1	BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION		
2	PLOKIDA PUBLIC SERVICE CORRISSION		
3		<b>x</b>	
4	In The Matter o	f : DOCKET NO. 980048-TL : (UNDOCKETED)	
5	Proposed Numbering Relief for 813 Are	Plan :	
6		:	
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8	PROCEEDINGS:	INFORMATIONAL WORKSHOP	
9	BEFORE:	CHAIRMAN JULIA L. JOHNSON COMMISSIONER B. LEON JACOBS, JR.	
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11	DATE:	Thursday, January 8, 1998	
12	TIME:	Commenced at 10:00 a.m. Concluded at 12:40 p.m.	
13	PLACE:	St. Petersburg Bayfront Hilton Whitted Room	
14		333 First Street South	
15		St. Petersburg, Florida	
	REPORTED BY:	Donna W. Everhart	
16		CSR, RPR, CP, CM Certified Shorthand	
17		Reporter	
18		Notary Public State of Florida at Large	
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2	JOHN BOWMAN, PPSC Division of Services.	Legal	
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4	CHARLES J. BECK, Assistant Pub Counsel, Office of the Public Counsel.	)11C	
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6	ALSO PRESENT:		
7	STAM L. GREER, FPSC Division of		
. 8	Communications. SKIP GANCARZ, GTB Telephone Op	erations.	
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## PROCEEDINGS

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(Hearing convened at 10:00 a.m.)

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Ladies and gentlemen, if you could all settle in, we're going to go ahead and begin the public workshop today.

I did want to announce that we are broadcasting this proceeding over the Internet, and that's the purpose of this equipment here, and the microphone system is set up so that for any participants who could not make it here tonight but -- or this morning but wanted to participate or at least listen in to the comments that are being made by their neighbors, they have the ability to do that via their computers and via the Internet. So I did want to make that one announcement.

One other thing that we're going to do this morning is for all of those customers and the company members that would like to make presentations today, we're going to go shead and swear you all in. And let me explain why we're going to do that process.

Your comments and your etatements, if they are -- if it's sworn testimony, can be used if in the future we have to have any additional proceedings. In order to ensure that we have that

information recorded, we have a court reporter here, and we will go ahead then and swear in all of the participants this morning.

And with that, Counsel, could you read the notice, please.

MR. BOWMAN: Notice of an undocketed Informal Commission Workshop was issued for this time and place. The purpose of the notice was set out within the body of the notice, but I will read it. The purpose of the Commission Workshop is to permit customers to be heard on any and all issues and present information and exhibits relative to the 813 area code.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you. Take appearances of the parties.

MR. BOWMAN: John Bowman for Commission staff.

MR. BECK: And my name is Charlie Beck with the Office of the Public Counsel.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: And there is representatives from GTE, but I guess we can make those introductions right before the presentation? That will be fine.

My name is Julia Johnson. I'm the current Chairperson of the Florida Public Service

Commission. If you've not had a chance to, we have a special report that's available that gives the names and some information on the commissioners, all of the commissioners.

This is a panel consisting of myself and Commissioner Leon Jacobs, seated here to my left. We will be participating and taking in all of your comments and questions, if you might have them.

Also, Mr. Stan Greer is here with our staff. He's our top engineer, and he heads up the unit that reviews these kind of matters. He's very versed in numbering issues. He's worked with the North American Numbering Council both on the federal and state levels, and he'll be here to help entertain any technical questions that you might have directed towards the Commission.

Our court reporter, of course, will be taking all of your comments. Mr. Terry Reid is in the back. If you have any consumer-related questions related to this issue or any other issues that come before the Public Service Commission, feel free to address those too.

Also, when we start the comment portion of this workshop, if you don't want to provide an oral presentation, then you can use the blue sheet,

and there is a page there for you to provide any written comments you might have. You can sign those or write those up now and give them to Mr. Reid in the back, or if you'd just like to send them in, you simply fold it over, put a stamp on it, and send it up to the Commission, and we can address it in that way too.

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It appears as if we may have quite a bit of media here, and they will be walking through the room as you are providing your testimony. any point in time you feel that that is too distracting, just direct that to me, and I will make sure that you aren't distracted and you have the opportunity to let us know all the comments that you'd like to provide to us, because this is a workshop being held for you and for us to hear and listen from the citizens of this area, to help us better -- become better informed as to your concerns and to allow GTE to go over the proposals that were submitted, the surveys that they conducted, and the process that they used and all of the companies used to reach the decision that has been reached.

Now, let me give you a little background on the process. And GTB may go into this into more

detail, but from the information that we have received that GTB provided to us, certainly there is an issue of shortage of numbers due to the growth rate and population, but also due to the fact that people have second and third lines now, computer, fax lines, cell phones, those kind of things have caused the need all across the state for us to determine how do we best handle that, how do we implement new area codes.

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Certainly GTE as the administrator, they got together with the industry groups and they also it's my understanding that they polled the community to make a determination as to what would be best in the areas that they serve.

I'm going to allow them the opportunity to come up first and explain the process that they went to and how they got to where they got to today to make that presentation, but before I do that, I'm going to go ahead and swear everybody in that would like to testify, the GTE individual and the customers themselves, and will begin the process with their overview.

Now, you may want to take notes because if you have questions of GTE, we will entertain those also. So if you want to take note. And

that's why we're allowing them to go first to provide you with the information that they used to make the decision and also to help educate Commissioner Jacobs and myself and staff members.

After this process -- I've had about two or three people ask me this question: Well, what happens next? What happens if we don't like this? That will be the subject of perhaps a further proceeding. We will have to then determine if there are official petitions.

And if the Commission is petitioned, then we make a determination whether or not we need to hold a full-blown hearing. And that would require witnesses coming forth, evidence being taken, all of the options being considered, but it would be more in a formal hearing process and not today as a part of this workshop.

So with that, those that would like to testify, if you could stand and raise your right hand, I'll swear you in at this time.

(Witnesses collectively sworn.)

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you. You may all be seated. I'd like to then call GTE first.

MS. MENARD: I would like to welcome everybody here today. There are going to be just a

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

few of us that talk through GTE. We have other people here that are available if we have questions. I am Bev Menard. I am the regulatory director for GTE, and therefore I spend most of my time in Tallahassee dealing with the Plorida Public Service Commission. Also speaking today will be Mr. Al Harshbarger, who is our public affairs manager, who will talk about the survey that Commissioner Johnson mentioned.

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What we are going to do, this is going to be a short presentation, but we want you to have some information of what all we have done. We are going to present what we went through in making the determination to do what we are doing with the 813 area code, and then as Chairman Johnson has said, we would like to hear your comments and be able to answer any questions you may have.

March of 1996 we split the 813 area code into the 813 and 941 area codes. And at that time we were hoping we would not have to do another area code change until 2002. However, we are running out of numbers this year. And so the question, obvious question, is why? And as Chairman Johnson mentioned, here are some of the reasons.

You have cellular phones, people doing computers. I've got my pager here and my phone in my purse. I've got my cellular phone at home. I've got an extra line for my computer. And also have the new competitors that are coming in to provide local service. And all those factors have led to the big increase in numbers. In fact, last year we used 120 codes in the 813 area code.

Mow, when you know you're running out of numbers, there are certain things that we do. And GTE is the administrator for the 813 and 941 area codes. And we are responsible for assigning the codes. When new individuals come into being and need to have numbers, we're responsible for assigning it.

And there are certain guidelines that are used nationwide when you're going to do a new -- look at doing something to an area code. One of the things you try to do is provide the longest period before you have to make a change again. You also want to try to minimize impacts of dialing and minimize impacts to the customers and also make it where it's going to work in the network.

Today there are basically two options that we look at when you're going to do a change to

the area code: The geographic split, which is what we've been doing in the past, and the new option, which is the overlay. And I'm going to go into more detail of what these are.

When you do a geographic split, we basically split the area. And the object is to hopefully make it where both of the areas last about the same length of time. Also, you have to have something to divide it. It could be at some point, if we keep dividing it, it could be some street. We hope we don't get to that. But usually it could be county boundaries, you know. You try to have some -- you've got to have some physical boundary to do a split.

Now, there are certain advantages and disadvantages to both the approaches we were looking at. In a geographical split, you can still have 7-digit dialing, but for any calls that go between the two new area codes, you have to have 10-digit dialing. The other advantage of a geographical split is that if you then need to add additional lines in your house, you know it's going to be with the same area code, just like we've always done in the past.

Now, there are some disadvantages to a

geographic split. It requires a number change. We are talking about if we split the 813 area code into two areas, we're talking about approximately a million customers having to take a telephone number change and about 66,000 businesses having to change all their stationery, everything else. You've got to reprogram your cellular phones for the areas, and 10-digit dialing is required across the split.

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What I'm going to do first is go through some of the options we looked at for where we would split if we did a geographic split. I'm starting with Option 2 because I'll talk about Option 1 in a minute.

One of the options was to do a split where we have Hillsborough County and part of Pasco County in the top and Pinellas County on the left side. The problem with this approach -- and the numbers that I have on these charts are as of April when we were doing the plans for doing the split. The problem with this approach is it does not have equal split between two areas, and so it doesn't meet one of the criteria that we're supposed to use.

The option that we would go with if we were to do a geographic split, our recommendation

would be this option. What you basically do is split down the middle. The disadvantage to this approach is you have Pasco County in both of those areas, and so what it means is that Pasco County would end up with three area codes. The 352 area code, 813 and 727 area codes all would be in Pasco County.

And the other option we looked at to try to avoid splitting Pasco County was to do it this way so that you wouldn't split the county, but the problem is the calling patterns that the customers normally use isn't good because these people call these people, and they'd have to do all 10-digit dialing.

And, of course, with any of these, and one reason why we don't like a geographic split, we're talking for all calls between Tampa, Clearwater, St. Pete, they will all be 10-digit dialing if we went to a geographic split.

The other reason why we have a concern of staying with the geographic is here is what 813 looks like today. We've got one area like this. We are looking at if we went with the geographic split, that we would have two area codes in 1999, and actually it would be by the end of 1998, that

1	we would have two area codes.
2	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Ms. Menard, let me ask
3	you a question.
4	MS. MENARD: Sure.
5	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Just because I'm not
6	real clear on the county boundary. Where is the
7	MS. MENARD: The county boundary is up
8	here.
9	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: The Pasco?
10	MS. MENARD: Yes.
11	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Is right under
12	MS. MENARD: New Port Richey is in both
13	counties.
14	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Oh, okay. And so
15	PROM THE AUDIENCE: No.
16	MS. MENARD: It's all Pasco, excuse me.
17	Right below New Port Richey is where the split is.
18	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. And the first
19	diagram that you demonstrated, the very first
20	alternative that you-all considered, it had all of
21	Pasco
22	MS. MENARD: Would be over
23	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Oh, you put it over
24	in oh, I see.
25	Mg. MENARD: Hillsborough.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: You put Pasco in 1 Hillsborough and then you kept Pinellas by itself. 2 MS. MEMARD: That's correct. 3 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. And the concern 4 with that proposal was? 5 MS. MENARD: No. 1, that you don't use --6 the codes aren't equal, plus the calling is New 7 Port Richey calls Tarpon Springs. 8 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. 9 MS. MENARD: And there would be 10-digit 10 dialing there. The problem we've got is this whole 11 area is so much --12 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Interconnected. 13 -- local calling in this 14 MS. MEMARD: area that any way we split it, people that normally 15 call the areas are going to have to do 10-digit 16 dialing. 17 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: And could you tell me 18 now -- and this is probably a very tough question. 19 You may not be able to tell me. The local disling, 20 what -- is it local between -- can Pasco call 21 22 Is that a local call or long distance? Long distance call. FROM THE AUDIENCE: 23 St. Pete to Tampa is BCS. 24 MS. MENARD: It's a toll call. 25 FROM THE AUDIENCE:

and I apologise because this is a very awkward process, but the court reporter is trying to take down the comments, and what we'll do if I ask a question that you may be able to explain to me, when you get up to testify could you explain it then, because that would allow us to keep it all in the record, and if you have valuable information that you'd like for us to receive, we would have the ability to receive that information.

And I know this lady seems very informed, but it may take -- you'll have to come to the podium, state your name, and then we can take your comments. And that's as much for our benefit as it is for yours as we develop the record.

MS. MENARD: Let's go basically over what the areas call today. Clearwater, of course, is local calls within all of Clearwater. It is local calls for Clearwater to St. Pete. It is local calls for Clearwater to Tarpon Springs. And it is local calls to Tampa west, which is the Oldsmar area.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay.

MS. MENARD: It is ECS, which means 25 cents for residence, 10 cents a minute for the

first minute for business, 6 cents for additional 1 for Clearwater calling New Port Richey, Clearwater 2 calling Tampa, the rest of Tampa. 3 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. Is the 25-cent 4 plan for the residence? 5 MS. MENARD: Is the 25-cent plans, yes. 6 7 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. MS. MENARD: For Hudson, which is up at 8 the top. Hudson can call Hudson and Moon Lake as a 9 local, and they can call New Port Richey. And then 10 they call Tarpon Springs under the 25-cent plan. 11 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. 12 MS. MBNARD: For New Port Richey, they 13 can call New Port Richey and Seven Springs, they 14 call Hudson and Tarpon Springs is local. And as 15 far as on the 25-cent plan, they can call 16 Clearwater, Tampa north, which is this area up at 17 the top, Tampa west, which is the Oldsmar area. 18 Then we have Plant City over here. 19 can call Plant City, Lakeland, and all of Tampa. 20 And then they have local calling also the 25-cent 21 22 plan over here to Mulberry. CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. 23 MS. MENARD: St. Petersburg, of course, 24 calls St. Pete and Clearwater, and then they have 25

local -- the 25-cent plan between St. Pete and Tampa.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay.

MS. MENARD: And Tampa, Tampa actually,

because of the size, is split into four areas.

It's five areas. Tampa central is basically your downtown area. And they can call on an ECS -- well, they can all of Tampa, they can call Plant City, and then they can call Clearwater, St. Pete, Tarpon Springs, Zephyrhills, and then also San Antonio, which is in Sprint's area, Dade City.

Those are all 25 -- and Mulberry are 25-cent calls.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. Thank you. And one last question. The Pasco County cities or locations, Pasco is already split, isn't it?

Aren't they 3527

MS. MBNARD: Pasco, the Brooksville area and Dade City area, which is Area Code 352.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. Thank you.

MS. MENARD: So our concern with how we are using up numbers -- and the way we're currently using up numbers is in three to five years we're going to need another area code split. And so the possibility is we have a million customers change their numbers now and then in three years they have

to change their number again.

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CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. Could you further explain that? Why would that occur?
You're saying if you split off, if you did the --

MS. MENARD: If we did the split right here, the current forecast of using at least 100 codes a year, in three to five years we're going to have to split these areas again.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: In three to five years both sides will need another.

MS. MENARD: Both sides will split again. Because we're trying to split it where they will both equal and they'll both have the same type growth pattern. Because of these reasons and because we have been trying to promote the Tampa Bay area as an area, that's why we looked at the overlay.

What an overlay does is it -- it is just like you put another area code on top of the first area code. That's why it's called an overlay. You just put it over it. What it does is you first use up the codes in the 813 area code. Once you use up all the codes in the 813 area code, then you start assigning them the new 727 area code on a first come, first serve.

One of the requirements of the FCC, though, if you do an overlay is all local calls have got to be 10-digit dialing. And the reason for that goes back to what we were talking about earlier as far as like when you have a split and you've got -- when you've got two different area codes and you've got to have 10-digit dialing before it, if all of the new competitors are all being out of the new code, then they are at a disadvantage because they've got to have 10-digit calls and we've still got 7-digit calls. So the reason the FCC said is that everyone has to go to 10-digit calls if you go to an overlay.

Now, there are some advantages to an overlay, and one of the big ones we think is the existing customers don't have to change their telephone number, don't have to reprogram cellular phones. And we think that the long-term, based on how we are going -- I mean, the FCC is putting more wireless carriers in. We've got the competitors. That really going ahead and putting an area of overlay is the long-term least disruptive solution. Customers don't have to change their number. We just go to having new codes available.

There is no plan, though, that doesn't

have advantages and disadvantages. And the overlay does have a disadvantage. No. 1, like we said, it's 10-digit calling on all local calls, and you have the possibility that at some point -- it's not going to happen short-term but at some point you go to put another line in your house and it could be under the new area code.

And basically what we're talking about in the overlay, therefore, is where you have the 813 area code and then you just overlay the new 727 on top of it. The numbers are still going to be assigned like they are today. Like, for instance, 727-981 could be assigned to Brandon. I mean, they are going to be assigned to simple offices to areas just like they are today, but you can use all of them.

Now, what we did is we did have industry -- when you're going to do an area code change like this, you -- the current procedure is you get all the carriers together that are currently using the numbers in the area code to look at. And we basically went through all of what we just went through and looked at what would be the best long-term solution.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Let me ank you one

other question regarding the transcript that you had up before or the -- whatever it's called. How long will that last, the overlay before --

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MS. MENARD: Three to five years we'll put another code on top.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. So you'll need another area code in about three or four years, but people will never have to change their underlying numbers.

MS. MENARD: That's correct.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay.

MS. MEMARD: The reasons why we supported the overlay was, as we said, so one-half the customers don't have to change their numbers, so we don't have to reprogram the calls.

Now, one change that has happened since we made our initial announcement that we were going to the overlay is the Commission had a proceeding where they were looking at what's the best long-term dialing plans for the state. And it was part of a BellSouth case where BellSouth was implementing, I think, like 284 additional 25-cent routes, and so they were running into some number problems.

And the long-term plan that was looked at

was that we would go to 1-plus dialing for all the 25-cent calls, the ECS calls across the Bay. And so initially when we made the announcement, we said that's what we're going to go to. When we started looking into it, we said, Wait a minute, this isn't the right thing. All these calls we're talking about within the 813 area code, they are local calls only. The interexchange carriers are not allowed to handle those calls.

So it doesn't -- I think it would be very confusing to the customers to say you dial it 1-plus. When you dial 1-plus, you think it's going to go to the presubscribed carrier that you've chosen, which you have a choice of choosing, but GTE would have to handle the call because IXE is not allowed to handle those calls.

So what the current plans are is all 7-digit calls would go to 10-digit calls whether they're local or the 25-cent calls.

What I'm going to do now is have Al Harshbarger come up and talk briefly about the surveys we did because we also wanted customer input. Besides the industry input, we wanted customer input on this.

MR. HARSHBARGER: Good morning. I'd

like to spend a little bit of time telling you about the research that we did and some of the methodology that we used to come up with the bottom-line results that I'm going to show you here in just a few moments.

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After we had gone through the process that Bev described, we then wanted to understand how the community felt about this. Obviously this is a significant change. And the way that we wanted to find out about it was to get as broad an input as possible and get as valid information as we could regarding all sectors of the local economy, everyone here in the market.

We retained or engaged a professional market research firm to assist us in this effort and called them in and discussed our objectives with them in terms of getting reliable information which was truly reflective of all segments of society here in the Tampa Bay area.

Their recommendation was that we do a statistically-drawn random sample which is statistically valid of the market and conduct in-depth telephone interviews. The telephone interviews would be conducted in a manner that would elicit a great deal of information from

a pryone, both businesses and consumers.

The surveys the professional market research firm designed was to gather information objectively, and to wherever possible the responses that customers were asked to make were in an unaided mode. And let me describe that. What we were attempting to do was to get their top-of-mind awareness of their feelings on this thing rather than ask them a list of questions and say which of these do you feel. We asked them open-ended questions, which is a much more accurate way of getting customers' attitudes and behavioral considerations.

we conducted this sample of 900 consumers and 200 businesses. The validity of this result was that at the 95 percent confidence interval, it was plus or minus 3 percent. This really exceeds what normal research and sampling is. So it was a higher level of accuracy than what is normally done in most market research.

And one of the reasons for this is that we used a larger than normal sample of consumers. Not only were we interested in the aggregate, but we were also interested in determining whether there might be any major differences in consumer

attitudes by county. So we did it also on a statistically valid sample on a county basis so that we could determine whether or not one county, population of one county had different feelings than the other.

The survey was conducted in late July. Customers were contacted by the market research firm. It was determined that we were speaking to an appropriate person in the household or business. The purpose of the survey was explained. And we informed the customers that it would take approximately 20 minutes to conduct the survey.

One of the things that we did up front was to provide an in-depth description of the characteristics of each of those two plans, the overlay and the area code split. And we reinforced with them that if during the interview had they had any questions, please ask for the interviewer to repeat those implications. We wanted to be sure that they understood all of the pros and cons of both.

When we went through those, we then asked them now understanding those things, what is your preference, for the split or the overlay? Well, not surprisingly, probably the most common response

was, Well, we're perfectly satisfied with exactly the way things are today and we really don't have a big interest in changing and we would prefer to stay the way we are today.

And, quite frankly, we would prefer to stay the way we are today, but regrettably, that is not an option. In order to meet the demand for new numbers, we have to do something, and there's only two options, the ones that we've outlined.

So we asked the customers. We said, Well that's not an option. You really need to tell us which way you feel on this thing. And let me show you what the results of that were. 46 percent of consumers and 75 percent of businesses indicated a preference for the overlay. 38 percent preferred the split and 21 preferred the split in regard to business.

A small percentage were unsure or noncommittal, if you will. They said, you know, both of them are equal, equally unsatisfactory in our point of view, so we could go either way on those.

But clearly under this scenario there is a preference for the overlay, especially among the business community, who recognize the economic

implications of a split to their business. Not only the expenses that are associated with changing all of their printed material and promotional material but also the potential lost revenues that they may experience in the future when customers who don't deal with them frequently attempt to call and find that the telephone number is no longer a working telephone number.

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We then followed this up with a series of questions in the unaided mode, as I discussed before, to try to focus the customer on what they really liked and disliked about both plans to really bring out in their minds what it was that caused them to feel that way.

We then posed another question. And we said let us make the assumption that the demand for new telephone numbers will continue to grow in the foreseeable future and that it's going to be necessary to add new area codes, which will mean further subdividing the Tampa Bay area and causing people to take additional number changes. And this would probably happen in the order of every three to five years, as Bev indicated. Under those circumstances, how does that impact your feelings that you have stated earlier?

As you can see here, the number of consumers that felt that the overlay was preferable increased substantially, and business increased to 84 percent. Most of that increase came at the -- due to the change from people who had originally preferred the split now preferring the overlay. So clearly people prefer a method that does not require the disruption that an area code split would require.

This was done in late June, as I mentioned. On October 3 we held a press briefing, at which we announced what our planning was. We did not announce that it was firm, but we had announced that we were working with the code holders, we had met with the Commission, that we have analyzed it and done research and we felt that the overlay was the best long-term solution.

This received wide publicity, and following that we did a follow-up market research project very similar to what we had done originally. This time we interviewed 500 customers because we didn't do it on a county basis because we found that that really -- there was no major difference between counties.

The results of that -- let me also say

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that the sample, the random sample that we draw there, was drawn from people who had indicated to the interviewer at the beginning of the interview that they were aware that we were making the plan. So we were dealing with people that had knowledge of the plan. If they didn't say that they did not see it or knew nothing about it, then we went on. We wanted to talk to people who had knowledge of the plan.

The results were remarkably similar. It was still in the area -- it was still of those who were in the 90 percent -- or the 70 percent area were still -- still in that particular area. Even though they had sean it in the paper, it didn't change it materially. There were just slight changes in the number of unsures and the ones that had preferred the split originally.

On the 24th of November, we made a formal announcement again through a media briefing that we indeed were going to do this, and it again received very wide publicity. And once again we went back to the community and did another survey, random survey of 500 consumers, and found again that there was the same strong support for the overlay as there was before.

So overall we have done a very in-depth statistically valid survey of over 2,100 customers, and the response is very, very strong in favor of the overlay. When all the facts are known, it appears that the public strongly supports this long-term solution. So that's all I have.

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CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you, sir. There were several members of the audience that asked about what we did in the 305 area and what we actually ended up -- what kind of plan we ended up with, with 305 including the Miami area and the Key West area. I'm going to have Stan Greer of my staff explain what happened in that particular area and what plan we actually ended up voting out. Because let me clarify one thing. In that case we did have a formal petition so that the case went to a full hearing before the Commission, and the Commission took in evidence and actually voted out a decision. Mr. Greer.

MR. GREER: For the folks that are not familiar with that area of the state, the 305 area code covered the Dade County and the Keys, which is a portion of Monroe County. The Commission held, as the Chairman said, a formal proceeding and had service hearings down there to get the customers'

input similar to what we're doing today.

The customers in Dade County preferred the overlay, and the customers in the Keys preferred the -- preferred what I'll call a split due to that they didn't want 10-digit dialing. There was very limited ability to grow. I think they had less than 200 building permits that were available in the entire Keys for growtn. They had a very slow growth in actual usage of telephone numbers, if I remember right. It was about 1,000 a month. So they had very little use -- growth use in the near future.

What the Commission decided to do down there was implement what is known as a concentrated growth overlay. The overlay in that scenario would only be implemented in an area that is growing very fast. And that would be Dade County. We left essentially the Keys in the old area code with the 7-digit dialing still retained in the Keys area.

The concentrated growth overlay, one of the things that Commission had to do was reserve codes for growth in the Keys so that if there were people that needed codes in that area, that we would need to have some 305 area -- 305 numbers available for assigning in that area. And that's what essentially the Commission decided to do.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you, Mr. Greer.

Any other preliminary matters? Seeing none, Public Counsel, could you call the first customer witness.

MR. BECK: Thank you, Chairman Johnson.

The first customer is Ron Ogden.

THEREUPON.

## RON OGDEN

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Plorida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

WITNESS OGDEN: Good morning, Chairman Johnson, Commissioner Jacobs. My name is Ronald Ogden. I am a legislative assistant to Senator Jack Latvala of the Florida Senate. Senator Latvala represents Senate District 19, which includes essentially northern Pinellas County and western Pasco County.

He very much would like to have been here this morning, but he is still in Tallahassee in committee hearings, and he is going to do his best to address you at your meeting in Tampa this evening.

On Senator Latvala's behalf, first I'd

like to express my thanks to you and to staff for making the long trip down from Tallahassee to hear public comment on this proposal today and this evening and also for giving me the opportunity to represent to you Senator Latvala's point of view about the GTE overlay plan, which is one of strong and firm opposition. Senator Latvala believes that this is a bad idea.

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There are several reasons. It generally may be brought under the heading of confusion. The overlay proposal, as Senator Latvala and as I understand it, would eventually result in three consequences that would tend to make life even more difficult for the Senator's constituents.

Pirst of all, we would have a situation in which any new line that was added in the overlay would have a new area code. One might find oneself in a business situation or even in a personal situation with an area code of 813, for example, in my case in northern Palm Harbor where I live, might if I chose to have a new cellular service or a new pager service, find that I would have a different area code on my belt and a different area code in my car compared to my area code that I have in my home.

The overlay would also present the situation in which new neighbors moving into my area would have a new area code. I noticed that on the actual GTB presentation that one of the areas or one of the reasons why they chose to go with the overlay plan was to provide a sense of unity or to maintain a sense of unity, which is very valuable in a community such as the Tampa Bay area.

But I must say that it's quite disunifying to have someone on the east side of the street with an \$13 area code and someone who just moves in on the west side of the street have a 727 area code. But I think the reason that the Senator is most strongly opposed to the overlay proposal is that many of the senator's constituents are older Ploridians.

We in our office daily interact with many people who moved to Florida after retirement many years ago and came down here to seek an affordable, simple, and pleasurable lifestyle in what -- in an area that once was called a paradise.

When you look out and consider the situation that many of the older Floridians presently face, when you look at our roads, when you look at our florida

in the wake of Hurricane Andrew, when you look at our health care situation, when you look at the many burdens that older Ploridians face, I think it's fair to say for many of them this paradise that they sought is on a slippery slope to purgatory. It is becoming a very expensive and in many ways complicated place to live. And this does not have to be that way. We do not need to do things that make it more difficult to get along.

I think that the overlay proposal -- and I believe that Senator Latvala feels the same way -- would create more difficulties for as many of his constituents who already are finding that much of living in Florida is becoming much more difficult than they ever expected it would be.

I would say that this particularly, again, affects older Floridians. My parents live in the Tarpon Springs area. They do not have a computer. They do not have a pager. They do not have a cellular phone. They have just simply their phone number and their way of using it as they always have. I would hate to think that when the next door neighbor moves out and the new person moves in that they will have to adopt a new cellular phone -- or, pardon me, a new area code

for contacting people next door. It seems to me 1 unnecessarily complicated. 2 Again, in summary, Senator Latvala wants 3 me to express his firm opposition to this proposal, 4 and I'd say thank you very much. 5 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you, Mr. Ogden. 6 I'd like to thank you Any questions for Mr. Ogden? 7 I know he's been very, very 8 and the Senator. interested in this issue. I've received some 9 personal correspondence from him asking us and 10 seeking some assistance from the Commission. 11 That's part of the reason why we're down here 12 today. And we look forward to working with him and 13 you and the office as we determine the best 14 resolution for the issue. Thanks again. 15 MR. BECK: Doris Shearer. 16 17 THEREUPON. DORIS SHEARER 18 was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens 19 of the State of Florida and, having been duly 20 21

sworn, testified as follows:

WITHESS SHEARER: Good morning. Thank you for giving me the opportunity to speak. When I first read about this in the newspaper --

> CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Ma'am, I apologize

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for cutting you off. They're going to get the microphone down so we can make sure and hear you.

WITHESS SHEARER: Okay. Yeah, I'm not very tall.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: And there was one other thing that I forgot to announce. If you could state your name and address for the record, that would be helpful.

WITNESS SHEARER: My name is Doris
Shearer, as I was called when I came up here. My
address is 6940 13th Avenue North in
St. Petersburg. I've lived in that house since
1969.

Pirst I'd like to respond to some of the points that GTE made. They said that the overlay makes sense. Their own arguments show that it doesn't make sense. In three to five years they want to impose -- they said they'll have to split again and we'll have four different area codes in this geographical area. That just doesn't make sense. Besides the point that this gentleman made about dialing your neighbor across the street.

I don't trust statistics. Statistics and random sampling of customers can be skewed. And I certainly would like to see complete details of any

surveys that were done. I just don't believe it.

I don't believe the statistics.

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Mow, some of the notes that I wanted to make, some of the arguments that I wanted to make against this plan. Physically Pinellas County is separate. Pinellas County is I think, the last I read, was the most densely populated county in the State of Florida.

Pinellas County is not growing, other than additional lines for computers or cell phones, and that certainly can't be very much because our population is maxed out in Pinellas County. It makes sense to geographically split Pinellas County from Pasco and Hillsborough County.

need three additional area codes within five years, why not split Pinellas County, Pasco County, and Hillsborough County now, giving each one its own separate area code. In that way everybody, yes, may have to change their telephone number, but it will be done once, and people will not have to be inconvenienced every single day, every time they use the telephone.

Businesses constantly have to reorder stationery. Stationery gets used up. The

te'ephone book comes out once a year. Telephone numbers will be corrected and changed in the Yellow Pages if it's necessary. Why inconvenience over a million people every single time they use the telephone? Especially when in five years what are you going to do, have four area codes in this geographical area? It doesn't make sense. Especially for Pinellas County where there is not going to be that much growth.

If you will give me a minute, let me review my points and see if I have made everything.

I have a question because I'm not an engineer and because I don't trust big business. Big business goes around saying that they are going to help the public. I want to know how much inconvenience is it for GTE to physically split the area into separate area codes? Is it that it's just going to be a big, big hassle for GTE? It will certainly be more convenient for the customers.

And I think that that -- that covers all the arguments I make. But, oh, one final thing. When I came in, I asked about -- because I read -- I read the handout that was given to me. And it said something about no formal petition has been

1 made to the PSC. And I asked, How does one make a 2 formal petition to the PSC? And I was told all you 3 have to do is write a letter. Well, when I first read about this plan 5 back in October or September when it first was in 6 the St. Pete Times, the first thing I did was call 7 and write a letter. And I never got an answer. So I think that the Public Service 8 9 Commission should ask hard questions of GTE, what 10 kind of statistics, see that -- see if Pinellas 11 County isn't separate because of the growth 12 factors. It just doesn't make sense. Thank you 13 very much. CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you, ma'am. 14 15 And did you say Shearer was the last name? WITNESS SHEARER: 16 S-H-R-A-R-R-R.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Shearer.

WITNESS SHEARER: Shearer. Dorie B.

Shearer, yes.

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CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Yes, Ms. Shearer, a couple things. We'll try to follow up on the correspondence that you sent to the Commission to determine what happened.

WITHESS SHEARER: Well, it doesn't I can write another letter, and I'm here matter.

today, so --

being here today, but I do want to follow up on that because at least I think Mr. Campbell stated that he had also sent some correspondence to the Commission and there may be others in the audience, and we -- we do have a policy of responding, and to the extent that this information that you provided would constitute an official petition, then we need to be able to react to that in a manner that is proper and legal. So I apologize for not responding to you in a timely manner, but we'll make sure and try and stay on top of that.

To your other questions, perhaps GTE can respond to the question of I think one of her suggestions was why not go ahead and have separate area codes now.

PROM THE AUDIENCE: Why don't we wait until everybody has their say.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Do you want -- do you want those handled at the end?

PROM THE AUDIENCE: Yeah.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: All of the questions addressed at the end? That would be fine too. The next witness then.

MR. BECK: Herbert Lyon.

THEREUPON,

## HERBERT LYON

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

WITNESS LYON: My name is Herbert Lyon, L-Y-O-N, 3233 West Pair Oaks Avenue in Tampa, Florida. I'm a retired registered professional engineer, electrical. I have worked in numbering plans with the military, so I understand some of the issues. And I also developed a scheme for approving of numbering plans.

pirst I'd like to challenge GTE's comments. The woman that presented said that if we go to a split, one million people would change their numbers. I don't think GTE is going to do that. I think GTE is going to change their area code, not their numbers. So I want the Commission to be aware that they're not going to change numbers.

Secondly, they said in their press
briefing that they made it with preliminary plan,
so on, so forth. The press releases I saw or the
press articles that I saw in the paper said it was

a done deal. The public has been told this is the way it's going to be and that's the way it's going to be.

normal 7 digits.

Now let's go down to their survey. I requested a copy of their survey. And as I think everybody is aware, surveys can be skewed. The way you ask the questions can be skewed to get any results you want. And that's what they did with this survey. They buried the fact that every number you had to dial would be 10 digits. That was buried in the survey. I have a copy of the survey. Does the PSC have a copy of that?

my only copy. I could give it to you. But in here the fact just if you look at just the one thing, when they state this, the Option 2, I will just read one short paragraph here. Their second point in Option 2 is all local and extended calling service area calls including those to cellular phones and pagers would require 10 digits, plus

The staff does.

I have a -- it's

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON:

WITHESS LYON: Okay.

That's the second one, but people blank out as soon as they star' getting all of that information. They didn't come right out and say

it's going to be 10-digit dialing for everything. It's skewed. It's down in there. And that's the way this whole survey is laid out.

I defy the Public Service Commission to go to 20 of their people on their staff, secretaries, people who are not versed in these type of things, read this survey to them and have them come out and tell you at the end that they really understood that every call had to have 10-digit dialing, and you'll find that a number of them won't.

So this survey, as far as I'm concerned, is totally invalid. So don't make any -- as far as I'm concerned, you shouldn't make any sense of it at all. Just forget everything they said about the survey.

Okay. Why don't we want to go to 10-digit dialing? People understand a geographical split. We've been doing it for years. This state used to have just four or five area codes. When we went to a new area code, people understood. When we broke off Sarasota, they understand there's a new thing. Their call didn't go through, they can look in the phone book and they can see, oh, that's a new area code. And once they've got in their

mind that, yeah, Sarasota is a new area code, then they can look it up when they need it.

People don't understand overlay dialing.

People from out of the area don't understand that

we have an overlay dialing plan here, and they look
in their phone book or they look on a chart that

says, oh, that's \$13, but it isn't anymore. It's

\$13 or 727 or 654 or whatever numbers you want. So

people don't understand overlay dialing. Now, they

may in the future, but they don't now.

Let's look at the cost. What does this cost us in product? And I figured if just assume one call per day per person, approximately 2 million people in the area, and say it adds one second. So I dial 813. That's about one second. That doesn't include time for look-up, it doesn't other things, but just assume one second per call.

And assume that the people's time has some value. I know GTE doesn't believe that. But people's time has value. And let's assume at the minimum wage of \$5.50 an hour. That's \$1.1 million a year that it costs this economy if people make one call a day. If you make 10 calls a day, it's \$10 million a day.

Now, this doesn't include look-up time.

This is just the physical act of dialing costing this community say for round numbers 5 to \$10 million a year. GTE doesn't care about that.

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Okay. The second split that's proposed if they go to an area code, they say they're going to have to go to four digits or four area codes, splits Tampa in two. The city of Tampa gets split in two, according to their chart. The people out in new Tampa are going to have a different area code from the people in south Tampa. That doesn't make sense. And Temple -- Temple Terrace/Tampa is an integrated area, and we don't need to split it up.

Okay. Ask GTE are they effectively using the numbers that they have in the current area code. Every telephone booth has a number they have assigned to it. You can't call that number. You can't return a call to a telephone booth. That's essentially been outlawed. So why do we have a number on telephone booths? You can put an identifying symbol on it. You're using up numbers.

You've got Centrax numbers in this area.

I'll give you an example, a very specific example.

Sperry was out here. They had 1,500 people. They had two -- 572, 2,000 and 3,000 series were

assigned to their Centrax. Now they've got 150 people. And I'll bet you the 2,000 numbers are still used out there. They've probably got 100 lines and 150 people. Are we effectively using the numbers we've got? Probably not.

Let's look at the cost to human. The representative of the Legislature here told you its effect the old people and the less well-educated. People understand area code splits. They don't understand overlays. And we have a lot of older people in this area, we have a lot of not well-educated people in this area who need to understand how to dial the telephone.

Also look at the tourists, the impact on the tourists. A tourist comes to this area, and he is used to a standard area code. He goes to a hotel and he tries to dial a restaurant. He doesn't know that he has to dial the area code first.

So we've got a situation here where we've got a huge number of people who are using telephones in this area that will not understand this. And just the physical act of dialing a phone by an old person, of having to dial three more digits and remember those things.

What about safety? You've heard recently about all the problems regarding people using their cellular phone in their car. Three more digits is three more -- assume the one second again. That's one more second they have an accident while they are trying to dial while they're driving. They aren't supposed to be doing it, but they are doing it.

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Mow, let's look at why does GTE want this? GTE wants this. There's got to be a reason. It's not that -- they do the toll dialing in the area here. I have good friends up in New Port Richey that I have grown apart from because of the cost of making a call up there.

It's terrible what they charge for calls between Tampa and New Port Richey. It's way more than I can call California, I can call anyplace in the country. In fact, I can call Puerto Rico cheaper than I can call New Port Richey. And this will cover up the fact that it's a long distance call.

We've got a big bunch of confusion here. First you were told you had to dial 1 for any toll call or any ECS call. Now we're told they're not going to do that. Are we going to dial 1 up to

Pasco Jounty or aren't we? We don't know.

So GTE has always chased at the bit about the fact that this is a metropolitan area and they want to get the maximum revenue they can out of this area. Long, long since has passed the time that we should have to pay 25 cents to call from Tampa to St. Petersburg. This is a metropolitan area, and we need to have free calling throughout the area. And we need to get rid of this huge cost to dial out to the fringes of the area.

All right. I would like to now informally -- I know I can only do it informally -- request a formal hearing on this before the PSC.

And I will do so in writing later, but I would like to request a formal hearing. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you, sir.

MR. BECK: Shelley Manes.

THEREUPON,

## SHELLEY MANES

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Plorida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

WITNESS MANES: My name is Shelley
Manes. My address is 1059 16th Avenue North in
St. Petersburg. I've never done anything like this

befo s or appeared at any kind of hearing, but I think it's a great example of participatory democracy, and I appreciate the opportunity to get my two cents' worth in.

I am opposed to the overlay plan. And I've heard three reasons in the media about this issue that are reasons why it's a better solution to the inevitable need to add an area code, at least one, possibly more to this region. And I accept that inevitability. It's not so much that I'm opposed to 10-digit dialing. It's which 10 digits do I start with to make a call.

One of the first reasons I've heard that the overlay plan is a better solution is that a split area code solution requires businesses to have to reprint so much of their stationery and materials and so forth. Well, my answer to that is businesses have to reprint that stuff frequently anyway for, you know, business cards, people's titles change, new employees are added, you run out, you have to go back to press with it.

And in the interim period where you're using material that has an inaccurate phone number or an old area code or something, you have a perfect opportunity built into your handing your

business and or writing a letter to say by the way, please take note of our new area code or our new number, and this is a reflection of our continued phenomenal growth.

It's an opportunity to actually plug yourself, your business, and your area while you're just passing some relevant information, you know, about our stationery needs to be reprinted but in the meantime. That's an easy solution that solves a lot of people's problems to that issue.

The point has been made in favor of the overlay plan that a split plan divides the region further. And to me that is just an emotional argument and not substantive at all. I'm a native of St. Petersburg, born and raised here. My business is physically located in Tamps. I serve customers all over the west central area of Florida and beyond.

And I can tell you that there is so much more going on that joins rather than divides in any way this region. There's with regard to media, business and tourism development, sports, education, health care. Any aspect of life there's a lot more that unifies the area than divides it.

And so if we have to have additional area codes

somehow, splitting us regionally by numbers is not a negative, in my opinion.

The case has been made in a general way people will catch on to the overlay system. Maybe it's more complicated, but they will catch on. My point to this is they will catch on much faster if there is some logic to whatever new system is introduced.

Already the 3-digit prefix of a 7-digit number can help someone identify the general area of a business or be a tool to help remember that phone number. I'm an outside salesperson. I make hundreds of phone calls a week without the aid of a directory, just by memory, because there's a logical way to learn a lot of the phone numbers that I use.

I can learn or figure out an area code also if it's geographically based. I know that, you know, that boundary, that road, that river, that county line, that means their area code is XYZ, but I don't know how I would figure that out or recall it if it's just a random, you know, is that a new line or an old line? Which area code is it going to be? How would you know that about a business or even a personal friend to recall or

learn their phone number?

Under this new system too if I do dial a number that I select the wrong area code for, I believe I would be likely to connect, or maybe not, you know, I might get somebody who's at the wrong number, and I won't know if I've misdialed one of the 7 digits or if I picked the wrong area code to try.

I see having to turn to directory
assistance at whatever cost per call that is. And
I don't even know that GTE makes that money. I
don't even know. But I just see having to go to
directory assistance over and over again to make
the hundreds of calls that I make a week. And I
don't see -- that's a big downer to me.

In response to some of the information that you gave us today, I'd like to back up some of the points in opposition to that. If the overlay presents a longer term solution and splitting us geographically two or three ways right now just means we have to do that all over again in a couple of years, do it now. Split us into five or six regions and make us dial 10 digits.

We're going to have -- it sounds like we have to dial 10 digits no matter what if we're

going to add -- you know, after a certain point to add more lines, everybody's got to dial 10-digits. Fine. Get us started on it now with room to grow, because the growth isn't going to stop.

And I also wanted to make the point that the 10-digit dialing is a drawback to both plans, if I understand it clearly, and I'm not sure that that -- I don't know if it was positioned as equally a drawback in the survey explanation. It didn't come across that way here, but it is. It's there in both plans, and it's a drawback in both plans. So that's something that the public is just going to have to get over. I guess that's the case.

Two of your charts from the survey showed big, very impactful differences, the businesses preferring the overlay plan by 75 percent, and you acknowledge that some of that opinion comes from businesses' understanding of the economic impact of having to reprint things or lost business by people who they don't hear from all the time don't know how to reach them anymore because some time has passed.

As a business person and as a consumer, I have to say if a company feels like a new area code

is an evenue for losing some business, that's just lame. You know, you have to keep in touch with your customers on an outgoing basis, and that's got to be a very small part of the thought process about that opinion. And, you know, somebody might try to reach me and not know how to anymore because I have a new area code. That's going to be the case whether it's split or overlay also. It's something that's going to have to be addressed in either solution.

Those are my points. Thank you again for the opportunity to speak.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you, Ms. Manes.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Excuse me,

Me. Manes.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: I think there was a question for you.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: You indicated you have a business, and anyone else who'd like to add this. I haven't heard much about communities of interest. What are the most places that you call and receive calls from?

witness manes: In my mind and in reality, the entire west coast region, Tampa, St. Pete, Clearwater, all of Pasco County,

Sarasota, Bradenton, Plant City. I mean, I have customers in that whole circular region who call me and who I call back and fax to and page and so forth continuously over the course of a week.

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plant is in Tampa. My home is in St. Pete. I'm i my car most of the time, or from my office making these calls or working from home occasionally. So if I have to dial 10 digits no matter where I'm calling, I can deal with that if there's a logical way for me to get to. Now, what is -- what's the area code for who I'm calling? And if the answer -- if the logical answer to that is, well, did they get their phone line that I'm trying to call after October 1998, how do I know that, you know? That's just going to be hard to know.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: I did have a question for you. And I should have asked this of the other customers that have testified. You did state that to the extent that we're just going to keep needing new area codes, maybe we should try to split up the regions new. But what would be your -- what is your preference? I know you're saying that you don't like the overlay, but what is your

preference?

withess manes: If we could split it geographically and do it in a manner that would last 10 years instead of three, I would prefer that.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: So you would be willing to change -- if you had to change your area code, go shead and change it now for it to last a longer time.

witness manes: That's right. If we can see that train coming, let's get out of the way.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: One of the issues that I know GTE will face and the Commission will face too is the North American Numbering Council, and I think GTE referred to the FCC, there's a general policy, I'm not sure if it's been codified into rule yet, but they are -- there's a policy that is -- that frowns upon states using up too many area codes.

And it's been a nationwide problem because since every state seeing this problem, they're trying to get area codes for each of their communities. And so the national organization, they're saying we're going to run out of area codes forever, you know, so it's going to be a very,

very -- it could be a bigger problem because it will be an issue of we don't even have those three numbers.

So they asked us to use caution and be very conservative in distributing numbers. And then maybe Mr. Greer may be able to provide some more light on that. They were thinking about even codifying it and making it a requirement that states only be able to use so many area codes at a time because states were starting to grab up to take care of their citizens in a manner that the --from a federal perspective, may be seen as selfish but from our perspective seems to make all the sense in the world.

Mr. Greer, has there been any more comments or discussions on that issue?

MR. GREER: The policy is probably going to get adopted by the FCC as a rule, if you will, in some future rule proceeding. Essentially the policy is that you don't -- you can't have a difference of more than 15 years with area codes. And as she -- as the Chairman indicated, area codes altogether are predicted to exhaust in 2025. And that keeps dropping about 10 years every year because of the need for new numbers.

And what would happen if that happened is you would have to increase either to 4-digit area codes or 4-digit other numbers in the telephone number. And that requires a considerable amount of cost associated with reprogramming all the switches that now have -- look at 3 digits, as you can know when if you have computers, when you change from 3 to 4, you've got to go in and do all those things. And that would have to be across the country.

But there are -- there is -- the national industry is looking at a solution to running out of area codes totally, I mean, so it's in the works.

WITHESS MANES: That's interesting.

That's the first I've heard of that issue, but it makes sense. It also makes sense to look at where the population growth is and give the area codes to these areas. And, you know, Florida is at the top of the list.

About the 4 digit, whether the area codes become 4 digit or the prefixes, you know, phone numbers are now 8 digits or whatever. You know, if there's a way to figure it out and make a buck off of it, somebody will. The whole millenium computer, you know, the 00 date, that's been resolved and everybody is jumping on the bandwagon

there, and I'm sure by 2023 or whenever we need to, 1 2 we could adopt that system as well. 3 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you for your testimony. 5 MR. BECK: Stuart Rogel. 6 THEREUPOM, 7 STUART ROGEL 8 was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens 9 of the State of Florida and, having been duly 10 sworn, testified as follows: 11 WITHESS ROGEL: Good morning, Madam 12 Chairperson and Commissioner and staff. Thank you 13 for being here today. My name is Stuart Rogel, and 14 **My --**15 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Could you spell your 16 last name, please. 17 WITNESS ROGEL: Yes. It's R-O-G-E-L. 18 And my address is 4300 West Cypress Street in Tampa, Plorida. 19 20 I am the executive director of the Tampa 21 Bay Partnership, and we are a business or an 22 organization that is charged with marketing and 23 promoting the seven counties in the Tampa Bay 24 region. And our job is to let the world know about

Tampa Bay particularly from an economic development

25

or a business attraction perspective. So I bring that viewpoint to this -- these discussions today.

B

I'd like to make some points about the changes that GTE has proposed and the overlay sone. And I guess I take a little bit of a contrarian view from the speakers who preceded me in that I actually see some advantages and opportunities to looking at the overlay versus splitting up our region.

First of all, as a small -- really a small business owner, an organization that is charged with promoting the region, I see this as a cost savings to us immediately in implementing an overlay zone. There has been discussion about how easy it is to change your business materials and your business cards and communicate a change to an area code, but quite frankly, that does have -- would have a cost specifically to our business.

We've tallied up that we have about \$300,000 in materials that we send out to people, talking about this region. Those are materials that have to be paid for and that are in stock and will be used until they are exhausted. If we have to change the area code number -- and I've done this before when we actually moved our business

from one location to another -- when we have to make a change to that, it was very costly and very time-consuming and, quite frankly, confusing to our businesses who we work with throughout the country.

B

So I see this as actually a significant cost to my business. And that will impact the five people that we hire. We are a small business. We are not a big business. We work very tightly at the margins. And costs like this can be considerable to the employees of our organization.

clarification as someone who works in seven counties and dials a lot of numbers and a lot of area codes. When you start thinking about you always have to dial 10 digits, you don't have to begin to think about whether or not you have to dial 7 or 10 digits. So I think it actually will clarify things. And people will figure out that you have to give 10 numbers not 7 numbers when you're telling somebody what your phone number is. So I think that will be an improvement to our ability to deal as a region and to communicate as a region to people that we want to talk to.

This is about change, and I understand it. My business is about change. And we're

changing the way people think about the Tampa Bay region. And I understand that change is hard. I have to deal with it every day. But I think, again, I think we can be on the cutting edge of what's happening around this state and around the country.

The example of Miami and I understand Atlanta and other large growing metropolitan areas are going to this kind of overlay, and eventually we're going to have to move to larger digits. And as a growing community and as a state that I think likes to think of itself as progressive, it will require some rethinking, but we can be on the edge of a change that's inevitably coming if we work on this today.

So I think that is something that actually we can use in our business to promote this region and to talk about how we are a growing community if we demonstrate how we've dealt with a problem that is worldwide in the telecommunications industry.

Finally, I'd just like to state -- and it may be an emotional response, as the speaker before me indicated, but we work very hard to promote the seven counties in the Tampa Bay region in the west

central Florida as a distinct market.

and I think that GTE's decision to not split this market up but recognizing, as the Tampa Bay Partnership has recognized, that this is a market area from a business standpoint and hopefully from a community standpoint, and all we can do either realistically or symbolically to grow that community together is a very, very important point that we can't understate.

There are people in this community working very hard to bridge the Bay to unite the communities and the counties around this area, Pasco and Pinellas and Hillsborough as well as other counties as well. And anything we can do to continue to provide that bridging is very, very important for a whole variety of business and economic development reasons.

and from my perspective, this overlay some does actually provide another \_portunity to continue to bridge the Bay. And so I find it interesting that GTE independently has taken that position and that's a position that our organisation, which does represent businesses and individuals and organisations and governments from around the seven-county region, a position that

we're working very hard to strive.
So with that, those are

So with that, those are my comments, and I understand I am taking a contrarian view today to the speakers before me, but I hope I add a different perspective to this discussion. I thank you for your opportunity today.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you. Any questions? Thank you, sir.

MR. BECK: Mort Bone Steel.
THEREUPON,

## MORT BONE STEEL

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

WITNESS BONE STEEL: My name is Mort Bone Steel, and I'm glad to be before you today, Ms. Johnson and GTE. I feel sorry for the people in the back. All you can see is the back end of the speakers.

Before I start what I had prepared here is I wanted to talk something about business. We just had a businessman up here, but I've talked to some businessmen, and they kind of take affront at the fact that some of their employees in one company will have one area code and some employees

in the same building will have another area code. So I dan't get much positive response to that.

I'd like to say I live -- I didn't give my address. It's 378 Steeple Chase Lane in Palm Harbor.

and we're kind of a close-knit group of 18 families. We know each other pretty well. And one-third of us are renters. And renters are the type of people that naturally have to change phone numbers because when somebody else moves in, there's a new number. So when these new people move in to our cul-de-sac, we're going to have different area codes due to this overlay system. And I kind of wonder what Mr. Daks of GTE really thinks he is doing to us in this case.

And along the line of about the concern of the GTE for the regular people like us, I brought my phone book along today because I want to make a point of something. I call this my microscopic phone book of the letters in this book. They are microscopic. And also I want to ask again why Mr. Daks of GTE would put out a book like this.

Did you know that the print in these

phone books is less than one-half the size of the St. Pete Times? And some people complain about the Times, but it's one-half. And since last year in Pinellas County, they have reduced the size of our print 20 percent in height.

B

So we have a lot of senior citizens, as you know, in Pinellas and Pasco counties. And makes me feel when I see this phone book with this print -- you can all see it. Some of you don't live here. Does GTE really have a concern for all the people of the community. And especially, I mean, the senior citizens.

Unfortunately, senior eyesight is not as good as younger eyes. In fact, many of our seniors can now barely dial 7 numbers. Now, I myself have a cataract problem. And when I look at the 7 digits, the middle digits of the 7 are very fuzzy to me. So I'm going to have to go this year and have Dr. Gills up in New Port Richey for a cataract operation. But just think if I had to look up with the eyesight with cataracts, what if I had to look up 10 digits. And like I said, unfortunately, everybody does get a little older.

The Pinellas County citizens are disgusted with this forced overlay punishment on

our people. But I think one thing that as I've been distening today, why can the people of the Los Angeles area with 14 billion people -- million people, 14 million people, handle this problem so easily? We only have I million people. And so why can't Mr. Daks of GTE solve this problem for us in a less painfully method.

And Ms. Johnson, we hope that the -- you know that the people are here today. This is not a contest between Pinellas County and Hillsborough County who gets to keep the \$13 and who has to take -- who has to take the new area code of 727 or something like that. It's not that type of contest. Because we here in Pinellas would be more than willing to change our area code if it will help the problem.

What we do want is to be able to dial 7 digits like the rest of the United States. Nobody would like to live in a dictatorship, but that's exactly what's happening to Pinellas, Pasco and Hillsborough Counties thanks to GTE.

In a democracy we are able to come before the Public Service Commission today and tell -- say what our plan is and what we want. And we hope the Public Service Commission will listen to our ideas. No 10-digit numbers and no overlay.

We do hope that -- it doesn't look it today that there's been any preconceived connection between the Public Service Commission and that, but sometimes the citizen feels -- and like the way we get the idea is we watch a TV broadcast about this. They say it's already done. So if the TV tells us it's already a fixed thing, it sounds like there's collusion. I don't know, but that's just the way it sounds to us, and we don't like that.

And I also want to thank Senator Jack
Latvala for taking an interest in this. He's put
his name on the line. And that's something in this
day and age in politics. And also I'd like to
thank the St. Pete Times. They've given us the
only information that we've gotten on this. So
thank you very much.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you.

MR. BECK: James Webber.

THEREUPON,

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## JAMES WEBBER

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

WITHESS WEBBER: Good morning, Chairman

Johnson, members of GTE. My name is James Webber, W-E-B-E-R, a resident at 2498 Bentley Drive in Palm Harbor. I appreciate this opportunity to voice objections to GTE's proposed overlay of a second area code upon our community.

I won't repeat the revelations already described of the bad effects the GTE proposal would create. I certainly do subscribe to them. And I would add emphasis to our community's cry. No 10-digit phone numbers to be permitted.

GTE's proposal to overlay a second area code is, in my experience, just another example of the deterioration, probably not intentional, of GTE service. Let me give you an example. Just last Monday when I had a postal delivery problem, I referred to my GTE phone directory, only to find that the Palm Harbor post office is no longer listed.

So I called information, which gave me an 800 number to call, which I did, after being redirected to dial 1-800. And so I got the postal service multi-option service line. All I got, however, after choosing the appropriate option and entering my ZIP code, all I got was a busy signal at central, not at Palm Harbor. Not surprising.

Hundreds of callers might be expected to call the post of central number serving the entire USA.

The point? What's happening to GTE service? Why eliminate my town's post office from its directory? Now GTE wants to overlay our network with an additional area code. Well, we don't want to get overlaid. We don't want to get laid by GTE. There must be another way. Maybe the split is it. Thank you.

MR. BECK: Bill Zinzow.

THEREUPON,

S

## BILL ZINZOW

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

WITNESS ZINZOW: Commissioner Johnson, GTE representatives. My name is Bill Zinzow, Z-I-N-Z-O-W, 27-year resident of Clearwater.

Annapolis. Unfortunately, they've gone to 10 digits up there. And I tell you, you talk about a bunch of tourists coming into this area and being confronted like I was trying to find out how to use the telephone. I felt like a kid just learning how to use a new toy. It was absolutely ridiculous.

And the matter of fact is that the people in the area feel just as I did coming in as a tourist. It creates a tremendous amount of confusion. And so I certainly do object to the overlay system as you are proposing.

We have about what, 250 million people in the United States? I'm not a statistician, and I know that there are certainly going to be some arguments about the technology of the numbering system. But with 250 million people in the United States, every one of us have a social security number consisting of nine numbers. Why can't some numbering system be developed to certainly limit us to 7 digits. Geographical area of Manhattan is still using 7 digits. I haven't heard any proposal to change that, and certainly their population far exceeds that of ours, as has been pointed out by Los Angeles.

Again, I'm very much opposed to the proposed overlay plan, and I would hope that we would have a formal hearing established by the Commission. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you.

MR. BECK: Robert Rehmer.

THEREUPON.

ROBERT REHMER

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Could you spell your last name also.

WITNESS REHMER: I'd be more than happy to. I'm Bob R-E-H-M-E-R. That's Rehmer. I live at 11950 68th Street in Largo.

Came here in 1956. At that time the area was served by Peninsula Telephone, and we had 5 digits to utilize. We had to get used to the 7-digit numbers shortly after I came here. I'm not a native. We do have a native that's already spoke. So I can't really say I'm a semi-native because they don't like to use that term either.

But I'm 53 years old, and about another 40 years from now I'll be a senior citizen. And even now I have a difficult time using a telephone directory as alluded to earlier. The print has gotten smaller so they can put more names and phone numbers in each page of the directory.

Therefore, by having an overlay system, not only will I have to use my glasses more often and probably perhaps even get a stronger

prescription to be able to remember to look to make sure that when I pick up my local directory, I'm not looking for a 7-digit number but I'm going to have to make sure that I have the right area code as well.

It's so much easier to just have the local directory showing the area code as being for that particular geographic area, being whether it be Hillsborough, Pinellas County or Pasco. If a directory has a number listed for a different area code for a particular business or residence, that 10-digit number would certainly stand out in that line of the name of the business or the person that has the out-of-area phone number.

The confusion would be lessened, I believe, by having the geographic area of the county lines being the area that would be designated for that boundary designation. And I think it's only fair that the area code 813 be given to Hillsborough County only because of the fact that they were here and Pinellas County was spun off about 70 years ago.

And, of course, the -- I'm sorry, the 727 prefix would go to Pinellas County and parts of Pasco if that's what the North American Numbering

Council dictates for the upcoming four to five years before that area would be spun off again. 2 Thank you very much for your time. 3 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you. 4 5 MR. BECK: David Campbell. 6 THEREUPON. DAVID CAMPBELL 7 was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens B of the State of Plorida and, having been duly 9 sworn, testified as follows: 10 WITNESS CAMPBELL: Good morning still. 11 My name is David Campbell. I live at 2310 Minneola 12 in Clearwater. Florida. 13 I have a preface to what I'm about to say 14 by way of an ax to grind about our monopoly GTE. 15 Several years ago they came to town and wanted this 16 extended calling service area. And I got up and 17 spoke about it and said it's a great idea, but I 18 don't like the idea of removing the 1, the required 19 1 to make the ECS call, because you are stealing 20

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22

23

24

25

call an ECS call.

We're a local area. We watch TV. Because they numbers on the TV screen to call. dropped the 1, when we call those numbers, we do

from me my protection from me of knowing when I

not know whether we're calling BCS or whether we're calling Clearwater or St. Pete or wherever. As a result, we're racking up 25-cent calls right and left.

: 3

Everybody in the whole area is doing this, and they don't know it, and it's not being itemised on the bill. I think that's robbery.

I've screamed about it time and time and time again, and nothing has ever been done about it.

Today people are making these calls, they don't know they're making them. They are getting billed. They don't know they're getting billed. They get a \$4.75 charge for ECS calls to Tampa buried in along with all the other lines of taxes so they don't even see that. They just see that they have a horribly big bill. Well, that's my background. And that's why I don't trust GTE.

Then they come up with this announcement we're going to have an overlay plan. We're doing it for the betterment for the good of the people. And as a result of this, we are going to put back in the 1-plus to get an ECS call. I thought, I hate this overlay plan, but if we can get that 1 back and let me have control over whether I make an ECS call knowingly or not, it might just be worth

accepting overlay plan.

This morning I find out that was a lie.

All this confidence of this GTE formal official announcement that they were going to put the 1 back is a lie. And they didn't bother to tell anybody in the press. So I'm glad I didn't succumb to being apathetic and stay home and say, hey, I'm going to get that 1 back and then find out I'm not.

Anyway, on this display that GTE made this morning, I would like to, if I could, go through those slides on the pros and the cons. I totally disagree with that presentation. I think it was biased. I think it was slanted in an unfair way taking advantage of the public.

There were a lot of the disadvantages on there that were wrong. They were distorted. There were a lot of advantages on the other side that were distorted. And I can't remember all the things that were on there without going through the slides. I'd like to either do that now or later.

CHAIRMAN JOHMSON: I think we could put them up real quickly, if we can find them there.

WITNESS CAMPBELL: While he's putting that up, I'd like to discuss the fact that the sole reason for the overlay plan that either GTE or

anybody else can come up with is for a unified Tan a Bay area.

We are going to force everybody
everywhere every call that they ever make to dial
10 digits so that this tiny interest of the Tampa
Bay unified area will be protected. It just does
not make any sense. I'm all for a united and
unified Tampa Bay area but not at all costs. I
think that's stupid.

10 digits -- let's see. Geographic split.

MR. GREER: Which one do you want to

Geographic split advantages. 10-digit dialing only required when area codes differ. I like this because this is the way we're used to it. Sarasot. split off a couple years ago, and I have no trouble remembering the area code of virtually everybody that lives in Sarasota, everybody in Venice, everybody everywhere. I don't have any problem. I just all I need is the 7-digit number.

New additional line will always have the same area code as -- I have no problem with that slide. That's beautiful. It's business as usual

on that one. That's the only choice, come to think of it

Geographical split disadvantages.

Requires number changes for many customers. It

doesn't require a single number change for any

customer. At best, it requires an area code change

for half of the customers, either Hillsborough or

for Pinellas.

And they're going to say that this is a disadvantage because it requires half the people to change, the advantage is everybody has to change. Well, that's malarkey. That's baloney. This is not a disadvantage. That doesn't belong on that paper. Am I making any sense at all?

It requires a number change for many customers. That's the disadvantage of a geographical split. So we go on the overlay and it requires changes for everybody. Everybody.

On that point, 90 percent of my phone calls, up to 100 percent of my phone calls, and I'll bet you everybody in this room as a resident as a private person makes a local call, a 7-digit number, to my friend down the street, to my friend two miles away. Everybody in the county I dial is a 7-digit number.

So when we go to the split, I still dial 90 procent of my calls with a 7-digit number. Well, that's an impact. And that's all of the half million people that don't change their area code. If I have to call the Tampa, it is not a disadvantage for me to dial 10 digits. I'm going to have to do that anyway on an area split.

Cell phones must be reprogrammed. This is a disadvantage of a split. That's not true. Cell phones don't have to be reprogrammed if we go to the geographical split. Every phone number I've got in my cell phone will stay the same if they split the area. It will not change. I will continue to dial 7 digits. I don't have to reprogram. I don't know where they come up with these disadvantages. That's not -- it's not fraud-free to put this up here.

10-digit dialing across the split. Well, of course. Of course. That's not a disadvantage because the alternative is a 10-digit dialing everywhere. So far we don't have any disadvantages on the split.

• No. 4. Affected customers must change their stationery, advertisements and so forth to reflect the new area code. If Hillsborough keeps

of all of the big business, all of the little business, all the mom and pops in Hillsborough? What will they change? All the people that don't have area codes on their stationery now that go to the overlay plan, what do they have to change? Everything. This stationery is a ruse. This stationery is a joke. Well, so we don't have any disadvantages on the geographical split.

Is GTE here? I don't know who GTE is.

Is there -- do you have a disadvantage to the split, a legitimate disadvantage?

MR. HARSHBARGER: If I may, when we talk about reprogramming cell phones, we're not talking about reprogramming the numbers you stored in the auto dialer. Burned into a ROM in the cell phone is the cell phone number. It's automatically transmitted when you go on line. And when you change area codes, that has to be reprogrammed, which means that you need to take it back to the supplier and have this done.

WITNESS CAMPBELL: But not everybody, only those people who change area codes.

MR. HARSHBARGER: That's correct.

WITHESS CAMPBELL: That's an advantage

1	with the split.
2	MR. HARSHBARGER: And that's exactly what
3	we re saying is that when you change it
4	WITHESS CAMPBELL: That's not a
5	disadvantage, it's an advantage.
6	MR. HARSHBARGER: No, the people that
7	change will have to go to the time and trouble of
8	having their
9	FROM THE AUDIENCE: One time.
10	MR. HARSHBARGER: I realize that.
11	WITNESS CAMPBELL: No, no, sir. If you
12	go to the overlay, everybody has to change their
13	cell phone.
14	MR. HARSHBARGER: No, no. No one
15	changes. New customers will get
16	WITNESS CAMPBELL: Okay.
17	MR. HARSHBARGER: with the new one, so
18	no one has to change it.
19	WITNESS CAMPBELL: And so half of the
20	people have to given this 50/50 split.
21	MR. HARSHBARGER: Right.
22	WITNESS CAMPBELL: And I would I would
23	like to suggest that the bulk of the cell phone
24	business is in Tampa and Hillsborough and not in
25	Pinellas. I don't know. I'm not in the business.

MR. GAMCARZ: It's almost equally split.

FROM THE AUDIENCE: They're

electronically programmed anyway.

WITNESS CAMPBELL: Okay. This is like trying to pick fly stuff out of papper, you know, as to whether this is a disadvantage. It is not a big deal.

MR. HARSHBARGER: Well, you know, we -if I can just say from experience at 941 because we
went through the 941 split two years ago, you know,
there was an enormous amount of customer concern
regarding the issues that we have up there. The
businesses that were forced to change their
letterhead stationery, catalogs, all this type of
thing, they perceived to be a substantial hardship.

a mountain out of a molehill. As far as the stationery that does have to be changed, let's say that Hillsborough kept the 813. Businesses that didn't have area codes on their stationery to begin with in either place, it has no problem anyway. But those that do, like the gentleman that was up here from Tampa Bay, the only person I've heard speak in favor of overlay, by the way, ever, from anybody I've talked to this since this was

discussed two years ago, you get stickers, take note of our new area code. You stick it on there and you mail it out. Big deal.

MR. HARSHBARGER: I'm just saying that from our experience this was perceived by the business community as a serious problem.

WITHESS CAMPBELL: Yes, sir. Thank you.

Can I see the next one? I shot this one
down pretty far except that one.

Overlay advantages. Oh, boy. This ought to even be better. Existing customers will not have to change their area code. Overlay advantages. I won't have to change my area code. Except for the fax line that I get in, I've got to tell people that -- I don't get any feel for that one. That doesn't mean anything to me if within weeks or months after this plan, overlay plan goes in, everybody has got area codes anyway and I've got to now suddenly start using my area code one different one for my fax machine, another one for my -- and so on.

Tampa Bay metropolitan area remains unified. Oh, boy. I like that one. Now that the cost of making every single phone call of everybody in Pinellas with a 10-digit call.

Long-term least disruptive solution. I don't agree. I don't agree. I don't agree. If you put two area codes in now, you come back and add a third one, add a fourth one, add a fifth one. We become babbling idiots on trying to remember what phone numbers people have.

Mort Bone Steel got up and showed the phone book. What he failed to or meant to mention, I'm sure, is that the print is squinty right now. And I don't know what the ratio is from 7 to 10, but if you decrease the print by that percentage, you make that phone book pretty tiny, and even for a young person, it's tough to read. That means that every phone listing has now not 7 digits but 10 digits on every line on every column on every page in the entire book. The book either increases by -- what's the ratio, 30 percent, or shrinks in print by 30 or both.

I'm seeing so many, many, many disadvantages of going to this overlay and so many advantages on keeping the split where everybody can remember the number that I don't see it as being -- I don't know why we're here.

Can I see the next one? Well, that's the bottom one is where it's all at. I can go take a

survey, scientific or otherwise. I can go down the street and ask every neighbor do you want to have to dial 10 digits. I won't get one single person.

As someone mentioned, the survey didn't include would you mind dialing 10 digits on every phone number.

The survey -- I don't want to get in trouble. I think I'm shead right now. How about the next slide.

MR. GREER: That's it.

WITHESS CAMPBELL: Okay. Thank you for the opportunity of bringing up the slides. I have some other notes, if I may.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Please.

withess campbell: If we went to the split, No. 1, we would maintain business as usual. We would do those things we've grown accustomed to. We would know the 7th, the 8th, 9th and 10th digit just by virtue of geographical area. That makes a lot sense.

If Hillsborough kept 813 and Pinellas got
727 and we ran down the road three years from now
and we were out of codes, we had to split again,
and it were just Pinellas and not Pinellas and
Pasco or whatever else, a logical division line

would be Ulmerton Road. Ulmerton northward would keep 727 and Ulmerton southward would keep whatever that. Then everybody would continue to dial 7 digits for 90 percent of their phone calls within their area. We as residents don't normally call outside of our area anyway.

Remembering the phone numbers becomes a problem. The phone book is a problem. I covered, ironically, most of this. On the North Atlantic Mumbering scheme you were talking about running out of numbers. Going to the overlay plan as opposed to intelligent management of the geographical split and manipulation of where the boundaries are, I see no advantage of going taking the overlay over the geographical split as far as maintaining numbers.

Where they could save numbers and where we're running out of numbers is not through the faxes and telephone pagers and the like. It's from competition. Each company gets an allotment of a minimum of 10,000 phone numbers. I don't know why it's a minimum of 10,000, but if you took those excesses because of this minimum of 10,000 instead of a minimum of one, you would gain -- nationwide you'd gain significant percentage of your available slots back.

That's something that's being 1 MR. GREER: worked on now, from 10,000 to 1,000. 2 WITNESS CAMPBELL: I don't know why it's 3 4 not 1,000. MR. GREER: Well, it requires what is 5 known as number portability so you can move 6 7 those --WITNESS CAMPBELL: Sure. 8 MR. GREER: -- from one place to the 9 And that's being implemented at this time 10 and --11 WITNESS CAMPBELL: 1,000 is just as nice 12 a pretty break as 10,000. And it would have a 13 serious impact on our number availability. 14 I think the overlying problem with this 15 overlay, our opposition here -- and you can hear 16 that 100 percent of the people who have spoken so 17 far are speaking against the overlay. No one is in 18 favor of it except for the Tampa Bay Unification 19 Project. 20 The reason more people haven't gotten up 21 and spoken about it is, one, it is a very difficult 22 issue for the individual to understand. 23 neighbor, Bill Zinsow, when I read about this that 24

Tampa was going to get the overlay, I called him up

and I explained to him, Bill, we can't stand this. And Bill said, If we've got to do it, we've got to do it. Wo understanding whatsoever of the impact of it. On May 8 we'll know the impact and then everybody will be up in arms, and it will be too late.

In the meantime Bill has understood more and more about what the significance is. It needs to be advertised in the fashion, the surveys need to be issued in the fashion that it includes 10-digit in the house. All the real disadvantages need to be plugged and told to the public. Above all, we need a public hearing or whatever it's called. I will send another letter asking for it. Thank you very much.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you,

Mr. Campbell.

MR. BECK: Tom Edwards.

THEREUPON,

## TOM EDWARDS

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

WITNESS EDWARDS: My name is Tom Edwards, and I'm a resident here in Pinellas County. I

appreciate you having this workshop for the Senator to bring this to the public forum. There is a couple questions I had. And I just had a minute to take a look at the survey. I just borrowed this gentleman's survey, and I had a couple questions that I hope GTE can answer.

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And in looking at the survey here, I see on Option 1 where they're talking about geographic-based area codes. And this is what I'm in favor of is having an area code. I was born and raised in Florida in St. Petersburg, and it was very easy to know your geographic areas. We only used to have three area codes for the entire state of Florida. And so if I wanted to make a phone call to Orlando or to Tallahassee, I knew what area code I had to use.

geographic-based area code, I think it would be much easier on the consumer to know that the same area code is used throughout Pinellas County, this particular one is used throughout Hillsborough County, and you have a third one for Pasco County. And I would advocate for the three different counties each to have an area code because we wouldn't want to go through the same procedure

again in three to five years because if we're running out of telephone area codes.

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But in the first option it says -- in the questions it says, Your telephone number would be changed to a new area code. They're telling the public your phone number is going to change. It's only going to happen to one-third of the people. If you kept the existing \$13, whether it be Pinellas or it be Hillsborough County, only one-third of the people are going to have their area code changed. So I'm sorry, two-thirds are going to have it changed. So the way they phrased their question is not good.

questions, if you went shead and happened to want the geographic-based area code, they come back to it later on in the question, ask Question No. 16.

Let's assume because of continued increases in the volume of telephone numbers needed in area code that more new area codes will be needed, and this is stressed. They have it written in the document in parentheses, stress. Will be needed every three to five years. This means that your area code will be divided into smaller and smaller areas. You may then have to change area codes every three to five

years. Based on this assumption, would your preference change.

And, again, it's how the questions are worded and how the emphasis is put on the particular question as to how they can have their survey results. I don't think that the questionnaire the way they wrote it was as accurate as they are portraying it in this forum right know.

I'm not going to go over some of the same issues. The couple first two speakers brought up some of the same points that I was going to bring up. One was the directory assistance cost. With the change in area codes if we went to an overlay, how many phone calls do we get free for directory assistance? I don't recall if it's three or six a month I think we get.

MS. MENARD: It's three.

witness abwards: It's three a month?

MS. MENARD: You can get two at one time.

withese edwards: So we get three a month. And this is going to add increased cost to the consumer because they will be using that service a lot more. If as one speaker brought out that if you misdial the number and now you've called someone that's in the ECS number because now

you've called Tampa because you dialed one number wrong, then you've been charged 25 cents. And how do you recover that cost?

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In reading some of the articles in the St. Pete Times, I saw that there were other cities that had looked at this overlay. I think Chicago and Atlanta were mentioned, but they also mentioned that it was soundly defeated I think in Chicago.

The public was against it up there. And, you know, I'd like to see some of those results from those surveys and why that happened, but we're not seeing that.

Again, the GTE brought up that 1 million numbers will be changed, and I agree with this one gentleman here that I believe it's just going to be the area codes that would be changed.

Pinellas County has between 850- and 900,000 population. Hillsborough has about a comparable number. So you're looking at about an even split there. Pasco County is a growing community and will probably reach that number in the next five to ten years. So I see it being as an equal division of area codes by going ahead and dividing it up with three area codes with those three counties in that fashion now.

1 That's the only points I have at this point. I don't want to duplicate some of the other 2 3 speak rs' points. Thank you. CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you, 5 Mr. Edwards. 6 MR. BECK: Peggy Arvanitas. 7 THEREUPON. B PEGGY ARVANITAS 9 was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens 10 of the State of Florida and, having been duly 11 sworn, testified as follows: 12 WITNESS ARVANITAS: I'm Peggy Arvanitas. 13 That's spelled A-R-V, as in victor, A-N-I-T-A-S. 14 First of all, I want to say that I'm a 15 realtor in Pinellas County. I'm a fourth 16 generation Pinellas Countian. My great grandmother 17 and greatgrandfather, Elra and Elsa Davis, were 18 married almost 60 years and lived in St. Petersburg 19 Florida off of 54th Avenue North. 20 My grandmother, Jean Nesmith, third 21 generation Republican, she was Mayor Goldner's 22 secretary, one of two women to register for jury 23 duty in Pinellas County. My mother did Police

Chief Mack Vines' English homework when he was in

Northeast, and they graduated together, and she was

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parole and probation for the State of Florida, Division of Corrections.

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Mow, I'm a realtor. I have moved to Clearwater, but I want to tell you -- I want to explain to you what people are trying to focus on, and they're not quite focusing on GTE. I am a service-related industry. As a realtor, I can't decide I will only show you property up to 6:00 p.m. and then I have to go home and feed my family; I will not show you homes on the weekend because it inconveniences me, because the commissions and the tremendous amount of money that the public perceives we realtors derive in commission, they want to see the service.

We have a Public Service Commission because the public -- they're acting as a liaison between the people, the public, and the monopolies and the oligopalies. It's nice, and I hear all this GTE tooting the overlay and they're talking about big business.

And I saw that cute little overlay map and noticed if they did the geographical split, were you going to give Hillsborough and Pasco County that 813 area code and give Pinellas County a new area code? Is that what I was

understanding? And how did you decide that Pinellas County, which I believe -- correct me if I'm w\_ong -- we have the greatest amount of telephone numbers, we have the greatest amount of population. We're densely populated, and so there is not a tremendous need for growth.

Why did you decide that Pinellas County would not keep the 813 area code and Hillsborough and Pesco would have? Was it because big business is in Tampa? Was it because when you did your study and all the -- you keep talking about these businesses that didn't want to have to use a different area code, these big businesses.

And then I have another concern. I worked at Nielsen Media Research for a short period of time, statistical analysis and samples. I was first cute job of asking people can they please have their little diary in their home, and that conversation took about three or four minutes.

Then if you stayed at Nielsen long enough, you went on to what they called coins. And that's where you had very, very lengthy conversations. You have a certain customer that wants to ask certain specific questions. So not only do you have, quote, unquote, this random

sample -- and their random sample of 900 is too small.

Okay. This random sample we talk about, you say that the statistics aren't skewed. Well, when you as a -- as a person dialing these coine, and I let these people know that qualifying question, hi, hello, and I want to talk to you about this conversation and I'm going to be talking to you for 10 to 20 minutes. Most people will disqualify themselves and hang up.

Because what they were doing the research on was on phone usage. And if I'm making a lot of money on the phone and I'm a realtor on the phone, and most of them do call me and want to do -- they want to talk to me about a study, I say excuse me, I'm busy on the phone, I'm making money on the phone, excuse me, click.

And if I'm Grandma and Grandpa, and Grandma is about to give Grandpa his medicine, she's sorry, she can't chitchat on the phone. She has things to do. And if Ma and Pa Jones and their 1.6 children are busy, she does not have time to sit on the phone and chitchat with you for 20 minutes.

So I know that you feel that you selected

900 people of a random selection of a Pinellas County and Hillsborough and Pasco and they issued their edict. But I would challenge you if you called Mielsen Media Research and submitted that research and asked them if they felt that you had a bigger -- if you need a greater random sample of phone calls to make a determination like that.

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What concerns me is that we haven't been given too much time to understand this overlay plan. Less than a week and then there's been nothing in the news media, hi, hello, anybody wants to come to the Public Service Commission, come on down. Then we're doing a meeting in St. Petersburg in the morning when the greater majority of people work.

And at Cove Cay Condominium when we have our board meetings, there was an argument because there are a lot of working-class people want to come to the board meetings. So we tried to alternate the meetings, not St. Petersburg during the day but I can drive over the bridge if I want to go to Tampa in the evening.

You know, we -- it would have been nice to have two St. Petersburg, Pinellas County meetings, one in the day and one in the evening, to

facilitate the people. Because I want to remind you, you're -- you're a service-related industry. And if 'don't decide I don't show property after 6:00 p.m. and if I don't show it on the weekend, you don't decide what you're going to do. You might want to ask people.

I want to say what disturbs me is I'm one of six children, and in our family we had more of a conversation who was going to -- who was going to eat what dry cereal in the morning -- you know, we had one refrigerator, one bathroom, one TV, and one mother's love. Six brothers and sisters in my family.

And we had more of a conversation over who is going to have the leftover of what dry cereal in the morning than you allow in Pinellas, Hillsborough, and Pasco County residents, a million people, to have a conversation on understanding and whether they want to swallow this great idea of overlay that you are discussing.

You are saying that people in the overlay, well, don't worry because this overlay won't hurt you. You already have your phone number. I'm a realtor. People move, don't they?

Does that mean when you move, you're going to say,

excuse me, October 1, 1998, I was here before

October, I get to keep the old area code. You get

what t sy give you. This -- for some strange

reason this disturbs me.

Remember I'm a service-related industry, and Grandma and Grandpa -- I do a lot of condominiums in the Seminole, Largo and south Clearwater area. Grandma and Grandpa are fatigued to just remember 7 digits.

So if we go to this 10-digit thing, does that mean if Grandma and Grandpa want to keep their Cove Cay phone number for their second home, that means they have to use more GTE services, like they have to have a vacation number and pay monthly for a number they're not using in Pinellas County.

They have to maybe get a speed dialing service from GTE so they can program No. 1 and that's to daughter and No. 2 and that's to son.

Maybe they have to get a speed dialing phone. And God forbid calling information and you get charged, what is it, 85 cents? Because I did that. That's a tremendous amount of information, information bills.

We're all supposed to -- also GTE says we're one in the eyes of God and the law and

everybody in Pinellas and Pasco and Hillsborough, we're all one. And that's why when I call Tarpon Springs and Clearwater, do I get charged a toll call? Yeah. When I call New Port Richey, do I get charged a toll call? Yes. And when I call Tampa, do I get charged a toll call? Yes.

And before last year, since we were one, all one and unified, we were getting charged minute-by-minute, Pinellas County wanted to charge Hillsborough. So I forgot we're all unified except for billing.

So let me just say one thing. Let me just say one thing. I feel like, you know -- you know how that TV program Dialing For Dollars, I feel like, you know, the moral of this story is going to be dialing -- dialing to death. Because it was all I can do to remember 7 digits, and I'm 30 something years old. I'm not 60 or 70.

You might want to ask the people what the people think we should do, since we are the people and you are a service-related industry. And I thank you.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you.

MR. BECK: Chairman Johnson, That concludes the people who signed up ahead of time to

testify.

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CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay I see one gentleman has raised his hand. Are there any witnesses that did not testify or sign up to testify that would like to testify today? Then if you could stand, I will swear you in, and then we will begin taking more testimony.

(Witnesses collectively sworn.)

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you. Sir, you raised your hand first. You may come forward. And if you could state your name and address for the record, please.

THEREUPON,

## PHIL KLEIN

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

WITNESS KLEIN: My name is Phil Klein. I live at 5781 Apple Cross in St. Pete.

I have a concern about, first of all, the survey that was taken, 900 and 500 people. Out of a pool of approximately 2 million people, that's less than 1/10th of 1 percent. I think to be fair, not to put more burden on the Public Service Commission, but I think in this case they might do

their own survey and find out exactly what the public really wants.

Mo. 2, I dealt in electronics practically since I was 12 years old. And really there is no need to have any area codes in this area. Each and every telephone swart box they have outside of most new installations now can be programmed, and they can be programmed with the area code directly into that box.

Also, the -- you can in essence have two identical numbers in the same area in the same house, and they could in essence be on different area codes and call each other, and the system would know -- be smart enough to do it. There is just a lot of -- a lot of stuff that's being shoved down the public's throat, and the public is just getting tired of it.

I was -- I've been using the telephone here since Peninsula had it when it was -- my first phone number started with HE and then 4 digits. As soon as GTE took over, it went to 7 digits, and it's just been snowballing ever since. And there's got to be a stop somewhere. There just absolutely has to be a stop.

And I would appreciate it if you would

really take an active role and do a survey of the area because 1/10th of 1 percent and 75 percent of 1/10th c one percent is nothing. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you, sir. The other gentleman. And, again, if you could state your name and address for the record.

THEREUPON.

## EDWARD RICHTER

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

WITNESS RICHTER: Yes. My name is Edward Richter. I'm at 685 First Court in Palm Harbor.

I'm not here to debate all these things. I would just like to make a point. My mother-in-law died couple of years ago. In her lifetime she went from riding back and forth on dirt roads and island to seeing a man put on the moon and beyond.

And I think what we're looking at here is we're talking about ZIP codes that are figured out until the year 2025. I don't believe that things are going to be nearly the same in 2025 as they are now.

I bought a computer, my first one. It's

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640 kilobytes of memory. That's an antique. It's only several years ago. I heard a chip maker say on the radio that chips double in speed in 18 months. And we're talking about we can't figure out what's going to happen in 2025 when we run out of numbers?

I just don't believe that the research has been done on this to look ahead, just as we do with our roads, we build our roads for the year 2020. We're talking about money running out of Medicare 2010. And I just don't think that we're going to be talking about phones and ZIP codes and prefixes and anything to do with what's being done today.

And I think that maybe we're being led down the road on these area exchanges based on today and not what we will be looking at years from now. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you, sir.

Okay. Are there any other customers here that did not have an opportunity to make any statements that would like to make statements? Seeing none, I'm wondering then would the customers like to have their questions entertained now or, if not, then the Commissioners, we can have those questions

entertained during the process of our staff deliberations. What's the pleasure of the audience? I know you-all said to wait, but I don't know if people are ready for lunch perhaps. Yes, ma'am, you had questions, I know. If you'd like to come to the microphone.

WITNESS SHEARER: The only question that I have, I don't know if they want to hear the answer, and it's not necessary that I hear the answers. I want the Public Service Commission to get the answers.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay.

WITHESS SHEARER: And the main one is how much trouble is it for GTE to physically split the area? Because I think that that's the problem. They don't want to go to the expense and trouble of physically splitting the area.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you. I think then, ma'am, what we'll do then is make sure we do the research and have the answer to the particular question.

Ma'am, did you have another one that you wanted addressed now?

WITNESS ARVANITAS: Yeah. And I would like the Public Service Commission to review. I

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saw -- and it was very small, you know, if they did the geographical split, they de ided that Hillst.rough -- Hillsborough County was going to keep \$13. How did GTB decide which county is going It would seem to me to keep what area code? Pinellas County is already built out. Pinellas County, we have the greatest amount of population and phone numbers. Why wouldn't Pinellas County keep \$13 and you give Hillsborough and Pasco a new area code? I don't know how they determined who is going to keep it. It seemed they had preconceived ideas of what was going to occur. CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. I think they

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CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. I think they may be prepared to answer that one right now.

MS. MENARD: That one I can answer. It is -- there are certain industry guidelines on how you split area codes. And there are more NNXs (sic) assigned in Hillsborough County, and that's why it would keep the existing area code. Just like when we did the split between Tampa and Sarasota. The Tampa area had more NNXs assigned, and that's why Sarasota went to the new area code.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Ms. Menard, explain to the audience what an NXX is.

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MS. MENARD: MNX is -- sorry. The first

1	three digits of your 7-digit telephone number is
2	your MNX. And there are more NNXs assigned in
3	Hillsborough County than there is Pinellas County.
4	And part of it is the cellular paging, new
5	competitors, all those. It's not just GTB
6	customers connected to our network that determines
7	how many codes are assigned.
8	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: So you're saying there
9	are more numbers
10	MS. MENARD: Numbers assigned in
11	Hillsborough County.
12	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: assigned in that
13	area than any other county.
14	MS. MENARD: That is correct.
15	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. Sir, you have
16	another question?
17	WITNESS CAMPBELL: Yes, sir. Yes, ma'am.
18	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Campbell.
19	WITNESS CAMPBELL: I would in that
20	part of the investigation I'd like to have them
21	explain why the wishy washy business with the BCS
22	calls and the 1-plus.
23	MS. MENARD: I can explain that right
24	now.
25	WITNESS CAMPBELL: I would like to know

GTR's --

MS. MENARD: Sure. Sure.

WITNESS CAMPBELL: -- 'tance on that and what the future is going to lie.

MS. MENARD: The -- when we did it, the Commission has -- the Commission had issued an order on April 25, 1996, in Docket No. 960090 that talked about when you do area code relief, you should look at going to the long-term plan of 1-plus dialing for ECS calls. So we said that's what we were going to be doing.

We then started working on our implementation. In getting into the details of it, in the BellSouth case that they were dealing with, all the ECS routes were competitive routes where the IXEs are allowed to compete for those calls.

And so what they were talking about is when you implement into a lot of presubscription, the plan was you dial 1 plus the call. If you want to have the call rated as ECS, you have to presubscribe to BellSouth to get the call rated as ECS. If you don't want the call rated as ECS, if you wanted it rated as your long distance IX carrier's rates, you presubscribe to your long distance carrier, you do not get ECS calling.

In the Tampa area, that is not the situation we have. The call routes are all local routes. We do not allow 1-0-XXX, meaning where you dig' the 3-digit code for a long distance carrier. That is not allowed on these routes. They are local routes. It went to the Florida Supreme Court.

And so the right thing to do was to make all 7-digit calls go to 10-digit calls because otherwise, to me, we're misleading the customer because he says you dial 1-plus but I'm going to route it to GTE even though you have picked AT&T or MCI or some long distance carrier, and you're going to draw a lot of calls, because it's not a toll call. It's a local call.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: So let me ask you a question. So it was your -- it was the company's thought that the 1-plus would confuse the customers because the customers would then think it's a toll call as opposed --

MS. MENARD: Right. When it is not a toll call. It is a local call that is rated at 25 cents, and only GTE is allowed to carry it. ATAT is not allowed to carry that call as an IXE.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: And when you made

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1 that, I was glad the gentleman asked the question 2 because I was a little confused too as to why you 3 didn't want to do the 1-plus. Now, the difference is that in BellSouth area, they do 1-plus, but it's 5 because there are other competitors in that market 6 for those --7 MS. MBNARD: For the long distance competitors are allowed to handle the calls on 8 9 those routes. 10 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Right. And in GTE's 11 area --12 MS. MENARD: They are not. 13 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: -- long distance 14 companies can't. And it's GTE's thought that it 15 would be more confusing to add the 1 for the 16 customers as opposed to less confusing. 17 MS. MENARD: Correct. 18 WITNESS CAMPBELL: That is a mor.opolistic 19 viewpoint. That is a money-making viewpoint. MS. MENARD: Well, no, it violates the 20 21 basic premises behind what presubscription was 22 supposed to do if we route that way. 23 WITNESS CAMPBELL: From your 2 million 24 customer base in Hillsborough and Pasco and

Pinellas Counties, I can tell you as a consumer

that you're doing me in. You are giving me a big snow job on why you're doing it.

When I pick up the phone and I dial a number that happens to be Tampa, A, I want to know that it's Tampa. B, I want to know it on my bill, I want to be aware of it. I would like to protect me from myself.

Back in those hearings I alluded to two years, three, four years ago when I brought this issue up, GTE certified to me that that would be no problem. All I had to do is look at my phone book to get the exchanges. All I had to do was call the operator to get the exchange. And there was some other source of getting the exchanges. Oh, the business office.

The business office points me to the operator, the operator points me to the business office, and the phone book is never current. It is perpetually out of date. And especially with the new assignments of NXXs.

I call up the operator and ask her if this NXX is a toll call. They tell me it's -- the operator in the meantime has moved to Kentucky, and she doesn't know any more about Tampa than the people out in Spokane. I ask her if this number is an BCS call or toll call, local call, free call, what kind of call. And she says, well, it's 15 cents a minute for the first minute and 18 cents a min te, whatever, for the next. It's an BCS call.

I'm tired of being hoodwinked. I would like at least optionally to have the requirement on my phone that when I call an BCS number, it won't work unless I put a 1 on it. The heck with trying to call the operator and spend an hour to find out if that number is an ECS number or a local number.

The poor people up in Oldsmar have it even worse than I do because they can't tell whether they are St. Pete or whether they are Clearwater. St. Pete is an BCS call. Clearwater is not. It's an unfair taking advantage of the public.

The only reason I bring this up is because GTB's announcement was that if we go this overlay plan, we're going to give you back your 1-plus. I don't care why they're reneging on that statement. That's beside the point. I would like protection.

Give me free detailed billing. They charge me \$4.75 a month to have detailed billing to see where I'm shooting myself in the foot. That's

not fair. That is totally unfair. If we go to a geographic split instead of an overlay, what is your plan for the 1-plus to the BCS areas? Is it the same story you gave before?

MS. MENARD: If we go to a geographic split, it would be 10-digit dialing across the Bay. Local -- it would be 10-digit local dialing. If not, it would be 1-plus dialing for ECS calls.

witness CAMPBELL: That would take care of itself to Tampa. How about New Port Richey?

I'm in Clearwater and I call Tampa. I need 10 digits. So I've automatically taken care of my ECS woes, my problems. I've taken care of knowing when I call ECS. How about New Port Richey that also has a 727 exchange?

MS. MENARD: That would be a -- if it was a geographic split where New Port Richey is in the same area code as Clearwater, that would be a 7-digit dial call.

WITNESS CAMPBELL: Without the 1.

MS. MENARD: Without the 1.

withese CAMPBELL: I would like to plead and beg on the PSC that they include that as a condition that they put at least optionally the requirement for me to dial a 1 to an ECS number.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Campbell, I think you raised an excellent point, and I'm going to direct staff to investigate it, even independent of what happens here, how we should be handling that and whether or not the current mechanism is an effective mechanism.

Your comments that you made earlier about not knowing whether or not you made an ECS call or not and even when you get the bill, it shows up as a lump sum so you don't know which calls were ECS --

WITHESS CAMPBELL: Yes, ma'am.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: -- causes me some concern. So I will have staff look into that issue and make a determination even independent of this whether or not there's anything else we can do to provide more information and more clarity to the customers.

I'm even more disturbed by the fact that you're saying it's the telephone book doesn't provide you necessarily with predictable, reliable information, the operators aren't providing you. So that's something that we're going to look into.

WITHESS CAMPBELL: And the real atrocity is that 90 percent of the public isn't aware of

this problem.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Sure. Exactly.

WITNESS CAMPBELL: They are paying Uncle
THE money out the exhaust pipe just like water over
a dam, and they don't know it. GTE is not saying a
word about it. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you for your testimony. And I guess in light of that, although I'm not certain as to what we could do about it, but I know Mr. Bone Steel wanted us to look at the fine print in the telephone book. That telephone is generally deregulated -- oh, they have some comments on that. They may already have some information for you, Mr. Bone Steel.

MR. HARSHBARGER: I'd like to make a comment on that. Several people have mentioned that, and I'd like for you to know that with the next issue of the book, the book is being restored to the previous size.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: When the public speaks, GTE listens. That was quick. Sir?

witness klein: I just wanted to expand on what he was talking about the 1-plus. Actually, the machinery is already in motion. When you dial a number that's an extended area number, the

machinery, the computers know you're dialing into an extended area number. It would be just as easy for that computer to route to a recording say this remains record -- this number is an extended area number, and before the phone is allowed to ring, give you an opportunity to hang up.

That would be a lot easier than having to dial 1 or anything like that, and it's all routed via computer. It would be so simple. They already have the mechanism there because they are charging you. And all they have to do is just change the mechanism a minor change to the mechanism to have it announce that you're dialing into an extended area pay toll or whatever.

Also, like the machinery is there now for -- it lets you know -- it can bill you for calls into -- let's say I wanted to call to New -- I mean to Brooksville. That's a long distance phone charge to me. I have to dial 1. If I don t dial the 1, the machinery is smart enough to know to tell me I have to dial the 1 to go there.

So a lot of this stuff can be -- the machinery is smart enough to be able to know. All they have to do is get the machinery to do it, to help the public rather than the public helping the

1	machine. That's all I wanted to say. Thank you.
2	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you.
3	Mr. Campbell, you had another comment?
4	WITNESS CAMPBELL: Yeah. Again, several
5	years ago when we talked about this, I brought up
6	any number of suggestions to alert the customer,
7	the consumer. Bither force him to dial a 1
8	mandatorily or make it optional or put in a tone,
9	any number of different options like that.
10	I had a thought. It just alluded me. I
11	apologise.
12	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: That's fine.
13	WITHESS CAMPBELL: I had a salient point.
14	Maybe it will come back.
15	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: If it comes back, just
16	let us know.
17	WITNESS CAMPBELL: Okay. Thank you.
18	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Any other questions or
19	comments?
30	PROM THE AUDIENCE: Motion to adjourn.
21	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: There's been a motion
12	to adjourn. I'd like to thank you-all for coming
23	out today. Your testimony has been invaluable. We
₹4	will factor that into the process.
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think it's been very helpful. I'm impressed with the level of knowledge that you demonstrate. And it's good to know that folks out there are watching out.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Jacobs is our newest Commissioner, so you-all broke him in, and you-all did an excellent job.

FROM THE AUDIENCE: I'd like to second that motion.

PROM THE AUDIENCE: What happens next?

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: What we will -- what

we're going to do -- and I know individuals are

going to be filing formal petitions, and we'll have

to take that back and our legal staff will handle

that. The determination will be made as to how we

proceed, whether or not it's a full-blown

evidentiary proceeding.

But you will be informed -- we will keep the media informed if a hearing is scheduled, when the hearing is scheduled. To the extent that a petition provides for a certain solution because oftentimes different people petition but they want different outcomes, then we'll have to address that too.

But you will hear and through the

1 Commission -- we have our Consumer Education 2 Division that will try to make sure folks are informed. And everybody that participated in this 3 process will receive a letter from the Commission letting them know what the next step will be. 5 6 WITNESS KLEIN: Are you going to run a 7 survey? 8 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Now, that's something 9 we'll have to consider. We'll have to look at the 10 expense of that and how that would actually 11 It's something we've never done before, 12 but that's not to say it can't be done. I can't 13 answer that question at this point in time. 14 don't want to mislead you one way or the other. 15 But it is another list of items that I have for us 16 to take back and to consider how we best go about 17 resolving the issues. Yes, sir? 18 FROM THE AUDIENCE: Certainly if there's 19 a public hearing, the system will be postponed, 20 will it not? CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Oh, yes. Oh, yes. FROM THE AUDIENCE: Scheduled for May 1. Yes. CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: And that is -that's a big -- that's a big deal, but we would

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indeed have to postpone the permissive dialing.

Again, recognize that GTB's numbers demonstrate that we're running out of numbers very quickly. So whatever we need to do in terms of holding additional hearings, we'll have to do it on an expedited basis.

And that would mean that the permissive dialing, if we decide to do the hearing, that that will go away, but we'll try our best to hold those hearings as quickly as possible so that we don't put ourselves in a position where we've run out of the numbers.

PROM THE AUDIENCE: What is permissive dialing?

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Permissive dialing is the period in which you can dial either. When we start, it's not mandatory yet. So that March date was more of -- I think it was a March date. That was a permissive dialing. You still March 1. had your choice. At a date certain, I think it was October, it would -- that's the drop dead date.

WITNESS CAMPBELL: What was the date of the first new area code overlay?

> FROM THE AUDIENCE: March 1.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: I'm going to allow

GTE to answer that question.

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1	WITNESS CAMPBELL: In other words, when
2	is the toothpaste out of the tube?
3	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Got you.
4	MS. MENARD: Under the current industry
5	guidelines, if we had done mandatory period
6	implementing starting in October, new area codes
7	would not be assigned out of the 727 area for at
8	least 90 days after that point, after October.
9	WITNESS KLEIN: Well, it seems logical
10	to change the area code; therefore, you have all
11	the 3-digit number
1.2	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Sir, I'm sorry,
13	you'll have to come to the microphone for the
14	benefit of the court reporter.
. 5	WITNESS CAMPBELL: You're telling me that
. 6	you could start assigning numbers in October.
.7	MS. MENARD: No. We would not assign the
. 6	numbers until 90 days after the period for the
9	network to get all the routing set up.
0	WITNESS CAMPBELL: That would be January
1	then.
2	MS. MENARD: So January 1989 (sic) before
3	we'd start assigning new numbers.
4	WITNESS CAMPBELL: '897
5	MS. MENARD: '99.

WITNESS CAMPBELL: You're talking about next October.

MS. MENARD: This October. January '99 we would assign codes from the new 727 if we needed them.

WITNESS CAMPBELL: January '99.

MS. MENARD: One year from today.

WITHESS CAMPBELL: Oh, okay.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Then we make the decision on the proceeding, first of all, in holding a proceeding, it will be on an expedited basis. We'll do that as quickly as possible. And once we decide that, everything stops so that the toothpaste won't be out of the tube.

WITNESS CAMPBELL: Thank you.

witness klein: Another point I wanted to just bring up, just I happened to think about it, that if you did change the area codes and have separate area codes for the surrounding counties, you would be able to use the first 3 digits, what do you call them the NMX? NNX? You'd be able to use those in each one of the counties too. So you'd not only just expand the number base tremendously just by adding a different area code, you would have all those NNX numbers to use in each

	1	one of the areas too.
	2	MR. HARSHBARGER: That's what it's all
-	3	about.
	4	WITHESS KLEIM: So you wouldn't have to
	5	dia? the area code let's say Tampa is 813,
	6	St. Petersburg is XXX, and so you'd have all those
	7	N the first three numbers of your phone number
	8	to use in each one of the three areas, so you could
	9	expand the pool that way too.
	10	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: He's saying the
	11	numbers would last longer.
	12	WITHESS KLEIN: Yeah, they would last
	13	longer.
	14	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you, sir. Thank
	15	you all for attending. We appreciate your
	16	participation. And you'll be hearing of our final
	17	results. The workshop is adjourned.
	18	(Whereupon, the hearing concluded at
	19	12:40 p.m.)
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1	FLORIDA ) : CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
2	COUNTY OF PINELLAS
3	I, Donna W. Everhart, CSR, RPR, CP, CM,
4	
5	DO HEREBY CERTIFY that the INFORMATIONAL
6	WORKSHOP in this cause, Docket No. (UNDOCKETED),
7	was heard by the Florida Public Service Commission
8	at the time and place herein stated; it is further
9	
10	CERTIFIED that I stenographically
11	reported the said proceedings; that the same has
12	been transcribed under my direct supervision, and
13	that this transcript, consisting of 127 pages,
14	inclusive, constitutes a true transcription of my
15	notes of said proceedings.
16	
17	DATED THIS 14th day of January, 1998.
18	Burg W Everbert
19	
20	Donna W. Everhart
21	CSR, RPR, CP, CM
22	Notary Public, State of Florida
23	Commission No.: CC 670687
24	My Commission Expires: 12/8/2001
25	