BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Application for rate increase in Brevard, Charlotte/Lee, Citrus, Clay, Duval, Highlands, Lake, Marion, Martin, Nassau, Orange, Osceola, Pasco, Putnam, Seminole, Volusia and Washington Counties by SOUTHERN STATES UTILITIES, INC.; Collier County by MARCO SHORES UTILITIES (Deltona); Hernando County by SPRING HILL UTILITIES (Deltona); and Volusia County by DELTONA LAKES UTILITIES (Deltona). DOCKET NO. 920199-WS ORDER NO. PSC-97-1449-FOF-WS ISSUED: November 18, 1997

The following Commissioners participated in the disposition of this matter:

JULIA L. JOHNSON, Chairman J. TERRY DEASON SUSAN F. CLARK DIANE K. KIESLING JOE GARCIA

ORDER DENYING RECONSIDERATION OF ORDER NO. PSC-97-1033-PCO-WS AND CLARIFYING THAT PARTIES CAN INCLUDE ARGUMENT REGARDING SPRING HILL IN THE BRIEFS

BY THE COMMISSION:

Background

On May 11, 1992, Florida Water Services Corporation, formerly known as Southern States Utilities, Inc. (Florida Water, FWSC, or utility), filed an application to increase the rates and charges for 127 of its water and wastewater service areas regulated by this Commission. By Order No. PSC-93-0423-FOF-WS, issued March 22, 1993, the Commission approved an increase in the utility's final rates and charges, basing the rates on a uniform rate structure.

On April 6, 1995, Order No. PSC-93-0423-FOF-WS was reversed in part and affirmed in part by the First District Court of Appeal. <u>Citrus County v. Southern States Utils.</u>, Inc., 656 So. 2d 1307

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(Fla. 1st DCA 1995). On October 19, 1995, Order No. PSC-95-1292-FOF-WS was issued, Order Complying with Mandate, Requiring Refund, and Disposing of Joint Petition (decision on remand). By that Order, Florida Water was ordered to implement a modified standalone rate structure, develop rates based on a water benchmark of \$52.00 and a wastewater benchmark of \$65.00, and to refund accordingly. On November 3, 1995, Florida Water filed a Motion for Reconsideration of Order No. PSC-95-1292-FOF-WS. At the February 20, 1996, Agenda Conference, we voted, <u>inter alia</u>, to deny Florida Water's motion for reconsideration.

On February 29, 1996, subsequent to our vote on the utility's motion for reconsideration but prior to the issuance of the order memorializing the vote, the Supreme Court of Florida issued its opinion in <u>GTE Florida, Inc. v. Clark</u>, 668 So. 2d 971 (Fla. 1996). By Order No. PSC-96-0406-FOF-WS, issued March 21, 1996, after finding that the <u>GTE</u> decision may have an impact on the decision in this case, we voted to reconsider on our own motion, the entire decision on remand.

By Order No. PSC-96-1046-FOF-WS, issued August 14, 1996, we affirmed our earlier determination that Florida Water was required to implement the modified stand-alone rate structure and to make refunds to customers. However, we determined that Florida Water could not impose a surcharge on those customers who paid less under the uniform rate structure. The utility was ordered to make refunds (within 90 days of the issuance of the order) to its customers for the period between the implementation of final rates in September, 1993, and the date that interim rates were placed into effect in Docket No. 950495-WS. This decision was appealed by the utility to the First District Court of Appeal. On June 17, 1997, the First District Court of Appeal issued its opinion in Southern States Utils., Inc. v. Florida Public Service Comm'n, reversing our order implementing the remand of the Citrus County decision. 22 Fla. L. Weekly D1492 (Fla. 1st DCA 1997).

By Order No. PSC-97-1033-PCO-WS, issued August 27, 1997, we required Florida Water to provide an exact calculation by service area of the potential refund and surcharge amounts with and without interest as of June 30, 1997. By that Order, we also allowed all parties to file briefs on the appropriate action the Commission should take in light of the Southern States decision. After two extensions, the briefs are currently due on November 5, 1997. On September 11, 1997, Florida Water filed a motion for reconsideration and clarification of Order No. PSC-97-1033-PCO-WS. On September 18, 1997, OPC timely filed a response. This Order disposes of the utility's motion for reconsideration of Order No. PSC-97-1033-PCO-WS.

Florida Water's Motion for Reconsideration of Order No. PSC-97-1033-PCO-WS

In its motion, Florida Water requests reconsideration and clarification of the following portion of Order No. PSC-97-1033-PCO-WS addressing the Spring Hill facilities:

As mentioned earlier, FWSC implemented the modified stand-alone rate structure for all of its facilities 950495-WS during included in Docket No. interim. Therefore, the period of time for determining any refund or surcharge amount for those facilities ends with the implementation of the interim rates. However, the Spring Hill facilities were not included in Docket No. 950495-WS and the Spring Hill rates were not changed at that time. We ordered FWSC to implement modified stand-alone rates at its Spring Hill facility. As point of information, we received a copy of a settlement agreement between Hernando County and the utility wherein they have agreed on a prospective rate change which became effective June 14, 1997.

As a result of these circumstances, the period of time for a refund due to the rate structure change is longer for the Spring Hill facilities than for the others. Spring Hill will be part of any decision that is ultimately made regarding refunds and surcharges up to the time modified stand-alone rates were implemented for all other FWSC facilities. However, we recognize that there is also a separate issue of the appropriate refund for this facility for the period of time since modified stand-alone rates were implemented for the other facilities. We will address the Spring Hill situation after the parties have filed briefs.

Order at pages 7 and 8. Florida Water requests that we reconsider or clarify the above portion of the order by stating that we have not made any final determinations concerning whether the Spring Hill customers should receive a refund for the January 1996 through June 14, 1997 time period and if so, whether the costs of any such refunds should be borne by the utility. Further, the utility seeks to have us clarify that the parties may include argument in their briefs on this issue. In support of its motion, Florida Water argues that the language of the order indicates that the Commission appears to have prejudged the issue regarding the refunds to the

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Spring Hill customers in favor of the intervenors. Specifically, Florida Water states that the language could be construed to suggest that refunds are to be made for the Spring Hill customers for the January, 1996 through June 14, 1997 time period. Further, Florida Water argues that there is no logic or rationale behind our decision to treat the Spring Hill refund/surcharge issues separately from the other issues which will be addressed in the briefs.

The remainder of the utility's motion addresses the utility's request to notice its customers regarding the potential impact from refund and/or surcharges. Since we addressed this issue by Order No. PSC-97-1290-PCO-WS, issued October 17, 1997, we find that no discussion is necessary here.

On September 18, 1997, OPC filed its response to Florida Water's motion. OPC basically requests that we reject any attempt by Florida Water to pass the cost of providing the refunds to Spring Hill customers to the utility's other customers. In particular, OPC argues that Florida Water would receive a windfall, which is contrary to the principle set forth in the <u>GTE</u> case that equity applies to both ratepayers and the utility.

Rule 25-22.060(1), Florida Administrative Code, permits a party who is adversely affected by an order of the Commission to file a motion for reconsideration of that order. The standard for reconsideration is set forth in Diamond Cab Co. of Miami v. King, There, the Florida Supreme Court 146 So. 2d 889 (Fla. 1962). stated that the purpose of a petition for rehearing is merely to bring to the attention of the trial court or the administrative agency a point which it overlooked or failed to consider when it rendered its order in the first instance, and it is not intended as a procedure for rearguing the whole case merely because the losing party disagrees with the judgment. Id. at 891. In Stewart Bonded Warehouse, Inc. v. Bevis, 294 So. 2d 315 (Fla. 1974), the Court found that the granting of a petition for reconsideration should be based on specific factual matters set forth in the record and susceptible to review. We have applied these standards in our review of Florida Water's motion.

The language from Order No. PSC-97-1033-PCO-WS cited above clearly states that we intend to address the Spring Hill situation after the parties have filed briefs. We have not yet addressed the issue regarding which party will bear the cost for providing the refunds to the Spring Hill customers and for what period of time.

We clearly intended to provide the parties with an opportunity to address the Spring Hill situation and other refund/surcharge issues in the briefs. The utility has not adequately shown that the Commission overlooked any point of fact or law. Therefore, Florida Water's motion for reconsideration is denied.

Clarification of Order No. PSC-97-1033-PCO-WS

To the extent that it was not absolutely clear that parties can include argument related to the Spring Hill circumstances in their brief, Order No. PSC-97-1033-PCO-WS is herein clarified to reflect that parties shall have the opportunity to include argument on this issue in their briefs currently due November 5, 1997.

This docket shall remain open pending final resolution of the remand.

Based on the foregoing, it is

ORDERED by the Florida Public Service Commission that Florida Water Services Corporation's Motion for Reconsideration of Order No. PSC-97-1033-PCO-WS is denied. It is further

ORDERED that Order No. PSC-97-1033-PCO-WS is clarified to reflect that parties may include argument regarding the Spring Hill circumstances in the November 5, 1997 briefs. It is further

ORDERED that this docket shall remain open.

By ORDER of the Florida Public Service Commission this <u>18th</u> day of <u>November</u>, <u>1997</u>.

BLANCA S. BAYÓ, Director Division of Records and Reporting

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NOTICE OF JUDICIAL REVIEW

The Florida Public Service Commission is required by Section 120.569(1), Florida Statutes, to notify parties of any administrative hearing or judicial review of Commission orders that is available under Sections 120.57 or 120.68, Florida Statutes, as well as the procedures and time limits that apply. This notice should not be construed to mean all requests for an administrative hearing or judicial review will be granted or result in the relief sought.

Any party adversely affected by the Commission's final action in this matter may request judicial review by the Florida Supreme Court in the case of an electric, gas or telephone utility or the First District Court of Appeal in the case of a water or wastewater utility by filing a notice of appeal with the Director, Division of Records and Reporting, 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850, and filing a copy of the notice of appeal and the filing fee with the appropriate court. This filing must be completed within thirty (30) days after the issuance of this order, pursuant to Rule 9.110, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure. The notice of appeal must be in the form specified in Rule 9.900(a), Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure.