	A I	did not see any invoices.
17	Q N	To contracts from the original jobbers.
18	A I	hat is correct.
19	Q A	and you did not have the Billy Bishop Report.
20	A I	did not.
21	Q C	of 1978.
22	A T	hat is correct.
23	Q N	low, I believe we just handed you a copy of
24	Mr. Bishop'	s 1978 report. Do you have that in front of
25	VOII?	

1	A	Yes, I do.
2	Q	I probably have lost mine at this point.
3		Have you reviewed it for this rate case?
4	A	Yes, I have.
5	Q	Okay. And that was provided to you by the
6	Utility o	company?
7	A	Yes, it was.
8	Q	Did you review the methodology that Mr. Bishop
9	used?	
10	A	Yes, I did.
11	Q	And you agree that for a majority of that
12	report, 1	nis methodology is based on actual invoices and
13	contracts	s?
14	A	I do.
15	Q	Okay. Do you have any argument with that
16	methodolo	ogy?
17	A	I have no argument whatsoever.
18	Q	In fact, you and Mr. Bishop were partners at
19	one point	, were you not?
20	A	Yes, we were and we still work together and
21	are good	friends.
22	Q	Okay. When were you all in business together?
23	A	1950 to 1955 and then from 1963 to 1967.
24	Q	Now, I want to did you only get the Bishop
25	Bonort :	you did not got anything also I just magged out?

- A I only got the Bishop Report.
- Q Hold on just a second. We're going to get you something else. (Hands document to witness.)

MS. SANDERS: Commissioner Deason, I would like to have the 1978 Bishop Report marked for identification. We don't intend to offer it as an exhibit at this point, but so that we will know what we're talking about.

CHAIRMAN DEASON: It will be identified as Exhibit No. 6. We need a copy for the court reporter, please.

(Exhibit No. 6 marked for identification.)

MS. SANDERS: Commissioner Deason, I wanted to say I've got a young lady here with me today helping me out. She's a third-year law student; she's getting her pro bono requirement from the law school and she asked me, "Are you sure you don't want me to give one to the court reporter?" I said, "No."

Q (By Ms. Sanders) Okay, Mr. Coloney. I've given you three sheets of paper. One of them is the "St. George Island Utility, System in Place; Bishop Report of 1978 Comparison with Coloney Report of 1988."

Do you have that document in front of you?

A Yes, I do.

MS. SANDERS: Again, Commissioner Deason, we

would like to have that marked for identification and 1 it's --2 3 CHAIRMAN DEASON: You wish all three of these 4 to be identified as a composite exhibit? 5 MS. SANDERS: That would be fine. 6 CHAIRMAN DEASON: Okay. And that's the three 7 single sheets of paper. 8 MS. SANDERS: Yes, sir. The second sheet being the "St. George Island Utility Comparison of 9 Construction Cost, Coloney 1988 Analysis to SGI Utility" 10 -- I have an error there, instead of "Tax Return" that 11 should be "Annual Reports." 12| CHAIRMAN DEASON: Okay. These three documents 13 will be identified as Composite Exhibit No. 7. Well, at 15 some point you need to give these to the court reporter. MS. SANDERS: Yes, sir. Thank you. 16 17 (Composite Exhibit No. 7 marked for identification.) 18 19 Q (By Ms. Sanders) The first half of the sheet, 20 Mr. Coloney, is materials in place, and you can see you 21 have the two-inch, four-inch, six-inch, eight-inch, and 22 twelve-inch ductile pipe, ductile pipe and gate valves. 23 Okay? 24 A Yes, I have that sheet before me.

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Q And we have Mr. Bishop's numbers on top and

your numbers on the bottom of his, okay? 2 That is correct. A 3 Okay. The eight-inch pipe you'll notice your 4 numbers are almost the same, right? 5 Actually, I think our numbers are identical in your -- on your paper you indicate that Mr. Bishop has a figure of \$13,998 feet of eight-inch ductile iron pipe. 7 However, looking at Page 10 of his report, he indicates 8 | 9 13,078 feet, exactly the same figure as we had. 10 Q Okay. That's Page 10, so you're identical on the ductile pipe. 11 I believe so. 12 Α 13 So that means as of July 1978, 100% of that Q 14 asset was in the ground. 15 A That is correct. 16 On the eight-inch PVC pipe, your numbers are 17 almost identical. 1,500, 1,600 feet of pipe difference. 18 19 Okay. So almost all of the eight-inch PVC 20 pipe was in the ground in 1978. 21 That is correct. A The gate valves, the six inch, almost 22 identical. 23 24 A That is correct. 25 Q So all of those are in the ground.

-	А	•	Correct.
2	Q	!	The eight inch, identical.
3	A		That is correct.
4	Q	!	All of those are in the ground.
5	A		That's correct.
6	Q	!	At the time Mr. Bishop made his report.
7	A		Uh-huh.
8	Q	! .	Okay. The six-inch pipe, Bishop identified
9	more t	han	50% of it, didn't he?
10	A		Yes, he did.
11	Q	!	As in the ground when he did his study in July
12	of '78	•	
13	A		That is correct.
14	Q	!	All right. Now, the second half of the page
15	is the	cos	ts of selected items, okay?
16	A		Yes. Uh-huh.
17	Q	!	Same breakdown. The only price that you have
18	that i	s si	milar to his is the 12-inch PVC pipe, right?
19	A		That is correct.
20	Q	!	You're over \$2 higher on the six-inch pipe;
21	right?		
22	A		That is correct.
23	Q	<u>}</u>	Almost \$3. On the eight-inch pipe you're \$2
24	higher		
25	A		That is correct.
- 1			

1	Q You're \$400 higher on the six-inch gate
2	valves?
3	A Yes, I am.
4	Q You're \$400 higher on the eight-inch gate
5	valves?
6	A Absolutely.
7	Q \$300 on the 12-inch?
8	A That is correct.
9	Q And 600 on the fire hydrants?
LΟ	A Correct.
ւս	Q Now, your job in 1988 was to determine the
12	actual cost of the system.
13	A That is correct.
L4	Q But you didn't have the invoices, the checks,
15	the receipts, et cetera?
16	A That is correct.
L7	Q So you had to use your Handy-Whitman Index,
18	right?
۱9	A We used first a broad variety of actual
20	construction costs in order to arrive at our cost of the
21	system of replacement cost of the system as of the date
22	of our study, and then we used the Handy-Whitman Index
23	to move backward in time to a determination of original
24	construction cost.
25	Q Right. What you mean by "actual costs," you

pretended like you were going to build that system in 1988 and you asked people to bid on what it would cost you in '88 to build that system, right? 3 In essence, that is precisely correct. And then you convert it back to cost in '78 or Q 6 whenever it was put in the ground based on 7 Handy-Whitman, right? That is correct. 8 Α Now, if you had had the access to the invoices 9 Q and the contract, you would have used those, right? 11 A That is correct. And that's because those actual invoices from 13 1978 are more accurate, correct? For original cost? A Not necessarily. Over the years we have had a record of matching actual cost with our estimates within 15 16 5 to 10% across the board, and I would represent that I 17 am fully confident that our cost determinations are, and have been, accurate within that range. 18 So you've done other studies where you use 20 that same methodology, today's prices, cost it back 21 through the Handy-Whitman Index and it was right on with 22 the invoices you had. A That is correct. Q But you had all of that information, right?

I beg your pardon?

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1	Q You would have had all of that information to
2	make that determination of how close you got, wouldn't
3	you?
4	A After the fact.
5	Q After the fact. All righty. Now, is an
6	engineering study that is based on actual invoices more
7	reliable than converting back through a Handy-Whitman
8	Index?
9	A Not necessarily.
10	Q Sometimes.
11	A Sometimes. Perhaps, but not necessarily.
12	Q Thank you, sir. Thank you very much.
13	Now, let's look at Mr. Bishop's report, if you
14	would. Look on Page 5, on the Bridge Crossing, 3.2.2.
15	A I'm looking at Paragraph 3.2.2.
16	Q Okay. The second sentence, "Leisure
17	contracted with W. S. Cypress Construction Company of
18	Jacksonville." The last line of that page. "The final
19	Change Order with Cifer's Construction Company was made
20	August 30, '76, and in a total amount of \$127,859.44."
21	Do you see that?
22	A Yes, I do.
23	Q Is that reliable information?
24	A I would say that was excellent information.
25	O Page 6. At Paragraph 3 3 Tim sorry weire

in the same section, for the purchase of the pipe, McWane Cast Iron Pipe Company of Birmingham, the 2 agreement dated February 6th, 1976, gives a price per 3 | foot of \$5.75, plus the freight quote. Α I see that. Okay. Do you consider that accurate evidence? A Yes, I do. 81 Of actual cost. Let's go to the Reservoir, Pumping Station, Treatment Facilities and Office Structure in 3.3.1. We have a contract with Marolf, 10 Inc. of Clearwater, Florida, date April 14, '76, in the 11 12 amount of \$63,332. Do you consider that an accurate statement of actual cost? 13 Α I would. Page 7, the slab for the tank bottom from GAP Q Enterprises of Tallahassee, contract dated April 21, 16 '76, amended amount of \$27,718.67. Do you consider that 17 an accurate original cost? 18 Yes, I would. Α Thank you. On the pumping station and 21 chlorinator, we have an electrical installation invoice by to Thomas L. Cook, \$12,000. Is that an accurate

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Α I would believe so.

original cost?

Q On Page 8, the office interior. We have

invoices accumulated by Leisure Properties, Ltd. for materials and labor in the amount of \$17,093.28. Do you consider that an accurate original cost?

A Yes, I would.

Q Now, are you surprised, as you've testified earlier, to find these numbers in Mr. Bishop's report?

A Not at all.

Q Now, you state in your report on Page 5 -- I'm talking about your 1989 report -- '88 report. I apologize. That even though you could not obtain accurate cost data, it was possible for you to determine with reasonable accuracy the year in which each segment of the system was constructed.

A That statement is definitely there, and at the date that this report was prepared we believed that to be correct. However, having received additional information since that time, I would believe that we significantly overestimated the extent of the system which was in place as of 1978. The end result is had we used the Bishop figures, our original cost estimate for the total system would have been higher than what we present in this report. In other words, what I'm saying is had we made an accurate distribution back to 1978 at that time the end result would have been a higher original cost than what is presented in our report.

the Commission would be free to reject the report in toto?

A Absolutely not. I think it would be totally incorrect to reject the report in any way.

CHAIRMAN DEASON: Let me ask a question at this point. I'm up here, Mr. Coloney.

WINTESS COLONEY: Surely.

CHAIRMAN DEASON: Why is it that it is your opinion that had you had the information contained within the Bishop Report, that that would have resulted in a higher original cost than your estimate?

WINTESS COLONEY: Yes, let me explain that clearly.

When we made an estimate that almost half of the total system had been in place as of 1978, we then applied the index, Handy-Whitman Index, to adjust those prices downward to those which had prevailed in 1978, and there was a fairly significant reduction.

As a result, we reduced the cost on a significantly larger proportion of the system than we should have.

Mr. Bishop's report indicates that somewhat less than half was in the ground as of 1978, and had we had that information and made that determination, we would have adjusted downward a smaller percentage and

the end result would have been a smaller amount deducted from the replacement cost.

CHAIRMAN DEASON: So basically you're saying more was added to the system post-1978.

wintess coloney: That is correct. As a matter of fact, referring to my system or my report, as opposed to the sheet which has just been given me, the sheet which has just been given me shows that two-inch pipe, in place as indicated by Mr. Bishop, was zero. It shows that the Coloney Report indicates that there were 57,545 linear feet of two-inch pipe. Actually, that's incorrect. My report on Page 36 shows that there were 69,375 linear feet of two-inch pipe in place.

Mr. Bishop showed no four-inch PVC pipe in place. We found that there were physically 7,477 linear feet in place, and as has already been mentioned, we found approximately 20,000 linear feet of six-inch pipe in place greater than was found by Mr. Bishop at that time. And please don't misunderstand me, I, in no way, cast any aspersions on Mr. Bishop's accuracy. I think his report is excellent. I think it is accurate and complete and I think it genuinely reflects what he found at that time. I'm simply saying that when he completed his report, only a small portion of the total system was actually in place.

1	CHAIRMAN DEASON: Thank you.
2	MS. SANDERS: Thank you.
3	Q (By Ms. Sanders) Let's define "small
4	portion." On Page 9 of Mr. Bishop's report he has a
5	production and well site. Okay? Right?
6	A Yes, he does, indeed.
7	Q He has, on Page 10, the production and well
8	site to the north end of the bridge, right?
9	A Yes, he does.
10	Q He's got north end of the bridge to water
11	storage reservoir exclusive of two bridge crossings,
12	right?
13	A Yes, that is correct.
14	Q And he's got the two bridge crossings?
15	A Correct.
16	Q And he has the water storage reservoir,
17	treatment facilities, pumping station, controls from
18	reservoir to production well, chlorination equipment and
19	other appurtenances, office, facilities and site,
20	correct?
21	A That is correct.
22	Q In the water distribution system he has the
23	water storage reservoir to the intersection of Gulf
24	Beach Drive and Franklin Boulevard, correct?

A That is correct.

ı	
1	Q He has the intersection of Gulf Beach Drive
2	and Franklin Boulevard to 11th Street East, does he not?
3	A Absolutely.
4	Q He has 11th Street East to State Park,
5	correct?
6	A Correct.
7	Q He has Gulf Beach Drive and Franklin Boulevard
8	intersection and 12th Street West, correct?
9	A Absolutely.
10	Q That's all the old subdivision, isn't it?
11	A That is correct.
12	Q He's got Cedar Village, Sea Palm Village and
13	Sea Pine Village, which are the first three subdivisions
14	in the Plantation, correct?
15	A I believe that is correct.
16	Q Now, what is "small"?
17	A "Small" is perhaps a not accurate
18	representation but based on your approach, you would ask
19	me to ignore 69,375 linear feet of two-inch pipe; 7,477
20	linear of four-inch pipe; 20,000 linear feet of six-inch
21	pipe together with all of the services, connections, et
22	cetera, the appurtenances that go along with it.
23	All I'm saying is Mr. Bishop's study was
24	accurate and complete and genuinely reflected what was

25 there in 1978. I'm saying that my report was accurate

and complete and genuinely reflected what was there in 1988.

Q That's good.

13|

A And that the original cost as determined by my study, taking into account the additions which were made after the date of Mr. Bishop's study is, indeed, accurate and is a solid and correct basis upon which the Public Service Commission can base its determination of original cost, just as it did in the first or prior rate case.

Q Excellent. So to summarize, Mr. Bishop's report is accurate as to what is in the ground in '78, and you added, basically, the distribution system after that for your report?

A My report took into account not only what was added after that, but also what was physically in the ground before.

Q I understand. Sure. What was in the ground in '88 is what you looked at.

A That is correct.

Q Now, the second sheet of paper I handed you, the Utility comparison of construction cost between your report and the Utility annual reports; I will apologize for that mistake. That will be the next two sheets of paper.

In your report, in '88 on Pages 47, 48 and 49, those are the pages in which you give the costs of the system, correct?

A That is correct.

Q And you come out with your bottom line of \$2,313,947, plus the meters which gives you 2,551,000 and change.

A That is correct.

Q Okay. Now on the chart, if you'll look at that for just a second, the first column, Mr. Coloney, is the meter charges, and we're going to eliminate the 1988 because we're going to stop with the test year of '87 for which you did your report.

A Very good.

Q And, if you will, those are -- the remaining meter numbers, just to adjust the math, would be \$232,937.94. The second column is the recap of those pages in your report, 47, 48 and 49, and you say that the only time that the Utility company made any investment in the assets, the additions to the plant, were in '78, '79 and '85.

A And again, I repeat, that that determination was based on the best information available to us at that time, and I believe that even in light of all of the information which has been made available to me

later, that this, in its entirety, is a reasonable and 1 accurate representation of what is there, and is a 2 reasonable and accurate representation of the original 3 cost of the system. 4 Okay. Well, we want someone else to think 5 Q about that same issue, okay. So let's walk through what 6 7 you did in your report. 8 Α Sure. 9 You said that all of the improvements were 10 made in '78, '79 and '85, correct? 11 Α That is correct. 12 And that there was zero money spent by the 13 Utility for additions to plant in '80, '81, '82, '83, 14 '84, '86 or '87, correct? 15 Α Again, based on the information which was 16 available to us at that time, that appeared to be an 17 accurate representation. 18 Q And that information was what the Utility 19 company told you. 20 It was based upon what the Utility company told us and also upon our evaluation of the condition of 21 the physical plant itself, the pipe in the ground and so 23 on.

You didn't do any carbon dating on that PVC

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pipe, did you Mr. Coloney?

-1	A No carbon dacing.
2	Q Okay. You looked at it all, you figured it
3	all went in in '78; looked kind of new, you figured it
4	all went in in '85?
5	A That is correct. And had we distributed it
6	back over an earlier date
7	Q We're going to go up, I know that. We're
8	going to pay more money on this report, aren't we?
9	A Absolutely.
10	Q Okay. I'm with you.
11	Now, look at the page after that which is an
12	excerpt from Public Counsel's prefiled exhibit, which
13	represents the Utility company's annual report, what
14	they say was added to the plant from '80 to '87, okay?
15	A Yes.
16	Q Additions to plant. In 1980 the company said
17	that they added \$3,063, right?
18	A Right.
19	Q But you've got 9,864 in meters, correct?
20	A That is correct.
21	Q And we can run on down this. Next year they
22	go \$73,069, but you've only got 17,000 I mean, you've
23	got 17,746 that they added, correct?
24	A That is correct.
25	Q The next year they say they added 73,000 to

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the plant, but you only have 19,000 and those are all
 2
   meters.
 3
              That is correct.
         A
              The same thing in '83, 102,000 versus 38,000
 4
         Q
 5
    for you.
 6
         Α
              Correct.
 7
         Q
              All in meters. '84, 143,000 on their report;
8
   you've got 50,000.
9
         A
              Right.
10
         Q
              All in meters, nothing in the ground. No
11
    plant.
              That is correct.
12
         Α
              Now in '85 they only spent 33,000, but somehow
13
         Q
14
    they were able to put 850,000 in the ground, right?
15
         A
              That is correct.
16
              Next year 104,000 they spent, but they only
   put 32 in the ground. Correct?
17
18
         A
              Correct.
19
         Q
              '87 they spent 9,000 but they got 18,000 in
20
   the ground, correct?
21
              That is correct.
         Α
22
              I'm sorry, 5,000. And they've got 18 in the
         Q
23
   ground.
24
              At the 1978 column, your total is $1,412 -- I
25
   can't do number, $1,412,482, right?
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1	A That's correct. And I think that was
2	significantly overstated based upon our estimate as to
3	the distribution of the system.
4	Q And because you had Mr. Bishop's report that
5	says \$861,749 at that point, right?
6	A That's correct.
7	Q So we know it's overestimated.
8	A Uh-huh.
9	Q Okay.
10	A However, I should stress that that has
11	absolutely no significance whatsoever in the actual
12	original cost of the entire plant as a whole.
13	Q \$600,000 doesn't have any is insignificant?
14	A Not at all. You misunderstand me or you
15	endeavor to put words in my mouth.
16	Q I'll listen, Mr. Bishop (sic).
17	A Mr. Coloney.
18	Q Mr. Coloney. I apologize.
19	A That's perfectly all right.
20	The only thing that really matters is what is
21	physically in the ground.
22	Q And how much it cost to put it there.
23	A And how much it cost to put it there.
24	Q And when it got there.
25	A Not when it got there when we look at the cost

determinations, because if I had distributed it precisely as Mr. Bishop reports at that time, the original cost would have been higher than what I have presented in this report. And as I said before, the significance is what the total system actually consists of and what it costs. And if you ask me to explain the annual reports, all I can say is that for whatever reason there may be, the Utility company was grossly unfair to itself.

Q Okay. And it didn't tell the PSC the right numbers either, did it?

A I think that that was a grievous error, because they should have been significantly higher and, hopefully, had that been the case, they would have had a more reasonable rate determination over the years.

Q But you said that in 1988 and they were filing those reports every year as they spent the money.

A And all I can say is they were grievously unfair to themselves, because I can't conceive of anybody gratuitously installing this pipe in the ground at no cost. The pipe is there. The plant is there.

Our determination of what is there is accurate. Our determination as to what it would have cost in 1988 to put it there is accurate. And our determination of the original cost, based on the Handy-Whitman Index, is

accurate to the extent that we distributed the various items of it to specific dates. However, as I've said, based on all of your questioning, and the information which has been given to me, were I redoing my report, I would arrive at a higher original cost, not a lower. Okay. It might surprise you, but I don't 0 dispute that what you saw in the ground was really in the ground, okay? I didn't think that you did. I really didn't. And I don't dispute that you were able to get Q bids in 1988 for what it would cost to build it in 1988. I don't believe that you dispute that. Α And I do not dispute that you did not Q accurately employ the Handy-Whitman Index. I think that you do not dispute that. A Q

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What I'm asking you about is the fact that Mr. Bishop had an actual cost in '78 based on invoices and contracts that is significantly lower than yours.

A And with the information that I've given you, I find Mr. Bishop's determination and my determination to be totally absolutely consistent. I see no inconsistency whatsoever.

Q You do not see an inconsistency between \$1.412 million and \$861,000?

Α Again, you endeavor to put words in my mouth.

Those figures are significantly different. But I've 2 already explained that I did not have Mr. Bishop's report available to me, and I assumed a larger proportion of the system in ground in 1978 than Mr. Bishop's report showed were actually there. The end result is that had I had that, my overall original cost for the total system would have been higher. I find no inconsistency with Mr. Bishop's figures in any way at any point.

> Q Okay.

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And I do appreciate your agreeing with me on so many points.

Well, I can recognize a person who is good at Q numbers, so I'm going to ask you run a few for me.

If we start with Mr. Bishop's \$861,749, which you say is absolutely accurate, and we add to that --

A No, I did didn't say it was absolutely accurate. I said that I would accept that as a reasonable representation.

> Q Okay.

Α And I think it was an excellent study, but I hesitate to say that it was absolutely accurate.

Q Sure, I understand. I didn't mean to use a hyperbole.

And then we add to that what the Utility

company says that it put in the ground, being 539,000, we're still very far away from 2,550,000, are we not?

A We are, indeed. And I repeat, for whatever reason, the Utility company reports were simply grossly unfair to the Utility company.

CHAIRMAN DEASON: While they are conferring,
Mr. Coloney, let me ask you a question. Do you have an
explanation as to why the additions on the annual report
would only total some \$540,000, but that you show a
different amount for additions?

WITNESS COLONEY: The reason escapes me, Mr. Deason. I simply don't know. I can only surmise that, for whatever reason, the Utility was not accurately tracking its expenditures. I simply cannot understand the discrepancy between these reported improvements and what we physically found in the ground. I just have no explanation on that.

Q (By Ms. Sanders) You have no explanation for what the Utility reported on its annual report?

A This is the first time I have seen those figures and I have no explanation; I have no idea.

Q Maybe they had their check stubs, is that a possibility? But you didn't have them?

A All I can say is if I accepted the Utility company figures for the improvements, I would have to

conclude that the good fairies had put an awful lot of 2 pipe in the ground. 3 Q Well, maybe the developers had put a lot of 4 pipe in the ground. That might be. 5 A 6 Q Thank you, Mr. Coloney. 7 MS. SANDERS: That's all I have, Mr. Deason. 8 CHAIRMAN DEASON: Mr. Pierson. 9 CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. PIERSON: 10 11 Good afternoon, Mr. Coloney. Good afternoon. 12 A Can you describe the services you provided for 13 14 this utility for the rate case, this rate case? Basically, I have reviewed our files. I have 15 A appeared and given a deposition and I have prepared 16 17 prefiled direct testimony and prefiled rebuttal testimony based on questions which were given to me. 18 19 I have prepared for the hearing today by 20 reviewing Mr. Bishop's report, and by assessing the 21 information given therein with relation to the information contained in my report. 22 23 Q Now, Mr. Coloney, you have a retainer agreement with the Utility; isn't that correct? 24

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That is correct.

1	Q And that's for \$500 per month.
2	A That is correct.
3	Q And you've already testified that the Utility
4	owes you for past work.
5	A That is correct.
6	Q Does the retainer have anything to do with
7	those past amounts owed?
8	A It does not.
9	Q What would you do for the Utility on a typical
ιο	month in a typical month?
11	A On a typical month, Mr. Brown would contact me
12	and ask for my advice and consultation concerning
LЗ	technical problems relating to the system. He might ask
14	me for assistance in connection with compliance with the
15	Department of Environmental Protection mandates,
16	requirements or suggestions, and I would respond to such
17	requests as were made.
18	Q Does Mr. Brown contact you for advice every
L9	month?
20	A No. Some months he will ask essentially
21	nothing of me. Other months, why the actual time spent
22	responding to requests from Mr. Brown may be fairly
23	significant.
24	Q Assuming that overall, and this is a

25 hypothetical, if you will, assuming that -- would you

tell us, first of all, what your hourly rate is? 2 A \$200 a hour. Then do you provide essentially two and a half 3 hour of work per month? 4 5 Α After two and a half hours provided under the 6 retainer agreement, I bill Mr. Brown. 7 Okay. Now for the hypothetical. Assuming Q 8 | that over the next year or so you did not wind up 9| putting two and a half hours per month into the Utility, 10 would you subtract the amount of that retainer from the amount that Mr. Brown owes you for past services? 11 12 Probably so, if requested to do so. If the retainer was disallowed, how would you 13 bill the Utility for engineering services? 14 15 I would bill them in precisely the same way, A 16 but I would expect payment on a monthly basis. 17 How much have you billed the Utility for Q 18 preparation for this rate case thus far? 19 Α I have not billed up to date, but I believe it will probably be in the vicinity of 4,000 or 5,000. 20 21 Did you do any work for this rate case under the retainer agreement? 22 23 A Yes, I did. 24 And if the retainer agreement is disallowed, Q 25 would you bill the Utility a further amount?

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1	A Yes, I would.
2	Q Is the utility in compliance with the
3	Northwest Florida Water Management District mandates?
4	A To the best of my knowledge and belief, yes.
5	I appeared with Mr. Brown before the Northwest Florida
6	Water Management District several months ago. At that
7	time an application for increased withdrawal was
8	discussed. It's my understanding that Mr. Brown has
9	made such application, and to the best of my knowledge
10	and belief, at this point in time this matter is
11	proceeding through the normal channels; and, as such, I
12	would believe that the Utility company is in compliance.
13	CHAIRMAN DEASON: Let me interrupt for just a
14	second. I'm having a little difficulty with the
15	previous line of questions.
16	How is it that were the Commission to disallow
17	the retainer or a portion of the retainer, how would
18	that have any bearing on what you bill Mr. Brown?
19	WINTESS COLONEY: I was endeavoring to convey
20	that it would not have any difference. That I would
21	bill in precisely the same way.
22	CHAIRMAN DEASON: It makes no difference.
23	WINTESS COLONEY: It makes no difference.

(By Mr. Pierson) I thought I heard you testify that if the retainer was disallowed, that you

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would bill Mr. Brown over and above what you stated?

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A I was endeavoring to convey that I bill
Mr. Brown on the basis of \$200 a hour, with a retainer
covering two and a half hours per month, and that I
would bill him, or the Utility, for services rendered at
that hourly rate whether or not services were allowed,
disallowed or otherwise.

- Q What's the benefit of the retainer then?
- A The benefit of the retainer is the fact that we receive a specific payment, generally in advance, and that we know that we're going to be paid for at least two and a half hours.
 - Q And the benefit to the Utility is?
- A The benefit to the Utility is that it has a call on my time, which might not otherwise be available. At present, and for the past several years, I have had 100% billable time. We work all over the United States. And without such an arrangement I certainly could not assure Mr. Brown that I would make time available on call.
- Q Getting back to -- excuse me -- the Northwest Florida Water Management District, isn't the Utility actually drawing more than its permitted capacity?
- A Yes, indeed, it is, but as I stated that has been discussed with the Northwest Florida Water

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Management District. They recognize the discrepancy.
They have authorized, on a temporary basis, such
withdrawal, and the application for an increase in the
withdrawal is pending, so I would consider all of that
to mean that the Utility is indeed in compliance with
regulations and requirements.
Q And has that application for the modification
of the permit been filed?
A To the best of my knowledge and belief, it
has. However, I do not perform that particular aspect
of work for Mr. Brown.
Q Do you have a copy of your 1988 engineering
study in front of you?
A Yes, I do.
Q I suppose since there was a lot of discussion
about this previously we probably ought to mark this as
an exhibit.
MR. PIERSON: I think the next available
number is 8.
CHAIRMAN DEASON: Yes. That's correct. It
would be Exhibit No. 8. Are there copies available?
MR. PIERSON: I believe it was just handed
MR. PIERSON: I believe it was just handed out.

MR. PIERSON: Thank you.

(Exhibit No. 8 marked for identification.)

Q (By Mr. Pierson) Would you refer to section 2.5.3, which is on Page 13, and tell me if you still maintain that adequate fire flows are available to a very limited extent during periods of low usage?

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A Well, my statement was adequate fire flows are available to a very limited extent and only during periods of low usage.

I would say that the condition has significantly improved since this report. The plant currently is delivering water to the system with two 50-horsepower pumps controlled by variable frequency drives, delivering water at 65 pounds per square inch. They are certainly capable of exceeding a standard fire flow of 500 gallons per minute. And in any period other than absolute maximum usage, they would be able to continue that fire flow for a significant period of time. They have available approximately 450,000 gallons of storage. Their current operating procedure maintains that capacity, essentially, full at all times, except perhaps during absolute peak flows or peak demand. gallons per minute equates to 30,000 gallons per hour, and based on that, they should be able to provide one standard fire flow for at least ten hours, even taking

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into account normal or perhaps even higher than normal usage.

One of the customers, a Ms. Gherardi, I Q believe it was, testified that there was a recent outage when the fire department was testing the system at both ends of the island. Could you harmonize that, if you would, with your statement that the Utility could provide ten hours of fire flow.

A fire flow, a standard fire flow is 500 gallons per minute.

If the volunteer fire department opened a number of hydrants at both ends of the system simultaneously, they would easily exceed the delivery capacity of the system. So that an outage under those conditions would not surprise me, but that does not relate to a real life situation.

Then the Utility could only handle one fire at a time; is that what you're saying?

It's my understanding that the Utility company Α is not required under any circumstances, for any reason, to provide any fire protection whatsoever. And it would be my understanding that the Utility company does, indeed, under present conditions, provide a very significant degree of fire protection. Should it be desirable, or should it be required that the Utility

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company provide multiple fire flows simultaneously, particularly during a peak demand period, it would be necessary to significantly increase the physical infrastructure at a very large cost. But it's my understanding that there is no requirement ethically, morally or legally for the system to provide such.

0 What would it take to bring the fire flow up to your standards?

I would believe that it is fully up to any requisite standards at this point in time.

When you say "standards," what you're really referring to is a level of capacity which would result in a more favorable insurance rating, which in turn would result in lower insurance premiums. And since the insurance ratings range over a series of numbers, it's possible to specify almost any level of requirement. But that's not quote "standard". I would say that the Utility company is providing an extraordinarily high level of fire protection given the fact that it is not required to provide any at all.

But you testified that it would take -- I'm not sure exactly how you put it, but significant improvement in infrastructure to provide multiple --

A Multiple fire flows simultaneously at peak demand.

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And what infrastructure are we talking about, in your opinion?

Α In my opinion it would be desirable to provide increased elevated storage, and it would be desirable to provide a supplemental main dedicated to fire protection, as opposed to the combined use of the existing main for delivery of distribution water and fire fighting water from the same line.

Based upon the testimony that you have given on fire flow, should customers reasonably expect the fire hydrants to be able to provide adequate fire protection?

No.

If a water system was not designed to provide fire flow, do you believe it's sound engineering practice to attach fire hydrants to that system?

As I've already stated the system provides a very high level of fire protection. Yes, indeed, given the size of the main and the capacity of the system, it was a reasonable and prudent decision to install fire hydrants and they are indeed functional and provide a high degree of protection.

I'm simply saying that the system, the Utility company is not required to provide fire protection. since it is not, and since the customers do not pay for

such, I think that they have no right to expect such, 1 despite the fact that they are provided such. 2 3 I'm not quarreling with you, I'm just trying Q to get some stuff into the record. 4 I understand. I appreciate your 5 No, no, no. demeanor, and I under no circumstances would consider it 6 7 to be anything other than gentlemanly and polite. 8 Q Thank you. 9 On a peak day? 10 Α Yes. 11 I believe you testified that the Utility may Q not be able to provide adequate fire flow for even one 13 fire; is that correct? 14 Α That is correct. 15 Q Do you believe that the Utility has adequate 16 storage as it is now? 17 For the foreseeable future, yes. What is the foreseeable future? 18 Q 19 I would say over the next four to five years. 20 Q Are you aware that the Department of 21 Environmental Protection as opposed to the Department of 22 Environmental Pollution -- (laughter) 23 A I appreciation the distinction. 24 Considers that the Utility is very near its 25 capacity right now.?

A Yes, I am, and I have a slight difference of opinion with that.

I think when you take into account the pumping capacity and the storage capacity, the extraordinary character of the system, the fact that it experiences peak demand only on a very few days each year, Memorial Day weekend, Fourth of July weekend, Labor Day weekend, that the system is capable of meeting that demand with careful management for the next four or five years with no significant additions.

- Q You stated that the Utility has adequate storage right now. Were you to add additional storage, would you choose ground storage or elevated storage?
- A Elevated storage, probably at the far end of the island, toward Bob Sykes Cut.
- Q Did you testify as to the available storage for this Utility right now?
 - A I'm not sure I understand your question.
 - Q The number of gallons available.
- A Well, you have roughly 300,000 gallons of ground storage and roughly 150,000 gallons of elevated storage at present. Given normal conditions, I would expect that to equate to, oh, perhaps 400,000 available gallons.
 - Q Are you aware that on May 31st, 1993, the

demand for water was 533,000 gallons? 1 Yes, I am. 2 A 3 Does that change your opinion at all as Q 4 to the --Not at all, considering the fact that you 5 6 have a pumping capacity to deliver almost 700,000 7 gallons to the island, an on-site storage -- I mean an on-site storage capacity of 400,000 gallons, combined 8 with the pumping capacity to deliver almost 700,000 9 10 gallons to the island in a 24-hour period, gives you a 11 total available delivery of 1,100,000 gallons as opposed to a demand of 533,000, and I think that is more than 12 13 adequate. (Pause) 14 Would you believe it's reasonable to expect 15 with additional growth, peak usage will only increase? I beg your pardon? 16 Α With additional growth, do you believe that 17 18 peak usage will increase? 19 A Yes, I do. And do you believe that the addition of 20 Q 21 storage increases a system's capacity? 22 Α Yes, I do. 23 Can you explain that?

which equals total demand in a given period of time,

Certainly. If you, for example, have storage

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1 then if you were unable to pump during that period for 2 any reason, you would be able to supply that peak demand without further delivery of water from your well field. 3 Given the fact that the Utility company now has on-site 4 backup generation capability, power generation 5 capability, and given the fact that you have on the 6 island a fairly substantial percentage, or have storage 7 representing a fairly substantial percentage of peak 8 demand, I would believe that the system is reasonable 9 and adequate for the foreseeable future. As does any 10 11 engineer, I'm always happy with redundancy. like to see additional pumping capacity. I would like 12 to see additional on-island storage capacity, 13 preferrably elevated, but that does not affect my 14 15 opinion that the system is reasonably capable of meeting foreseeable demand in the near future. 16

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- Q And you said for four or five years?
- A Four or five years, that's correct.
- Q Then the difference between your opinion and DEP's opinion is that they use peak usage and you use average usage?

A Well, the difference is that they are giving,

I believe, far greater weight to peak demand than is

justifiable given the extraordinary nature of this water

system. If this water system were in a conventional

municipality, I would agree with them totally, absolutely and completely and would perhaps be even more conservative than they are.

Given the fact, though, as I said before, that you have only three weekends a year when you experience this peak demand. And given the fact that the balance of the year, you're looking at a demand that is one-third of that on a daily basis, I simply can't assign as high an importance to the peak demand as perhaps the Department of Environmental Protection does. And don't misunderstand me, I'm not saying that they are wrong. I stress the fact that this is a difference of professional opinion.

Q Would you then come up with a formula that would weight certain factors and weight peak usage perhaps slightly lower than number one, is that what you're talking about?

A I have a monumental distrust of formulas which relate peak usage to requirements. Common sense, good engineering experience and good basic knowledge is a far better determinant than, in my opinion, are formulas.

Q I don't mean to testify, but this Utility has had a number of complaints in the past about water outages and low system pressure. If the system capacity was not increased sufficiently, wouldn't we still be

having these complaints on the peak usage days?

A It's my opinion that the system capacity has been increased. Since the installation of the elevated storage tank, since Well No. 3 -- well, actually since installation of the elevated storage tank, I really am not aware of any significant outages, period. And if you have information as to a large number of such, I'd be delighted to look at them. But as far as I know, the system is operating effectively, efficiently and is meeting the requirements of its customer populous.

- Q In that study on Pages 16 and 17, Section 2.7.4, you state that "All existing two-inch PVC pipe should be replaced with four-inch PVC at an absolute minimum." Do you still agree with that statement?
 - A Excuse me, where are you looking?
- Q At the bottom of Page 16, top of Page 17.

A Yes. I say that the existing nearly 700,000 linear feet of two-inch PVC pipe is totally inadequate for any type of fire protection. And I totally agree.

Q Do you believe that that should be replaced with something larger?

A I think it would be desirable. However, given the fact that the Utility company is not required to provide fire protection, I think it would be an

imprudent business decision to make such replacement.

Q Well, you also stated that in some instances that is inadequate to provide satisfactory flow for domestic use.

A That was when they were operating with a normal pressure of 30 pounds per square inch. Now that they have a system-wide reliable delivery pressure of 65 pounds per square inch, that's no longer the case.

Q Then you would not replace that pipe right now?

A I would not replace that pipe unless there were provision for additional capital in order to provide fire protection. I would not replace that pipe for any current foreseeable use.

Q Well, hypothetically then -- well, let me lay a predicate for it first. What is the single largest cost in laying pipe?

A I'm sorry, I didn't understand.

Q Would you agree that the single largest cost in laying pipe is digging the hole and putting the pipe in it as opposed to the cost of the pipe?

A No. My experience has been that they are roughly equal. As a matter of fact, very interestingly before I came down this morning, I was working on review of a cost determination for a project in Jacksonville

involving 29-inch by 45-inch reenforced concrete pipe arch. We received a quote of \$43 per foot for the pipe delivered on site and an estimated cost of \$25 per foot for installation at the depth specified. In many instances I find that the cost of materials and the cost of labor for installation, including appropriate burden rates and so on, is roughly equal. And a rough rule of thumb: If you're making a cost estimate, take the delivered cost of materials to the site and add 100%.

Q What about the difference between, say, four-inch PVC and six-inch PVC, what is the difference between those?

A The six-inch PVC has the ability to deliver a greater -- a significantly greater flow than the four inch. The increase in flow capacity is not proportional to the change in diameter.

Q I understand. And I meant cost, in terms of cost.

A Well, there is not that much difference. I have not checked prices recently, but I would guess that there might be perhaps a \$2 differential between the two, per linear foot.

Q If St. George were to replace the two-inch pipe, then based upon the testimony you just gave, would you recommend that they replace it with four-inch or

six-inch PVC?

A Here again the question arises as to whether or not they are replacing that pipe with the intent to provide fire protection. If the intent is to provide domestic usage only, I think it would be imprudent from a business standpoint to make any increase in size.

If the intent is to provide fire protection, and there is a source of funds for such, I would like to see a minimum of six inch. As I said in my report, an absolute minimum would be four inch; I'd much prefer six if we're talking fire protection.

- Q I assume that we're dealing with your rebuttal testimony at this time as well; is that correct?
 - A Yes.
 - Q In your rebuttal testimony --
- CHAIRMAN DEASON: Mr. Pierson, how much more do you have for this witness?

18 MR. PIERSON: Not very much.

CHAIRMAN DEASON: Five minutes or more?

MR. PIERSON: I hesitate to answer because Mr. Coloney sometimes gives long answers to the questions. (Laughter)

WINTESS COLONEY: My apologies for being so verbose.

MR. PIERSON: That's quite all right. I

|| FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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think, 15.

CHAIRMAN DEASON: Okay. We're going to go ahead and take a recess at this time. It's been a long time. We're going to take ten minutes.

(Brief recess.)

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CHAIRMAN DEASON: Call the hearing back to order. Mr. Pierson, you may continue.

MR. PIERSON: Thank you.

Q (By Mr. Pierson) Mr. Coloney, is there anything in your opinion that distinguishes St. George Island Utility Company from any other similarly situated utility?

A Yes, indeed. First its physical configuration. Essentially it is a T with a very, very long cross bar. The vertical upright being the delivery line or supply line from the mainland, and the cross bar being the system as it extends the entire length or almost the entire length of St. George Island. The result is that you have extraordinary distances in both directions from the main pumping facility on the island.

Next is the fact that it's extremely cyclical that you cannot really design for what is the actual average daily flow, that the design of the system is driven by essentially three peak demand periods during

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the year, and the rest of the time the capacity of the system is utilized only to a fraction of its extent.

And finally, it differs from many, many other systems in that the Utility company has no ability to command connections, that owners, property owners throughout the length of the island are completely free to connect or not at will. But that because of the configuration of the island, the Utility company has been forced to extend lines for very, very considerable distances, past innumerable properties that may never actually connect to the system. So those would be a few differences that I perceive between the St. George Island Utility Company and other utility companies having a similar number of connections.

- 0 Is that it?
- I think so.
- Thank you. Now, in your rebuttal testimony Q you talked a lot about Mr. Brown's management skills, and you also stated that you have a management consulting firm; is that correct?
 - That is correct. Α
- What is your involvement in that consulting O firm?
- The management consulting company is Coloney Vonsoosten, that's V-O-N-S-O-O-S-T-E-N, and Associates

1 Incorporated. Our several principals include myself, 2 Diedrich, D-I-E-D-R-I-C-H, Voonsoosten, who was auditor partner with Price Waterhouse in New York City for a 3 4 number of years. Mr. Jeffrey Murphy, who was Executive Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer of 5 6 Beatrice, the food holding company, and Mr. John Johnson, who was Chief Financial Officer of the New York 7 8 Stock Exchange. 9

We offer consulting management services primarily to corporate entities experiencing difficulties, ranging from management difficulties to financial difficulties.

My particular effort within that entity is the provision of consulting advice to small defense contractors. And I might mention that we've had ample opportunity over the last several years to work in that field.

- Q How many defense contractors have you consulted for?
 - A A dozen or so.
 - Q Have you ever testified as an expert?
- 22 A In connection with that activity?
 - Q Yes.

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A We customarily do not make court appearances on behalf of our clients. We provide management advice

and assistance. We, in many cases, are instrumental in securing supplemental financing. We maintain good relations with a number of banks, both domestic and international, and on occasion we have assisted in both acquisitions and divestitures. But in that particular area of practice, I have not had occasion to offer testimony in a court action or by reason of deposition.

- Q Have you ever consulted for Mr. Brown's company, the Utility company?
- A From the financial aspect or from the management aspect?
 - Q From your management company?
 - A No, I have not.

Q And you stated that since Mr. Brown took over the Utility, that the management has significantly improved. But wasn't Mr. Brown actually, in fact, very heavily involved in the Utility before he took over as manager?

A Not really. Mr. Brown had a number of business interests, and prior to his actual assumption of direct day-to-day management, I would believe that he was probably giving considerably more attention to other business activities than to the Company. Since he has been devoting his direct personal attention to the management of the Company, I have perceived a very, very

significant improvement.

Q Didn't Mr. Brown, prior to taking over in 1991, have the final say in most matters?

A I would believe that he has probably always had the final say in such matters, but I would also believe that he was busy enough with other activities that perhaps he relied upon representations and advice that might not always have been of the highest quality.

Q Do you know anything about the Utility's capital structure?

A I'm not really familiar with the capital structure of the Utility. I will comment, however, that over the years I have had intimate experience with operating costs of utility companies of all sides. When I say "companies," my experience has been primarily with utilities operated by municipalities or other governmental entities and accordingly not subject to Public Service Commission guidance or review.

However, I am intimately familiar with operating costs, and it has astounded me that St. George Island Utility Company has been capable of surviving given the rate structure under which it operates.

Q I was referring to capital structure. Would it surprise you to find out that the Utility is supported 100% by debt?

A No. It wouldn't surprise me at all. In fact, given the rate structure, I think that that's probably the only way it could survive.

Q Do you believe that 100% debt is a prudent capital structure?

A I think it's a very imprudent capital structure but I believe it has been forced upon the Utility company by the grossly inadequate rate structure.

Q Faced with a grossly inadequate rate structure, wouldn't a prudent manager apply for an increase in rates?

A I would think so, and since Mr. Brown has taken over the actual personal direct management of the Company, I believe that this hearing today indicates that he is doing exactly that.

Q He took over in 1991.

A And I believe that we had previously made application for a rate increase in 1989, and only more recently has the Company been in a position to assemble all of the data and documentation necessary for presentation of an adequate application for rate increase.

Q You've stated also that, I believe twice, that Mr. Brown still owes you for past services.

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A That is correct.

Q Do you know whether he owes any other providers of services for past services?

A I do not.

Q Okay. In your years of management experience, how often did you become or get in arrears in payments?

A In 1982, when H. Coloney Company which employed 350 people and had annual sales of approximately \$20 million, filed for reorganization under Chapter 11, fortunately I was able to bring it out of Chapter 11 nine months later with a reorganizational structure approved by the court, which left me with debts of approximately \$4.8 million. 18 months later I had been successful in repaying 100% of that debt.

So my Chapter 11 reorganization was highly successful, both from my standpoint, and from the standpoint of my creditors and my customers.

However, most certainly during that period of time I was in arrears on a very substantial sum of money.

Going a little bit further as far as Mr. Brown is concerned, I've already testified that my relationship with him extends back for at least 25 years. Over the years, Mr. Brown has retained me for a variety of services and he has paid what for me is a

very large sum of money. Consequently, the fact that he owes me some \$70,000 or \$75,000 at the moment, I won't say that that does not concern me, but he's always paid me in the past, and I expect he will survive, and I expect he'll pay me in the future.

Q Are you aware of any liens or judgments on the Utility?

A I have, as a prudent businessman, filed appropriate liens. Mr. Brown is a very close friend of mine. I believe in him as a businessman. I think he is a superlative manager, but I would be a poor businessman if I did not file liens where appropriate. And, of course, Mr. Brown knew prior to my to filing that it was my intent to do so.

Q And didn't all of this happen while Mr. Brown had the final say in the Utility matters?

A I think I've already addressed that by stating that he had a variety of other business interests which received a great deal of his attention, and I believe that although he had final say-so for a considerable period of time, he perhaps relied more heavily than he should have on representations and advice, which perhaps was not of the highest quality.

Q But surely he saw the bottom line in the books.

A Mr. Brown was so successful in development, which was generating such large sums of money in other areas, that I believe the -- and this is pure personal speculation because we've never discussed this -- I believed that perhaps the Utility company losses, which he cheerfully funded from his other activities, were perhaps not as important to him then as they may be now.

MR. PIERSON: That's all I have.

CHAIRMAN DEASON: Redirect.

Mr. Pfeiffer, Commissioner Kiesling has a question or two, perhaps she should ask hers before you conduct redirect.

COMMISSIONER KIESLING: That way if you want to redirect, you can on mine. Actually, my question relates to your rebuttal testimony at Page 2, where you were asked whether the Utility was in compliance with the statutes, rules and regulations administered by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection.

WINTESS COLONEY: Yes, ma'am.

that -- it says "I believe the St. George Island water system is in substantial compliance with all the statutes, rules, regulations," et cetera. And I guess -- maybe it's a semantical difference, but to me you're either in compliance or you're not. There's not

a shade of degree there. And I want some explanation of your use of the term "substantial compliance," and whether that means they're in compliance or they're not.

WINTESS COLONEY: Surely. A very fair question.

When I said "substantial," I had the understanding that the Utility company was in the process of installing variable drive controls, and larger pumps or pump at the main plant, and that they were also required to install an altitude valve on the elevated storage tank together with the necessary appurtenances and connections. It was my understanding that they were in the process of so doing, but had not as yet completed such, and, accordingly, I felt that substantial compliance was probably the most accurate statement.

It's my understanding that that work has largely been completed as of this moment. And to the best of my knowledge, I would say that they are in compliance with requirements of the Department of Environmental Protection.

COMMISSIONER KIESLING: Okay. And then just so that I can clarify, your answer was that in your prefiled rebuttal, that they were in substantial compliance with all of the statutes, rules and

1 regulations administered by DEP. And you just addressed one area of regulation. Are you now saying to me that 2 3 St. George Island Water System is in compliance once 4 those -- that increase in pumping capacity, et cetera, 5 was done, with all of the statutes and rules and 6 regulations? 7 WINTESS COLONEY: Yes, I am, to the best of my knowledge and belief. 8 9 COMMISSIONER KIESLING: Do you know what all 10 the statutes, rules and regulations are that are administered by DEP? 11 WINTESS COLONEY: I think that any engineer 12 who responded yes to that question would not be 13 responding accurately. 14 15 I am reasonably conversant with the rules and 16 regulations, and the best determinant of noncompliance generally is noticed by the Department of Environmental 17 Protection, that a utility or an entity is not in 18 19 compliance in a particular area. 20 No, I would, under no circumstances, claim to 21 be fully knowledgeable of all. COMMISSIONER KIESLING: Okay. Thank you for 22

CHAIRMAN DEASON: Redirect.

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the clarification.

REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. PFEIFFER:

Q Is Billy Bishop alive?

A Yes, Billy Bishop is alive, active, and as a matter of fact, I'm currently working with him on another project.

Q Do you know who Lewis Cook is?

A Mr. Cook is alive, active, although I believe he is essentially retired.

Q Do you know whether Mr. Cook actually did the so-called "Billy Bishop Report" that has been referenced during the course of your testimony?

MR. McLEAN: Pardon me, Mr. Coloney.

Mr. Pfeiffer has undertaken to impeach the testimony of his own witness. I was wondering if he claims surprise or is he calling Mr. Coloney now as an adverse witness?

CHAIRMAN DEASON: All I know is that he's supposed to be asking questions on redirect. And I'm not so sure that Mr. Cook was ever brought up on cross examination; perhaps you can explain why this line of questioning is necessary.

MR. PFEIFFER: Well, I think the point that I wanted to make is that Mr. Coloney -- I don't know whether this document is going to be offered into evidence through this witness or not, but it would seem

to me that Mr. Coloney could not fairly authenticate the document. Mr. Cook's name is on the appraisal. He signed it.

MR. McLEAN: I think it's too late for that.

His witness embraced that report like a newborn babe.

Now he's trying to impeach that embracement, and I don't think he can do it without a claim of surprise. He should have known what his witness was going to say.

And it doesn't seem like Mr. Coloney has, thus far, been a hostile witness or adverse in any way. What he's doing now is trying to impeach the testimony of his own witness.

MR. PFEIFFER: Nothing could be farther from the fact.

CHAIRMAN DEASON: All I know is is that there was a document produced. It has not yet been admitted but there has been cross examination conducted on that document. And to the extent that Mr. Pfeiffer wants to ask redirect on that same document, I'm going to allow that. You may have proceed, Mr. Pfeiffer.

MR. PFEIFFER: We have identified this document as the Bishop Study or Bishop Appraisal; is that correct?

- A That is correct.
- Q Do you know who actually did the appraisal?

A I do not. I know Mr. Cook; I know Mr. Bishop. They are both highly competent individuals. As I have previously testified, I did not address his report at the time I did my study in 1988. I have since seen Mr. Bishop's study. I think that it is accurate and excellent. But as far as who within Mr. Bishop's firm actually did the work, I have no idea. And have you ever seen the invoices upon which

the report was supposedly based?

A I have not.

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There were differences between your report and the Bishop Report as to distribution mains and pipes that you believed were in the ground in 1987 and that the report states were in the ground in 1987.

That is correct.

Were there some infrastructure facilities that you and the Bishop Report agreed about?

Actually, as I've previously stated, I feel Α that my report and that of Mr. Bishop is totally and completely consistent. And I think if Mr. Bishop were present today he would state that his study was accurate, and I think that he would agree with my discussion of my study and of his study. I find no disagreement in any way between his and mine.

Q With regard to a fire protection on St. George

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Island, do you have any suggestion as an appropriate approach for St. George Island Utility in evaluating fire protection issues?

A I'm not sure I understand the question. When you say "evaluating fire protection issues."

Q Do you think it would be prudent for St.

George Island Utility Company to commission a report to evaluate fire protection issues?

Only if there was a source of funds to pay for Α such a report, and only if there was a reasonable probability that funds would be available to act upon the report once it was completed. Under the present circumstances, the Utility does not have funds to pay for fire protection. It is under no mandate to provide such, and I think it would be an imprudent business decision to either conduct a study, or to invest money in additional fire protection. If, on the other hand, the residents of St. George Island felt that such was important enough to provide the monies therefor, then certainly a report should be undertaken. And once such a report had been completed, if the report so indicated that it was economically feasible, then additional fire protection could, indeed, be provided.

Q Well, do you think that it would be helpful to the customers of St. George Island Utility in

determining whether they wanted to pay for fire protection or not to know what the cost would be?

A Oh, absolutely, beyond a shadow of a doubt.

Q And is that something you could learn through a study?

A Yes, it is.

Q You have testified in response to a question from Mr. Pierson with regard to differences between the St. George Island Utility and other utilities, other typical utilities having a similar number of connections. Would these differences increase the cost of operating and maintaining St. George Island Utility?

A Very, very significantly. St. George Island
Utility Company is forced to maintain an infrastructure
vastly in excess of that which would normally be
required to service the same number of customers in a
conventional configuration, most small communities that
would have an equivalent number of customers.

Further, you have the question of cross-connections, which I believe I did not mention before. You have a number of private wells on the island. You have the potential for a homeowner with a private well connecting to the system. The prevention of cross-connections with the system as a whole is extremely important from a health standpoint, and the

St. George Island Utility Company must deal with such cross-connection potential on a far, far larger scale than any utility of comparable size with which I am familiar.

Q Do you think that it would be fair to compare the operating and maintenance costs, the cost of operating St. George Island Utility with other utilities based simply on the number of customers?

A Absolutely not. It would be not only inaccurate, but extremely unfair.

Q At the very beginning of your testimony I think there was a question regarding other consulting services that you've performed in front of the Public Service Commission. You have performed other consulting services for utilities.

A A very large number. I have served as engineer of record for the city of Tampa on some many millions of dollars of design and actual construction of extensions of both water and sewer. I've served as engineer of record for a number of towns, cities and other entities, private water systems throughout the state over a continuing period of time.

I have served as principal engineer and engineer of record on water systems serving as few as 50 to 100 customers, and as many as 100,000 or more.

Q I have no further questions of the witness.

MR. McLEAN: Mr. Chairman, it's unusual configuration; I cross the witness and then Ms. Sanders and then Mr. Pierson. Mr. Pierson opened a door, essentially, I think, into the area of comparability and, of course, Mr. Pfeiffer rightfully was permitted to redirect on that particular issue. However, I didn't have a opportunity to inquire of the witness as to comparability from our point of view, and I have about two questions on that issue which I'd like to ask.

CHAIRMAN DEASON: I will allow those questions and Mr. Pfeiffer may follow up if necessary.

MR. McLEAN: Of course.

RECROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. MCLEAN:

Q Mr. Coloney, Mr. Pfeiffer just asked you question and he referred to Mr. Pierson's question about I think it fairly concerned the configuration of this system and whether it was comparable to other systems of similar revenue size. Do you recall those questions?

A Yes, I do.

Q Now, my question to you is you provided some considerable testimony in this case regarding used and useful; is that correct?

1	A That is correct.
2	Q Isn't it true that the configuration of the
3	system plays an important role in the determination of
4	used and useful for any system?
5	A Yes, it does.
6	Q Thank you, sir.
7	MR. McLEAN: Nothing further.
8	CHAIRMAN DEASON: Mr. Pfeiffer, any further
9	questions?
10	MR. PFEIFFER: No, Chairman Deason.
11	CHAIRMAN DEASON: Exhibits?
12	MR. PFEIFFER: One of the exhibits was
13	Mr. Coloney's resume.
14	CHAIRMAN DEASON: That's Exhibit 5. Do you
15	want to move that?
16	MR. PFEIFFER: We move Exhibit 5.
17	CHAIRMAN DEASON: Without objection, Exhibit 5
18	is admitted.
19	(Exhibit No. 5 received in evidence.)
20	MR. PFEIFFER: And one of the exhibits was the
21	report of Mr. Coloney from the last rate case. I
22	believe it was Exhibit 8.
23	CHAIRMAN DEASON: Yes, that is Exhibit 8.
24	It's the June 1988 engineering analysis.
25	MR. PFEIFFER: Actually, it was, I guess,
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identified by Mr. Pierson. 1 2 MR. PIERSON: I'll go ahead and move it, then. 3 MR. PFEIFFER: I second it. (laughter) 4 MR. McLEAN: No objection. 5 CHAIRMAN DEASON: Without objection, Exhibit 8 6 is admitted. 7 (Exhibit No. 8 received in evidence.) 8 Further exhibits? 9 MS. SANDERS: Commissioner Deason, I move in Exhibits 6 and 7. 10 11 CHAIRMAN DEASON: Without objection. 12 MR. PFEIFFER: I object, Your Honor. I don't believe that these exhibits have been adequately 14 authenticated through this witness. Although the 15 witness testified that the report is not inconsistent 16 with his report, he did not authenticate the report. 17 And as to the other three pieces of paper there, are many entries on it with a source that we can only 18 19 speculate about. I don't have the source documents here, I don't have the ability to check them and we 20 would object to those exhibits. 21 CHAIRMAN DEASON: Ms. Sanders. 22 MS. SANDERS: As to the Bishop Report, of 23 24 course, the rule on authentication is that the rule is

satisfied if there is evidence sufficient to support a

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finding that the matter in question is what its proponent claims. We claim it's a report by William M. Bishop. It seems to be clearly identified as to that. And Mr. Coloney had nothing -- he didn't disagree with that. No one questioned whether that was, in fact, a report by William Bishop. So on that ground we argue that it is authenticated.

The other two documents are the source documents are Mr. Coloney's report and Mr. Bishop's report. Mr. Pfeiffer just moved in one of those source documents. It's right there in his hands, so we would move those in.

MR. PFEIFFER: But there are other source documents, as well, Your Honor.

MS. SANDERS: It's No. 7 is all Coloney and Bishop and the annual reports which, of course, the Commission has on file annually in your records.

CHAIRMAN DEASON: I'm going to overrule the objection and allow the admittance of Exhibit 7 and Exhibit 6. I note to the extent there is an objection, I think it goes more to the weight given to the exhibits as to their admissibility because these exhibits were presented to the witness, questions were asked and he did authenticate or recognize much of the information, if not all, contained therein. Exhibits 6 and 7 are

-	admitted.
2	(Exhibit Nos. 6 and 7 received in evidence.)
3	CHAIRMAN DEASON: Thank you, Mr. Coloney.
4	WINTESS COLONEY: Thank you, Mr. Deason,
5	Ms. Kiesling. It's been a pleasure being here.
6	(Witness Coloney excused.)
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8	CHAIRMAN DEASON: Mr. Pfeiffer, you may call
9	your next witness.
10	MR. PFEIFFER: We call Gene Brown.
11	MR. McLEAN: Mr. Chairman, earlier in the day.
12	you asked us to get our exhibits out kind of all at once
13	CHAIRMAN DEASON: Yes.
14	MR. McLEAN: We have a number of exhibits for
15	Mr. Brown, and it may take us five, six minutes to
16	distribute them. This may be an appropriate time for
17	break, if you see fit or, otherwise, we'll just run them
18	up as we need them.
19	CHAIRMAN DEASON: Well, since we're going into
20	a transition here, we'll go ahead and take five minutes
21	and perhaps you could distribute those now. We'll take
22	5 minutes.
23	(Brief recess taken.)
24	(Transcript follows in sequence in Volume 3.