855

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Petition for Interim and Permanent Rate Increase in Franklin County by St. George Island Utility Company, Ltd.

DOCKET NO. 940109-WU

THIRD DAY - MORNING SESSION

VOLUME 7

Pages 855 through 1025

PROCEEDINGS:

Hearing

BEFORE:

CHAIRMAN J. TERRY DEASON

COMMISSIONER DIANE K. KIESLING

DATE:

Wednesday, August 3, 1994

TIME:

Commenced at 8:30 a.m.

PLACE:

101 East Gaines Street Tallahassee, Florida

REPORTED BY:

JANE FAUROT

Notary Public in and for the

State of Florida at Large

APPEARANCES:

(As heretofore noted.)

ACCURATE STENOTYPE REPORTERS, INC. 100 SALEM COURT TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA 32301 (904) 878-2221

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PROCEEDINGS

(Transcript follows in sequence from Volume 6.)
(Hearing reconvened at 8:30 a.m.)

CHAIRMAN DEASON: Call the hearing to order.

As I recall when we broke week before last, we had concluded all the direct testimony, but we did have outstanding a question concerning the admission of three exhibits, I believe, Exhibits 20, 21 and 22. Is that correct?

MR. McLEAN: Yes, sir, that's correct. I have a suggestion, however, which might save a bit of time. My plan is to inquire of other witnesses on these same exhibits. And I can temporarily withdraw my motion and have those exhibits admitted into evidence, and renew the motion after those other witnesses have testified about the exhibits, and have had some opportunity to shed some light and maybe help you with your decision.

CHAIRMAN DEASON: Very well. The motion has been withdrawn, and we will proceed, and we will see where we are at a later point. And if you need to renew that motion --

MR. McLEAN: Let me point out that it was a suggestion. I'm happy to argue it now, if needs be, or if anyone has relied on that. Otherwise, there is a risk that you might wind up hearing the argument twice.

CHAIRMAN DEASON: Mr. Pfeiffer, do you have a

comment concerning this?

MR. PFEIFFER: What was this risk? I'm sorry, I didn't hear the last part of the sentence.

MR. McLEAN: I think that if I had an adverse ruling now, I would have the opportunity to argue for their admission later. It doesn't make that much difference to me. My effort here is to save a bit of time.

MR. PFEIFFER: Yes, sir. I certainly have no objection -- if they withdraw the exhibits now, I have no reason to further cross Ms. Dismukes, and we certainly contend that it would be better to have these documents authenticated.

CHAIRMAN DEASON: Make sure you understand that he is going to renew the motion later on in the hearing, apparently, after he has, as I understand it, he is going to be using the same exhibits for cross examination purposes.

MR. PFEIFFER: I understand.

MR. McLEAN: Yes, sir. There is no intent on my part to withdraw the exhibits. They have not been admitted into evidence as yet.

CHAIRMAN DEASON: Very well. Ms. Sanders?

MS. SANDERS: That's fine, Commissioner Deason.

CHAIRMAN DEASON: Then with that, Mr. Pfeiffer, I believe you can call your first rebuttal witness.

MR. PFEIFFER: I call Hank Garrett.

CHAIRMAN DEASON: Mr. Pfeiffer, you will need to 1 help us out as to which witnesses were present earlier and 2 were sworn and which ones, perhaps, were not. 3 MR. PFEIFFER: Mr. Garrett, were you sworn 4 previously as a witness in this proceeding? 5 WITNESS GARRETT: I don't think so. 6 7 CHAIRMAN DEASON: If you will stand and raise your right hand, and will all the other witnesses who are here 8 today who have not yet been sworn, if you will please stand 9 10 and raise your right hand. (Witnesses collectively sworn.) 11 12 CHAIRMAN DEASON: Thank you. Please be seated. MARVIN H. GARRETT 13 was called as a rebuttal witness on behalf of St. George 14 Island Utility Company, Ltd., and, having been first duly 15 sworn, was examined and testified as follows: 16 DIRECT EXAMINATION 17 BY MR. PFEIFFER: 18 19 Please state your name and your business address. Q 20 Hank Garrett, 139 Gulf Beach Drive, St. George Α Island, Florida. 21 22 And what is your occupation? Q 23 Α Operations manager for St. George Island Utility 24 Company. 25 Q And who is your employer?

- 1 A St. George Island Utility Company.
- - A Yes, sir.
 - Q Do you have any additions, corrections, or changes to make in your testimony?
 - A No, sir.

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- Q Did you sponsor any exhibits with your prefiled testimony?
- 10 A Yes, sir. No, sir.
 - Q Could there be, perhaps, an Exhibit A to your prefiled testimony, Mr. Garrett, some travel records?
- 13 A I think that was the rebuttal.
- Q Yes, sir, that is what we are referring to, is your rebuttal testimony.
 - A Yes, sir, I did.
 - Q All right, sir. And those are marked as Exhibit A in your prefiled testimony?
- 19 A Yes, sir.
 - MR. PFEIFFER: Your Honor, we would ask that the Exhibit A be identified as a composite exhibit, the next numbered composite exhibit.
- 23 CHAIRMAN DEASON: Yes, that will be identified as 24 Exhibit No. 28.
- 25 (Exhibit No. 28 marked for identification.)

1		REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF MARVIN H. GARRETT
2		BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
3		REGARDING THE APPLICATION FOR INCREASED RATES FOR
4		ST. GEORGE ISLAND UTILITY COMPANY, LTD.
5		IN FRANKLIN COUNTY
6		DOCKET NO. 940109-WU
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9	Q.	Please state your name and address.
10	A.	Marvin H. Garrett. My address is Eastpoint, FL 32328.
11		
12	Q.	Have you previously filed direct testimony in this
13		proceeding?
14	A.	No.
15		
16	Q.	What is the purpose of your rebuttal testimony?
17	A.	To rebut some of the direct testimony presented by OPC
18		and PSC witnesses.
19		
20	Q.	Where do you work?
21	A.	St. George Island Utility Company.
22		
23	Q.	What is your position?
24	A.	I am the operations manager on St. George Island.
25		

-	Α.	bo jou note any special and about .
2	A.	Yes, I have a Class "C" water operator's license.
3		
4	Q.	How long have you worked for St. George Island Utility
5		Company?
6	A.	I started in 1984 and left in 1988. I then came back
7		to work in December of 1990 and have worked
8		continuously full time for the company since that time
9		
10	Q.	Why did you leave in 1988?
11	A.	I was looking for a career in utility operations and
12		wanted security and benefits which St. George Island
13		Utility could not offer.
14		
15	Q.	What were your duties when you first worked for the
16		company between 1984 and 1988?
17	A.	I was a field assistant. My duties included repairing
18		leaks, running lines, installing services, reading
19		meters, disconnecting service, and all of the normal
20		duties that are required of water utility employees on
21		St. George Island.
22		
23	Q.	Did you work alone?
24	A.	No, there were always two workmen or field assistants,
25		myself and one other man.

1	Q.	Who was the operator of the system at that time?
2	A.	Harry Braswell, who lives in Apalachicola, was the
3		Class "C" operator for the utility company on St.
4		George Island. However, he only worked part time. He
5		was also the operator for the Apalachicola water and
6		sewer system.
7		
8	Q.	What did you do when you left the utility company in
9		1988?
10	A.	I went to work for the City of Apalachicola in a
11		similar capacity, as a field assistant or workman for
12		the Apalachicola water and sewer division.
13		
14	Q.	Who did you work for?
15	Α.	I reported directly to Harry Braswell, who was also
16		still serving as the Class "C" operator for the St.
L 7		George Island Utility Co.
18		
۱9	Q.	Did you have a operator's license when you worked for
20		the City of Apalachicola?
21	Α.	During the time I worked for the City, I obtained my
22		Class "C" sewer operator's license. However, I did not
23		have a Class "C" water operator's license.
24		

- Q. Did you have any employee benefits while you worked for the City of Apalachicola.
- A. Yes, we had a pension plan, vacation, sick leave and
 regular salary increases.

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- Q. Why did you leave the City?
- 7 Α. I had no plans to leave the City, but Gene Brown called me in December of 1990 and asked if we could meet and 8 talk about coming back to work for the water company. 9 10 When we met, Gene explained that the utility company as having problems and that it needed a full time Class 11 12 "C" operator on the island to begin solving the 13 problems and to bring the level of service up to where 14 he thought it should be. Gene told me that he had 15 terminated the operating agreement with Harry Braswell, and that he had hired Wayne Conrad and his company, 16 Southern Water Services, as his qualified Class "C" 17 18 operator to oversee the water company operations.
- 19 Q. What promises, if any, did Mr. Brown make to you.
- 20 A. Gene basically pleaded with me to leave the City and
 21 come back to work for the water company as a full time
 22 operation's manager. He promised that he would give me
 23 full authority to immediately hire one full time field
 24 assistant, and that another full time assistant would
 25 be added as soon as possible.

- 1 Q. What about transportation?
- 2 Gene and I both understood that the job would require Α. the full time, seven day per week, use of a good 4-3 wheel drive truck. Gene promised that if I would go 4 and buy a new 4-wheel drive truck in my name, that he 5 would pay me an adequate transportation allowance of 6 7 \$200 per week to cover the wear and tear on the truck, 8 insurance, maintenance and other expenses of using my 9 new truck on water company business.
- 10 Q. What commitments were made by you and Gene Brown at that time?
- I committed to leave my secure job with the City and to 12 Α. 13 come to work immediately for the utility company. also committed to spend whatever time and energy that 14 15 was required to solve all of the water company's operational problems on the island, which Gene and I 16 17 knew would take a full time, seven day per week effort. I committed to immediately obtain my Class "C" water 18 19 operator's license, which only took a short time, since 20 I had already taken the necessary course and was 21 qualified to take the test. This was a promise by me 22 which would enable Gene to terminate his operating 23 contract with Wayne Conrad and Southern Water Service, 24 which was costing the water company a great deal of 25 money. I also committed to buy a new 4-wheel drive

- truck which I knew I would have to have to do the job.
- 2 Gene committed to provide the necessary money to get
- 3 the job done, and to allow me to hire one person at
- first, with a promise that an additional person could
- be hired as soon as possible. He also committed to
- 6 other benefits in the future.
- 7 Q. Have these commitments been met?
- 8 A. Yes. I got my Class "C" operator's license, which
- g allowed Gene Brown to terminate his other operator. I
- 10 also purchased a new 4-wheel drive truck and I hired a
- 11 good man to help me. Gene has met his commitments by
- 12 providing the necessary money to do the job, and by
- paying me everything that I was promised. He has also
- 14 continued to provide direct management.
- 15 Q. Can you describe Gene Brown's ability as a manager?
- 16 A. I think he is an outstanding manager. When I was
- 17 hired, Gene set one basic overall goal, to solve all of
- the existing operational problems, to make the
- 19 necessary improvements to the system, and to bring the
- level of service into full compliance with all DEP and
- 21 PSC requirements while providing a safe and adequate
- supply of water to all of our customers. This goal has
- been met by Gene and me working as a team. I talk with
- him daily, either at his office, at his house, on his
- mobile phone, or personally when he comes to the island

or I go to Tallahassee. He is always available to advise and assist me in whatever I am doing and in whatever problem I may be having. I can remember calling him on his mobile phone during weekends when we have had pump failures or other operational problems. He has always responded immediately by doing whatever is necessary to get the job done. This has included his calling contractors at home on the weekend to insist that they immediately go to the island and install a new pump to avoid any possibility of an outage, and it has included things like picking up a new 400 pound transformer in his truck and meeting me on the road in my truck so that the part could be immediately installed without any break in service. often talk from our home telephones or on our mobile In my opinion, both of our mobile phones are an absolute necessity if the company is to be managed efficiently, and if we are to continue operating with very little possibility of an outage, which were frequent before I took this job.

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- Q. How many outages have you had since you took over as operation's manager?
- A. We had one overall outage for approximately 15 or 20 minutes when the chlorination system blew up, requiring the system to be temporarily shut down. We have made

- arrangements to assure that this does not happen again.
- We have had a few partial interruptions in service when
- I had to cut off a portion of the lines to work on the
- 4 system. However, these are advertised in advance and
- they are only temporary.
- 6 Q. Has the company ever failed a water quality test since
- you took over as operation's manager in December of
- 8 1990?
- 9 A. No. We have consistently taken all of the required
- samples in a timely manner, and all of these have
- 11 received passing grades.
- 12 Q. A question has been raised regarding the need for a
- second field assistant. Would you speak to this issue?
- 14 A. Yes. When Gene hired me in 1990, he committed that if
- I would work basically seven days per week with one
- assistant until the major problems were solved, he
- would provide for a second full time assistant as soon
- as possible. The utility company has always had two
- 19 full time field assistants and a qualified Class "C"
- 20 operator, at least since I started in 1984. At that
- time, the field assistants were myself and one other
- 22 man, and the Class "C" operator was Harry Braswell.
- Now, we still have a Class "C" operator and two full
- time assistants. The only difference is that the
- company has me as a full time operator rather than

Harry Braswell as a part time operator. The job was
not being done with only a part time operator, but the
job is being done now. However, my first assistant and
I could not continue working and being on call 24 hours
per day seven days per week as we had done since 1990.
Last year I insisted to Gene Brown that we hire a new
full time assistant, and he agreed.

Q. When did the need for another man come up?

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Α. We have always needed an operator and two field assistants, since I started in 1990 as well as when I worked for the company between 1984 and 1988. of the company's cash flow problems, my first assistant and I agreed to work overtime and to be on call practically all the time because we knew the company could not afford a second man. The DEP testing requirements take up more and more of my time. Also, the work order, purchase order and other technical bookkeeping requirements take a great deal more of my time than before. The cross connection control program, the ongoing system audit, the leak detection program, updating the maps, the meter testing program, and all of the other special operational and managerial duties take all of my time. Because of this, it is impossible for me to work in the field repairing leaks, doing maintenance work, putting in connections, reading

meters, cutting off meters, and the other work that is 1 2 required by the field assistants. Because of the 3 nature of the work, there is a need for two field assistants who work in coordination as a team. Also, 4 5 we do a great many of our own repairs and maintenance 6 work, which saves the company money, but it requires 7 the two full time assistants, one of whom has 8 substantial electrical knowledge and the other has 9 substantial carpentry knowledge. Both of them have 10 knowledge and experience in plumbing.

Q. It has been suggested that the second field assistant is only needed during the summer months, when the island is so busy. Would you respond?

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14 Our engineering aerator analysis calls for extensive Α. 15 flushing throughout the system on a daily basis. 16 takes several hours per day, in addition to the growing 17 work required in connection with the cross connection control program and other duties. This daily flushing 18 19 is even more important in the fall and winter months, 20 when the lines are not used as much, allowing a build up of hydrogen sulfide. The winter months are when we 21 22 emphasize the repairs and maintenance to the system, 23 the meter testing program, updating the system maps, 24 and similar items in addition to the ongoing day to day 25 work. If we are to continue meeting the needs of our

customers, we must have two full time assistants in addition to myself. The first assistant and I have sacrificed since I was hired in 1990, but it is not fair or reasonable to expect us to continue doing that on an ongoing basis with no help. We deserve some time off and this is not a 40 hour per week job. Somebody has to oversee and maintain the system 24 hours per day 7 days per week, 365 days per year. When Mr. Brown hired me, he promised me that I could have a two week vacation every year and that I could take an additional two weeks to for comp time. It is impossible for me to take vacation time during the summer because of the workload. Since I was hired in December 1990, I have only been able to take a few days off. Hopefully, with two full time field assistants I will be able to enjoy the benefits that I have earned.

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- Q. I understand you have a fax and copy machine on the island. Is that necessary?
- 20 A. Yes, it definitely is. We have always needed a fax and 21 copy machine. They are used daily, and I could not do without them.

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- Q. A question has been raised about the travel allowance provided to you and one of your field assistants.

 Please tell us what you think about this.
- I would not have bought a new 4-wheel drive truck, and 4 Α. my first assistant would not have bought a 4-wheel 5 6 drive truck, if we had thought that there was any question about the company's commitment to provide us 7 8 with a transportation allowance. We both constantly 9 use our 4-wheel drive trucks on an ongoing daily basis, 7 days per week, in order to properly operate and 10 11 maintain the water system on St. George Island. 12 requested, I kept a log for a thirty day period from 13 5/18/94 through 6/18/94. A copy of the log is attached 14 as Exhibit "A." This log accurately reflects the miles 15 I put on my truck on a month-to-month basis. I 16 required my first assistant to also have a 4-wheel drive truck as a condition of his employment, because 17 he has to use it throughout the day for water company 18 19 matters. I have always kept a daily log showing what 20 we all do, and this daily operating log shows that we 21 both use our trucks extensively 7 days per week for the 22 use and benefit of the water company. I pay for all of 23 my own gas, oil, insurance all maintenance expenses, 24 licenses, taxes, and all other expenses connected with 25 owning a motor vehicle. A 4-wheel drive truck is

required on St. George Island to maintain and operate the water system which is also more expensive. Neither my first assistant nor I could do out jobs without the full time use of our 4-wheel drive trucks, and neither of us can afford to contribute these trucks and all the required expenses to the utility company unless we continue to receive a transportation allowance.

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Q. Is the standard IRS or state mileage adequate on St.

George Island?

There are a great many differences in the utility Α. company miles and the standard miles allowed on state vehicles or for IRS purposes. The salt air on St. George Island is very corrosive as well as the sand and other adverse conditions on the island. This requires higher maintenance, such as constantly repacking the wheel bearings on the necessary 4-wheel drive vehicles. Also, we have to stop and start at least 1,200 times per month just in reading meters, as well as all of the other frequent stops and starts in checking services, doing repairs and all of our other work running around These trucks constantly have to carry the island. heavy objects including pipes, fittings, tools, the backhoe, and other items which result in the trucks being constantly banged up. Highway miles are much

easier on a vehicle than St. George Island miles on a

4-wheel drive truck. I believe the overall cost

allowance should be around \$.40 per mile considering

all of the direct and indirect cost in operating a 4
wheel drive truck on St. George Island.

Q. What about the pension plan, is this necessary?

A. It was promised to me and the other employees as a part of my employment, and I believe it is fair and reasonable. I left a fully paid plan with extensive retirement benefits at the City of Apalachicola, and it is very difficult for this company to hire and keep good employees unless we have pension and retirement benefits like I and other employees could get working for most other utility systems.

Q. What about health and medical benefits?

A. Earlier in my employment as operation's manager, the company was paying my insurance directly at a cost of approximately \$450 per month. The \$300 per month allowance that I now receive is actually a reduction. This insurance is very important to me and the other employees on St. George Island. I do not believe the company can maintain good employees without such benefits.

Q. What about your recent pay raise, is it "excessive"?

When I started with the company in 1990, my base

3 salary was \$22,400 with health benefits of \$4,680 and with a transportation allowance of \$10,400 for a total 4 compensation package of \$37,480. I did not think it 5 6 was realistic to press for any big raises or additional compensation until the operational and service problems 7 of the water system on St. George Island were solved, 8 9 as Gene Brown and I agreed when I was hired. Although 10 my salary has been raised since 1990 to \$32,500, my 11 health benefits have been cut by \$1,080 back to \$3,600 12 per year, and my transportation benefits have been cut by \$5,200 per year, back to a total of \$5,200 per year, 13 for a total compensation package of \$41,300 per year. 14

17 18 "excessive."

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A.

Q. What will you do if your benefits are cut further, and if your salary is not maintained?

This is approximately a 10% increase between 1990 and

1994, which is only about 2-3% per year. This is not

A. Although I would hate to do so, I would have to look
for another job, which I would not have any trouble
finding based on my experience and the fact that I have
both a Class "C" operator's license in water and a
Class "C" operator's license in sewer. These services

1		are in demand, and I have a responsibility to myself
2	•	and to my family to be adequately paid for my services.
3		I feel that I have done everything that was asked of me
4		under difficult times and circumstances, and I deserve
5		to be fairly compensated.
6		
7	Q.	In your opinion, is it necessary at this time for the
8		company to enter into a maintenance agreement regarding
9		both its ground storage tank and its elevated tank?
10	A.	Yes. Definitely. The elevated tank is beginning to
11		corrode and rust. The ground storage tank is beginning
12		to show signs of leakage, and the almost 20 year old
13		roof needs repair and maintenance. In my opinion, it
14		would be foolish not to maintain both of these
15		facilities on an annual basis.
16		
1.7	Q.	Has this been done in the past?
18	A.	Yes, we contracted for the drainage, cleaning and
19		maintenance of both tanks last year. The elevated tank
20		was under warranty until 1992. Since I started working
21		for the company in 1984, we periodically drained and

cleaned the ground storage tank as recommended by our

engineers and DEP.

1	Q.	was the company negligent in not properly maintaining
2		the ground storage tank?
3	A.	No, not in my opinion. We drained, inspected and
4		cleaned the tank on a periodic basis. The roof is
5		almost 20 years old, and I do not know what we could
6		have done to prevent its need for repair at this time.
7		I do not know what else we could or should have done to
8		properly maintain this facility. It is just and old
9		tank that needs to be properly sealed and maintained at

Q. Would you compare the St. George Island water system

now with the way it was when you came back to work for
the company in December of 1990?

this time because of normal wear and tear.

15 A. Yes, we now have a first class, safe and reliable

16 system, as compared to a fairly unreliable system when

17 I came back to work in 1990.

- 19 Q. How was this achieved?
- 20 A. When I came back to work for the company, Gene Brown
 21 and I discussed the pressing need to make sure that the
 22 system would have no more unplanned outages, which were
 23 so common prior to my employment as a full time
 24 operation's manager. Gene Brown told me that he wanted
 25 to work toward complete redundancy throughout the

system. He often made the analogy with a twin engine airplane, which can continue to fly even with one engine out. With this goal in mind, we installed a complete new dual chlorination system, which includes a complete and equal backup system to allow the system to continue operating automatically with full chlorine residual even if there is a problem with one of the system. We also installed complete backup alarm systems to provide visual and audio advance notice whenever any problem arises with the chlorination system, the pumps, the water level in the tank or other operational facilities. This is designed to give us advanced notice and plenty of lead time to solve problems before there is an outage. When I came to work, there were plans on the drawing board for a new 250 gpm third well on the mainland. This new 250 qpm well was planned by the company's engineers, and had been approved by DEP and the PSC, which had mandated its construction. However, when Gene Brown and I started looking at the plans, we decided that this size well would not meet our goal of complete redundancy throughout the system. Wells 1 and 2 operating together produce 500 gpm, and we wanted a third well that could provide complete redundance and a complete backup to meet or exceed this 500 qpm flow demand.

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therefore mandated a change in the well before it was actually constructed to assure that it would produce at least 500 gpm. This caused a slight delay in bringing the well on line, but it was worth it. For example, over the recent Memorial Day weekend, wells 1 and 2 operating together could not keep up with the demand. I then manually switched over to well no. 3 until the Memorial Day weekend demand went down, and well no. 3 was able to consistently keep up with the demand without calling on our reserve storage on the island. During this time, well no. 3 was pumping almost 600 gpm on a consistent basis. This would not have been possible with the original 250 gpm well permitted by DEP and mandated by the PSC. We recently completed the installation of a brand new 50 hp high efficiency pump and motor together with another brand new replacement 50 hp high efficiency motor. To avoid the "water hammer" problem, we also are installing variable speed drives for both pumps. In addition to these two brand new side-by-side high efficiency 50 hp pumps, we have in reserve the old 50 hp pump and the old 20 hp pump, both of which can be used in a dire emergency. This now allows us complete redundancy in the pumping In addition to these improvements, we have installed a new butterfly valve and a new altitude

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1	valve, together with the necessary piping
2	reconfiguration. These improvements will now allow us
3	to operate the system at substantially higher
4	pressures, and the variable speed drive systems will
5	allow these pressures to be maintained on a consistent
6	basis within 1 psi despite tremendous fluctuations in
7	demand, which we consistently have on St. George
8	Island. Our current intent is to operate the system at
9	a consistent 65 psi. None of these current
10	improvements, the butterfly valve, the altitude valve,
11	the two new pumps or the variable speed drive, were
12	mandated or required by PSC, DEP or anyone else. These
13	improvements are the result of numerous conversations
14	and a management decision by Gene Brown and me to "get
15	ahead of the curve" and to steadily upgrade and improve
16	the system for the benefit of customers on St. George
17	Island. We now have a safe and reliable system, but we
18	need adequate rates to maintain and operate the system.

- 20 Q. Does that conclude your testimony?
- 21 A. Yes, it does.

MR. PFEIFFER: Your Honor, it appears that Mr. 1 Garrett's testimony is short enough that no summary of his 2 testimony would really be required, and we would simply ask 3 that his testimony be inserted in to the record in this 4 proceeding and would offer him for cross examination. 5 CHAIRMAN DEASON: Without objection the testimony 6 will be so inserted, and the witness is available for cross 7 8 examination. (For convenience of the record Mr. Garrett's 9 prefiled rebuttal testimony was inserted at Page 862.) 10 CHAIRMAN DEASON: Ms. Sanders? 11 12 MS. SANDERS: No questions, Commissioner. CHAIRMAN DEASON: Mr. McLean? 13 14 MR. McLEAN: No questions. Thank you, Mr. Garrett. 15 16 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 17 CROSS EXAMINATION 18 BY MR. NASH: 19 I have some questions for you, Mr. Garrett, very Q 20 few. 21 As the operations manager for the Utility, could you give your opinion as to what changes, what immediate 22 changes, or additions, or expansions are going to be needed 23 for the water system? 24 25 I'm not sure I follow your guestion. Please --A

Okay. What is your opinion as to the immediate or 1 near additions, expansions, or changes that are needed for 2 the water system to expand it? 3 To expand it? Α 4 0 Yes. 5 Immediate? 6 Α Yes. 7 0 I don't really see any immediate changes. Α 8 How about some near immediate changes? How about 9 0 some changes in the near future? 10 The near future, you'll probably need an elevated 11 tank on the east end, but probably not, you know, right 12 away. I think you would have to proceed with that, with a 13 line, laying the line across the bridge, and those dual 14 lines. I think that would be pretty -- in the near future 15 you would have to do that. 16 17 Are there any specific operational problems that the Utility has at this point? 18 19 Α No, sir. No. Mr. Garrett, let me refer you to Page 20 of 20 Q your rebuttal testimony? 21 22 Α Okay. Okay. Lines 8 and 9, where you state it's the 23 24 Utility's current intent to operate the system at a 25 consistent 65 psi. At what point in the system would this

1 pressure be achieved? It already has been achieved. 2 A Where would it be achieved? 3 Q Α Where in the system? 4 Yes. 5 Q The entire system. 6 Α Okay. And the Utility is meeting that, at this 7 time, in the entire system, correct? 8 9 Α Yes, sir. Okay. I want to go to Page 19 of your testimony? 10 Q 11 Α Okay. Okay. Line 25, is the altitude valve installed 12 Q and operational at this point in time? 13 14 Α Yes, sir. Okay. Let me go to Page 16 and 17, please. 15 are talking about the coastal conditions. 16 17 Α Sir? The coastal conditions. 18 Q What line are you talking about? 19 Α Just a general, Page 16 through 17. I'm not 20 Q exactly sure which line at this point, but let me just ask 21 22 you the question. 23 Α Okay. Do the harsh coastal conditions at the Island 24 accelerate the deterioration of the storage tanks? 25

Yes, sir, I would have to say yes. Α 1 Okay. And do you clean the lines at the Island? 2 Q Clean the lines? 3 A Yes, clean. Q 4 No, sir, not at present, no. 5 Α Okay. Are the Savannah Labs now testing the 6 Q water? 7 8 No, sir. Α 9 Q Is there anybody testing the water at this point in time? 10 11 Α Yes, sir, the Water Spigot. 12 Q Who? 13 Α The Water Spigot. Do you collect the samples yourself? 14 Q Yes, sir. 15 Α 16 Okay. Do you know anything about the Savannah 17 Labs and why they can't pick up the samples themselves? Why they can't pick them up themselves? 18 Α 19 Yes. If you don't know, you don't know. Q 20 They could pick them up, I guess. I'm not really Α sure what you're asking me. 21 22 Q Okay. Do you know that Savannah Labs picks up the 23 hydrogen sulfide samples? 24 Α Sir? 25 Q Do you know if the Savannah Labs pick up the

hydrogen sulfide samples? 1 Do I know if they pick them up? 2 Α Yes. 3 Q Α They will pick them up; but at current, no, they 4 are not picking them up. 5 Okay. When they pick them up, will they also pick 6 Q up the bacterial tests on their trips? 7 I'm sure they would if we asked them to, yes, sir. 8 Is there any reason why they can't pick them up --9 when they do pick up the hydrogen sulfide samples, would 10 there be a reason why they can't pick up the bacterial tests 11 12 at the same time? No, sir, not in my opinion, no. 13 Α Okay. And, lastly -- do you have a question? 14 Q 15 The only thing I can think of right now, they are Α 16 excessively high on the price they charge for 17 bacteriological samples. 18 0 Okay. If you have a question for an engineer 19 about the water system, who do you contact? 20 Α Well, most of the time now I'm talking to Les 21 Thomas. 22 And he is? Q 23 A An engineer. 24 Q Okay. Do you contact Mr. Brown at any time when 25 you have --

1	A Yes, sir, I talk to Mr. Brown pretty regular, yes
2	MR. NASH: Okay. No further questions.
3	CHAIRMAN DEASON: Questions? Redirect?
4	MR. PFEIFFER: No redirect, Your Honor.
5	CHAIRMAN DEASON: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Garrett.
6	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
7	CHAIRMAN DEASON: Exhibits?
8	MR. PFEIFFER: We would call Sandy Chase.
9	CHAIRMAN DEASON: Do you care to move Exhibit 28,
LO	Mr. Pfeiffer?
L1	MR, PFEIFFER: Thank you. We would move the
L2	exhibit into evidence, Chairman Deason.
13	CHAIRMAN DEASON: Without objection? Hearing
14	none, Exhibit 28 is admitted.
15	(Exhibit No. 28 received in evidence.)
16	MR. PFEIFFER: Have you been previously sworn,
17	Ms. Chase?
18	THE WITNESS: Yes, I have, this morning.
19	SANDRA M. CHASE
20	was called as a rebuttal witness on behalf of St. George
21	Island Utility Company, Ltd., and have being first duly
22	sworn, was testified as follows:
23	DIRECT EXAMINATION
24	BY MR. PFEIFFER:
25	O Please state your name.

Sandra Chase. Α 1 And your business address? 2 0 3848 Killearn Court, Tallahassee. 3 Α By whom are you employed? 4 Q I'm employed by St. George Island Utility and Gene Α 5 6 Brown. And what is your job with St. George Island 7 0 Utility Company? 8 Well, I do various things for the Utility Company. 9 Right now I'm in charge of the cross connection control 10 I'm solely responsible for that. And I am the 11 recording secretary for all of the employees of the Utility. 12 I have various duties. Just anything and everything that 13 comes up I do. I do the majority of the correspondence with 14 15 the state agencies, and just various duties. I'm a secretary. I'm sorry. Go ahead. 16 And have you previously prepared prefiled rebuttal 17 18 testimony in this proceeding? Yes, I did. 19 Α And do you have any additions, corrections, or 20 Q 21 changes to make in your testimony? Α 22 No. 23 And did you sponsor any exhibits with your Q 24 testimony?

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Α

No.

MR. PFEIFFER: Chairman Deason, we would ask that the rebuttal testimony of Sandra Chase be inserted into the record in this proceeding. CHAIRMAN DEASON: Without objection, it will be so inserted.

1		BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
2	R	REGARDING THE APPLICATION FOR INCREASED RATES FOR
3		ST. GEORGE ISLAND UTILITY COMPANY, LTD.
4		IN FRANKLIN COUNTY
5		DOCKET NO. 940109-WU
6		REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF
7		SANDRA M. CHASE
8		
9	Q.	Please state your name, profession and address.
10	A.	My name is Sandra M. Chase. I am employed by Gene
11		D. Brown, P. A. and St. George Island Utility
12		Company, Ltd.
13		
14	Q.	How long have you been associated with the utility
15		company?
16	A.	Since 1981. Mr. Brown hired me to work as a legal
17		secretary in January of 1981. From the
18		commencement of my employment to the present time
19		I have worked for St. George Island Utility
20		Company.
21		
22	Q.	Did the utility company pay your salary beginning
23		in 1981?
24	A.	No. Mr. Brown paid me for several years. In 1992,
25		the utility began paying a portion of my salary.

1	Q.	Do you consider the salary paid by St. George
2		Island Utility Company over the years to be a fair
3		allocation for your work?
4	Α.	No. There has always been a great deal of work
5		associated with the operation of St. George Island
6		Utility. Until December 1, 1993, the allocation
7		benefited the utility company in that Mr. Brown
8		paid most of my salary when in fact a great deal
9		of the work I performed was for the utility
10		company.
11		
12	Q.	Why do you think it is now properly allocated?
13	A.	December 1, 1993, Mr. Brown made an adjustment to
14		allocate my salary 1/3 to Gene D. Brown, P.A. and
15		2/3 to St. George Island Utility Company. That is
16		approximately a fair allocation of my salary,
17		although I spend well over 2/3 of my time working
18		on utility company matters.
19		
20	Q.	How many hours per week do you work?
21	A.	Approximately 45 hours per week. Since just
22		before the rate case was filed late last summer, I
23		have averaged approximately 50 hours per week.
24		
25		

- Q. What are your duties and responsibilities as an employee of St. George Island Utility?
- A. I am responsible for administering the cross

 connection control program. I am also the

 corresponding secretary for all utility personnel.

 I assist all employees when an extraordinary

 problem arises. I type and transmit all

 correspondence to regulatory agencies. I handle

 all special projects and most customer complaints.

- Q. How do you administer the cross connection control program?
- A. When a customer is identified by the utility's field personnel with a potential hazard, I write a certified letter to the customer giving a deadline for compliance with our program. If the customer complies, a certification is received by the utility and details including the date of installation and testing are recorded in my records. I have a master list with each customer and two books that contain detailed information on each customer in our program. Since customers are required to have their devices tested annually, I send a certified letter to each customer approximately one month before their due date. If

a customer does not comply, I issue a work order
for the field personnel to lock the meter. There
are approximately 80 customers presently in our
program and we are continuously identifying new
customers.

Q. Have all hazards been identified?

A. No. The utility has three degrees of hazard, low, medium and high. We think we have identified all high hazards and we are now trying to identify medium hazards. Since our customers are not required to report hazards to us such as a well installation, we have to search out each and every hazard. All customers present some degree of hazard. Accordingly, our goal should be to have 100% of our customers install a cross connection device.

- Q. How much of your time does the cross connection control program now take?
- A. To administer the program correctly, with the current number of customers and with a reasonable ongoing effort to identify new hazards, it takes approximately 30 hours per week.

- 1 Q. How much of your time will the program require in the future?
 - A. When fully implemented, the administration of the program will require all of my time or the time of another full time employee. This does not include the time required by field personnel to identify hazards and enforce compliance.

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- Q. What type of special projects to you handle?
- 10 A. Anything that comes up. For example, in 1993, I 11 applied for and coordinated the approval of a 12 grant from Tri-County Community Council and the 13 Florida Energy Efficient Water Project. It took a 14 year to get the grant approved. In addition to 15 providing funds of \$7,372 to replace a motor, 16 upgrade a motor and replace a check valve, this grant provided an energy audit. Another example 17 18 is a customer survey conducted in August of 1992. 19 We sent questionnaires to our customers asking 20 them to rate us and identify specific problems or 21 complaints. The responses of 339 customers told 22 us that 82% of our customers were generally happy with our service. We also identified three basic 23 24 customer concerns and have resolved the problems 25 in favor of the customers.

1	Q.	Where do you work?
2	A.	I have an office upstairs in Mr. Brown's law
3		office.
4		
5	Q.	Who provides the office space and equipment for
6		you to do your job?
7	Α.	Armada Bay Company provides office space through
8		its lease with the utility company, and the
9		equipment with the exception of the phone which is
10		provided by Mr. Brown's law office.
11		
12	Q.	Is there room for you to work downstairs in the
13		space rented by St. George Island Utility?
14	Α.	No. There are three full time employees
15		downstairs and one consultant who works part time.
16		In addition, there is only one phone line with
17		call waiting.
18		
19	Q.	Do you use your law office phone line for utility
20		company matters?
21	Α.	Yes, I always use 668-6103 for utility company
22		business. In addition, the utility company
23		employees use Mr. Brown's law office line when the
24		utility company line is not available, which is
) E		warm often with two full time and one part time

1		person downstairs. I also give the law office
2		number to customers, consultants and other people
3		Mr. Brown and I communicate with so we can keep
4		the utility company line open for calls from
5		customers.
6		
7	Q.	Do you have a cellular phone that is used for
8		utility company purposes?
9	Α.	Yes. I have often used it for utility purposes.
10		All of the utility company personnel have the
11		number and have called me during my lunch break,
12		while I am running office errands, after hours and
13		on weekends.
14		
15	Q.	Does the utility pay for your cellular phone?
16	Α.	No. It is paid by me personally.
17		
18	Q.	Does St. George Island Utility Company pay you for
19		travel?
20	A.	Yes. I get a fixed amount of \$50 per week.
21		
22	Q.	How did Mr. Brown arrive at \$50 per week?
23	A.	It is based on \$.29 per mile x approximately 173
24		miles.
25		

1	Q.	How often do you use your automobile for the
2		utility?
3	A.	Almost daily. I regularly make trips to DEP,
4		Baskerville-Donovan, Wayne Coloney's office, post
5		office, PSC, office supply companies, Capital City
6		Bank, Florida Rural Water Association, IDS
7		Financial Services, printers, etc. In addition, I
8		have made at least four trips to the island in the
9		past few months. Because of the time I have
10		devoted to the rate case, I have not been able to
11		go to the island as frequently as I should. The
12		cross connection program needs more attention and
13		as soon as the rate case is over I expect to make
14		more trips to the island. There are many other
15		errands that are run occasionally.
16		
L 7	Q.	Do you think the travel allowance is adequate?
L8	A.	Yes.
19		
20	Q.	Does St. George Island Utility require you to keep
21		a travel log?
22	Α.	No. However, when Nancy Gaffney from the PSC
23		auditing staff came in to perform the audit for
24		the rate case, she made allegations about the
5		allocation of my work between the utility and Conc

D. Brown. Since that time (approximately 12/3/93)

I have been recording a general description of my

daily work. The schedule includes many references

to errands on behalf of the utility. It was

provided to OPC as a late filed exhibit to my

deposition.

7

8

- Q. What is your opinion of Mr. Brown's management of St. George Island Utility Company?
- 10 Α. As I stated earlier, I have been working with Mr. Brown since 1981 and I have participated in most 11 12 aspects of the utility company operation. When I 13 was hired the utility had approximately 400 14 customers and only one homeowners' association on the Island. Now there are approximately 1,200 15 16 customers and at least five homeowners' associations. He has personally negotiated, 17 18 contracted and supervised all improvements to the 19 system to keep up with the island growth. 20 that time, Mr. Brown has hired numerous managers 21 who failed to "manage" the utility. Mr. Brown 22 allowed each manager an opportunity to work 23 independently. Never did any of the managers 24 fully perform without having to consult or involve 25 Mr. Brown. Mr. Brown has made himself available

day and night for utility company purposes. the operations manager was on vacation in Texas during December 1989 an unexpected cold front froze several meters and some pipes. Mr. Brown took control until he could fly the operation's manager back to the island. There have been numerous emergencies and crises over the years that Mr. Brown has handled dutifully. Instead of criticism, he should be complimented for using his resourcefulness to keep the system in tact under difficult circumstances. Instead of focusing on several managers who did not work out, the focus should be on the three or four employees dedicated who have worked with the utility throughout the This should also be an expression of Mr. Brown's competence as a manager. My opinion is that the company would have failed but for Mr. Brown's management. He is being blamed for problems that arose under other general managers prior to the fall of 1991 when he took over as manager. Instead of criticism, he should receive credit for solving the problems after he took over the direct management.

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1	Q.	If Gene Brown is removed as manager, would you
2		continue to work for the company?
3	A.	No. I have discussed this possibility with other
4		employees of the company and they are in
5		agreement. To say the least, it is disturbing to
6		me and other employees to be involved in the
7		unfair and outrageous attacks on Mr. Brown's
8		management of St. George Island Utility. It
9		constitutes a personal attack of our integrity
10		because we are part of the "team." If Mr. Brown
11		made any imprudent decisions regarding the water
12		company over the past few years, they were to
13		contribute money from his affiliates to make up
14		the operating deficit.
15		
16	Q.	Does that conclude your testimony?
17	Α.	Yes.
18		
19		
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BY MR. PFEIFFER:

Q And would you summarize your testimony, Ms. Chase?

A Well, I discuss the allocation of my salary between the Utility and Gene D. Brown, P.A. And I discuss my duties in working for the Utility Company, specifically my role in administering the cross connection control program and the status of that program. And I discuss customer survey and special projects that I have been responsible for, and the location of my office and why it is upstairs and not downstairs. And I guess I had an opinion about the management, as well, but that is basically it.

MR. PFEIFFER: Your Honor, we would proffer the witness for cross examination.

CHAIRMAN DEASON: Ms. Sanders?

MS. SANDERS: I have no questions, Commissioner.

CHAIRMAN DEASON: Mr. McLean?

MR. McLEAN: Just a couple.

CROSS EXAMINATION

20 BY MR. McLEAN:

Q Good morning, Ms. Chase.

A Hi.

Q You are aware that our office has taken the position that some of the other office employees, other than yourself, that their salary should be allocated in part to

Mr. Brown's other activities, meaning other than the utility, is that correct? Are you familiar with that?

A Yes.

Q Okay. And aren't you, in fact, the supervisor of those various other employees?

A No, not really. Mr. Brown supervises the other employees. In his absence they come to me if they have a question or a problem, but --

Q Okay. Are you familiar with their duties and their daily activities?

A Oh, yes, I am.

б

Q Now, I think one of the things that you all have said in your case, essentially, is that while it is true that these other employees do have duties which are other than -- they answer the phone for Mr. Brown's law office sometimes or maybe for one of the other affiliates. Is that a fair statement of what you said?

A That is correct. If I'm out of the office, and I ask them to. We also have Voice Mailbox, which catches the phone calls when I don't ask them specifically to do it, when I am out.

Q Okay. But you all have said the reason you should not allocate that 10 percent is because very frequently the nature of those calls, although they are to Mr. Brown or to his affiliates, are, essentially, utility related

themselves, isn't that right?

- A That's correct.
- Q Now, you all have also said, if I'm not too mistaken, that although Mr. Brown once had a flourishing law practice and had little contact with the Utility, that now the situation is somewhat reversed. He is primarily in the utility business and does very little law practice?
 - A Yes, that is correct.
- Q Now, the law practice that he does, in fact, is mostly the law practice that he does with respect to St. George Island Utilities, is that right?
 - A Yes, a good deal of it.
- Q Okay. In fact, the Utility is his largest client, isn't it?
 - A Yes, probably so.
- Q Now, wouldn't it make sense to you that the calls that came in in association with his law practice, since the Utility is his largest client, wouldn't it make sense to you that those calls would have a Utility tenor to them, if you will?
- A That's right. But I think there is a fine line there. You know, a good deal or a great deal of the calls that come in are management related. I mean, that aren't legal questions or legal problems. We invite customers to call on the law firm line. Every time I give out my phone

number, when it's Utility Company related, for my duties, I 1 give out the law firm number because we only have one line 2 downstairs. We have two law firm lines. The utility 3 employees also use the law firm lines. When somebody is on 4 one of the Utility lines, and they need to use the phone, 5 they use the law firm lines. So, I don't, know if that 6 answers your question, but --7 Somewhat. It's certainly not an equal sharing, is 8 I mean, it's not 50/50? 9 it. Α Well, what being 50/50? 10 Are you aware that the Citizens have merely said 11 Q that 10 percent of the office employees' salaries should be 12 allocated to the law firm and other affiliates? 13 Yes, I am aware of that, but I disagree with it. 14 Α 15 I understand. And I think you all have Q characterized the activities of the utility employees that 16 17 have to do with Mr. Brown's law firm or other affiliates as a courtesy afforded to those other entities, is that right? 18 19 Α Basically, it's a reciprocal arrangement. I mean 20 they -- that's right.

Q No records are kept of where that line might be drawn, is there?

A No.

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MR. McLEAN: Okay. I have no further questions. Thank you, ma'am.

1 THE WITNESS: Thank you. Staff? CHAIRMAN DEASON: 2 CROSS EXAMINATION 3 BY MR. NASH: 4 Yes, I just have a couple of questions for you, 5 Q Ms. Chase. 6 Α Okay. 7 About the cross connection program that you 8 0 9 testified to. Α Yes. 10 Do you expect that you will have to travel to the 11 Q Island to administer this program? 12 Oh, yes. I have and I will continue to do that. Α 13 Okay. Why do you have to travel for this? 14 0 Well, Hank Garrett, on the Island, and his 15 Α employees identify customers who have problems. And in some 16 17 instances -- well, in several instances, I have had to discuss the problems with the customers. And without 18 19 knowing or seeing the situation, it's hard to discuss those 20 with the customers. I mean, we have a hard time getting customers to comply with the program. And unless you can 21 physically see it and tell the customer why we are requiring 22 23 him to hook up, or her to hook up, it's hard to administer

the program properly. I mean, unless you know what you're

talking about. And Hank and I occasionally have to meet and

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get together and discuss this. It's a pretty big job between all of us.

- Q Great. Would you be calling some of the customers by the phone?
 - A I beg your pardon?

- Q Would you be calling some of the customers by phone to discuss some the problems, instead of going out there personally all the time?
- A Oh, yes. Oh, yes. I talk to customers daily about the problems with cross connection, yes. A lot of our customers are out of town, as you know. They don't live on the island, so I do talk with them by phone.
- Q How often would you have to travel to the Island for this program?
- A I would say an estimate would be about once per month. Because of the rate case, I have not had an opportunity to get down there the last few months as often as I should, but probably about once a month I need to go down and meet with Hank. I also have to travel to the Island when the Department of Environmental Protection does their sanitary survey. Part of the sanitary survey is the cross connection control program. And I have to take my books and meet down there with them, usually, when they are on the Island for that inspection.
 - Q Okay. Are you aware of the grant application

filed by St. George to clean the supply mains?

- A I'm sorry, I didn't understand.
- Q Are you aware of any grant application to clean the supply mains at St. George?
- A I'm sorry, I still don't -- I'm having a hard time hearing.
- Q I'm sorry. Are you aware of any grant application filed by St. George to clean the supply mains?
 - A To clean the supply mains?
- Q Yes.

- A Yes. We got involved in a program with Tri-County Community Council about a year ago, and we were successful in getting some grant funds to do some work, some energy efficient work, including a valve and a high speed pump. And as part of that, we were trying to get them to give us some funds for some line cleaning, and that has not been approved at this point in time. The only way it can be approved is if they determine that it will -- it is energy conscious, and will save some money from an energy standpoint.
- Q Did you prepare this grant application for St. George?
 - A Yes.
 - Q Did you get any funds for the high speed pumps?
- 25 A Yes, they did allow us 50 percent of the cost of

1	those items.		
2	Q Do you know how much that turned out to be?		
3	A It was a little over \$7,000.		
4	MR. NASH: Thank you very much. No further		
5	questions.		
6	CHAIRMAN DEASON: Redirect.		
7	MR. PFEIFFER: No questions.		
8	CHAIRMAN DEASON: Thank you, Ms. Chase.		
9	You may call your next witness.		
10	MR. PFEIFFER: We would call Frank Seidman.		
11	MS. SANDERS: If I could, I would like to ask		
12	about the order of witnesses since this is different from		
13	what we talked about the last time we met for Mr. Pfeiffer.		
14	MR. PFEIFFER: Mr. Biddy and Mr. Baltzley aren't		
15	here, otherwise, we would have called them. But as soon as		
16	they are here, we'd assume they would follow Mr. Seidman.		
17	MS. SANDERS: Okay. And Ms. Withers?		
18	MR. PFEIFFER: She will follow Mr. Brown, if we		
19	call her.		
20	MS. SANDERS: Thank you, Mr. Pfeiffer. Thank you		
21	Commissioner.		
22	CHAIRMAN DEASON: Yes.		
23	FRANK SEIDMAN		
24	was called as a rebuttal witness on behalf of St. George		
25	Island Utility Company, Ltd., and having been first duly		

sworn, was examined and testified as follows: 1 DIRECT EXAMINATION 2 BY MR. PFEIFFER: 3 Mr. Seidman, you have previously identified Q 4 yourself, and your occupation, and where you were employed 5 for the record, is that correct? 6 Α That's correct. 7 Have you prepared and filed prefiled rebuttal 8 0 9 testimony in this proceeding? Yes, I have. 10 Α Do you have any additions, corrections or changes 11 0 to make in your prefiled testimony? 12 No, but in my prefiled rebuttal testimony, I did 13 Α indicate that I would have available at the hearing an 14 update of rate case expense and an estimate of the expenses 15 to complete the case. And I have prepared that exhibit and 16 have it with me. I would note that in addition to updating 17 the expenses, it has a pretty good tracking summary added to 18 it that helps you follow all of the expenses, including the 19 20 expenses that were included in the rebuttal testimony 21 prefiled. And in your rebuttal testimony did you indicate 22 0 23 that you would be preparing and submitting this exhibit?

Yes, I said I would have it with me.

All right. Do you have any other additions or

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1	corrections to make in your testimony?
2	A No.
3	Q Did you sponsor any exhibits with your testimony?
4	A Yes, I did.
5	Q Please identify them.
6	A They are part of the volume of my rebuttal
7	testimony. They are identified as Schedules 1 through 5,
8	following Page 97 of the testimony. Do you want me to
9	indicate what is in them?
LO	Q No, sir. I think that counsel will have an
1	opportunity to cross with regard to them if they wish to.
L 2	MR. PFEIFFER: Mr. Chairman, we would ask that
13	Schedules 1 through 5 be marked sequentially as the
4	CHAIRMAN DEASON: They will be identified as
15	Exhibit No. 29.
16	MR. PFEIFFER: Composite Exhibit 29?
L 7	THE WITNESS: If I could indicate that the rate
8.	case exhibit that we just handed out is identified as
L 9	Schedule 6, to stay in order with those.
20	MR. PFEIFFER: All right. And, sir, we would ask
21	that the rate case expense, Schedule 6, be marked as the
22	next numbered exhibit.
23	CHAIRMAN DEASON: That will be identified as
24	Exhibit Number 30.
25	(Exhibit Nos. 29 and 30 marked for

identification.)

BY MR. PFEIFFER:

Q Mr. Seidman, please summarize your rebuttal testimony.

A Very briefly, my rebuttal testimony responds to the direct testimony of Public Counsel and Staff witnesses. It basically has two major points in it. One is that the adjusted level of O&M expenses recommended by Public Counsel, in my opinion, are inadequate for the Utility to continue to provide satisfactory service. And, two, with regard to the comments of Public Counsel regarding original cost as was established in the last rate case at December 31st, 1987, that there is no new information provided in that testimony that would give any aid to the Commission in determining the cost, original cost to plant at December 31st, 1987.

MR. PFEIFFER: Your Honor, we would ask that the prefiled rebuttal testimony of Frank Seidman be inserted.

CHAIRMAN DEASON: Without objection, it will be so inserted.

1		REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF FRANK SEIDMAN		
2		BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION		
3	R	EGARDING THE APPLICATION FOR INCREASED RATES FOR		
4		ST. GEORGE ISLAND UTILITY COMPANY, LTD		
5	IN FRANKLIN COUNTY			
6		DOCKET NO. 940109-WU		
7				
8	Q.	Please state your name, profession and address.		
9	A.	My name is Frank Seidman. I am President of		
10		Management and Regulatory Consultants, Inc.,		
11		consultants in the utility regulatory field. My		
12		office is located at 11380 Prosperity Farms Road,		
13		Suite 211, Palm Beach Gardens, Fl 33410.		
14				
15	Q.	Have you previously filed direct testimony in this		
16		proceeding?		
17	A.	Yes I have.		
18				
19	Q.	What is the purpose of your rebuttal testimony?		
20	A.	The purpose of my rebuttal testimony is to respond		
21		to the direct testimony of OPC witness Dismukes and		
22		PSC Staff witnesses Gaffney and Abbott.		
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1		DISMUKES - COMPARISON OF PRESENT CASE TO				
2		DISMISSED CASE				
3	Q.	Would you please proceed with your response to the				
4		testimony of OPC witness Dismukes?				
5	A.	Yes. My responses will follow issues in the same				
6		order they appear in Ms. Dismuke's testimony. At				
7		page 3 of her prefiled testimony, she makes a				
8		comparison of the instant rate case to the one				
9		requested in Docket No. 930770-WU.				
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11	Q.	What is Docket No. 930770-WU?				
12	A.	That is the docket in which the utility filed for				
13		a rate increase in September, 1993 and Which was				
14		subsequently dismissed by the Commission for				
15		procedural errors. The test year in that filing was				
16		the 12 months ended December 31, 1992 - the same as				
17		in this case.				
18						
19	Q.	Did that docket ever go to hearing?				
20	A.	No.				
21						
22	Q.	Was any part of that filing presented as evidence				
23		before this Commission?				
24	A.	No.				
25						

1	Q.	Were interim rates granted and/or collected from
2	_	customers under that docket?
3	A.	No.
4		
5	Q.	Have any schedules from Docket No. 930770-WU been
6		presented as evidence in this proceeding?
7	A.	No.
8		
9	Q.	From your reading of Ms. Dismukes's testimony, what
10		do you discern as her reason for comparing the
11		filings in the two cases?
12	A.	Apparently to show, that although both filings used
13		the same test year, the increase requested in the
14		instant case is significantly greater than that
15		requested in the dismissed case, and therefore,
16		must be suspect.
17		
18	Q.	Do you consider the comparison to be relevant?
19	A.	No. It is interesting, it is easily explained, but
20		it is not relevant. This is especially true when
21		one considers that the information in Docket No.
22		930770-WU was never presented to this Commission as
23		evidence and therefore has never been determined by
24		the Commission to be a valid basis for comparison.

schedules for both of the dockets that Ms. Dismukes 2 is comparing? 3 Yes. A. 5 stated that the differences 6 Q. are easily 7 Has anyone from OPC asked you to explained. explain the differences? 8 9 A. No. 10 Were you deposed by OPC prior to the time that Ms. 11 Q. Dismukes filed her testimony? 12 13 A. Yes. 14 15 And you were not asked to explain the differences Q. 16 discussed by her in her testimony? 17 No. A. 18 19 If you had been asked would you have provided an Q. 20 explanation? 21 A. Of course. 22 I understand that you believe that comparing this 23 Q. case to one that never was presented to the 24 25 Commission is not relevant, but since the

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Did you prepare the Minimum Filing Requirement

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Q.

Commission only has Ms. Dismukes's inferences regarding those differences before it, would you please explain the differences to which she has made reference?

A. Yes. Ms. Dismukes points out that in comparing the two cases, rate base decreased by a small amount, test year revenues remained unchanged, and the requested operation and maintenance expenses increased significantly.

Q. Please describe the changes in rate base.

A. The decrease in rate base is the net result of several minor increases and decreases in rate base components. The increases were primarily related to (1) the cost of a new generator to replace one that was knocked out by lightning after the MFR for Docket No. 930770-WU was filed; (2) capitalization of some engineering fees related to the elevated tank that had not been previously accounted for; (3) revisions in the cost of well no. 3; (4) a decrease in accumulated depreciation, primarily resulting from the retirement of the generator; and (5) an increase in working capital related to the increase in proposed proforma O&M expenses.

The decreases were primarily related to (1) a 1 decision not to capitalize some test year labor 2 costs in response to concerns expressed by the 3 audit staff to Mr. Brown during the audit under 4 Docket No. 930770-WU; (2) a correction of a 5 6 typographical error in the beginning balance of one 7 of the plant accounts; (3) and the most significant change - removing deferred debits from rate base in 8 compliance with the rule revisions in Order No. 9 931704, which did not become effective until 10 11 December, 1993.

12

Q. Please explain why test year revenues remained unchanged.

15 A. Test year revenues remained unchanged because they
16 correctly reflect 1992 revenues - the common test
17 year in both filings.

- Q. Please explain why the operation and maintenance
 (O&M) expenses requested in this case are
 significantly higher than requested in the
 dismissed case.
- 23 A. The requested O&M expenses are significantly higher 24 simply because, in the additional time made 25 available to the utility to refile its case, Mr.

Brown was able to more fully evaluate and consider the ongoing expenses associated with providing the quality of service which this Commission and the utility have been striving to attain since 1989 Commission set forth 19 compliance in its last rate order. As both I and Mr. Brown have discussed in our direct testimony, it is no secret that when the last rate order was issued in 1989, additional plant was needed, additional and better qualified personnel were needed, additional maintenance was needed, and improvements in accounting and record keeping were The expenses requested in Docket No. needed. 930770-WU captured some of the costs associated with maintaining quality service on an ongoing It was not that Mr. basis, but not all of them. Brown was not aware, during preparation of the first filing, of all of the costs brought into this filing, but he was constrained as to his time and some of those costs just did not get addressed.

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- 1 Q. Had Docket No. 930770-WU not been dismissed, would
 2 you have amended the filing to capture those
 3 additional costs?
- A. That would not have been acceptable to the Commission. The Commission has considered even small changes made to the revenue requirement after been officially accepted, filing has tantamount to a filing a new case. However, since that docket was dismissed, the utility exercised its prerogative to revise the filing as it believed was necessary to get all of the facts before the Commission related to providing quality service on an ongoing basis.

- Q. Could we return to the issue of relevancy? Why is any change from the dismissed docket not relevant?
 - A. Because the expenses requested in that docket were never established as being reasonable. If they had been, then it would be relevant to ask why expenses in excess of that established reasonable level would still be reasonable. Of course, if OPC is stipulating that the \$344,684 requested in the dismissed docket is reasonable, than indeed, a comparison becomes relevant.

- Q. Ms. Dismukes concludes that the differences between
 the instant request and the dismissed request is
 largely, if not entirely, related to additional
 proforma adjustments. Is that a correct conclusion?
 - Yes. The proforma adjustments in this case are Α. critical. Gaining recognition of those adjustments by the Commission is the whole point of this case. There has been no shortage of criticism of the operation of this utility over the years, and not without cause. But if one is objective, it must also be recognized that significant strides have been made. It is now time to recognize that there is a cost associated with maintaining quality service on an ongoing basis; and that there is a cost associated with preventing the backsliding that has become an all too frequent a criticism of the mode of operation of this utility. The proforma adjustments in this case present those costs to the Commission for its evaluation, and

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22 <u>DISMUKES - COMPARISON OF PRESENT CASE TO JASMINE</u>
23 LAKES CASE

hopefully for its recognition.

Q. At page 5 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes
compares SGI's requested O&M expenses to those

allowed by the Commission in two recent Class B
rate cases - Jasmine Lakes Utilities Corp. and Mad
Hatter Utility, Inc. Is there any validity to the
comparison with Jasmine Lakes?

I have no idea. I am not familiar with the manner 5 Α. in which Jasmine Lakes is operated nor if their are 6 any similarities between the systems. Although Ms. 7 Dismukes apparently testified in that case, she has 8 not shared any information regarding the number of 9 employees, scope of work, salary levels, size of 10 service area, etc. that would need 11 considered. 12

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DISMUKES - COMPARISON OF PRESENT CASE TO MAD HATTER
CASE

- Q. Is there any validity to the comparison with Mad
 Hatter Utility, Inc.?
- Based on the discussion in the final order of that 18 A. 19 case, there may be some basis for comparing 20 employee salaries, in general. For example the final order (PSC-93-0295-FOF-WS) says that Ms. 21 22 Dismukes, a witness in that case, agrees that a salary provision of \$108,457 for four employees was 23 That is an average of \$27,114 per 24 reasonable. employee, based on a 1990 test year. In this case, 25

SGI requested proforma salary for six employees three field and three administrative - in the amount of \$123,120 or an average of \$20,520 per employee, based on a 1992 test year. Without any further information as to the employee positions or duties, the comparison does suggest that the salary ranges requested by SGI are in line with those found reasonable by Ms. Dismukes in the Mad Hatter case. The final order in the Mad Hatter case also discusses an allowable amount for a resident The Commission determined engineer. that allocated portion of his salary, \$6,842, would be appropriate. SGI has requested an allowance of \$6,000 for a contract engineer to provide ongoing assistance and advise on operating matters matters not relating to the engineering of a specific project. That appears to be in line with the amount the Commission found reasonable in the Mad Hatter case.

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Other than the above comparisons of salary levels, there is not sufficient information to compare the overall expenses of SGI and Mad Hatter.

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<u>DISMUKES - COMPARISON OF PRESENT CASE TO CLASS B</u> UTILITIES

- Q. At page 5 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes provides a comparison of this utility's requested expense level to those of other Class B utilities in Florida. Do these comparisons provide any useful information to the Commission in evaluating the reasonableness of the requested expense of SGI?
 - A. No they do not. It is tempting to use comparative statistics to support or refute the reasonableness of expenses, but in reality, raw data provides absolutely no information from which to make valid comparison of the costs to operate various systems. The data provides no information regarding salary levels, job descriptions, or the similarities or dissimilarities of any other factors regarding these utilities. All we know is that they are all Class B water utilities, which means their annual water revenues fall in the very wide range between \$150,000 per year and \$750,000 per year. We don't know if any of them have service characteristics similar to those of SGI. We don't know if any of them serve a barrier island necessitating the location of the well some seven miles away on the

We don't know if any of them have a mainland. service area with length to width ratio а approaching 40 to 1. We don't know if any of them have a high proliferation of uncontrolled private well construction necessitating constant vigilance for cross connection violations. We don't know if any of these utilities have large segments of customers that only use service during weekends or holidays or on a relatively short term basis. We don't know if any of these utilities are part of a group from which they receive allocation economies. These are all examples of factors that effect the costs of providing service and that make each utility unique. Without some knowledge of these types of factors, it is difficult, if not impossible, to make any valid comparisons of relative costs.

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- Q. Are you personally familiar with any of the utilities on Ms. Dismuke's list?
- A. Yes. I am familiar with Sailfish Point Utility
 Company (SPUC). I prepared their last rate case. I
 still provide some consulting services and I have
 some knowledge of their service circumstances and
 their personnel costs.

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- Q. Can you share information regarding the expenses of SPUC that might be helpful to the Commission in evaluating the reasonableness of the requested expenses of SGI?
 - Α. Yes. Sailfish Point Utility provides both water and wastewater services to a self contained developer related community in Martin County. The service area is approximately one mile square and has a build out customer base of less than 600 customers. concentrated the customers are Many of condominium apartments. It has water and wastewater treatment plants that are adjacent to each other and the water source is in close proximity to the plants. The field staff consists of three persons an operations manager, an assistant plant operator If the utility served water and a field person. only or wastewater only, I doubt that it would have much effect on the size of the field staff. Perhaps one of the operators could be part time, if competent personnel can be found to work on a part time basis. But, if for no other reason than to be able cover weekends, evenings and vacations, it would take 2 1/2 - 3 persons to operate this utility. Logistically, Sailfish Point is much

simpler to operate. There are no great distances to 1 be covered. There are no private wells. There is no 2 uncontrolled or unplanned growth. There are few 3 dead ends or low usage mains that require flushing 4 on a daily basis. Therefore, Sailfish is less 5 labor intensive than SGI on a day by day, field 6 operation basis. 7 9

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How do the salaries of SGI field personnel compare Q. to those of Sailfish Point personnel?

The salaries of SGI field personnel, Α. requested level, are lower than current salaries at Sailfish Point. They generally compare as follows:

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15		<u>Annual S</u>	<u>Salaries</u>
16		<u>sgi</u>	SPUC
17	Op. Manager	\$32,500	\$46,000
18	Asst. #1	17,500	36,000
19	Asst. #2	16,640	22,000

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There are several things that can explain the differences in salary levels. First is location. Salaries on the southeast coast of Florida tend to be higher than for the panhandle. That would explain most of the difference in salaries for Asst. #2, since the job requirement for both utilities requires similar levels of skill. The lower salaries for the SGI manager and Asst. #1 more than likely reflect the fact that personnel are operating a water facility only rather than a combined facility. However, it must be considered that although the salary level for SGI personnel are lower, its three person staff is covering substantially more territory and more customers than the three person staff at Sailfish Point, and substantially more flushing and testing. And Sailfish Point is considered by many, to be an efficiently run and well maintained utility plant.

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Q. Can you similarly compare the managerial and administrative salaries for SGI to those of SPUC?

A. No. Whereas the salary levels for field personnel can be compared one for one, managerial and administrative costs cannot. That is because SPUC benefits from being a subsidiary of the Mobil Land Development group of companies. SPUC does not have an administrative staff. It does not have to hire a full time manager just for the utility, nor does it have to hire full time clerical personnel and bookkeepers, nor contract for accountants,

1		attorneys or engineers for day to day services.
2		The functions performed by all of those personnel
3		are made available through Mobil's staffing for
4		which SPUC pays a minimal allocation of the total
5		cost. Obviously, a stand alone single area utility
6		like SGI does not have access to the economies of
7		that type of pooling of personnel. Therefore the
8		salaries paid by SGI for administrative personnel
9		cannot be directly compared to the allocated
LO		amounts paid by SPUC.
Li		
L 2	Q.	How should the Commission judge whether the costs
L 3		proposed by SGI for operational, managerial and
L3 L4		proposed by SGI for operational, managerial and administrative personnel are reasonable?
	Α.	
L 4	A.	administrative personnel are reasonable?
L 4 L 5	Α.	administrative personnel are reasonable? The Commission really needs to look at two things -
L4 L5 L6	A.	administrative personnel are reasonable? The Commission really needs to look at two things - the necessity of the positions and the salary
14 15 16 17	Α.	administrative personnel are reasonable? The Commission really needs to look at two things - the necessity of the positions and the salary
14 15 16 17	Α.	administrative personnel are reasonable? The Commission really needs to look at two things - the necessity of the positions and the salary levels for those positions.
14 15 16 17 18		administrative personnel are reasonable? The Commission really needs to look at two things - the necessity of the positions and the salary levels for those positions. DISMUKES - AFFILIATED TRANSACTIONS
14 15 16 17 18 19		administrative personnel are reasonable? The Commission really needs to look at two things - the necessity of the positions and the salary levels for those positions. DISMUKES - AFFILIATED TRANSACTIONS Beginning at page 8 of her prefiled testimony, Ms.
14 15 16 17 18 19		administrative personnel are reasonable? The Commission really needs to look at two things - the necessity of the positions and the salary levels for those positions. DISMUKES - AFFILIATED TRANSACTIONS Beginning at page 8 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes addresses what she refers to as affiliated

office. As Ms. Dismukes points out, Mr. Brown is

affiliated with eight entities, however, as a 1 practical matter, and as indicated on the doors to 2 the offices. the functioning entities are the 3 utility and the law office. With regard to SGI 4 personnel, all of the employees at this office work 5 100% of the time for the utility, with the 6 exception of Mr. Brown's administrative assistant. 7 Her time is allocated and a portion of her salary 8 9 is paid by the law firm.

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11 Q. At page 13 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes
12 has allocated a 25% portion of the health benefits
13 of Mr. Brown's assistant to non-affiliates. Do you
14 take exception to that recommendation?

A. No. I agree with Ms. Dismukes that personnel benefits should follow salaries, and SGI pays only 75% of the salary of Mr. Brown's assistant.

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- Q. At page 13 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes
 allocates 50%, or \$5,400, of what she refers to as
 office rent to Mr. Brown's affiliates and 50% to
 SGI. Do you agree with that recommendation?
- 23 A. No. I disagree because Ms. Dismukes is not 24 allocating office rent. She is allocating the out 25 of pocket costs under a third party lease/purchase

agreement as if that were the rental rate to the occupants. The third party in this case is Armada Bay Company, an affiliate. Because it is affiliate, the rent charged to SGI is certainly subject to close scrutiny to ensure that SGI is not being charged more than the market rate - the rate it would have to pay to a non-affiliate. SGI is paying \$750 per month rent for 750 sq. space. That equates to \$12.00 per sq. ft. rates comparable office space the for Tallahassee area is \$10.00 to \$12.00 per sq. ft, without any other considerations. In this case, there are other considerations, which Mr. Brown If Ms. Dismukes recommendation is will address. accepted, it will result in a rental rate of \$7.20 per sq. ft., far below the market rate and low enough to encourage Armada Bay to begin looking for The rental rate paid by SGI is another tenant. reasonable and should not be adjusted.

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- Q. At page 14 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes recommends allocating 10% of the salaries and benefits of the utility bookkeeper and office staff assistant to the affiliates. Do you agree with that allocation?
- 6 A. No. I understand that these personnel answer the 7 non-utility telephone line or send a fax or run an errand from time to time. 8 Ms. Dismukes 9 characterized these activities as "assisting with the management and operations of Mr. Brown's other 10 companies." But in fact, these activities are 11 12 incidental events, at most. In their depositions by 13 OPC, the referenced personnel indicated that such 14 actions as answering the non-utility phone were 15 done as a courtesy, not as a part of the job. And 16 even in those cases, they indicate that such calls are usually utility connected. With regard to 17 18 errands, these employees indicate that special trips are not made for non-utility purposes, but 19 20 may be part of a trip already being made for the 21 utility. These two employees are truly utility employees and it is just reaching, to allocate any 22 portion of their time to non-utility entities. 23

- Q. Also, at page 14 of her prefiled testimony, Ms.

 Dismukes recommends that 10% of the cost of SGI's
- office furniture, and related depreciation costs,
- 4 be allocated to affiliates. Do you agree?
- No. Account 340.5, Office Furniture and Equipment, 5 A. 6 for the test year, includes four items, a utility computer, the utility financial software package, 7 leasehold equipment, and a new copier. Only 10% of 8 the copier should be allocated to affiliates. The 9 leasehold equipment is allocated on a 50/50 basis. 10 The remaining equipment is used only by the 11 utility. The adjusted average balance for this 12 account is \$8,285. The portion allocated 13 affiliates is \$562 or 6.8 %. 14

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DISMUKES - GROWTH ADJUSTMENTS

- Q. At page 14 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes
 recommends adjusting test year revenues and
 expenses for growth. Do you agree with this
 recommendation?
- 21 A. No. Adjustments for growth would be appropriate if
 22 SGI had filed for a projected test year. However,
 23 SGI requested, and was granted, permission to file
 24 for a historic test year. SGI elected to use a
 25 historic test year with proforma adjustments for

very specific reasons. Since 1989, SGI has been subject to Commission directives to make additions to plant serving existing customers, to upgrade its operations in order to improve the quality of service to existing customers, to improve its records and to bring about an overall improvement in its operations for existing customers. Slowly, but surely it has been doing that, but SGI contends it has not had and does not have sufficient revenues to maintain the quality of service for its existing customers. It has presented a historic test year to show the deficiency in funds for existing customers. It has also made non-revenue producing proforma adjustments to investment and expenses to show the level of costs necessary to provide quality service to existing customers. has assumed that the purpose of the Dismukes utility's proforma adjustments is to bring 1992 expenses up to the 1993 or 1994 level. That is not the purpose. With the exception of salary increase, the purpose of the proforma adjustments is to bring 1992 expenses up to the level necessary to serve 1992 customers properly. A small portion of the salary adjustments do reflect annual cost of living increases. The major increase is for much needed

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additional personnel and to adjust the salaries of some individuals to a level commensurate with their job responsibilities.

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Dismukes would like to see the test year updated to 1993, and states at page 15 of her testimony, "I believe the Commission should update the Company's test year level of revenue, expenses and rate base to be more consistent with a 1993 test year." The ability to revise the test year after the rate application is noticed is a luxury not available to the applicant, even when the results may reduce the revenue requirement. As both the Commission and OPC know, such an action is considered by them to be a revision of the rate case application, and subjects the dismissal because it prejudice parties by introducing material not subject to the audit or to timely discovery. The adjustments recommended by Dismukes introduce substantial revenues Ms. associated with growth, and inconsequential expenses associated with growth on top of an average test period, with no concern that additional plant investment and expenses may also have to be incurred to serve growth. But with all her posturing with regard to matching revenues and expenses because of growth, further into her testimony, and as shown on Schedule 27 of her Exhibit 18, Ms. Dismukes will finally match her growth revenue with a level of expenses below the actual level of expenses incurred in 1992. This may play well to the audience at the hearing, but if the Commissioners are concerned with the ability of the utility to provide quality service under present rates, they should well consider the consequences to customers of OPC's recommendations, after the excitement of the hearing has faded.

DISMUKES - SALARY ADJUSTMENTS

- Q. At page 18 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes holds the level of pay increases to 5% annually. She states that is the level allowed by the Commission in recent cases. Do you agree with her adjustment?
- 21 A. No. I don't disagree with holding the line on pay
 22 increases to approximately the cost of living if
 23 the base pay of an individual is already at an
 24 appropriate level. However, in this case, for two
 25 individuals the current level is not commensurate

with their responsibilities or their value to the company. The test year pay levels of the operations administrative assistant manager and do reflect the level of their responsibilities, their longevity of service or their knowledge of the system. With regard to the operations manager, Mr. McKeown, a drinking water inspector for FDEP has testified in this proceeding that "the treatment time since Mr. Hank plant in the [operations manager] has been the lead certified operator has been very well maintained. I hope this situation will continue." It would be irresponsible not to do what is reasonably necessary to assure that this situation will continue. Restricting their salary increases to a cost of living level will perpetuate an inequitable situation. Dismukes also states that such increases "unnecessary given today's economic environment." By that I assume she means that the utility should take advantage of people because unemployment rates, since they will not be able to find employment at comparable pay elsewhere. if the utility were so inclined, that is not the situation. The individuals in question can find employment elsewhere and the utility cannot replace

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them at any price with persons that have their knowledge of the system and the company.

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- Q. At page 15 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes has recommended that the field assistant be included only on a part time basis. Do you agree with her recommendation?
- No. Ms. Dismukes's recommendation is not based on 8 Α. the facts in this situation. She states that prior 9 to the rate case the utility was operating with 10 1.75 to persons. But she does not correlate the 11 number of workers to the utility's ability to 12 provide a satisfactory level of operation. Nor does 13 she consider that with 1.75 persons, the manager 14 must work seven days a week on a regular basis and 15 cannot take the vacation time to which he is 16 17 entitled. Throughout her testimony, Ms. Dismukes 18 makes it clear that she thinks the utility has been 19 poorly managed and operated in the past. Yet here 20 is a cost effective means to improve the level of 21 operations and she recommends that the Commission 22 reject it. Surveys by FDEP during the last year 23 give credence to the fact that with the complement of employees available during the test year, the 24 25 utility is having difficulty maintaining

maintenance and inspection logs in a timely manner, keeping up with its flushing program, monitoring for cross connection violations and sampling for hydrogen sulfide.

Ms. Dismukes also says that an additional assistant isn't needed at all during the off-peak system. But that is not true. It during the off-peak season, when flows in many lines are minimal, that water quality is the most difficult to maintain. It is during that period that the need for main flushing is the greatest. It is a time consuming, labor intensive activity and it will require a full time person to accomplish it.

I must express concern with the recommendations of OPC to cut the utility staff to a bare bones level or reduce salaries to levels that insure frequent turnover. SGI comes into this hearing with a reputation for not being responsive to directives to improve service. Such a reputation is difficult to turn around. This utility is trying, and as I have previously pointed out, the improvements have been significant. But the utility is not going to be able to maintain quality service or move forward

without the necessary personnel. OPC's recommendation ignore this reality.

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- Q. Beginning at page 19 of her prefiled testimony, Ms.

 Dismukes discusses adjustments that she claims effectively reduce the management fee for the services provided by Mr. Brown. Do you agree with her comments?
- 9 A. First, Ms. Dismukes states that she has effectively reduced 10 the management by disallowing a portion of Ms. Chase's pay increase. 11 Ms. Chase is paid by SGI and her salary level has 12 nothing to do with the level of the management fee. 13 As previously pointed out, we believe her salary 14 level is fair. In addition, Ms. Chase is not a 15 manager and a significant amount of her time is now 16 required just to administer the cross connect 17 control program for the utility. I do not consider 18 that to be a function covered under a management 19 Ms. Dismukes's proposal is a back door 20 approach to adjusting the management fee that 21 Should the unfairly penalizes Ms. Chase. 22 Commission determine that an adjustment to the 23 management fee is warranted, it should be a direct 24 adjustment. If Ms. Chase's allowed salary is 25

reduced for that purpose it impacts future rate cases by establishing an artificially low salary level benchmark the against which as the reasonableness of future increases will be measured. One of the difficulties we are encountering in this case is justifying the reasonableness of current wage levels against inadequate or understated wages in the prior case.

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Second, Ms. Dismukes states that the management fee should be reduced because Mr. Brown should not be compensated for dealing with past problems. believes the stockholders should absorb these costs. I fail to understand her logic. If a manager isn't paid to deal with problems or to prevent problems from occurring or reoccurring, then what The only difference between is he paid for? solving problems and preventing problems is the timing. Management is an ongoing process. A manager is paid for his management ability, both preventive and corrective. A manager is not paid on a "per incident" basis. In any case, the customers of the utility have not paid Mr. Brown or any other manager for what has occurred in the past, except to the extent such costs were minimally included in the expenses of the last case. During the years
since the last rate case, the utility has operated
at a deficit, and to the extent of that deficit,
stockholders have absorbed the cost.

DISMUKES - MANAGEMENT FEES

- Q. At page 21, Ms. Dismukes states that Mr. Brown's total compensation package is excessive for a utility the size of SGI. Do you agree?
- A. I don't agree or disagree because I don't think it is a function of the size of the utility. But I understand her concern. It is difficult when you are dealing with a small utility to recognize adequate management compensation because of its impact on rates. Nevertheless, the Commission must recognize a level of compensation commensurate with the job to be performed and not base it solely on the size of the utility or the impact on rates.

Incidentally, in the two cases which Ms. Dismukes previously cited (Mad Hatter and Jasmine Lakes) as being somewhat comparable to SGI, the Commission allowed salaries for the presidents of those company's of approximately \$50,000 compared to Mr. Brown's management fee of \$48,000. The actual

salaries for those officers were in the \$65,000 to

\$75,000 range. Although those two companies

provide both water and wastewater service, the

numbers of customers served are similar.

Finally, in SGI's last case, based on a 1987 test year, the Commission found \$29,765 to be a reasonable salary for a manager of a utility the size of SGI. If that salary were to be increased by the combined growth - CPI factor utilized in the MFR benchmark analysis, the equivalent salary in 1992 would be \$66,352 compared to the \$48,000 management fee paid by SGI and the combined fee of \$72,000 for management and legal services.

- Q. Ms. Dismukes also considers the management compensation excessive because the utility has "consistently" been in violation of PSC and FDEP rules and regulations. Do you agree with her evaluation?
- A. No. First, Ms. Dismukes's remarks regarding violations are allegations and not conclusions. SGI is not presently operating under any show cause order of this Commission. And, since Mr. Brown assumed management of SGI, it has not been found

guilty of nor fined for violating any rule or regulation of this Commission. SGI was ordered to comply with certain directives of this Commission under Docket No. 871177-WU. It has done so and that docket has been closed. SGI has been operating under a consent order of the FDEP to which it agreed as a resolution of certain allegations of violations. As Ms. Dismukes knows or should know, consent order is a mutual resolution differences, not a finding of violations. SGI has complied with and continues to comply with the terms of that Consent Order. The net result of all of this is the utility and its customers are in better shape now then they have been for years. That does not seem like a basis to penalize this utility any further than is has already been penalized indirectly through inadequate income.

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DISMUKES - LEGAL FEES

Q. At page 21 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes refers to \$20,000 which she assumes will be additional compensation to Mr. Brown for legal fees for this rate case. Is that a correct conclusion?
A. No. Schedule B-10 of the MFR, the analysis of rate case expense, includes \$20,000 for a rate attorney,

1 The schedule does vet to be determined. designate Mr. Brown. The amount was an estimate for 2 3 an outside rate attorney, who had not been hired at 4 the time the MFR was filed. Mr. Brown was initially the attorney of record, but since he is also a 5 6 witness in this proceeding, an outside attorney is 7 also necessary. Regardless of whether the legal expenses incurred for this case are attributed to 8 9 Mr. Brown or an outside attorney, they represent 10 rate case expense subject to recovery through rates 11 over a four year period.

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Q. Ms. Dismukes takes issue with the retainer fee paid to Mr. Brown for ongoing legal services in the amount of \$24,000 per year? Do you consider this an extraordinary amount?

A. This represents less of No. two days or consultation time per month at Mr. Brown's fee level or at any competitive fee level. This is not an extraordinary amount of time for a business that is subject to the oversight of several regulatory agencies and for one engaged in contractual negotiations with developers and vendors on a regular basis.

- Q. Ms. Dismukes asserts that some of the time spent by
 Mr. Brown on legal matters did not require the
 expertise of a lawyer. Do you agree?
- A. I am not in a position to agree or disagree. I do 4 5 think she has made a dangerous assertion. As a nonlawyer consultant, I am very hesitant to advise a 6 client not to seek legal expertise. Even though I 7 8 feel very competent in regulatory matters because 9 of my experience, I almost always advise a client 10 to seek legal advise in any regulatory or contract 11 matter.

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- Q. At page 24 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes
 expresses the opinion that customers should not
 have to pay for legal matters related to the
 settlement of FDEP problems or PSC show cause
 responses. Do you agree?
 - A. No. The legal expenses incurred by a utility to defend itself in show cause proceedings, proceedings resulting from notices of violations, even proceedings resulting from customer complaints are all legitimate costs of business and are subject to recovery through rates. To deny all legal expenses of this nature requires the assumption that an accusation equates to guilt

and that all issues emanating from these types of proceedings are black and white. That is just not the case. If it were, there would no show cause or similar proceedings - there would just be accusations and penalties, without recourse. It is the nature of regulation that issues of importance are handled through the formality of a show cause and response. To deny recovery of the related expenses is to deny the protection afforded by the law.

12 Q. On page 25 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes
13 argues that the level of legal expense requested is
14 not reasonable. Do you agree with her argument?

A. No. She argues that Mr. Brown's hourly fee equates to \$312,000 annually. She argues that the equivalent salary is considerably more than the salary of in-house legal counsel, and that is how he should be viewed. I might agree with the argument if SGI were requesting \$312,000 for legal fees. It is not. It is requesting \$24,000.

It is misleading to multiply the hourly fee of an attorney times the hours in a year and say that it equates to an annual salary. As Ms. Dismukes knows

from her own experience as a consultant, fees charged cover more than salaries. They hopefully cover all expenses of operating a business. And fees are collected only for hours billed, which may or may not equal the hours in a year. It is irrelevant that a fee of \$150 per hour equates to \$325,000 per year.

What is relevant is how the total amount charged to the utility would compare to what SGI would have to pay an independent outside counsel for like services or what it would pay if Mr. Brown's legal services should be viewed as in-house counsel as argued by Ms. Dismukes. On that basis I would have to conclude that Mr. Brown's hourly rate is in line with that of other independent attorneys and the \$24,000 annual charge is in line with the annual salary of an in-house counsel at the entry level.

However, after arguing that Mr. Brown should be considered as in-house legal counsel, Ms. Dismukes then argues that only \$3,000 should be allowed for legal services. So apparently the in-house argument is spurious. Apparently, what is really important to Ms. Dismukes is that the charge is too high,

regardless of whether it is fair. Well since you can't hire an in-house counsel for \$3,000, we are back to determining the equivalent of a reasonable amount of time required by an outside attorney at prevailing rates. On that basis, and as previously discussed, the \$24,000 charge appears reasonable.

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- Q. At page 21 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes talks about Mr. Brown's total compensation plus benefits. Is that a fair approach for evaluating his salary?
- 12 Α. Just like the attorney fee/annual salary 13 analogy, it is misleading. This "loaded cost" approach has not been applied to employees nor have 14 I seen it applied to officers or managers of any 15 other water or wastewater utility in a rate case 16 before this Commission. Ms. Dismukes states that 17 18 the Mr. Brown's total package is \$80,700. I think that number is overstated. Nevertheless without the 19 loading, the requested annual fees for management 20 21 and legal services are \$72,000. This compares to the salaries of approximately \$65,000 to \$75,000, 22 without loading, paid to the presidents of Jasmine 23 Lakes and Mad Hatter, as previously discussed. 24

1		Those salaries are for management only and do not
2		include legal services.
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4		DISMUKES - PENSIONS & BENEFITS
5	Q.	At page 27 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes
6		points out that SGI's MFR includes a health benefit
7		expense for the four salaried employees, the two
8		hourly employees and the manager. She also says,
9		"It is interesting to note" the workpapers do not
10		include the hourly employees. Can you explain this
11		"interesting" disparity?
L 2	A.	Yes. I prepared the MFR's and I had assumed that
13		all employees would be covered, including hourly
.4		employees. That was a misunderstanding on my part.
.5		Ms. Dismukes is correct in removing the expense for
.6		benefits for the hourly employees.
.7		
.8	Q.	Ms. Dismukes also removes the health benefit for
.9		Mr. Brown because he is not an employee of SGI. Do
0		you agree with that adjustment?
1	A.	Yes. I agree that any benefits for Mr. Brown are
2		the responsibility of Armada Bay Company.

Q. At page 28 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes
disallows any expense for pension benefits for
several reasons. Do you agree with that adjustment?

Ms. Dismukes gives four reasons Α. disallowing the expense: 1) the plan didn't become effective until January, 1994; 2) although the company has committed to the plan in writing, it has contractual obligation to make no contribution; 3) the company has been operating for years without a plan; and 4) one of the employees had little knowledge of the plan.

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It is difficult to know which reason to respond to first, they are all so disingenuous. Look for example at reason no. 3 - the expense should be disallowed because the utility got along without it before. But did it? How many of the people employed in 1987 are still with the company? None. Was the quality of the employees in the last satisfactory? Apparently not -in the last case, the Commission cited everything from quality of records to quality of service as being unsatisfactory. It is only since 1991 that there has been any continuity of employment, and, coincidentally, improvements in all of the factors cited by the Commission. There certainly is no law requiring this company to offer pension benefits to its employees, but aside from being the right thing to do, it seems like a cost effective means of enticing good employees to stay on.

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Then there is reasons no. 1 - the plan didn't become effective until January, 1994. This would lead one to think that maybe this plan was instituted to coincide with this rate application. And that is correct. But what is wrong with that? The company has been operating at a loss. Its revenues are inadequate to cover current expenses, never mind a pension plan. Why not initiate the plan in the same year that rate relief might be expected? I understand that OPC may consider that providing all services in a satisfactory manner while operating at a loss is an act of good faith, but it is a poor business decision. As I indicated earlier in my rebuttal testimony, adjustments such as the cost of a pension plan were included just so the Commission can be aware of the full cost of providing satisfactory service to existing customers.

Then there is reason no. 2 - the company has committed to its employees in writing that it will contribute to a plan but there is no legal or contractual obligation to contribute. something wrong with that statement. T he Random House dictionary defines "commitment" as "a pledge or promise; an obligation." I think SGI does have an obligation. The question is, whether it can or that will fulfill obligation. Α legal or contractual obligation, as preferred Dismukes, does not guarantee that the plan will be funded any more than a written memo does. And a quarantee of that funding is really what is what she is looking for. At page 30 of her testimony, she says, "... I am concerned that the Commission will allow recovery of this pension expense through customer rates but the Company will never make the contributions." That is a legitimate concern for SGI or any other utility. This utility has no history for funding its plan. However, SGI has now instituted a qualified investment plan and has made the initial contribution. Additional contributions are to be made every six months. If the Commission recognizes this expense for ratemaking purposes, it has every right to expect and require continued

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funding. If the expense is not recognized, however, than continued funding should not be assumed.

Finally, there is reason no. 4 - an employee had little knowledge of the plan. That is hardly surprising when a plan is first initiated. A pension plan is not usually discussed with employees until it is fully formulated and an action on their part is necessary. In fact, the initial notice to employees of the plan indicated that details would be provided at a later date. In any case, it is not a reason to disallow the expense. I suspect Ms. Dismukes considered the employee's lack of knowledge as just another indicator that SGI will not fund the plan.

- Q. Did Ms. Dismukes take issue in her testimony with the cost of the plan?
- 19 A. No. None of the reasons she gave for disallowance
 20 addressed the real issues of whether it is
 21 reasonable and proper to provide a pension plan
 22 and, is the cost reasonable. She disallowed it
 23 merely on the supposition that the company might
 24 not actually fund it. I dare say that it would be
 25 difficult to take issue with the cost, because the

plan is only set up to be funded at 5% of base salary.

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DISMUKES - CONTRACTUAL SERVICES, ACCOUNTING

- At page 31 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes 5 Q. recommends that the proforma expense of \$6,000 per 6 and other accounting 7 for tax 8 performed by Ms. Barbara Withers, CPA, disallowed. Do you agree with her recommendation? 9 No. This expense is fully justified on a continuing 10 A. basis. It is based on Ms. Withers providing 5 hours 11 of service per month at \$100.00 per hour. Ms. 12 Withers has performed work for the utility from 13
- time to time since its inception. Because of this
 she is more familiar with the organization of the
 utility, its tax matters and its general accounting
 matters than any other accountant working with the
- 18 utility. Her services provide some continuity to

19 its accounting procedures.

- Q. Why has Ms. Dismukes recommended that the expense for Ms. Withers' services be disallowed?
- A. If I understand her testimony correctly, it is primarily because SGI allegedly did not use her services in 1992 or 1993 and that allegedly Ms.

Withers used a retainer payment toward other outstanding bills for services she had rendered to the utility in earlier periods.

5 Q. Is it relevant whether Ms. Withers perform services
6 for SGI in 1992 or 1993?

A. No. What is relevant is that Ms. Withers' services have been and continue to be available and used by utility on a regular basis.

As I previously stated, Ms. Withers has performed work for this utility on an as needed basis since its inception, is knowledgeable of the utility and is in a good position to render informed advise. According to Ms. Withers, she did all of the paperwork to get the utility's initial franchise in 1978 and 1979 [Withers Deposition, p. 28], has worked with the utility as-needed, on a constant basis since that time [Withers Deposition, p. 28], participated in the IRS tax audit of the utility's books [Withers Deposition, p. 24], participated as a witness for the utility in 1989 in the last rate case [PSC Order No. 21122], prepared and filed the monthly reports required by the Commission in 1990 [Withers Deposition, p. 8], provided advice on

reorganization and capitalization [Withers Deposition, p.12], testified for the utility regarding NARUC accounting procedures in December, 1991 [PSC Order 92-0487], provided services to the utility in 1993 (although she did not submit any bills) [Withers Deposition, p. 9] and has performed 34 1/2 hours of work for the utility in the first quarter of 1994 [Withers Deposition p. 10].

Clearly Ms. Withers has provided valuable ongoing services to this utility and continues to do so. The question is, whether this Commission will recognize the cost of these services as an ongoing expense, or let each separate expense fall through the cracks by treating each of them as a non-recurring event. Obviously, we believe the expense should be recognized as ongoing. And for that purpose, SGI has memorialized what had been a verbal arrangement regarding availability for ongoing services, through a retainer agreement. And apparently, Ms. Withers understood that to be the preference of the Commission staff [Withers Deposition, p.30].

1 Q.	Would you respond to the allegation that Ms.
2 .	Withers performed no services in 1993 and instead
3	used the 1993 retainer payment against other
4	outstanding bills?
5 A.	Yes. Ms. Dismukes makes the following statement at
6	page 31 of her testimony: "Ms. Withers testified in
7	her deposition that the 1993 retainer was used to
8	pay old outstanding bills of the Utility that had
9	never been paidshe actually rendered no services
10	to the utility in 1993."
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12	This is the actual exchange in Ms. Withers'
13	deposition upon which Ms. Dismukes bases her
14	allegation:
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16	Q. Okay. You were on retainer for 1993,
17	right?
18	A. That's correct.
19	Q. How many times did you exceed the five
20	hours, do you know?
21	A. I don't. I didn't actually submit any
22	bills. I had a lot of old outstanding
23	bills that had never been paid, so I just
24	didn't bill it.
· 25	(Withers Deposition, 4/6/94, p.9)

It is clear that Ms. Dismukes either misinterpreted or misquoted Ms. Withers. Ms. Withers did not say she did not perform any services in 1993. She says she didn't bill for them and therefore did not know how many times she exceeded the five hour per month retainer allowance. In fact, if we turn to an exchange from Ms. Withers' deposition that preceded the one relied on by Ms. Dismukes, we find that Ms. Withers did indeed perform services for the utility in 1993:

Q. During the year 1993, I gather that the advice that you provided to the utility is primarily matters of tax, is that correct?

A. Primarily tax, but also accounting, assisting with reviewing the -- not reviewing in the technical sense of performing a review, but helping them to be sure that their accounting records are

being kept properly.

[Withers Deposition, 4/6/94, p. 8]

1 With the benefit of hindsight, we may conclude that
2 not billing was a poor way to handle it, but we
3 can't conclude that services were not performed. As
4 Ms. Withers indicates at page 10 of her deposition,
5 she is keeping track of her time and billing for it
6 in 1994.

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Q. At pages 31 and 32 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes implies that the retainer may be designed to recover prior period expenses. Do you agree with that interpretation?

No. Ms. Withers indicated in her deposition that 12 Α. 13 the utility owed her \$22,000 for service from prior 14 years. In order for the retainer agreement to be used to recover prior period expenses, Ms. Withers 15 would have to accept the \$6,000 annual retainer 16 payment and perform no additional services for the 17 18 utility for 3 1/2 years. She has already billed 19 over \$3,400 for services performed in the first 20 quarter of 1994. There is no indication that the 21 retainer is anything but what it is purported to 22 be.

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What is critical in this case is that the utility has a need for continuing accounting services.

Whether those services are provided in part by Ms. 1 Withers, in part by Ms. Drawdy or in part or in whole by any other competent accountant, is not as Commission fact that the as the recognizes an adequate accounting expense so that the utility has the means to meet the requirements of the Commission with regard to accounting.

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DISMUKES - PROFORMA MAINTENANCE & TESTING EXPENSES

- At page 33 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes Q. proposes to disallow a portion of the proforma expense for ground storage maintenance because some of the cost is remedial. Do you agree?
- No. It is Ms. Dismukes' opinion that remedial work Α. necessary because of poor management maintenance and therefore should not be charged to the customer. This is a common theme running through many of her proposed adjustments. It may sound good, but it only makes sense if you assume that timely maintenance is free.

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Assume that a utility carries out some level of maintenance on a regular basis, such "remedial" work is not necessary. That regular maintenance has a cost associated with it. Assume also that the cost of regular maintenance has been properly recognized in a rate case. It is a recurring annual expense recovered from the customers through rates.

Now assume regular maintenance has not been carried out. There is no recurring annual expense passed on to the customers and recovered through rates. During the period when regular maintenance is not carried on, the customers gets nothing and pays nothing.

Now assume that we come along with some remedial work. The maintenance that would have been carried out year to year in small amounts is now done in one large amount. If the Commission were to allow recovery of the total cost of that remedial work as a single year recurring expense, the customer would of course be penalized by paying an annual expense equal to the one time, higher remedial cost. But that is not what happens. What happens is, the higher cost is amortized over several years, so that on an annual basis all that is expensed and recovered through rates is an amount similar to the cost of regular annual maintenance. From a customer

perspective the effect on future rates is no different than if maintenance were being performed every year on a regular basis. One way or another, the maintenance has to be performed at some cost. On a historical basis, the rates were lower than otherwise would have been the case if regular maintenance had been occurring.

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There is no basis for disallowing the cost of remedial work, as long as it is recovered on an amortized basis. The amortization of deferred a recognized ratemaking maintenance is accounting principle. As far as Ms. Dismukes' desire to see some cost passed on the stockholder for deferring maintenance, that does in fact happen to Class B utilities under the present Commission rules. The unamortized portion of the deferred maintenance is not recognized in rate base. Therefore the cost to carry that portion of the expense over the amortization period is borne by the stockholder.

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Q. Ms. Dismukes has recommended that if the expense is approved, the monies collected should be placed in

an escrow account and disbursed as the expense is incurred. Is that a practical solution?

A. No. If the funds are escrowed, it will take 12 months to build up sufficient funds to cover the expense. That almost certainly assures that there will be a year delay in implementing this maintenance program. This will be true for any of the programs for which the escrowing of funds would be required.

- Q. At page 35 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes recommends that the cost of the distribution system cleaning program not be allowed because there was only one bid and no signed contract. Do you agree?
- A. No. In principle, I have no problem with the Commission requiring assurances that the proposed programs are actually done and at a reasonable cost. But disallowing the expense does not accomplish that goal. All it does is assure that the programs are not done because there is no money for them. I realize that we are essentially requesting that the Commission pre-approve these programs by allowing the associated expense to be recovered in rates. But the utility does not have much choice. These programs are expenses; they are

1		not investments which the utility can pre-fund,
2		accrue AFUDC for, and recover the total cost of, in
3		future rates. There is no mechanism to
4		retroactively recover expenses. If they are not
5		included in this case, they will either not be
6		incurred or will be incurred by the utility without
7		compensation.
8		
9	Q.	At page 36 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes
10		makes a similar argument for disallowing the cost
11		of the testing program. Are your comments the same
12		as for the distribution system cleaning program?
13	A.	Yes.
14		
15	Q.	With regard to the testing program, Ms. Dismukes
16		points out that the cost estimate included some
17		triennial testing costs on an annual basis, and an
18		adjustment should be made to correct this. Do you
19		agree?
20	A.	Yes. Her observation is correct. Some triennial
21		testing requirements were inadvertently costed or
22		an annual basis. Her proposed adjustment is proper.
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1 DISMUKES - INSURANCE EXPENSE

- Q. At page 36 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes
 has recommended all proforma expense for insurance
 be disallowed because SGI got only one bid and
 because it has not maintained any insurance since
 the last case. Do you agree that this expense
 should be disallowed?
- The fact that SGI has not been carrying 8 Α. insurance does not mean that it should not be 9 carrying it. It has been fortunate for company and 10 11 customer alike that there have been no liability claims or property losses. SGI needs insurance. It 12 should be required to carry it. Admittedly, the 13 14 company got only one bid and that was fairly generic. But the company has now pursued a full 15 insurance package from a reputable agent, familiar 16 17 with the specific needs of water utilities. SGI has contracted for that package and paid the initial 18 Mr. Brown has addressed that in his 19 premium. rebuttal testimony. The cost of that insurance 20 21 package should be included in this case.

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DISMUKES - TRANSPORTATION ALLOWANCES

24 Q. At page 37 and Schedule 13 of her prefiled 25 testimony, Ms. Dismukes reduces the requested transportation allowance from \$15,600 to only \$3,900. Do you agree with that adjustment?

is totally unrealistic. That allowance No. Α. Apparently, Ms. Dismukes is so upset because employees have not been keeping mileage records, that she has lost all perspective. In the last rate case, with a 1987 test year, the company owned its vehicles and did not have a Tallahassee office. Yet the allowed transportation expense was \$7,800. the carrying costs of the vehicles on the book in that year are included, the allowed transportation cost to the utility was \$10,300. Ms. Dismukes would only allow one-third of that.

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sgI no longer owns any vehicles. It depends on its employees to provide their vehicles, even in the field. This puts a burden on the employees but saves the company the initial investment in transportation equipment and the costs associated with operating and insuring the equipment. The transportation allowance is intended to compensate employees for the burden they incur in using their own vehicles. In the MFR, I outlined the monthly allowances being paid by SGI and tested those allowances based on equivalent mileage. From my

observation of the activities of employees, the allowances, overall, seemed reasonable. However, the only test of whether is not transportation allowance is reasonable. A more direct test is to measure the allowance against the costs the utility would incur if it owned its own vehicles instead of paying an allowance. As a minimum, SGI would need two trucks in the field and one administrative vehicle. On Schedule 1 of my 29, Exhibit I have estimated, conservatively, the cost the company would incur to own and operate its own vehicles. Based on Ms. Dismukes's concerns regarding the mileage used for the allowance, I cut the estimated mileage back considerably for the equivalent mileage associated with the allowances. Even with that capitulation, and with only the most minimum maintenance, the cost to the company would be about \$18,100, or about \$2,500 more than the amount requested. Also note, that on Schedule 1 of Exhibit 29, I have detailed the components of the \$10,316 Commission allowed for transportation costs in the 1987 test year.

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As I said, Schedule 1 of Exhibit 29 is the 1 2 minimum cost the company would incur if it owned its own vehicles instead of paying a transportation 3 allowance. If it owned the vehicles, it have to pay 4 5 for any maintenance over and above oil change and minor repairs. Under the allowance alternative, 6 that is the employee's responsibility. 7 Also, if the company owned the vehicles and only had one 8 9 administrative vehicle available, it would probably 10 still end up paying some mileage expenses for 11 employees, as only one employee could be using the vehicle at a time. 12

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Clearly the Commission should allow the requested transportation allowance.

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DISMUKES - MISC. EXPENSES

- 18 Beginning at page 41 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Q. 19 suggests several adjustments 20 miscellaneous expenses. Would you please address those suggestions? 21
- 22 Α. Her first suggested adjustment is to disallow any 23 expense for a cellular phone for Mr. Brown because 24 it is not necessary for him "to function in a 25 (sic) effective and efficient manner." And.

necessary or not, it should be paid for by Armada I don't know the basis for Ms. Bay Company. Dismukes's conclusion that the use of a cellular improve efficiency and not phone does must effectiveness, but I disagree. Ι have personally discussed utility business several times with Mr. Brown via his cellular phone. I found that to be effective and an efficient use of time. I have ridden with him when it was advantageous for him to make utility related calls from the car and to receive utility related messages which he was able to return in a timely manner. On the basis of effectiveness and efficiency, I believe the need for the cellular phone is well supported. Whether the cost for utility related costs should be paid for by SGI or be included in the management fee is debatable. Personally, I do not believe that the management fee was meant to, or should, include this expense. The level of the management fee, as previously discussed, is equivalent to a manager's salary. Only 50% of the phone expense has been allocated to the utility. I think that is too small allocation, it has been pretty well an as established that Mr. Brown now spends nearly all of his time managing the utility.

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Next Ms. Dismukes disallows the annual report fee for the general partner, Leisure Properties, LTD because she doesn't see where the organizational structure benefits the customer. I am not sure what that means. In each rate case, are we now going to evaluate whether the customer is best served by a utility that is organized as a partnership or a "C" corporation or a sub "S" corporation and then make a determination as to whether the expense for filing annual reports with the state should be allowed? What are the criteria? There are certainly no statutory limitations. I would think that Ms. Dismukes would find the \$576.00 fee a good trade off against the 34% income tax that would be passed on the customers if SGI was organized as a "C" corporation.

Next, Ms. Dismukes has adjusted miscellaneous expense by the amount of \$3,544 for a mix of expenses that the PSC staff identified in its audit as being non-recurring, non-utility or non-supported. In its response to the Staff audit, SGI did not take issue with the adjustment. It will not take issue with it here.

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Finally, Ms. Dismukes has suggested that a non-recurring telephone installation charge be amortized and that charges related to the law office telephone be disallowed. We will not take issue with those adjustments, even though the law office telephone line has probably been used more for utility business than law business in the past couple of years.

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DISMUKES - AMORTIZED EXPENSES

12 Q. Beginning at page 43 of her prefiled testimony, Ms.

13 Dismukes discusses proposed proforma adjustments

14 for various studies being performed by or about to

15 be performed by SGI. Do you have any remarks on her

16 comments?

17 A. No. Mr. Brown will address the comments in this
18 area.

19

20 <u>DISMUKES - UNACCOUNTED FOR WATER</u>

- Q. At page 47 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes
 discusses an adjustment for unaccounted for water.
- Do you agree with her adjustment?
- A. No. I don't agree with her adjustment or with her understanding of the measurement of unaccounted for

water or of her understanding of Commission policy with regard to unaccounted for water.

First Ms. Dismukes makes a statement that it is her understanding that the Commission usually finds that unaccounted for water in excess of 10% is unacceptable. That is simply not true. In fact, the Commission stated its policy in Order No. 21122, the rate order for this utility's last rate case, as follows: "However, our past decisions in previous cases indicate that a fair average for unaccounted for water might range from 10-20 percent." The Commission then allowed a level of 15% unaccounted for water for this utility.

Ms. Dismukes then takes out of context, a single month water audit performed for SGI, to establish the average annual unaccounted for water level for SGI as only 2%. This water audit performed in August, 1993 for SGI by the Florida Rural Water Association (FRWA), was referred to by Mr. Brown in a response to a Staff Interrogatory as king why SGI had an unaccounted for water level of 15% for the 1992 test year. That audit showed a corrected, unaccounted for water level of only 2% for the

month of July, 1993. Ms. Dismukes apparently chose to assume that the <u>average annual</u> unaccounted for water level for SGI was also 2%. That assumption is incorrect. It was also incorrect to assume that the FRWA format for determining unaccounted for water is compatible with the format used the Commission to evaluate average annual unaccounted for water.

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Commission the average annual The looks at unaccounted water level rather than the level for any single month. One primary reason is that customer billing periods don't coincide monthly pumping periods. This tends to distort single month readings causing some to be either high or sometimes negative. Although the test year average annual unaccounted was 15%, some months were as low as 2% or as high as 42% The annual average tends to even out monthly disparities.

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As I previously indicated the FRWA method of auditing water loss is not compatible with the Commission reporting method. The format used by the Association includes corrections for errors in flow and customer meters. The Commission format does not consider those corrections or errors. This can

1		make a difference of about 4% when compared to
2		calculations using the Commission format.
3		
4	Q.	Do you know what the annual unaccounted for water
5		level is for SGI in 1993 as compared to the 1992
6		test year?
7	A.	Yes. It is 9.54%
8		
9	Q.	Should any adjustment be made to chemical and
10		electric expense because unaccounted for water is
11		less in 1993 than in 1992?
12	A.	No. As long as the loss stays in the 10-20% range,
13		no adjustments should be made. An adjustment is
14		necessary only if the test year losses were
15		determined to be excessive.
16		
17		DISMUKES - RATE CASE EXPENSE
18	Q.	Beginning at page 49 of her prefiled testimony, Ms.
19		Dismukes discusses proposed adjustments to
20		estimated rate case expense. Do you agree with her
21		proposed adjustments?
22	A.	No.

1	Q.	Ms. Dismukes proposes that recovery of the
2		consulting fee for your firm be limited to \$25,000
3		rather than \$50,000. Do you agree?
4	A.	No. There is no valid basis to limit the fees of my
5		firm to anything other than what the actual cost
6		is. Schedule B-10 of the MFR shows my estimate of
7		fees to be \$50,000. Ms. Dismukes compares this to
8		my estimate of costs in the dismissed Docket No.
9		930770-WU, which was \$25,000 and concludes that we
10		should be held to the first estimate and alleges
11		that their have been no unusual circumstances
12		warranting the change.
13		
14		First, the Commission does not authorize recovery
15		simply on the basis of the estimate of cost. It
16		bases recovery on the actual costs reasonably
17		incurred to the hearing plus an estimate of
18		reasonable hearing and post hearing costs.
19		
20		Secondly, I revised the estimate of my fees
21		because, based on the intensity of the audit and
22		discovery phase of the dismissed case, it was

evident that the case was becoming significantly

more complex and would require more of my time. My

estimate in Docket No. 930770-WU reflected my

expectations of that case at the time of filing of that case. And my estimate in Docket No. 940109-WU reflected my expectations of the case at the time of the filing of this case. These were separate dockets. The second docket is in evidence; the first is not.

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Q. Given that observation, will you please explain the basis for your estimate in dismissed Docket No. 930770-WU?

When I first contracted for this assignment, the A. intent was to keep my participation at a minimum in order to put as little strain as possible on SGI's cash flow. I therefore anticipated that preparing the MFR and direct testimony would represent the bulk of my participation. Therefore my original estimate left little room for hearing and posthearing activities. Rate base had been established in the last case. Additions to plant since the last case were fairly well documented. Very adjustments were made to the book numbers. I had expected that the only real issues would be the proforma adjustments to expenses. In preparing the MFR's I was able to utilize a substantial amount of work already done, but I also took the time necessary to feel knowledgeable about the utility,

its operations and books. The initial MFR was

prepared quickly and economically.

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5 Q. What caused you to increase your estimate for
6 Docket No. 940109-WU?

7 A. During the audit and discovery phase of Docket No. 930770-WU, it became evident that both the 8 Commission staff and the OPC were dedicating 9 10 enormous blocks of time to reviewing even the smallest expenditures of this utility. Apparently, 11 because of the controversy surrounding this utility 12 13 since the last case, the parties were exercising 14 extreme caution and making sure there were no 15 surprises. Ιt became apparent to that me 16 substantially more time was going to be necessary on my part, to prepare rebuttal and to work with 17 SGI in helping them prepare for the hearing. 18 19 therefore revised my estimate 20 conservatively reflect this increased 21 participation.

22

1	Q.	Ms. Dismukes states that she believes the utility
2		should have obtained a firm bid. Would you have
3		provide a firm bid for a rate case?
4	A.	No. And I don't know of any other consultant that
5		would work under a firm bid for an applicant in a
6		matter requiring litigation before this Commission
7		and in which the OPC is an intervenor.
8		
9	Q.	Why would you not work under a firm bid in a case
10		being litigated?
11	A.	Because the applicant has no control over the
12		circumstances that cause costs to increase. A firm
13		bid may be workable with regard to preparing the
14		MFR and direct testimony. But that is all. The
15		costs for the rest of the case are controlled by
16		intervenors. The applicant cannot control the
17		amount and intensity of discovery, the depth of
18		intervenor testimony or the need for rebuttal.
19		These are all factors requiring a response.
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- Q. Ms. Dismukes says that the failure of a utility to obtain firm bids does nothing to encourage consultants to hold down their fees. Is that correct?
- No. It sounds as if Ms. Dismukes assumes that 5 A. clients give their consultants a free reign to just run up costs. Maybe that is how she operated when 7 she was a consultant. That is not what I do. I am 8 very conscious of the client's costs and make every 9 effort to keep them down. In this particular case, 10 I have kept travel to a minimum, and where travel 11 is necessary I have tried to time it to coincide 12 with other work so costs can be shared. I am well 13 aware of my client's ability to pay, or lack 14 thereof. But there is only so much you can do, 15 without jeopardizing the client's rights. 16

- Q. At page 52 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes
 recommends that 3/4th/s of the fees for Rhema
 Business Services be disallowed because they are
 duplicative. Do you agree?
- A. No. Ms. Dismukes estimates that 75% of the Rhema
 fees were duplicative. I estimate that 25% were
 duplicative or not pertinent. My estimate is based
 on an examination of the bills. I include \$14,402

of Rhema's fees in this case. That is the portion 1 that is pertinent and not duplicative. I have prepared Schedule 2 of Exhibit 2q, which includes a summary of the Rhema charges included in this case, which were incurred prior to filing, and copies of Rhema's bills with the charges related to the rate case and/or included in this case, separately identified.

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At page 53 of her prefiled testimony, in support of 10 Q. her charge of duplicated work, Ms. Dismukes says 11 you obtained an electronic version of Rhema's MFR 12 but did not use it because you preferred your own 13 14 format and style. Is she correct?

> I did obtain a diskette with the MFR Α. Yes. schedules. The diskette had been prepared by Rhema for a 9/30/92 test period. It had been updated by SGI through 12/31/92. She is also correct in that I chose not to use it, or at least not to use portions of it. But it was not just because I preferred my own style. I told OPC that I did not use some of the schedules because they were not interactive. My format is set up for interactive schedules.

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- Q. What do you mean by interactive and why does it matter?
- Many of the MFR schedules are interdependent. A A. 3 change made in one schedule will effect numbers in 4 several other schedules. For example, if you 5 change the dollar amount of a plant item in a Plant 6 in Service schedule, it effects the rate base 7 summary, depreciation expense, accumulated 8 depreciation, used and useful, return and capital 9 reconciliation, taxes, net income, the revenue 10 requirement and the rate design. If the MFR 11 spreadsheet is designed to tie all of these 12 schedules together electronically, then any change 13 in one schedules flows through to the others. 14 Therefore, additions, changes and corrections can 15 be made without a large investment in time. 16 many changes may be made before the final MFR is 17 prepared. If the schedules are not interactive, 18 then calculations between schedules must be done 19 separately each time a change is made. This is time 20 consuming and prone to error. The diskette 21 provided to me used the schedule format created by 22 the PSC but the schedules were not tied together. 23 24 It was basically useless. The minimal time I spent copying numbers to my format paid for itself ten 25

times over compared to having used the original format and calculating the change in each schedule every time a change was made in one schedule. That truly would have been a waste of time and money.

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6 Q. Did you have to copy the numbers for every
7 schedule?

A. No. Only for the interactive schedules. The historic schedules, such as those listing plant additions since the last case, were used as is, as were some of the capital, engineering and rate schedules. I made good use of the work previously done by Rhema and updated by SGI.

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- Q. Was there any duplication in your work in going from the dismissed docket to the present one.
- There was some. After all both the dismissed docket 17 Α. and the present one had the same test year. The 18 primary work that was done for this case was to 19 update the proforma expenses to reflect all of the 20 costs necessary to provide service to current 21 customers. Other than that, a few corrections 22 resulting from the original audit were made. Also, 23 the direct testimony had to be expanded. My total 24 make all of those changes was \$5,329. 25 cost to

Probably no more than 40% of that cost was related to chores that I would consider duplicative.

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- Q. At page 55 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes states that some of the legal services for this case provided by Mr. Brown should be disallowed. It should be considered as part of the expertise that he brings to the utility as a manager/owner. Do you agree?
- No. Ms. Dismukes' proposal implies that an owner 10 Α. should be willing to work for nothing or below 11 market. But why? An owner brings capital. He is 12 compensated through return on that capital. If he 13 also brings time and expertise, but is not 14 compensated, the effective rate of return on 15 capital is reduced by the loss of pay for services. 16 Perhaps what Ms. Dismukes says would make sense in 17 market where there is 18 non-regulated an opportunity to earn a higher rate of return that 19 substitutes for compensation for lost pay. But no 20 21 such opportunity exists here. If an owner performs a service that would have had to have been 22 performed by someone else, he is entitled to 23 24 equivalent pay.

Τ	Q.	Have you prepared an exhibit of the goodar rate
2		case expenses incurred to date?
3	A.	Yes. Schedule 3 of Exhibit 29 includes a summary
4		sheet and copies of all invoices available through
5		the date I prepared this rebuttal testimony. The
6		expenses incurred to date are \$ 83,575. An update
7		of actual expenses and an estimate of expenses
8		remaining through the conclusion of this case will
9		be provided at the hearing.
10		
11		DISMUKES - GENERATOR REPAIR
12	Q.	Next, at page 56, Ms. Dismukes recommends
13		disallowing a generator repair cost because the
14		generator was replaced. Do you agree with that
15		adjustment?
16	A	No. The repair had nothing to do with the
17		replacement of the generator. The generator was
18		replaced because it was struck by lightning. The
19		repair had nothing to do with the lightning damage.
20		It was a normal repair, the type of which can be
21		expected to recur, regardless of whether the
22		generator is new.
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1		DISMUKES - ORIGINAL COST
2	Q.	Beginning at page 56 of her prefiled testimony, Ms.
3		Dismukes addresses the issue of the original cost
4		of the water system as determined in Docket No.
5		871177-WU. Are you familiar with the premise for
6		her position?
7	A.	Yes. She points out the Commission determined the
8		original cost of the system as of December 31
9		1987, based on an original cost study, because or
10		the lack of detailed records. She also points out
11		that the Commission left the door open to
12		reconsider its conclusions. The Commission, in
13		Order No. 21122 stated, "Further, if at any time in
14		the future, evidence is produced which reflects
15		that our analysis of SGI's investment is incorrect,
16		we may, of course, readdress the issue of SGI's
17		level of investment."
18		
19	Q.	Does Ms. Dismukes claim to have evidence to support
20		a lower investment in rate base than that
21		previously determined by the Commission?
22	A.	Yes, she does.
23	Q.	Have you reviewed the "evidence" to which she
24		refers?

A.

Yes, I have.

1 Q. Would you please comment on that "evidence"?

Yes. Ms. Dismukes reviewed several documents which 2 A. she claims indicate that the cost of the water 3 system is less than previously determined. She has 4 examined a 1979 financial statement of Leisure 5 which LTD, the entity from Properties. 6 She also examined purchased the system. 7 Barbara Withers, including affidavit of Ms. 8 from Docket No. 871177-WU. That attachments, 9 affidavit was a reaffirmation of the testimony she 10 had given in the hearing and a reconciliation of 11 the financial statements and federal tax returns of 12 SGI and Leisure Properties. Ms. Dismukes also 13 examined an engineers appraisal of the water system 14 as July, 1978, prepared by William Bishop, P.E. 15

- 17 Q. Is the first document, the Leisure Properties 1979
 18 financial statement a new source which the
 19 commission has never considered?
- No. OPC requested the Commission take judicial 2.0 A. notice of that statement and of related income tax 21 Docket No. 871177-WU. The Commission returns in 22 acted upon OPC's motion and took administrative 23 24 notice of the documents. In so doing, Commission specifically stated that "administrative 25

notice does not include recognition of the truth of
the statements in the copies of the 1979 Federal
Income Tax Return and Financial Statements of the
Leisure Properties, LTD."

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Q. Ms. Dismukes is asking the Commission to accept certain numbers from that financial statement as a basis for part of the original cost of the water plant. Should the Commission accept those numbers?

A. No. The Commission should reaffirm its decision not to rely on numbers from this statement, as it has not recognized the truth of the financial statement.

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Q. So this is not new evidence?

No. In its Motion for Reconsideration, filed May 9, Α. 16 1989, in Docket No. 871177-WU, OPC appealed to the 17 Commission to accept numbers from this very same 18 Leisure Properties financial statement as a basis 19 for the cost of the water system. The Commission, 20 in Order No. 21741 reaffirmed its opinion from 21 Order No. 20913 that administrative notice "does 22 not include recognition of the truth of the 23 The Commission then stated that the statements." 24 25 truth of the statements cannot be relied on to support OPC's position. Nothing has changed. OPC
is just making the same argument to a different
panel of commissioners.

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- Q. Does the second document, the affidavit of Ms.

 Withers, provide any information not formerly

 considered by the Commission?
- No. The second document is an affidavit of 8 A. Barbara Withers, an accounting witness for SGI, 9 given after the close of the hearings in the last 10 case. During the hearing, Ms. Withers provided a 11 reconciliation of the financial statements and tax 12 returns of SGI. After the hearing, OPC presented 13 Ms. Withers with copies of the financial statements 14 and tax returns of Leisure Properties. These are 15 the same documents for which judicial notice was 16 17 sought and administrative notice granted. Withers' affidavit reconciled the tax returns of 18 SGI and Leisure Properties for the purposes of 19 affirming that the cost of the water system was not 20 written off for tax purposes. All of the numbers 21 used by Ms. Withers in her affidavit were either 22 made part of the record during the hearing or were 23 administratively noticed, but not recognized as 24 true statements. Again, Ms. Dismukes is rearguing 25

the very same facts and information that the Commission considered in Docket No. 871177-WU.

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Q. Does Ms. Dismukes's argument have merit?

No. Ms. Dismukes is arguing that numbers from a Α. 5 by statement, unsupported financial 6 records, be allowed as the basis for original cost. 7 Not only that, she is arguing that numbers from a 8 financial statement of an entity other than the 9 utility be accepted as the basis for part of the 10 original cost of the plant of the utility. In 11 Docket No. 871177-WU, the Commission would not 12 accept the utility's book plant balance without 13 detailed support. Why should it accept the book 14 balance of a different entity without support? SGI 15 would have been willing, and is still willing, to 16 accept the book balance on SGI's books at December 17 31, 1987, of \$2,820,891. In fact, that is what Ms. 18 Withers' affidavit supports. But Ms. Dismukes very 19 cleverly "lifts" one number from Ms. Withers' 20 affidavit, takes it out of context, as pointed out 21 by Ms. Withers in her rebuttal testimony, and 22 attaches it to another unsupported number from the 23 financial statement of a totally different entity. 24

She then tries to sell the Commission on the 1 proposition that 2 + 2 = 3. 2 3 If the Commission accepts Ms. Dismukes' premise 4 Q. that when underlying documents are not available, 5 rely on contemporaneous. financial should 6 statements, do you have any suggestions as to how 7 the Commission should implement that policy? 8 Yes. First it should increase the plant in service 9 Α. at 1987 from the \$2.2 million allowed in Docket No. 10 871177-WU, to \$2.8 million, the book value on SGI's 11 by Ms. Withers. books which were reconciled 12 Second, it should recognize as plant in service in 13 the test year, all of the amounts which the Staff 14 Audit Report claims to be unsupported by detailed 15 checks or invoices. These amounts are included on 16 the contemporaneous books of the utility. 17 18 What is the third document introduced by Ms. 19 Q. Dismukes? 20 The third document is an engineering appraisal of Α. 21 the replacement cost of the water system, as of 22 July, 1978. It was prepared by firm of William M. 23

Bishop, Consulting Engineers, Inc. for Leisure

Properties, LTD a year and a half before the

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1		utility assets were sold to St. George Island
2		Utility Company, LTD.
3		
4	Q.	Has this appraisal been presented as evidence in
5		any other proceeding?
6	A.	No. It has not.
7		
8	Q.	Has Mr. Bishop, or any member of his firm sponsored
9		this appraisal in this proceeding or any other
10		proceeding?
11	A.	No. The only entry of this document into the record
12		of any formal proceeding is as an exhibit of Ms.
13		Dismukes.
14		
15	Q.	What is the significance of this appraisal?
16	A.	It doesn't have any. As I pointed out, it was
17		prepared for Leisure Properties, LTD. It was
18		prepared a year and a half before the utility was
19		sold. It has never been subjected to cross
20		examination. The first valuation against which it
21		can be checked was that performed at the time of
22		sale, a year and a half later. According to the
23		IRS, the depreciable tax basis at that time, as
24		confirmed by Ms. Withers, was \$2.2 million.

<u> DISMUKES -</u>	-	RATE	BASE	GROWTH	<u>ADJUSTMENTS</u>
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At page 66 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes 2 Q. recommends some adjustments to rate base to change 3 the 1992 test year to a 1993 test year. Do you 4 agree that the rate base should be adjusted for 5 6

that reason?

7 No. I previously discussed this matter at page 17 A. of my rebuttal testimony in response to Ms. 8 Dismukes' proposal to adjust test year revenues and 9 expense to 1993 levels. This case was filed with a 10 1992 test year. The Commission approved a 1992 test 11 year. OPC is ignoring that fact and is proposing a 12 1993 test year. As previously stated, changing the 13 test year in the middle of a proceeding is a 14 procedure that would never be allowed if proposed 15 by the applicant. It should not be allowed when 16 proposed by OPC. 17

- Ms. Dismukes recommends \$10,875 associated with a 19 Q. future storage tank be removed from plant in 20 21 service. Do you agree?
- Yes. As Ms. Dismukes indicated this amount has 22 Α. already be moved to CWIP. PSC Staff made this 23 24 recommendation in Exception No. 12 of the Staff audit and we did not take exception to it. 25

1	Q.	Ms. Dismukes recommends adjusting accumulated
2		depreciation to reflect the Commission depreciation
3		rates. Do you agree?
4	A.	Yes. As pointed out in Exception No. 15 of the PSC
5		Staff audit, in the last case the Commission
6		approved the use of guideline depreciation rates
7		for a Class B utility. We take no exception to
8		adjusting accumulated depreciation to reflect those
9		rates.
10		
11		It should be noted that neither of these
12		adjustments have anything to do with shifting test
13		years. They are corrections to the 1992 test year.
14		
15	Q.	Ms. Dismukes proposed to include 1993 CIAC
16		additions do you agree?
17	A.	No. For reasons previously discussed, I do not
18		agree to any adjustments to change test years. 1993
19		CIAC additions should not be recognized in 1992.
20		
21		DISMUKES - CIAC ADJUSTMENTS
22	Q.	At page 69 of her prefiled testimony, Ms. Dismukes
23		proposes that \$65,000 received by Mr. Brown and
2.4		effiliates other than the utility and advanced to

SGI for construction purposes, be considered as 1 CIAC. Do you agree with that proposal? 2 Definitely not. Ms. Dismukes' interpretation of a 3 A. law suit settlement agreement that resulted in the 4 availability of those funds is just wrong. 5 disagrees that the \$65,000 advanced under the 6 referenced agreement can in any way be construed as 7 a contribution to the utility. 8 9 In her prefiled testimony at page 68, Ms. Dismukes 10 quotes part of Paragraph 6 of the settlement 11 12 agreement. Paragraph 6 in its entirety, states: 13 6. The Association will 14 pay Brown 15 affiliates the sum of \$100,000.00 as follows: \$20,000 upon the closing of this agreement; 16 \$10,000 on November 1, 1992; \$10,000 on 17 18 December 1, 1992; \$10,000 on January 1, 1993; \$20,000 on March 1, 1993; \$5,000 on April 1, 19 20 1993; \$5,000 on May 1, 1993; \$5,000 on June 1, 1993; \$5,000 on July 1, 1993; \$5,000 on August 21 22 1, 1993; and \$5,000 on September 1, 1993. 23 These funds will be used as follows: 24 \$35,000 will be paid to Stanley Bruce Powell

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for his legal fee in representing Brown and

affiliates in the above referenced litigation; and (b) \$65,000 will be advanced to the St. George Island Utility Company, Ltd. to be used strictly for capital improvements to enhance and increase the flow and pressure of the St. George Island water system, including the installation of a new altitude valve and high speed turbine pump pursuant to the recommendations of Baskerville-Donovan, the utility's engineers.

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Reading the paragraphs referenced by Ms. Dismukes, in the context of the entire Agreement, it is clear that the Agreement intends the \$65,000 to be contributed by Brown and advanced and not Affiliates to the utility so that it may move forward with capital improvements alleviate flow and pressure problems. There is no implication that the money be given to SGI. Certainly, if the intention was to give money to the utility, the agreement would have said \$65,000 will be "given" or "donated" or "contributed". The parties to this agreement had knowledge of the terms available for their use in formulating the agreement. Further, Mr. Brown, a signatory of the

1	referenced Agreement avers that the intent of the
2	Agreement was for Brown and Affiliates to advance
3	and not donate funds to the utility, so that it
4	could move forward with capital improvements. By
5	any stretch of the imagination, an advance is not
6	a contribution.
7	
8	Both the common and legal definitions of the term
9	"advance" support SGI's contention that an advance
10	is not a contribution. Please note the following
11	definitions:
12	
13	advance - to furnish or supply (money or goods) on
14	credit. a sum of money or quantity of
15	goods furnished on credit. The Random
16	House Dictionary of the English Language,
17	College Edition, 1968.
18	
19	advance - to loan; to furnish capital in aid of a
20	projected enterprise, in expectation of
21	return from it; to furnish money for a
22	specific purpose understood between the
23	parties, the money or sum equivalent to
24	be returned; furnishing money or goods
25	for others in expectation of

for

1	reimbursement. Black's Law Dictionary,
2	Revised Fourth Edition, 1968.
3	·
4	advances for construction - This account shall
5	include advances by or in behalf of
6	customers for construction which are to be
7	refunded either wholly or in part. 1984
8	Uniform System of Accounts for Class
9	B Water Utilities.
10	
11	It should also be noted that the flow of funds
12	outlined in the Agreement would result in no more
13	than \$5,000 being available during the 1992 test
14	period. That is because only \$40,000 was to be
15	received by the end of 1992, and of that amount,
16	the first \$35,000 appears committed to payment of
17	Stanley Bruce Powell. According to the Agreement,
18	the utility did not have access to the full \$65,000
19	advance until September 1, 1993. Based on the flow
20	of funds outlined in the Agreement, and recognizing
21	that we are using a beginning/ending balance
22	average test year, the impact would be to reduce
23	the 1992 test year rate base by \$2,500 if the funds

now shown as part of loans from G. Brown are

separated out and treated as a repayable noninterest bearing advance.

3

- Q. Ms. Dismukes proposes a \$44,440 adjustment to CIAC for fees received in 1991 but not booked until 1993. Do you agree with that adjustment?
- A. Yes. That is a proper adjustment. That CIAC should be reflected for the full 12 months of the test year.

- 11 Q. Do you have any further comments regarding the 12 direct testimony of Ms. Dismukes?
- Yes. I have a comment regarding an error in her 13 Α. Schedule 27, which is a summary of her adjustments 14 and the impact on revenue requirements. In the OPC 15 Adjustment Column she shows an adjustment 16 Operation & Maintenance Expense of \$238,440. 17 her Schedule 25 she details the components of the 18 adjustments to expense. The total of adjustments 19 related only to O&M is \$210,695. The difference 20 between the amounts on Schedules 25 and 27 21 \$27,745 which, as shown on Schedule 27, is the 22 amount of her adjustment to amortization 23 24 extended studies and maintenance projects. adjustment for amortization has been double counted 25

and her adjustments to O&M are therefore overstated by \$27,745.

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Finally, I have a general comment regarding the her overall approach to adjusting the expenses for this utility that shows a lack of sensitivity to the real world situation. SGI came out of its last rate case severely reprimanded with regard to the status of construction, the status of maintenance, the status of record keeping and reporting. The Commission and FDEP mandated a flushing program, a detection program, specific maintenance programs, a cross connect control program and additional testing. There was recognition at that time that management and staffing was inadequate in substantially quantity and quality. SGI has complied with these mandates, but as the Commission knows, it has taken a long time to do it. The reason is very simply that the staffing and funds necessary to accomplish this is in a timely manner have not been available. If one examines the change in expenses from 1987 to the test year, they will see that unadjusted expenses increased 124% since 1987. This compares to an increase in the combined customer - CPI index of 123% for the same period.

In other words, SGI has maintained the status quo since 1987. And the status quo was and is inadequate. The status quo means SGI will continue to be inadequately staffed and inadequately funded and will most likely continue to have a borderline operation. The proforma level of expenses, if granted, will allow SGI to climb out of a hole, hire and retain a competent staff, and initiate maintenance programs as needed rather than in response to citations. The percent increase of the requested expenses is high compared to the 1987 level, but it are necessary if the utility is to operate better than it did in 1987.

What has this to do with the OPC adjustments? OPC has recommended O&M expenses for a 1993 growth adjusted test year, of \$300,328. This is only 139% higher than the 1987 level of expenses and compares to a 141% increase in the combined customer - CPI index between 1993 and 1987. So, in addition to ignoring SGI's plea to dig itself out of a hole, OPC's recommended level of expenses do not even allow SGI to keep up with the status quo. OPC has expressed several times in its testimony, its concern that SGI will fail to perform. The level of

1		expenses it has recommended will result in a self
2		fulfilling prophecy.
3		
4		GAFFNEY - STAFF AUDIT
5	Q.	I would now like you to direct your attention to
6		the prefiled testimony of the Commission staff
7		witness Nancy Gaffney. Have you reviewed her
8		testimony?
9	A.	Yes I have.
10		
11	Q.	Do you have any comments regarding Ms. Gaffney's
12		testimony?
13	A.	Yes. Miss Gaffney's testimony sponsors the staff
14		audit report. However, I believe the report she has
15		attached to her testimony is incomplete.
16		
17	Q.	Why is that?
18	A.	The report does not contain the timely filed
19		response of the utility. When the staff completes
20		an audit report, the utility is formally notified.
21		Commission procedure is for the Division of Records
22		and Reporting to forward the report to the utility
23		for comment. The utility is told that any responses
24		filed with the office of Records and Reporting will
25		be forwarded to the staff analyst for consideration

I consider the utility's response to be an integral part of the audit report. I have therefore included a copy of the utility response to the audit as Schedule 5 of Exhibit 29. The response speaks for itself.

SGI responded to all of the audit exceptions. In many cases it agreed with the exceptions. But more importantly, it provides a positive response to many of the exceptions that Ms. Gaffney has summarized in her testimony. Our response includes copies of supporting documents for many of the instances which Ms. Gaffney says support was not available. Our response includes rebuttal to the allegations regarding the condition and maintenance of records.

The staff spent an extraordinary amount of time compiling this audit. The exceptions it complied significant and warrant a review of the utility's response.

5

- Q. You stated that the staff spent an extraordinary
 amount of time compiling its audit. How much time
 did it spend?
- According to its time records, over 1200 hours. 9 A. That equates to over seven months at 40 hours per 10 week. And I would guess that additional time was 11 spent that may not have been recorded. During all 12 of that time, SGI staff had to be available to 13 responses to staff information and provide 14 inquiries, to provide information and responses to 15 OPC personnel who were auditing at the same time, 16 and to carry out the day to day business of the 17 utility, as well as reasonably possible under the 18 circumstances. I know that the staff of 19 sometimes spent nights and weekends compiling 20 information for staff so that it could carry on 21 normal business during the day. 22

23

1	Q.	I note that Ms. Gaffney commented several times
2		about the lack of support for plant on the
3		utility's books. Just how much "lack of support"
4		was there?
5	A.	Not a great deal. The staff audited 100% of plant
6		additions since 1987, the test year for the last
7		case. SGI books show approximately \$592,000 in
8		plant additions, including proforma plant, during
9		that period. The Staff audit shows that some, but
10		not all of the documentation was lacking on about

not all, of the documentation was lacking on about
11 13% of plant additions, or about \$75,000. In SGI's
12 response to the audit report, it provides support
13 for all but \$13,000. Despite all of the allegations

about SGI's poor record keeping, it has documented

15 98% of its plant additions.

16

Q. What about test year expenses? Did the staff find much wrong with those?

19 A. No. SGI had \$280,000 in per book O&M expenses. The audit report proposes adjustments of \$14,000 or 5%.

Most of these are for lack of adequate support or

22 because they are non-recurring.

1	Q.	Do you have any other specific comments that are
2		not covered in Schedule 5 of Exhibit $\underline{19}$, SGI's
3		response to the audit report?
4	A.	I think it is noteworthy that at page 7 of her
5		prefiled testimony, Ms Gaffney says that SGI is in
6		violation of the Limited Partnership Agreement
7		because it does not have insurance, Ms. Dismukes at
8		page 37 of her prefiled testimony, recommends
9		disallowing all proforma insurance expense.
10		
11	Q.	I note that you are sponsoring SGI's response to
12		the Staff audit. Are you the author of all of the
13		responses?
14	A.	No. The responses were prepared by me, Mr. Brown,
15		Ms. Drawdy and Ms. Withers. All are witnesses in
16		this case, are co-sponsors of Schedule 5 of Exhibit
17		29, and are available to answer questions.
18		
19		ABBOTT - CONTRIBUTIONS FOR HYDRANT ADDITIONS
20	Q.	Please turn now to the testimony of staff witness
21		Abbott. At page 3 of his prefiled testimony, Mr.
22		Abbott provides support for all of the
23		contributions made to SGI for hydrant additions
24		requested by the St. George Island Volunteer Fire

Department (SGIVFD). Do you take issue with that accounting?

in agreement with Mr. Abbott's 3 Α. We are accounting for contributions from 1988 forward. And we do not dispute the contributions paid in 1986 5 and 1987. Based on the information obtained by SGI, 6 staff auditors and Mr. Abbott, we recognize 7 contributions which should \$29,758.59 in 8 reflected as CIAC. 9

10

11

Q. Do you propose any other adjustments?

Yes. These contributions, when collected, were 12 Α. recorded as misc. and the cost revenue 13 installing the hydrants was expensed. If these 14 contributions are to be recorded as CIAC, then 15 16 offsetting adjustments must be made to plant in 17 service, otherwise rate base will be understated. 18 I have determined that an adjustment of \$13,423.00 should be made to plant to recognize hydrant 19 additions for which contributions have 20 received, but for which plant was not debited. This 21 22 takes into consideration the facts that (1) 23 hydrants installed prior to 1988 are already recorded as plant via the original cost study; (2) 24

and only \$2,400 in hydrant additions are reflected on the books since 1987.

ABBOTT - FIRE FLOWS

5 Q. At page 5 of his prefiled testimony, Mr. Abbott
6 states that 1000 gpm of fire flow, on a continuous
7 basis, would be necessary in order to achieve
8 adequate fire protection. Is a reasonable
9 requirement?

10 A. No. No utility could afford the investment
11 necessary to provide fire flows of 1000 gpm on a
12 continuous basis, and I am not aware of any
13 governmental agency or any ISO standard requiring
14 such flows.

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This Commission has typically recognized flows of 500 gpm for two hours as adequate for single family housing. Proposals for the used and useful rules now being considered by the Commission recognize flows of 500 gpm for single family housing and 1500 gpm for multifamily and commercial areas, again, to be sustained for two hours. It is also considering the need to meet flows for three hours in those special cases requiring flows of 3000 gpm or higher. I am not arguing with Mr. Abbott's opinion

1	as what he believes is necessary. I only want to
2	point out that it is not economically feasible to
3	provide continuous flows and that the Commission
4	has neither required nor approved the costs
5	associated with such a requirement.

- 7 Q. Does that conclude your rebuttal testimony?
- 8 A. Yes it does.

MR. PFEIFFER: We would offer Mr. Seidman for 1 2 cross. CHAIRMAN DEASON: Ms. Sanders? 3 MS. SANDERS: No questions, Commissioner. 4 CHAIRMAN DEASON: Mr. McLean? 5 MR. McLEAN: Mr. Commissioner, with respect to 6 Exhibit 30, I think it's customary to allow us some time to 7 examine that exhibit before we cross on it. Of course, we 8 just got it this morning, and that's the nature of the 9 process. We don't object to that, but we would like to 10 reserve the right to cross Mr. Seidman, if he is, indeed, 11 sponsoring that exhibit a little later in the case when we 12 have had a chance to read it and digest it. 13 MR. PFEIFFER: And we would not object to that, 14 15 Mr. Chairman. CHAIRMAN DEASON: Very well. You will be given 16 that latitude. 17 18 MR. McLEAN: Thank you, sir. CROSS EXAMINATION 19 20 BY MR. McLEAN: Good morning, Mr. Seidman. 21 Q 22 Α Good morning, Mr. McLean. 23 Item 6 sets out a point of disagreement between 24 our office and the Utility as to the \$64,000 advance CIAC. 25 The point of this agreement, in fact, is that we think its

CIAC and you all don't, is that correct?

A That's correct.

Q It's also Audit Exception No. 19, is that right?

Let me refer you, to refresh your memory, to Page 29 of

Exhibit 5 of your -- cops. I'm sorry, that is not the one.

I'm sorry. Don't let me refer you to that just yet. That

is the next line of questions.

With respect to that -- it's in your rebuttal testimony, Mr. Seidman?

A Yes.

Q You responded to audit number -- Exception 19 on Page 29 and 30 of Schedule 5. Now, the easy way to find that, for those who might want to have a look, is to take Mr. Seidman's testimony and count from the back, and pretty soon you will find some numbered pages in the 30s and 40s, and so forth, and there is Page 29 and 30. At the top of Page 29 it says, "Response to Audit exception No. 19, and I believe Mr. Seidman has that.

A I have it.

Q Now, this is some money, \$65,000 -- I said 64, in fact, it's \$65,000 -- that resulted from some sort of settlement in a lawsuit between the -- some sort of association of customers, the property owners association, or whatever, and Mr. Brown and some of his entities, is that correct?

1 A That's correct.
2 Do you know who

- Q Do you know who the parties were with any precision?
 - A Not without looking back at the document.
- Q Okay. You understand then, or do you understand, that the property owners association was either plaintiff, or cross-plaintiff, or defendant, and cross-defendant, right?
 - A Yes.
- Q And that Mr. Brown and his affiliates were on the other side as plaintiffs, or cross-plaintiffs, and defendants, or they each sued each other, is that right?
 - A Yes.
- Q Okay. Now, in this settlement, I am interested to know, if you know whether there were any representations made by Mr. Brown or any of his affiliates with respect to improvements that would be made by the utility to benefit the customers. Do you know whether there were such representations?
- A I know only of what was mentioned in the document itself.
 - Q Well, do you know what it says?
- A It says that \$65,000 would be advanced to the Utility to be used strictly for capital improvements to enhance and increase the flow and pressure of the St. George

1	Island water system, including installation of new altitude
2	valve, high speed turbine pump, pursuant to recommendations
3	of their engineer.
4	Q Okay. Now, what document are you reading from,
5	Mr. Seidman?
6	A I'm reading a quote from the settlement.
7	Q Is that in your testimony?
8	A Yes. I'm looking at Page 84 of my testimony,
9	beginning at Line 2, where I have it quoted.
10	Q Okay. Now, the term "strictly" there, to be used
11	strictly, upon whom, if anyone, does that impose any
12	restriction?
13	A It's restrictions on the Utility.
14	Q Well, it says that the money will be used strictly
15	for that purpose, right? Now, my impression is that's a
16	representation from the Brown and affiliate side of the
17	table to the other side of the table. Do you think that's a
18	fair characterization?
19	A Well, it is a settlement, and it represents what I
20	believe would be the conditions acceptable to both parties.
21	Q Okay. And the customers would get specific
22	utility assets according to the settlement, is that right?
23	A They would get improvements to the system.
24	Q Yes, sir. And the Brown and affiliate side would
25	get \$100,000, right?

They got \$100,000 from the settlement. Α 1 Yes, sir. Now, 35 of that is not particularly at 2 O issue here because that was used to pay Mr. Powell, is that 3 right? 4 That's correct. Α 5 Okay. Now, reading from the audit response -- did 6 you prepare the audit response, by the way? 7 8 Α Yes, I did. Okay. Let's look to the audit response. 9 your position here that it was a loan, or an advance, and 10 should not be treated as contributions? 11 That's correct. Α 12 Okay. Down at the bottom you say, just out of 13 Q 14 curiosity, the last paragraph you say, "Both Brown and 15 affiliates have all stated." Do you see that line? It's 16 the second sentence in the last paragraph. Yes, I see that. 17 Α Okay. Now, when you say, "Both Brown and 18 19 affiliates have all stated," I'm curious to know how many voices there were? 20 21 Α I have no idea. I'm using the terminology, I thought, from the agreement. 22 23 Okay. Is it reasonable to believe that that was 24 Mr. Brown's voice speaking through one of his various

affiliations or affiliates?

A I don't know.

R

Q Well, you are testifying here. You advance the Audit Exception No. 19, and that is your company's or your client's view of the audit exception, isn't that right?

A Could you repeat that?

Q Sure. You're speaking for the Utility here when you say, "Both Brown and affiliates have all stated that the intent was for a loan or advance, not as a gift or a contribution," right?

A I'm speaking for the Utility, interpreting this agreement that I have read. That does not have the Utility as a party.

Q I understand that, but it says, "Both Brown and affiliates have all stated." Well, it is pretty important to know which affiliates might have made that statement, because I think you have already testified that the Utility was bound by that term "restriction" or "strictly," rather. And I have the impression that the Utility was one of those affiliates which was doing the speaking, and I would like to know if you know something to the contrary?

A I would not have intended the Utility to be one of those speaking, looking at the agreement, since the Utility is not one of the parties to the agreement. When I talk about Brown and affiliates here, it's Brown and affiliates as defined in the agreement.

I see. But the affiliates are Brown, and Brown is 1 Brown, isn't that right? 2 Well, I really don't know. I mean, it lists the 3 Α affiliates, and it talks about Gene D. Brown, and in 4 quotation it identifies that as Brown. It talks about 5 Leisure Properties. It talks about that as Leisure. 6 Whoever are the owners of those entities would be the 7 parties that were being represented. 8 You listed, when you read from the agreement, a 9 number of physical plant assets that the agreement 10 quaranteed would be placed there, right? 11 Are you asking me to answer that? 12 Α Yes, sir. 13 Q I'm sorry. Yes, I read from the document a list 14 Α 15 of capital improvements. 16 Are you saying that the customers should have 17 known that someone other than the Utility would put those 18 utility assets in place? 19 Α I don't think the Utility customers knew anything 20 about this. I'm sorry, the property owners association. 21 Q 22 Α Oh, the property owners association as a party to 23 the agreement? Yes, sir. 24 Q

I don't think it identifies who puts it in.

25

Α

merely indicates that there will be \$65,000 advanced for that purpose.

- Q But someone on the Brown side of the table was restricted to the use of those \$65,000 funds to place plant assets in place, is that correct?
- A Well, I don't know that, either. The \$65,000 was restricted to be used by the Utility.
 - Q Uh-huh.

- A The Utility was not at the table.
- Q True enough. You say it's a loan, right?
- A I say it's an advance. That is what it says.
- Q Okay.
 - A I don't say it; it says it here.
- Q I see. Do you think that an advance is the same as a loan?
 - A In the definitions I've looked at, yes.
- Q Well, let me ask you this, and consult, if you will, your years of regulatory experience. Take this hypothetical that a utility -- that a parent of a utility, and I'm asking this hypothetically, I remind you. A parent of a utility makes a deal with a customer association, or receives contributions, or receives money from any source. Strike all of that, and let me tell you the hypothetical I'm trying to set up.

A parent of a utility company receives money from

customers in exchange for the obligation to build utility assets, okay. And the money is loaned to the Utility so the Utility can accomplish that purpose. Do you believe that that scenario describes receipt of contributions, or the receipt of a loan?

A To the tell you the truth, I don't know. The parent company and developers sometimes enter into agreements to receive funds towards improvements. If those funds flow through, they probably would be treated as contributions, yes.

Q Sure. Otherwise, here is what could happen. Any utility who wanted to receive contributions and didn't want to count them as contributions and wanted to count them, instead, as perhaps equity or debt, all they would have to do is set up a conduit to run those funds through the parent and give the money to the utility. And there you go, no contributions, you have interest-free debt, perhaps, or maybe you have contributions -- or you could look at them as contributions if you wanted to. In other words, it would give you a number of options, right?

A Yes.

Q How does that situation differ from the one here?

Let me tell you what my question is. The utility affiliate guarantees the customer association that it will make some improvements. The customer association sends the money to

the utility parent, and it advances it to the utility. And we have not contributions, but some other thing. Now, how is that different from the scenario we just talked about?

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Well, the way I look at this is, this was not an Α arrangement to receive money by a parent, or an affiliate for the purpose, for the specific purpose of making improvements to the Utility. There was funds received here as a settlement. There were terms placed on the settlement, but the settlement settled some type of legal action between these parties. The purpose of the settlement was to settle these legal actions. The purpose of the settlement wasn't for the purpose of financing utility improvements. It looks to me like what the party said was, "Well, we are willing to settle this thing out, out of court for some amount, if you will go ahead and tell us that you will get the Utility to make some improvements," and you'll advance them the money I don't get the impression from this that they intended for -- that they were saying to, I guess, Brown and affiliates, who received the money, "We'll settle this if you will give this money to the Utility for the purpose of financing improvements." They said, "Here is some money. Do us a favor and get things started over there." You know, advance them the money so they can go ahead and do what they need to do, because they have cash flow problems, or whatever. I see that's -- that's a major difference.

And the way that they encouraged them to do that 1 favor that you just spoke of was to write into the agreement 2 that the funds could be used strictly for that purpose? 3 Α Yes. Okay. Let's move on a little bit to Page 30 of 5 0 your rebuttal testimony, if you would, please. б MR. McLEAN: Pardon me just a moment, Mr. Seidman. 7 BY MR. McLEAN: 8 9 Okay. I'm sorry, I gave you the incorrect 0 10 reference. Α 11 Okay. I'm embarrassed to say we have to go back to 12 Q Page 30 of your Schedule No. 5. I do apologize. 13 14 Α Okay. 15 Second paragraph from the bottom, I read from your audit response, "SGI would consider as reasonable an 16 adjustment to rate base to recognize the impact of a \$5,000 17 advance for construction in December, 1992. Since we are 18 using a beginning-ending balance average test year, the 19 20 impact would be to reduce rate base by \$2,500." So, you're 21 recognizing \$2,500 of CIAC because they received only 5,000 of the \$65,000 and, of course, you're dealing with average 22 23 test year, is that correct? I'm recognizing \$2,500 of an advance not CIAC. 24

You're not recognizing that as CIAC?

25

Q

- A No, as an advance, as a reduction to rate base.
- Q Is the impact exactly the same?
- A No. An advance is subject to depreciation, accumulated depreciation. An advance can become a contribution. If there are terms in the contracts for an advance to do so, if it were a refundable advance. For instance, if it was not refunded within a certain period of time, but that doesn't apply in this case. So, all that really applies here, it is basically a reduction in the capital, excuse me, in the rate base.
 - Q Well, how does --

- A It's depreciated.
- Q I see. How does it figure in the capital structure. Is it shown as a --
- A No, it's not in capital structure. It is a reduction to rate base. That is the way the Commission handles it. I think, probably, it could be handled either way; either put it in at zero cost in capital, or just reduce rate base by the same amount.
 - Q Why didn't you do that to the entire 65,000?
- A Because it's not received during the test year. It's not there.

CHAIRMAN DEASON: Let me see if I understand.

You're making a distinction between CIAC and an advance in
the sense that assets funded through an advance are the

property of the Utility and are depreciated? 1 THE WITNESS: That's correct, yes. 2 CHAIRMAN DEASON: And with CIAC property there is 3 no depreciation? 4 THE WITNESS: There is no depreciation, right, and 5 there is no capital owned by the Utility. 6 7 MR. McLEAN: Mr. Chairman, I've arranged for a number of exhibits to be passed out. This might be a good 8 time to address them all. I think there is a total of 12. 9 And each has a number up at the right-hand corner, FS, which 10 I think are Mr. Seidman's initials, and the number. And I 11 would like to have all of those marked for identification, 12 if you please. 13 14 CHAIRMAN DEASON: Okay. If you will identify them one-by-one, I'll identify them. 15 16 MR. McLEAN: All right, sir. FS-1R. CHAIRMAN DEASON: That will be Exhibit 31. 17 18 MR. McLEAN: FS-2R. 19 CHAIRMAN DEASON: That will be 33 -- I'm sorry, 20 32. 21 MR. McLEAN: FS-3R. 22 CHAIRMAN DEASON: 33. 23 MR. McLEAN: FS-4R. 24 CHAIRMAN DEASON: 34. 25 MR. McLEAN: FS-5R.

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35.
               CHAIRMAN DEASON:
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               MR. McLEAN: And 6R, FS-6R.
               CHAIRMAN DEASON:
                                  36.
 3
               MR. McLEAN: 7.
               CHAIRMAN DEASON:
                                  37.
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               MR. McLEAN: 8.
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               CHAIRMAN DEASON:
                                  38.
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               MR. McLEAN: And FS-R9.
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               CHAIRMAN DEASON:
                                  39.
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               MR. McLEAN: FS-R10.
               CHAIRMAN DEASON:
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               MR. McLEAN: FS-11R.
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               CHAIRMAN DEASON: 41.
13
               MR. McLEAN: That's it. I misspoke.
                                                       There are
14
15
     11.
               (Exhibit Nos. 32 through 41 marked for
16
          identification.)
17
     BY MR. McLEAN:
18
               Okay. Mr. Seidman, please look at the -- let's
19
          Q
     see where are we at here.
20
               You testified that you didn't treat the $60,000 in
21
22
     the same way that you treated the 5,000, because the $60,000
     had not been received by the Utility during the test year,
23
24
     is that right?
25
          Α
               That's right.
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Okay. Would you examine FS-1R, and let me invite 1 your attention to Page 244. First of all, Mr. Seidman, this 2 purports to be a deposition of Mr. Brown, do you accept 3 4 that? MR. PFEIFFER: Could you tell me what page you're 5 6 referring to? I'm sorry. 244, the front page, 110, MR. McLEAN: 7 the first page of the exhibit is what says what the exhibit 8 9 is. THE WITNESS: Yes. This purpose to be excerpts 10 from a deposition of Mr. Brown. 11 BY MR. McLEAN: 12 Okay. Do you know whether Mr. Brown ever 13 Q addressed the topic of when that \$60,000 might have been 14 received by the Utility? 15 No, I don't. 16 Α Well, then, refer to Page 244 and see if that 17 0 gives you any information on the point. And if you would, 18 please, you might wish to begin on Page 243, Line 20. 19 Now, my reading of the deposition is that Mr. 20 Brown received or gave an assignment of the funds due from 21 the property owners association, and, in fact, received the 22 money from that person to whom he assigned that obligation. 23 24 Is that your impression as well?

Please repeat that. I'm sorry.

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Is it true, does Mr. Brown indicate there 0 1 2 that he asked a George --3 MR. PFEIFFER: I object to the question. is asking questions of the witness from a deposition that is 4 not a deposition of the witness. And he's asking him simply 5 whether this document says what it says. And certainly we 6 will concede that the document says what it says, but it's 7 improper cross examination. 8 CHAIRMAN DEASON: Mr. McLean? 9 MR. McLEAN: I think that I'm not trying to nail 10 Mr. Seidman to this deposition. More, I'm trying to find 11 out whether he knows or was advised by Mr. Brown what the 12 status of the \$65,000 was. 13 MR. PFEIFFER: My suggestion would be that he 14 simply ask that question. 15 16 MR. McLEAN: I did, and he said he didn't know. 17 So I will move to the next exhibit. 18 CHAIRMAN DEASON: Please proceed. 19 MR. McLEAN: Sure. (Transcript follows in sequence in Volume 8.) 20 21 22 23 24 25

1 2 CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER 3 STATE OF FLORIDA) 4 COUNTY OF LEON 5 I, JANE FAUROT, Court Reporter, do hereby certify 6 that the foregoing proceedings was taken before me at the 7 time and place therein designated; that my shorthand notes 8 were thereafter translated under my supervision; and the 9 foregoing pages are a true and correct record of the 10 proceedings. 11 I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, 12 employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor 13 relative or employee of such attorney or counsel, or 14 financially interested in the foregoing action. 15 DATED THIS day of August, 1994. 16 17 18 19 JANE/ F 100 Salem Court 20 Tallahassee, Florida 32301 21 (904) 878-2221 22 SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED TO BEFORE ME THIS AUGUST, 1994, IN THE CITY OF TALLAHASSEE, COUNTY OF LEON, 23 24

STATE OF FLORIDA, BY THE ABOVE PERSON WHO IS PERSONALLY KNOWN BY ME. MELANIE Y. STRUBBLE MY COMMISSION # CC 325017 EXPIRES: May 25, 1996 STATE OF FLORIDA Bonded Thru Notary Public Underwriters б