ORIGINAL

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

ENVIRONMENTAL COST RECOVERY CLAUSE

DOCKET NO. 990007-EI

PREPARED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JAMES O. VICK

PROJECTION FILING FOR THE PERIOD

JANUARY 2000 – DECEMBER 2000

OCTOBER 1, 1999



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FPSC-RECORDS/REPORTING

1		GULF POWER COMPANY
2		Before the Florida Public Service Commission Prepared Direct Testimony of
3		James O. Vick
4		Docket No. 990007-El October 1, 1999
5	Q.	Please state your name and business address.
6	Α.	My name is James O. Vick and my business address is One Energy Place,
7		Pensacola, Florida, 32520
8		
9	Q.	By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
10	Α.	I am employed by Gulf Power Company as the Manager of Environmental
11		Affairs.
12		
13	Q.	Mr. Vick, will you please describe your education and experience?
14	Α.	I graduated from Florida State University, Tallahassee, Florida, in 1975 with a
15		Bachelor of Science Degree in Marine Biology. I also hold a Bachelor's
16		Degree in Civil Engineering from the University of South Florida in Tampa,
17		Florida. In addition, I have a Masters of Science Degree in Management
18		from Troy State University, Pensacola, Florida. joined Gulf Power Company
19		in August 1978 as an Associate Engineer. I have since held various
20		engineering positions such as Air Quality Engineer and Senior Environmental
21		Licensing Engineer. In 1996, I assumed my present position as Manager of
22		Environmental Affairs.
23		
24	Q.	What are your responsibilities with Gulf Power Company?
25	Α.	As Manager of Environmental Affairs, my primary responsibility is
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1		overseeing the activities of the Environmental Affairs section to ensure the
2		Company is, and remains, in compliance with environmental laws and
3		regulations, i.e., both existing laws and such laws and regulations that may
4		be enacted or amended in the future. In performing this function, I have the
5		responsibility for numerous environmental activities.
6		
7	Q.	Are you the same James O. Vick who has previously testified before this
8		Commission on various environmental matters?
9	Α.	Yes.
10		
11	Α.	The purpose of my testimony is to support Gulf Power Company's projection
12		of environmental compliance costs recoverable through the Environmental
13		Cost Recovery Clause (ECRC) for the period from January 2000 through
14		December 2000. I will also provide testimony for the estimated true-up period
15		January 1999 through December 1999.
16		
17	Q.	Mr. Vick, please identify the capital projects included in Gulf's ECRC
18		calculations.
19	Α.	A listing of the environmental capital projects which have been included in
20		Gulf's ECRC calculations has been provided to Ms. Ritenour and is included
21		in Schedules 42-3P and 42-4P of her testimony. Schedule 42-4P reflects the
22		expenditures, clearings, retirements, salvage and cost of removal currently
23		projected by month for each of these projects. These amounts were provided
24		to Ms. Ritenour, who has compiled the schedules and calculated the
25		associated revenue requirements for Gulf's requested recovery. All the listed

projects are associated with environmental compliance activities which have
 been previously approved for recovery through the ECRC by this Commission
 in Docket No. 930613-El and past proceedings of this ongoing recovery
 docket or one of several spin-off dockets from the ECRC.

5

9

Q. Mr. Vick, please identify any new capital projects or expansions of previously
 approved capital projects for the projection period which are required for
 environmental compliance.

There are no new capital projects scheduled for the projected recovery 10 Α. period. There is one previously approved capital project, CEMS, that will be 11 expanded. An upgrade to the Smith Unit 1 (PE 1441) and Smith Unit 2 (PE 12 1442) Flow Monitors, a component of the CEMS, is scheduled for the 13 upcoming year. Gulf seeks recovery of this upgrade through the ECRC. This 14 project is a replicated project of the Crist Unit 6 flow monitor system which 15 was previously approved by the Commission in Docket No. 960007-EI. The 16 17 existing Smith Unit 1 and Smith Unit 2 flow monitor systems, a Clean Air Act Amendment (CAAA) requirement, are approaching the end of their useful life. 18 The upgraded flow monitor systems will provide Gulf with the accuracy and 19 reliability necessary to maintain compliance with the CAAA requirements. 20 From an economic standpoint, it is prudent for Gulf to upgrade the flow 21 monitor systems on both Smith Unit 1 and Unit 2 during 2000. The expected 22 23 savings from upgrading the system outweigh the expected maintenance costs that would be incurred by maintenance of the existing system. 24 Expenditures for this project are expected to be \$300,000. The 25

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1 corresponding retirements of ECRC plant associated with this project are 2 estimated to total \$92,910 (See Form 42-4P, Page 5 of 17 for the monthly details, including the cost of removal and salvage amounts). These 3 4 expenses will be allocated on an energy basis, as is all other equipment 5 associated with emission monitoring. б 7 **Q**. Please compare the Environmental Operation and Maintenance (O&M) activities listed on Schedule 42-2P of Exhibit SDR-2 to the O&M activities 8 9 approved for cost recovery in past ECRC dockets. Α. The O&M activities listed on Schedule 42-2P have all been approved for 10 recovery through the ECRC in past proceedings, with the exception of the 11 12 Gulf Coast Ozone Study, Line Item 1.17. These O&M activities are all on-13 going compliance activities and are grouped into four major categories-Air

- Quality, Water Quality, Environmental Programs Administration, and Solid
 and Hazardous Waste. In my testimony, I will discuss each O&M activity
 within each of these major categories and the projected expenses.
- 17

18 Q. What O&M activities are included in the Air Quality category?

19 A. There are five O&M activities included in this category:

20

21

The first, Sulfur (Line Item 1.1) reflects operational expenses

associated with the burning of low sulfur coal. This item refers to the flue gas
 sulfur injection system needed to improve the collection efficiency of the Crist

24 Unit 7 electrostatic precipitator and is required due to the burning of low sulfur

1	coal at this unit pursuant to the sulfur dioxide requirements of the CAAA.
2	Expenses during the projected recovery period total \$10,500.
3	
4	The second activity listed on Schedule 42-2P, Air Emission Fees (Line
5	Item 1.2) represents the expenses projected for the annual fees required by
6	the CAAA. The expenses projected for the recovery period total \$711,000.
7	
8	The third activity listed on Schedule 42-2P, Title V Permits (Line Item
9	1.3), represents projected expenses associated with the implementation of
10	the Title V permits. The total estimated expense for the Title V Program
11	during 2000 is \$65,767.
12	
13	The fourth activity listed on Schedule 42-2P, Asbestos Fees (Line Item
14	1.4), is required to be paid to the Florida Department of Environmental
15	Protection (FDEP) for the purpose of funding the State's asbestos removal
16	program. The expenses projected for the recovery period total \$5,500.
17	
18	The fifth activity listed on Schedule 42-2P, Emission Monitoring (Line
19	Item 1.5), reflects an ongoing O&M expense associated with the Continuous
20	Emission Monitoring equipment (CEM) as required by the CAAA. These
21	expenses are incurred in response to the federal Environmental Protection
22	Agency's (EPA) requirements that the Company perform Quality
23	Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) testing for the CEMs, including Relative
24	Accuracy Test Audits (RATA) and Linearity Tests. The expenses expected to
25	occur during the recovery period for these activities total \$307,389.

1	Q.	What O&M activities are included in Water Quality?
2	Α.	General Water Quality (Line Item 1.6), identified in Schedule 42-2P, includes
3		Soil Contamination Studies, Dechlorination, Groundwater Monitoring Plan
4		Revisions and Surface Water Studies. All the programs included in Line Item
5		1.6, General Water Quality, have been approved in past proceedings. The
6		expenses expected to be incurred during the projection recovery period for
7		these activities total \$563,005.
8		
9		The second activity listed in the Water Quality Category, Groundwater
10		Contamination Investigation (Line Item 1.7), was previously approved for
11		environmental cost recovery in Docket No. 930613-EI. This activity is
12		projected to incur incremental expenses totaling \$1,445,670.
13		
14		Line Item 1.8, State NPDES Administration, was previously approved for
15		recovery in the ECRC and reflects expenses associated with annual fees for
16		Gulf's three generating facilities in Florida. These expenses are expected to
17		be \$42,000 during the projected recovery period.
18		
19		Finally, Line Item 1.9, Lead and Copper Rule, was also previously approved
20		for ECRC recovery and reflects sampling, analytical and chemical costs
21		related to lead and copper in drinking water. These expenses are expected
22		to total \$6,000 during 2000.
23		
24	Q.	What activities are included in the Environmental Affairs Administration
25		Category?

1	Α.	Only one O&M activity is included in this category on Schedule 42-2P (Line
2		Item 1.10) of Ms. Ritenour's exhibit. This Line Item refers to the Company's
3		Environmental Audit/Assessment function. This program is an on-going
4		compliance activity previously approved and is projected to incur expenses
5		totaling \$23,000 during the recovery period.
6		
7	Q.	What O&M activities are included in the Solid and Hazardous Waste
8		category?
9	Α.	Only one program, General Solid and Hazardous Waste (Line Item 1.11) is
10		included in the Solid and Hazardous Waste category on Schedule 42-2P.
11		This activity involves the proper identification, handling, storage,
12		transportation and disposal of solid and hazardous wastes as required by
13		federal and state regulations. This program is an on-going compliance
14		activity previously approved and is projected to incur incremental expenses
15		totaling \$68,442.
16		
17	Q.	In addition to the four major O & M categories listed above, are there any
18		other O & M activities which have been approved for recovery?
19	Α.	Yes. There are five other O & M categories which have been approved in
20		past proceedings. They are Above Ground Storage Tanks, Low NOx, Ash
21		Pond Diversion Curtains, Mercury Emissions and Sodium Injection System.
22		
23	Q.	What O & M activities are included in the Above Ground Storage Tanks?
24		Only one program, Above Ground Storage Tanks (Line Item 1.12), is included
25		in this category. This project involves theupgrading of above ground

1		petroleum tank storage systems to comply with existing state regulations.
2		This program was completed in 1999 and is not expected to incur any
3		expenses during 2000.
4		
5	Q.	Please identify the activities included in the Low NOx (Line Item 1.13)
6		category.
7	Α.	This project refers to the purchase and installation costs of Low NOx burner
8		tips at Plant Crist and Plant Smith to comply with Phase II requirements of the
9		CAAA. There are no expected expenses during the projection period.
10		
11	Q.	What O & M activity is included in the Ash Pond Diversion Curtains (Line Item
12		1.14) category.
13	Α.	This project, previously approved by the Commission, refers to the installation
14		of flow diversion curtains in the Plant Crist ash pond to effectively increase
15		water retention time in the ash pond, thereby allowing for the
16		sedimentation/precipitation treatment process to be more effective in reducing
17		levels of suspended particulates from the outfall at the Plant Crist ash pond.
18		The project will be completed in 1999; therefore, there are no expected
19		expenses during 2000.
20		
21	Q.	Please identify the activity included in the Mercury Emissions (Line Item 1.15)
22		category.
23	Α.	This program, approved by the Commission for recovery in Docket
24		No. 981973-EI, pertains to requirements for Gulf to periodically analyze coal
25		shipments for mercury and chlorine content. There are no expected

expenses during the recovery period. The EPA only mandated that
 shipments of coal would be analyzed for mercury and chlorine during 1999.
 No further notices of continued sampling requirements of coal shipments
 beyond 1999 have been issued by EPA. It is unknown at this time whether
 EPA will require further sampling during 2000.

6

Q. What activity is included in the Sodium Injection (Line Item 1.16) category?
A. The sodium injection system, which was recently approved in Docket Number
No. 990667-EI for inclusion in the ECRC, involves sodium injection to the
coal supply at Plant Smith to enhance precipitator efficiencies when burning
low sulfur coal. Projected expenses for the purchase of raw sodium are
expected to be \$100,000 in 2000.

13

14 Q. Are there any project or program expenses resulting from either new or more stringent environmental regulations which may significantly increase O&M 15 costs for the recovery period January 2000 through December 2000? 16 17 Α. Yes, one new project under the General Air Quality category will be affected by the anticipated implementation of a more stringent environmental 18 regulation. Specifically, Title I of the Clean Air Act Amendments (CAAA) of 19 1990 specifies ambient air quality standards. Escambia and Santa Rosa 20 counties are identified as potential ozone non-attainment areas to the new 21 eight-hour ambient air ozone standards adopted by the U.S. Environmental 22 Protection Agency (USEPA) in 1997. Gulf Power is a participant in the Gulf 23 Coast Ozone Study (GCOS, Line Item 1.17) which is a joint modeling 24 analysis between Gulf Power and the State of Florida to provide an improved 25

1		basis for assessment of eight-hour ozone air quality for Northwest Florida.
2		The project will model past episodes of high ozone levels in Northwest
3		Florida. The model will then be used in developing potential control
4		strategies for both stationary and mobile sources to provide a comprehensive
5		evaluation of the area as required under Title I of the Clean Air Act. This will
6		support FDEP's State Implementation Plan (SIP) revisions, which are
7		required by July 2003. This evaluation is considered pre-engineering work
8		necessary to evaluate the most viable, low cost emission control technologies
9		available that may be required to meet the new eight-hour ambient air ozone
10		standard. Expenses for this project, beginning in January 2000, are
11		anticipated to be \$253,000 for the year.
12		
13	Q.	Mr. Vick, have you reviewed the variances in recoverable costs for the
14		estimated true-up period, January – December 1999?
15		
16	Α.	Yes. I have reviewed schedules 42-4E and 42-6E included in Ms. Ritenour's
17		exhibit to her testimony.
18		
19	Q.	Are there any expected variances in recoverable costs for 1999 related to
20		capital investment projects?
21	Α.	Yes. As shown on Schedule 42-6E, five projects reveal variances that are
2 2		explained in more detail as follows:
23		First, Substation Contamination Mobile Groundwater Treatment
24		System (Line Item 1.6), has a variance of \$351. A small unexpected property
25		addition occurred in November 1998.

1		Second, CEMS, Line Item 1.5, and Daniel Ash Management Project,
2		Line Item 1.15, have variances of \$546 and \$12,673 respectively. Both are
3		the result of an increase in Mississippi property taxes. Property tax rates
4		fluctuate annually, resulting in changes to projected costs from year to year.
5		Next, Smith Sodium Injection System, Line Item 1.12, reflects a
6		variance of \$2,571. This variance is the result of the project not being
7		included in the original projection. This project has been recently approved
8		for recovery by the Commission in Docket No. 990667-El.
9		Lastly, SO ₂ Allowances, Line Item 1.17, reflects a (\$299,951) variance
10		as a result of the proceeds from the EPA auction in the spring. Due to the
11		volatility of the SO_2 allowance market, proceeds from the auction cannot be
12		predicted and are therefore not included in the projection filings.
13		
14	Q.	For the period January 1999 through December 1999, do you anticipate
15		significant variances in O&M expenses and if so, please explain these
16		variances.
17	Α.	With the exception of three categories on Ms. Riteneour's schedule 42-4E,
18		General Water Quality (Line Item 1.6), Groundwater Contamination
19		Investigation (Line Item 1.7) and Environmental Auditing and Assessment
20		(Line Item 1.10), all other categories have significant estimated variances.
21		Each project is discussed in more detail as follows:
22		
23		Sulfur, (Line Item 1.1) has a projected variance of \$16,067. This variance is
24		the result of an increase in quantities of sulfur used due to the quality of the
25		coal supply and annual service maintenance of the sodium injection system.

Air Emission Fees, (Line Item 1.2), has a projected variance of (\$7,254). Expected annual air emissions fees in the State of Florida are established at a \$25 cost per ton of emissions, estimated based upon the preceding year's emissions. The 1999 emission fees are for actual emissions during 1998 which were projected based on 1997 emissions data. Emissions during 1998 were less than those projected during 1997 and consequently resulted in the variance in 1999 emission fees.

8

9 Title V, (Line Item 1.3) has a projected variance of \$49,038. Title V permits 10 have yet to be issued for Plants Crist, Scholz or Smith. The variance is the result of unresolved issues raised by the FDEP during the final permitting 11 process for Plant Crist and the draft permitting process for Plants Scholz and 12 13 Smith. The issues include a complete re-modeling for ambient air compliance at Plants Scholz and Smith. The re-modeling efforts will require 14 15 Plants Scholz and Smith to post no trespassing signs, construct restrictive fencing to prohibit access to plant properties by the general public and to 16 conduct regular patrols of property boundaries. EPA has also vetoed the 17 18 state issued Title V permit for Plant Crist until certain outstanding issues can be resolved. Once these issues are resolved, FDEP can then issue a final 19 permit for Plant Crist. All costs associated with the new Title V monitoring 20 provisions and reporting requirements are included in these program 21 22 expenses.

23

Asbestos Fees, (Line Item 1.4) reflects an anticipated variance of (\$4,800).
 This variance is the result of fewer encounters with Asbestos Containing

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1	Materials (ACM) that require special handling and disposal at plant and
2	district facilities.
3	
4	Emission Monitoring, (Line Item 1.5), has an expected variance of
5	(\$212,791). This variance is a result of the inadvertent inclusion of non-
6	recoverable emission monitoring expenses in our original projection.
7	
8	State NPDES Administration, Line Item 1.8, reflects a variance of
9	(\$15,000). Gulf had anticipated major permit modifications for the existing
10	Plant Scholz and Plant Smith NPDES permits. Major modifications requests
11	with FDEP are assessed a \$7,500 modification fee. Both requests were
12	deemed minor permit modifications by FDEP and consequently, the projected
13	expenses were not incurred.
14	
15	Lead and Copper (Line Item 1.9), reflects a variance of (\$6,148).
16	The variance results from reduced water consumption at our facilities,
17	specifically the removal of certain water uses from the potable water supply.
18	The reduced potable water consumption resulted in a decrease in costs for
19	chemical purchases, creating the variance.
20	
21	General Solid & Hazardous Waste (Line Item 1.11) has a projected variance
22	for 1999 of \$45,194. This variance is primarily due to the implementation of
23	the Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) reporting requirement which now includes
24	electric utilities. Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization
25	Act (SARA Title III), finalized by EPA in 1986, required certain industries with

1 certain Standard Industrial Codes (SIC) to report annually the on-site storage 2 and annual use of specific hazardous chemicals and substances identified by EPA. SARA Title III includes Form R reporting of releases of specific 3 4 chemicals to air, water or land. Prior to January 1, 1999, electric utilities had 5 been exempt from TRI reporting requirements. EPA revised the SIC to include electric utilities subject to TRI Form R reporting requirements. 6 7 Consequently, Gulf Power incurred expenses to gather pertinent information on toxic releases from affected facilities and to complete and submit the Form 8 9 R report to EPA. 10 Above Ground Storage Tanks (Line Item 1.12) reflects a \$13,971 expected 11 12 variance. This is the result of contractor expenses being greater than originally projected. 13 14 15 Low NOx (Line Item 1.13) has a projected variance of \$31,827. This variance is due to contract labor costs for installation of the burner tips being higher 16 than originally expected. 17 18 Ash Pond Diversion Curtains (Line Item 1.14) has a projected variance of 19 \$5,800. The expenses included in the 1999 projection for diversion curtains 20 were based on the purchase price of curtains installed in 1994. The variance 21 is the result of an increase in the cost of curtains from the 1994 prices. 22 23 Mercury Emissions (Line Item 1.15) reflects a variance of \$14,100. This 24 variance is the result of Commission approval of this new project during the 25

1	current recovery period. There were no anticipated expenses at the time of
2	the original projection testimony for 1999.
3	
4	Sodium Injection (Line Item 1.16) has a \$37,000 variance. Again, this
5	variance is the result of Commission approval of this project during the
6	current recovery period. There were no anticipated expenses initially
7	expected in the original projection for 1999.
8	Mr. Vick, does this conclude your testimony?
9	A. Yes.
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AFFIDAVIT

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF ESCAMBIA Docket No. 990007-EI

Before me the undersigned authority, personally appeared James O. Vick, who being first duly sworn, deposes, and says that he is the Manager of Environmental Affairs of Gulf Power Company, a Maine corporation, and that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of his knowledge, information, and belief. He is personally known to me.

James Ø. Vick Manager of Environmental Affairs

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 30th day of September , 1999.

Notary Public, State of Florida at Large

Commission Number:

Commission Expires:

