Legal Department

NANCY B., WHITE Assistant General Coursel-Florida

BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. 150 South Monroe Street Room 400 Tallahassee, Florida 32301 (305) 347-5558

February 6, 1998

Mrs. Blanca S. Bayó
Director, Division of Records and Reporting
Florida Public Service Commission
2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard
Tallahassee, FL 32399-0850

Re: Docket No. 971314-TP (Sprint Complaint)

Dear Ms. Bayó:

Enclosed is an original and fifteen copies of BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.'s Rebuttal Testimony of Jerry W. Moore and W. Keith Milner, which we ask that you file in the above-captioned matter.

A copy of this letter is enclosed. Please mark it to indicate that the original was filed and return the copy to me. Copies have been served to the parties shown on the attached Certificate of Service.

ACK			
		Sincerely,	
AFA		Sincerely,	
APD		Mancy 13	. White (ke)
CAF		Thomas	. Wille (ke)
CWI	Lavana	Nancy B. Wh	ite
CTR			
EAG	NBW/vf		
LEG	CC: All parties of record		
LIN	A. M. Lombardo		
040	R. G. Beatty		1 1 6
Riff a	William J. Ellenberg II	Lleare	Chilner.
95	DOCUMEN	N. WIMER A-DATE	DOCUMENT AT MALE DATE
WAS	019	81 FEB -6 3	U1982 FED-68
OTH	TYSC REC	CORDS/ASP. STOKE	FPSC C / C NG

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE DOCKET NO. 971314-TP

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing was served via U. S. Mail this 6th day of February, 1998 to the following:

Monica Barone Statt Counsel-FPSC 2540 Shumard Oak Blvd. Tallahassee, FL 32399-0850 Tel No. (850) 413-6197

C. Everett Boyd, Jr.
ERVIN, VARN, JACOBS & ERVIN
305 South Gadsden Street
Tallahassee, FL 32301
Tel. No. (850) 224-9135
Fax. No. (850) 222-9164
Represents Sprint

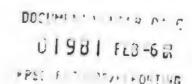
Mr. Tony H. Key Sprint 3100 Cumberland Circle Atlanta, GA 30339 Tel. No. (404) 649-5144 Fax. No. (404) 649-5174

Mr. Richar Warner
Sprint Metropolitan Networks, Inc.
151 South Hall Lane, #300
Maitland, FL 32751
Tel. No. (407) 206-0010
Fax. No. (407) 875-0056

Mancy B. White cre Nancy Bowhite

ORIGINAL

1		BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC.
2		REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF JERRY W. MOORE
3		BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
4		DOCKET 971314 - TP
5		FEBRUARY 6, 1998
6		
7	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, ADDRESS, AND POSITION WITH
8		BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC.
9		
10	A.	My name is Jerry W. Moore. My business address is 675 West
11		Peachtree Street, Room 3J39, Atlanta, GA 30375. I am a Director in
12		the Interconnection Operations Department of BellSouth.
13		
14	Q.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR BACKGROUND AND EXPERIENCE.
15		
16	A.	I attended Jacksonville University, Jacksonville, Florida. I have 33
17		years of experience with BellSouth. I have held numerous positions in
18		BellSouth in Network Operations.
19		
20	Q.	ARE YOU SAME THE JERRY MOORE WHO EARLIER FILED
21		DIRECT TESTIMONY IN THIS DOCKET?
22		
23	A.	Yes. I filed direct testimony concerning Issues 1 and 3.
24		
25		



1	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY BEING FILED
2		TODAY?
3		
4	A.	I will present rebuttal to the testimony of Sprint witnesses Melissa L.
5		Closz, Mildred A. Graham, and Richaru A. Warner on Issues 1 and 3.
6		BellSouth witness Keith Milner will respond to Issues 2, 4, and 5.
7		
8	Q.	WHAT IS BELLSOUTH'S RESPONSE TO SPRINT'S TESTIMONY
9		THAT BELLSOUTH FAILED TO PROVIDE FOCS IN A TIMELY AND
10		ACCURATE MANNER?
11		
12	A.	As set forth in my direct testimony, BellSouth readily acknowledges that
13		the provision of FOCS in the early months of the time period (May 1997
14		to September 1997) covered by Sprint's complaint were not up to
15		desired standards, however we do not agree with Sprint that BellSouth
16		is currently having a significant problem with the timely return of FOCs.
17		BellSouth completely understands the potential impact on the ultimate
16		end user if the FOC process does not function smoothly, a subject
19		which constitutes the bulk of the testimony of the Sprint witnesses.
20		
21	Q.	HAS SPRINT PROVIDED ADEQUATE SUPPORTING INFORMATION
22		CONCERNING ISSUE 1 OF ITS COMPLAINT?
23		
24	A.	No. The exhibits are inadequate or misleading as to the issues in this
25		docket. For example, Ms. Closz's Exhibit No. MLC-3 filed as part of her

purports to show that BellSouth has not met the FOC commitment.

The Exhibit, however, contains a mixture of Local Service Requests (which are the proper subject of Issue 1 in this docket) with Access Service Requests (which are not a subject of this docket but are covered under State or Federal access tariffs.) Ms. Closz even labels her exhibit as "ASRs" in each of the 9 months of data with no reference to LSRs. By intermingling these Access Service Requests with Local Service Requests and using all of them in her calculations at the top of each page for FOCs returned within 48 hours, Ms. Closz produces a meaningless and irrelevant result.

Even had a pure report of Local Service Requests constituted the data for Exhibit MLC-3, the parameters of the report could not produce a meaningful result. The FOC targets are defined in terms of hours, not days. Yet the fifth column of Ms. Closz's exhibit is labeled "Number of Business Days From ASR to FOC." Therefore, a service request received late on Day 1 and responded to early on Day 3 could be well within the 48 hour target interval but would appear to be outside the interval if the far less precise "Business Day" term were used. Therefore, it is impossible to correlate her conclusions with BellSouth's own records for the time periods involved in this complaint.

24 Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY COMMENTS CONCERNING THE STATISTICS
25 OFFERED BY SPRINT WITNESS CLOSZ?

1 A. Yes, I have fourid it somewhat difficult to reconcile Sprint's calculations
2 in Ms. Closz's testimony with the information provided in response to
3 BellSouth's interrogatory number 3. The following table illustrates the
4 problem:

1. Month	4/97	5/97	6/97	7/97	8/97	9/97	10/97	11/97	12/97
2. Orders submitted per MLU-3	19	16	15	10	13	12	21	22	11
3. Orders submitted per Interrogatory	24	29	27	28	24	36	24	12	2

Closz Exhibit MLC-3, pages 1 through 9, shows one set of figures for the total number of Sprint service requests for April through December 1997 as displayed on line 2. Yet Sprint's response to BellSouth's interrogatory displays an entirely different set of numbers as displayed on line 3. Further, in attempting to understand the differences in these numbers, we found differences between these reports in the number of FOCs received within 48 hours:

1. Month	4/97	5/97	6/97	7/97	8/97	9/97	10/97	11/9	12/97 7
2. FOCs received w/i 48 hrs per MLC-3	1	8	4	6	7	7	19	18	7
FOCs received w/l A8 hrs per Sprint Interrogatory response	6	19	19	22	17	33	24	8	1

It is obvious that there is a misunderstanding on Sprint's part as to how many orders were submitted, how many FOCs were received within 48 hours from BellSouth, and how many orders were LSRs versus ASRs. Without a reliable figure for the number of orders, it is impossible to calculate the percentage of orders that did or did not receive FOCs within the 48 hour target interval.

Part of the difference in the numbers may be explained by Sprint's possible failure to include in its count those orders that were canceled. FOCs are furnished on all orders and any calculations should be based on total submitted orders. The fact that some may be canceled later for any number of valid reasons should not affect the base of orders used to calculate performance on returning FOCs.

Another part of the difference may relate to the way each company chooses to count orders. A purchase order number (PON) may contain just one service request or several hundred service requests.

BellSouth must disaggregate the PON into individual service orders to enter them into the various operating systems. Performance measurements are based on the combined results of all individual service orders. But as discussed elsewhere, the handling of large, complex orders may negatively impact statistical results even though the work functions performed may have met the genuine needs of the companies and the end users involved in the process.

1	C.	WITNESS GRAHAM, IN HER TESTIMONY ON PAGES 3 THROUGH
2		6 AND EXHIBIT MAG-1, PAGES 8 AND 9, RAISES WHAT APPEARS
3		TO BE A SIMILAR ISSUE. PLEASE COMMENT.
4		
5	A.	Witness Graham raises the same exact issue and reaches the same
6		erroneous conclusions as witness Closz. Thus, my previous discussion
7		on FOCs also applies to the testimony of witness Graham.
8		
9	Q.	WITNESS WARNER, IN HIS TESTIMONY ON PAGES 4 THROUGH 8,
10		ALSO APPEARS TO DISCUSS THIS ISSUE. PLEASE COMMENT.
11		
12	A.	Apparently, Sprint has used three separate witnesses to discuss the
13		exact same issue. Once again, my previous discussion applies.
14		
15	Q.	IS YOUR RESPONSE ANY DIFFERENT?
16		
17	A.	Yes. Mr. Warner discusses one additional exhibit in a way that is very
18		rnisleading. Pages 65 through pages 79 of his Exhibit No. RAW-2 are
19		presented as portions of the Interconnection Agreement signed on
20		March 13, 1997 that he negotiated and executed on behalf of Sprint. A
21		search of BellSouth records revealed that this is not a part of the March
22		13, 1997 Interconnection Agreement, but rather is a spreadsheet for a
23		conversion of 548 coin stations at the Orlando Airport from BellSouth

this effort was given project status to ensure close coordination

service to Sprint service. Due to the large number of orders involved,

24

were designated to work with Sprint on site to avoid disruptions of service to end users. Orders were issued based on Sprint's conversion plans, and FOCs were generally issued within a few hours. The conversion was viewed as being very successful by both BellSouth and Sprint personnel involved. Indeed, the on site Sprint personnel verbally implimented the professionalism and responsiveness of BellSouth's two field technicians. We are very surprised to see the handling of this particular set of orders portrayed in a negative way. No specific information was provided by Mr. Warner as to any specific problem, and therefore it becomes impossible to devise a definitive response.

Q.

Α.

a

A

DOES BELLSOUTH BELIEVE THAT REGULATORY RELIEF IS CALLED FOR WITH REGARD TO THIS ISSUE?

No. Such action is not required. BellSouth is committed to jointly work with Sprint and other ALECs to ensure the timely return of FOCs and a fuller understanding of the impact of incorrect orders and complex orders upon statistical measurements for this area. As a part of its effort to further improve its performance on the provision of FOCs as well as other aspects of the service order process, BellSouth is adding 58 service representatives to its LCSCs during January and February, 1998. This will increase the production work force by 58 percent from 163 service representatives to 258 service representatives.

,	u.	IS A GENERI	C DOCKET MEEDED TO EST	ADLISH PERFORMANCE
2		MEASUREME	NTS AND SERVICE QUALIT	Y STANDARDS AS
3		SUGGESTED	BY WITNESS CLOSZ?	
4				
5	A.	No. BellSouth	is currently developing generi	c performance
6		measurement	s to satisfy the concerns of val	ious State Commissions as
7		well as the FC	C.	
8				
9	Q.	HOW DO YOU	RESPOND TO WITNESS G	RAHAM'S
10		CHARACTER	IZATION OF BELLSOUTH'S F	PERFORMANCE IN
11		MEETING SE	RVICE DUE DATES FOR THE	FOURTH QUARTER OF
12		1997?		
13				
14	A.	Witness Graha	rn discusses fourth quarter st	stistical results on page 19
15		of her testimor	iy. I have displayed her total i	number of service orders
16		for each month	and BellSouth's numbers in t	he chart below. As can be
17		seen, there is	a considerable difference, prin	narily due to the number of
18		orders in the b	ase:	
19		Month	Sprint View of # of Orders	BellSouth View of # of Orders
20			(Graham Pg. 19)	(Exh JWM-1)
21		October	28	63
22		November	21	36
23		December	11	23

-8-

1		As discussed earlier (reference charts on page 4 and related
2		paragraphs on pages 4 and 5), we have been unable to reconcile the
3		differences between the two companies' numbers. Further, Ms.
4		Graham's numbers on total number of orders are inconsistent with
5		those used by Sprint's other witness Clasz for the months of October
6		and November (Exhibit MLC-3 of Ms. Closz direct testimony of January
7		16, 1998) and those submitted in response to BellSouth interrogatory
8		number 2. Therefore, we believe Ms. Graham's calculations
9		concerning the meeting of service installation dates are erroneous.
10		According to BellSouth's calculations, service appointments have been
11		met at a consistently high level. In an attempt to replicate Ms.
12		Graham's view of the order base (that is both LCSC and ICSC orders)
13		I calculate that appointments for Sprint were met 88.2% in November,
14		1997, and 96.9% in December, 1997, which are considerably better
15		results than the 76.2% and 63.7% as calculated by Ms. Graham for
16		these same two periods.
17		
18	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR RESPONSE TO WITNESS WARNER'S
19		DISCUSSION OF INSTALLATION INTERVALS ON PAGE 25 OF HIS
20		TESTIMONY?
21		
22	A.	Mr. Warner implied that BellSouth is not offering parity between UNE's
23		with a 5-day installation interval, and local service from BST's retail
24		unit, where shorter intervals may be offered. Mr. Warner has made an
25		apples to oranges comparison. An Unbundled 2-Wire Loop is a

designed circuit. A typical local service line (POTS) available from BellSouth's business offices is a non-designed circuit. To further illustrate: A POTS line simply originated in a BellSouth switch office equipment (OE), and has a 2-wire jumper wire run to the main distribution frame, which goes to the c. ble pair in the field. However, an unbundled loop for Sprint or any ALEC looks something like this: The dial tone originates at the ALEC's switch, travels over an Access T1 (inter-office) trunk to a DACS, or Channel Bank, then cross connects to a SMAS (Remote Test Access) point, then is cross connected through a channel unit, and ultimately connects with the cable pair at the main distribution frame. There are usually several analog to digital, and digital to analog conversions involved in each circuit. This is much closer in design to an analog, special access circuit such as a Voice Grade Circuit in the FCC Tariff than to a POTS line.

The target intervals that have been published (see my direct testimony Exhibit JWM-2) reflect the time, on average, necessary to properly process orders through the appropriate operating systems. When no roadblocks are encountered, orders are worked sooner than the standard interval if possible when a customer desired due date has been requested.

24 Q. WHAT IS YOUR RESPONSE TO WITNESS WARNER'S STATEMENT
25 ON PAGE 25 OF HIS TESTIMONY THAT BELLSOUTH IS BILLING A

\$203 "ESCALATION" CHARGE FOR EACH WORK ORDER FOR 1 WHICH INSTALLATION IS REQUESTED SOONER THAN PROVIDED. 2 IN THE STANDARD TARGET INTERVAL GUIDE? 3 4 A. 5 BellSouth is surprised to see this item in Mr. Warner's testimony. Concerns about an escalation charge were not included in Sprint's 6 original complaint. There was no mention of an escalation charge. 7 during the issue identification conferences with the FPSC Staff. This 8 9 matter has not been brought to BellSouth's attention as a concern independent of Mr. Warner's testimony. 10 11 12 We have discovered that BellSouth personnel may have confused Sprint's orders for unbundled loops placed with the Local Company 13 Service Center(LCSC) with Sprint's orders for special access services 14 15 (DS1s, DS3s, etc.) placed with the Interexchange Carrier Service Center (ICSC)used for their interoffice traffic. FCC Tariff No. 1, Section 16 5.1.1 sets forth a charge similar to that described by Mr. Warner. The 17 ICSC would properly apply an expedite charge to Sprint's special 16 access circuits such as DS1s or DS3s if the conditions of the tariff were 19 20 met. We are aware that Sprint has utilized the ICSC for ordering 21 numerous DS3 LightGates, and DS1 or HICAPS out of the FCC Tariff wherein such charges might be applied. However, BellSouth has 22

25

23

24

assessed the expedite charge. Appropriate credits are being issued.

learned that 9 orders for local service requests were incorrectly.

1		Any future occurrences should be promptly brought to the attention of
2		BellSouth's Sprint Account Team.
3		
4	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
5		
6	A.	Yes.
7		
8		
9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
16		•
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
16		