## BEFORE THE

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

PETITION BY BELLSOUTH
TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC. FOR
SECTION 252 (B) ARBITRATION SEEKING:
RESOLUTION OF CERTAIN ISSUES ARISING IN NEGOTIATION OF RESALE AGREEMENT WITH FLORIDA TELEPHONE SERVICES, LLC.

DOCKET NO. 991947-TP


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PROCEEDINGS: HEARING

BEFORE: COMMISSIONER SUSAN F. CLARK COMMISSIONER E. LEON JACOBS, JR. COMMISSIONER LILA A. JABER

DATE:
Wednesday, May 17, 2000

TIME: Commenced at 9:35 a.m.
Concluded at 10:30 a.m.

PLACE: Betty Easley Conference Center Room 148
4075 Esplanade Way
Tallahassee, Florida

REPORTED BY: KORETTA E. STANFORD, RPR
FPSC Official Commission Reporter

APPEARANCES :
E. EARL EDENFIELD, JR., BellSouth

Telecommunications, Inc., c/o Nancy Sims, 150 South Monroe Street, Suite 400, Tallahassee, Florida 32301, appearing on behalf of BellSouth

Telecommunications, Inc.
PAUL B. JOACHIM of Florida Telephone Services, LLC 696 East Altamonte Suite 4, Altamonte Springs, Florida 32701, appearing on behalf of Florida Telephone Services, LLC.

BETH KEATING, Florida Public Service
Commission, Division of Legal Services, 2540
Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, Florida 32399, appearing on behalf of the Commission Staff.

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PROCEEDINGS
COMMISSIONER CLARK: We'll call the proceeding to order. Would you please read the notice?

MS. KEATING: By notice issued March 27 th , 2000,
this time and place has been set for a hearing in docket number 991947-TP, the purpose is as set forth in the notice.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: We'll take appearances.
MR. EDENFIELD: Kip Edenfield on behalf of Bellsouth.

MR. JOACHIM: Paul Joachim on behalf of Florida
Telephone Services.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: I'm sorry, would you
pronounce your last again?
MR. JOACHIM: Joachim.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Joachim.

MR. JOACHIM: Yes.

MS. KEATING: And Beth Keating appearing for Commission Staff.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Thank you.
Ms. Keating, anything we have to take up preliminarily?

MS. KEATING: There are no outstanding motions or other preliminary matters that we're aware of. At this time though, I do suggest -- we have one exhibit that we

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believe can be entered into the record by stipulation. It's the official recognition list.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Staff has an exhibit.
MS. KEATING: Yes, stip one.
COMMISSIONER CLARK: Okay. Are there any objections to making the list of that, we will take official recognition up as an exhibit.

MR. EDENFIELD: There's no objection from BellSouth. However, Commissioner Clark, BellSouth has one addition they would like to add to that list.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: We'll handle that separately.

All right, Exhibit 1 will be Staff's Official Recognition List, and it will be admitted into the record. Mr. Edenfield, you indicated you have something else you want us to take official recognition of?
(Exhibit 1 marked for identification and admitted into evidence.)

MR. EDENFIELD: Yes, Commissioner Clark. That would be a case of out of the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Kentucky. That's case number CA 97-79. It was rendered on September 9th, 1998.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: That's the order number?
MR. EDENFIELD: It is referenced in Mr. Varner's testimony on page three, line 19.

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COMMISSIONER CLARK: You want us to take official recognition of that order.

MR. EDENFIELD: Yes.
COMMISSIONER CLARK: Okay. Any objection?
MR. JOACHIM: No, Commissioner.
COMMISSIONER CLARK: All right. We will take official recognition of that order.

MR. EDENFIELD: That's all from BellSouth.
COMMISSIONER CLARK: Okay. Anything else from Staff?

MS. KEATING: Nothing Staff's aware of.
COMMISSIONER CLARK: Okay. As I understand it, we have three witnesses. I do note the testimony is short, and I would indicate to all the witnesses I don't expect the summary to exceed the testimony itself. So, you are forwarned.

At this time I would like everyone who is going to testify to stand and raise their right hand. In this matter before the Public Service Commission, do you swear or affirm that you will tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth?

ALL: I do.
COMMISSIONER CLARK: Thank you.
Mr. Edenfield, I think the first witness is
yours; is that correct?

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MR. EDENFIELD: That's correct, Commissioner
Clark. If I may proceed?
COMMISSIONER CLARK: You may.
MR. EDENFIELD: BellSouth calls Mr. Varner to
the stand.
COMMISSIONER CLARK: I do have one question. Do we want to take direct and rebuttal at the same time?

MR. EDENFIELD: That would be acceptable to me.
I think this is going to be fairly short.
COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Joachim, would that be all right?

MR. JOACHIM: Yes.
COMMISSIONER CLARK: All right. We'll do direct and rebuttal at the same time.

DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. EDENFIELD:
Q Mr. Varner, will you confirm that you've previously been sworn?

A Yes.
Q State your name, for the record, please.
A Alphonso Varner.
Q Tell us your employer and your position.
A BellSouth Telecommunications, Senior Director Regulatory.

Q Did you cause to be filed in this proceeding FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
seven pages of direct testimony with no exhibits and four pages of rebuttal testimony with no exhibits?

A Yes.
Q Do you have any changes, corrections to make to that testimony?

A No.
Q If I ask you today the same questions that appear in your testimony, would your answers be the same? A Yes.

MR. EDENFIELD: At this point, Commissioner Clark, I would ask that Mr. Varner's direct and rebuttal testimony be admitted into the record as if read. COMMISSIONER CLARK: It will be admitted in the record as though read.

MR. EDENFIELD: We have no exhibits to mark.

BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC. DIRECT TESTIMONY OF ALPHONSO J. VARNER BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

DOCKET NO. 991947-TP
MARCH 9, 2000

## Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, YOUR POSITION WITH BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC. ("BELLSOUTH") AND YOUR BUSINESS ADDRESS.

A. My name is Alphonso J. Varner. I am employed by BellSouth as Senior Director for State Regulatory for the nine-state BellSouth region. My business address is 675 West Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Georgia 30375.

## Q. PLEASE GIVE A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF YOUR BACKGROUND AND EXPERIENCE.

A. I graduated from Florida State University in 1972 with a Bachelor of Engineering Science degree in systems design engineering. I immediately joined Southern Bell in the division of revenues organization with the responsibility for preparation of all Florida investment separations studies for division of revenues and for reviewing interstate settlements.

Subsequently, I accepted an assignment in the rates and tariffs organization with responsibilities for administering selected rates and tariffs including preparation of
tariff filings. In January 1994, I was appointed Senior Director of Pricing for the nine-state region. I was named Senior Director for Regulatory Policy and Planning in August 1994, and I accepted my current position as Senior Director of Regulatory in April 1997.

## Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

A. The purpose of my testimony is to address the only unresolved issue between Florida Telephone Services, LCC ("FTS") and BellSouth resulting from the negotiation of a Resale Agreement. I will explain to the Florida Public Service Commission ("Commission") why BellSouth should be allowed to recover from FTS the costs incurred by BellSouth to provide access to BellSouth's Operations Support Systems ("OSS") to competitive local exchange carriers ("CLECs").

Issue: What are the appropriate rates to be charged by BellSouth for CLEC's access to and use of the electronic and manual interfaces to BellSouth's Operations Support Systems ("OSS") and functions?

## Q. WHAT ARE OPERATIONS SUPPORT SYSTEMS AND FOR WHAT ARE THEY USED?

A. BellSouth's OSS are the systems and databases used for pre-ordering, ordering, provisioning, maintenance and repair, and billing to provision telecommunications services required by CLECs. Under the Federal Communications Commission's ("FCC") rules based on the FCC's interpretation of Section 251 (c)(3) of the

Telecommunications Act of 1996 (the "Act"), BellSouth is required to develop nondiscriminatory electronic interfaces for access to these OSS by CLECs.

## Q. HAS BELLSOUTH PROVIDED CLECs WITH ACCESS TO OSS?

A. Yes. BellSouth has developed and implemented the required non-discriminatory electronic interfaces pursuant to the Act and consistent with the FCC's rules, and should be allowed to recover its costs for developing, implementing and maintaining such systems, as well as, to recover its on-going order processing costs. BellSouth is entitled, under the Act and the FCC's orders and rules, to recover its costs associated with developing, providing, and maintaining the interfaces that make BellSouth's OSS accessible to CLECs, such as FTS.

## Q. WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR BELLSOUTH'S CHARGING CLECs FOR ACCESS TO BELLSOUTH'S OSS?

A. As discussed above, BellSouth is entitled under the Act and the FCC's orders and rules to recover its costs in providing CLECs electronic access to BellSouth's OSS. This issue has been addressed in numerous forums. For example, in AT\&T's appeal of the Kentucky Commission's decisions on UNE cost rates (C.A. No. $97-$ 79, 9/9/98) from AT\&T's arbitration proceeding, the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Kentucky expressly confirmed that BellSouth is entitled to recover its costs for developing access to BellSouth's Operations Support Systems for CLECs. The U.S. District Court's Order at page 16 states: "Because the electronic interfaces will only benefit the CLECs, the ILECs, like BellSouth,
should not have to subsidize them. BellSouth has satisfied the nondiscrimination prong by providing access to network elements that is substantially equivalent to the access provided for itself. AT\&T is the cost-causer, and it should be the one bearing all the costs; there is absolutely nothing discriminatory about this concept."

## Q. HAS THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION PREVIOUSLY

 ADDRESSED THE ISSUE OF OSS COST RECOVERY?A. Yes. In Order No. PSC-98-0604-FOF-TP, issued April 29, 1998 in Docket Nos. $960757-\mathrm{TP}, 960833-\mathrm{TP}$, and $960846-\mathrm{TP}$, at page 165 , the Commission recognized that "OSS costs, manual and electronic, may be recoverable costs incurred by BellSouth." However, the Commission specifically ordered BellSouth to remove all ordering costs, manual and electronic, from the non-recurring UNE rates it established in those Dockets. Acknowledging that a CLEC may be stymied in placing UNE orders, the Commission encouraged the parties to negotiate in good faith to establish rates for OSS functions.
Q. WHAT HAVE BEEN THE RESULTS OF NEGOTIATING OSS RATES WITH CLECs IN FLORIDA?
A. In several cases, BellSouth has been able to reach agreement with CLECs regarding rates to be charged for processing CLEC orders. However, in those cases where the parties were unable to negotiate rates for OSS, the parties presented the issue to the Commission for arbitration.

## HAS THE COMMISSION ESTABLISHED OSS RATES IN AN

 ARBITRATION?A. No. The Commission has said on several occasions that OSS cost recovery more properly should be addressed in a generic proceeding, not in an arbitration proceeding. As such, to date the Commission has declined to approve or set charges to recover BellSouth's OSS costs. However, unless a CLEC has voluntarily agreed through negotiations to include rates for OSS functions, BellSouth is not recovering its costs for processing CLEC orders. Thus, CLECs have been allowed to continue to utilize the electronic and manual interfaces BellSouth has established for access to its OSS; yet BellSouth is not being allowed to recover its costs. Establishing interim OSS rates in this arbitration proceeding is necessary to enable BellSouth to recover its OSS costs until such time as the Commission establishes permanent rates in a generic OSS proceeding.
Q. HAS THE COMMISSION ESTABLISHED A GENERIC PROCEEDING TO ADDRESS OSS COSTS?
A. No. Although the Commission recognized that BellSouth incurs OSS costs, a proceeding has not been established that would afford BellSouth the opportunity to recover such costs. In essence, BellSouth is now caught between a "rock and a hard place". Absent reaching agreement on OSS rates through negotiations with CLECs, BellSouth has no viable means to recover the costs associated with the development of the interfaces to provide CLECs access to and use of BellSouth's OSS.
Q. SINCE THE COMMISSION HAS NOT ESTABLISHED RATES FOR PROCESSING CLEC ORDERS, WHAT HAS BELLSOUTH OFFERED TO CHARGE CLECs LIKE FTS?
A. During negotiations, BellSouth offered a regional OSS pricing plan to FTS. However, FTS has declined BellSouth's offer. This regional OSS rate is available to all CLECs and represents a voluntarily negotiated regional rate applicable only if the CLEC agrees to this same rate for all states in BellSouth's region. BellSouth is not asking this Commission to approve the voluntary, negotiation-based, regional OSS rate in this arbitration.
Q. WHAT INTERIM RATES DOES BELLSOUTH PROPOSE TO CHARGE FTS FOR ELECTRONICALLY AND MANUALLY SUBMITTED ORDERS?
A. Because the Commission has not established a generic OSS proceeding, BellSouth proposes that the Commission establish interim rates for electronic and manual order processing. BellSouth witness, Ms. Daonne Caldwell, presents in her testimony the cost study that supports BellSouth's proposed rate for processing orders via BellSouth's electronic OSS interfaces. In addition, BellSouth is proposing an interim rate for the recovery of BellSouth's costs associated with processing orders manually. Ms. Caldwell also presents and supports this cost study in her testimony.

The interim rates BellSouth proposes to charge FTS for processing CLEC orders, manual and electronic, are shown below.

| Rate Element | Non-recurring Charge |
| :--- | :---: |
| OSS Manual Processing, per local <br> service request | $\$ 13.89$ |
| OSS Electronic Interface, per local <br> service request | $\$ 2.71$ |

## Q. WHAT ACTION IS BELLSOUTH REQUESTING FROM THIS COMMISSION?

A. BellSouth is requesting that this Commission reconfirm, consistent with the Commission's previous decisions, that BellSouth is entitled to recover its costs associated with the development of the OSS electronic interfaces and ongoing electronic and manual order processing. Upon such confirmation, the Commission should approve the interim rates proposed in my testimony and order the inclusion of these rates in the arbitrated agreement between FTS and BellSouth. Since the Commission intends to establish a generic OSS cost proceeding, any rates approved in this arbitration may be impacted by the outcome of the generic OSS proceeding.
Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
A. Yes.
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BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC.
REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF ALPHONSO J. VARNER BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION DOCKET NO. 991947-TP

MAY 8, 2000
Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, YOUR POSITION WITH BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC. ("BELLSOUTH") AND YOUR BUSINESS ADDRESS.
A. My name is Alphonso J. Varner. I am employed by BellSouth as Senior Director for State Regulatory for the nine-state BellSouth region. My business address is 675 West Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Georgia 30375.

## Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY FILED TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING?

A. Yes. I filed direct testimony in this proceeding on March 9, 2000.
Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
A. The purpose of my rebuttal testimony is to respond to the direct testimony of Florida Telephone Services, LCC's ("FTS's") witness Mr. Paul B. Joachim, filed with the Florida Public Service Commission ("Commission") on March 27, 2000. I will specifically respond to FTS's contention that BellSouth is not entitled to recover from FTS the costs incurred by BellSouth to provide access to BellSouth's

Operations Support Systems ("OSS") to competitive local exchange carriers ("CLECs").
Q. PLEASE COMMENT ON MR. JOACHIM'S CONTENTION THAT FTS WOULD BE MADE "UNCOMPETITIVE" BY BELLSOUTH'S OSS CHARGES.
A. Contrary to Mr. Joachim's contention, it is BellSouth that would be disadvantaged should BellSouth be required to absorb the cost of providing FTS and all CLECs with access to its OSS interfaces. These costs are incurred regardless of whether the OSS interfaces are used for ordering unbundled network elements or resold services. Futhermore, neither the Act nor FCC contemplated such subsidy.

## Q. WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR BELLSOUTH'S CHARGING CLECs FOR ACCESS

 TO BELLSOUTH'S OSS?A. As I discussed in my direct testimony, BellSouth is entitled under the Act and the FCC's orders and rules to recover its costs in providing CLECs access to BellSouth's OSS. This issue has been addressed in numerous forums. For example, in AT\&T's appeal of the Kentucky Commission's decisions on UNE cost rates (C.A. No. 97-79, 9/9/98) from AT\&T's arbitration proceeding, the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Kentucky expressly confirmed that BellSouth is entitled to recover its costs for developing access to BellSouth's OSS for CLECs. The U.S. District Court's Order at page 16 states: "Because the electronic interfaces will only benefit the CLECs, the ILECs, like BellSouth, should not have to subsidize them. BellSouth has satisfied the nondiscrimination prong by
providing access to network elements that is substantially equivalent to the access provided for itself. AT\&T is the cost-causer, and it should be the one bearing all the costs; there is absolutely nothing discriminatory about this concept."

Even this Commission recognized that BellSouth should be able to recover its OSS costs. In Order No. PSC-98-0604-FOF-TP, issued April 29, 1998 in Docket Nos. 960757-TP, 960833-TP, and 960846-TP, at page 165, the Commission recognized that "OSS costs, manual and electronic, may be recoverable costs incurred by BellSouth."
Q. IS IT APPROPRIATE FOR THIS COMMISSION TO ALLOW FTS TO UTILIZE BELLSOUTH'S OSS INTERFACES AT NO CHARGE?
A. No. FTS should be required to pay for the development, ongoing maintenance and access to BellSouth's OSS interfaces just like every other CLEC. As I discussed in my direct testimony, BellSouth is requesting that this Commission reconfirm, consistent with the Commission's previous decisions, that BellSouth is entitled to recover its costs associated with the development of the OSS electronic interfaces and ongoing electronic and manual order processing. Upon such confirmation, the Commission should approve the interim rates proposed in my direct testimony and order the inclusion of these rates in the arbitrated agreement between FTS and BellSouth. Since the Commission intends to establish a generic OSS cost proceeding, any rates approved in this arbitration may be impacted by the outcome of the generic OSS proceeding.

1 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
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BY MR. EDENFIELD:
Q Mr. Varner, did you prepare a summary of your testimony?

A Yes.
Q Would you please give that summary?
A Yes.
The single issue to be addressed here today is the appropriate rates to be charged for Florida Telephone Service's access to and use of electronic and manual interfaces to operation support systems.

BellSouth has developed and implemented the required nondiscriminatory electronic interfaces and should be allowed to recover its cost for developing the systems as well as to recover its ongoing order processing cost.

The Commission has not yet approved rates to enable BellSouth to recover these costs. In the past, this issue has been deferred to a yet to be established generic docket. Unless an ALEC has voluntarily agreed through negotiations to include rates for these functions, BellSouth is not recovering its cost, although we are providing the functions.

Such is the case with FTS. Consequently,
BellSouth filed for arbitration before the Commission. Under the act, the Commission is obligated to establish
prices per access to OSS, since it is a UNE.
During negotiations, BellSouth also offered a regional voluntarily negotiated pricing plan to FTS, but they declined. In this case, BellSouth is proposing interim rates for access to OSS. These rates are \$2.71 for electronic orders, \$13.89 for manual orders and would apply until the Commission concludes its generic docket.

These rates are calculated consistent with the cost methodology previously adopted by the Commission. And since the Commission intends to establish a generic OSS proceeding, any rates approved in this arbitration may be impacted by that outcome.

Therefore, BellSouth urges the Commission to approve the rates that BellSouth has proposed on an interim basis.

That concludes my summary.
COMMISSIONER CLARK: Thank you.
Mr. Joachim, do you have any cross-examination?
MR. JOACHIM: Yes, I do have a couple questions.
COMMISSIONER CLARK: Go ahead.
CROSS EXAMINATION
BY MR. JOACHIM:
Q Mr. Varner, you have in your testimony indicated that -- actually, you referenced an agreement with AT\&T that you have provided substantial equivalent access to
your OSS services.
How do you say that when this is just not true? We still have to make several phone calls everytime an order is processed to make sure it does go through properly, even though we have made sure it is correctly in the system.

MR. EDENFIELD: Commissioner Clark, if I may, I understand Mr . Joachim is not an attorney, but the questions are turning more into speeches. I want to give him as much latitude as I can, but I have to object to that question. It was a speech.

MR. JOACHIM: It wasn't a speech. It was --
COMMISSIONER CLARK: Go ahead. Can you ask the question? BY MR. JOACHIM:

Q Yeah. How can you say it's equivalent access when it is not?

A I need a little more information on it. If you're talking about the --

Q Yeah, I'm referring to your page two and page three, lines -- from 25, one and two on page three of your testimony where you say, and I quote, "BellSouth has satisfied the nondiscrimination problem."

A Oh, yes. Okay. Now, the question is --
Q You say that this is equivalent access provided

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for itself, meaning BellSouth, that you have the same access as any other CLEC. Is this -- how do you come to this conclusion?

A Couple reasons. One is that the OSS systems that the CLECs use are the same as ours. However, CLECs are not able to access those OSS systems utilizing the same systems that we have, so we had to develop interfaces that would allow you to get to those same OSS systems that process our orders; and that's LENS, EDI, typically TAG, all those interfaces, but all they do is they allow the CLEC to enter the order to get to the OSS systems and then, from that point, they use the same OSS systems that we do. We've built in the capabilities into those interfaces that are the same capabilities that are in our own interfaces.

Q But as a CLEC, we don't have the same access that BellSouth does. BellSouth has a lot more latitude than any other CLEC would. We still have to make phone calls to LCSC, your own LCSC department, to correct issues that do come up all the time. These OSS systems don't work properly.

A Well, I --
Q I'm sorry. You, as BellSouth, has a lot more control over this particular area than any other CLEC has, because you'd have to -- it would have to go through you.

A I would disagree with that. The interfaces that we developed, if you look at the performance, show that the availability of them is very high, in excess of $95 \%$. The orders that go through them, we've had very, very little problem with, you know, any system problem with processing those orders through the interfaces.

The other point to remember is that once you get through the interface, the order process in the system is the same that applies to our orders so that if, in fact, there is a problem that arises, it's going to effect your orders and our orders, you know, simultaneously, because they're both using the same systems.

Q I disagree with that, I'm sorry.
A Now, with respect to the LCSC, LCSC enters into the picture in a couple ways. One is that if you decide to issue an order manually, as opposed to using electronic interface --

Q We use electronic.
A -- then you call the LCSC.
COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Joachim, we need to be careful that you ask the question, and then let Mr . Varner answer. You cannot speak at the same time or comment on what he has said. You may only ask questions, because it is difficult for the court reporter to take simultaneous testimony.

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MR. JOACHIM: I apologize.
A Now, with regard to the LCSC, if you decide to issue manual orders, you would call the LCSC; or if you're having problems, you can call -- you could call the LCSC, if you had a question about why an electronic order showed a certain error or something of that nature. So, you could do that.

However, those costs are not included in the electronic processing cost when you call the LCSC. The $\$ 2.71$ for an electronic order doesn't include recovery of those costs. BY MR. JOACHIM:

Q In other words, what you're saying is that your own service reps have the same ability as any other CLEC would?

A On resale orders, yes.
Q Then, explain how do orders that BellSouth places for their own customers go through a lot faster and processed a lot faster than any orders that a CLEC would.

A They don't really go through a lot faster or process a lot faster. I think what you may be getting to is they may have a lower error rate than the CLEC orders, and there are a couple of reasons for that. We've built error-detection systems on the front end that go through all the same edits that the order's going to go through
when it goes forward before they ever send it. So, that reduces the error rate on our orders.

You could do the same thing. You could build those same edits into your own front-end system, run those orders through the edit process, and ensure that you detect those errors before they're ever submitted.

If you don't do that, if we didn't do that, we would run into some of the similar situations where the order goes through, it goes in, gets errors and has to be sent out, but since we go through all the edits up front, built that into the system, our system, before we submit the order, then we don't have as much of that occurring.

Q So, those error-detection processes are not part of the OSS, then?

A Yes. The error-detection process is part of the OSS, and we go through it, but what we do is before we ever submit the order to the OSS we go through a process of running, essentially, the error detection over the order before we ever submit it, which you could do, because we provide to you all of the edits that the system is going to perform. And if you wanted to develop -- put that into your front-end system, you could do that.

Q Feel free to check our own orders. You'll find that our error rate is probably lower than your direct reps.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Joachim, you need to ask questions, not give testimony at this time.

MR. JOACHIM: Sorry, Commissioner. It's
tempting. I apologize again, but all I'm trying to establish here is that these OSS interfaces are not up to par, not when compared to when you do it through BellSouth directly. There is a problem there.

I don't have any other questions for this gentleman.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Thank you.
Staff?
CROSS EXAMINATION
BY MS. KEATING:
Q Good morning, Mr. Varner.
A Good morning.
Q Mr. Varner, page five of your direct testimony, you indicate that the Commission should set interim rates for OSS in this proceeding --

A Yes.
Q -- pending a generic proceeding for oss pricing, and I think you mentioned the same thing in your summary.

BellSouth's petition in this docket makes no mention that BellSouth seeks anything other than permanent rates. So could you clarify, is BellSouth, in fact, seeking interim rates in this proceeding?

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A Yes. We're only just seeking interim rates in this proceeding, pending -- because the Commission has established they're going to have a generic docket on that subject. So, we'll have interim rates, pending completion on that docket.

Q Okay. Well, I think that answers my next question, then, because I think on that same page of your testimony, you'd indicated that the Commission had not established a generic docket to address oss pricing.

A Yes. As far as I know, the docket has not been established in that, you know, there's no docket number or anything to do it, but the Commission has indicated on several occasions that they are going to establish that docket.

Q Well, then I have an order that I'd like you to take a look at. This is the Commission's second order on the competitive carriage petition in docket 981834. Are you familiar with that order?

A Not by the docket number. If I go ahead and look at the title, I'd probably remember it.

Q If I could, I'd like to ask you to read the highlighted portion on page six of that order. And Commissioners, I'd just like to note, this is on the official recognition list.

A Yes. "We will conduct Section 120.57,
parenthesis 1, Florida statutes formal administrative hearing process to address UNE pricing, include UNE combinations and deaverage pricing of unbundle loops. Concomitantly, we will conduct OSS workshops, both Commissioner and Staff workshops, in an effort to resolve OSS operational issues. The request for third-party testing of OSS systems will be addressed and considered in the workshops.

OSS costing and pricing issues shall not be addressed in these initial proceedings. We will conduct a Section 120.57, parenthesis 1, Florida statutes, formal administrative hearing to address collocation and access to loop issues as well as OSS costing and pricing issues. Collocation proceeding and the oss pricing proceeding will commence as soon as feasible following the UNE pricing and OSS operational/workshop proceedings.

MS. KEATING: Okay. And just to be clear, then, Mr. Varner, wouldn't you agree with me that the Commission does, in fact, have a docket open to address OSS pricing, and that's docket 981834 ?

A No, I didn't get that from this. What I
understood from this is that the Commission would establish a docket, that they would actually deal with these issues after the third-party testing. I did not understand that it was intended to be this docket.

Q Then, would you at least agree with me that the order indicates the generic pricing of OSS will be conducted after the UNE pricing proceeding and the OSS testing are completed?

A Yes. And that's one of the reasons we've proposed interim rates, because until that proceeding is concluded, we need to be able to charge something to recover our cost, at least on an interim basis.

So, what we're proposing is to have these interim rates that would apply until the Commission concludes that docket, and then whatever they decide in that docket would be retroactive back to the time we first applied these rates.

So, this is just a means to try to enable us, because everybody realizes that the cost of these interfaces is not zero. I mean, it's not free. So, we need to have some UNEs to recover our costs, until such time as the Commission completes its docket and then whatever those results are to be retroactive.

Q Let me just follow-up on that. You indicated that it would apply retroactively?

A Yes.
Q I didn't get this from your testimony, but would you agree, then, that the interim rates would be subject to true-up?

A Oh, yes.
MS. KEATING: Thank you, Mr. Varner, that's all we have.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Re-direct?

MR. EDENFIELD: Nothing from Bellsouth.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Thank you, Mr. Varner.

Ms. Caldwell.

DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. EDENFIELD:

Q Ms. Caldwell, would you confirm that you've previously been sworn?

A Yes, I have.

Q State your name, for the record, please.
A My name is Doris Daonne Caldwell.

Q Will you tell us who your employer is and what your position is.

A I'm a director in the Finance Department for BellSouth Telecommunications.

Q Did you cause to be filed in this proceeding 10 pages of direct with one exhibit?

A Yes, I did.

Q Do you have any changes or corrections to that testimony?

A I do not.

Q If I ask you today the same questions that

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appear in that testimony, would your answers be the same?
A Yes, they would.
MR. EDENFIELD: At this point, I would ask that Ms. Caldwell's testimony be admitted into the record as if read.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: It'll be admitted into the record as if read.

MR. EDENFIELD: And I would ask that the exhibit to her testimony be marked for identification.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: It'll be marked as Exhibit No. 2.
(Exhibit No. 2 marked for identification.)

# BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC. DIRECT TESTIMONY OF D. DAONNE CALDWELL BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> MARCH 9, 2000 

Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, ADDRESS AND OCCUPATION.
A. My name is D. Daonne Caldwell. My business address is 675 W. Peachtree St., N.E., Atlanta, Georgia. I am a Director in the Finance Department of BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as "BellSouth"). My area of responsibility relates to economic costs.
Q. PLEASE PROVIDE A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND WORK EXPERIENCE.
A. I attended the University of Mississippi, graduating with a Master of Science Degree in mathematics. I have attended numerous Bell Communications Research, Inc. (Bellcore) courses and outside seminars relating to service cost studies and economic principles.

My initial employment was with South Central Bell in 1976 in the Tupelo, Mississippi, Engineering Department where I was responsible for Outside Plant Planning. In 1983, I transferred to BellSouth Services, Inc. in Birmingham, Alabama, and was responsible for the Centralized Results System Database. I
moved to the Pricing and Economics Department in 1984 where I developed methodology for service cost studies until 1986 when I accepted a rotational assignment with Bellcore. While at Bellcore, I was responsible for development and instruction of the Service Cost Studies Curriculum including courses such as "Concepts of Service Cost Studies", "Network Service Costs", "Nonrecurring Costs", and "Cost Studies for New Technologies". In 1990, I returned to BellSouth and was appointed to a position in the cost organization, now a part of the Finance Department, with the responsibility of managing the development of cost studies for transport facilities, both loop and interoffice. My current responsibilities encompass testifying in cost-related dockets, cost methodology development, overall cost study coordination.

## Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

A. The purpose of my testimony is to present the cost study results for the development and implementation of the Operations Support Systems ("OSS") Electronic Interfaces as well as the cost study results for both electronic and manual order processing. Additionally, I describe the cost methodology used in these studies. The study results are filed with this testimony as Exhibit DDC-1. Exhibit DDC-1 provides an overview to the study process, including service descriptions, cost element descriptions, models, study technique, specific study assumptions, a list of acronyms, as well as the study results and the input files to the TELRIC Calculator©.
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## Q. WHY WAS THIS STUDY CONDUCTED?

A. This cost study was generated to support the OSS electronic interface and manual processing rates for Florida Telephone Services as proposed in BellSouth witness, Mr. Al Varner's testimony. BellSouth filed costs for processing orders through an electronic interface in the Unbundled Network Element ("UNE") proceeding, Docket No. 960757-TP, 960833-TP, and 960846-TP. However, this Commission did not set rates for order processing, instead relegating this topic to a separate future docket. The fact that rates have not been established should not be used to deny BellSouth's entitlement to recover these costs. In fact, all of the other state commissions in the BellSouth region, with the exception of North Carolina and Tennessee, have established rates for the OSS electronic interfaces. The North Carolina Utilities Commission and the Tennessee Regulatory Authority have not issued final orders in their generic cost dockets. However, both entities have acknowledged BellSouth's right to recover OSS electronic interface costs by proposing a recovery mechanisms in their interim orders.

BellSouth is submitting a cost study in this proceeding for two reasons. First, as I mentioned previously, rates have never been established for orders submitted electronically in Florida. Additionally, the costs previously presented to this Commission for this element are three years' old. Thus, the costs associated with processing an order electronically have been updated with more current information. Second, the UNE proceeding never addressed the cost of handling an order submitted manually. In fact, in the order from the UNE docket, this Commission excluded all costs associated with order processing. The Order states,
"we find that BellSouth's LCSC costs are a component of its OSSs and therefore they must be excluded from recovery in these proceedings. Indeed, all ordering charges, manual or electronic, shall be excluded from the non-recurring rates in these proceedings." (Order at page 165) Thus, BellSouth has never recovered its costs for processing orders, either electronically or manually, in the state of Florida.
Q. PLEASE PROVIDE A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE OSS ELECTRONIC INTERFACES AND ORDER PROCESSING COST ELEMENTS.
A. The OSS Electronic Interfaces are the systems BellSouth developed specifically to provide Alternative Local Exchange Carriers ("ALECs") with the ability to transmit a Local Service Request ("LSR") electronically and utilize BellSouth's downstream legacy systems. Thus, these interfaces allow the ALEC to electronically access BellSouth's existing order processing systems. Both resale and UNE LSRs can be transmitted via the same electronic interfaces.

The OSS Electronic Interface costs can be subdivided into two classifications, (1) Development and Implementation and (2) Ongoing Processing. The Development and Implementation cost element includes the labor costs for the development of project requirements, computer program development and enhancement, and system software costs.

The Ongoing Processing cost element reflects costs associated with dispensation of
the LSRs and the maintenance of the electronic interfaces. Thus, included in this element are BellSouth labor, contract labor, future computer software expenditures, and computer maintenance expenses. Also included in the Ongoing Processing cost element is the Local Carrier Service Center ("LCSC") labor costs associated with handling an LSR which falls out, i.e., an LSR that does not pass through the interfaces completely.

LSR processing can be handled by two methods, electronically or manually. In the manual process, a BellSouth LCSC service representative interfaces with the ALEC directly, not by using the OSS Electronic Interfaces.

## Q. YOU MENTION INTERFACES IN YOUR DESCRIPTION. WERE THE COSTS DEVELOPED ON AN INDIVIDUAL INTERFACE BASIS?

A. No. The cost study assumed the interfaces were developed on an integrated basis. By this, I mean that all the interfaces impacting ALECs were considered as a total system. By doing so, the cost study reflects the efficiencies resulting from designing a complete solution instead of building it piecemeal. For example, it is more efficient to consider the interface interdependencies with downstream systems up-front and then build the interfaces within those constraints instead of programming each system independently.

## Q. WHAT TYPES OF COSTS ARE REFLECTED IN THE COST STUDIES?

A. The cost studies reflect both recurring and nonrecurring costs. Recurring costs
include both capital and non-capital costs. Capital costs are associated with the purchase of an item of plant, i.e., an investment. They consist of depreciation, cost of money, and income tax. Non-capital recurring costs are expenses associated with the use of an investment. These operating expenses consist of plant-specific expenses, such as maintenance, ad valorem taxes and gross receipts taxes. The Electronic Interface studies include other recurring expenses such as ongoing application software maintenance and labor to support the ongoing operations of providing this service.

Nonrecurring costs include one-time costs for the development and implementation of the systems. They include labor costs for systems planning, design, programming, testing, and implementation, in addition to software expenses. Additionally, LCSC labor for manually handling the LSR for both fallout and manual ordering is included in the ongoing nonrecurring costs.

## Q. WHAT COST METHODOLOGY IS USED IN THE COST STUDIES?

A. The cost studies are based on the cost study methodology accepted by this Commission in Order No. PSC-98-0604-FOF-TP in Docket Nos. 960757-TP, 960833-TP, and 960846-TP dated April 29, 1998. This Order established rates for numerous network capabilities, ranging from 2-Wire Analog Loop to Physical Collocation. On page 12 of the Order, the Commission ordered rates that "cover BellSouth's Total System [Service] Long-run Incremental Costs (TSLRIC) and provide some contribution toward joint and common costs."

The Florida Public Service Commission initially set the foundation for cost methodology in its December 31, 1996 Order PSC-96-1579-FOF-TP. This Order established Total Service Long Run Incremental Cost ("TSLRIC") as the appropriate methodology for determining the costs associated with network capabilities. However, this order also states that the Commission does not "believe there is substantial difference between TSLRIC cost of a network element and the TELRIC [Total Element Long Run Incremental Cost] cost of a network element." (Page 24) In fact, this Order further allows the consideration of joint and common costs in setting rates (Page 33) By the definitions outlined in Order PSC-96-1579-FOF-TP, the combination of TSLRIC plus shared (joint) and common costs equates to the Federal Communication Commission's ("FCC's") definition of economic costs (TELRIC plus a reasonable allocation of forward-looking joint and common costs). BellSouth's cost study filed in this docket develops TSLRIC plus shared and common costs.

## Q. PLEASE PROVIDE SOME BACKGROUND TO ORDER NUMBER PSC-98-0604-FOF-TP.

A. On November 13, 1997, BellSouth filed cost studies to support prices that this Commission had previously established as interim rates. The studies were filed electronically with complete documentation. With these studies, BellSouth introduced a new cost model, the TELRIC Calculator®. The TELRIC Calculator® converts material prices and labor work times to cost. The Commission accepted the TELRIC Calculator© as a viable model to determine the TSLRIC plus shared and common costs associated with network capabilities. However, the

Commission did make adjustments to the inputs filed by BellSouth.

## Q. ARE THE ADJUSTMENTS TO BELLSOUTH'S INPUTS ORDERED BY THE COMMISSION IN ORDER NO. PSC-98-0604-FOF-TP INCORPORATED IN THE COST STUDIES FILED IN THIS PROCEEDING?

A. Yes. Even though BellSouth does not necessarily agree with the input adjustments, the relevant modifications to the cost elements in this proceeding are included. The cost study, Exhibit DDC-1, includes the Commission-ordered cost of money, depreciation lives, tax factors, and shared and common factors.

## Q. PLEASE ELABORATE ON THE MODIFICATIONS BELLSOUTH MADE IN EXHIBIT DDC-1 TO FULFILL THE ADJUSTMENTS MADE IN ORDER NO. PSC-98-0604-FOF-TP.

A. I will address each of the adjustments made in this filing and reference the appropriate discussion from the Order. Exhibit DDC-1 follows the intent of each Commission adjustment. However, where appropriate, the input has been updated to reflect the study period, 2000-2002.

Cost of Capital - On page 29, the Commission states that "BellSouth's overall cost of capital is 9.90 percent. This number falls out from the capital structure of 60 percent equity and 40 percent debt, a forward-looking cost of debt of 6.7 percent and a cost of equity of 12.0 percent". The $9.9 \%$ overall cost of capital
was utilized in this filing.

Depreciation - BellSouth incorporated the Commission Approved Projection Lives outlined in Table III and the net salvage values contained in Table IV of the Order. (Order at pages 37 and 38, pages 42 and 43)

Taxes - The Order stated that Florida-specific tax factors are to be applied when they are available. This filing included the Florida-specific tax factors. These values reflect an update to the 2000-2002 time frame. (Order at Page 44)

Shared and Common Costs - The Commission established the wholesale common cost factor as $5.12 \%$ and recalculated the shared cost factors, Table VII. These factors were based on a reduction in the network operating expenses as discussed on pages 59-60 of the Order. Additionally, the Commission felt it appropriate to exclude the shared component from the labor rate and include it in the recurring shared factors. The adjustments ordered by the Commission are reflected in this filing, both in the shared and common factors and in the labor rates. BellSouth used the version of BellSouth's Shared and Common Model that the Florida Staff adjusted in Order No. PSC-98-0604-FOF-TP. (Order at page 45, 46, 47, and 63)

It is important to remember that even though the Commission made a number of input modifications; they accepted the TELRIC Calculator® as an appropriate means of determining BellSouth's costs associated with making an investment and with provisioning a network capability. The TELRIC Calculator© has been












utilized in this filing.
Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR TESTIMONY.
A. The cost studies that support the results filed in this proceeding determine the total services long run incremental costs plus shared and common costs specific to Florida for the development of the OSS Electronic Interfaces and ongoing electronic and manual order processing. The costs were developed using the basic study methodology previously approved by this Commission.

## Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?



BY MR. EDENFIELD:
Q Ms. Caldwell, did you prepare a summary of your testimony?

A Yes, I have.
Q Would you give that, please?
A Good morning. The purpose of my testimony is to present the cost study results for ALEC electronic ordering via OSS electronic interfaces and also for manual order processing.

I have a couple elements. The first element is the OSS electronic interface per local service request, that's what we refer to as an LSR. This element reflects the costs associated with the development and implementation of the OSS electronic interfaces. These costs include one-time expenses for such things as system design, program development, and software enhancements.

Additionally, the OSS electronic interface per LSR, the first element I've been talking about, contains the capital cost and ongoing maintenance of those interfaces, as well as BellSouth's labor for handling fallout from the system due to the ALEC input errors. The cost for this element and, therefore, the rate is $\$ 2.71$.

The second element is simply manual processing.
And manual processing is the cost for the LCSC BellSouth labor to handle an order that is sent to us manually. It
could be a faxed order is a good example, one that does not use the electronic interfaces.

To determine these costs, BellSouth used the Telric calculator that we have used previously in docket 960833. In fact, the calculations are basically the same. The only thing we've done is to update some information, such as demand, and we have also recognized that when we were studying 960833, we were looking only at particular UNEs .

However, the OSS interface demand that we used in that study was for both resale and UNE. So, we've used the same approach here. We're just addressing it from a resale standpoint.

The one thing in that docket that was not addressed at all was manual order processing for the manual receipt of a resale order, so I'm studying it here as a separate element. However, the methodology is very similar in which you get work times, times labor rate, and we did use the same direct type labor approach that we used in 960833.

One thing about these filings is that $I$ just need to mention is we started with the basic methodology and Commission adjustments that were made in 960833. The one thing we did do was we updated material prices, if we had additional information. We also updated demand, which
has an impact on the number. We updated our fallout rate for time period to recognize that we would have improved fallout as we go forward. By improved fallout, I mean, less fallout.

In terms of the Commission-ordered adjustments, I think the big ones to mention are we used the $9.9 \%$ cost of money, we used the Commission-approved depreciation lines and we used a common cost factor of, I believe, 5.12. Also, significantly here is we removed the share component of the Telric labor rate that was suggested or adjusted by the Commission.

Basically, in summary, I have provided the costs associated with the OSS electronic interfaces and a cost for manually processing order. These cost studies simply are updated from the original studies we filed in the -what I've referred to as the UNE docket 960833, and we have included all the Commission adjustments as was appropriate.

One thing I might mention here is we did, however, recognize service -- excuse me, service order labor time, because that's the only cost component you have in looking at a manual service order processing.

Therefore, I respectfully ask this Commission to accept my cost studies and establish a rate, basically, two; one is an OSS electronic interface per LSR of $\$ 2.71$
and one is a manual processing per LSR of $\$ 13.89$.
Thank you.
COMMISSIONER CLARK: Thank you, Ms. Caldwell.
Mr. Joachim?

MR. JOACHIM: Thank you.
CROSS EXAMINATION
BY MR. JOACHIM:
Q Ms. Caldwell, how many times are we, as CLECs, required to send in manual orders? How often would that happen?

A I'm not an expert on --
Q Okay.
A -- how orders are sent.
Q Let me rephrase the question.
Can we use your electronic interface $100 \%$ of the
time?
A I'm sorry, I can't answer that either. I mean, I have a cost of what the systems are and which each activity is, but the percent of which one is used, I just don't know for sure.
Q. So you have no idea what percentage of orders BellSouth requires go through electronic interfaces and you have no idea what percent of orders BellSouth requires be output manually, if you made a study of costs?

A Yes, but it's not necessary for me to know that.

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What I have looked at is the costs associated with development in using the systems. And I've looked at it on a per LSR.

And then, I have looked at the cost to manually process it. It doesn't matter if you process 100 or 1,000 , it still takes the same amount of time to handle a manual order. So, it's not a relevant input. I don't need to know that.

Q Okay. So, you're also, then, not aware that BellSouth requires CLECs to send in manual orders?

A No, I'm not.
MR. JOACHIM: Okay. I'm sorry, I don't have any other questions, then.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Thank you.
Staff?

## CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MS. KEATING:
Q Good morning, Ms. Caldwell.
A Good morning.
Q Ms. Caldwell, are you familiar with the
testimony that Mr. Joachim has filed in this docket?
A No. In fact, I didn't read it, but...
Q Well, subject to check --
A Okay.
Q -- Mr. Joachim has indicated in his testimony at FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
page five that BellSouth does not assess its own customers the same OSS charges it seeks to recover from FTS.

Can you tell me whether BellSouth incurs the same OSS costs in providing service to its own customers as it would in providing service to FTS?

A No, we do not incur the same type cost. Let me explain what I'm talking about here.

The costs that I am looking at are the costs for the OSS electronic interfaces. These interfaces are built, specifically, for the CLECs used. BellSouth does not use those particular interfaces so, therefore, we do not incur any cost for those systems when we're processing the orders for our own customers.

And then, when you talk about the manual component, again, that would be coming from the CLEC, however, we do have service order charges that are in our tariffs that would reflect the charges whenever we receive, like, when a customer calls the business office or the residence service center.

Q So, are there any other factors that you can specify that would account for the differences between the two?

A Pardon me. Can you clarify for me, the difference between what two?

Q Between the costs that BellSouth incurs in
providing service to its customers versus providing the service to FTS.

A Okay. First of all, in providing service to the ALEC, the only costs $I$ have looked at is the OSS electronic interfaces, and that's not part of the systems that would be used when BellSouth processes their own service.

Once you hit the existing systems, we have service order charges that take into consideration the costs BellSouth incurs in providing service to their own customers at that point and time; whether they be OSS type charges or whether they be costs associated with the labor handling the service order.

MS. KEATING: Thank you, Ms. Caldwell. That's all Staff has.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Redirect.
COMMISSIONER JACOBS: I have a couple questions.
COMMISSIONER CLARK: Oh, I'm sorry.
COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Ms. Caldwell, there was a question that was asked about the volume of orders, and you indicated that you wouldn't need to know the volume. For your overhead calculation, you don't use any assumptions for that?

MS. CALDWELL: Yes. I do use a demand calculation, but that demand calculation was provided for
the people who -- provided to me by the experts that actually have the volume of order counts. So, I do have the volume of order counts that we anticipate over the next five years included in my study, and that is the volume that we anticipate coming across the OSS electronic interfaces.

The one thing I don't know is if there are restrictions that say there are certain orders that have to be manually processed. That would have been already included in my calculation, if that was the case.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Now, the costs of a manual order, are they applied for an LSR that is -- that does not make it through -- and I can't remember this stage, but there is a stage where if you don't make it through, then, you get reverted out to manual handling. Would those costs apply to that order?

MS. CALDWELL: No, they would not. The OSS electronic interface, the 2.71 , is applied if the order is tried to be submitted through the interfaces. The 13.89 is only applied when it does not even try to go through the interfaces. It is manual from the very start.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Now, going to the point regarding the costs between BellSouth and CLECs, their process, Mr. Varner described a process which I think is generically termed preordering where there is a process in
advance of the order actually being processed, which essentially scans it for errors.

It's our understanding, many CLECs have asked for the pre-ordering function as well. Do your analyses include a pre-ordering function for CLECs?

MS. CALDWELL: The analysis that I have includes any pre-ordering that is at this point and time designed into the systems. I'll have to check on which system, but I believe TAG gives them the ability to do some pre-ordering functions. So, whatever software or whatever enhancements to get that system operational, I have included those costs into my analysis.

I think the one thing that Mr. Varner was discussing was the process, whereby, before the CLEC actually processes the order, they can look at that order within their own systems. And my costs do not include anything that's on their premesis. I'm simply looking at our OSS electronic interfaces. And in my costs, we do have some error routines built into our software, and I did include those.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. So, whatever costs the CLEC would have, the pre-order would be additive to your costs per OSS?

MS. CALDWELL: Right, I have no CLEC cost included.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay, thank you.
COMMISSIONER CLARK: Redirect.
MR. EDENFIELD: I just have something, real quick.

## REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. EDENFIELD:
Q Ms. Caldwell, when BellSouth uses its own internal system, such as RNS, do we incur costs.

A We incur the costs for the systems themselves.
MR. EDENFIELD: Okay. Thank you.
COMMISSIONER CLARK: Thank you, Ms. Caldwell.
Mr. Joachim, I think you're next.
MR. JOACHIM: Thank you, do I have to go there or sit here?

COMMISSIONER CLARK: I think that way Mr. Edenfield can see you, and it may be easier for the court reporter.

MR. JOACHIM: I'm sorry.
MR. EDENFIELD: Oh, before we move to Mr. Joachim, I had an exhibit marked for identification. I would like to have that admitted into evidence at this time.
(Exhibit No. 2 admitted into evidence.)
COMMISSIONER CLARK: Without objection, Exhibit No. 2 will be entered in the record.

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MR. JOACHIM: Yes, ma'am, that's fine.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: You have previously been sworn; is that correct?

MR. JOACHIM: Yes.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Would you please state your name and address and give us a summary of your testimony.

MR. JOACHIM: My name is Paul Joachim. I'm with Florida Telephone Services in Altamonte Springs, Florida.

And can $I$ go ahead with my summary?
COMMISSIONER CLARK: We will insert the prefiled testimony of Mr . Joachim into the record as though read.
FLORIDA TELEPHONE SERVICES, LLC.
DIRECT TESTIMONY OF PAUL B. JOACHIM
BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
DOCKET NO. 991947-TPFLORIDA TELEPHONE SERVICES, LLC.DIRECT TESTIMONY OF PAUL B. JOACHIM
BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
MARCH 27, 2000
Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, YOUR POSITION WITH FLORIDA TELEPHONE SERVICES AND YOUR BUSINESS ADDRESS.
A. My name is Paul B. Joachim. I am the President of Florida Telephone Services. My business address is 696 East Altamonte Dr, Suite 4, Altamonte Springs, Florida 32701
Q. PLEASE GIVE A BRIEF DIESCRIPTION OF YOUR BACKGROUND AND EXPERIENCE.
A. I have an engineering background and worked around the world including HongKong, Sri Lanka and the United Kingdom. I have owned and managed businesses since 1983. My experience has been in the telecommunications industry including the pre-cellular days. I have run Florida Telephone Services since its inception and I am currently responsible for 450 agents in Florida.

## Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

A. The purpose of my testimony is to address the unresolved issues between BellSouth and Florida Telephone Services, LLC ("FTS"), resulting from the negotiation of a Resale Agreement. I will explain to the Florida Public Service Commission ("Commission") why it would be detrimental to Florida Telephone Services and its customers if BellSouth is to charge for Operations Support Systems ("OSS").

Issue: Why there should be no "OSS" charges charged by BellSouth unless it applies to BellSouth's own customer base as well.
Q. WHY SHOULD FLORIDA TELEPHONE SERVICES PAY FOR BELLSOUTH'S "OSS"CHARGES?

A Florida Telephone Services should not be charged "OSS" fees from BellSouth or any other charges unless they are tariffed and therefore charged by BellSouth themselves towards their own customers. By charging "FTS" "OSS" charges, they are effectively regaining monopoly status and regaining market share by making "FTS" uncompetitive with regards to cost of services.

Q CAN "FTS" PURCHASE SIMILAR SERVICES FROM ANOTHER CARRIER IN THE SAME TERRITORY THAT BELLSOUTH SERVES?

17 A It is to highlight the cost of doing bussiness with BellSouth since we do
A "NO". As Florida Telephone Services does not have choice when it comes to servicing customers in the same area that BellSouth serves. BellSouth holds a monopoly status in these regions. FTS has no choice but to do business with BellSouth if it chooses to sell customers in the same territory.

Q WHAT ACTIVATION AND SERVICE FEES DOES BELLSOUTH CHARGE FTS FOR A BASIC RESIDENTIAL LINE IN FLORIDA?

A BellSouth charges approximately $\$ 40.00$ for the cost of activating one residential line. This charge is a one-time activation fee regardless of weather the activation takes one-hour or ten days.

Q WHY DO YOU BRING UP THE QUESTION OF THE ACTIVATION FEE? not have a choice.

Q WHAT METHOD DOES FTS USE TO SUBMIT ORDERS?

A FTS is forced to use the methods employed by BellSouth. Most of the orders are electronically submitted using BellSouth's LENS web-based system.

Some orders however have to submitted manually, as BellSouth has no other way of processing them.

## Q WOULD FTS BE REQUIRED TO PAY MORE OSS CHARGES WHEN

 ORDERS ARE SENT MANUALLY?
#### Abstract

A Yes, FTS would be required to pay a much high OSS charge when the order is submitted manually. This is because BellSouth does not pay any other mechanism to facilitate these orders. It is also a highly profitable stream of revenue for BellSouth when FTS is forced to submit orders manually.


## Q ARE THESE SIMILAR CHARGES BEING CHARGED TO

## BELLSOUTH'S OWN CUSTOMERS WHEN ORDERS ARE TAKEN

 BY BELLSOUTH'S CUSTOMER SERVICE REPRESENTATIVES.A NO. These charges are directed towards FTS, which makes it unfair and uncompetitive, and is definitely not in the spirit of the 1996

Telecommunications ACT.

Q WHAT WOULD THESE OSS CHARGES IF IMPLEMENTED DO TO FTS ECONOMICALLY?
A. For FTS to compete with BellSouth, FTS has to sell services very close to
its cost because of the slim discounts given on BellSouth's tariff rates. Any increase in cost, that is not past on to BellSouth's own customer which can be then directly compared to the prices, would be grossly unfair and detrimental as the balance would be tipped in favor of BellSouth. Where BellSouth would be more competitive than FTS can ever hope to be.
Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR TESTIMONY?
A. To maintain what little exists of the competitive nature of the 0 telecommunications industry and in the spirit of the historic 1 Telecommunications Act of 1996, FTS hopes that the Commission will find in favor of argument presented by Florida Telephone Services.

## Q DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

A Yes.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: And, yes, you may go ahead with your summary.

MR. JOACHIM: Thank you.
BellSouth has, with their two witnesses, provided us with an idea of what the OSS system does, and I'd like to go into that, basically, covering exactly what I had put in previously.

The question I asked Ms. Caldwell about the manual order process was for a very good reason. We are forced by BellSouth to use the manual order process quite a lot, because their electronic interfaces do not allow us to go and put certain orders in.

This makes us pay, if we were to pay this charge, an extremely awesome sum of money for every order that we have to process. That's just on the manual side.

Now, we don't have any choice, and it's not because we made errors or because it was kickback in any way. It's just because BellSouth has that format; that's it, we have to fax them the order. When that happens, a lot of errors take place, because sometimes the service reps, they don't process the order correctly, and our orders now are delayed quite a long time.

Going back to the automatic process, the automatic process, referencing Mr. Varner's testimony, we
have extremely low error rates, very low error rates, because sometimes we advise the BellSouth reps how to process those orders, just because of the experience that we've had.

The cost charged to us by Bellsouth for processing an order, we believe, is sufficient to cover any cost that they might have. They have two types of charges that they charge us for processing an order. They have a service order fee and an activation fee for every single customer that we put through to them.

These are sufficient to take care of any of the electronic interfaces that they have built, because these are the same interfaces that their own reps use. We feel that they are charging us for the same interfaces that they've developed on their own for their own services. We think that this is a little unfair and puts us in an uncompetitive advantage.

We provide services to the residential customer. And I'm sure everyone here is aware, as a residential customer, we don't make much money; we make very little money on this. But to provide a substantial discount for this customer so this customer can come with us rather than go with BellSouth, an OSS charge would basically take a year to make up. We won't be able to service this customer anymore.

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So, I urge the Commission to please reconsider this, this charge that BellSouth is trying to charge us, because, again, I summarize that I think what we pay them in activation fees is sufficient.

Thank you.
COMMISSIONER CLARK: Thank you.
Cross-examination?
MR. EDENFIELD: Just a few questions. CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. EDENFIELD:
Q When did FTS begin doing business in Florida, Mr. Joachim?

A In 197.
Q And how long has FTS been providing basic exchange local service, reselling that service?

A Since the middle of 1997, I believe.
Q Does FTS provide any services other than resale services?

A In other words --
Q In other words, do you have any facilities-based service?

A No. No, we're not a facilities base. We are pure reseller.

Q In your testimony on page two, line 23, you mentioned that you have 450 agents in Florida. Are those FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
employees of Florida Telephone Service?
A No, sir. They are authorized agents for Florida Telephone Services.

Q I'm sorry, I missed -- did you say yes or no as to whether they were?

A They're not employees.
Q They are not, okay.
A No.
Q Okay. As I understand your position, Florida Telephone Service has taken the position that BellSouth should not be able to recover its OSS costs from Florida Telephone Service?

A I believe BellSouth already recovers its costs by charging us the activation fees.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: And it's your view there should be no other charge.

MR. JOACHIM: Yes, ma'am.
COMMISSIONER CLARK: Okay.
BY MR. EDENFIELD:
Q Tell me about the activation fee. How much is that?

A Well, that varies, depending on whether it's a residential customer or a business customer.

Q I'm sorry, I thought you said you just do residential. Ya'll do business as well?

A We do business customers as well, but most of our business is residential.

Q Okay. Tell me about residential first, then tell me about business. What is the activation fee?

A The activation fee for a residential customer is around $\$ 40$, depending on the exact territory, and that does vary somewhat. Our business customer is somewhat larger than that.

Q How much is it for the business customer?
A I believe it's another $\$ 20$ on top.
Q So, that would be $\$ 60$ activation fee?
A Yes, sir.
Q Okay. What does the activation fee encompass, as far as cost recovery to Bellsouth?

A That is a fee that, $I$ believe, we are paying you to provision the order, whether it be manual or electronic. If we put the order in electronically, which we try and do, you know, $100 \%$ of the time, until we are forced now to use other mechanisms; I mean, manual. The order goes through and the customer gets turned on, sometimes in 24 , sometimes in 30 days, depending on the Bellsouth territory and how it goes through.

Q Does the activation fee change, depending on whether you submit the order manually or electronically?

A Not at this stage.

Q At any stage?
A I'm sorry?
Q You said not at this stage. Has BellSouth announced that it's going to charge you more in the activation fee for manual or electronic?

A Not to my knowledge.
Q Has it changed since you've been doing business?
A I don't believe it has.
Q Has BellSouth ever come to you and told you the components that make up the activation fee?

A From what I'm made to understand, it is the time paid to the representative to process the order; correct me, if I'm wrong.

Q I'm not allowed to do that.
Okay. Will you agree with me that OSS systems are unbundled network elements?

A I disagree with that. I disagree with that.
Q What do you consider them to be?
A Those are facilities made available to both BellSouth and to the CLECs to activate a customer, whether it be a single residential line, a business line, or some complex service.

Q Do you contend that BellSouth uses LENS, EDI, TAG, to preorder order provision, maintenance and repair its own service?

A According to Mr. Varner, they do or some interface into it.

Q Do you agree that the 1996 act, the Telecommunications Act, gives BellSouth the right to recover charges for the use of unbundled network elements?

A I am not aware of what BellSouth's rights are under this act. I'm sure there are many; specifically, I'm not.

Q Okay, Can you point to any legal authority to support your position that BellSouth should not be able to recover its cost for oss?

A We are in the process, and BellSouth is in the process, of testing this service. I don't think, other than the ones that you've brought up in Mr. Varner's testimony, no, I'm not aware of.

Q Okay. Let me approach it from a little bit different angle, that would be from Ms. Caldwell's angle.

Do you dispute the fact that BellSouth actually incurs costs in providing OSS to ALECs in Florida?

A I'm sure there are costs involved in doing that; however, my point is that these costs are covered in the activation fees that you charge us, because your reps do not have to touch the order when it goes through.

Q Do you agree that BellSouth incurred costs in developing the systems, which allow you to submit orders
electronically?
A According to you, I guess, it is. I can't speak for BellSouth.

Q Okay. Are you aware that most of the resellers in Florida pay OSS charges when using BellSouth's OSS?

A I'm not aware of any resellers' agreements. We only -- I'm only trying to arbitrate or discuss mine.

Q Okay, By taking a position that you do not want to pay OSS charges, are you seeking to gain a competitive advantage over other resellers?

A I'm only seeking to make sure that we can provide a service to our customers that is competitive with the provider that we're purchasing from. If we're paying more than BellSouth's own customer, then we're at a very big disadvantage. We cannot serve the same community that you do. We don't have any other choice, but to buy services from you.

Q Does FTS provide single line and residential service?

A Yes, they do.
Q Do you have on file a tariff or price list?
A There is a tariff that has been filed.
Q When was that filed?
A In 1997.
Q Under what name?

A Under Florida Telephone Company, at the time, which was subsequently changed -- actually, it was from Digicell, which was changed from Florida Telephone Services, then changed to Florida Telephone Services.

Q I'm sorry, you went through that pretty fast. Originally, the tariff was filed under what company?

A Under Digicell, which was changed to Florida Telephone Company and then Florida Telephone Services.

Q Okay. Maybe that's why I couldn't find the tariffs. I was just trying to make sure.

When FTS signs up a new customer, do you charge that customer an activation fee or some type of service establishment fee?

A Yes, we do charge them an activation fee.
Q How much is that activation fee?
A The activation fee is the same activation fee that BellSouth would charge, depending on what type of customer there is. We keep the same activation fees.

Q Okay. So, in other words, the $\$ 40$ that
BellSouth charges you for a residential customer, you pass that on to your customer?

A That is correct. And we pass it on to you.
Q Okay. Is there anything that prohibits you from passing on the OSS charge as well?

A I don't believe there is. However, it would
make us more expensive than you.
Q Does BellSouth charge its customers an activation fee?

A I'm sure they do.
Q Do you know what that fee is in Florida?
A That depends on whether it's residential or business customers and what area.

Q What's BellSouth's residential?
A I believe it's \$45, if I'm --
Q What's its business?
A I'm not sure what its business rate is, but it's our rate, plus whatever the discount we get.

Q What OSS systems does Florida Telephone Service use to submit orders?

A We use the LENS system for BellSouth.
Q Okay. Do you use that for purposes other than pre-ordering and ordering?

A We use it for -- for everything that we can possibly use that BellSouth let's us use it. You know, we look up numbers, although some of those things just don't work.

Q Does LENS allow you to actually place orders electronically?

A Yes, when it works.
Q Let me drop back to the activation fee for just FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
a second. The $\$ 40$ activation fee that BellSouth charges to you, Mr. Joachim, isn't that discounted by $21.83 \%$ ?

A Yes, it is.
Q So, the $\$ 40$ that you're passing on to your customer is not exactly the same charge that you're being charged from BellSouth, correct?

A There is a discount involved, yes.
Q In fact, that's almost $22 \%$. I'm no mathematician, so I can't do that in my head.

A That's for residential customers. The discount for business is different.

Q What's the discount for business customers?
A I believe it's 16.
Q And you've indicated that Florida Telephone Service predominantly serves residential customers?

A Yes.
Q I'm sorry, we were talking about the OSS
systems. Do you actually -- does LENS allow you to submit orders?

A Yes, it does.
Q Electronically?
A Uh-huh.
Q What percentage of Florida Telephone Service's orders are submitted electronically?

A That depends on what Bellsouth allows us to do.

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I mean, we submit as much as we can electronically. We keep it - we prefer the electronic mechanism, because it's easy for us, and it's easy for you, because there are less mistakes that way. However, when we are forced to use manual mechanisms, that's what we have to do.

Q Give me an example of an instance where you're forced to use a manual mechanism.

A A change order; a change order when a customer chooses to come to Florida Telephone and leave BellSouth, we are forced to use a manual mechanism to do that, especially when there are changes needed to that line.

Q Is there any component of the change order that can be submitted electronically?

A No, it has to go in as one order. They cannot be -- unless you submit separate orders, which then add up to more work and more money.

Q I'm sorry, I lost you on that one. Are you submitting multiple change orders at once as opposed to single orders?

A No. The order mechanism allows you to do all of that, whether it be manual or automatic. You can make different changes to -- I mean, you can add and subtract features, you can change things.

Q All right. You lost me a little bit here. Let me back up a second.

Are you telling me that BellSouth's OSS do not allow you to make any type of changes to service electronically?

A Not all the time. In some instances it will not let us use the electronic mechanism in place. You have to submit it manually.

Q Is that a function of LENS as opposed to Bellsouth telling you? In other words, there are other OSS out there, such as EDI and TAG.

A EDI is a very old system, extremely expensive to use. The internet is a lot more efficient, a lot more easier to use.

Q How about TAG? Have you looked into TAG?
A We prefer to use the LENS system.
COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Is there a particular
reason for that?
MR. JOACHIM: It's a lot easier, sir.
COMMISSIONER JACOBS: You mentioned that you're required to, in some instances, in many instances, I should say, you were required to do manual orders.

MR. JOACHIM: That is correct.
COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Is that due to the type of orders that you're entering or does it have to do with some aspect of the interface that you're using?

MR. JOACHIM: No. It's the type of order that

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
we're entering. It's the Bellsouth preferred mechanism. There is no option to use the LENS system to do this. You have to send it manually.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: I see. Thank you.
BY MR. EDENFIELD:
Q If you were using the TAG system, would you still have to submit those same orders manually?

A I'm not familiar with the TAG system.
Q Have you ever --
A We don't .-
Q I'm sorry?
A Sorry. We don't use the TAG system.
Q Have you ever contacted BellSouth to find out what additional functionality may be available through TAG?

A We have been told that there are different mechanisms to use; one of them is TAG.

MR. EDENFIELD: Just one second. I may be done. Hold on.

COMMISSIONER JABER: Let me ask a question while you're doing that.

Going back to the activation fee --
MR. JOACHIM: Yes, ma'am.
COMMISSIONER JABER: -- if I heard you correctly, there is a discount, a $21 \%$ discount on

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residential --
MR. JOACHIM: Yes.
COMMISSIONER JABER: -- given to you by BellSouth?

MR. JOACHIM: That is correct.
COMMISSIONER JABER: Now, you don't pass that discount on to your residential customer. You charge the $\$ 40$ activation fee.

MR. JOACHIM: That depends on at what stage the customer is coming on. If the customer is being transferred from a BellSouth line -- from BellSouth to Florida Telephone, we try and waive all activation fees. We try and absorb that ourselves, only because we don't want to burden the customer with more activation fees to change carriers. BellSouth does the same thing by trying to win them back, offering similar situations. So, it's a battle that we have.

COMMISSIONER JABER: So, there are some
customers that you will waive the activation fee?
MR. JOACHIM: Yes, we will.
COMMISSIONER JABER: So, that differential, when you don't pass on the $21 \%$ discount, do you use that as some sort of off-setting mechanism?

MR. JOACHIM: We give them discounts on other things, ma'am. We sometimes don't charge the FCC \$3.50.

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

We absorb that, because that's a competitive edge that we try to have. However, with the residential customer, I mean, he makes so little money, you've got to be careful. I mean, sometimes 50 cents a month, you know, consider a stamp is 33 cents; to mail a bill costs more than that. COMMISSIONER JABER: Okay. But the cost associated with providing the OSS or access to the OSS could also be absorbed, if you have to?

MR. JOACHIM: You mean, for us to pay the OSS charge?

COMMISSIONER JABER: TO BellSouth.
MR. JOACHIM: If we -- let me also explain, before I answer that question, what the OSS charge that BellSouth is trying to charge us for.

It's not just for an order. It's for everything that we do to an order. That means, if the customer comes back and says, "I want voice mail after I'm connected," well, boom, there goes another OSS charge. If they say, "Oops, I don't want voice mail anymore, I want something else," there is another OSS charge.

So, this is not a one-time fee, but it is repeated with every $L S R$ that goes out. BellSouth requires an LS--

COMMISSIONER JABER: Every LSR with every customer that requests service? What is an LSR?

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MR. JOACHIM: Actually, let me -- it's not just for every LSR, it's for a PON, I beg your pardon. It's for every purchase order number or purchase order that we submit. They require that whenever we do something we send a purchase order. I beg your pardon, I used the wrong term there.

So, whenever we send a PON, we have to pay that, if that's what's granted to them. We will have to pay for every single PON we send out, regardless of whether the customer has been activated, a feature added, changed, no matter what.

COMMISSIONER JABER: Okay. So, as an answer to my question that if you had to, you could absorb the charge related to the OSS cost as part of the offset with the discount?

MR. JOACHIM: That would be -- based on the residential customer and the kind of money that we earn off a residential customer, would not make us viable anymore. We would probably not serve the residential customer, if we're forced to do that.

COMMISSIONER JABER: Is that because the cost of the OSS is more than that $20 \%$ differential?

MR. JOACHIM: Absolutely, because we would make no money. We try and make money -- you know, having the customer on for six, 12 months as it is, you just added on
the cost to this. And now we're totally uncompetitive. And given fact that BellSouth marketing is always trying to win back their customers and waive the activation fees, we don't have any choice in this matter.

BY MR. EDENFIELD:
Q As I understand it, Mr. Joachim, there are instances where you can waive the entire $\$ 40$, and still be competitive, but you can't pay the $\$ 2.90$ or $\$ 13$, whatever, for manual for --

A Because this is going to be for every single PON, like I just explained to the Commissioner, for every single change that we put in, not just activating a customer, even to deactivate a customer requires this charge.

Q Let me ask you this. When you submit an LSR, which is a Local Service Request, a PON number, P-O-N number, is associated with that for tracking, correct?

A Yes.
Q Okay. If you asked for multiple, for lack of a better term, things on an LSR; in other words, caller I.D., call waiting, if you put all of those on one LSR, you're only charged one LSR fee, correct?

A Whether it be manual or electronic?
Q Either one.
A That is correct.

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Q So, it's only when you start breaking down the services; in other words, if $I$ wanted service from Florida Telephone and I wanted, basically, whatever BellSouth's complete choice package is for three-way calling and caller I.D. and all of this, it's only if you submitted those LSRs separately would you get charged separately for bringing me into the Florida Telephone Company.

A That and every change that the customer makes.
Q Okay. Now, if you would also -- make sure we get this straight. Whenever you're doing a switch as is; in other words, Florida Telephone is taking an existing BellSouth customer, and there's really no changes to what the customer's requesting, that is not a $\$ 40$ charge, is it, Mr. Joachim, isn't that a $\$ 10$ charge?

A That's a second reorder, as you define it, that is correct.

Q That's correct. So, it's not $\$ 40$ to switch as is, it's $\$ 10$; and the $\$ 10$ is less a discount, again, for residential to almost $22 \%$; correct?

A That is correct.
Q Now, you also mentioned that, I think, it was in a question from Commissioner Jacobs about certain orders not flowing through. Tell me the types of orders that Florida Telephone Service has that do not flow through or cannot be submitted electronically.

A The types of orders that don't go through electronically well are orders that have complexes built in. Supposing the customer wants to change the name on the account, you know, from husband to wife or anything like that, and they want to change services that they 've had with BellSouth, that does not go well with an electronic order. You have to manually send it. And you've got to call the rep and, you know, that's how it gets placed.

MR. EDENFIELD: That's all I have, thank you. MS. KEATING: Staff has no questions. COMMISSIONER CLARK: Thank you, Mr. Joachim. That concludes this hearing; is that correct? MS. KEATING: That's correct.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Do you want to tell us about the schedule?

MS. KEATING: Transcripts are due May 24th, and thereafter, briefs will be due June 7th, and Staff is scheduled to follow recommendation on June 29 th for the July 11th agenda conference.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Okay. Thank you all very much. This hearing is adjourned.

MR. EDENFIELD: Thank you.
(Hearing concluded at 10:30 a.m.)

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

STATE OF FLORIDA

COUNTY OF LEON )

## CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

I, KORETTA E. STANFORD, RPR, Official FPSC Commission Reporter, do hereby certify that the Hearing in Docket No. 991947-TP was heard by the Florida Public Service Commission at the time and place herein stated.

It is further certified that I stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the same has been transcribed under my direct supervision; and that this transcript, consisting of 102 pages, constitutes a true transcription of my notes of said proceedings and the insertion of the prescribed prefiled testimony of the witness (s).

I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative or employee of any of the parties' attorneys or counsel connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the action.

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\text { DATED THIS 22ND DAY OF MAY, } 2000 .
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& \frac{\text { iota E. Stanford }}{\text { lORETTA E. STANFORD }} \\
& \text { FPSC Official Commissiondy Reporter } \\
& \text { (850) 413-6734 }
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EXHIBIT NO. $\qquad$ STIP-1

## OFFICIAL RECOGNITION LIST

## FLORIDA COMMISSION ORDERS

1. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-00-0537-FOF-TP, issued March 15, 2000, in Docket No. 990750-TP
2. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-98-0604-FOF-TP, issued April 29, 1998, in Docket No. 960833-TP
3. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-98-0844-FOF-TP, issued June 25, 1998, in Docket No. 960833-TP
4. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-98-0810-FOF-TP, Issued Juned 12, 1998, in Docket No. 971140-TP
5. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-96-1579-FOF-TP, issued December 31, 1996, in Docket No. 960833-TP
6. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-99-2009-FOF-TP, issued October 14, 1999, in Docket No. 990149-TP
7. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-98-1484-FOF-TP, issued November 5, 1998, in Docket No. 980281-TP
8. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-98-0595-PCO-TP, issued April 27, 1998, in Docket No. 960833-TP
9. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-97-0585-FOF-TP, issued May 22, 1997, in Docket No. 960847-TP
10. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-99-1013-FOF-TP, issued May 20, 1999, in Docket No. 981052-TP
11. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-97-1459-FOF-TL, issued November 19, 1997, in Docket No. 960786-TL
12. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-99-1078-PCO-TP, issued May 26, 1999, in Docket No. 981834-TP.

## FCC ORDERS AND RULES

1. FCC Order 99-48 (DN 98-147)
2. FCC Order 96-325 (DN 96-98)
3. FCC Order 96-394 (DN 96-98)
4. FCC Order 96-333 (DN 96-98)
5. FCC Rules
6. FCC Order 98-271 (DN 98-121)

Deployment of Wireline Services Offering Advanced Telecommunications Capability Interconnection Order Order on Reconsideration Second Report and Order 47 CFR Ch.1, Pt. 51 Application of BellSouth Corporation, BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc., and BellSouth Long Distance, Inc., for Provision of In-Region, InterLATA Services in Louisiana


## STIP-1 - OFFICIAL RECOGNITION LIST Page No. 2

## COURT DECISIONS

1. United States Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit - AT\&T Corp. et al. v. Iowa Utilities Board et al., 119 S.Ct. 721 (1999)
2. Supreme Court of the United States - No. 97-826 - AT\&T Corp. et al. v. Iowa Utilities Board et al. (January 25, 1999)

FEDERAL ACT

1. The Telecommunications Act of 1996

# BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC. FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP 

## EXHIBIT DDC-1

## OSS STUDIES

PUBLIC VERSION

FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP
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Electronic copies of filing, models, spreadsheets and instructions (Proprietary and Nonproprietary)

## FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP SECTION 1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

## STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as BellSouth or the Company) is filing cost studies for unbundled network elements (UNEs) for which the Florida Public Service Commission (FPSC) has not previously established permanent rates. Included in this document are Total Service Long Run Incremental Cost (TSLRIC) studies, including shared and common costs, which comply with the orders and regulations established by the FPSC in Docket Nos. $960757-T P / 960833-T P / 960846-T P$. The depreciation rates and shared and common factors used in these studies are those adopted by the FPSC in Docket Nos. 960757-TP/960833-TP/960846-TP. Other factors and labor rates have been updated from the values presented in Docket Nos. 960757-TP/960833-TP/960846-TP to reflect a 2000-2002 study period.

## BellSouth TELRIC Calculator

 Unbundled Network Cost Elements Summary Report
## Florida

## Base Case

3/2/00
F. 0

OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS
F. 1 OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS
F.1.7 OSS Manual Processing, per local service request
F.1.61 OSS Electronic interface, per local service request - Development \& implementation
F.1.62 OSS Electronic Interface, per local service request - Ongoing Process

Non
Recurring

Recurring

Non-Recurring First Additional Initial Subsequent

# FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> SECTION 2 STUDY METHODOLOGY 

The studies included in this filing utilize the total service long run incremental cost (TSLRIC), including shared and common costs, methodology approved by the FPSC in Docket Nos. 960757-TP/960833-TP/960846-TP.

## TOTAL SERVICE LONG RUN INCREMENTAL COST (TSLRIC)

The basis for TSLRIC studies is a forward-looking incremental cost methodology. This Long Run Incremental Cost (LRIC) methodology incorporates forwardlooking technology placement and deployment guidelines in order to represent the costs incurred by an efficient firm to produce a level of output. Only costs which are directly caused by the particular item being studied are included in a LRIC analysis. Volume sensitive and volume insensitive costs, the combination of which are typically called Total Service Long Run Incremental Costs (TSLRIC), are identified to develop the direct costs caused by providing the particular service being studied.

There are two generic types of costs which have been studied: recurring and nonrecurring.

## RECURRING COSTS

The monthly costs resulting from capital investments deployed to provision network elements are called recurring costs. Recurring costs include capital and operating costs. Capital costs include depreciation, cost of money and income tax. Operating costs include the expenses for maintenance, ad valorem and other taxes and represent ongoing costs associated with upkeep of the initial capital investment. Gross receipts tax (which includes municipal license taxes and PSC fees) is added.

The first step in developing recurring TSLRIC studies is to determine the forwardlooking network architectures that, when deployed, represent the most efficient way to provision the network element. Material prices for the cables and associated equipment are gathered. Next, account specific Telephone Plant Indices are applied, when necessary, to trend material prices to the base study period. Because telecommunications equipment and plant placements are typically "lumpy", utilization factors are applied to the material prices in order to represent BellSouth's forward looking actual utilization of the plant. When multiple vendors are used, it is necessary to determine the average material price for a typical element by Uniform System of Accounts - Field Reporting Code (USOAFRC), i.e., the plant account. Inflation Factors, by plant account code, are then applied to the material prices to trend the base year material price to levelized amounts that are valid for a three year planning period. In order to convert the material prices to installed investments, account specific inplant loadings are

## FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> SECTION 2 STUDY METHODOLOGY

applied to material prices. The inplant loadings include engineering and installation labor (both BellSouth and vendor), exempt material and sales taxes.

Supporting equipment and power loadings are added, as appropriate to specific investment accounts. Next, supporting structure investments for land, building, poles and conduit are developed. These supporting structure investments are identified by their relationship to the respective item of plant being supported. For example, the pole investment is developed by applying a pole loading against the aerial cable investment.

2000-2002 level TSLRIC Annual Cost Factors are used to calculate the direct cost of capital, plant specific expenses and taxes. Account specific factors for each USOA-FRC are applied to investments by account code, yielding an annual cost per account code. Account specific shared cost factors and the common cost allocation factor are applied to produce forward-looking TSLRIC plus shared and common costs. The gross receipts tax factor is also applied.

The generic steps for developing recurring cost can be summarized as shown below. The unique technical characteristics and physical makeup of each cost element must be taken into consideration.

Step 1: Determine the forward looking network designs (architectures) which will be used in deployment of the network element.

Step 2: Determine current material prices for the items of plant used in each design. Material prices are obtained from BellSouth contracts with various vendors.

Step 3: Apply material Telephone Plant Indices (TPIs) as appropriate to determine the base year material prices. Material TPIs estimate the changes in material prices over time.

Step 4: Adjust the material prices for utilization to account for spare capacity using a reasonable projection of actual total usage.

Step 5: Weight the material prices, as appropriate, to determine the average material price for a typical element by USOA-FRC, i.e., plant account.

Step 6: Apply material inflation factors, referred to as levelization factors, to the material prices to convert the utilized base year material prices to material prices representative of a three year planning period.

## FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP SECTION 2 STUDY METHODOLOGY

Step 7: Apply inplant loadings to the levelized material prices to convert the material prices to an installed investment, which includes the cost of material, engineering labor and installation labor.

Step 8: Apply support loadings to the investments to determine investments for support equipment and power, land, buildings, poles and conduit as appropriate.

Step 9: Convert the investments by FRC to annual costs by applying account specific TSLRIC annual cost factors to the various investments. The annual cost factors calculate the capital costs (depreciation, cost of money, and income tax) and operating expenses (plant specific expense, ad valorem taxes, and other taxes). Add the annual costs for the various FRCs. Next divide by 12 to determine the direct monthly cost.

Step 10: Apply the shared cost (account specific) factors. Then apply the gross receipts tax factor.

Step 11: Apply the common cost allocation factor to determine the TSLRIC plus shared and common costs.

## NONRECURRING COSTS

Nonrecurring costs are one-time expenses associated with provisioning, installing and disconnecting an unbundled network element. The specific elements studied for this filing are the provisioning and disconnecting of an unbundled network element. Service order activity expenses are not included in the nonrecurring costs included in this filing. Examples of the work activities in each of these categories are as follows:

> Engineering - Assign cable and pair; design circuit; order plug-in; perform translations in the switch
> Connect and Test - Install circuit; test circuit; disconnect
> Teehnician Travel Time - Travel to the customer's premises


#### Abstract

The first step in developing nonrecurring costs is to determine the cost elements associated with the unbundled network element. These cost elements are then described by the individual activities required to provision the cost element. Individuals identify which activities are applicable. Subject matter experts identify the amount of time required to perform the task and also determine the probability that the activity will occur. Provisioning costs are developed by multiplying the work time for each work function by the labor rate for the work group performing the function.


## FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> SECTION 2 STUDY METHODOLOGY

Utilizing work functions, work times, and labor rates, disconnect costs are calculated in the same manner as the installation costs.

The generic steps for developing nonrecurring costs are summarized in the following steps:

Step 1: Determine the cost elements to be developed.
Step 2: Define the work functions.
Step 3: Establish work flows.
Step 4: Determine work times for each work function.
Step 5: Develop labor costs for each work function (labor rate x work time).
Step 6: Accumulate work function costs to determine the total nonrecurring costs for each cost element. Add gross receipts tax. The result is TSLRIC.
Step 7. Apply the Common Cost Allocation factor to determine the TSLRIC plus common costs.

The TELRIC Calculatore is a model developed by BellSouth to produce long run incremental cost studies. The model was designed to accept variable inputs that are applied according to a user controlled matrix and can produce TSLRIC studies as well as TELRIC studies. The TELRIC Calculatore was used to produce the studies included in this filing. Additionally, this is the same model presented to the FPSC in Docket Nos. 960757-TP/960833-TP/960846-TP.

# FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> SECTION 3 DESCRIPTION OF MODELS AND PRICE CALCULATORS 

## 1. TELRIC Calculator©

The TELRIC Calculator© consists of three Microsoft Excel templates. The templates consist of twenty-one sheets each, eight for receiving input data and thirteen for calculations. All templates perform calculations in exactly the same manner and differ only in the number of decimal places displayed. It should be noted that no rounding is done in any of the sheets. The TELRIC Calculator®, developed to produce TELRIC studies, can aiso be used to produce TSLRIC studies.

The TELRIC Calculator© User Interface takes information from the default data sources or from the user modified sources and inputs them into the appropriate template depending on the cost element selected. Investments are entered by Field Reporting Code (FRC), Sub Field Reporting Code (Sub-FRC), and cost element number into the sheet called "Investments". The sub-FRC is used by the TELRIC Calculator© to determine the appropriate application of factors and loadings, which are applied based on a matrix contained in the sheet called "Factor Matrix". Factors and loadings are placed by FRC on the sheet labeled "Factors". Recurring and nonrecurring work times are placed by function and Job Function Code (JFC) or Payband into the sheets labeled "Recurring Labor" and "Nonrecurring Labor", respectively. Other recurring and nonrecurring expenses are entered by description into the sheet called "Additives". Lastly, direct labor rates are placed by JFC or Payband into the sheet called "Labor Rates".

The inputs then flow automatically through the "calculator" portions of the template. These sheets are labeled TELRIC Recurring Summary, INVEST-VS, INVEST-VI, LBPC-VS, LBPC-VI, FRCTELRIC-VS, FRCTELRIC-VI, RECEXP, TELRIC NRC Summary A, NR-NR, TELRIC NRC Summary B, NR-1A, and NRIS. The function and detail of these sheets are outlined in the following narrative.

## TELRIC Calculator© Recurring Worksheets

## Investment Development (Excluding Land, Building, Pole, \& Conduit)

 Investment development begins in the worksheets INVEST-VS and INVEST-VI, where volume sensitive and volume insensitive investments by FRC and subFRC flow from the input sheets. The inflation factors, inplant loadings and supporting equipment and/or power loadings are applied, if applicable. As stated previously, the application of these factors/loadings is driven by a matrix contained within the template. If the factor/loading is not applicable to the FRC and sub-FRC, the investment is multiplied by the default value of one. All
# FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> SECTION 3 <br> DESCRIPTION OF MODELS AND PRICE CALCULATORS 

calculations are detailed above each cell. These investments flow to the Land, Building, Pole, \& Conduit Development sheet and to the Recurring Cost Development sheet.

Land, Building, Pole, \& Conduit Investment Development Investments from the Investment Development sheets flow into the sheets LBPC-VS and LBPC-VI. These worksheets apply land, building, pole, and conduit loadings to the investments. Land, building, pole, and conduit investments carried from the Investment Development sheets are multiplied by a factor of one. If one or all of these factors do not apply to an FRC, excluding land, building, pole, and conduit FRCs, the factor defaults to zero. The results are then summed and totaled at the top of the sheet and flow to the next sheet. All calculations are detailed above each cell.

## Recurring Cost Development

The investments from the Investment Development and the Land, Building, Pole, and Conduit Investment Development sheets are summed to the FRC level and flow into the sheets called FRCTELRIC-VS and FRCTELRIC-VI. These sheets apply depreciation, cost of money (COM), income tax, plant specific, and ad valorem tax factors to the investments. If a factor does not apply, the default is zero. These results are then summed to produce direct cost. All calculations are detailed above each cell. The shared cost factor is applied to the investments to produce shared cost and then added to direct cost to produce TSLRIC plus shared cost. If the input investments are annual investments, these resulting costs are divided by twelve to produce monthly costs and the results then flow to the summary sheet.

## Recurring Labor Expense Development

Recurring labor work times flow to the worksheet called RECEXP. The times are associated with a work function and a JFC or Payband. The associated direct labor rates, determined by the JFC or Payband, are applied to the work times to produce direct expenses. These expenses flow to the summary sheet. All calculations are detailed above each cell.

## Recurring Cost Development

Recurring direct costs from sheets FRCTELRIC-VS and FRCTELRIC-VI, recurring direct expenses from sheet RECEXP, and other expenses from the input sheet "Additives" flow to the sheet called TSLRIC Recurring Summary. All costs and expenses are summed to a total cost. This cost is then multiplied by Gross Receipts Tax and Common Cost factors to obtain the volume sensitive and volume insensitive recurring costs. These two costs are summed to produce TSLRIC plus shared and common costs.

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All, some, or none of the previously described recurring cost development sheets will be included with a cost element, depending on their applicability.

## TELRIC Calculator® Nonrecurring Worksheets

## Nonrecurring Cost Development

Installation and disconnect work times by work function and JFC or Payband flow from the input sheet "Nonrecurring Labor" to the three nonrecurring cost development sheets called NR-NR, NR-1A, and NR-IS. The three sheets exist to accommodate different types of nonrecurring charge structures. The sheet NR-NR develops cost for a single nonrecurring charge, the sheet NR-1A develops cost for charges which are first and additional, and the sheet NR-IS develops cost for charges which are initial and subsequent. Only one of these three sheets is populated with actual work times for a cost element; the other sheets receive work time values of zero. The cost development methodology is the same for all three sheets.

The TELRIC Calculator® User Interface calculates the disconnect factor and places this factor into the "Factors" input sheet which causes it to flow to the three nonrecurring cost development sheets. Disconnect factors are used to develop the present value of a labor cost that will take place in the future. The interface develops this factor by first locating the factor associated with the study midpoint date in the working database. The end-point date is then determined by adding the cost element life, in months, to the midpoint date. The factor associated with this date is then divided by the midpoint factor. If there is no cost element life indicated (i.e., value equals zero), the disconnect factor is one. If the disconnect cost is to be collected at the time of disconnect, a future value is calculated and the disconnect cost is not converted to a present value.

To develop the direct cost, the appropriate direct labor rate for the JFC or Payband is applied to the installation and disconnect work times for each function to produce the install cost and the disconnect cost. The costs then flow to the appropriate summary sheet. All calculations are detailed above each cell.

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## Nonrecurring Cost Development

Nonrecurring direct costs from sheets NR-NR, NR-1A, NR-IS, and other expenses from the input sheet "Additives" flow to the sheets called "TELRIC NRC Summary $A$ " and "TELRIC NRC Summary B". The first sheet summarizes a single nonrecurring cost; the second sheet summarizes first and additional costs or initial and subsequent costs. Costs and expenses are summed to a total cost. This cost is then multiplied by Gross Receipts Tax and Common Cost factors to produce the Nonrecurring TSLRIC plus shared and common costs.

Depending on the structure of the nonrecurring cost, only two of the cost development sheets will be included with a cost element. The sheets NR-NR and TELRIC NRC Summary A will be included with the single cost structure. The sheets NR-1A and TELRIC NRC Summary $B$ will be included with the first and additional cost structure. The sheets NR-IS and TELRIC NRC Summary B will be included with the initial and subsequent cost structure. The previously described nonrecurring cost development sheets will not be included with a cost element for which nonrecurring costs are not applicable.

## 2. Capital Cost Calculator

The Capital Cost Calculator is a Visual Basic model designed by BellSouth. It was developed in order to provide BellSouth with an open, understandable and easily verifiable process which could be used to calculate annual capital cost factors. The calculator produces depreciation, cost of money and income tax factors which are applied to investments to calculate the capital costs. See Section 4, Annual Cost Factors, for discussion of depreciation, cost of money and income tax factors.

The Capital Cost Calculator provides the user with the ability to use and modify a set of input variables. The input variables are: debt ratio, cost of money, debt interest rate, corporate income tax rate, net salvage ratio and economic life of assets. The calculator is designed with on-screen instructions and options which allow the user to view or modify the input section and view or print the calculations. Calculations are automatic when input variables are modified. Explanatory notes are included in each column heading and footnotes are included at the bottom of the calculations.

The input variables used in this filing are those established by the Florida Public Service Commission in Order No. PSC-98-0604-FOF-TP.

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They are:

| Percent equity | $60 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Percent debt | $40 \%$ |
| Cost of equity | $12 \%$ |
| Cost of debt | $6.7 \%$ |
| Overall Cost of Money | $9.9 \%$ |

ILLUSTRATIVE CAPITAL COST CALCULATIONS:
The following is an illustrative calculation of capital costs, the inputs, and resulting capital cost factors:

## CAPITAL COST ILLUSTRATIVE CALCULATION - UNDERGROUND CABLE METALLIC 5C

Inputs:
$r=$ Debt Ratio $=.40$
$\mathrm{i}=$ Composite Cost of Money $=.1125$
$i_{d}=$ Debt Interest Rate $=.0650$
$\mathrm{n}=$ Periods $=12$
$\mathrm{t}=$ Composite Income Taxes $=.3857$
Net Salvage $=-.08$
Economic Life $=12$ Years

1) Calculate Annuity of a Present Amount (A/P):

$$
\begin{aligned}
& A / P=\frac{i(1+i)^{n}}{(1+i)^{n}-1} \\
& A / P=\frac{.1125(1+.1125)^{12}}{(1+.1125)^{12}-1} \\
& A / P=-1558662) \text { Calcula } \\
& S_{p w}=-\frac{N e t \text { Salvage }}{(1+i)^{n}} \\
& S_{p w}=---.08 \\
& S_{p w}=-.022258
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
A / P=-1558662) \text { Calculate Present Worth of Net Salvage }\left(S_{p w}\right):
$$

## FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> SECTION 3 <br> DESCRIPTION OF MODELS AND PRICE CALCULATORS

3) Calculate PHI factor:

4) Calculate Depreciation Expense Factor:

Depreciation Expense Factor $=(1-$ Net Salvage $) /$ Economic Life
Depreciation Expense Factor $=(1-(-.08)) / 12$
Depreciation Expense Factor $=.090000$
5) Calculate Cost of Money Factor:

Cost of Money Factor=Annuity of a Present Amount $X\left(1-S_{p w}\right)$ - Depreciation Exp Factor
Cost of Money Factor $=.155866 \times(1-(-.022258))-.090000$
Cost of Money Factor $=.069335$
6) Calculate Income Tax Factor:

Income Tax Factor = Cost of Money Factor X PHI Factor
Income Tax Factor $=.069335 \times .482762$

Income Tax Factor $=.033472$
7) Summary of Capital Cost Factors:

Depreciation Expense Factor . 090000
Cost of Money Factor . 069335
Income Tax Factor
Total Capital Cost Factors
. .033472

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## 3. Shared and Common Cost Model

The Shared and Common Cost Model used in this filing, is the version developed by the Florida Public Service Commission Staff and used by the Commission as the basis for the Shared and Common Allocation factors established in Order No. PSC-98-0604-FOF-TP. It includes all adjustments considered necessary by the Commission.

# FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> SECTION 4 <br> INPUTS - LOADINGS AND FACTORS 

## LAND AND BUILDING LOADINGS

Land and Building Loadings are translators used to determine the amount of investment in land and building that is to be associated with the central office and computer investment in each study. When central office investment is multiplied by the land and building loadings, the investment is then loaded for the amount of land and buildings associated with central office investment.

The land loading for central office equipment is developed by comparing the investments in land that are associated with central office equipment and the investments in that central office equipment. A ratio is then developed that allows each dollar of central office investment to include a fraction of the land investment. The building loading is developed by comparing the investments in buildings that house central office equipment for the provision of service and the investments in that central office equipment. A ratio is then developed that allows each dollar of central office investment to include a fraction of the building investment. The Land and Building Loadings for Computer use the same methodology.

The regulated investment dollars used in developing these factors are taken from the Investment Over Accumulated Depreciation for June and December, 1997. The projected view of 1999 through 2002 received from Network is based on plant additions less retirements and is added to the 1998 cumulative historical year. The investments are averaged to get to midyear (MDY) amounts. Current Cost Factors are applied to 1998 MDY only. Averaged projected net additions for 2000 through 2002 are added to represent the current forward looking period. The investments for the three years are then summed and divided by three to obtain the average investment.

The 2000 through 2002 land and building average projected investments are multiplied by the percent of land and building associated with central office equipment, and each is respectively divided by the average total central office equipment to derive the loadings. The Land and Building Loadings for computers are similarly calculated.

Worksheets showing the development of Land and Building Loadings used in these studies are included in Appendix A.

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## ANNUAL COST FACTORS

## GENERAL

Annual cost factors are translators used to determine the amount of recurring cost for one year associated with acquiring and using a particular piece of investment. Annual cost factors were developed for each category of plant investment for each state. When the dollar amount for a particular piece of investment is multiplied by the annual cost factor for that particular category of plant investment, the product reflects the annual recurring cost incurred by the company for that particular piece of investment. There are basically two types of cost associated with investment: capital related costs and operating related costs.

The initial purchase price of plant equipment and any installation costs are paid with a combination of investor supplied funds and retained earnings. The investors who provide the "loan" may be either bondholders or stockholders. The plant placed must be able to generate enough revenues to cover capital costs associated with its placement and usage. Capital related costs consist of three major categories: depreciation, cost of money, and income tax. The capital related cost factors are developed using the Capital Cost Calculator, which uses various financial data and plant investment characteristics to compute the annual capital costs by category of plant.

Plant investments must also be maintained to provide for continuing operations. Ordinary repairs and maintenance, as well as rearrangements and changes, are necessary costs for all categories of plant (except land) in order to provide proper service. These maintenance costs, as well as ad valorem taxes and other taxes must be covered by the revenues received from the use of the asset. The operating related cost factors are developed using various spreadsheets, which basically compute the annual operating related costs by category of plant, and divide that amount by the investment in that category of plant.

## CAPITAL RELATED COSTS

DEPRECIATION - the allocation of the initial plant investment over the years service provided by the plant. Depreciation is determined by the total investment, less net salvage, divided by the estimated life of the investment. Depreciation lives and salvage values used in this filing were established by the FPSC in Docket Nos. 960757-TP/960833-TP/960846-TP.

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COST OF MONEY - the annual cost to the firm of the debt and equity on capital invested in the business. This annual cost is determined in the financial market as it represents the investors' expected return on their investment.

INCOME TAX - the composite of income taxes paid to the Federal and State governments based on the taxable net income of the company.

## OPERATING RELATED COSTS

PLANT SPECIFIC EXPENSE - the expense required to keep existing telephone plant, circuits, and service up to standards, as well as rents paid for facilities. This includes trouble clearing, rearrangements, and replacing defective elements.

AD VALOREM AND OTHER TAX - tax levied by city and county governments based on the assessed value of property. This includes property taxes, capital stock taxes, and other taxes.

## FACTOR DEVELOPMENT - CAPITAL COST

Depreciation is the allocation of the initial plant investment over the years of service provided by the plant. The straight-line method requires that the difference between gross investment and net salvage be spread ratably over the life of the plant. The straight-line depreciation expense rate is calculated as follows:

## Initial Investment - (Gross Salvage - Cost of Removal) Life of Investment

Cost of money is the amount of money which must be paid to investors for the use of investor supplied funds. This amount to be paid investors is the annual cost to the company of the debt and equity capital invested in the company. Cost of money is determined in part by the financial market and, as it represents the investors' expected return on their investment, and may differ considerably from the actual earnings a company generates. The overall cost of money rate provided by BellSouth Treasury depends on the cost of equity financing, the cost of debt financing, and the debt to equity ratio of the capital structure of the company.

Income tax expense is the federal and state taxes levied on "taxable income." For income tax purposes, what is considered gross income and what expenses are deductible are defined by laws and codes. The income tax factor is

## FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP SECTION 4 INPUTS - LOADINGS AND FACTORS

developed using the PHI factor. The PHI factor assumes that tax depreciation equals book depreciation (i.e., no depreciation-related tax timing differences), but dividends paid to stockholders are not tax deductions (nor are they accounting expenses). Interest paid to bondholders is a booked expense and deductible for income tax purposes. A company must pay income taxes on the equity portion of return, but the debt portion is tax-exempt. The PHI factor is calculated as follows:

Capital Cost Calculator Model caiculations are included in Appendix A.

## FACTOR DEVELOPMENT - OPERATING RELATED

## PLANT SPECIFIC EXPENSE

The plant specific expense factor, which includes the cost of material used and direct labor, is a ratio developed to reflect the expenses for plant category by the respective investment. The factor also includes maintenance-type expenses for existing plant that cannot be directly assigned to a given plant category, such as transmission power, when applicable. Certain amounts have been excluded from the appropriate categories of plant, specifically service order activity-related expenses. These costs are excluded because: 1) they should be separately identified for each service, or 2) they should be included in nonrecurring cost studies. The maintenance expenses used in calculating the Plant Specific Expense Factors include those associated with the following types of operations:
(a) inspecting and reporting on the condition of plant investment to determine the need for repairs, replacements, rearrangements and changes
(b) performing routine work to prevent trouble
(c) replacing items of plant other than retirement units
(d) rearranging and changing the location of plant not retired
(e) repairing material for reuse

## FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP SECTION 4 <br> INPUTS - LOADINGS AND FACTORS

(f) restoring the condition of plant damaged by storms, floods, fire and other casualties (other than the cost of replacing retirement units)
(g) inspecting after repairs have been made
(h) only salaries, wages and expense associated with plant craft and work reporting engineers, as well as their immediate supervision and office support.

The plant specific expense factors are developed in personal computer spreadsheets. The factors are based on three years of projected expense and investment data. The 1998 expenses used in the study were pulled from the Cost Separations System (CSS). Rent expense is excluded from building expense; net rent (rent revenue less rent expense) is included in pole and conduit expenses. Projected view data was obtained from the Finance Budget Group for the expenses for 2000 through 2002 and spread based on actual expenses. Service order-related expenses were excluded from the study because such expenses are recovered in a direct manner rather than through the use of a factor. The 2000 through 2002 projected expense amounts are averaged to represent the projected annual expense.

The investment dollars are 1998 actuals and projected 1999 through 2002 from Network. The 1998 dollars were taken from the Investment Over Accumulated Depreciation Report for mid and end of year and adjusted by applying a current cost to book cost ratio. The projected investments are based on plant additions less retirements. The projected net additions for each year are added to 1998 adjusted investment to arrive at the total projected investment. The projected investments for 2000-2002 are then summed and divided by three to obtain the average annual investment. Expenses are then divided by the investments, resulting in the unloaded plant specific expense factors. Power expense loadings are then added to the factors for central office equipment investment. These plant specific expense factor calculations result in a factor for each category of plant representative of the average expense per investment expected in the future for each plant category.

Worksheets showing the development of the Plant Specific Expense Factors used in these studies are included in Appendix A.

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## AD VALOREM AND OTHER TAXES

The ad valorem and other tax factor is an effective tax factor furnished by the BellSouth Tax Department. The BellSouth Tax Department develops the factor by calculating the ratio of certain tax expense to the telephone plant in service, as follows:

$$
\text { Accounts } 7240.1000+7240.3000+7240.9000
$$

Telephone Plant in Service
Account 7240.1000 includes taxes levied upon the assessed value of property.
Account 7240.3000 includes taxes levied upon the value or number of shares of outstanding capital stock, upon invested capital, upon rate of dividends paid, etc.

Account $\mathbf{7 2 4 0 . 9 0 0 0}$ includes other non-income, non-revenue taxes such as municipal license taxes, state privilege taxes, state self-insurer's tax, etc.

A summary of ad valorem and other tax and gross receipts tax factors used in these studies is included in Appendix A.

## GROSS RECEIPTS TAX FACTOR

Some states and municipalities tax the revenues that a company receives from services provided within the state/municipality. The taxes may be designed to fund such things as PSC fees, franchise taxes, license taxes, or other similar items, but because the taxes are levied on the basis of revenues, they are commonly referred to as a gross receipts tax. Unlike some taxes that are billed to the customer and flowed through to the taxing authority, a gross receipts tax is a cost of doing business to BellSouth.

The BellSouth Tax Department provides the effective tax rate at which BellSouth is charged by the taxing authority and that rate is "grossed up" to reflect the following formula:

> (1 GROSS RECEIPTS TAX RATE -GROSS RECEIPTS TAX RATE)

A summary of ad valorem and other tax and gross receipts tax factors used in these studies is included in Appendix A.

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## LABOR RATES

Labor rates for specific work groups are developed annually based on extracts of previous year's data from the Financial Front End System. This extract collects labor expense and hours and a PC application processes the information to produce labor rates. During processing, the actual costs for a given work group are accumulated by expenditure type (e.g., direct labor productive, premium, other employee, etc.). These actual costs are divided by the actual hours (classified productive hours for plant and engineering work groups and total productive hours for cost groups) reported by work group to determine the basic rates. A factor from the BellSouth Region TPis is applied to inflate these rates to the study period 2000-2002.

## LABOR RATE COMPONENTS:

The following are various cost components that make up labor rates:

## DIRECT SALARIES AND WAGES

1. Direct Labor - Productive (RESOURCE TYPE CODE (RTC) 111, 121)

Represents the wage and salary costs associated with work reporting employees during the month for regularly scheduled time and overtime spent performing productive work. Also includes the costs of salaries paid to management employees when performing productive work. Classified and unclassified productive hours are used as the basis for Direct Labor Costs.
2. Direct Labor - Premium (RTC 122)

Represents the wage and salary costs associated with premium hours paid for hours worked beyond the normally scheduled work period.
3. Direct Labor - Other Employee (RTC 199, 19B, 19C, 193)

Covers the costs associated with the periodic incentive compensation payments made to management employees based on corporate service and financial performance, the annual bonus paid to non-management employees, all costs associated with commissions paid to employees, cash awards paid for any approved program, etc.

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4. Direct Labor - Annual Paid Absence (RTC 132, 19E)

Identifies the cost of a monthly prorata share of payments to be made over the year to occupational work reporting employees for accrued costs of holidays, vacations, and excused days.
5. Direct Administration (RTC 111, 121, 122, 199, 19B, 19C, 19E, 193, 132) Identifies the costs of salaries paid during the month to the first level of supervision responsible for supervising occupational work reporting employees, and salaries and wages paid to employees and immediate supervisors who perform basic office services for occupational work reporting employees. Also included are the wages paid to occupational work reporting employees loaned to perform supervisory or clerical functions.
6. Other Tools - Saiaries (RTC CQR )

Identifies the salary portion of the distributed costs associated with tools.
7. Motor Vehicles - Salaries (RTC CQM)

Identifies the salary portion of the plant motor vehicle expenses which are distributed to construction, removal or plant specific operations expense accounts based on the classified productive hours of the labor groups using the motor vehicles.

## OTHER DIRECT

1. Direct Labor - Other Costs (Various RTCs)

Identifies the costs incurred during the month for office, traveling and other costs of employees whose wage and salary costs are direct labor.
2. Other Tools - Benefits (RTC CQS)

Identifies the distributed benefits costs associated with tools.
3. Other Tools - Rents (RTC CQK)

Identifies the distributed rent costs associated with tools.
4. Other Tools - Other (RTC CQL)

Identifies the distributed other expense costs associated with tools.
5. Motor Vehicles - Benefits (RTC CQN)

Identifies the benefits portion of the plant motor vehicle expenses which are distributed to construction, removal or plant specific operations expense

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accounts based on the classified productive hours of the labor groups using the motor vehicles.
6. Motor Vehicle - Rents (RTC CQP)

Identifies the rents portion of the plant motor vehicle expenses which are distributed to construction, removal or plant specific operation expense accounts based on the classified productive hours of the labor groups using the motor vehicles.
7. Motor Vehicle - Other (RTC CQQ)

Identifies the other costs portion of the plant motor vehicle expenses which are distributed to construction, removal or plant specific operations expense accounts based on the classified productive hours of the labor groups using the motor vehicles.
8. Benefits (RTC KB1)

Identifies amounts for the payroll related benefits and taxes. These costs include pension accruals; company matching portion of savings plan; dental, medical, and group insurance plan reimbursements; and company portion of social security and unemployment payroll taxes.

## TOTAL PRODUCTIVE HOURS

1. Classified Productive Hours

Hours of work reporting employees which are reported to final accounting classifications.
2. Unclassified Productive Hours

The working hours of plant work reporters devoted to activities of such a general nature as to not be assignable to specific accounting classifications. Unclassified activities include: attending conferences or meetings (including travel time) which are general in nature; attending first aid classes or safety meetings; paid time spent on union activities; paid time spent on quality of work life activities; time spent in a classroom (including travel time) for general or job specific training; and other unclassified activities such as attending assessment centers.

Labor Rate worksheets are included in Appendix A.

# FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> SECTION 4 <br> INPUTS - LOADINGS AND FACTORS 

## SHARED AND COMMON COST ALLOCATION FACTORS

The Shared and Common Cost factors used in this filing are the factors adopted by the FPSC in Docket Nos. 960757-TP/960833-TP/960846-TP.

# FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> SECTION 5 <br> UNBUNDLED NETWORK ELEMENT (UNE) STUDIES 

## INTRODUCTION

This section contains a description of cost elements and an overview of the study process for each category of elements studied by BellSouth. Additionally, inputs and workpapers for each individual UNE are provided.

The studies included in this filing are all based on a three (3) year study period (20002002). All long run costs associated with providing the unbundled network elements are identified and included in the studies.

The following is a list of the unbundled network cost elements provided in this filing package. Each cost element is represented by a designated cost element number that is referenced throughout the studies.

Following this list is a narrative describing the elements, study technique, and specific study assumptions. After the narrative are the TELRIC Calculator® outputs. Following the outputs, Microsoft Excel spreadsheets containing the inputs and workpapers are included.

## F. 0 OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS

## F. 1 OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS

F.1.7 OSS Manual Processing, per local service request
F.1.61 OSS Electronic Interface, per local service request - Development \& Implementation
F.1.62 OSS Electronic Interface, per local service request - Ongoing Process

## NARRATIVE

## F.1.61 OSS ELECTRONIC INTERFACE, PER LOCAL SERVICE REQUEST DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION <br> F.1.62 OSS ELECTRONIC INTERFACE, PER LOCAL SERVICE REQUEST ONGOING PROCESSING

F.1.7 MANUAL PROCESSING, PER LOCAL SERVICE REQUEST

## Service Description

I. OSS Electronic Interface (F.1.61 and F.1.62):

## A. Interactive Ordering (Pre-ordering and Ordering):

BellSouth will provide Competitive Local Exchange Carriers (CLECs) access via mechanized interfaces to certain operational support systems (OSSs). The interactive Pre-Order activities revolve around telephone number reservation, address validation, switch feature and service verification, and due date calculation. CLEC access to Customer Service Records (CSRs) will allow CLECs to increase the accuracy of orders by using existing name, address, directory, and line features and service options information.

The Order processes facilitate interactive order entry, order status inquiry, and supplemental order entry. The CLECs will be allowed to access the BellSouth Internal Network with a single log-on. The CLEC is then authorized to access the Electronic Interfaces to perform Interactive Pre-Ordering and Ordering functions. The Electronic Interfaces manage the sending and receiving of data to and from the BellSouth Operational Support Systems (OSSs).

To complete either Interactive Pre-Ordering or Ordering, several systems are typically accessed. The output from one system is often the input to the next. By building an interface in front of the Legacy Systems (BellSouth existing systems), the CLEC is not required to use manual processes to move the input from one system to another. Two primary interfaces, Telecommunications Access Gateway (TAG) and Local Exchange Navigation System (LENS), process Pre-Ordering Transactions and Local Service Requests (LSRs) and both pass the transactions to the Legacy Systems and the LSRs to Local Exchange Ordering (LEO), the database system for CLEC service orders. Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) is another key interface available to CLECs to submit LSRs directly into LEO. The Legacy Systems process the transactions and provide the results back to LENS so it can be presented to the CLECs. LEO passes LSRs to the Local Exchange Service Order Generator (LESOG) and the BellSouth Service Order

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Generator (BSOG) so a mechanized service order can be generated and sent to Service Order Communications System (SOCS) for processing.

## B. Trouble Maintenance and Repair:

Trouble Entry encompasses two newly developed interfaces, Trouble Analysis Facilitation Interface (TAFI) and Electronic Communications Trouble Administration (ECTA) systems. These interfaces allow CLECs access to BellSouth's online trouble maintenance and reporting systems. CLECs can mechanically process their customers' local access plain old telephone service (POTS) trouble reports with the same capabilities as the Call Receipt function performed in BellSouth's Residence Repair Center (RRC) and Business Repair Center (BRC). Trouble reports that cannot be resolved via the CLEC TAFI or ECTA processes will be forwarded to the appropriate Maintenance Administrator (MA) screening pool for manual analysis and processing. This is identical to the procedures employed by the BellSouth RRC and BRC organizations.

## II. Manual LSR Processing (F.1.7):

BellSouth will provide the CLECs the option of submitting LSRs manually. LSRs not submitted through a BellSouth Electronic Interface, as described earlier, will be considered a manual LSR. The CLEC will complete an Industry Standard Open Billing Forum (OBF) Version 2 Form or an approved BellSouth form. LSRs received manually by the Local Carrier Service Center (LCSC) are entered into the Local Order Number (LON) system. A Service Representative in the LCSC will manually enter the LSR information into BellSouth's Legacy (existing) service order systems. Once the Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) status is returned from the systems, this notification is faxed to the CLEC.

## Cost Element Descriptions:

## F.1.61 OSS Electronic Interface, Per Local Service Request - Development and Implementation:

This cost element includes the nonrecurring costs for development of project requirements, program development and enhancements, and communications implementation. The computer software right-to-use fees are also included. Additionally, nonrecurring expenses to support the Electronic Interfaces are included. Support is required for the EDI, LENS, TAG, LEO, LESOG and BSOG systems to insure the proper development and implementation of CLEC functional services of Interactive Preordering, Ordering, and the TAFI and ECTA systems for Trouble Maintenance and Repair.

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## F.1.62 OSS Electronic Interface, Per Local Service Request - Ongoing Processing:

This cost element includes the total BellSouth labor, contracting services' labor, capital related, and computer software and hardware maintenance expenses for processing the LSRs and maintaining the Electronic Interfaces. These costs are composed of programming maintenance; communications and hardware support in addition to the capital related expenses. They also include the labor expense incurred by BellSouth's Local Carrier Service Center (LCSC) to manually process Local Service Requests (LSRs) that were submitted through the OSS Electronic Interface but dropped out of the mechanized service order flow. Additionally, the ongoing expenses to support the Electronic Interfaces are included. The support is required for the EDI, LENS, TAG, LEO, LESOG and BSOG systems to insure the ongoing CLEC functional services of Interactive Preordering, Ordering, and the TAFI and ECTA systems for Trouble Maintenance and Repair.

## F1.1.7 Manual Processing, per Local Service Request

This cost element consists of the nonrecurring labor expense incurred by BellSouth's Local Carrier Service Center (LCSC) to process Local Service Requests (LSR) that are not submitted via a BellSouth Electronic Interface.

## Models

Microsoft Excel spreadsheets were used to perform these cost analyses.
The BellSouth Cost Calculator© was used to calculate the costs.

## Study Technique

## Electronic Interfaces:

The recurring costs are based on the labor requirements for BellSouth personnel and contractors responsible for the ongoing support of the computer applications, data exchange, computer hardware, internal communications network and the mechanized service order process. The vendor-installed prices for the incremental investment are identified along with their associated hardware and software maintenance expenses.

The nonrecurring costs are based on the labor requirements for BellSouth personnel and contractors responsible for developing, enhancing and implementing the computer applications, the exchange of data, internal communications network and the mechanized service order process. The software right-to-use fees are also included.

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The cost study sums ali the various labor hours by functional category and paybands. Vendor installed prices for investments are summed by Field Reporting Codes (FRCs). Other expenses or additives, such as hardware and software maintenance, are summed by each expense category. The resulting total labor hours, investments and other expenses are divided by the projected cumulative number of local service requests and processed through the BellSouth Cost Calculator®.

## Manual LSR Processing:

For manually submitted CLEC LSRs, the nonrecurring costs are based on the portion of a labor hour consumed on average by a Service Representative in the LCSC to manually handle a LSR. The labor hours are processed through the BellSouth Cost Calculatore.

## Specific Study Assumptions

## OSS Electronic Interface:

- Cost is valid from 2000 through 2005 for the Electronic Interface elements.
- Nonrecurring developmental and maintenance costs are included in the Electronic Interface studies.
- The OSS Electronic Interface, Per LSR-Development and Implementation element includes nonrecurring costs associated with interface development. The OSS Electronic Interface, Per LSR-Ongoing Processing includes the recurring capital and non-capital related expenses and maintenance. Additionally, the nonrecurring costs associated with fall-out orders are included in this element.
- CLECs can access LENS via Dial-up, LAN-to-LAN or the Internet. TAG access is via LAN-to-LAN or the Internet. They can access EDI via a Dial-up, a dedicated facility using LAN-to-LAN CONNECT:DIRECT data transmission software or via the Harbinger Value-Added Network (VAN). LAN-to-LAN and Dial-up are also available for Trouble Maintenance and Repair.
- The CLEC will be responsible for all charges associated with the ordering, installation of private line or dial-up circuits, related equipment and associated toll charges relative to data transmission. Therefore, these costs are not included in these studies.
- This study does not include any expenses associated with the Toll charges associated with the CLEC accessing BellSouth's internal network.
- The 1996, 1997 and 1998 capital added and other expenses relative to this project were identified and included in the Electronic Interface study. In this study, equipment that was added in 1996 will be recovered in 7 years ending in 2002; equipment that was installed in 1997 will also be recovered in 7 years ending in 2003. Equipment added in 1998 will be recovered in 7 years ending in 2004;


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equipment installed in 1999 will also be recovered in 7 years ending in 2005. Six years of capital-related costs for equipment added in 2000 will be recovered through 2005. Five years of capital-related costs for equipment added in 2001 will be recovered through 2005. Four years of capital-related costs for equipment added in 2002 will be recovered through 2005. Only three years of the capital related cost for equipment placed in 2003 will be recovered, only two years of the capital related cost for equipment placed in 2004 will be recovered and only one year of the capital related cost for equipment installed in 2005 will be recovered.

- The fall-out probability utilized for 1999 is $14 \%, 7 \%$ for $2000,5 \%$ for $2001,4 \%$ for 2002, 3\% for 2003, 3\% for 2004 and $3 \%$ for 2005.
- The labor expense for the mechanized LSRs that fall-out is calculated by multiplying the fall-out probability for each year by the LSRs forecasted for that year times the average time of 25 minutes or .42 hours to work a LSR manually in the LCSC.
- The cost study impacts due to the de-installation of BSOG in June 1999 have been reflected in the study. The costs labeled as BSOG in the study represents those costs that will be assumed by LENS and LESOG, other OSS Electronic Interface platforms. LENS received two of the four servers and associated computer costs previously used by BSOG. All BSOG functionality previously provided by BSOG is now provided by LESOG.


## Manual LSR Processing:

- Cost is valid from 2000 through 2002 for the manual processing element.
- The 25 minutes or .42 hours reflects the average time to handle a LSR manuaily. This figure is based upon year-to-date September, 1998 statistics from the LCSC for handling manual CLEC LSRs. This time requirement is projected to continue.


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## Operational Support Systems(OSS) List of Acronyms

| ALPHA | Process of Assembly and Edit of Messages in CRIS |
| :---: | :---: |
| AMA | Automatic Message Accounting |
| ARSB | Automated Repair Service Bureau |
| ATLAS | Application for TN Load, Administration and Selection |
| BFTS | BellSouth File Transfer System |
| BOSIP | BellSouth Open Systems Interconnect Platform |
| BRC | Business Repair Center |
| BSDN | BellSouth Data Network |
| BSOG | BellSouth Service Order Generator |
| CABS | Carrier Access Billing System |
| COFFI | Central Office Feature File Interface |
| COMTEN | Front-end Communications Equipment which hosts CONNECT:DIRECT |
| CONNECT:DIRECT | Data Transmission Software Facility leased from Stering, Inc. |
| cots | Commercial Off-The-Shelf Software (i.e. PC Microsoft Office) |
| CRIS | Customer Records Information System |
| CRIS-MP | Customer Records Information System-Message Processing |
| CSA | Central System Administration |
| CSR | Customer Service Record |
| CSX | Dial-up Equipment to integrate analog modem \& ISDN remote access to BOSIP |
| DBA | Database Administrator |
| DMZ | Interconnect Platform part between the Front-End Equipment and BOSIP |
| DOE/DSAP | Direct Order Entry/DOE Support Analysis |
| EC | Electronic Communications |
| EC-CPM/TA | Electronic Communications-Common Presentation Manager/Trouble Administration |
| ECTA | Electronic Communications Trouble Administration |
| EDI | Electronic Data Interchange |
| EDIC | EDI Center |
| EGA | External Gateway Access( for CLEC Internet, LAN-to-LAN \& Dial-up) |
| EMR | Exchange Message Record |
| ETCS | Electronic Toll Collection System |
| EXACT | Exchange Access Control Tracking |
| FACS | Facility Assignment and Control System |

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| FDDI | Fiber Distributed Distribution Interface |
| ---: | :--- |
| FTE | Full-time Equivalent |
| HMG | Hardware Maintenance Group(ITO) |
| ICM | Internal Communications Manager |
| ICS | Interconnection Services (BST Customer Operations Unit) |
| Informix | Database Manager Software |
| ITO | Information Technology Organization |
| ITOC | Information Technology Operations Center |
| ITOP | Information Technology Operations |
| JMOS | Job Management Operation System |
| LAN | Local Area Network |
| LCSC | Local Carrier Service Center |
| LDP | LAN Documentation Package |
| LEGACY | Baseline BellSouth Operational Support Systems |
| LENS | Local Exchange Navigational System |
| LEO | Local Exchange Ordering |
| LESOG | Local Exchange Service Order Generator |
| LIST | LIST Information System |
| LMOS | Loop Maintenance Operations System |
| LNP | Local Number Portability |
| LSA | Local System Administrator |
| LSR | Local Service Request |
| MAPS | Mechanized Accounts Payable System |
| MARCH | Systen that translates S.O. data to switch provisioning |
| MLT | messages. |
| MMA | Multi Media Access |
| MSWG | Network Security Work Group |
| OACC | Operations Analysis and Control Center |
| OC\&C | Other Charges and Credits(bill entry) |
| ODUF | OLEC Daily Usage File(Billing) |
| OPEC | On-line Pending Edit to CRIS |
| OSG/PM | Operations Support Group/Project Manager |
| OSPCM | Outside Plant Construction Management System |
| P/SIMS | Products/Services Inventory Management System |
| PDN | Protected Datakit Network |
| PREDICTOR | Computer based monitoring system of messages \& cable |
| alarms. |  |
| Quality Assurance |  |
| Rence Repair Center |  |
|  |  |

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| RSAG | Regional Street Address Guide |
| ---: | :--- |
| RTOC | Real-time Operations Center |
| SI/IT | Systems Integration Interface Team |
| SME | Subject Matter Expert |
| SMF | System Maintenance Facility (IBM Software) |
| SNECS | Secure Network Element Contract Server |
| SOCS | Service Order Communication System |
| SONGS | Service Order Negotiation Generation System |
| TAFI | Trouble Analysis Facilitation Interface |
| TAG | Telecommunications Access Gateway |
| UNIX | Operating System Software |
| VAN | Value Added Network |
| WFA | Work Force Administration/Control |

## Nonrecurring Cost Summary

Florida
F.1.61-OSS Electronic Interface, per focal service request - Development \& Implementation

3/2/00

|  | Direct Cost | Shared Cost | TELRIC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nonrecurring Cost Development Sheet Col H | \$0.1507029 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.1507029 |
| Other Expenses |  |  |  |
| Sys Dev/Enhance/Implem | \$0.4252592 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.4252592 |
| Other Dev | \$0.0927562 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0927562 |
| Software RTU Fees | \$0.0254470 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0254470 |
| Testing, Requirements Dev | \$0.0220007 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0220007 |
| Billing Proj Mgmnt | \$0.0002108 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0002108 |
| Billing Dev | \$0.0008388 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0008388 |
| Trbl M\&R Sys Dev | \$0.0133521 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0133521 |
| Trbl M\&R Sys Oth Dev | \$0.0006947 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0006947 |
| Trbl M\&R Sys SW RTU Fee | \$0.0053014 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0053014 |
| Trbl M\&R Sys Requirements | \$0.0013045 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0013045 |
| Total Cost | \$0.7378684 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.7378684 |
| Gross Receipts Tax Factor |  |  | 1.0096 |
| Cost (including Gross Receipts Tax) |  |  | \$0.7449269 |
| Common Cost Factor |  |  | 1.0512 |
| Nonrecurring Economic Cost |  |  | \$0.7831004 |

Florida
F.1.61-OSS Electronic Interface, per local service request - Development \& Implementation

| Function | JFCl Payband | JFC/Payband Descriptlon | Instaliation Worktime | Disconnect Worktime | TELRIC Labor Rate | Instalt Cost | $\begin{gathered} \text { Disconnect } \\ \text { Cost } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Disconnect Discount Factor | Discounted Disconnect Cost | TELRIC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sys Dev/Enhanceflmplem | JG59 | Job Grade 59 | 0.000499 | 0.000000 | \$54.58 | \$0.0272111 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0272111 |
| Sys Dev/Enhance/lmplem | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.001388 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0653402 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0653402 |
| Sys Dev/Enhance/Implem | JG56 | Job Grade 56 | 0.000038 | 0.000000 | \$36.16 | \$0.0013641 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0013641 |
| Billing Proj Mgmnt | JG59 | Job Grade 59 | 0.000006 | 0.000000 | \$54.58 | \$0.0003018 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0003018 |
| Billing Proj Mgmnt | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000012 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0005494 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0005494 |
| Billing Team Rep | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000002 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000750 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000750 |
| Proj Mgmol | JG61 | Job Grade 61 | 0.000129 | 0.000000 | \$71.24 | \$0.0091657 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0091657 |
| Proj Mgmot | JG59 | Job Grade 59 | 0.000291 | 0.000000 | \$54.58 | \$0.0158594 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0158594 |
| Prol Mgmnt | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000139 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0065292 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0065292 |
| Proj Mgrme | JG56 | Job Grade 56 | 0.000120 | 0.000000 | \$36.16 | \$0.0043489 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0043489 |
| Trbl MRR Sys Devilmplem | JG59 | Job Grade 59 | 0.000063 | 0.000000 | \$54.58 | \$0.0034300 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0034300 |
| Trbl MarR Sys Devilmplem | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000047 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0022193 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0022193 |
| Trbl M\&R Sys Devilmplern | JG57 | Job Grade 57 | 0.000003 | 0.000000 | \$40.54 | \$0.0001274 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0001274 |
| Trb M\&R Sys Devilmplem | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000014 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0006469 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0006469 |
| Trbl M\&R Sys Devilmplem | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000006 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0002959 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0002959 |
| El Req/Dev Criteria | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000125 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0058947 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0058947 |
| El Test Plans Dev | JG57 | Job Grade 57 | 0.000181 | 0.000000 | \$40.54 | \$0.0073438 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0073438 |

## Recurring Cost Summary

## Florida

F.1.62-OSS Electronic Interface, per local service request - Ongoing Process

| 3/2/00 | Volume Sensitive |  |  | Volume Insensitive |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Direct Cost | Shared Cost | TELRIC | Direct Cost | Shared Cost | TELRIC |
| Recurring Cost Devel. Sheets Cols L, N, \& O | \$0.6032482 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.6032482 |  |  | \$0.0000000 |
| Labor Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LENS Sys Support | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0006051 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0006051 |
| LEO Sys Support | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0007624 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0007624 |
| TAG Sys Support | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0006718 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0006718 |
| Trbl M\&R Sys Support | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0001896 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0001896 |
| Trbl Resolut Units Supp | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0003812 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0003812 |
| Supp/Update Rate Database | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0001365 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0001365 |
| Test/Bill Verify/Guides | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0014975 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0014975 |
| Billing Prgm Mtce | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0004914 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0004914 |
| Commission Coordination | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0100728 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0100728 |
| ICS Operations Support | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0638316 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0638316 |
| Other Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Application Mice | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.3948640 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.3948640 |
| Other Support Costs | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0605702 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0605702 |
| Software Mtce | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0037301 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0037301 |
| Hardware Op Supp | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0582646 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0582646 |
| Hardware Mtce | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0142791 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0142791 |
| Trbl M\&R Appl Mice | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0116068 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0116068 |
| Trbl M\&R Oth Support | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0025024 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0025024 |
| Trbl M\&R Software Mtce | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0002019 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0002019 |
| Trbl M\&R Hardware Op Supp | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0053068 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0053068 |
| Trbl M\&R Hardware Mtce | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0013784 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0013784 |
| Total Cost | \$0.6032482 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.6032482 | \$0.6313441 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.6313441 |
| Gross Receipts Tax Factor |  |  | 1.0096 |  |  | 1.0096 |
| Cost (including Gross Receipts Tax) |  |  | \$0.6090189 |  |  | \$0.6373835 |
| Common Cost Factor |  |  | 1.0512 |  |  | 1.0512 |
| Economic Cost |  |  | \$0.6402279 |  |  | \$0.6700460 |

Total Economic Cost : \$1.3102739

Investment Development (Excluding Land, Building, Pole, and Conduit)
Volume Sensitive
$3 / 2 / 00$
F.1.62-OSS Electronic Interface, per local service request - Ongoing Process

| 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 |  |
| FRC | Sub |
| 530C | FRC |
| 630C | 00 |

## Land, Building, Pole, and Conduit Investment Development

## Volume Sensitive

## Florida

F.1.62-OSS Electronic Interface, per local service request - Ongoing Process

| Land - COE | ,$\frac{F R C}{200}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Buildings - COE | 100 |


| 3/2/00 |  |  | $A=$ Prev Page $\mathrm{Col} G$ | B | $C=(A \times B)$ | D | $E=(A x D)$ | F | $G=(A x F)$ | H | $I=(A x H)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Purpose Computers/Data Cntr Env | $\frac{\text { FRC }}{530 \mathrm{C}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sub } \\ & \frac{\text { FRC }}{00} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { Investment }}{\$ 1.2534637}$ | Land $\frac{\text { Factor }}{0.0426}$ | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { Land } \\ \text { Investment } \end{array} \\ \$ 0.0533386 \end{gathered}$ | Building Factor 0.6930 | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { Bullding } \\ \text { Investment } \end{array} \\ \$ 0.8687093 \end{gathered}$ | Pole Factor 0.0000 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pole } \\ \text { investment } \\ \$ 0.0000000 \end{gathered}$ | Condult Factor 0.0000 | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { Conduit } \\ \text { Investment } \end{array} \\ \$ 0.0000000 \end{gathered}$ |
| General Purpose Compulers/Data Controller \& Work Sia Equip | 630C | 00 | \$0.0157818 | 0.0426 | \$0.0006716 | 0.6930 | \$0.0109375 | 0.0000 | \$0.0000000 | 0.0000 | \$0.0000000 |


| 3/2100 |  | A $=$ Prev Page $\operatorname{Col} A$ | B | $C=(A \times B)$ | D | $\mathrm{E}=(\mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{O})$ | F | $\mathrm{G}=(\mathrm{A} \times$ F) | H | 1=(AxCH) | $\lrcorner$ | $K=\left(\begin{array}{l}\text { a J }\end{array}\right)$ | $\underline{L}(\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{E}+\mathrm{G}+1+\mathrm{K})$ | M | $N=(A \times M)$ | $\mathrm{O}=(\mathrm{L}+\mathrm{N})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | depreclation |  | Cotil of Monsy | Cost of | Income Tax Facto |  | Plant Spectic Factor | Plant Spacilic Exponse | Ad Valiorem | Ad Valorem Expenet | Diract <br> Cost | Shared Cosi Factor | Sharad Cost | TELRIC |
| d - COE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FRR } \\ & 20 \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | Investiment 30.0540102 | Faclor 0.0000 | Doproclation S0.0000000 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Factor } \\ & 0.09990 \end{aligned}$ | Monoy So. 0053470 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Factor } \\ & 0.0453 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Tax } \\ \mathbf{T} 0.0024484 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Expsnse } \\ & \$ 0.0000000 \end{aligned}$ | Faction 0.0095 |  | S0.0083093 | ${ }_{0} 0.0000$ | \$00000000 | \$0.0083093 |
| Cine $\operatorname{COE}$ | 10 C | \$0.8799468 | 0.0213 | \$0.0187658 | 0.0790 | 50.0695314 | 0.0362 | S0.031a365 | 0.0540 | \$0.0474825 | 0.0095 | \$0.0083698 | S0 1759880 | 0.0000 | S00000000 | S0 1759880 |
|  |  |  |  | so2a490) |  | \$0,092091 | 00293 | 50.0367278 | 0.0000 | \$0,000000 | 0.0095 | 50011926 | \$04137477 | 0.0000 | S00000000 | S0 41374, |
| General Puipose CompulersiData Cnir Env | 530 C | \$1.2534637 | 0.2273 | S0.2848761 | 0.0640 | 30.0002091 | 0.023 | 30.036 21 |  | 50.00000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Generat Puppose CompuitersData Controller \& Woik Sta Equip | 630C | 50.0157818 | 0.2273 | 50.0035868 | 0.0640 | \$0.0010099 | 0.0293 | \$0,004624 | 0.0000 | \$0.0000000 | 0.0095 | \$0.0001502 | 50.0052092 | 0.0000 | \$00000000 | \$0 0052092 |
| Total |  | \$2.2029025 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 50.6032482 |  | 500000000 | \$0.6032482 |

## Recurring Labor Expense Development

## Florida <br> F.1.62-OSS Electronic Interface, per local service request - Ongoing Process

A
B
$C=A x B$
D
$E=A \times D$
Volume Sensitive

| Function | JFCl Payband | JFC/Payband Description | Work Time | Direct <br> Labor <br> Rate | Direct <br> Expense | TELRIC Labor Rate | TELRIC Expense |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LENS Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| LEO Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| LESOG Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| BSOG Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| TAG Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| EDI Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| Trbl M\&R Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| Trbl Resolut Units Supp | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| Supp/Update Rate Database | JG56 | Job Grade 56 | 0.000000 | \$36.16 | \$0.0000000 | \$36.16 | \$0.0000000 |
| Test/Bill Verify/Guides | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| Billing Prgm Mice | JG59 | Job Grade 59 | 0.000000 | \$54.58 | \$0.0000000 | \$54.58 | \$0.0000000 |
| Commission Coordination | JG59 | Job Grade 59 | 0.000000 | \$54.58 | \$0.0000000 | \$54.58 | \$0.0000000 |
| ICS Operations Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |

Volume Insensitive

| Function | JFC/ <br> Payband | JFC/Payband Description | Work Time | Direct <br> Labor <br> Rate | Direct Expense | TEL.RIC Labor Rate | TELRIC <br> Expense |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LENS Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000013 | \$47.07 | \$0.0006051 | \$47.07 | \$0.0006051 |
| LEO Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000016 | \$47.07 | \$0.0007624 | \$47.07 | \$0.0007624 |
| LESOG Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| BSOG Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| TAG Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000014 | \$47.07 | \$0.0006718 | \$47.07 | \$0.0006718 |
| EDI Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| Trbl M\&R Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000004 | \$47.07 | \$0.0001896 | \$47.07 | \$0.0001896 |
| Trbl Resolut Units Supp | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000008 | \$47.07 | \$0.0003812 | \$47.07 | \$0.0003812 |
| Supp/Update Rate Database | JG56 | Job Grade 56 | 0.000004 | \$36.16 | \$0.0001365 | \$36.16 | \$0.0001365 |
| Tes//Bill Verify/Guides | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000032 | \$47.07 | \$0.0014975 | \$47.07 | \$0.0014975 |
| Billing Prgm Mice | JG59 | Job Grade 59 | 0.000009 | \$54.58 | \$0.0004914 | \$54.58 | \$0.0004914 |
| Commission Coordination | JG59 | Job Grade 59 | 0.000185 | \$54.58 | \$0.0100728 | \$54.58 | \$0.0100728 |
| ICS Operations Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.001356 | \$47.07 | \$0.0638316 | \$47.07 | \$0.0638316 |

## Nonrecurring Cost Summary

Florida
F.1.62-OSS Electronic Interface, per local service request - Ongoing Process

| 3/2/00 | Nonrecurring Cost |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Direct Cost | Shared Cost | TELRIC |
| Nonrecurring Cost Development Sheet Col H | \$0.5814708 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.5814708 |
| Total Cost | \$0.5814708 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.5814708 |
| Gross Receipts Tax Factor |  |  | 1.0096 |
| Cost (including Gross Receipts Tax) |  |  | \$0.5870331 |
| Common Cost Factor |  |  | 1.0512 |
| Nonrecurring Economic Cost |  |  | \$0.6171154 |

## Nonrecurring Cost Development

## Florida <br> F.1.62-OSS Electronic interface, per local service request - Ongoing Process

| 3/2/00 |  |  | A | B | C | $\mathrm{D}=\mathrm{AxC}$ | $\mathrm{E}=\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{C}$ | F | $\mathrm{G}=\mathrm{ExF}$ | $\mathrm{H}=\mathrm{D}+\mathrm{G}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Function | JFCl <br> Payband | JFC/Payband Dascription | Installation Worktime | Disconnect Worktime | Direct Labor Rate | Install Cost | $\begin{gathered} \text { Disconnect } \\ \text { Cost } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Disconnect Discount Factor | Discounted <br> Disconnect Cost | Direct Cost |
| LCSC Proc Mech LSR Fallout | 230X | Customer Point Of Contact - ICSC/LCSC | 0.018655 | 0.000000 | \$31.17 | \$0.5814708 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 0.0000000 \\ \text { Total } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.5814708 \\ & 0.581470771 \end{aligned}$ |
| Function | JFCl <br> Payband | JFC/Payband Description | Installation Worktime | Disconnect Worktime | TELRIC Labor Rate | Install Cost | $\begin{gathered} \text { Disconnect } \\ \text { Cost } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Disconnect Discount Factor | Discounted Disconnect Cost | TELRIC |
| LCSC Proc Mech LSR Fallout | 230X | Customer Point Of Contact - ICSC/LCSC | 0.018655 | 0.000000 | \$31.17 | \$0.5814708 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.5814708 |

## Nonrecurring Cost Summary

Florida
F.1.7-OSS Manual Processing, per local service request

3/2/00
Nonrecurring Cost

|  | Direct Cost | Shared Cost | TELRIC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nonrecurring Cost Development Sheet Col H | \$13.0914000 | \$0.0000000 | \$13.0914000 |
| Total Cost | \$13.0914000 | \$0.0000000 | \$13.0914000 |
| Gross Receipts Tax Factor |  |  | 1.0096 |
| Cost (including Gross Receipts Tax) |  |  | \$13.2166323 |
| Common Cost Factor |  |  | 1.0512 |
| Nonrecurring Economic Cost |  |  | \$13.8939140 |

Page 1

## Nonrecurring Cost Development

Florida
F.1.7-OSS Manual Processing, per local service request

| 3/2/00 |  |  | A | B | c | $D=A x C$ | $\mathrm{E}=\mathrm{BxC}$ | F | $\mathrm{G}=\mathrm{ExF}$ | $\mathrm{H}=\mathrm{D}+\mathrm{G}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Function | JFCl Payband | JFC/Payband Description | Installation Worktime | Disconnect Worktime | Direct Labor Rate | Install Cost | $\begin{gathered} \text { Disconnect } \\ \text { Cost } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Disconnect Discount Factor | Discounted Disconnect $\qquad$ Cost | Direct Cost |
| Service Order Processing | 230X | Customer Point Of Contact - ICSC/LCSC | 0.420000 | 0.000000 | \$31.17 | \$13.0914000 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 0.0000000 \\ \text { Total } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 13.0914000 \\ 13.0914 \end{array}$ |
| Function | JFC/ <br> Payband | JFC/Payband Description | Instaliation Worktime | Disconnect Worktime | TELRIC Labor Rate | install Cost | $\begin{gathered} \text { Disconnect } \\ \text { Cost } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Disconnect Discount Factor | Discounted Disconnect Cost | TELRIC |
| Service Order Processing | 230 X | Customer Point Of Contact - ICSC/LCSC | 0.420000 | 0.000000 | \$31.17 | \$13.0914000 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | $\begin{array}{r} \overline{\$ 0.0000000} \\ \text { Total } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 13.0914000 \\ 13.0914000 \end{array}$ |

OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSIEAS FIECTRONIC INTERFAC:



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OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SVSTEMS BARCTRONIC INTERFACE


OUE:RATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEAS FLECTRONIC INTERFACE:


operational support sistemis mentronic interface:

| INPUT | SHEET |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stite- | Hikrida | 1. | JFCl |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Line | Description | Source | Pb/FRC | 19\% | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2040 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 20105 |
| 389 | Prisolt | Provd Comun'zation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 390 | COMSYS | ProdC Comuntzation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 391 | Diversified Execulive Sys | Prod Connotzainson |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 392 | me. nek Solutions | Proxd Commizaalion |  |  |  |  |  |  | I |  |  |  |  |
| 393 | Brannon \& Tully | Prod Comul'tarion |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 394 | DMR Comsulting | Prad Conum'zazicm |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 395 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 396 | OSS Ilectronic Inerface Gircup: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 397 | Requirements Wrier, Dev Acceplence Crueria | Proul Connm'zation | 19658 |  |  |  |  | ! |  |  |  |  |  |
| 398 | Develop Test Plans-UAT Tessing | Prod Comm'zazation | 1 G 7 |  |  |  |  |  | \| |  |  |  |  |
| 400 | Mechanized Fallout Handling Time: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $401$ | Percent of Mechanized Orders To Fallout 1. SSC Hours Per LSR | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{LCsC} \\ & \text { LCsC } \end{aligned}$ | 230X |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 14.0 \% \\ 0.42 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $7.0 \%$ 0.42 | $5.014$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \% \\ & 0.42 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.0140 \\ & 0.42 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.0 \%{ }_{3}^{3} \\ & 0.42 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.4 \% \\ & 0.42 \end{aligned}$ |
| 403 |  |  | 230x |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 404 | Annual llardware Maintence: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 405 | L.tes | Attachment A, L. 107 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 406 | ${ }^{\text {LESSOG }}$ | Attaxhment A. L. 108 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 407 | ${ }^{\text {BSOG }}$ | Atachment A.LIO9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 408 | tag | Allachnenl A, 1.110 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 409 | iclec tafi | :Anachmen1 A. L, 111 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

OPERATIONAI SUPPORI SYSTEAS BAECTRONIC INTERFACE


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## TELRIC INPUT FORM - NONRECURRING EXPENSES DATA <br> Instructions:

1. Use this worksheet to record nonrecurring non-labor expenses to be input into the TELRIC calculations.
2. All amounts shown are per unit (e.g., per call, per loop, per MOU).
3. Input data, by Cost Element, leaving no blank lines. On next row after last line of data, type END in Cost Element Column.
4. All data on this form should be cell-referenced to study workpapers.
5. Do NOT change columns, headings, sheet name.
6. Use column $D$ when cost element has a single nonrecurring cost; use columns $E \& F$ for elements with a first and additional nonrecurring cost; use columns G \& H for elements with an initial and subsequent nonrecurring cost.

| State | Cost Element \# | Nonrecurring Expense Description (Limited to 25 characters) | Nonrecurring <br> $\$$ Amount | Nonrecurring First \$ Amount | Nonrecurring Additional \$Amount | Nonrecurring Initial \$ Amount | Nonrecurring Subsequent \$Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FL | F.1.61 | Sys Dev/Enhance/Implem | 0.4252592 |  |  |  |  |
| FL | F.1.61 | Other Dev | 0.0927562 |  |  |  |  |
| FL | F.1.61 | Software RTU Fees | 0.0254470 |  |  |  |  |
| FL | F.1.61 | Testing, Requirements Dev | 0.0220007 |  |  |  |  |
| FL | F.1.61 | Billing Proj Mgmnt | 0.0002108 |  |  |  |  |
| FL | F.1.61 | Billing Dev | 0.0008388 |  |  |  |  |
| FL | F.1.61 | Trbl M\&R Sys Dev | 0.0133521 |  |  |  |  |
| FL | F.1.61 | Trbl M\&R Sys Oth Dev | 0.0006947 |  |  |  |  |
| FL | F.1.61 | Trbl M\&R Sys SW RTU Fee | 0.0053014 |  |  |  |  |
| FL | F.1.61 | Trbl M\&R Sys Requirements | 0.0013045 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Maximum 10 entries per Cost El | \# \# |  |  |  |  |

ES0000

| TELRIC INPUT FORM - RECURRING LABOR EXPENSES DATA |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Instructions: |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1. Use this worksheet to record recurring expensed labor times to be input into the TELRIC calculations. |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2. All amounts shown are per unit (e.g., per call, per loop, per MOU). |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3. Input data, by Cost Element, leaving no blank lines. On next row after last line of data, type END in Cost Element Column. <br> 4. All data on this form should be ceil-referenced to study workpapers. <br> 5. Do NOT change columns, headings, sheet name. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Work Time (Hours) |  |
| State | Cost <br> Element \# | Labor Expense Description (Limited to 25 characters) | $\mathrm{JFCl}$ <br> Payband | Volume Sensitive | Volume Insensitive |
| FL | F.1.62 | LENS Sys Support | JG58 |  | 0.000013 |
| FL | F.1.62 | LEO Sys Support | JG58 |  | 0.000016 |
| FL | F.1.62 | LESOG Sys Support | JG58 |  | 0.000000 |
| FL | F.1.62 | BSOG Sys Support | JG58 |  | 0.000000 |
| FL | F. 1.62 | TAG Sys Support | JG58 |  | 0.000014 |
| FL. | F.1.62 | EDI Sys Support | JG58 |  | 0.000000 |
| FL | F.1.62 | Trbl M R R Sys Support | JG58 |  | 0.000004 |
| FL | F.1.62 | Trbl Resolut Units Supp | JG58 |  | 0.000008 |
| FL | F.1.62 | Supp/Update Rate Database | JG56 |  | 0.000004 |
| FL | F.1.62 | Test/Bill Verify/Guides | JG58 |  | 0.000032 |
| FL | F.1.62 | Billing Prgm Mtce | JG59 |  | 0.000009 |
| FL | F.1.62 | Commission Coordination | JG59 |  | 0.000185 |
| FL | F.1.62 | ICS Operations Support | JG58 |  | 0.001356 |
|  | END |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ; |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Maximum 20 entries per Cost Ele | ent \# |  |  |



## Workpaper:

| Line | Description | Source | $\mathrm{PB} / \mathrm{FRC}$ | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | LENS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | NONRECURRING: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | LENS Sys Dev/Enhancements/Implemen |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | BST Labor Hours: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | LENS Develop/Enhance/Implem | Input Sheet, L7 | JG59 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | LENS Develop/Enhance/Implem | Input Sheet, L8 | JG58 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | LENS Develop/Eshance/Implem | Input Sheet, L9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | IT PB59 Headcount | Input Sheet, L16 | JG59 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | IT PB56 Headcount | Input Sheet, L17 | JG56 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | Total Headcount | L14+L15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | LENS Sys Dev/Enhnce/Implm | 96-L14/L16*L12, Other Yrs $=\mathrm{L} 10$ | JG59 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | LENS Sys Dev/Enhnce/Implm | 111 | JG58 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | LENS Sys Dev/Enhnce/Implm | $96=\mathrm{L} 12-\mathrm{L} 18$, Other $\mathrm{Yrs}=0$ | JG56 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | Contracted Services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | LENS Dev/Enhance Contracted Hours | Input Sheet, Li0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | Contracted Hourly Rate | Input Sheet, LII |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | Dev/Enhance LENS Sys Contracted Costs | L23*L24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | Program Dev Other Contracted Costs | Input Sheet, L12 |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 | LENS Sys Dev/Enh/mpl Cost | L25+L26 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 | Other Systern Costs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 | LENS Oth Dev Costs | Input Sheet, L13 |  | \$0.00 |  |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  |
| 31 | LENS SW RTU Fee | Input Sheet, L25 |  |  |  |  |  | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ |  |  | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ |
| 32 | Tot Oth Sys Costs | L30+L31 |  |  |  |  |  | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ |  |  |  |  |
| 33 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 34 | LENS Project Management: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 35 | BST Labor Hours: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 36 | Overall Proj Coordination | Input Sheet, (L310+L313) | JG59 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 37 | Overall Proj Coordination | Input Sheet, L314 | JG58 |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38 | Requirements Coordination | Input Sheet, L311 | JG59 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 39 | Overall Coordinator | Input Sheet, L312 | JG59 |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40 | Overall Coordinator | Input Sheet, L315 | JG61 |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 42 | LENS Requirements Contracted Lab |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 43 | United Info Tech Corp | Input Sheet, L343 |  |  |  | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 44 | Advantage Funding Corp | Input Sheet, L344 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 45 | Prosoft | Input Sheet, L345 |  |  |  | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 46 | COMSYS | Input Sheet, L346 |  |  |  | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 47 | Diversified Executive System, Inc. | Input Sheet, L347 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\Theta_{49}^{48}$ | Contracted Hourly Rates: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $B$ | United Infor Technologies | Input Sheet, L387 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Sl}_{1}$ | Advantage Funding Corp | Input Sheet, L388 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sr2 | Prosoft | Input Sheet, L389 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Os3 | COMSYS | Input Sheet, L.390 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |







Workpaper: 3


OPFRATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS ELIFCTRONIC INTERFACE

## IESOG

## Worhbaper: 3 <br> Stane: Horida

OPERATIONAI. SUPPORT SYSTEMS EIECTRONIC INTERFACE

I ine Descriptions
104 Investment Summarized FRC:
105 Personal (omputers
$106 \times$ Terminals
107 Ohter Gen Purpose Computers 108
109 SUMMARY:
110 NONRECURRING:
111 BST I.abor Ifours:
112 I.ESOG Sys Dev/Enhnce/Implm
113 LESOG Sys Dev/Enhnce/Implm
114 I.ESOXi Sys Dev/Einhnce/Implm
115 1.ISOG Proj Mgmnt
116 LESOG Proj Mgmnt
117 LEESOK Proj Mgmn
118
119 Additive:
120 LESOG Sys Dev/Enh/Impl Cost
121 Li:SOG Oth Dev Costs
122 LESOG SW RTU Fee
123 LESOG Requirements Group 124
125 RECURRING:
126 BST Labor Hours:
127 IESSOG Sys Suppor
128
129 Additive:
130 LESOG Appl Mice Cost
131 IESOG SW Mice
132 LESOG HW Support
133 LESOG HW Mice
134
135 Investment:
136 Personal Computers
$137 \times$ Terminals
138 Oher Gen Purpose Computers

Source
L.95*1.96
1.97*1.98
$1996=$ L99*L100, Pther Yrs L. $^{2} 101$

| $\mathrm{Pl} / \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{RC}$ | 199\% | 1997 | 169\% | 1099 | 2(K0) | 2001 | 202 | 2003 | 2 CaH | 29415 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $6.30{ }^{\circ}$ |  | \$000 | \$0.00 | 80.00 | 80.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00) | 80.00 | \$0,4 |
| 530 C |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 80.00 | \$0.14) | so.00 | 80.00 | \$0.0.4 | \$0.00 | \$0.6) |
| 530 C |  |  |  | 80.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.10) | \$0.00 | Stase | \$0.00 |



|  | soms | S0, 00 | 50.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 80.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$0.00 | \$0.00) | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | bin) | \$0.00 | 80.00 |
| \$0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 80.00 | 50.00 | \$0.00 | 80.00 | S0.00 |


| JG58 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.6 Kl |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

L89

OPERATIONAI, SUPPORT SYSTEMS ELECTIRONIC INTERFACE
BSOG:

## Workpuper: 4 <br> State:

aurce BSOC: NONRECURRING:

BSOG Sys Dev/Implementation:
BST Laber Hours:
BSOG Develop/Implem
11
12
13 Contracted Services:
14 BSOG Dev/Enhance Conuracted Hours
5 Contracted Hourly Rate
(1) Dev/Linance BSOG Sys Contracted Costs

17 Program Dev Other Contracted Costs
18 BSOG Sys Dev/Enh/Impl Cost
20 Oiher System Cosis:
BSOG Oth Dev Costs
BSOGSW RTLIFee
Tot Oth Sys Costs
24
5 BSOG Project Management:
26 BST Labor Hours:
27 Overall Proj Coordination
28
BSOG Requirements Contracted labor Hrs:
30 Brannon \& Tully
31 Prosoft
32 Diversified Executive Sys
Advantage Funding
34
35 Contracted I lourly Rates:
36 Brannon \& Tully
37 Prosof
18 Diversilied Executive Sys
39 Advantage Funding
40
41 BSOG Requirements Contracted Costs:
42 Brannon \& Tully
43 Prosofl
44 Diversilied Executive Sys
45 Advantage Funding
46 Tor Requirements Contret Costs
$\underbrace{47}_{47}$
8
8
0
0
RECURRING:
Volume Insensitive
$\overbrace{52}$
3 Recorring MST Babor Hours L.14*Lis L6+LIT $1.21+1.22$
nput Sheet, L. 103 '

Input Sheet, LI 104 input Sheet, LI0S Inpul Sheet, L106

Inpul Sheet, L107
Inpu1 Sheet, 1.115

Input Sheet, L. 327

Inpul Sheet, L. 381 Input Shect, L. 382 Input Sheer. L383 Input Sheet, L384

Input Sheet, L393 Input Sheet, L.389 Input Sheet. L. 391 Input Sheet, L388 1.32*L38 1.33*L39 L42+L43+L44+1.45

| $\mathrm{PB} / \mathrm{FRC}$ | $19 \%$ | 1997 | 1998 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| line | Description | Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 54 | BSOCi Sys Support | Inpu1 Sheel, 1.110 |
| 55 |  |  |
| 56 | Kecurring Additive: |  |
| 57 | asog Appl Mice Cost | Input Sheet, LIII , |
| $5 \%$ | RSOGOM Supp Cost | Input Sheet, L.112 |
| 59 | asog SW Mite | Inpul Sheet, L,414 ${ }^{\text {' }}$ |
| 60 | BSOG IIW Support | Input Sheet, L. 19 |
| 61 | bSOG HW Mice | Input Sheet, L407 |
| 62 |  |  |
| 63 | BSOG Equipment: |  |
| 64 | Installed Price of Midrange Computers | Input Sheet. LI 18 |
| 65 |  |  |
| 66 | SUMMARY: |  |
| 67 | NONRECURRING: |  |
| 68 | BST Labor Hours: |  |
| 69 | BSOG Develop/implem | 1.10 |
| 70 | BSOG Proj Mginnt | 1.27 |
| 71 |  |  |
| 72 | Additive: |  |
| 73 | BSOG Sys Dev/Enh/mpl Cost | 1.18 |
| 74 | BSOCi Off Dev Costs | 1.21 |
| 75 | BSOG SW RTU Fee | L22 |
| 76 | BSOG Requirements Group | 146 |
| 77 |  |  |
| 78 | RECURRING: |  |
| 79 | BST Labor Hours: |  |
| 80 | BSOG Sys Support | L54 |
| 81 |  |  |
| 82 | Additive: |  |
| 83 | BSOG Appl Mice Cost | L57 |
| 84 | BSOG Oth Supp Cost | 158 |
| 85 | BSOG SW Mice | L59 |
| 86 | BSOG HW Support | 1.10 |
| 87 | BSOG HW Mice | L61 |
| 88 |  |  |
| 89 | luvestment: |  |
| 90 | Oih Gien Purp Computers | 1.64 |

OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS ELLCTRONIC INTERFACE
bsoc;

Worhpaiper: 4 State: Plorid


JGS9
JG59


530 C

|  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 50.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.60 | \$0.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  | 80.00 | S0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | so.s) | \$0.00) |
|  | 80.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 50.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.\% | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
|  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | so.60 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| JG58 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 50.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 50.00 | \$0,00 | \$0.00 | 80.00 |
|  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



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## TLOOOO




## $\varepsilon \_0000$

1
$96=$ lnput Sheet. (L236+1.240). Oth Yrs $=$ Input L187 Note 1
Input Sheet, 1.234
Input Sheet, (1.225+L230)
Input Sheet, L228

## input Sheel. t 188

Inpur Sheel, L. 189
$96=$ Input, $(1.250+\mathrm{L} 251)$, $\mathrm{OH} \mathrm{Yrs}=$ Input, L .190
L17•L18+L. 19
Note 2
Input Sheet, ( $1.210+1.211+\mathrm{L} 212)$

Input Sheet, L360
Input Sheer, L361
Inpui Sheet. L362

Inpul Sheet, L389
Input Sheet, L391
Input Sheet, L.388
1.26* 1.31

L27*L.32
L28*1.33
L36+1.37+L38



Note 1 - $1996=$ Input Sheet, (L.226 $+\mathrm{L} .229+\mathrm{L} .232+\mathrm{L} 237+\mathrm{L} .238+$ ( L .24 l (hrul. 246 )
Note 2 - Input Sheel, (L191 +(L.193 thru 1.195) +(1.197 thru 1.199))

6 NONRECURRIN
8 CLECTAFI: Planning/Dev/Imptem Itrs
9 BST Labor Hours:
10 Cl.EC TAFI Sys Dev/Enhance
II CLEC TAFI Sys Dev/Enhance
12 CLEC TAFISys Dev/Enhance
13 CIECTAFI Sys Dev/Enhance
14 CIECTAFI Sys Dev/Enhance

相
18 Contracted Hourly Rate
19 Dev/Enh Other Contracted Costs
0 CLECTAFI Sys Dev Contrc
21 CLI:C TAFI Oth Dev Costs
22 CLEC TAFI SW RTU Fee
24 CLEC TAFI Project Managemen/Requirements:
Contracted Services Labor Hours.
Prosofl
Advantage Funding
9

Diversified Executive Sys
Advantage Funding
34
Requirements Group Cost:
Prosoft
7 Diversified Executive Sys
Advantage Funding
9 Requirements Contrct Cost
40
41
41
42


### 0.00 <br> 0.00

0.10

2004 2015

Werhpaper: 8
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| PB/FRC | $19 \%$ | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2004 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2015 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Source
L.me Description 43 RECURRING:

44
45 Volume Insensitive
47 Recurring BST I.abor Hours:
48 (llec TAFI Sys Support
49 Supp of Trbl Resolution Units
50
I Recurring Addilive:
52 Cl.EC TAFI Appl Mtce Cosi
53 CleC TAFI Oth Supp Cost
54 Clec tafi sw mice
55 CleC TAFI HW Suppor
56 Cl.EC' TAFI IIW Mice
57
58 CLECTAFL Equipment:
59 Networking Equipment
60 Datakil
${ }_{6} 1$ Servers
62 lastatied Price of Midranges
63
6
65 Investment Summarized FRC
66 Data Controllers Equiprnnt
67 Other Gen Purp Computers
68 Gen Purpose Computers
L611 L62
L $66+1.67$
$\begin{array}{llll}\mathrm{PB} / \mathrm{FRC} & 19 \% & 1997 & 199\end{array}$
$\quad 0.00$
$\square$
$\begin{array}{ll}\$ 0.00 \\ \$ 0.00 & \$ 0.00\end{array}$
$\$ 0.00$
$\$ 0.00$
$\$ 0.00$
$\$ 0.00$
$\$ 0.00$


| $0.30 C$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $530 C$ |  | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 1.00$ |
|  |  | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.007$ |  |
|  |  | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 1.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ |  |

## OPEEATIONAL, SUPPORT SYSTEMS EI.ECTKONIC INTERFACE

cinctafi
lime Description
Source
70 SUMMARY:
71 NONRECURRING:
72 BST Labor Hours:
73 CII:C TAFISys Dev/Enhance
74 CLEC TAFI Sys Dev/Enhance
75 CI.EC TAFI Sys Dev/Enhance
76 CLEC TAFI Sys Dev/Enhance
77 Clif TAFI Sys Devienhance
78
79
79 Additive:
80 Clee TAFI Sys Dev Contrct
81 clec TAF1 Oth Dev Costs
82 CLEC TAFISW RTU Fee
83 Requirements Contret Cost
85 RECURRING:
86 BST Labor Hours:
87 CLECTAFI Sys Support
$\begin{array}{ll}88 & \text { Supp of Trbl Resolution Units }\end{array}$
89
90 Additive:
91 RECURRING:
92 Cl.EC TAFI Appl Mice Cosi
93 (LIEC TAFI Oth Supp Cost
94 CLEC TAFI SW Mice
95 CLEC TAFI HW Suppor
\% Ci.EC TAFI ilw Mice
97
98 Investment:
99 Data Controllers Equipmnt
100 Other Gen Purp Computers
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { P13/RC } & 19 \% & 1997 & 1998\end{array}$


|  |  | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.60$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| P13/RC | 1996 | 1997 | 1990 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | $200) 2$ | 2003 | 2004 | $2(1) 5$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



|  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$0.00) | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $6.30{ }^{\circ}$ |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.6) |  |
| $5.00^{\circ}$ |  |  | \$0.00 | 80.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.(x) | So(0) | Noth |

## 920000



| line | Description | Source | P13/FRC | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | $20 \%$ | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 46 | SUMMARY: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 47 | NONRECURRING: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 48 | BST l.abor Ilours: | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 49 | Billing Proj Mgmnt | L9+L10 | JG59 |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 50 | Billing Proj Mgmnt | L11+L12 | JG58 |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 51 | [Billing Team Rep | $\mathrm{L} 13+\mathrm{L} 14$ | JG58 | 0.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 52 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 53 | Additive: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 54 | Billing Proj Mgmnt | L20 |  |  |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00) | \$0.00 | \$0.0\% |
| 55 | Billing Dev | L24+L25 |  | \$0.00 |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| 56 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 57 | RECURRING: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 58 | BST Labor Hours: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 59 | Supp/Update Rate Database | 1.35 | JG56 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60 | Test/Bill Verify/Guides | L36 | JG58 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 61 | Prgm Mice | L37 | JG59 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 62 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 63 | Additive: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 64 | USOCs and Sve Ord Edits | 142 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 65 | Billing Prgm Mice | L44 |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |



OPFRATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS EIDCTRONIC INTERFACE DEVELOPMENT AND IMPIDBIENTATION

ine Descliption
5 BRNSNONRETURRING
6 BST I alkw Ilsurs.
7 IIENS Sys Devfinhnceeflimplm
8 I.ENS Sys Devilinhtucellmptm
9 LE:NS Sys Dev/Enhnce/Implm
10 LENS Proj Mgimnt
10 LENS Proj Mgirnt
12 IENS Proj Mgmm
12 LENS Prog M
14 Additive:
15 LIENS Sys Devfenh/ $/ \mathrm{mpl}$ Cost
15 IENS OH Dev Coss
17 LENS SW RTUFEe
IR I.ENS Requirement Group
20 L.EONONRECURRING
21 BST Labor Itours:
22 L:O Sys Dev/Enhuce/Implm
23 LEOSYS Dev/Enhnce/lmplm
24 L.EO Proj Mgmot
25 L.EO Proj Mgmnt
26 LEO Proj Mgmnt
27 Additive:
29 LEO Sys Dev/Enh/mpl Cost
30 LEOOH Dev Costs
31 LEO SW RTU Fee
32 LEO Requirement Group
34 LESOG NONRECURRING
35 BST Labor Hours:
36 LESOG Sys Dev/Enhnce//mplm
37 L.ESOG Sys Dev/Enhuce/mplm
38 LEESOG Sys Dev/Enhncelimplm
39 LLESOC Proj Mgmat
40 LESOG Proj Mgmn
4) LESOCi Proi Mgrant

42
43
43 Additive:
44 IESCGG Sys Dev/Enh/mpl Cost
45 L.ESOG OHAD Dev Costs
46 IESCOS SW RTU Fee
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 46 } & \text { ILSOC SW R'TU Fee } \\ 47 & \text { LISOG Requirements Group }\end{array}$
48
080000

Source

Workpaper 1, ,1.103
Workpaper I, L. 104
Workpaper 1, L. 105 Workpaper I, L. 105 Workpaper I, LIO6 Workpaper I, L107
Workpaper I, L108

Workpaper 1, L.111
Workpaper 1, 1.112
Workpaper 1, L113
Workpaper 1, LII4

Workpaper 2, L94
Workpaper 2, L.95
Workpaper 2, L95
Workpaper 2, L96
Workpaper 2. . .97
Ther

Workpaper 2. L101
Workpaper 2. L. 102
Workpaper 2. 1.103
Workpaper 2. L104

Workpaper 3.L112 Workpaper 3, L113 Workpaper 3. L.114 Workpaper 3.L115 Workpaper 3, L1 16 Workpaper 3, Lill

Workpaper 3. LI20
Workpaper 3, L. 121
Vork paper 3. L122
Workpaper 3, L.123

Payband

| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{J} 659 \\ & \mathrm{~J} 658 \end{aligned}$ | 0.00 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.00 \\ & 0.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.00 \\ & 0.06 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.00 \\ & 0.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.00 \\ & 0.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.00 \\ & 0.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 x) \\ & 0 .(x) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.56 \\ & 0.50 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| JGS6 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | $0.0 \times 1$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.0 |
| ${ }^{3} 661$ | 0.00 |  | $0 .(0)$ | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.90 |
| fGs9 | 0.00 |  |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | $0 .(1)$ |
| JG58 | 0.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.10 |
|  |  |  |  | 80.0) | 50.00 | 80.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
|  | \$0.00 |  |  | 50.00 | su.c) | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 80.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
|  | \$0.00 |  |  | 50.00 | So.co | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 50.00 | \$0.00 | 80.00 |
| s6s9 |  |  |  | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 OM, |
| JG58 |  |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.60 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| JG61 | 0.00 |  |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.10 |
| fiss | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | $0 .(\mathrm{x})$ |
| JGS8 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  |  |  |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 50.00 | 80.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
|  | \$0.00 |  |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 50.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
|  | $\mathbf{\$ 0 . 0 0}$ | \$0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 80.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.0) |
| JG59 |  |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.10 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06 |
| JG58 |  |  |  | $0 .(0)$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | $0 .(4)$ | $0 .(\mathrm{x})$ |
| JG56 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| JG59 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.60 |
| JG58 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| JGS6 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
|  |  |  |  | 80.00 | 50.00 | \$0.06) | 50.00 | \$0.00 | 80.00 | S0.(x) |
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OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEAS ELECTRONIC INTERFACE

| Source | Payband | 19\% | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | Tow |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | \%.10 |  |
| Workpaper 4, 1.69 | JG69 | 0.00 | 683.00 |  | 0.00 |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |
| Workpaper 4, L70 | Jis9 | 0.00 | 1.927 .20 |  |  | $0 .(x)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | S0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | So.00 |  |
| Workpaper 4, 1.73 |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  | \$0.00 | S0.(x) | S0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 80.00 |  |
| Workpaper 4, 174 |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 50.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  |
| Workpaper 4, L75 |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 50.00 | \$0.00 |  |  |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  |
| Workpaper 4,1.76 |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  | \$0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 0.00 | $0 .(0)$ | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.10 | $0 .(0)$ | $0 .(0)$ |  |
| Workpaper 5, 1.51 | Jis9 | 0.00 |  |  | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | $0 .(\mathrm{X})$ |  |
| Workpaper S, LS2 | ${ }^{\text {JiS8 }}$ | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.10 | 0.00 | 0.6) |  |
| Workpaper 5, 1.53 | JG56 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | \$0.00 |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 80.60 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | S0.(x) |  |
| Workpaper 5, 1.56 |  | $\$ 0.00$ 50.00 | \$0.00 |  | \$0.00 | 80.00 | \$0.00 | 50.00 | \$0.00 | S0, 00 | \$0.60 |  |
| Workpaper 5, 1.57 |  | 50.00 50.00 | \$0.00 $\mathbf{5 0 . 0 0}$ |  | $\$ 0.00$ | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.60 |  |
| Workpaper 5, 1.58 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Workpaper 6,1.79 | J659 | 0.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.60 | $0 .(x)$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00) | 0.00 0.00 |  |
| Workpaper 6, L. 80 | Jis8 | 0.00 |  | $0 .(0)$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Workpaper 6, 1.83 |  | \$0.00 |  |  | \$0.00) | \$0.00 | 80.00 | 80.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | S0.60 80.00 |  |
| Workpaper 6, L.84 |  | \$0.00 |  | \$0.00 | S0.00 | S0. 0 \% | \$0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Workpaper 6, 1.85 |  | 50.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  |  | 50.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.0) |  |
| Workpaper 6. L86 |  | \$0.00 |  |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Jis9 | 0.00 |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |
| Workpaper 7, L52 | JG58 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.0 |  |
|  |  | \$0.60 | \$0.00 |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00) |  |
| Workpaper 7,1.55 |  | \$0. 00 |  |  | \$0.00 | \$0.60 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 80.00 | \$0.(x) | 80,mo |  |
| Workpaper 7, 1.57 |  | s0.0. ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | \$0.00 |  | Su.co | \$0.00 | 80.00 | 50.00 | \$0.00 | 80.00 |  |  | develoopnent and impleanentation

liaue Description 49 BSOG NONRECURRING:
50 HST L abor Hours:
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52 BSOG Proj Mgmat
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55 BSOG Sys Dev/linh/mpl Cost
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57 BSOOSW RTU Fee
58 BSOG Requiremems Group

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& 59 \\
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60 TAGNONRECURRING
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79 EDI SW RTU Fee
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83 BST Labor Hours:
84 ECTA Sys Dev/linplem
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R8 ECTA Sys Dev/Enh/finpl Cost
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90 ECTA SW RTUFice
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OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS EIRE TRONIC INTERFACE DEVELOPMENT AND IMPIEMENTATION

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## 92 GIECTAFINONRECURRINO

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107 BST I abor Itours:
108 Billing Proj Memmt
109 Billing Proj Mgmnt
110 Billing Team Rep
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112 Additive:
113 Billing Proj Mgmnt
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116 SUMMARY
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118 BST Labor IIours:
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120 Sys Dev/Enhanceilmplem
121 Sys Dev/Enhancelimplem
122 Billing Proj Mgmnt
123 Billing Proj Mgmot
124 Billing Tean Rep
125 Proj Mgmnt
126 Proj Mgmns
127 Proj Mgnmt
128 Proj Mgnum
124 Trbl M\&R Sys lewhimplem
130 Tibl M\&R Sys Dev/linplem
131 Tibi M\&R Sys Devilupiem
132 Tri M\&R Sys Dev/inpiem
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Workpaper 8, L74
Workpaper 8, L75
Workpaper 8, L76
Workpaper 8. L77

Workpaper 8, L80
Workpaper 8, L81
Workpaper 8,L82
Workpaper 8, L83

Workpaper 9,1,49 Workpaper 9, L50 Workpaper 9, LSI

Workpaper 9, 1.54
Workpaper 9. LS5

| L $7+222+\mathrm{L} 36+1.51+\mathrm{L} 62+1.73$ | JG59 |  |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.061 | 0.60 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{L} 8+\mathrm{L} 23+\mathrm{L} 37+\mathrm{L} 74$ | JG58 |  |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06) | 0,6) |
| L9+L38 | JG56 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| L.08 | Jis9 | 0.00 |  |  | 0.00 | 000 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.6) |
| $L 109$ | JG58 | 0.00 |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | (1.0) |
| 1.10 | JG58 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.(x) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.6 (4) | ט,(\%) |
| L.10+L24 | Jibl | 0.00 |  |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.f) | 0.08 |
| L. $11+\mathrm{L} 25+\mathrm{L} 39+\mathrm{L} .52$ | Ji59 |  |  |  |  | $0 .(8)$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 (k) | 0.06 |
| Li $2+\mathrm{L} 26+\mathrm{L} 40 \mathrm{~L}$ L 3 | JGSR |  |  |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.10 |
| L41+L64 | JG56 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | (1)(X) |
| 1.84+194 | JG59 |  |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.(x) | 0.00 |
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| 1.96 | JG57 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | $0.1 \mathrm{~K})$ |
| L8S+L97 | J658 |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | (1)(M) |
| 1.98 | JG58 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.10 | 0.06 |
| Workpaper 10.1.42 | JG58 | 0.00 |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | (1)(x) |
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| Payband | 19\% | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 3041 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | Fotal |
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|  | 9.90\% | 9.90\% | 9.90\% | 9.90\% | 9.90\% | 9.90\% | 9,90\% | 9.90\% | 9.90\% | 9.90\% |  |
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L.119*L154
L. $120^{\circ} \mathrm{L} 154$
$120^{\circ}$ LIS4
L21*L154
$122^{\circ} \mathrm{L}$ IS 4
$123^{\circ}$ LIS4
. $124^{\circ}$ L154
L125*LIS4
L.126•L. 154
L.127*L154
L. $128 \cdot{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{L} 154$
1.129*L. 154

L130ㄴㄴSㄴ
L.131*LIS4

132*ㄴ54
L132* LIS4
L33•LIS4
L134*LIS4


138*L154
L.139*LIS4
L. $140^{\circ}$ LI 154

L141*LIS4
1.142*L154
$1.142^{*}$ L. 154
.143*1.154
1.144*L.LS4

L145*1.154
. $146^{*}$. 154
$\mathrm{L} \mathbf{1 4 *}^{*} \mathrm{~L}, 154$
$1.149^{\circ} 1.154$

## OPERATIONAI，SUPPORT SYSTEMS ELECTRONIC INTE：RFAC

 DEVELOPMENT AND IMPIEMENTATIONLine Description
189
190 PER ISR SUMMARY
192 L．evelized BST L．abor Hours Per L．SK：
193 Sys Dev／tinhance／mplem
194 Sys Dev／Enlance／／mplem
195 Sys Dev／Enhance／hmplem
196 Billing Proj Mgmnt
197 Billing Proj Mgrint
198 Billing Team Rep
199 Proj Mgimnt
200 Proj Mgmnt
201 Proj Mgmat
202 Proj Mgmar
203 Tibl M\＆R Sys Dev／lmplem
204 Trbl M\＆R Sys Devilmplem
205 Trы M\＆R Sys Devilmplem
206 Trы M\＆R Sys Devilmplem
206 Trd M\＆R Sys Dev／Implem
207 Tibl M\＆R Sys Devilmp
209 ReqDev Criteria
210
212 Levelized NR Additive Per LSR：
213 Sys Dev／Enhance／lmplem
214 Other Dev
215 Sofnware RTU Fees
216 Testing，Requirements Dev
217 Billing Proj Mgmm
218 Billing Dev
219 Trbl M\＆R Sys Dev
220 Trbl M\＆R Sys Oth Dev
221 Trbl M\＆R Sys SW RTU Fee
222 Trbl M\＆R Sys Requirenents

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Payband 1996

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| L．157L187 | 1 | JGS9 |
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| L158．187 | 1 | JGS8 |
| L159月187 |  | JG56 |
| L160／187 |  | JG59 |
| L161／． 187 |  | JG58 |
| L．162／．187 |  | JG58 |
| L163／187 |  | JG61 |
| L164／2187 |  | JG59 |
| L165A187 |  | Jis8 |
| L166／．187 |  | JG56 |
| 1．1672．187 |  | JG59 |
| 1．1687．187 |  | $\mathrm{JG58}^{\text {d }}$ |
| L169／L887 |  | JG57 |
| L170／187 |  | JGS8 |
| L171／．187 |  | JGS8 |
| L172／187 |  | JG58 |
| L173／L187 |  | JG57 |

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OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS ELECTRONIC INTERFACE ONGOING PROCESSING

Workpaper: 12 State:

47 TAG RECURR
48 BST Labor Hours:
49 TAG Sys Support
50
51 Additive:
52 TAG AppI Mice Cost
53 TAG Oth Supp Cost
54 TAG SW Mice
55 TAG HW Suppor
56 TAG HW Mtce
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58 EDI RECURRING
59 BST Labor Hours:
60 EDI Sys Suppart
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62 Additive:
63 EDI Appl Mite Cost
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68 ECTA RECURRINC
69 BST Labor Hours:
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73 ECTA Appl Mtce Cost
74 ECTA Oth Supp Cost
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76 ECTA HW Support
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78 CLEC TAFI RECURRING
79 BST Labor Hours:
80 CLEC TAFI Sys Support
81 Supp of Trbl Resolution Units
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83 Additive:
84 CLEC TAFI Appl Mtce Cost
85 CLEC TAFI Oth Supp Cost
86 CLEC TAFI SW Mitce
87 CLEC TAFI HW Support
88 CLEC TAFI HW Mice
90 BILLING RECURRING
91 BST Labor Hours:
$\rightarrow 2$ Supp/Update Rate Database
03 Test/Bill Verify/Guides
24 Prgm Mitce
$\sigma_{96}^{95}$ Additive
$0_{97}^{96}$ Udditive: USOCs and Svc Ord Edis
$\mathrm{CO}_{98}$ Billing Prgm Mtce

Source

Workpaper 5, L62

Workpaper 5, L65
Workpaper 5, L66
Workpaper 5, L66
Workpaper 5, L67
Workpaper 5, L68 Workpaper 5, L69

Workpaper 6, L90

Workpaper 6, L93
Workpaper 6, L94
Workpaper 6, L95

Workpaper 7, L6

Workpaper 7, L64
Workpaper 7, L65
Workpaper 7,L65
Workpaper 7,L66
Workpaper 7, L66
Workpaper 8, L8
Workpaper 8, L.88

Workpaper 8, L93
Workpaper 8, L94
Workpaper 8, L95
Workpaper 8, L96
Workpaper 9, L59
Workpaper 9, L60
Workpaper 9, L61

Workpaper 9, L64
Workpaper 9, L65


OPERATIONAI. SUPPORT SYSTEMS FI,ECTKONICINTERFACE ONGOING PROCESSING

Line Destription 99
(k) GIIIRRECURRING

101 BST I abor Hours:
102 Connmission Coordination
103 ICS Operations Support
104
IOS Nonrecurring BST Labor Hours 106 L.CSC Proc Mech I.SR Fallout 107 108
109 SUMMARY
110 RECURRING.
III BST Labor Ilours:
112 LENS Sys Support
113 LEOSys Support
114 LESOG Sys Suppor
115 BSOG Sys Support
116 TAG Sys Support
17 EDD Sys Support
118 Trbl M\&R Sys Support
119 Trbl Resolut Units Supp
$120 \mathrm{Supp} /$ Update Rate Database
121 TesuBill Verify/Guides
122 Billing Prgm Mtce
123 Commission Coordination
124 ICS Operations Support
125
126 Recurring Additive:
128 Application Mice
129 Other Support Costs
129 Other Support
131 Hardware Op Supp
132 Hardware Mitce
133 Trbl M\&R Appl Mitce
134 Tibl M\&R Oth Suppor
135 Trbl M\&R Software Mice
136 Trbl M\&R Hardware Op Supp
137 Trbl M\&R Itardware Mice 138

Source

Workpaper 10. L35
Workpaper 10. L36

Workpaper 10, L39

47
2.7
$\mathbf{L} 18$

128
L 28
L 38
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L49
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$\mathrm{L} 12+\mathrm{L} 32+\mathrm{L} 43+\mathrm{L} 54$
$\mathrm{L} 13+\mathrm{L} .23+\mathrm{L} 33+\mathrm{L} 44+\mathrm{L} 55+1.65$
L. 14+L $24+$ L $45+$ LS6

L73+L84
L74+L85
L75+1.86
$1.76+1.87$
L88

oprerational support systemi electaronic interface ONGOING PROCESSING:

Werkpaper: 12

## L. $128 *$ L. 148

 L.129*L148 L. $130^{\circ} \mathrm{L} / 148$ L131*L148 L.132•1. 148 L1330148 L134*L14R L135*L148 $1136^{\circ} 1148$ L.137* L148L. $141 * 2148$
$1.143^{*}$ L148


OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS ELECTHONIC INTERFACE ONGOING PROCESSING

Work paper: 12
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Source
1.ine Description

184
R5 PER ISR SUMIMARY
186
187 Levelized BST Labor Hours Per L.SR:
188 LENS Sys Support
189 LEO Sys Support
90 I.ESOG Sys Suppor
191 BSOG Sys Support
192 TAGS Sys Support
193 E.DI Sys Support
194 Trbl M\&R Sys Support
195 Trbl Resolui Uniis Supp
196 Supp/Update Rate Database
197 Test/Bill Verify/Guides
98 Billing Prgm Mtce
199 Commission Coordination
200 ICS Operations Support
201
202
203 Ievelized Recurring Additive Per LSR:
204 Application Mice
205 Other Support Costs
206 Soflware Mice
207 Hardware Op Supp
208 Ilardware Mtce
209 Trbl M\&R Appl Mice
210 Trbl M\&R Oth Support
211 Trbl M\&R Software Mice
212 Trbl M\&R Hardware Op Sup
213 Trbl M\&R Hardware Mice
213
214
215 Levelized Nonrecurring BST Labor Hrs Per LSR:
LCSC PI Met ISR Fallon
216 LCSC Proc Mech LSR Fallout

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OPERATIONAL. SUPPORT SYSTEMS ELECTRONIC INTERFACT:- ONCOING PROCESSING

investment summary

Source
Workpaper I. L.12
Workpape 1, L.129

Workpaper 2, L.117
Workpaper 2, L.118

Workpaper 3, L.136
Workpaper 3,L136 Workpaper 3. L137 Workpaper 3, L138

Workpaper 4, L90

Workpaper S, L.72

Workpaper 6. 1.99

Workpaper 7, L70

Workpaper 8, L99
Workpaper 8, i 100
$\mathrm{L} 7+\mathrm{L} 11+\mathrm{L} 15+\mathrm{L} 16+\mathrm{L} .19+\mathrm{L} 22+\mathrm{L} .25+\mathrm{L} .28+\mathrm{L} .32$ L6+L. $10+1.14+L 31$

Input Shect, L278

Input Sthect, LA21
Inpul Sheet, L422


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L. $36^{*} 1.44$
$138 *$ L44

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| 530 C |  |  |  |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 30.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  |
| ${ }^{630 \mathrm{C}}$ |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$000 | socx |  |
| 530 C | 50.00 | \$0.00 |  | 30.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  |
| ${ }^{630 \mathrm{C}}$ |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 50.00 | \$0.00 | \$000 | 50.00 | 50.00 | S0.(k) |  |
| 530 C |  | \$0.00 | 50.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 50.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 50.00 | S0.00 |  |
| 530 C |  |  |  | 50.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 | \$0.00 |  |
| 530 C | \$0.00 | 50.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 530 C | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 530 C | \$000 |  | \$0.0) | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 50.00 | \$000 |  |
| 570 C | 50.00 | \$0.00 |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 50.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 30.00 | s0(x) |  |
| ${ }^{630 \mathrm{C}}$ |  | wo(x) | 50.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 30.00 | \$0.00 | S000 | Su(x) |  |
| 530 C |  |  | So.co | 30.00 | \$0.00 | S0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 5000 | 50,00 |  |
| 530 C |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 630 C |  | \$0.00 | 50.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 50.00 | S0.00 |  |
|  | 9.90\% | 9.90\% | 9.90\% | 9.90\% | 9.90\% | 9.90\% | 9.90\% | 9.90\% | $9 x \%$ | 9.900\% |  |
|  | -4 | - 3 | -2 | - | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |  |
|  | 1.458783 | 1327073 | 1207801 | 1.090900 | 1.000000 | 0.909918 | 0.827951 | $0.75336 \times$ | $0.6 \times 503$ | 10.62375 |  |
| 530 C |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.30 C |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 50.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | 50.00 |  |

OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS EILECTRONIC INTERFACE - ONGOING PROCESSING; INVESTMENT SUMMAR
I.ine Description Source

52 Recovery Proces
53 Number of Years of Annual Cosit To Recover
54 During the Study Period of 2000-2005":
Input Shetr, LA19
 58 630C. Investment 58
50
60
ot Levelized Investment Per ISR:
$62530 C$ Invesiment Per LSR
63630 C Investment Per L.SR

RRC
1996
1997
199k
1999
$2999 \quad 2000$
$20(x)$
4.4
4.4

20032004
2005 10nal

4.4
4.4
4.4
$\begin{array}{lllll}\mathbf{5 0 . 0 0} & \mathbf{5 0 . 0 0} & \mathbf{\$ 0 . 0 0} & \mathbf{5 0 . 0 0} & \mathbf{5 0 . 0 0}\end{array}$

Andersen and EDS Charge Calculation


260000

Andersen and EDS Charge Calculation


Andersen and EDS Charge Calculation

## EDS Charge:

Hardware Operations Support Charge Per Service Unit

LENS Annual Service Units
LEO Annual Service Units
LESOG Annual Service Units
BSOG Annual Service Units
TAG Annual Service Units
EDI Annual Service Units
CLEC TAFI Annual Sve Units
ECTA Annual Service Units

LENS Ann. HW Suppt Exp
LEO Ann. HW Suppt Exp
LESOG Ann. HW Suppt Exp
BSOG Ann. HW Suppt Exp
TAG Ann. HW Suppt Exp
EDI Ann. HW Suppt Exp
CLEC TAFI Ann. HW Suppt Exp
ECTA Ann. HW Suppt Exp

Hardware/Software Maintenance
Number of Midrange Boxes:
LENS
LESOG
BSOG
TAG
CLEC TAFI
101
102 Number of Months
103 Hardware Mtce Per Box
104
105

## Andersen and EDS Charge Calculation

LN
106 Atnual Hardware Maintence:
107 LENS
108 LESOG
109 BSOG
110 TAG
111 CLEC TAFI
112
113 Annual Software Maintenance:
114 LENS
115 LESOG
116 BSOG
117 TAG
118 CLEC TAFI
1.96*L102*L103 L.97*L.102*L103 1.98*L102*LJ03 L99*L102*L103 L100*L102*L103

L96*L102*LI04 L97*L102*L104 L98*L102*L104 L99*L102*L104 L100*L102*L104

| (A) | (B) | (C) | (D) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

02/98-07/98 $\quad \begin{gathered}\text { (B) } \\ 08 / 98-12 / 98\end{gathered}$
08/98-12/98
(C)

1998
(D)

1999200

Attachment A
(F)

2001
2002
2003


## TELRIC INPUT FORM - MATERIAL/INVESTMENT DATA

Instructions:

1. Use this worksheet to record material and/or investments to be input into the TELRIC calculations.
2. All amounts shown are per unit (e.g., per call, per loop, per MOU).
3. Input data, by Cost Element, leaving no blank lines. On next row after last line of data, type END in Cost Element Column.
4. All data on this form should be cell-referenced to study workpapers.
5. Do NOT change columns, headings, sheet name.


### 2.60000

| State | TELRIC INP <br> Instruction <br> 1. Use this TELRIC <br> 2. All amou <br> 3. Input dat after last <br> 4. All data <br> 5. Do NOT <br> Cost <br> Element \# | T FORM - RECURRING EXP <br> orksheet to record recurring culations. <br> s shown are per unit (e.g., p <br> by Cost Element, leaving no e of data, type END in Cost this form should be cell-refe ange columns, headings, sh <br> Recurring Expense Description (Limited to 25 characters) | S DATA <br> -labor expen <br> II, per loop, k lines. On ent Column ced to study name. <br> Recurring Volume Sensitive \$Amount | to be inpu MOU). xt row rkpapers. <br> Recurring Volume Insensitive \$ Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |




TELRIC INPUT FORM - NONRECURRING LABOR TIMES

## Instructions:

1. Use this worksheet to record nonrecurring labor times to be input into the TELRIC calculations.
2. All amounts shown are per unit (e.g., per call, per loop, per MOU).
3. Input data, by Cost Element, leaving no blank lines. On next row
after last line of data, type END in Cost Element Column.
4. All data on this form should be cell-referenced to study workpapers.
5. Do NOT change columns, headings, sheet name.
6. Use columns $F \& G$ when cost element has a single nonrecurring cost; use columns $H, I, J, \& K$ for elements with a first
and additional nonrecurring cost; use columns $L, M, N \& O$ for elements with an initial and subsequent nonrecurring cost.
7. Study midpoint date is set at $6 / 01$.
8. Input Cost Element Life (in months) on first row of data for each cost element. it is not necessary to repeat on each line.
Study Mid-Point Date (Mos.) Jun-01

| State | Cost Element \# | Cost Element Life (Mo) | Labor Expense Description (Limited to 25 characters) | JFC/ <br> Payband | (For use w/ one NR) |  | First Installation Time (Hours) | First Disconnect Time Hours | Additional Installatton Time (Hours) | Additional Dlsconnect Time Hours | Initial installation Time (Hours) | Initlal Disconnect Time Hours | Subsequent Installation Time (Hours) | Subsequent Disconnect Time Hours |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Installation Time (Hours) | Disconnect Time Hours |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FL | F.1.7 | 0 | Service Order Processing | 230 X | 0.420 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | END |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

MANUAL PROCESSINGDEVELOPMENT OF NONRECURRING WORKTIMESWORKPAPER 2

STATE
5
F.1.7

7
8 Hours Per Manual LSR
230X

PAGE 1 OF 1

FL

## FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP APPENDIX A

The foilowing worksheets showing the calculations associated with loadings and factors development discussed in Section 4 are included in this Appendix.

File Name

1. Land and Building Loadings
2. Land and Building Plant Specific
3. Capital Cost Model Calculations
4. Ad Valorem and Other Taxes
5. Gross receipts Tax
6. Labor Rates

I\&bload.xls
l\&bpltsp.xls
Model Output
AdVals.xls
grtax.xls
99Lab_fl.xls

| - | DATA SOURCE: EOY 1998 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - |  |  |
| 1. ACCOUNT 2121 - BUILDING - 1998 EOY | CSS | 728338737 |
| 2. AVC2121, CP 2- BUILDINGS - CEN OFC | CSS | 416037384 |
| 3. - CEN OFC \% OF TOTAL BUILDINGS | LN 2/LN1 | 0.571214138 |
| 4. A/C2121, CP 8- BUILDINGS ASSOC W/GPC | CSS | 64572959 |
| 5. - GPC \% OF TOTAL BUILDINGS | LN 4/LN1 | 0.088657867 |
| 6. ACCOUNT 2111 - LAND - 1998 EOY | 1999-2001 AVG | 80596.4856 |
| 7. ACCOUNT 2121 - BUILDING | 1999-2001 AVG | 1312634.525 |
| 8. TOTAL LAND \& BLDG. | LN $6+$ LN 7 | 1393231.011 |
| 9. ACCT 2124 - GEN PUR COMP | 1999-2001 AVG | 167918.3314 |
| 10. ACCOUNT $2200-\mathrm{COE}$ | 1999-2001 AVG | 6355708.044 |
| 11. A/C2121, BUILDINGS ASSOC W/COE | LN 3 * LN 7 | 749795.3993 |
| 12. A/C2121, BUILDINGS ASSOC W/GPC | LN 5 * LN 7 | 116375.3774 |
| CALCULATION OF FORWARD LOOKING L\&B FACTORS: |  |  |
| 13. CENTRAL OFFICE - LAND | $(\text { LN3 })^{*}($ LN6)/LN10 | 0.007244 |
| 14. CENTRAL OFFICE - BUILDING | LN 11 / LN 10 | 0.117972 |
| 15. GEN PUR COMPUTER - LAND | (LN5)*(LN6)/LN9 | 0.042553 |
| 16. GEN PUR COMPUTER - BUILDING | LN 12 / LN 9 | 0.693047 |

## PLANT SPECIFIC CALCULATION

| FLORIDA |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SCALE 000 |  | BUILDINGS - COE |
|  | Account | 2121 |
| Line DESCRIPTION | FRC | ALL |
| 1 MR Book Investment 1998 EOY | Reg investments |  |
| 2 MR Book Investment 1999 EOY | 1998+1999 Additions | 757,339 |
| 32000 Additions | Construction Budget | 757,681 31532 |
| 4 Investment 2000 EOY | $\operatorname{Ln} 2+\operatorname{Ln} 3$ | 789,212 |
| 52001 Additions | Construction Budget | 30,407 |
| 6 Investment 2001 EOY | $\operatorname{Ln} 4+\operatorname{Ln5}$ | 819,619 |
| 72002 Additions | Construction Budget | 31,532 |
| 8 Investment 2002 EOY | $\operatorname{Ln6}+\operatorname{Ln} 7$ | 851,151 |
| 9 Average Investment 1999 | $(\operatorname{Ln} 1+\operatorname{Ln} 2) / 2$ | 743,010 |
| 10 Average Investment 2000 | $(\operatorname{Ln} 2+\operatorname{Ln} 4) / 2$ | 773,447 |
| 11 Average Investment 2001 | $(\operatorname{Ln} 4+\operatorname{Ln} 6) / 2$ | 804,416 |
| 12 Average Investment 2002 | $(\operatorname{Ln} 6+\operatorname{Ln} 8) / 2$ | 835,385 |
| 13 Curr Cost / Book Cost | Capital Recovery | 1.684 |
| 141999 Curr Average Investment | Ln43* Ln9 | 1,251,229 |
| $15 \mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ Curr Average Investment | $\operatorname{Ln} 14+(\operatorname{Ln} 10-\operatorname{Ln} 9)$ | 1,281,665 |
| 162001 Curr Average Investment | $\operatorname{Ln} 15+(\operatorname{Ln} 11-\operatorname{Ln} 10)$ | 1,312,635 |
| 172002 Curr Average Investment | $\operatorname{Ln} 16+(\operatorname{Ln} 12-\operatorname{Ln} 11)$ | 1,343,604 |
| 18 2000-2002 Curr Avg Investment | $(\operatorname{Ln} 15+\operatorname{Ln} 16+\operatorname{Ln} 17) / 3$ | 1,312,635 |
| 19 Expense Account - Lev A |  | 6121 |
| 20 Expense - 1998 Actual | Reg Expenses | 64,167 |
| 21 Service Order Adjustment | Service Order Study |  |
| 22 SoftCap Adjustment | Software Capitalization |  |
| 23 Rental Revenue/Expense | MR Ledger |  |
| 24 Adjusted Exps, Lev A - 1998 | Ln20-Ln21-Ln22-Ln23 | 64,167 |
| 25 Expense Account - Lev B |  | 6120 |
| 26 Expense - 1998 Actual (Note 4) | Reg Expenses | 123,826 |
| 27 Ratio: Lev A / Lev $B$ | Ln24/Ln26 | 0.5182 |
| 28 Level B Account |  | General Support |
| 29 Average Exp - Lev B (2000-2002) | Regulatory Forecast | 136,730 |
| 30 Average Exp - Lev A (2000-2002) | $\operatorname{Ln} 27$ * Ln 29 | 70,855 |
| 31 Adj Ratio:Oper Expense / Invest. | $\operatorname{Ln} 30 / \operatorname{Ln} 18$ | 0.053979 |
| 32 COE PowerExpense | Account 6531 | 0.000000 |
| 33 COE Power Factor | $\mathrm{Ln} 32 / \mathrm{Ln} 15$ (Total COE) | 0.000000 |
| 34 Plant Specific Factor - Calculated | Ln31 + Ln33 | 0.053979 |

## BASIC ECONOMIC INPUTS FOR CAPITAL COST CALCULATOR

 3/2/2000Number Description Value1 Debt Ratio0.4000
2 Debt Interest Rate ..... 0.067
3 Income Tax Rate ..... 0.3857
4 Investment ..... $\$ 1.00$
5 Cost of Money (Rate of Return) ..... 0.099
6 Cost of Equity ..... 0.120333

| Number | Description | FRC | Life (Years) | Net Salvage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Buildings | 10 C | 45.0 | 0.0400 |
| 2 | Land | 20C | 98.0 | 1.0000 |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Motor Vehicles | +0C | 7.5 | 0.1000 |
| 5 | Spc Purpose Velicles | 240 C | 7.0 | 0.0000 |
| 6 | Garage Work Equip | 340 C | 12.0 | 0.0000 |
| 7 | Other Work Equip | 540 C | 15.0 | 0.0100 |
| 8 - |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | Furniture | 130C | 11.0 | 0.1400 |
| 10 | Ofc Support Equip | 430 C | 10.5 | 0.1000 |
| 11 |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | Corp Comm Equip | 718 C | 7.0 | 0.1000 |
| 13 | Gen Purpose Comp, Other | 530 C | 4.4 | 0.0000 |
| 14 | G P Comp, Data Cont \& Wrksta | 630 C | 4.4 | 0.0000 |
| 15 |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | Analog Elec Switch | 77 C | 4.2 | 0.0000 |
| 17 | Digital Elec Switch | 377C | 16.0 | 0.0000 |
| 18 |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | Operator Systems | 117C | 10.0 | 0.0000 |
| 20 20 |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | Radio | 67C | 7.0 | -0.0500 |
| 22 |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | Digital Circ-DDS | 157C | 6.0 | 0.0000 |
| 24 | Digital Circ - Pair Gain | 257C | 10.5 | 0.0000 |
| 25 | Digital Circ - Other | 357C | 10.5 | 0.0000 |
| 26 | Analog Circ - Pair Gain | 457C | 6.8 | -0.1000 |
| 27 | Analog Circ-Other | 57C | 6.8 | -0.1000 |
| 28 |  |  |  |  |
| 29 | Large PBX | 158 C | 5.0 | -0.0000 |
| 30 | Other Terminal Equip | 378C | 6.0 | -0.0400 |
| 31 |  |  |  |  |
| 32 | Poles | 1 C | 35.0 | -0.7500 |
| 33 | Aerial Ca - Metal - Bldg Enter | 12 C | 18.0 | -0.1100 |
| 34 | Aerial Ca - Metal | 22 C | 18.0 | -0.1100 |
| 35 | Aerial Ca - Fiber - Bldg Enter | 812C | 20.0 | -0.1100 |
| 36 | Aerial Ca - Fiber | 822C | 20.0 | -0.1100 |
| 37 | Buried Ca - Metal | 45C | 18.0 | $-0.0800$ |
| 38 | Buried Ca - Fiber | 845C | 20.0 | -0.0000 |
| 39 | Underground Ca - Metal | 5 C | 23.0 | -0.0700 |
| 40 | Underground Ca - Fiber | 85 C | 20.0 | -0.0600 |
| 41 | Submarine Ca - Metal ${ }^{-}$ | 6C | 18.0 | -0.0500 |
| 42 | Submarine Ca - Fiber | 86C | 20.0 | -0.0500 |
| 43 | INTA Bldg Ntwk Ca-Metal | 52C | 20.0 | -0.1200 |
| 44 | INTA Bldg Ntwk Ca - Fiber | 852C | 20.0 | -0.1200 |
| 45 ( |  |  |  |  |
| 46 | Intangibles - General Purpose So460C | 460C | 5.0 | 0.0000 |
| 47 |  |  |  |  |
| 48 | Timestamp: 11/20/98 3:47:35 PM |  |  |  |


| $\underline{\mathrm{Nbr}}$ | Description | FRC | Life (Years) | COM | AP | Phi | Net Salvage | Adj Invest |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Buildings | 10 C | 45.0 | 0.099 | 0.1004 | 0.4579 | 0.0400 | 0.9600 |
| 2 | Land | 20 C | 98.0 | 0.099 | 0.0990 | 0.4579 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Motor Vehicles | +0C | 7.5 | 0.099 | 0.1951 | 0.4579 | 0.1000 | 0.9000 |
| 5 | Spe Purpose Velicles | 240 C | 7.0 | 0.099 | 0.2047 | 0.4579 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 6 | Garage Work Equip | 340 C | 12.0 | 0.099 | 0.1460 | 0.4579 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 7 | Other Work Equip | 540 C | 15.0 | 0.099 | 0.1307 | 0.4579 | 0.0100 | 0.9900 |
| 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | Furniture | 130 C | 11.0 | 0.099 | 0.1533 | 0.4579 | 0.1400 | 0.8600 |
| 10 | Ofc Support Equip | 430 C | 10.5 | 0.099 | 0.1574 | 0.4579 | 0.1000 | 0.9000 |
| 11 l |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | Corp Comm Equip | 718C | 7.0 | 0.099 | 0.2047 | 0.4579 | 0.1000 | 0.9000 |
| 13 | Gen Purpose Comp, Other | 530 C | 4.4 | 0.099 | 0.2913 | 0.4579 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 14 | G P Comp, Data Cont \& Wrksta | 630 C | 4.4 | 0.099 | 0.2913 | 0.4579 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | Analog Elec Switch | 77C | 4.2 | 0.099 | 0.3025 | 0.4579 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 17 | Digital Elec Switch | 377 C | 16.0 | 0.099 | 0.1271 | 0.4579 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | Operator Systerns | 117C | 10.0 | 0.099 | 0.1620 | 0.4579 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | Radio | 67C | 7.0 | 0.099 | 0.2047 | 0.4579 | -0.0500 | 1.0500 |
| 22 ( 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | Digital Circ - DDS | 157C | 6.0 | 0.099 | 0.2289 | 0.4579 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 24 | Digital Circ - Pair Gain | 257C | 10.5 | 0.099 | 0.1574 | 0.4579 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 25 | Digital Circ - Other | 357C | 10.5 | 0.099 | 0.1574 | 0.4579 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 26 | Analog Circ - Pair Gain | 457C | 6.8 | 0.099 | 0.2090 | 0.4579 | -0. 1000 | 1.1000 |
| 27 | Analog Circ - Other | 57C | 6.8 | 0.099 | 0.2090 | 0.4579 | -0.1000 | 1.1000 |
| 28 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 | Large PBX | 158C | 5.0 | 0.099 | 0.2631 | 0.4579 | -0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 30 | Other Terminal Equip | 378 C | 6.0 | 0.099 | 0.2289 | 0.4579 | -0.0400 | 1.0400 |
| 31 ( 310.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32 | Poles | IC | 35.0 | 0.099 | 0.1028 | 0.4579 | -0.7500 | 1.7500 |
| 33 | Aerial Ca - Metal - Bldg Enter | 12C | 18.0 | 0.099 | 0.1211 | 0.4579 | -0.1100 | 1.1100 |
| 34 | Aerial Ca - Metal | 22C | 18.0 | 0.099 | 0.1211 | 0.4579 | -0.1100 | 1.1100 |
| 35 | Aerial Ca - Fiber - Bldg Enter | 812C | 20.0 | 0.099 | 0.1167 | 0.4579 | -0.1100 | 1.1100 |
| 36 | Aerial Ca - Fiber | 822C | 20.0 | 0.099 | 0.1167 | 0.4579 | -0.1100 | 1.1100 |
| 37 | Buried Ca - Metal | 45C | 18.0 | 0.099 | 0.1211 | 0.4579 | -0.0800 | 1.0800 |
| 38 | Buried Ca - Fiber | 845C | 20.0 | 0.099 | 0.1167 | 0.4579 | -0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 39 | Underground Ca - Metal | 5C | 23.0 | 0.099 | 0.1117 | 0.4579 | -0.0700 | 1.0700 |
| 40 | Underground Ca - Fiber | 85C | 20.0 | 0.099 | 0.1167 | 0.4579 | -0.0600 | 1.0600 |
| 41 | Submarine Ca - Metal | 6C | 18.0 | 0.099 | 0.1211 | 0.4579 | -0.0500 | 1.0500 |
| 42 | Submarine Ca - Fiber | 86C | 20.0 | 0.099 | 0.1167 | 0.4579 | -0.0500 | 1.0500 |
| 43 | INTA Bldg Ntwk Ca - Metal | 52C | 20.0 | 0.099 | 0.1167 | 0.4579 | -0.1200 | 1.1200 |
| 44 | INTA Bldg Ntwk Ca - Fiber | 852C | 20.0 | 0.099 | 0.1167 | 0.4579 | -0.1200 | 1.1200 |
| 45 - 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 46 | Intangibles - General Purpose So460460C |  | 5.0 | 0.099 | 0.2631 | 0.4579 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 47 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 48 | Timestamp: 11/12/99 10:31:50 AM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^0]Source: BellSouth's Capital Cost Calculator

| Number | Description | FRC | Depreciation | ACFC COM | ACFC Tax | Cap Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Buildings | 10C | 0.0213 | 0.0790 | 0.0362 | 0.1366 |
| 2 | Land | 20 C | - 0.0000 | 0.0990 | 0.0453 | 0.1443 |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Motor Vehicles | 40 C | 0.1200 | 0.0655 | 0.0300 | 0.2155 |
| 5 | Spc Purpose Vehicles | 240C | 0.1429 | 0.0619 | 0.0283 | 0.2331 |
| 6 | Garage Work Equip | 340C | 0.0833 | 0.0627 | 0.0287 | 0.1748 |
| 7 | Other Work Equip | 540 C | 0.0660 | 0.0644 | 0.0295 | 0.1599 |
| 8 ( |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | Furniture | 130C | 0.0782 | 0.0675 | 0.0309 | 0.1766 |
| 10 | Ofc Support Equip | 430C | 0.0857 | 0.0659 | 0.0302 | 0.1817 |
| 11 Corp |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | Corp Comm Equip | 718 C | 0.1286 | 0.0656 | 0.0300 | 0.2242 |
| 13 | Gen Purpose Comp, Other | 530 C | 0.2273 | 0.0640 | 0.0293 | 0.3206 |
| 14 | G P Comp, Data Cont \& Wrksta | 630 C | 0.2273 | 0.0640 | 0.0293 | 0.3206 |
| 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | Analog Elec Switch | 77C | 0.2381 | 0.0644 | 0.0295 | 0.3319 |
| 17 | Digital Elec Switch | 377 C | 0.0625 | 0.0646 | 0.0296 | 0.1566 |
| 18 ( 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | Operator Systems | 117 C | 0.1000 | 0.0620 | 0.0284 | 0.1905 |
| 20 ( 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | Radio | 67C | 0.1500 | 0.0600 | 0.0275 | 0.2375 |
| 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | Digital Circ - DDS | 157C | 0.1667 | 0.0623 | 0.0285 | 0.2574 |
| 24 | Digital Circ - Pair Gain | 257C | 0.0952 | 0.0622 | 0.0285 | 0.1859 |
| 25 | Digital Circ - Other | 357C | 0.0952 | 0.0622 | 0.0285 | 0.1859 |
| 26 | Analog Circ - Pair Gain | 457C | 0.1618 | 0.0582 | 0.0267 | 0.2466 |
| 27 | Analog Circ - Other | 57C | 0.1618 | 0.0582 | 0.0267 | 0.2466 |
| 28 A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 | Large PBX | 158C | 0.2000 | 0.0631 | 0.0289 | 0.2920 |
| 30 | Other Terminal Equip | 378C | 0.1733 | 0.0608 | 0.0278 | 0.2620 |
| 31 Oter |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32 | Poles | 1 C | 0.0500 | 0.0556 | 0.0255 | 0.1311 |
| 33 | Aerial Ca - Metal - Bldg Enter | 12C | 0.0617 | 0.0619 | 0.0284 | 0.1519 |
| 34 | Aerial Ca Metal | 22C | 0.0617 | 0.0619 | 0.0284 | 0.1519 |
| 35 | Aerial Ca - Fiber - Bldg Enter | 812C | 0.0555 | 0.0631 | 0.0289 | 0.1475 |
| 36 | Aerial Ca - Fiber | 822C | 0.0555 | 0.0631 | 0.0289 | 0.1475 |
| 37 | Buried Ca - Metal | 45C | 0.0600 | 0.0629 | 0.0288 | 0.1517 |
| 38 | Buried Ca - Fiber | 845C | 0.0500 | 0.0667 | 0.0305 | 0.1472 |
| 39 | Underground Ca - Metal | 5C | 0.0465 | 0.0661 | 0.0303 | 0.1429 |
| 40 | Underground Ca - Fiber | 85C | 0.0530 | 0.0647 | 0.0296 | 0.1474 |
| 41 | Submarine Ca - Metar | 6C | 0.0583 | 0.0639 | 0.0293 | 0.1515 |
| 42 | Submarine Ca - Fiber | 86C | 0.0525 | 0.0650 | 0.0298 | 0.1473 |
| 43 | INTA Bldg Ntwk Ca - Metal | 52C | 0.0560 | 0.0628 | 0.0287 | 0.1475 |
| 44 | INTA Bldg Ntwk Ca - Fiber | 852C | 0.0560 | 0.0628 | 0.0287 | 0.1475 |
| 45 ( 46 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 46 | Intangibles - General Purpose So460C | 460C | 0.2000 | 0.0631 | 0.0289 | 0.2920 |
| 47 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 48 | Timestamp: 11/12/99 10:31:50 AM |  |  |  |  |  |

[^1]Calculations rounded to four (4) decimal places.

BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC. RATIO OF AD VALOREM AND OTHER TAXES TO TELEPHONE PLANT IN SERVICE $\mathbb{I N} 1998$

|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATE |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OTHER } \\ & \text { C 7240.3000, } \\ & 0.9100, .9200 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | TOTAL | TEL. PLANT in SERVICE (AVC 2001) | TAXES TO PLANT (3/4) |
| FLORIDA | 106,391,524 | 1,194,300 | 107,585,824 | 11,306,437,040 | 0.9515\% |

OILOOO

| $\begin{gathered} \text { AREA } \\ \mathbf{a} \end{gathered}$ | GROSS RECEIPTS NET TAX b | GROSS RECEIPTS REVENUES c | GROSS RECEIPTS taX Rate $\mathrm{d}=\mathrm{b} / \mathrm{c}$ | GROSS RECEIPTS MARKUP FACTOR $e=1 /(1-d)-1$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FLORIDA | 22,686,517 | 2,394,278,394 | 0.0095 | 0.0096 |



| BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. Schedule of Revenues per the RR \#4 For the Year Ended 12/31/98 |  | Florida |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Account | Dascription |  |
|  | Net Local Service | 1.873,928,151 |
| 5010.0000 | Coin (excl . 1100. 3000, 5100 ) | 12 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 5010.1100 | Coin Sent Paid - Public | W0 |
| 5010.3000 | Public Exchange Coin | 0 |
| 5010.5100 | Coin Sent Paid - Semi Public | 72 0 |
| 5040.0000 | Private Line | 7100,756,574 |
| 5050.0000 | Customer Premise Equipment | 5,071,843 |
| 5060.5000 | Cellular Interconnection | - 3 - 37,724,248 |
| 5001-5069 | Total Local Service | -730301748121\% |
| 5081.0000 | Interstate Access - CALC | 7\%888,411.145 |
| 5082-5083 | Interstate Access - Swilched | - 600.169 .690 |
| 5084.0000 | Intrastate Access | 249820.0\% |
|  | Net Intrastate Message Toll | 70.708.626 |
| 5100.2300 | Coin Sent Paid - Coin Orig |  |
|  | Intrastate Message Toll less privale line | 70,703,850 |
| 5120.0000 | Private Line Toll - Intrastate | 62,173,248 |
| 5100-5169 | Total Intrastate Message Toll | 132.877,098 |
|  | Net Interstate Message Toll | 756,578 |
| 5120.0000 | Private Line Toll - interstate | 7-3 0 |
| 5100-5169 | Total Interstate Message Toll | 788,578 |
|  | LOCAL SERVIĊE TAXED AS' TOLL | 0 |
|  | Net Directory Revenue | 154,369 |
| 5230.1000 | Local White Pages | 23,060,369 |
| 5230.0000 | Total Directory Revenue | 23,214,732 |
|  | Net Rent Revenue | 9,214,731 |
| 5240.9100 | Other Rent Revenue - Intercompany | 6,951,491 |
| 5240.0000 | Total Rent Revenue | (16) 10, 166,222 |
| 5250.0000 | Corporate Operations Revenue | 0 |
|  | Net Miscellaneous Revenue | 27.775,514 |
| 5263.0000 | Plant Operations | - 16,791 |
| 5264.1200 | Charges for Returned Checks | 4,360,329 |
| 5264.1300 | Late Payment Fees | 29,057,740 |
| 5264.9100 | Other - Intercompany Transaction | 14,888,901 |
| 5260.0000 | Total Miscellaneous Revenue | (68) 75,899.276 |
| 5270.1000 | Billing \& Collecting Revenue - Interslate | 31,867,892 |
| 5270.2000 | Billing \& Collecting Revenue - Intrastate | 14,922,024 |
| 5270.0000 | Total Carrier Billing \& Collecting Revenue | $38.846,789,916$ |
| 5280.0000 | Nonregulated Operating Revenue | 227,881,493 |
|  | Uncollectible Revenue - Interstate Uncollectible Revenue - Intrastate | $\begin{array}{r} (5,500,242) \\ (29,684,211) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |


| BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. Schedule of Revenues per the RR \#4 For the Year Ended 12/31/98 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Account | Description | Florida |
| 5301.0000 | Total Uncollectuble Revenue | $(35.184,453)$ |
| 5302.0000 | Uncollectible Revenue - Other |  |
|  | Total Revenues | '3,738,382,915 |
|  | Total Revenues per the RR \#4 Difference | (1) 8 738, 382,916 |



|  |  |  | Directly Assi | Directly Assigned |  |  | Telric | Teiric |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Labor |  | Labor |  | Labor | Labor |
| State | JFC/JG/WS | Description | Date |  | Rate |  | Rate | Date |
| RW | SDWC | Systems Designer w/Sales Com | 11-05-99 | \$ | 51.17 | \$ | 51.17 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | SDWOC | Systems Designer wo/Sales Com | 11-05-99 | \$ | 46.88 | \$ | 46.88 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | SVCC | Service Consultant | 11-05-99 | \$ | 33.96 | \$ | 33.96 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | JG54 | Job Grade 54 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 28.29 | \$ | 28.29 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | JG55 | Job Grade 55 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 31.15 | \$ | 31.15 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | JG56 | Job Grade 56 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 36.16 | \$ | 36.16 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | JG57 | Job Grade 57 | 11-05-99 | 5 | 40.54 | \$ | 40.54 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 47.07 | \$ | 47.07 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | JG59 | Job Grade 59 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 54.58 | \$ | 54.58 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | JG60 | Job Grade 60 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 62.43 | \$ | 62.43 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | JG61 | Job Grade 61 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 71.24 | \$ | 71.24 | 11.05-99 |
| RW | WS10 | Wage Scale 10 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 24.14 | \$ | 24.14 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | WS14 | Wage Scale 14 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 25.17 | \$ | 25.17 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | WS16 | Wage Scale 16 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 25.85 | \$ | 25.85 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | WS18 | Wage Scale 18 | 11-05-99 | 5 | 26.37 | \$ | 26.37 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | WS23 | Wage Scale 23 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 27.72 | \$ | 27.72 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | WS32 | Wage Scale 32 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 33.28 | \$ | 33.28 | 11-05-99 |



BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS TPIs Attachment C OCTOBER 1998 FORECAST ASSUMPTIONS

|  | PRICE INDEX NONRESIDENTIAL STRUCTURES | CHAIN PRICE INDEX GDP | $\begin{gathered} \text { GDP } \\ \text { 1992\$ } \end{gathered}$ | CAPITAL EQUIPMENT PPI | UNION WAGES | COPPER CATHODE PPI | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PVC } \\ & \text { PPI } \end{aligned}$ | SEMICOND. PPI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1995 | 4.2 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 27.9 | 10.5 | -7.0 |
| 1996 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 2.7 | -21.5 | -14.5 | -8.1 |
| 1997 | 3.3 | 2.0 | 3.8 | 0.0 | 2.6 | -2.9 | 4.7 | -10.9 |
| 1998 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 3.3 | -0.7 | 2.9 | -26.3 | -17.0 | -9.5 |
| 1999 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 | -0.2 | 3.2 | -5.0 | -1.5 | -9.0 |
| 2000 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 1.2 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 1.0 | -8.0 |
| 2001 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 3.5 | 8.0 | 6.0 | -8.0 |
| 2002 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.3 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 4.0 | -7.0 |
| 2003 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 3.0 | -7.0 |
| 2004 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | -7.0 |
| 2005 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 2.6 | -7.0 |
| 2006 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 1.5 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 2.6 | -7.0 |
| 2007 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 2.6 | -7.0 |





| A |  |  | C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SECURITY ESCORT |  |  | 05-Nov-99 |
| 2000-2002 DIRECTLY ASSIGNED - BASIC, OVERTIME, PREMIUM |  |  |  |
| ACAC |  | RATE | REFERENCE |
| BASIC |  |  |  |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 34.68 | ACAC C30 |
| LESS PREMIUM | \$ | 2.25 | ACAC C15 |
| DA LESS PREM | \$ | 32.43 |  |
| TOTAL 2000-2002 DA | \$ | 35.83 | B11*INFL FACTOR E18 |
| OVERTIME (1 1/2) |  |  |  |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 34.68 | ACAC C30 |
| LESS PREMIUM | \$ | 2.25 | ACAC C15 |
| DA LESS PREM | \$ | 32.43 |  |
| 1/2 PROD LABOR | \$ | 10.38 | ACAC C14/2 |
| DA LESS PREM +1/2 PROD | \$ | 42.80 |  |
| TOTAL 2000-2002 DA | \$ | 47.29 | B20*INFL FACTOR E18 |
| PREMIUM (2X) |  |  |  |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 34.68 | ACAC C30 |
| LESS PREMIUM | \$ | 2.25 | ACAC C15 |
| DA LESS PREM | \$ | 32.43 |  |
| 1X PROD LABOR | \$ | 20.76 | ACAC C14 |
| DA LESS PREM + 1X PROD | \$ | 53.18 |  |
| TOTAL 2000-2002 DA | \$ | 58.76 | B29*INFL FACTOR E18 |


| A |  |  | c |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SECURITY ESCORT |  |  | 05-Nov-99 |
| 2000-2002 DIRECTLY ASSIGNED - BASIC, OVERTIME, PREMIUM |  |  |  |
| ICSC/LCSC |  | RATE | REFERENCE |
| BASIC |  |  |  |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 28.21 | ICSC LCSC C22 |
| LESS PREMIUM | \$ | 1.73 | ICSC LCSC C15 |
| DA LESS PREM | \$ | 26.48 |  |
| TOTAL 2000-2002 DA | \$ | 29.26 | B11*INFL FACTOR E18 |
| OVERTIME (1 1/2) |  |  |  |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 28.21 | ICSC LCSC C22 |
| LESS PREMIUM | \$ | 1.73 | ICSC LCSC C15 |
| DA LESS PREM | \$ | 26.48 |  |
| 1/2 PROD LABOR | \$ | 8.62 | 1 CSC LCSC C12/2 |
| DA LESS PREM + $1 / 2$ PROD | \$ | 35.10 |  |
| TOTAL 2000-2002 DA | \$ | 38.79 | B20*INFL FACTOR E18 |
|  |  |  |  |
| PREMIUM (2X) |  |  |  |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 28.21 | ICSC LCSC C22 |
| LESS PREMIUM | \$ | 1.73 | ICSC LCSC C15 |
| DA LESS PREM | \$ | 26.48 |  |
| 1X PROD LABOR | \$ | 17.25 | ICSC LCSC C12 |
| DA LESS PREM + 1X PROD | \$ | 43.73 |  |
| TOTAL 2000-2002 DA | \$ | 48.31 | B29*INFL FACTOR E18 |

JOB GRADE \& WAGE SCALE SUMMARY



| A | B C |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |
| FG/FSG: INSTALLATION AND MTCE-POTS |  |  |  |
| WCT: I\&M POTS |  |  |  |
| JFC: 410 X |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  |  |
|  | CLASSIFIED |  |  |
|  | 1998 | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT | DOLLARS** | (B/B32) |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ 323,632,309.48 | \$ | 19.78 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ 51,193,986.73 | \$ | 3.13 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ 7,185,553.39 | \$ | 0.44 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ 39,915,598.12 | \$ | 2.44 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ 36,070,131.54 | \$ | 2.20 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ 457,997,579.26 | \$ | 27.99 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ 1,860,391.29 | \$ | 0.11 |
| OTHER TOOLS - SALARIES | \$ 120,856.66 | \$ | 0.01 |
| OTHER TOOLS - BENEFITS | \$ 20,736.18 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - RENTS | \$ 902,483.40 | \$ | 0.06 |
| OTHER TOOLS - OTHER | \$ 22,240,105.66 | \$ | 1.36 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - SALARIES | \$ 2,556,121.77 | \$ | 0.16 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - BENEFITS | \$ 536,900.39 | \$ | 0.03 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - RENTS | \$ 17,884.40 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - OTHER | \$ 23,002,586.50 | \$ | 1.41 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ 87,002,300.41 | \$ | 5.32 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ 596,257,945.92 | \$ | 36.43 |
| TOTAL CLASSIFIED PROD HOURS | 16,365,225.17 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT | SYSTEM |  |  |


| A | C |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| FG/FSG: INSTALLATION \& MTCE - SPECIAL SERVICES |  |  |  |  |
| WCT: SSIM |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 411 X |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  |  |  |
|  | CLASSIFIED |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT |  | DOLLARS** | (B/B32) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 63,038,168.43 | \$ | 23.25 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 6,713,982.16 | \$ | 2.48 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 1,101,577.76 | \$ | 0.41 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 8,306,460.31 | \$ | 3.06 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 7,367,242.53 | \$ | 2.72 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 86,527,431.19 | \$ | 31.92 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 341,888.42 | \$ | 0.13 |
| OTHER TOOLS - SALARIES | \$ | 17,439.66 | \$ | 0.01 |
| OTHER TOOLS - BENEFITS | \$ | 3,011.77 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - RENTS | \$ | 118,593.84 | \$ | 0.04 |
| OTHER TOOLS - OTHER | \$ | 3,612,702.29 | \$ | 1.33 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - SALARIES | \$ | 421,599.34 | \$ | 0.16 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - BENEFITS | \$ | 87,809.85 | \$ | 0.03 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - RENTS | \$ | 3,349.19 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - OTHER | \$ | 3,786,287.40 | \$ | 1.40 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 16,487,758.50 | \$ | 6.08 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED |  | 111,407,871.45 | \$ | 41.10 |
| TOTAL CLASSIFIED PROD HOURS |  | 2,710,907.07 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT END SYSTEM |  |  |  |  |

## 000127



## 000128



## 000129

| A | B | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |
| FG/FSG: CABLE REPAIR TECHNICIAN |  |  |  |
| WCT: CRT |  |  |  |
| JFC: 425X OR 426X |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| 1998 |  |  |  |
| CLASSIFIED |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT | DOLLARS** | (B/B32) |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ 159,170,728.90 | \$ | 21.47 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ 25,893,406.38 | \$ | 3.49 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ 2,759,493.71 | \$ | 0.37 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ 20,743,274.31 | \$ | 2.80 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ 19,784,563.00 | \$ | 2.67 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ 228,351,466.30 | \$ | 30.81 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ 796,163.94 | \$ | 0.11 |
| OTHER TOOLS - SALARIES | \$ 65,725.70 | \$ | 0.01 |
| OTHER TOOLS - BENEFITS | \$ - 12,076.27 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - RENTS | \$ 357,101.15 | \$ | 0.05 |
| OTHER TOOLS - OTHER | \$ 9,926,822.08 | \$ | 1.34 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - SALARIES | \$ 1,172,438.25 | \$ | 0.16 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - BENEFITS | \$ 248,188.24 | \$ | 0.03 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - RENTS | \$ 11,313.02 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - OTHER | \$ 10,669,092.59 | \$ | 1.44 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ 43,992,956.77 | \$ | 5.94 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ 295,603,344.31 | \$ | 39.88 |
| TOTAL CLASSIFIED PROD HOURS | 7,412,024.54 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT ${ }^{\text {FRROM }}$ FINANCIAL FRONT END SYSTEM |  |  |  |

## 000130

99LAB_FI.XLS


## 000131



## 000132



## 000133



| A | B |  | c |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| State: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| FG/FSG: CO INSTALLATION, MAINTENANCE AND ADMINISTRATION-SOFTWARE |  |  |  |  |
| WCT: SOFTWARE |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 432 X |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | CLASSIFIED |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT |  | DOLLARS:* | (B/B32) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 5,522,178.80 | \$ | 26.22 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 463,285.11 | \$ | 2.20 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 93,643.52 | \$ | 0.44 |
| DIRECT LABOR - AnNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 846,714.02 | \$ | 4.02 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 171,743.09 | \$ | 0.82 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 7,097,564.54 | \$ | 33.70 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 36,310.26 | \$ | 0.17 |
| OTHER TOOLS - SALARIES | \$ | 2,364.73 | \$ | 0.01 |
| OTHER TOOLS - BENEFITS | \$ | 534.74 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS-RENTS | \$ | 1,230.02 | \$ | 0.01 |
| OTHER TOOLS - OTHER | \$ | 264,508.03 | \$ | 1.26 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - SALARIES | \$ | 32,460.33 | \$ | 0.15 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - BENEFITS | \$ | 6,508.20 | \$ | 0.03 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - RENTS | $\stackrel{5}{ }$ | 15.94 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - OTHER | \$ | 305,391.71 | \$ | 1.45 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 1,501,134.80 | \$ | 7.13 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 9,248,023.30 | \$ | 43.91 |
| TOTAL CLASSIFIED PROD HOURS |  | 210,630.25 |  |  |
| *DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT | SY | STEM |  |  |

## 000135



## 000136

| A | B |  | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| FG/FSG: NETWORK RELIABILITY CENTER |  |  |  |  |
| WCT: NRC |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 4LXX |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1998 |  |
|  |  |  | CLASSIFIED |  |
|  |  | 1998 | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT |  | DOLLARS** | (B/B32) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 21,192,531.17 | \$ | 22.52 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 1,711,520.41 | \$ | 1.82 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 406,267.75 | \$ | 0.43 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 2,621,060.50 | \$ | 2.79 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 2,429,091.50 | \$ | 2.58 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 28,360,471.33 | \$ | 30.14 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 1,515,597.92 | \$ | 1.61 |
| OTHER TOOLS - SALARIES | \$ | 1,173.46 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - BENEFITS | \$ | 303.78 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - RENTS | \$ | 5,333.36 | \$ | 0.01 |
| OTHER TOOLS - OTHER | \$ | 927,899.41 | \$ | 0.99 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - SALARIES | \$ | 128,458.05 | \$ | 0.14 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - BENEFITS | \$ | 25,646.19 | \$ | 0.03 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - RENTS | \$ | 25.30 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - OTHER | \$ | 1,197,203.19 | \$ | 1.27 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 5,086,411.20 | \$ | 5.41 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 37,248,523.19 | \$ | 39.59 |
| TOTAL CLASSIFIED PROD HOURS |  | 940,878.35 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT END SYSTEM |  |  |  |  |

## 000137



## 000138



## 000139

EXHIBIT NO. $\qquad$ STIP-1

## OFFICIAL RECOGNITION LIST

## FLORIDA COMMISSION ORDERS

1. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-00-0537-FOF-TP, issued March 15, 2000, in Docket No. 990750-TP
2. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-98-0604-FOF-TP, issued April 29, 1998, in Docket No. 960833-TP
3. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-98-0844-FOF-TP, issued June 25, 1998, in Docket No. 960833-TP
4. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-98-0810-FOF-TP, Issued Juned 12, 1998, in Docket No. 971140-TP
5. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-96-1579-FOF-TP, issued December 31, 1996, in Docket No. 960833-TP
6. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-99-2009-FOF-TP, issued October 14, 1999, in Docket No. 990149-TP
7. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-98-1484-FOF-TP, issued November 5, 1998, in Docket No. 980281-TP
8. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-98-0595-PCO-TP, issued April 27, 1998, in Docket No. 960833-TP
9. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-97-0585-FOF-TP, issued May 22, 1997, in Docket No. 960847-TP
10. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-99-1013-FOF-TP, issued May 20, 1999, in Docket No. 981052-TP
11. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-97-1459-FOF-TL, issued November 19, 1997, in Docket No. 960786-TL
12. Florida Public Service Commission - Order No. PSC-99-1078-PCO-TP, issued May 26, 1999, in Docket No. 981834-TP.

## FCC ORDERS AND RULES

1. FCC Order 99-48 (DN 98-147)
2. FCC Order 96-325 (DN 96-98)
3. FCC Order 96-394 (DN 96-98)
4. FCC Order 96-333 (DN 96-98)
5. FCC Rules
6. FCC Order 98-271 (DN 98-121)

Deployment of Wireline Services Offering Advanced Telecommunications Capability Interconnection Order Order on Reconsideration Second Report and Order 47 CFR Ch.1, Pt. 51 Application of BellSouth Corporation, BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc., and BellSouth Long Distance, Inc., for Provision of In-Region, InterLATA Services in Louisiana


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## COURT DECISIONS

1. United States Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit - AT\&T Corp. et al. v. Iowa Utilities Board et al., 119 S.Ct. 721 (1999)
2. Supreme Court of the United States - No. 97-826 - AT\&T Corp. et al. v. Iowa Utilities Board et al. (January 25, 1999)

FEDERAL ACT

1. The Telecommunications Act of 1996

# BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC. FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP 

## EXHIBIT DDC-1

## OSS STUDIES

PUBLIC VERSION

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## FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP SECTION 1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

## STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as BellSouth or the Company) is filing cost studies for unbundled network elements (UNEs) for which the Florida Public Service Commission (FPSC) has not previously established permanent rates. Included in this document are Total Service Long Run Incremental Cost (TSLRIC) studies, including shared and common costs, which comply with the orders and regulations established by the FPSC in Docket Nos. $960757-T P / 960833-T P / 960846-T P$. The depreciation rates and shared and common factors used in these studies are those adopted by the FPSC in Docket Nos. 960757-TP/960833-TP/960846-TP. Other factors and labor rates have been updated from the values presented in Docket Nos. 960757-TP/960833-TP/960846-TP to reflect a 2000-2002 study period.

## BellSouth TELRIC Calculator

 Unbundled Network Cost Elements Summary Report
## Florida

## Base Case

3/2/00
F. 0

OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS
F. 1 OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS
F.1.7 OSS Manual Processing, per local service request
F.1.61 OSS Electronic interface, per local service request - Development \& implementation
F.1.62 OSS Electronic Interface, per local service request - Ongoing Process

Non
Recurring

Recurring

Non-Recurring First Additional Initial Subsequent

# FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> SECTION 2 STUDY METHODOLOGY 

The studies included in this filing utilize the total service long run incremental cost (TSLRIC), including shared and common costs, methodology approved by the FPSC in Docket Nos. 960757-TP/960833-TP/960846-TP.

## TOTAL SERVICE LONG RUN INCREMENTAL COST (TSLRIC)

The basis for TSLRIC studies is a forward-looking incremental cost methodology. This Long Run Incremental Cost (LRIC) methodology incorporates forwardlooking technology placement and deployment guidelines in order to represent the costs incurred by an efficient firm to produce a level of output. Only costs which are directly caused by the particular item being studied are included in a LRIC analysis. Volume sensitive and volume insensitive costs, the combination of which are typically called Total Service Long Run Incremental Costs (TSLRIC), are identified to develop the direct costs caused by providing the particular service being studied.

There are two generic types of costs which have been studied: recurring and nonrecurring.

## RECURRING COSTS

The monthly costs resulting from capital investments deployed to provision network elements are called recurring costs. Recurring costs include capital and operating costs. Capital costs include depreciation, cost of money and income tax. Operating costs include the expenses for maintenance, ad valorem and other taxes and represent ongoing costs associated with upkeep of the initial capital investment. Gross receipts tax (which includes municipal license taxes and PSC fees) is added.

The first step in developing recurring TSLRIC studies is to determine the forwardlooking network architectures that, when deployed, represent the most efficient way to provision the network element. Material prices for the cables and associated equipment are gathered. Next, account specific Telephone Plant Indices are applied, when necessary, to trend material prices to the base study period. Because telecommunications equipment and plant placements are typically "lumpy", utilization factors are applied to the material prices in order to represent BellSouth's forward looking actual utilization of the plant. When multiple vendors are used, it is necessary to determine the average material price for a typical element by Uniform System of Accounts - Field Reporting Code (USOAFRC), i.e., the plant account. Inflation Factors, by plant account code, are then applied to the material prices to trend the base year material price to levelized amounts that are valid for a three year planning period. In order to convert the material prices to installed investments, account specific inplant loadings are

## FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> SECTION 2 STUDY METHODOLOGY

applied to material prices. The inplant loadings include engineering and installation labor (both BellSouth and vendor), exempt material and sales taxes.

Supporting equipment and power loadings are added, as appropriate to specific investment accounts. Next, supporting structure investments for land, building, poles and conduit are developed. These supporting structure investments are identified by their relationship to the respective item of plant being supported. For example, the pole investment is developed by applying a pole loading against the aerial cable investment.

2000-2002 level TSLRIC Annual Cost Factors are used to calculate the direct cost of capital, plant specific expenses and taxes. Account specific factors for each USOA-FRC are applied to investments by account code, yielding an annual cost per account code. Account specific shared cost factors and the common cost allocation factor are applied to produce forward-looking TSLRIC plus shared and common costs. The gross receipts tax factor is also applied.

The generic steps for developing recurring cost can be summarized as shown below. The unique technical characteristics and physical makeup of each cost element must be taken into consideration.

Step 1: Determine the forward looking network designs (architectures) which will be used in deployment of the network element.

Step 2: Determine current material prices for the items of plant used in each design. Material prices are obtained from BellSouth contracts with various vendors.

Step 3: Apply material Telephone Plant Indices (TPIs) as appropriate to determine the base year material prices. Material TPIs estimate the changes in material prices over time.

Step 4: Adjust the material prices for utilization to account for spare capacity using a reasonable projection of actual total usage.

Step 5: Weight the material prices, as appropriate, to determine the average material price for a typical element by USOA-FRC, i.e., plant account.

Step 6: Apply material inflation factors, referred to as levelization factors, to the material prices to convert the utilized base year material prices to material prices representative of a three year planning period.

## FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP SECTION 2 STUDY METHODOLOGY

Step 7: Apply inplant loadings to the levelized material prices to convert the material prices to an installed investment, which includes the cost of material, engineering labor and installation labor.

Step 8: Apply support loadings to the investments to determine investments for support equipment and power, land, buildings, poles and conduit as appropriate.

Step 9: Convert the investments by FRC to annual costs by applying account specific TSLRIC annual cost factors to the various investments. The annual cost factors calculate the capital costs (depreciation, cost of money, and income tax) and operating expenses (plant specific expense, ad valorem taxes, and other taxes). Add the annual costs for the various FRCs. Next divide by 12 to determine the direct monthly cost.

Step 10: Apply the shared cost (account specific) factors. Then apply the gross receipts tax factor.

Step 11: Apply the common cost allocation factor to determine the TSLRIC plus shared and common costs.

## NONRECURRING COSTS

Nonrecurring costs are one-time expenses associated with provisioning, installing and disconnecting an unbundled network element. The specific elements studied for this filing are the provisioning and disconnecting of an unbundled network element. Service order activity expenses are not included in the nonrecurring costs included in this filing. Examples of the work activities in each of these categories are as follows:

> Engineering - Assign cable and pair; design circuit; order plug-in; perform translations in the switch
> Connect and Test - Install circuit; test circuit; disconnect
> Teehnician Travel Time - Travel to the customer's premises


#### Abstract

The first step in developing nonrecurring costs is to determine the cost elements associated with the unbundled network element. These cost elements are then described by the individual activities required to provision the cost element. Individuals identify which activities are applicable. Subject matter experts identify the amount of time required to perform the task and also determine the probability that the activity will occur. Provisioning costs are developed by multiplying the work time for each work function by the labor rate for the work group performing the function.


## FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> SECTION 2 STUDY METHODOLOGY

Utilizing work functions, work times, and labor rates, disconnect costs are calculated in the same manner as the installation costs.

The generic steps for developing nonrecurring costs are summarized in the following steps:

Step 1: Determine the cost elements to be developed.
Step 2: Define the work functions.
Step 3: Establish work flows.
Step 4: Determine work times for each work function.
Step 5: Develop labor costs for each work function (labor rate x work time).
Step 6: Accumulate work function costs to determine the total nonrecurring costs for each cost element. Add gross receipts tax. The result is TSLRIC.
Step 7. Apply the Common Cost Allocation factor to determine the TSLRIC plus common costs.

The TELRIC Calculatore is a model developed by BellSouth to produce long run incremental cost studies. The model was designed to accept variable inputs that are applied according to a user controlled matrix and can produce TSLRIC studies as well as TELRIC studies. The TELRIC Calculatore was used to produce the studies included in this filing. Additionally, this is the same model presented to the FPSC in Docket Nos. 960757-TP/960833-TP/960846-TP.

# FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> SECTION 3 DESCRIPTION OF MODELS AND PRICE CALCULATORS 

## 1. TELRIC Calculator©

The TELRIC Calculator© consists of three Microsoft Excel templates. The templates consist of twenty-one sheets each, eight for receiving input data and thirteen for calculations. All templates perform calculations in exactly the same manner and differ only in the number of decimal places displayed. It should be noted that no rounding is done in any of the sheets. The TELRIC Calculator®, developed to produce TELRIC studies, can aiso be used to produce TSLRIC studies.

The TELRIC Calculator© User Interface takes information from the default data sources or from the user modified sources and inputs them into the appropriate template depending on the cost element selected. Investments are entered by Field Reporting Code (FRC), Sub Field Reporting Code (Sub-FRC), and cost element number into the sheet called "Investments". The sub-FRC is used by the TELRIC Calculator© to determine the appropriate application of factors and loadings, which are applied based on a matrix contained in the sheet called "Factor Matrix". Factors and loadings are placed by FRC on the sheet labeled "Factors". Recurring and nonrecurring work times are placed by function and Job Function Code (JFC) or Payband into the sheets labeled "Recurring Labor" and "Nonrecurring Labor", respectively. Other recurring and nonrecurring expenses are entered by description into the sheet called "Additives". Lastly, direct labor rates are placed by JFC or Payband into the sheet called "Labor Rates".

The inputs then flow automatically through the "calculator" portions of the template. These sheets are labeled TELRIC Recurring Summary, INVEST-VS, INVEST-VI, LBPC-VS, LBPC-VI, FRCTELRIC-VS, FRCTELRIC-VI, RECEXP, TELRIC NRC Summary A, NR-NR, TELRIC NRC Summary B, NR-1A, and NRIS. The function and detail of these sheets are outlined in the following narrative.

## TELRIC Calculator© Recurring Worksheets

## Investment Development (Excluding Land, Building, Pole, \& Conduit)

 Investment development begins in the worksheets INVEST-VS and INVEST-VI, where volume sensitive and volume insensitive investments by FRC and subFRC flow from the input sheets. The inflation factors, inplant loadings and supporting equipment and/or power loadings are applied, if applicable. As stated previously, the application of these factors/loadings is driven by a matrix contained within the template. If the factor/loading is not applicable to the FRC and sub-FRC, the investment is multiplied by the default value of one. All
# FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> SECTION 3 <br> DESCRIPTION OF MODELS AND PRICE CALCULATORS 

calculations are detailed above each cell. These investments flow to the Land, Building, Pole, \& Conduit Development sheet and to the Recurring Cost Development sheet.

Land, Building, Pole, \& Conduit Investment Development Investments from the Investment Development sheets flow into the sheets LBPC-VS and LBPC-VI. These worksheets apply land, building, pole, and conduit loadings to the investments. Land, building, pole, and conduit investments carried from the Investment Development sheets are multiplied by a factor of one. If one or all of these factors do not apply to an FRC, excluding land, building, pole, and conduit FRCs, the factor defaults to zero. The results are then summed and totaled at the top of the sheet and flow to the next sheet. All calculations are detailed above each cell.

## Recurring Cost Development

The investments from the Investment Development and the Land, Building, Pole, and Conduit Investment Development sheets are summed to the FRC level and flow into the sheets called FRCTELRIC-VS and FRCTELRIC-VI. These sheets apply depreciation, cost of money (COM), income tax, plant specific, and ad valorem tax factors to the investments. If a factor does not apply, the default is zero. These results are then summed to produce direct cost. All calculations are detailed above each cell. The shared cost factor is applied to the investments to produce shared cost and then added to direct cost to produce TSLRIC plus shared cost. If the input investments are annual investments, these resulting costs are divided by twelve to produce monthly costs and the results then flow to the summary sheet.

## Recurring Labor Expense Development

Recurring labor work times flow to the worksheet called RECEXP. The times are associated with a work function and a JFC or Payband. The associated direct labor rates, determined by the JFC or Payband, are applied to the work times to produce direct expenses. These expenses flow to the summary sheet. All calculations are detailed above each cell.

## Recurring Cost Development

Recurring direct costs from sheets FRCTELRIC-VS and FRCTELRIC-VI, recurring direct expenses from sheet RECEXP, and other expenses from the input sheet "Additives" flow to the sheet called TSLRIC Recurring Summary. All costs and expenses are summed to a total cost. This cost is then multiplied by Gross Receipts Tax and Common Cost factors to obtain the volume sensitive and volume insensitive recurring costs. These two costs are summed to produce TSLRIC plus shared and common costs.

# FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> SECTION 3 <br> DESCRIPTION OF MODELS AND PRICE CALCULATORS 

All, some, or none of the previously described recurring cost development sheets will be included with a cost element, depending on their applicability.

## TELRIC Calculator® Nonrecurring Worksheets

## Nonrecurring Cost Development

Installation and disconnect work times by work function and JFC or Payband flow from the input sheet "Nonrecurring Labor" to the three nonrecurring cost development sheets called NR-NR, NR-1A, and NR-IS. The three sheets exist to accommodate different types of nonrecurring charge structures. The sheet NR-NR develops cost for a single nonrecurring charge, the sheet NR-1A develops cost for charges which are first and additional, and the sheet NR-IS develops cost for charges which are initial and subsequent. Only one of these three sheets is populated with actual work times for a cost element; the other sheets receive work time values of zero. The cost development methodology is the same for all three sheets.

The TELRIC Calculator® User Interface calculates the disconnect factor and places this factor into the "Factors" input sheet which causes it to flow to the three nonrecurring cost development sheets. Disconnect factors are used to develop the present value of a labor cost that will take place in the future. The interface develops this factor by first locating the factor associated with the study midpoint date in the working database. The end-point date is then determined by adding the cost element life, in months, to the midpoint date. The factor associated with this date is then divided by the midpoint factor. If there is no cost element life indicated (i.e., value equals zero), the disconnect factor is one. If the disconnect cost is to be collected at the time of disconnect, a future value is calculated and the disconnect cost is not converted to a present value.

To develop the direct cost, the appropriate direct labor rate for the JFC or Payband is applied to the installation and disconnect work times for each function to produce the install cost and the disconnect cost. The costs then flow to the appropriate summary sheet. All calculations are detailed above each cell.

# FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> SECTION 3 <br> DESCRIPTION OF MODELS AND PRICE CALCULATORS 

## Nonrecurring Cost Development

Nonrecurring direct costs from sheets NR-NR, NR-1A, NR-IS, and other expenses from the input sheet "Additives" flow to the sheets called "TELRIC NRC Summary $A$ " and "TELRIC NRC Summary B". The first sheet summarizes a single nonrecurring cost; the second sheet summarizes first and additional costs or initial and subsequent costs. Costs and expenses are summed to a total cost. This cost is then multiplied by Gross Receipts Tax and Common Cost factors to produce the Nonrecurring TSLRIC plus shared and common costs.

Depending on the structure of the nonrecurring cost, only two of the cost development sheets will be included with a cost element. The sheets NR-NR and TELRIC NRC Summary A will be included with the single cost structure. The sheets NR-1A and TELRIC NRC Summary $B$ will be included with the first and additional cost structure. The sheets NR-IS and TELRIC NRC Summary B will be included with the initial and subsequent cost structure. The previously described nonrecurring cost development sheets will not be included with a cost element for which nonrecurring costs are not applicable.

## 2. Capital Cost Calculator

The Capital Cost Calculator is a Visual Basic model designed by BellSouth. It was developed in order to provide BellSouth with an open, understandable and easily verifiable process which could be used to calculate annual capital cost factors. The calculator produces depreciation, cost of money and income tax factors which are applied to investments to calculate the capital costs. See Section 4, Annual Cost Factors, for discussion of depreciation, cost of money and income tax factors.

The Capital Cost Calculator provides the user with the ability to use and modify a set of input variables. The input variables are: debt ratio, cost of money, debt interest rate, corporate income tax rate, net salvage ratio and economic life of assets. The calculator is designed with on-screen instructions and options which allow the user to view or modify the input section and view or print the calculations. Calculations are automatic when input variables are modified. Explanatory notes are included in each column heading and footnotes are included at the bottom of the calculations.

The input variables used in this filing are those established by the Florida Public Service Commission in Order No. PSC-98-0604-FOF-TP.

# FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> SECTION 3 <br> DESCRIPTION OF MODELS AND PRICE CALCULATORS 

They are:

| Percent equity | $60 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Percent debt | $40 \%$ |
| Cost of equity | $12 \%$ |
| Cost of debt | $6.7 \%$ |
| Overall Cost of Money | $9.9 \%$ |

ILLUSTRATIVE CAPITAL COST CALCULATIONS:
The following is an illustrative calculation of capital costs, the inputs, and resulting capital cost factors:

## CAPITAL COST ILLUSTRATIVE CALCULATION - UNDERGROUND CABLE METALLIC 5C

Inputs:
$r=$ Debt Ratio $=.40$
$\mathrm{i}=$ Composite Cost of Money $=.1125$
$i_{d}=$ Debt Interest Rate $=.0650$
$\mathrm{n}=$ Periods $=12$
$\mathrm{t}=$ Composite Income Taxes $=.3857$
Net Salvage $=-.08$
Economic Life $=12$ Years

1) Calculate Annuity of a Present Amount (A/P):

$$
\begin{aligned}
& A / P=\frac{i(1+i)^{n}}{(1+i)^{n}-1} \\
& A / P=\frac{.1125(1+.1125)^{12}}{(1+.1125)^{12}-1} \\
& A / P=-1558662) \text { Calcula } \\
& S_{p w}=-\frac{N e t \text { Salvage }}{(1+i)^{n}} \\
& S_{p w}=---.08 \\
& S_{p w}=-.022258
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
A / P=-1558662) \text { Calculate Present Worth of Net Salvage }\left(S_{p w}\right):
$$

## FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> SECTION 3 <br> DESCRIPTION OF MODELS AND PRICE CALCULATORS

3) Calculate PHI factor:

4) Calculate Depreciation Expense Factor:

Depreciation Expense Factor $=(1-$ Net Salvage $) /$ Economic Life
Depreciation Expense Factor $=(1-(-.08)) / 12$
Depreciation Expense Factor $=.090000$
5) Calculate Cost of Money Factor:

Cost of Money Factor=Annuity of a Present Amount $X\left(1-S_{p w}\right)$ - Depreciation Exp Factor
Cost of Money Factor $=.155866 \times(1-(-.022258))-.090000$
Cost of Money Factor $=.069335$
6) Calculate Income Tax Factor:

Income Tax Factor = Cost of Money Factor X PHI Factor
Income Tax Factor $=.069335 \times .482762$

Income Tax Factor $=.033472$
7) Summary of Capital Cost Factors:

Depreciation Expense Factor . 090000
Cost of Money Factor . 069335
Income Tax Factor
Total Capital Cost Factors
. .033472

# FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> SECTION 3 <br> DESCRIPTION OF MODELS AND PRICE CALCULATORS 

## 3. Shared and Common Cost Model

The Shared and Common Cost Model used in this filing, is the version developed by the Florida Public Service Commission Staff and used by the Commission as the basis for the Shared and Common Allocation factors established in Order No. PSC-98-0604-FOF-TP. It includes all adjustments considered necessary by the Commission.

# FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> SECTION 4 <br> INPUTS - LOADINGS AND FACTORS 

## LAND AND BUILDING LOADINGS

Land and Building Loadings are translators used to determine the amount of investment in land and building that is to be associated with the central office and computer investment in each study. When central office investment is multiplied by the land and building loadings, the investment is then loaded for the amount of land and buildings associated with central office investment.

The land loading for central office equipment is developed by comparing the investments in land that are associated with central office equipment and the investments in that central office equipment. A ratio is then developed that allows each dollar of central office investment to include a fraction of the land investment. The building loading is developed by comparing the investments in buildings that house central office equipment for the provision of service and the investments in that central office equipment. A ratio is then developed that allows each dollar of central office investment to include a fraction of the building investment. The Land and Building Loadings for Computer use the same methodology.

The regulated investment dollars used in developing these factors are taken from the Investment Over Accumulated Depreciation for June and December, 1997. The projected view of 1999 through 2002 received from Network is based on plant additions less retirements and is added to the 1998 cumulative historical year. The investments are averaged to get to midyear (MDY) amounts. Current Cost Factors are applied to 1998 MDY only. Averaged projected net additions for 2000 through 2002 are added to represent the current forward looking period. The investments for the three years are then summed and divided by three to obtain the average investment.

The 2000 through 2002 land and building average projected investments are multiplied by the percent of land and building associated with central office equipment, and each is respectively divided by the average total central office equipment to derive the loadings. The Land and Building Loadings for computers are similarly calculated.

Worksheets showing the development of Land and Building Loadings used in these studies are included in Appendix A.

# FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> SECTION 4 <br> INPUTS - LOADINGS AND FACTORS 

## ANNUAL COST FACTORS

## GENERAL

Annual cost factors are translators used to determine the amount of recurring cost for one year associated with acquiring and using a particular piece of investment. Annual cost factors were developed for each category of plant investment for each state. When the dollar amount for a particular piece of investment is multiplied by the annual cost factor for that particular category of plant investment, the product reflects the annual recurring cost incurred by the company for that particular piece of investment. There are basically two types of cost associated with investment: capital related costs and operating related costs.

The initial purchase price of plant equipment and any installation costs are paid with a combination of investor supplied funds and retained earnings. The investors who provide the "loan" may be either bondholders or stockholders. The plant placed must be able to generate enough revenues to cover capital costs associated with its placement and usage. Capital related costs consist of three major categories: depreciation, cost of money, and income tax. The capital related cost factors are developed using the Capital Cost Calculator, which uses various financial data and plant investment characteristics to compute the annual capital costs by category of plant.

Plant investments must also be maintained to provide for continuing operations. Ordinary repairs and maintenance, as well as rearrangements and changes, are necessary costs for all categories of plant (except land) in order to provide proper service. These maintenance costs, as well as ad valorem taxes and other taxes must be covered by the revenues received from the use of the asset. The operating related cost factors are developed using various spreadsheets, which basically compute the annual operating related costs by category of plant, and divide that amount by the investment in that category of plant.

## CAPITAL RELATED COSTS

DEPRECIATION - the allocation of the initial plant investment over the years service provided by the plant. Depreciation is determined by the total investment, less net salvage, divided by the estimated life of the investment. Depreciation lives and salvage values used in this filing were established by the FPSC in Docket Nos. 960757-TP/960833-TP/960846-TP.

# FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP <br> SECTION 4 <br> INPUTS - LOADINGS AND FACTORS 

COST OF MONEY - the annual cost to the firm of the debt and equity on capital invested in the business. This annual cost is determined in the financial market as it represents the investors' expected return on their investment.

INCOME TAX - the composite of income taxes paid to the Federal and State governments based on the taxable net income of the company.

## OPERATING RELATED COSTS

PLANT SPECIFIC EXPENSE - the expense required to keep existing telephone plant, circuits, and service up to standards, as well as rents paid for facilities. This includes trouble clearing, rearrangements, and replacing defective elements.

AD VALOREM AND OTHER TAX - tax levied by city and county governments based on the assessed value of property. This includes property taxes, capital stock taxes, and other taxes.

## FACTOR DEVELOPMENT - CAPITAL COST

Depreciation is the allocation of the initial plant investment over the years of service provided by the plant. The straight-line method requires that the difference between gross investment and net salvage be spread ratably over the life of the plant. The straight-line depreciation expense rate is calculated as follows:

## Initial Investment - (Gross Salvage - Cost of Removal) Life of Investment

Cost of money is the amount of money which must be paid to investors for the use of investor supplied funds. This amount to be paid investors is the annual cost to the company of the debt and equity capital invested in the company. Cost of money is determined in part by the financial market and, as it represents the investors' expected return on their investment, and may differ considerably from the actual earnings a company generates. The overall cost of money rate provided by BellSouth Treasury depends on the cost of equity financing, the cost of debt financing, and the debt to equity ratio of the capital structure of the company.

Income tax expense is the federal and state taxes levied on "taxable income." For income tax purposes, what is considered gross income and what expenses are deductible are defined by laws and codes. The income tax factor is

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developed using the PHI factor. The PHI factor assumes that tax depreciation equals book depreciation (i.e., no depreciation-related tax timing differences), but dividends paid to stockholders are not tax deductions (nor are they accounting expenses). Interest paid to bondholders is a booked expense and deductible for income tax purposes. A company must pay income taxes on the equity portion of return, but the debt portion is tax-exempt. The PHI factor is calculated as follows:

Capital Cost Calculator Model caiculations are included in Appendix A.

## FACTOR DEVELOPMENT - OPERATING RELATED

## PLANT SPECIFIC EXPENSE

The plant specific expense factor, which includes the cost of material used and direct labor, is a ratio developed to reflect the expenses for plant category by the respective investment. The factor also includes maintenance-type expenses for existing plant that cannot be directly assigned to a given plant category, such as transmission power, when applicable. Certain amounts have been excluded from the appropriate categories of plant, specifically service order activity-related expenses. These costs are excluded because: 1) they should be separately identified for each service, or 2) they should be included in nonrecurring cost studies. The maintenance expenses used in calculating the Plant Specific Expense Factors include those associated with the following types of operations:
(a) inspecting and reporting on the condition of plant investment to determine the need for repairs, replacements, rearrangements and changes
(b) performing routine work to prevent trouble
(c) replacing items of plant other than retirement units
(d) rearranging and changing the location of plant not retired
(e) repairing material for reuse

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(f) restoring the condition of plant damaged by storms, floods, fire and other casualties (other than the cost of replacing retirement units)
(g) inspecting after repairs have been made
(h) only salaries, wages and expense associated with plant craft and work reporting engineers, as well as their immediate supervision and office support.

The plant specific expense factors are developed in personal computer spreadsheets. The factors are based on three years of projected expense and investment data. The 1998 expenses used in the study were pulled from the Cost Separations System (CSS). Rent expense is excluded from building expense; net rent (rent revenue less rent expense) is included in pole and conduit expenses. Projected view data was obtained from the Finance Budget Group for the expenses for 2000 through 2002 and spread based on actual expenses. Service order-related expenses were excluded from the study because such expenses are recovered in a direct manner rather than through the use of a factor. The 2000 through 2002 projected expense amounts are averaged to represent the projected annual expense.

The investment dollars are 1998 actuals and projected 1999 through 2002 from Network. The 1998 dollars were taken from the Investment Over Accumulated Depreciation Report for mid and end of year and adjusted by applying a current cost to book cost ratio. The projected investments are based on plant additions less retirements. The projected net additions for each year are added to 1998 adjusted investment to arrive at the total projected investment. The projected investments for 2000-2002 are then summed and divided by three to obtain the average annual investment. Expenses are then divided by the investments, resulting in the unloaded plant specific expense factors. Power expense loadings are then added to the factors for central office equipment investment. These plant specific expense factor calculations result in a factor for each category of plant representative of the average expense per investment expected in the future for each plant category.

Worksheets showing the development of the Plant Specific Expense Factors used in these studies are included in Appendix A.

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## AD VALOREM AND OTHER TAXES

The ad valorem and other tax factor is an effective tax factor furnished by the BellSouth Tax Department. The BellSouth Tax Department develops the factor by calculating the ratio of certain tax expense to the telephone plant in service, as follows:

$$
\text { Accounts } 7240.1000+7240.3000+7240.9000
$$

Telephone Plant in Service
Account 7240.1000 includes taxes levied upon the assessed value of property.
Account 7240.3000 includes taxes levied upon the value or number of shares of outstanding capital stock, upon invested capital, upon rate of dividends paid, etc.

Account $\mathbf{7 2 4 0 . 9 0 0 0}$ includes other non-income, non-revenue taxes such as municipal license taxes, state privilege taxes, state self-insurer's tax, etc.

A summary of ad valorem and other tax and gross receipts tax factors used in these studies is included in Appendix A.

## GROSS RECEIPTS TAX FACTOR

Some states and municipalities tax the revenues that a company receives from services provided within the state/municipality. The taxes may be designed to fund such things as PSC fees, franchise taxes, license taxes, or other similar items, but because the taxes are levied on the basis of revenues, they are commonly referred to as a gross receipts tax. Unlike some taxes that are billed to the customer and flowed through to the taxing authority, a gross receipts tax is a cost of doing business to BellSouth.

The BellSouth Tax Department provides the effective tax rate at which BellSouth is charged by the taxing authority and that rate is "grossed up" to reflect the following formula:

> (1 GROSS RECEIPTS TAX RATE -GROSS RECEIPTS TAX RATE)

A summary of ad valorem and other tax and gross receipts tax factors used in these studies is included in Appendix A.

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## LABOR RATES

Labor rates for specific work groups are developed annually based on extracts of previous year's data from the Financial Front End System. This extract collects labor expense and hours and a PC application processes the information to produce labor rates. During processing, the actual costs for a given work group are accumulated by expenditure type (e.g., direct labor productive, premium, other employee, etc.). These actual costs are divided by the actual hours (classified productive hours for plant and engineering work groups and total productive hours for cost groups) reported by work group to determine the basic rates. A factor from the BellSouth Region TPis is applied to inflate these rates to the study period 2000-2002.

## LABOR RATE COMPONENTS:

The following are various cost components that make up labor rates:

## DIRECT SALARIES AND WAGES

1. Direct Labor - Productive (RESOURCE TYPE CODE (RTC) 111, 121)

Represents the wage and salary costs associated with work reporting employees during the month for regularly scheduled time and overtime spent performing productive work. Also includes the costs of salaries paid to management employees when performing productive work. Classified and unclassified productive hours are used as the basis for Direct Labor Costs.
2. Direct Labor - Premium (RTC 122)

Represents the wage and salary costs associated with premium hours paid for hours worked beyond the normally scheduled work period.
3. Direct Labor - Other Employee (RTC 199, 19B, 19C, 193)

Covers the costs associated with the periodic incentive compensation payments made to management employees based on corporate service and financial performance, the annual bonus paid to non-management employees, all costs associated with commissions paid to employees, cash awards paid for any approved program, etc.

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4. Direct Labor - Annual Paid Absence (RTC 132, 19E)

Identifies the cost of a monthly prorata share of payments to be made over the year to occupational work reporting employees for accrued costs of holidays, vacations, and excused days.
5. Direct Administration (RTC 111, 121, 122, 199, 19B, 19C, 19E, 193, 132) Identifies the costs of salaries paid during the month to the first level of supervision responsible for supervising occupational work reporting employees, and salaries and wages paid to employees and immediate supervisors who perform basic office services for occupational work reporting employees. Also included are the wages paid to occupational work reporting employees loaned to perform supervisory or clerical functions.
6. Other Tools - Saiaries (RTC CQR )

Identifies the salary portion of the distributed costs associated with tools.
7. Motor Vehicles - Salaries (RTC CQM)

Identifies the salary portion of the plant motor vehicle expenses which are distributed to construction, removal or plant specific operations expense accounts based on the classified productive hours of the labor groups using the motor vehicles.

## OTHER DIRECT

1. Direct Labor - Other Costs (Various RTCs)

Identifies the costs incurred during the month for office, traveling and other costs of employees whose wage and salary costs are direct labor.
2. Other Tools - Benefits (RTC CQS)

Identifies the distributed benefits costs associated with tools.
3. Other Tools - Rents (RTC CQK)

Identifies the distributed rent costs associated with tools.
4. Other Tools - Other (RTC CQL)

Identifies the distributed other expense costs associated with tools.
5. Motor Vehicles - Benefits (RTC CQN)

Identifies the benefits portion of the plant motor vehicle expenses which are distributed to construction, removal or plant specific operations expense

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accounts based on the classified productive hours of the labor groups using the motor vehicles.
6. Motor Vehicle - Rents (RTC CQP)

Identifies the rents portion of the plant motor vehicle expenses which are distributed to construction, removal or plant specific operation expense accounts based on the classified productive hours of the labor groups using the motor vehicles.
7. Motor Vehicle - Other (RTC CQQ)

Identifies the other costs portion of the plant motor vehicle expenses which are distributed to construction, removal or plant specific operations expense accounts based on the classified productive hours of the labor groups using the motor vehicles.
8. Benefits (RTC KB1)

Identifies amounts for the payroll related benefits and taxes. These costs include pension accruals; company matching portion of savings plan; dental, medical, and group insurance plan reimbursements; and company portion of social security and unemployment payroll taxes.

## TOTAL PRODUCTIVE HOURS

1. Classified Productive Hours

Hours of work reporting employees which are reported to final accounting classifications.
2. Unclassified Productive Hours

The working hours of plant work reporters devoted to activities of such a general nature as to not be assignable to specific accounting classifications. Unclassified activities include: attending conferences or meetings (including travel time) which are general in nature; attending first aid classes or safety meetings; paid time spent on union activities; paid time spent on quality of work life activities; time spent in a classroom (including travel time) for general or job specific training; and other unclassified activities such as attending assessment centers.

Labor Rate worksheets are included in Appendix A.

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## SHARED AND COMMON COST ALLOCATION FACTORS

The Shared and Common Cost factors used in this filing are the factors adopted by the FPSC in Docket Nos. 960757-TP/960833-TP/960846-TP.

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## INTRODUCTION

This section contains a description of cost elements and an overview of the study process for each category of elements studied by BellSouth. Additionally, inputs and workpapers for each individual UNE are provided.

The studies included in this filing are all based on a three (3) year study period (20002002). All long run costs associated with providing the unbundled network elements are identified and included in the studies.

The following is a list of the unbundled network cost elements provided in this filing package. Each cost element is represented by a designated cost element number that is referenced throughout the studies.

Following this list is a narrative describing the elements, study technique, and specific study assumptions. After the narrative are the TELRIC Calculator® outputs. Following the outputs, Microsoft Excel spreadsheets containing the inputs and workpapers are included.

## F. 0 OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS

## F. 1 OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS

F.1.7 OSS Manual Processing, per local service request
F.1.61 OSS Electronic Interface, per local service request - Development \& Implementation
F.1.62 OSS Electronic Interface, per local service request - Ongoing Process

## NARRATIVE

## F.1.61 OSS ELECTRONIC INTERFACE, PER LOCAL SERVICE REQUEST DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION <br> F.1.62 OSS ELECTRONIC INTERFACE, PER LOCAL SERVICE REQUEST ONGOING PROCESSING

F.1.7 MANUAL PROCESSING, PER LOCAL SERVICE REQUEST

## Service Description

I. OSS Electronic Interface (F.1.61 and F.1.62):

## A. Interactive Ordering (Pre-ordering and Ordering):

BellSouth will provide Competitive Local Exchange Carriers (CLECs) access via mechanized interfaces to certain operational support systems (OSSs). The interactive Pre-Order activities revolve around telephone number reservation, address validation, switch feature and service verification, and due date calculation. CLEC access to Customer Service Records (CSRs) will allow CLECs to increase the accuracy of orders by using existing name, address, directory, and line features and service options information.

The Order processes facilitate interactive order entry, order status inquiry, and supplemental order entry. The CLECs will be allowed to access the BellSouth Internal Network with a single log-on. The CLEC is then authorized to access the Electronic Interfaces to perform Interactive Pre-Ordering and Ordering functions. The Electronic Interfaces manage the sending and receiving of data to and from the BellSouth Operational Support Systems (OSSs).

To complete either Interactive Pre-Ordering or Ordering, several systems are typically accessed. The output from one system is often the input to the next. By building an interface in front of the Legacy Systems (BellSouth existing systems), the CLEC is not required to use manual processes to move the input from one system to another. Two primary interfaces, Telecommunications Access Gateway (TAG) and Local Exchange Navigation System (LENS), process Pre-Ordering Transactions and Local Service Requests (LSRs) and both pass the transactions to the Legacy Systems and the LSRs to Local Exchange Ordering (LEO), the database system for CLEC service orders. Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) is another key interface available to CLECs to submit LSRs directly into LEO. The Legacy Systems process the transactions and provide the results back to LENS so it can be presented to the CLECs. LEO passes LSRs to the Local Exchange Service Order Generator (LESOG) and the BellSouth Service Order

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Generator (BSOG) so a mechanized service order can be generated and sent to Service Order Communications System (SOCS) for processing.

## B. Trouble Maintenance and Repair:

Trouble Entry encompasses two newly developed interfaces, Trouble Analysis Facilitation Interface (TAFI) and Electronic Communications Trouble Administration (ECTA) systems. These interfaces allow CLECs access to BellSouth's online trouble maintenance and reporting systems. CLECs can mechanically process their customers' local access plain old telephone service (POTS) trouble reports with the same capabilities as the Call Receipt function performed in BellSouth's Residence Repair Center (RRC) and Business Repair Center (BRC). Trouble reports that cannot be resolved via the CLEC TAFI or ECTA processes will be forwarded to the appropriate Maintenance Administrator (MA) screening pool for manual analysis and processing. This is identical to the procedures employed by the BellSouth RRC and BRC organizations.

## II. Manual LSR Processing (F.1.7):

BellSouth will provide the CLECs the option of submitting LSRs manually. LSRs not submitted through a BellSouth Electronic Interface, as described earlier, will be considered a manual LSR. The CLEC will complete an Industry Standard Open Billing Forum (OBF) Version 2 Form or an approved BellSouth form. LSRs received manually by the Local Carrier Service Center (LCSC) are entered into the Local Order Number (LON) system. A Service Representative in the LCSC will manually enter the LSR information into BellSouth's Legacy (existing) service order systems. Once the Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) status is returned from the systems, this notification is faxed to the CLEC.

## Cost Element Descriptions:

## F.1.61 OSS Electronic Interface, Per Local Service Request - Development and Implementation:

This cost element includes the nonrecurring costs for development of project requirements, program development and enhancements, and communications implementation. The computer software right-to-use fees are also included. Additionally, nonrecurring expenses to support the Electronic Interfaces are included. Support is required for the EDI, LENS, TAG, LEO, LESOG and BSOG systems to insure the proper development and implementation of CLEC functional services of Interactive Preordering, Ordering, and the TAFI and ECTA systems for Trouble Maintenance and Repair.

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## F.1.62 OSS Electronic Interface, Per Local Service Request - Ongoing Processing:

This cost element includes the total BellSouth labor, contracting services' labor, capital related, and computer software and hardware maintenance expenses for processing the LSRs and maintaining the Electronic Interfaces. These costs are composed of programming maintenance; communications and hardware support in addition to the capital related expenses. They also include the labor expense incurred by BellSouth's Local Carrier Service Center (LCSC) to manually process Local Service Requests (LSRs) that were submitted through the OSS Electronic Interface but dropped out of the mechanized service order flow. Additionally, the ongoing expenses to support the Electronic Interfaces are included. The support is required for the EDI, LENS, TAG, LEO, LESOG and BSOG systems to insure the ongoing CLEC functional services of Interactive Preordering, Ordering, and the TAFI and ECTA systems for Trouble Maintenance and Repair.

## F1.1.7 Manual Processing, per Local Service Request

This cost element consists of the nonrecurring labor expense incurred by BellSouth's Local Carrier Service Center (LCSC) to process Local Service Requests (LSR) that are not submitted via a BellSouth Electronic Interface.

## Models

Microsoft Excel spreadsheets were used to perform these cost analyses.
The BellSouth Cost Calculator© was used to calculate the costs.

## Study Technique

## Electronic Interfaces:

The recurring costs are based on the labor requirements for BellSouth personnel and contractors responsible for the ongoing support of the computer applications, data exchange, computer hardware, internal communications network and the mechanized service order process. The vendor-installed prices for the incremental investment are identified along with their associated hardware and software maintenance expenses.

The nonrecurring costs are based on the labor requirements for BellSouth personnel and contractors responsible for developing, enhancing and implementing the computer applications, the exchange of data, internal communications network and the mechanized service order process. The software right-to-use fees are also included.

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The cost study sums ali the various labor hours by functional category and paybands. Vendor installed prices for investments are summed by Field Reporting Codes (FRCs). Other expenses or additives, such as hardware and software maintenance, are summed by each expense category. The resulting total labor hours, investments and other expenses are divided by the projected cumulative number of local service requests and processed through the BellSouth Cost Calculator®.

## Manual LSR Processing:

For manually submitted CLEC LSRs, the nonrecurring costs are based on the portion of a labor hour consumed on average by a Service Representative in the LCSC to manually handle a LSR. The labor hours are processed through the BellSouth Cost Calculatore.

## Specific Study Assumptions

## OSS Electronic Interface:

- Cost is valid from 2000 through 2005 for the Electronic Interface elements.
- Nonrecurring developmental and maintenance costs are included in the Electronic Interface studies.
- The OSS Electronic Interface, Per LSR-Development and Implementation element includes nonrecurring costs associated with interface development. The OSS Electronic Interface, Per LSR-Ongoing Processing includes the recurring capital and non-capital related expenses and maintenance. Additionally, the nonrecurring costs associated with fall-out orders are included in this element.
- CLECs can access LENS via Dial-up, LAN-to-LAN or the Internet. TAG access is via LAN-to-LAN or the Internet. They can access EDI via a Dial-up, a dedicated facility using LAN-to-LAN CONNECT:DIRECT data transmission software or via the Harbinger Value-Added Network (VAN). LAN-to-LAN and Dial-up are also available for Trouble Maintenance and Repair.
- The CLEC will be responsible for all charges associated with the ordering, installation of private line or dial-up circuits, related equipment and associated toll charges relative to data transmission. Therefore, these costs are not included in these studies.
- This study does not include any expenses associated with the Toll charges associated with the CLEC accessing BellSouth's internal network.
- The 1996, 1997 and 1998 capital added and other expenses relative to this project were identified and included in the Electronic Interface study. In this study, equipment that was added in 1996 will be recovered in 7 years ending in 2002; equipment that was installed in 1997 will also be recovered in 7 years ending in 2003. Equipment added in 1998 will be recovered in 7 years ending in 2004;


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equipment installed in 1999 will also be recovered in 7 years ending in 2005. Six years of capital-related costs for equipment added in 2000 will be recovered through 2005. Five years of capital-related costs for equipment added in 2001 will be recovered through 2005. Four years of capital-related costs for equipment added in 2002 will be recovered through 2005. Only three years of the capital related cost for equipment placed in 2003 will be recovered, only two years of the capital related cost for equipment placed in 2004 will be recovered and only one year of the capital related cost for equipment installed in 2005 will be recovered.

- The fall-out probability utilized for 1999 is $14 \%, 7 \%$ for $2000,5 \%$ for $2001,4 \%$ for 2002, 3\% for 2003, 3\% for 2004 and $3 \%$ for 2005.
- The labor expense for the mechanized LSRs that fall-out is calculated by multiplying the fall-out probability for each year by the LSRs forecasted for that year times the average time of 25 minutes or .42 hours to work a LSR manually in the LCSC.
- The cost study impacts due to the de-installation of BSOG in June 1999 have been reflected in the study. The costs labeled as BSOG in the study represents those costs that will be assumed by LENS and LESOG, other OSS Electronic Interface platforms. LENS received two of the four servers and associated computer costs previously used by BSOG. All BSOG functionality previously provided by BSOG is now provided by LESOG.


## Manual LSR Processing:

- Cost is valid from 2000 through 2002 for the manual processing element.
- The 25 minutes or .42 hours reflects the average time to handle a LSR manuaily. This figure is based upon year-to-date September, 1998 statistics from the LCSC for handling manual CLEC LSRs. This time requirement is projected to continue.


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## Operational Support Systems(OSS) List of Acronyms

| ALPHA | Process of Assembly and Edit of Messages in CRIS |
| :---: | :---: |
| AMA | Automatic Message Accounting |
| ARSB | Automated Repair Service Bureau |
| ATLAS | Application for TN Load, Administration and Selection |
| BFTS | BellSouth File Transfer System |
| BOSIP | BellSouth Open Systems Interconnect Platform |
| BRC | Business Repair Center |
| BSDN | BellSouth Data Network |
| BSOG | BellSouth Service Order Generator |
| CABS | Carrier Access Billing System |
| COFFI | Central Office Feature File Interface |
| COMTEN | Front-end Communications Equipment which hosts CONNECT:DIRECT |
| CONNECT:DIRECT | Data Transmission Software Facility leased from Stering, Inc. |
| cots | Commercial Off-The-Shelf Software (i.e. PC Microsoft Office) |
| CRIS | Customer Records Information System |
| CRIS-MP | Customer Records Information System-Message Processing |
| CSA | Central System Administration |
| CSR | Customer Service Record |
| CSX | Dial-up Equipment to integrate analog modem \& ISDN remote access to BOSIP |
| DBA | Database Administrator |
| DMZ | Interconnect Platform part between the Front-End Equipment and BOSIP |
| DOE/DSAP | Direct Order Entry/DOE Support Analysis |
| EC | Electronic Communications |
| EC-CPM/TA | Electronic Communications-Common Presentation Manager/Trouble Administration |
| ECTA | Electronic Communications Trouble Administration |
| EDI | Electronic Data Interchange |
| EDIC | EDI Center |
| EGA | External Gateway Access( for CLEC Internet, LAN-to-LAN \& Dial-up) |
| EMR | Exchange Message Record |
| ETCS | Electronic Toll Collection System |
| EXACT | Exchange Access Control Tracking |
| FACS | Facility Assignment and Control System |

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| FDDI | Fiber Distributed Distribution Interface |
| ---: | :--- |
| FTE | Full-time Equivalent |
| HMG | Hardware Maintenance Group(ITO) |
| ICM | Internal Communications Manager |
| ICS | Interconnection Services (BST Customer Operations Unit) |
| Informix | Database Manager Software |
| ITO | Information Technology Organization |
| ITOC | Information Technology Operations Center |
| ITOP | Information Technology Operations |
| JMOS | Job Management Operation System |
| LAN | Local Area Network |
| LCSC | Local Carrier Service Center |
| LDP | LAN Documentation Package |
| LEGACY | Baseline BellSouth Operational Support Systems |
| LENS | Local Exchange Navigational System |
| LEO | Local Exchange Ordering |
| LESOG | Local Exchange Service Order Generator |
| LIST | LIST Information System |
| LMOS | Loop Maintenance Operations System |
| LNP | Local Number Portability |
| LSA | Local System Administrator |
| LSR | Local Service Request |
| MAPS | Mechanized Accounts Payable System |
| MARCH | Systen that translates S.O. data to switch provisioning |
| MLT | messages. |
| MMA | Multi Media Access |
| MSWG | Network Security Work Group |
| OACC | Operations Analysis and Control Center |
| OC\&C | Other Charges and Credits(bill entry) |
| ODUF | OLEC Daily Usage File(Billing) |
| OPEC | On-line Pending Edit to CRIS |
| OSG/PM | Operations Support Group/Project Manager |
| OSPCM | Outside Plant Construction Management System |
| P/SIMS | Products/Services Inventory Management System |
| PDN | Protected Datakit Network |
| PREDICTOR | Computer based monitoring system of messages \& cable |
| alarms. |  |
| Quality Assurance |  |
| Rence Repair Center |  |
|  |  |

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| RSAG | Regional Street Address Guide |
| ---: | :--- |
| RTOC | Real-time Operations Center |
| SI/IT | Systems Integration Interface Team |
| SME | Subject Matter Expert |
| SMF | System Maintenance Facility (IBM Software) |
| SNECS | Secure Network Element Contract Server |
| SOCS | Service Order Communication System |
| SONGS | Service Order Negotiation Generation System |
| TAFI | Trouble Analysis Facilitation Interface |
| TAG | Telecommunications Access Gateway |
| UNIX | Operating System Software |
| VAN | Value Added Network |
| WFA | Work Force Administration/Control |

## Nonrecurring Cost Summary

Florida
F.1.61-OSS Electronic Interface, per focal service request - Development \& Implementation

3/2/00

|  | Direct Cost | Shared Cost | TELRIC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nonrecurring Cost Development Sheet Col H | \$0.1507029 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.1507029 |
| Other Expenses |  |  |  |
| Sys Dev/Enhance/Implem | \$0.4252592 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.4252592 |
| Other Dev | \$0.0927562 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0927562 |
| Software RTU Fees | \$0.0254470 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0254470 |
| Testing, Requirements Dev | \$0.0220007 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0220007 |
| Billing Proj Mgmnt | \$0.0002108 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0002108 |
| Billing Dev | \$0.0008388 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0008388 |
| Trbl M\&R Sys Dev | \$0.0133521 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0133521 |
| Trbl M\&R Sys Oth Dev | \$0.0006947 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0006947 |
| Trbl M\&R Sys SW RTU Fee | \$0.0053014 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0053014 |
| Trbl M\&R Sys Requirements | \$0.0013045 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0013045 |
| Total Cost | \$0.7378684 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.7378684 |
| Gross Receipts Tax Factor |  |  | 1.0096 |
| Cost (including Gross Receipts Tax) |  |  | \$0.7449269 |
| Common Cost Factor |  |  | 1.0512 |
| Nonrecurring Economic Cost |  |  | \$0.7831004 |

Florida
F.1.61-OSS Electronic Interface, per local service request - Development \& Implementation

| Function | JFCl Payband | JFC/Payband Descriptlon | Instaliation Worktime | Disconnect Worktime | TELRIC Labor Rate | Instalt Cost | $\begin{gathered} \text { Disconnect } \\ \text { Cost } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Disconnect Discount Factor | Discounted Disconnect Cost | TELRIC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sys Dev/Enhanceflmplem | JG59 | Job Grade 59 | 0.000499 | 0.000000 | \$54.58 | \$0.0272111 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0272111 |
| Sys Dev/Enhance/lmplem | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.001388 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0653402 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0653402 |
| Sys Dev/Enhance/Implem | JG56 | Job Grade 56 | 0.000038 | 0.000000 | \$36.16 | \$0.0013641 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0013641 |
| Billing Proj Mgmnt | JG59 | Job Grade 59 | 0.000006 | 0.000000 | \$54.58 | \$0.0003018 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0003018 |
| Billing Proj Mgmnt | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000012 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0005494 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0005494 |
| Billing Team Rep | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000002 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000750 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000750 |
| Proj Mgmol | JG61 | Job Grade 61 | 0.000129 | 0.000000 | \$71.24 | \$0.0091657 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0091657 |
| Proj Mgmot | JG59 | Job Grade 59 | 0.000291 | 0.000000 | \$54.58 | \$0.0158594 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0158594 |
| Prol Mgmnt | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000139 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0065292 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0065292 |
| Proj Mgrme | JG56 | Job Grade 56 | 0.000120 | 0.000000 | \$36.16 | \$0.0043489 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0043489 |
| Trbl MRR Sys Devilmplem | JG59 | Job Grade 59 | 0.000063 | 0.000000 | \$54.58 | \$0.0034300 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0034300 |
| Trbl MarR Sys Devilmplem | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000047 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0022193 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0022193 |
| Trbl M\&R Sys Devilmplern | JG57 | Job Grade 57 | 0.000003 | 0.000000 | \$40.54 | \$0.0001274 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0001274 |
| Trb M\&R Sys Devilmplem | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000014 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0006469 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0006469 |
| Trbl M\&R Sys Devilmplem | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000006 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0002959 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0002959 |
| El Req/Dev Criteria | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000125 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0058947 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0058947 |
| El Test Plans Dev | JG57 | Job Grade 57 | 0.000181 | 0.000000 | \$40.54 | \$0.0073438 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0073438 |

## Recurring Cost Summary

## Florida

F.1.62-OSS Electronic Interface, per local service request - Ongoing Process

| 3/2/00 | Volume Sensitive |  |  | Volume Insensitive |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Direct Cost | Shared Cost | TELRIC | Direct Cost | Shared Cost | TELRIC |
| Recurring Cost Devel. Sheets Cols L, N, \& O | \$0.6032482 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.6032482 |  |  | \$0.0000000 |
| Labor Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LENS Sys Support | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0006051 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0006051 |
| LEO Sys Support | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0007624 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0007624 |
| TAG Sys Support | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0006718 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0006718 |
| Trbl M\&R Sys Support | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0001896 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0001896 |
| Trbl Resolut Units Supp | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0003812 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0003812 |
| Supp/Update Rate Database | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0001365 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0001365 |
| Test/Bill Verify/Guides | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0014975 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0014975 |
| Billing Prgm Mtce | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0004914 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0004914 |
| Commission Coordination | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0100728 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0100728 |
| ICS Operations Support | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0638316 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0638316 |
| Other Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Application Mice | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.3948640 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.3948640 |
| Other Support Costs | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0605702 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0605702 |
| Software Mtce | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0037301 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0037301 |
| Hardware Op Supp | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0582646 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0582646 |
| Hardware Mtce | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0142791 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0142791 |
| Trbl M\&R Appl Mice | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0116068 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0116068 |
| Trbl M\&R Oth Support | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0025024 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0025024 |
| Trbl M\&R Software Mtce | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0002019 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0002019 |
| Trbl M\&R Hardware Op Supp | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0053068 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0053068 |
| Trbl M\&R Hardware Mtce | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0013784 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.0013784 |
| Total Cost | \$0.6032482 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.6032482 | \$0.6313441 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.6313441 |
| Gross Receipts Tax Factor |  |  | 1.0096 |  |  | 1.0096 |
| Cost (including Gross Receipts Tax) |  |  | \$0.6090189 |  |  | \$0.6373835 |
| Common Cost Factor |  |  | 1.0512 |  |  | 1.0512 |
| Economic Cost |  |  | \$0.6402279 |  |  | \$0.6700460 |

Total Economic Cost : \$1.3102739

Investment Development (Excluding Land, Building, Pole, and Conduit)
Volume Sensitive
$3 / 2 / 00$
F.1.62-OSS Electronic Interface, per local service request - Ongoing Process

| 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 |  |
| FRC | Sub |
| 530C | FRC |
| 630C | 00 |

## Land, Building, Pole, and Conduit Investment Development

## Volume Sensitive

## Florida

F.1.62-OSS Electronic Interface, per local service request - Ongoing Process

| Land - COE | ,$\frac{F R C}{200}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Buildings - COE | 100 |


| 3/2/00 |  |  | $A=$ Prev Page $\mathrm{Col} G$ | B | $C=(A \times B)$ | D | $E=(A x D)$ | F | $G=(A x F)$ | H | $I=(A x H)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| General Purpose Computers/Data Cntr Env | $\frac{\text { FRC }}{530 \mathrm{C}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sub } \\ & \frac{\text { FRC }}{00} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { Investment }}{\$ 1.2534637}$ | Land $\frac{\text { Factor }}{0.0426}$ | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { Land } \\ \text { Investment } \end{array} \\ \$ 0.0533386 \end{gathered}$ | Building Factor 0.6930 | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { Bullding } \\ \text { Investment } \end{array} \\ \$ 0.8687093 \end{gathered}$ | Pole Factor 0.0000 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pole } \\ \text { investment } \\ \$ 0.0000000 \end{gathered}$ | Condult Factor 0.0000 | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { Conduit } \\ \text { Investment } \end{array} \\ \$ 0.0000000 \end{gathered}$ |
| General Purpose Compulers/Data Controller \& Work Sia Equip | 630C | 00 | \$0.0157818 | 0.0426 | \$0.0006716 | 0.6930 | \$0.0109375 | 0.0000 | \$0.0000000 | 0.0000 | \$0.0000000 |

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& \text { \% Ht/ }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
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& \text { 1 } 1 / 11 \\
& \text { - jail } \\
& \text { 1. |ll| }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Recurring Labor Expense Development

## Florida <br> F.1.62-OSS Electronic Interface, per local service request - Ongoing Process

A
B
$C=A x B$
D
$E=A \times D$
Volume Sensitive

| Function | JFCl Payband | JFC/Payband Description | Work Time | Direct <br> Labor <br> Rate | Direct <br> Expense | TELRIC Labor Rate | TELRIC Expense |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LENS Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| LEO Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| LESOG Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| BSOG Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| TAG Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| EDI Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| Trbl M\&R Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| Trbl Resolut Units Supp | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| Supp/Update Rate Database | JG56 | Job Grade 56 | 0.000000 | \$36.16 | \$0.0000000 | \$36.16 | \$0.0000000 |
| Test/Bill Verify/Guides | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| Billing Prgm Mice | JG59 | Job Grade 59 | 0.000000 | \$54.58 | \$0.0000000 | \$54.58 | \$0.0000000 |
| Commission Coordination | JG59 | Job Grade 59 | 0.000000 | \$54.58 | \$0.0000000 | \$54.58 | \$0.0000000 |
| ICS Operations Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |

Volume Insensitive

| Function | JFC/ <br> Payband | JFC/Payband Description | Work Time | Direct <br> Labor <br> Rate | Direct Expense | TEL.RIC Labor Rate | TELRIC <br> Expense |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LENS Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000013 | \$47.07 | \$0.0006051 | \$47.07 | \$0.0006051 |
| LEO Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000016 | \$47.07 | \$0.0007624 | \$47.07 | \$0.0007624 |
| LESOG Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| BSOG Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| TAG Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000014 | \$47.07 | \$0.0006718 | \$47.07 | \$0.0006718 |
| EDI Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 | \$47.07 | \$0.0000000 |
| Trbl M\&R Sys Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000004 | \$47.07 | \$0.0001896 | \$47.07 | \$0.0001896 |
| Trbl Resolut Units Supp | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000008 | \$47.07 | \$0.0003812 | \$47.07 | \$0.0003812 |
| Supp/Update Rate Database | JG56 | Job Grade 56 | 0.000004 | \$36.16 | \$0.0001365 | \$36.16 | \$0.0001365 |
| Tes//Bill Verify/Guides | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.000032 | \$47.07 | \$0.0014975 | \$47.07 | \$0.0014975 |
| Billing Prgm Mice | JG59 | Job Grade 59 | 0.000009 | \$54.58 | \$0.0004914 | \$54.58 | \$0.0004914 |
| Commission Coordination | JG59 | Job Grade 59 | 0.000185 | \$54.58 | \$0.0100728 | \$54.58 | \$0.0100728 |
| ICS Operations Support | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 0.001356 | \$47.07 | \$0.0638316 | \$47.07 | \$0.0638316 |

Nonrecurring Cost Summary


## Nonrecurring Cost Development

## Florida <br> F.1.62-OSS Electronic interface, per local service request - Ongoing Process

| 3/2/00 |  |  | A | B | C | $\mathrm{D}=\mathrm{AxC}$ | $\mathrm{E}=\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{C}$ | F | $\mathrm{G}=\mathrm{ExF}$ | $\mathrm{H}=\mathrm{D}+\mathrm{G}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Function | JFCl <br> Payband | JFC/Payband Dascription | Installation Worktime | Disconnect Worktime | Direct Labor Rate | Install Cost | $\begin{gathered} \text { Disconnect } \\ \text { Cost } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Disconnect Discount Factor | Discounted <br> Disconnect Cost | Direct Cost |
| LCSC Proc Mech LSR Fallout | 230X | Customer Point Of Contact - ICSC/LCSC | 0.018655 | 0.000000 | \$31.17 | \$0.5814708 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 0.0000000 \\ \text { Total } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 0.5814708 \\ & 0.581470771 \end{aligned}$ |
| Function | JFCl <br> Payband | JFC/Payband Description | Installation Worktime | Disconnect Worktime | TELRIC Labor Rate | Install Cost | $\begin{gathered} \text { Disconnect } \\ \text { Cost } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Disconnect Discount Factor | Discounted Disconnect Cost | TELRIC |
| LCSC Proc Mech LSR Fallout | 230X | Customer Point Of Contact - ICSC/LCSC | 0.018655 | 0.000000 | \$31.17 | \$0.5814708 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | \$0.0000000 | \$0.5814708 |

## Nonrecurring Cost Summary

Florida
F.1.7-OSS Manual Processing, per local service request

3/2/00
Nonrecurring Cost

|  | Direct Cost | Shared Cost | TELRIC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nonrecurring Cost Development Sheet Col H | \$13.0914000 | \$0.0000000 | \$13.0914000 |
| Total Cost | \$13.0914000 | \$0.0000000 | \$13.0914000 |
| Gross Receipts Tax Factor |  |  | 1.0096 |
| Cost (including Gross Receipts Tax) |  |  | \$13.2166323 |
| Common Cost Factor |  |  | 1.0512 |
| Nonrecurring Economic Cost |  |  | \$13.8939140 |

Page 1

## Nonrecurring Cost Development

Florida
F.1.7-OSS Manual Processing, per local service request

| 3/2/00 |  |  | A | B | c | $D=A x C$ | $\mathrm{E}=\mathrm{BxC}$ | F | $\mathrm{G}=\mathrm{ExF}$ | $\mathrm{H}=\mathrm{D}+\mathrm{G}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Function | JFCl Payband | JFC/Payband Description | Installation Worktime | Disconnect Worktime | Direct Labor Rate | Install Cost | $\begin{gathered} \text { Disconnect } \\ \text { Cost } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Disconnect Discount Factor | Discounted Disconnect $\qquad$ Cost | Direct Cost |
| Service Order Processing | 230X | Customer Point Of Contact - ICSC/LCSC | 0.420000 | 0.000000 | \$31.17 | \$13.0914000 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 0.0000000 \\ \text { Total } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 13.0914000 \\ 13.0914 \end{array}$ |
| Function | JFC/ <br> Payband | JFC/Payband Description | Instaliation Worktime | Disconnect Worktime | TELRIC Labor Rate | install Cost | $\begin{gathered} \text { Disconnect } \\ \text { Cost } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Disconnect Discount Factor | Discounted Disconnect Cost | TELRIC |
| Service Order Processing | 230 X | Customer Point Of Contact - ICSC/LCSC | 0.420000 | 0.000000 | \$31.17 | \$13.0914000 | \$0.0000000 | 1.0000 | $\begin{array}{r} \overline{\$ 0.0000000} \\ \text { Total } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 13.0914000 \\ 13.0914000 \end{array}$ |



OHERATIONAL. SUPPORT STSTEAS ELECTRONIC INTERFACE

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OPERATHONAI SUPPORI SYSIEAS ELECTRONIC INTERFACE
oprrational support sisifmis electronic interface:




## TELRIC INPUT FORM - NONRECURRING EXPENSES DATA <br> Instructions:

1. Use this worksheet to record nonrecurring non-labor expenses to be input into the TELRIC calculations.
2. All amounts shown are per unit (e.g., per call, per loop, per MOU).
3. Input data, by Cost Element, leaving no blank lines. On next row after last line of data, type END in Cost Element Column.
4. All data on this form should be cell-referenced to study workpapers.
5. Do NOT change columns, headings, sheet name.
6. Use column $D$ when cost element has a single nonrecurring cost; use columns $E \& F$ for elements with a first and additional nonrecurring cost; use columns G \& H for elements with an initial and subsequent nonrecurring cost.

| State | Cost Element \# | Nonrecurring Expense Description (Limited to 25 characters) | Nonrecurring <br> $\$$ Amount | Nonrecurring First \$ Amount | Nonrecurring Additional \$Amount | Nonrecurring Initial \$ Amount | Nonrecurring Subsequent \$Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FL | F.1.61 | Sys Dev/Enhance/Implem | 0.4252592 |  |  |  |  |
| FL | F.1.61 | Other Dev | 0.0927562 |  |  |  |  |
| FL | F.1.61 | Software RTU Fees | 0.0254470 |  |  |  |  |
| FL | F.1.61 | Testing, Requirements Dev | 0.0220007 |  |  |  |  |
| FL | F.1.61 | Billing Proj Mgmnt | 0.0002108 |  |  |  |  |
| FL | F.1.61 | Billing Dev | 0.0008388 |  |  |  |  |
| FL | F.1.61 | Trbl M\&R Sys Dev | 0.0133521 |  |  |  |  |
| FL | F.1.61 | Trbl M\&R Sys Oth Dev | 0.0006947 |  |  |  |  |
| FL | F.1.61 | Trbl M\&R Sys SW RTU Fee | 0.0053014 |  |  |  |  |
| FL | F.1.61 | Trbl M\&R Sys Requirements | 0.0013045 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Maximum 10 entries per Cost El | \# \# |  |  |  |  |

ES0000

| TELRIC INPUT FORM - RECURRING LABOR EXPENSES DATA |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Instructions: |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1. Use this worksheet to record recurring expensed labor times to be input into the TELRIC calculations. |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2. All amounts shown are per unit (e.g., per call, per loop, per MOU). |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3. Input data, by Cost Element, leaving no blank lines. On next row after last line of data, type END in Cost Element Column. <br> 4. All data on this form should be ceil-referenced to study workpapers. <br> 5. Do NOT change columns, headings, sheet name. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Work Time (Hours) |  |
| State | Cost <br> Element \# | Labor Expense Description (Limited to 25 characters) | $\mathrm{JFCl}$ <br> Payband | Volume Sensitive | Volume Insensitive |
| FL | F.1.62 | LENS Sys Support | JG58 |  | 0.000013 |
| FL | F.1.62 | LEO Sys Support | JG58 |  | 0.000016 |
| FL | F.1.62 | LESOG Sys Support | JG58 |  | 0.000000 |
| FL | F.1.62 | BSOG Sys Support | JG58 |  | 0.000000 |
| FL | F. 1.62 | TAG Sys Support | JG58 |  | 0.000014 |
| FL. | F.1.62 | EDI Sys Support | JG58 |  | 0.000000 |
| FL | F.1.62 | Trbl M R R Sys Support | JG58 |  | 0.000004 |
| FL | F.1.62 | Trbl Resolut Units Supp | JG58 |  | 0.000008 |
| FL | F.1.62 | Supp/Update Rate Database | JG56 |  | 0.000004 |
| FL | F.1.62 | Test/Bill Verify/Guides | JG58 |  | 0.000032 |
| FL | F.1.62 | Billing Prgm Mtce | JG59 |  | 0.000009 |
| FL | F.1.62 | Commission Coordination | JG59 |  | 0.000185 |
| FL | F.1.62 | ICS Operations Support | JG58 |  | 0.001356 |
|  | END |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ; |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Maximum 20 entries per Cost Ele | ent \# |  |  |



## Workpaper:

| Line | Description | Source | $\mathrm{PB} / \mathrm{FRC}$ | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | LENS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | NONRECURRING: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | LENS Sys Dev/Enhancements/Implemen |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | BST Labor Hours: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | LENS Develop/Enhance/Implem | Input Sheet, L7 | JG59 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | LENS Develop/Enhance/Implem | Input Sheet, L8 | JG58 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | LENS Develop/Eshance/Implem | Input Sheet, L9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | IT PB59 Headcount | Input Sheet, L16 | JG59 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | IT PB56 Headcount | Input Sheet, L17 | JG56 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | Total Headcount | L14+L15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | LENS Sys Dev/Enhnce/Implm | 96-L14/L16*L12, Other Yrs $=\mathrm{L} 10$ | JG59 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | LENS Sys Dev/Enhnce/Implm | 111 | JG58 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | LENS Sys Dev/Enhnce/Implm | $96=\mathrm{L} 12-\mathrm{L} 18$, Other $\mathrm{Yrs}=0$ | JG56 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | Contracted Services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | LENS Dev/Enhance Contracted Hours | Input Sheet, Li0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | Contracted Hourly Rate | Input Sheet, LII |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | Dev/Enhance LENS Sys Contracted Costs | L23*L24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | Program Dev Other Contracted Costs | Input Sheet, L12 |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 | LENS Sys Dev/Enh/mpl Cost | L25+L26 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 | Other Systern Costs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 | LENS Oth Dev Costs | Input Sheet, L13 |  | \$0.00 |  |  | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |  |
| 31 | LENS SW RTU Fee | Input Sheet, L25 |  |  |  |  |  | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ |  |  | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ |
| 32 | Tot Oth Sys Costs | L30+L31 |  |  |  |  |  | $\$ 0.00$ | $\$ 0.00$ |  |  |  |  |
| 33 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 34 | LENS Project Management: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 35 | BST Labor Hours: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 36 | Overall Proj Coordination | Input Sheet, (L310+L313) | JG59 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 37 | Overall Proj Coordination | Input Sheet, L314 | JG58 |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38 | Requirements Coordination | Input Sheet, L311 | JG59 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 39 | Overall Coordinator | Input Sheet, L312 | JG59 |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40 | Overall Coordinator | Input Sheet, L315 | JG61 |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 42 | LENS Requirements Contracted Lab |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 43 | United Info Tech Corp | Input Sheet, L343 |  |  |  | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 44 | Advantage Funding Corp | Input Sheet, L344 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 45 | Prosoft | Input Sheet, L345 |  |  |  | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 46 | COMSYS | Input Sheet, L346 |  |  |  | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 47 | Diversified Executive System, Inc. | Input Sheet, L347 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\Theta_{49}^{48}$ | Contracted Hourly Rates: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $B$ | United Infor Technologies | Input Sheet, L387 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Sl}_{1}$ | Advantage Funding Corp | Input Sheet, L388 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sr2 | Prosoft | Input Sheet, L389 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Os3 | COMSYS | Input Sheet, L.390 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |






| Line | Descripten |
| :---: | :---: |
| 103 | I.EOSW RTUFee |
| 104 | It:O Requirement Group |
| 105 |  |
| 106 | RECURRING: |
| 107 | BST Labor Hours: |
| 108 | L.EO Sys Support |
| 109 |  |
| 110 | Additive: |
| 111 | L.EO Appl Mice Cost |
| 112 | LEO Oth Supp C'ost |
| 113 | 1.EOHW Support |
| 114 |  |
| 115 |  |
| 116 | Investunent: |
| 117 | Personal Connputers |
| 118 | Oilh Gem Purp Computers |

Workpaper: 3


OPFRATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS ELIFCTRONIC INTERFACE

## IESOG

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Input Sheet. L145 nput Sheet, Li46 Inpu Sheet. L147
L. $16+\mathrm{L} .17$


 EDI Requirements Contracted Labor IIrs: 흔

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| JGS8 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.6 |
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Werhpaper: 8
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| PB/FRC | $19 \%$ | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2004 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2015 |
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L.me Description 43 RECURRING:

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45 Volume Insensitive
47 Recurring BST I.abor Hours:
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49 Supp of Trbl Resolution Units
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53 CleC TAFI Oth Supp Cost
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55 CleC TAFI HW Suppor
56 Cl.EC' TAFI IIW Mice
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59 Networking Equipment
60 Datakil
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62 lastatied Price of Midranges
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65 Investment Summarized FRC
66 Data Controllers Equiprnnt
67 Other Gen Purp Computers
68 Gen Purpose Computers
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## OPEEATIONAL, SUPPORT SYSTEMS EI.ECTKONIC INTERFACE

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lime Description
Source
70 SUMMARY:
71 NONRECURRING:
72 BST Labor Hours:
73 CII:C TAFISys Dev/Enhance
74 CLEC TAFI Sys Dev/Enhance
75 CI.EC TAFI Sys Dev/Enhance
76 CLEC TAFI Sys Dev/Enhance
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80 Clee TAFI Sys Dev Contrct
81 clec TAF1 Oth Dev Costs
82 CLEC TAFISW RTU Fee
83 Requirements Contret Cost
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86 BST Labor Hours:
87 CLECTAFI Sys Support
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90 Additive:
91 RECURRING:
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93 (LIEC TAFI Oth Supp Cost
94 CLEC TAFI SW Mice
95 CLEC TAFI HW Suppor
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99 Data Controllers Equipmnt
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| P13/RC | 1996 | 1997 | 1990 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | $200) 2$ | 2003 | 2004 | $2(1) 5$ |
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| Workpaper 1.L.111 |
| Workpaper 1,1.112 |
| Workpaper 1,L113 |
| Workpaper 1, LII4 |
| Werkpaper 2, L94 |
| Workpaper 2.L.95 |
| Workpaper 2.L96 |
| Workpaper 2. 1.97 |
| Workpaper 2,1.98 |
| Workpaper 2.L10 |
| Workpaper 2.1.102 |
| Workpaper 2.1.103 |
| Workpaper 2.L104 |
| Workpaper 3.LII2 |
| Workpaper 3, LII 13 |
| Workpaper 3, L.114 |
| Workpaper 3.LIIS |
| Workpaper 3.L146 |
| Workpaper 3, L117 |
| rkpaper 3, L.12 |
| Workpaper 3, L.121 |
| Workpaper 3.L122 |
| Workpaper 3, L. 123 |


| 1.ine | Descoiption |
| :---: | :---: |
| 5 | CRNS NONREYURRING |
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| 7 | 1.1:NS Sys Iev/tinhnce/lmplm |
| 8 | L.ENS Sys Dev/linhtnce/lmplm |
| 9 | IL:NS Sys Dev/Enhnce/Implm |
| 10 | I.ENS Proj Mgmit |
| 11 | 1.ENS Proj Mgmat |
| 12 | L.ENS Proj Mgmm |
| 13 |  |
| 14 | Additive: |
| 15 | L.f:NS Sys Dev/tinh/Impl Cost |
| 15 | LENS OH Dev Costs |
| 17 | LENS SW RTU Fee |
| IR | I.FNS Requirement Group |
| 19 |  |
| 20 | I.FONONRECURRING |
| 21 | BST L abor Itours: |
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| 23 | LEO Sys Dev/Enhnce/lmplm |
| 24 | L.EO Proj Mgmnt |
| 25 | L.EO Proj Mgmat |
| 26 | LE:O Proj Mgmnt |
| 27 |  |
| 28 | Additive: |
| 29 | LEOSys Dev/Enh/tmpl Cost |
| 30 | LEO Oth Dev Costs |
| 31 | LEO SW RTU Fee |
| 32 | LEO Requirement Group |
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| 35 | BST Labor Hours: |
| 36 | LESOG Sys Dev/Enhnce/Impim |
| 37 | L.ESOG Sys Dev/Enhuce//mplm |
| 38 | LESCO Sys Dev/Enhnce/mplm |
| 39 | LESOCi Proj Mgmat |
| 40 | L.ESOG Proj Mgmnt |
| 41 | leSOCi Proj Mgront |
| 42 |  |
| 4.3 | Additive: |
| 44 | I.ESOG Sys Dev/Enh/lmpl Cost |
| 45 | 1.1:SOLOM dev Costs |
| 46 | ILESOC SW RTU Fee |
| 47 | 1.1SOG Kequirements Group |
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OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS EIRE TRONIC INTERFACE DEVELOPMENT AND IMPIEMENTATION

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109 Billing Proj Mgmnt
110 Billing Team Rep
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112 Additive:
113 Billing Proj Mgmnt
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116 SUMMARY
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118 BST Labor IIours:
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121 Sys Dev/Enhancelimplem
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124 Billing Tean Rep
125 Proj Mgmnt
126 Proj Mgmns
127 Proj Mgnmt
128 Proj Mgnum
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130 Tibl M\&R Sys Dev/linplem
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132 Tri M\&R Sys Dev/inpiem
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Workpaper 8. L77

Workpaper 8, L80
Workpaper 8, L81
Workpaper 8,L82
Workpaper 8, L83

Workpaper 9,1,49 Workpaper 9, L50 Workpaper 9, LSI

Workpaper 9, 1.54
Workpaper 9. LS5

| L $7+222+\mathrm{L} 36+1.51+\mathrm{L} 62+1.73$ | JG59 |  |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.061 | 0.60 |
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| $\mathrm{L} 8+\mathrm{L} 23+\mathrm{L} 37+\mathrm{L} 74$ | JG58 |  |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06) | 0,6) |
| L9+L38 | JG56 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
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| Li $2+\mathrm{L} 26+\mathrm{L} 40 \mathrm{~L}$ L 3 | JGSR |  |  |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.10 |
| L41+L64 | JG56 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | (1)(X) |
| 1.84+194 | JG59 |  |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.(x) | 0.00 |
| 1.95 | JG58 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.08 | (1)(K) |
| 1.96 | JG57 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | $0.1 \mathrm{~K})$ |
| L8S+L97 | J658 |  | 0.00 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | (1)(M) |
| 1.98 | JG58 |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.10 | 0.06 |
| Workpaper 10.1.42 | JG58 | 0.00 |  |  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | (1)(x) |
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OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS ELECTRONIC INTERFACE ONGOING PROCESSING

Workpaper: 12 State:

47 TAG RECURR
48 BST Labor Hours:
49 TAG Sys Support
50
51 Additive:
52 TAG AppI Mice Cost
53 TAG Oth Supp Cost
54 TAG SW Mice
55 TAG HW Suppor
56 TAG HW Mtce
56
57
58 EDI RECURRING
59 BST Labor Hours:
60 EDI Sys Suppart
61
62 Additive:
63 EDI Appl Mite Cost
64 EDI Oth Supp Cost
65 EDI HW Support
66
67
68 ECTA RECURRINC
69 BST Labor Hours:
70 ECTA Sys Suppori
72 Additive:
73 ECTA Appl Mtce Cost
74 ECTA Oth Supp Cost
75 ECTA SW Mtce
76 ECTA HW Support
77
78 CLEC TAFI RECURRING
79 BST Labor Hours:
80 CLEC TAFI Sys Support
81 Supp of Trbl Resolution Units
82
83 Additive:
84 CLEC TAFI Appl Mtce Cost
85 CLEC TAFI Oth Supp Cost
86 CLEC TAFI SW Mitce
87 CLEC TAFI HW Support
88 CLEC TAFI HW Mice
90 BILLING RECURRING
91 BST Labor Hours:
$\rightarrow 2$ Supp/Update Rate Database
03 Test/Bill Verify/Guides
24 Prgm Mitce
$\sigma_{96}^{95}$ Additive
$0_{97}^{96}$ Udditive: USOCs and Svc Ord Edis
$\mathrm{CO}_{98}$ Billing Prgm Mtce

Source

Workpaper 5, L62

Workpaper 5, L65
Workpaper 5, L66
Workpaper 5, L66
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Workpaper 5, L68 Workpaper 5, L69

Workpaper 6, L90

Workpaper 6, L93
Workpaper 6, L94
Workpaper 6, L95

Workpaper 7, L6

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Workpaper 8, L.88

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Workpaper 8, L96
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Workpaper 9, L60
Workpaper 9, L61

Workpaper 9, L64
Workpaper 9, L65


oprerational support systemi electaronic interface ONGOING PROCESSING:

Werkpaper: 12

## L. $128 *$ L. 148

 L.129*L148 L. $130^{\circ} \mathrm{L} / 148$ L131*L148 L.132•1. 148 L1330148 L134*L14R L135*L148 $1136^{\circ} 1148$ L.137* L148L. $141 * 2148$
$1.143^{*}$ L148


OPERATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS ELECTHONIC INTERFACE ONGOING PROCESSING

Work paper: 12
State:
12
Florid

Tunal

Source
1.ine Description

184
R5 PER ISR SUMIMARY
186
187 Levelized BST Labor Hours Per L.SR:
188 LENS Sys Support
189 LEO Sys Support
90 I.ESOG Sys Suppor
191 BSOG Sys Support
192 TAGS Sys Support
193 E.DI Sys Support
194 Trbl M\&R Sys Support
195 Trbl Resolui Uniis Supp
196 Supp/Update Rate Database
197 Test/Bill Verify/Guides
98 Billing Prgm Mtce
199 Commission Coordination
200 ICS Operations Support
201
202
203 Ievelized Recurring Additive Per LSR:
204 Application Mice
205 Other Support Costs
206 Soflware Mice
207 Hardware Op Supp
208 Ilardware Mtce
209 Trbl M\&R Appl Mice
210 Trbl M\&R Oth Support
211 Trbl M\&R Software Mice
212 Trbl M\&R Hardware Op Sup
213 Trbl M\&R Hardware Mice
213
214
215 Levelized Nonrecurring BST Labor Hrs Per LSR:
LCSC PI Met ISR Fallon
216 LCSC Proc Mech LSR Fallout

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Andersen and EDS Charge Calculation


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Andersen and EDS Charge Calculation


Information Tech.
Information Tech.
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Information Tech.
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L74*L78
L74*L79
L74*L80
L74*L81
L74*L82
L74*L83

Information Tech.
Information Tech.
Information Tech.
Information Tech.
Information Tech.
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Information Tech.
BSOG Annual Service Units
TAG Annual Service Units
TAG Annual Service Units
EDI Annual Scrvice Units
CLEC TAFI Annual Sve Units
ECTA Annual Service Units
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TAG Ann. HW Suppt Exp
EDI Ann. HW Suppt Exp
CLEC TAFI Ann. HW Suppt Exp
CLEC TAFI Ann. HW Suppt Exp
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Hardware/Software Maintenance
Number of Midrange Boxes:
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TAG
CLEC TAFI
Number of Months



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## Andersen and EDS Charge Calculation

LN
106 Atnual Hardware Maintence:
107 LENS
108 LESOG
109 BSOG
110 TAG
111 CLEC TAFI
112
113 Annual Software Maintenance:
114 LENS
115 LESOG
116 BSOG
117 TAG
118 CLEC TAFI
1.96*L102*L103 L.97*L.102*L103 1.98*L102*LJ03 L99*L102*L103 L100*L102*L103

L96*L102*LI04 L97*L102*L104 L98*L102*L104 L99*L102*L104 L100*L102*L104

| (A) | (B) | (C) | (D) |
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02/98-07/98 $\quad \begin{gathered}\text { (B) } \\ 08 / 98-12 / 98\end{gathered}$
08/98-12/98
(C)

1998
(D)

1999200

Attachment A
(F)

2001
2002
2003


## TELRIC INPUT FORM - MATERIAL/INVESTMENT DATA

Instructions:

1. Use this worksheet to record material and/or investments to be input into the TELRIC calculations.
2. All amounts shown are per unit (e.g., per call, per loop, per MOU).
3. Input data, by Cost Element, leaving no blank lines. On next row after last line of data, type END in Cost Element Column.
4. All data on this form should be cell-referenced to study workpapers.
5. Do NOT change columns, headings, sheet name.


### 2.60000

| State | TELRIC INP <br> Instruction <br> 1. Use this TELRIC <br> 2. All amou <br> 3. Input dat after last <br> 4. All data <br> 5. Do NOT <br> Cost <br> Element \# | T FORM - RECURRING EXP <br> orksheet to record recurring culations. <br> s shown are per unit (e.g., p <br> by Cost Element, leaving no e of data, type END in Cost this form should be cell-refe ange columns, headings, sh <br> Recurring Expense Description (Limited to 25 characters) | S DATA <br> -labor expen <br> II, per loop, k lines. On ent Column ced to study name. <br> Recurring Volume Sensitive \$Amount | to be inpu MOU). xt row rkpapers. <br> Recurring Volume Insensitive \$ Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |




TELRIC INPUT FORM - NONRECURRING LABOR TIMES

## Instructions:

1. Use this worksheet to record nonrecurring labor times to be input into the TELRIC calculations.
2. All amounts shown are per unit (e.g., per call, per loop, per MOU).
3. Input data, by Cost Element, leaving no blank lines. On next row
after last line of data, type END in Cost Element Column.
4. All data on this form should be cell-referenced to study workpapers.
5. Do NOT change columns, headings, sheet name.
6. Use columns $F \& G$ when cost element has a single nonrecurring cost; use columns $H, I, J, \& K$ for elements with a first
and additional nonrecurring cost; use columns $L, M, N \& O$ for elements with an initial and subsequent nonrecurring cost.
7. Study midpoint date is set at $6 / 01$.
8. Input Cost Element Life (in months) on first row of data for each cost element. it is not necessary to repeat on each line.
Study Mid-Point Date (Mos.) Jun-01

| State | Cost Element \# | Cost Element Life (Mo) | Labor Expense Description (Limited to 25 characters) | JFC/ <br> Payband | (For use w/ one NR) |  | First Installation Time (Hours) | First Disconnect Time Hours | Additional Installatton Time (Hours) | Additional Dlsconnect Time Hours | Initial installation Time (Hours) | Initlal Disconnect Time Hours | Subsequent Installation Time (Hours) | Subsequent Disconnect Time Hours |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Installation Time (Hours) | Disconnect Time Hours |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FL | F.1.7 | 0 | Service Order Processing | 230 X | 0.420 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | END |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

MANUAL PROCESSINGDEVELOPMENT OF NONRECURRING WORKTIMESWORKPAPER 2

STATE
5
F.1.7

7
8 Hours Per Manual LSR
230X

PAGE 1 OF 1

FL

## FLORIDA DOCKET NO. 991947-TP APPENDIX A

The foilowing worksheets showing the calculations associated with loadings and factors development discussed in Section 4 are included in this Appendix.

File Name

1. Land and Building Loadings
2. Land and Building Plant Specific
3. Capital Cost Model Calculations
4. Ad Valorem and Other Taxes
5. Gross receipts Tax
6. Labor Rates

I\&bload.xls
l\&bpltsp.xls
Model Output
AdVals.xls
grtax.xls
99Lab_fl.xls

| - | DATA SOURCE: EOY 1998 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - |  |  |
| 1. ACCOUNT 2121 - BUILDING - 1998 EOY | CSS | 728338737 |
| 2. AVC2121, CP 2- BUILDINGS - CEN OFC | CSS | 416037384 |
| 3. - CEN OFC \% OF TOTAL BUILDINGS | LN 2/LN1 | 0.571214138 |
| 4. A/C2121, CP 8- BUILDINGS ASSOC W/GPC | CSS | 64572959 |
| 5. - GPC \% OF TOTAL BUILDINGS | LN 4/LN1 | 0.088657867 |
| 6. ACCOUNT 2111 - LAND - 1998 EOY | 1999-2001 AVG | 80596.4856 |
| 7. ACCOUNT 2121 - BUILDING | 1999-2001 AVG | 1312634.525 |
| 8. TOTAL LAND \& BLDG. | LN $6+$ LN 7 | 1393231.011 |
| 9. ACCT 2124 - GEN PUR COMP | 1999-2001 AVG | 167918.3314 |
| 10. ACCOUNT $2200-\mathrm{COE}$ | 1999-2001 AVG | 6355708.044 |
| 11. A/C2121, BUILDINGS ASSOC W/COE | LN 3 * LN 7 | 749795.3993 |
| 12. A/C2121, BUILDINGS ASSOC W/GPC | LN 5 * LN 7 | 116375.3774 |
| CALCULATION OF FORWARD LOOKING L\&B FACTORS: |  |  |
| 13. CENTRAL OFFICE - LAND | $(\text { LN3 })^{*}($ LN6)/LN10 | 0.007244 |
| 14. CENTRAL OFFICE - BUILDING | LN 11 / LN 10 | 0.117972 |
| 15. GEN PUR COMPUTER - LAND | (LN5)*(LN6)/LN9 | 0.042553 |
| 16. GEN PUR COMPUTER - BUILDING | LN 12 / LN 9 | 0.693047 |

## PLANT SPECIFIC CALCULATION

| FLORIDA |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SCALE 000 |  | BUILDINGS - COE |
|  | Account | 2121 |
| Line DESCRIPTION | FRC | ALL |
| 1 MR Book Investment 1998 EOY | Reg investments |  |
| 2 MR Book Investment 1999 EOY | 1998+1999 Additions | 757,339 |
| 32000 Additions | Construction Budget | 757,681 31532 |
| 4 Investment 2000 EOY | $\operatorname{Ln} 2+\operatorname{Ln} 3$ | 789,212 |
| 52001 Additions | Construction Budget | 30,407 |
| 6 Investment 2001 EOY | $\operatorname{Ln} 4+\operatorname{Ln5}$ | 819,619 |
| 72002 Additions | Construction Budget | 31,532 |
| 8 Investment 2002 EOY | $\operatorname{Ln6}+\operatorname{Ln} 7$ | 851,151 |
| 9 Average Investment 1999 | $(\operatorname{Ln} 1+\operatorname{Ln} 2) / 2$ | 743,010 |
| 10 Average Investment 2000 | $(\operatorname{Ln} 2+\operatorname{Ln} 4) / 2$ | 773,447 |
| 11 Average Investment 2001 | $(\operatorname{Ln} 4+\operatorname{Ln} 6) / 2$ | 804,416 |
| 12 Average Investment 2002 | $(\operatorname{Ln} 6+\operatorname{Ln} 8) / 2$ | 835,385 |
| 13 Curr Cost / Book Cost | Capital Recovery | 1.684 |
| 141999 Curr Average Investment | Ln43* Ln9 | 1,251,229 |
| $15 \mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ Curr Average Investment | $\operatorname{Ln} 14+(\operatorname{Ln} 10-\operatorname{Ln} 9)$ | 1,281,665 |
| 162001 Curr Average Investment | $\operatorname{Ln} 15+(\operatorname{Ln} 11-\operatorname{Ln} 10)$ | 1,312,635 |
| 172002 Curr Average Investment | $\operatorname{Ln} 16+(\operatorname{Ln} 12-\operatorname{Ln} 11)$ | 1,343,604 |
| 18 2000-2002 Curr Avg Investment | $(\operatorname{Ln} 15+\operatorname{Ln} 16+\operatorname{Ln} 17) / 3$ | 1,312,635 |
| 19 Expense Account - Lev A |  | 6121 |
| 20 Expense - 1998 Actual | Reg Expenses | 64,167 |
| 21 Service Order Adjustment | Service Order Study |  |
| 22 SoftCap Adjustment | Software Capitalization |  |
| 23 Rental Revenue/Expense | MR Ledger |  |
| 24 Adjusted Exps, Lev A - 1998 | Ln20-Ln21-Ln22-Ln23 | 64,167 |
| 25 Expense Account - Lev B |  | 6120 |
| 26 Expense - 1998 Actual (Note 4) | Reg Expenses | 123,826 |
| 27 Ratio: Lev A / Lev $B$ | Ln24/Ln26 | 0.5182 |
| 28 Level B Account |  | General Support |
| 29 Average Exp - Lev B (2000-2002) | Regulatory Forecast | 136,730 |
| 30 Average Exp - Lev A (2000-2002) | $\operatorname{Ln} 27$ * Ln 29 | 70,855 |
| 31 Adj Ratio:Oper Expense / Invest. | $\operatorname{Ln} 30 / \operatorname{Ln} 18$ | 0.053979 |
| 32 COE PowerExpense | Account 6531 | 0.000000 |
| 33 COE Power Factor | $\mathrm{Ln} 32 / \mathrm{Ln} 15$ (Total COE) | 0.000000 |
| 34 Plant Specific Factor - Calculated | Ln31 + Ln33 | 0.053979 |

## BASIC ECONOMIC INPUTS FOR CAPITAL COST CALCULATOR

 3/2/2000Number Description Value1 Debt Ratio0.4000
2 Debt Interest Rate ..... 0.067
3 Income Tax Rate ..... 0.3857
4 Investment ..... $\$ 1.00$
5 Cost of Money (Rate of Return) ..... 0.099
6 Cost of Equity ..... 0.120333

| Number | Description | FRC | Life (Years) | Net Salvage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Buildings | 10 C | 45.0 | 0.0400 |
| 2 | Land | 20C | 98.0 | 1.0000 |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Motor Vehicles | +0C | 7.5 | 0.1000 |
| 5 | Spc Purpose Velicles | 240 C | 7.0 | 0.0000 |
| 6 | Garage Work Equip | 340 C | 12.0 | 0.0000 |
| 7 | Other Work Equip | 540 C | 15.0 | 0.0100 |
| 8 - |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | Furniture | 130C | 11.0 | 0.1400 |
| 10 | Ofc Support Equip | 430 C | 10.5 | 0.1000 |
| 11 |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | Corp Comm Equip | 718 C | 7.0 | 0.1000 |
| 13 | Gen Purpose Comp, Other | 530 C | 4.4 | 0.0000 |
| 14 | G P Comp, Data Cont \& Wrksta | 630 C | 4.4 | 0.0000 |
| 15 |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | Analog Elec Switch | 77 C | 4.2 | 0.0000 |
| 17 | Digital Elec Switch | 377C | 16.0 | 0.0000 |
| 18 |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | Operator Systems | 117C | 10.0 | 0.0000 |
| 20 20 |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | Radio | 67C | 7.0 | -0.0500 |
| 22 |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | Digital Circ-DDS | 157C | 6.0 | 0.0000 |
| 24 | Digital Circ - Pair Gain | 257C | 10.5 | 0.0000 |
| 25 | Digital Circ - Other | 357C | 10.5 | 0.0000 |
| 26 | Analog Circ - Pair Gain | 457C | 6.8 | -0.1000 |
| 27 | Analog Circ-Other | 57C | 6.8 | -0.1000 |
| 28 |  |  |  |  |
| 29 | Large PBX | 158 C | 5.0 | -0.0000 |
| 30 | Other Terminal Equip | 378C | 6.0 | -0.0400 |
| 31 |  |  |  |  |
| 32 | Poles | 1 C | 35.0 | -0.7500 |
| 33 | Aerial Ca - Metal - Bldg Enter | 12 C | 18.0 | -0.1100 |
| 34 | Aerial Ca - Metal | 22 C | 18.0 | -0.1100 |
| 35 | Aerial Ca - Fiber - Bldg Enter | 812C | 20.0 | -0.1100 |
| 36 | Aerial Ca - Fiber | 822C | 20.0 | -0.1100 |
| 37 | Buried Ca - Metal | 45C | 18.0 | $-0.0800$ |
| 38 | Buried Ca - Fiber | 845C | 20.0 | -0.0000 |
| 39 | Underground Ca - Metal | 5 C | 23.0 | -0.0700 |
| 40 | Underground Ca - Fiber | 85 C | 20.0 | -0.0600 |
| 41 | Submarine Ca - Metal ${ }^{-}$ | 6C | 18.0 | -0.0500 |
| 42 | Submarine Ca - Fiber | 86C | 20.0 | -0.0500 |
| 43 | INTA Bldg Ntwk Ca-Metal | 52C | 20.0 | -0.1200 |
| 44 | INTA Bldg Ntwk Ca - Fiber | 852C | 20.0 | -0.1200 |
| 45 ( |  |  |  |  |
| 46 | Intangibles - General Purpose So460C | 460C | 5.0 | 0.0000 |
| 47 |  |  |  |  |
| 48 | Timestamp: 11/20/98 3:47:35 PM |  |  |  |


| $\underline{\mathrm{Nbr}}$ | Description | FRC | Life (Years) | COM | AP | Phi | Net Salvage | Adj Invest |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Buildings | 10 C | 45.0 | 0.099 | 0.1004 | 0.4579 | 0.0400 | 0.9600 |
| 2 | Land | 20 C | 98.0 | 0.099 | 0.0990 | 0.4579 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Motor Vehicles | +0C | 7.5 | 0.099 | 0.1951 | 0.4579 | 0.1000 | 0.9000 |
| 5 | Spe Purpose Velicles | 240 C | 7.0 | 0.099 | 0.2047 | 0.4579 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 6 | Garage Work Equip | 340 C | 12.0 | 0.099 | 0.1460 | 0.4579 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 7 | Other Work Equip | 540 C | 15.0 | 0.099 | 0.1307 | 0.4579 | 0.0100 | 0.9900 |
| 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | Furniture | 130 C | 11.0 | 0.099 | 0.1533 | 0.4579 | 0.1400 | 0.8600 |
| 10 | Ofc Support Equip | 430 C | 10.5 | 0.099 | 0.1574 | 0.4579 | 0.1000 | 0.9000 |
| 11 l |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | Corp Comm Equip | 718C | 7.0 | 0.099 | 0.2047 | 0.4579 | 0.1000 | 0.9000 |
| 13 | Gen Purpose Comp, Other | 530 C | 4.4 | 0.099 | 0.2913 | 0.4579 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 14 | G P Comp, Data Cont \& Wrksta | 630 C | 4.4 | 0.099 | 0.2913 | 0.4579 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | Analog Elec Switch | 77C | 4.2 | 0.099 | 0.3025 | 0.4579 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 17 | Digital Elec Switch | 377 C | 16.0 | 0.099 | 0.1271 | 0.4579 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | Operator Systerns | 117C | 10.0 | 0.099 | 0.1620 | 0.4579 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | Radio | 67C | 7.0 | 0.099 | 0.2047 | 0.4579 | -0.0500 | 1.0500 |
| 22 ( 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | Digital Circ - DDS | 157C | 6.0 | 0.099 | 0.2289 | 0.4579 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 24 | Digital Circ - Pair Gain | 257C | 10.5 | 0.099 | 0.1574 | 0.4579 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 25 | Digital Circ - Other | 357C | 10.5 | 0.099 | 0.1574 | 0.4579 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 26 | Analog Circ - Pair Gain | 457C | 6.8 | 0.099 | 0.2090 | 0.4579 | -0. 1000 | 1.1000 |
| 27 | Analog Circ - Other | 57C | 6.8 | 0.099 | 0.2090 | 0.4579 | -0.1000 | 1.1000 |
| 28 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 | Large PBX | 158C | 5.0 | 0.099 | 0.2631 | 0.4579 | -0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 30 | Other Terminal Equip | 378 C | 6.0 | 0.099 | 0.2289 | 0.4579 | -0.0400 | 1.0400 |
| 31 ( 310.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32 | Poles | IC | 35.0 | 0.099 | 0.1028 | 0.4579 | -0.7500 | 1.7500 |
| 33 | Aerial Ca - Metal - Bldg Enter | 12C | 18.0 | 0.099 | 0.1211 | 0.4579 | -0.1100 | 1.1100 |
| 34 | Aerial Ca - Metal | 22C | 18.0 | 0.099 | 0.1211 | 0.4579 | -0.1100 | 1.1100 |
| 35 | Aerial Ca - Fiber - Bldg Enter | 812C | 20.0 | 0.099 | 0.1167 | 0.4579 | -0.1100 | 1.1100 |
| 36 | Aerial Ca - Fiber | 822C | 20.0 | 0.099 | 0.1167 | 0.4579 | -0.1100 | 1.1100 |
| 37 | Buried Ca - Metal | 45C | 18.0 | 0.099 | 0.1211 | 0.4579 | -0.0800 | 1.0800 |
| 38 | Buried Ca - Fiber | 845C | 20.0 | 0.099 | 0.1167 | 0.4579 | -0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 39 | Underground Ca - Metal | 5C | 23.0 | 0.099 | 0.1117 | 0.4579 | -0.0700 | 1.0700 |
| 40 | Underground Ca - Fiber | 85C | 20.0 | 0.099 | 0.1167 | 0.4579 | -0.0600 | 1.0600 |
| 41 | Submarine Ca - Metal | 6C | 18.0 | 0.099 | 0.1211 | 0.4579 | -0.0500 | 1.0500 |
| 42 | Submarine Ca - Fiber | 86C | 20.0 | 0.099 | 0.1167 | 0.4579 | -0.0500 | 1.0500 |
| 43 | INTA Bldg Ntwk Ca - Metal | 52C | 20.0 | 0.099 | 0.1167 | 0.4579 | -0.1200 | 1.1200 |
| 44 | INTA Bldg Ntwk Ca - Fiber | 852C | 20.0 | 0.099 | 0.1167 | 0.4579 | -0.1200 | 1.1200 |
| 45 - 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 46 | Intangibles - General Purpose So460460C |  | 5.0 | 0.099 | 0.2631 | 0.4579 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 47 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 48 | Timestamp: 11/12/99 10:31:50 AM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^3]Source: BellSouth's Capital Cost Calculator

| Number | Description | FRC | Depreciation | ACFC COM | ACFC Tax | Cap Exp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Buildings | 10C | 0.0213 | 0.0790 | 0.0362 | 0.1366 |
| 2 | Land | 20 C | - 0.0000 | 0.0990 | 0.0453 | 0.1443 |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Motor Vehicles | 40 C | 0.1200 | 0.0655 | 0.0300 | 0.2155 |
| 5 | Spc Purpose Vehicles | 240C | 0.1429 | 0.0619 | 0.0283 | 0.2331 |
| 6 | Garage Work Equip | 340C | 0.0833 | 0.0627 | 0.0287 | 0.1748 |
| 7 | Other Work Equip | 540 C | 0.0660 | 0.0644 | 0.0295 | 0.1599 |
| 8 ( |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | Furniture | 130C | 0.0782 | 0.0675 | 0.0309 | 0.1766 |
| 10 | Ofc Support Equip | 430C | 0.0857 | 0.0659 | 0.0302 | 0.1817 |
| 11 Corp |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | Corp Comm Equip | 718 C | 0.1286 | 0.0656 | 0.0300 | 0.2242 |
| 13 | Gen Purpose Comp, Other | 530 C | 0.2273 | 0.0640 | 0.0293 | 0.3206 |
| 14 | G P Comp, Data Cont \& Wrksta | 630 C | 0.2273 | 0.0640 | 0.0293 | 0.3206 |
| 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | Analog Elec Switch | 77C | 0.2381 | 0.0644 | 0.0295 | 0.3319 |
| 17 | Digital Elec Switch | 377 C | 0.0625 | 0.0646 | 0.0296 | 0.1566 |
| 18 ( 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | Operator Systems | 117 C | 0.1000 | 0.0620 | 0.0284 | 0.1905 |
| 20 ( 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | Radio | 67C | 0.1500 | 0.0600 | 0.0275 | 0.2375 |
| 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | Digital Circ - DDS | 157C | 0.1667 | 0.0623 | 0.0285 | 0.2574 |
| 24 | Digital Circ - Pair Gain | 257C | 0.0952 | 0.0622 | 0.0285 | 0.1859 |
| 25 | Digital Circ - Other | 357C | 0.0952 | 0.0622 | 0.0285 | 0.1859 |
| 26 | Analog Circ - Pair Gain | 457C | 0.1618 | 0.0582 | 0.0267 | 0.2466 |
| 27 | Analog Circ - Other | 57C | 0.1618 | 0.0582 | 0.0267 | 0.2466 |
| 28 A |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 | Large PBX | 158C | 0.2000 | 0.0631 | 0.0289 | 0.2920 |
| 30 | Other Terminal Equip | 378C | 0.1733 | 0.0608 | 0.0278 | 0.2620 |
| 31 Oter |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32 | Poles | 1 C | 0.0500 | 0.0556 | 0.0255 | 0.1311 |
| 33 | Aerial Ca - Metal - Bldg Enter | 12C | 0.0617 | 0.0619 | 0.0284 | 0.1519 |
| 34 | Aerial Ca Metal | 22C | 0.0617 | 0.0619 | 0.0284 | 0.1519 |
| 35 | Aerial Ca - Fiber - Bldg Enter | 812C | 0.0555 | 0.0631 | 0.0289 | 0.1475 |
| 36 | Aerial Ca - Fiber | 822C | 0.0555 | 0.0631 | 0.0289 | 0.1475 |
| 37 | Buried Ca - Metal | 45C | 0.0600 | 0.0629 | 0.0288 | 0.1517 |
| 38 | Buried Ca - Fiber | 845C | 0.0500 | 0.0667 | 0.0305 | 0.1472 |
| 39 | Underground Ca - Metal | 5C | 0.0465 | 0.0661 | 0.0303 | 0.1429 |
| 40 | Underground Ca - Fiber | 85C | 0.0530 | 0.0647 | 0.0296 | 0.1474 |
| 41 | Submarine Ca - Metar | 6C | 0.0583 | 0.0639 | 0.0293 | 0.1515 |
| 42 | Submarine Ca - Fiber | 86C | 0.0525 | 0.0650 | 0.0298 | 0.1473 |
| 43 | INTA Bldg Ntwk Ca - Metal | 52C | 0.0560 | 0.0628 | 0.0287 | 0.1475 |
| 44 | INTA Bldg Ntwk Ca - Fiber | 852C | 0.0560 | 0.0628 | 0.0287 | 0.1475 |
| 45 ( 46 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 46 | Intangibles - General Purpose So460C | 460C | 0.2000 | 0.0631 | 0.0289 | 0.2920 |
| 47 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 48 | Timestamp: 11/12/99 10:31:50 AM |  |  |  |  |  |

[^4]Calculations rounded to four (4) decimal places.

BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC. RATIO OF AD VALOREM AND OTHER TAXES TO TELEPHONE PLANT IN SERVICE $\mathbb{I N} 1998$

|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATE |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OTHER } \\ & \text { C 7240.3000, } \\ & 0.9100, .9200 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | TOTAL | TEL. PLANT in SERVICE (AVC 2001) | TAXES TO PLANT (3/4) |
| FLORIDA | 106,391,524 | 1,194,300 | 107,585,824 | 11,306,437,040 | 0.9515\% |

OILOOO

| $\begin{gathered} \text { AREA } \\ \mathbf{a} \end{gathered}$ | GROSS RECEIPTS NET TAX b | GROSS RECEIPTS REVENUES c | GROSS RECEIPTS taX Rate $\mathrm{d}=\mathrm{b} / \mathrm{c}$ | GROSS RECEIPTS MARKUP FACTOR $e=1 /(1-d)-1$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FLORIDA | 22,686,517 | 2,394,278,394 | 0.0095 | 0.0096 |



| BellSouth Telecommunicalions，Inc． Schedule of Revenues per the RR \＃A For the Year Ended 12131／98 |  | Florida |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Account | Description |  |
|  | Net Local Service | 1，873，928， 151 |
| 5010.0000 | Coin（exal ． $1100,3000,5100$ ） | \％ 0 |
| 5010.1100 | Coin Sent Pald－Public | 60\％${ }^{\text {ck }}$ |
| 5010.3000 | Public Exchange Coin |  |
| 5010.5100 | Coln Sent Paid－Semi Public | 緌安， 0 |
| 5040.0000 | Private Line | 5614088 |
| 5050.0000 | Customer Premise Equipment |  |
| 5060.5000 | Ceflular Interconnection． | 考5 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| $5001-5069$ | Total Local Service |  |
| 5001.0000 | Interstate Access－CALC |  |
| 5082.5083 | Interstale Access－Switched |  |
| 5084.0000 | Intrastale Accass |  |
|  | Nat Intrastate Message Toll | 70，708．626 |
| 5100.2300 | Coin Sent Paid－Coin Orig |  |
|  | Intrastate Message Toil lass private line | 70．703，850 |
| 5120.0000 | Private Line Toll－Intrastate |  |
| 5100－5169 | Total Intrastate Message Toll |  |
|  | Net interstate Message Toll | 756，578 |
| 5120.0000 | Private Line Toill－Interstate | 1． |
| 5100－5169 | Total Interstata Message Toll |  |
|  | LOCAL SERVICEE TAXED AS TOLL | $0$ |
|  | Net Directory Revenue | 154，369 |
| 5230.1000 | Local White Pages |  |
| 5230.0000 | Total Directory Revenue |  |
| －－ | Net Rent Revenue | 9，214．731 |
| 5240.9100 | Other Rent Revenue－Intercompany | 15x．601181 |
| 5240.0000 | Total Rent Revenue－ |  |
| 5250.0000 | Corporate Operations Revenue | 0 |
|  | Net Miscellaneous Revenue | 27，775，514 |
| 5263.0000 | Plant Operations | \％\％$\times 18.16$ |
| 5264.1200 | Charges for Returned Checks |  |
| $5264.1300$ | Late Payment fees | $\text { 20 } 20140$ |
| $5264.9100$ | Other－Intercompany Transaction | $\text { 14, } 68800$ |
| 5260.0000 | Total Miscellaneous Revenue | Hust 78.6076 |
| 5270.1000 | Billing \＆Collecting Revenue－Interstate | \％81，667，892 |
| 5270.2000 | Billing \＆Collecting Revenue－Intrastate | ＋4 14，922，024 |
| 5270.0000 | Total Carrier Billing \＆Collecting Revenue | x．．－4R．789，816 |
| 5280.0000 | Nonregulated Operating Revenue | 227，885．493 |
|  | Uncollectible Revenue－Interstate Uncollectible Revenue－Intrastate | $\begin{array}{r} (5,500,242) \\ (26,804,311) \end{array}$ |

GRtax xis

| BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. Schedule of Revenues per the RR \#4 For the Year Ended 12/31/98 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| Account | Description | Florida |
| 5301.0000 | Tolal Uncollectible Revenue | (35,184,453) |
| 5302.0000 | Uncollectible Revenue - Other |  |
|  | Total Revenues | 3,738,382,915 |
|  | Total Revenues per the RR \#4 Difference |  |



|  |  |  | Directly Assi | Directly Assigned |  |  | Telric | Teiric |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Labor |  | Labor |  | Labor | Labor |
| State | JFC/JG/WS | Description | Date |  | Rate |  | Rate | Date |
| RW | SDWC | Systems Designer w/Sales Com | 11-05-99 | \$ | 51.17 | \$ | 51.17 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | SDWOC | Systems Designer wo/Sales Com | 11-05-99 | \$ | 46.88 | \$ | 46.88 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | SVCC | Service Consultant | 11-05-99 | \$ | 33.96 | \$ | 33.96 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | JG54 | Job Grade 54 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 28.29 | \$ | 28.29 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | JG55 | Job Grade 55 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 31.15 | \$ | 31.15 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | JG56 | Job Grade 56 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 36.16 | \$ | 36.16 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | JG57 | Job Grade 57 | 11-05-99 | 5 | 40.54 | \$ | 40.54 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | JG58 | Job Grade 58 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 47.07 | \$ | 47.07 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | JG59 | Job Grade 59 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 54.58 | \$ | 54.58 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | JG60 | Job Grade 60 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 62.43 | \$ | 62.43 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | JG61 | Job Grade 61 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 71.24 | \$ | 71.24 | 11.05-99 |
| RW | WS10 | Wage Scale 10 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 24.14 | \$ | 24.14 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | WS14 | Wage Scale 14 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 25.17 | \$ | 25.17 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | WS16 | Wage Scale 16 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 25.85 | \$ | 25.85 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | WS18 | Wage Scale 18 | 11-05-99 | 5 | 26.37 | \$ | 26.37 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | WS23 | Wage Scale 23 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 27.72 | \$ | 27.72 | 11-05-99 |
| RW | WS32 | Wage Scale 32 | 11-05-99 | \$ | 33.28 | \$ | 33.28 | 11-05-99 |



BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS TPIs Attachment C OCTOBER 1998 FORECAST ASSUMPTIONS

|  | PRICE INDEX NONRESIDENTIAL STRUCTURES | CHAIN PRICE INDEX GDP | $\begin{gathered} \text { GDP } \\ \text { 1992\$ } \end{gathered}$ | CAPITAL EQUIPMENT PPI | UNION WAGES | COPPER CATHODE PPI | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PVC } \\ & \text { PPI } \end{aligned}$ | SEMICOND. PPI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1995 | 4.2 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 27.9 | 10.5 | -7.0 |
| 1996 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 2.7 | -21.5 | -14.5 | -8.1 |
| 1997 | 3.3 | 2.0 | 3.8 | 0.0 | 2.6 | -2.9 | 4.7 | -10.9 |
| 1998 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 3.3 | -0.7 | 2.9 | -26.3 | -17.0 | -9.5 |
| 1999 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 | -0.2 | 3.2 | -5.0 | -1.5 | -9.0 |
| 2000 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 1.2 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 1.0 | -8.0 |
| 2001 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 3.5 | 8.0 | 6.0 | -8.0 |
| 2002 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.3 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 4.0 | -7.0 |
| 2003 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 3.0 | -7.0 |
| 2004 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | -7.0 |
| 2005 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 2.6 | -7.0 |
| 2006 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 1.5 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 2.6 | -7.0 |
| 2007 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 2.6 | -7.0 |





| A |  |  | C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SECURITY ESCORT |  |  | 05-Nov-99 |
| 2000-2002 DIRECTLY ASSIGNED - BASIC, OVERTIME, PREMIUM |  |  |  |
| ACAC |  | RATE | REFERENCE |
| BASIC |  |  |  |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 34.68 | ACAC C30 |
| LESS PREMIUM | \$ | 2.25 | ACAC C15 |
| DA LESS PREM | \$ | 32.43 |  |
| TOTAL 2000-2002 DA | \$ | 35.83 | B11*INFL FACTOR E18 |
| OVERTIME (1 1/2) |  |  |  |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 34.68 | ACAC C30 |
| LESS PREMIUM | \$ | 2.25 | ACAC C15 |
| DA LESS PREM | \$ | 32.43 |  |
| 1/2 PROD LABOR | \$ | 10.38 | ACAC C14/2 |
| DA LESS PREM +1/2 PROD | \$ | 42.80 |  |
| TOTAL 2000-2002 DA | \$ | 47.29 | B20*INFL FACTOR E18 |
| PREMIUM (2X) |  |  |  |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 34.68 | ACAC C30 |
| LESS PREMIUM | \$ | 2.25 | ACAC C15 |
| DA LESS PREM | \$ | 32.43 |  |
| 1X PROD LABOR | \$ | 20.76 | ACAC C14 |
| DA LESS PREM + 1X PROD | \$ | 53.18 |  |
| TOTAL 2000-2002 DA | \$ | 58.76 | B29*INFL FACTOR E18 |


| A |  |  | c |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SECURITY ESCORT |  |  | 05-Nov-99 |
| 2000-2002 DIRECTLY ASSIGNED - BASIC, OVERTIME, PREMIUM |  |  |  |
| ICSC/LCSC |  | RATE | REFERENCE |
| BASIC |  |  |  |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 28.21 | ICSC LCSC C22 |
| LESS PREMIUM | \$ | 1.73 | ICSC LCSC C15 |
| DA LESS PREM | \$ | 26.48 |  |
| TOTAL 2000-2002 DA | \$ | 29.26 | B11*INFL FACTOR E18 |
| OVERTIME (1 1/2) |  |  |  |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 28.21 | ICSC LCSC C22 |
| LESS PREMIUM | \$ | 1.73 | ICSC LCSC C15 |
| DA LESS PREM | \$ | 26.48 |  |
| 1/2 PROD LABOR | \$ | 8.62 | 1 CSC LCSC C12/2 |
| DA LESS PREM + $1 / 2$ PROD | \$ | 35.10 |  |
| TOTAL 2000-2002 DA | \$ | 38.79 | B20*INFL FACTOR E18 |
|  |  |  |  |
| PREMIUM (2X) |  |  |  |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 28.21 | ICSC LCSC C22 |
| LESS PREMIUM | \$ | 1.73 | ICSC LCSC C15 |
| DA LESS PREM | \$ | 26.48 |  |
| 1X PROD LABOR | \$ | 17.25 | ICSC LCSC C12 |
| DA LESS PREM + 1X PROD | \$ | 43.73 |  |
| TOTAL 2000-2002 DA | \$ | 48.31 | B29*INFL FACTOR E18 |

JOB GRADE \& WAGE SCALE SUMMARY



| A | B C |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |
| FG/FSG: INSTALLATION AND MTCE-POTS |  |  |  |
| WCT: I\&M POTS |  |  |  |
| JFC: 410 X |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  |  |
|  | CLASSIFIED |  |  |
|  | 1998 | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT | DOLLARS** | (B/B32) |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ 323,632,309.48 | \$ | 19.78 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ 51,193,986.73 | \$ | 3.13 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ 7,185,553.39 | \$ | 0.44 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ 39,915,598.12 | \$ | 2.44 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ 36,070,131.54 | \$ | 2.20 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ 457,997,579.26 | \$ | 27.99 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ 1,860,391.29 | \$ | 0.11 |
| OTHER TOOLS - SALARIES | \$ 120,856.66 | \$ | 0.01 |
| OTHER TOOLS - BENEFITS | \$ 20,736.18 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - RENTS | \$ 902,483.40 | \$ | 0.06 |
| OTHER TOOLS - OTHER | \$ 22,240,105.66 | \$ | 1.36 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - SALARIES | \$ 2,556,121.77 | \$ | 0.16 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - BENEFITS | \$ 536,900.39 | \$ | 0.03 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - RENTS | \$ 17,884.40 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - OTHER | \$ 23,002,586.50 | \$ | 1.41 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ 87,002,300.41 | \$ | 5.32 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ 596,257,945.92 | \$ | 36.43 |
| TOTAL CLASSIFIED PROD HOURS | 16,365,225.17 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT | SYSTEM |  |  |


| A | C |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| FG/FSG: INSTALLATION \& MTCE - SPECIAL SERVICES |  |  |  |  |
| WCT: SSIM |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 411 X |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  |  |  |
|  | CLASSIFIED |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT |  | DOLLARS** | (B/B32) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 63,038,168.43 | \$ | 23.25 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 6,713,982.16 | \$ | 2.48 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 1,101,577.76 | \$ | 0.41 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 8,306,460.31 | \$ | 3.06 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 7,367,242.53 | \$ | 2.72 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 86,527,431.19 | \$ | 31.92 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 341,888.42 | \$ | 0.13 |
| OTHER TOOLS - SALARIES | \$ | 17,439.66 | \$ | 0.01 |
| OTHER TOOLS - BENEFITS | \$ | 3,011.77 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - RENTS | \$ | 118,593.84 | \$ | 0.04 |
| OTHER TOOLS - OTHER | \$ | 3,612,702.29 | \$ | 1.33 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - SALARIES | \$ | 421,599.34 | \$ | 0.16 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - BENEFITS | \$ | 87,809.85 | \$ | 0.03 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - RENTS | \$ | 3,349.19 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - OTHER | \$ | 3,786,287.40 | \$ | 1.40 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 16,487,758.50 | \$ | 6.08 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED |  | 111,407,871.45 | \$ | 41.10 |
| TOTAL CLASSIFIED PROD HOURS |  | 2,710,907.07 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT END SYSTEM |  |  |  |  |

## 000127



## 000128



## 000129

| A | B | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |
| FG/FSG: CABLE REPAIR TECHNICIAN |  |  |  |
| WCT: CRT |  |  |  |
| JFC: 425X OR 426X |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| 1998 |  |  |  |
| CLASSIFIED |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT | DOLLARS** | (B/B32) |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ 159,170,728.90 | \$ | 21.47 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ 25,893,406.38 | \$ | 3.49 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ 2,759,493.71 | \$ | 0.37 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ 20,743,274.31 | \$ | 2.80 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ 19,784,563.00 | \$ | 2.67 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ 228,351,466.30 | \$ | 30.81 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ 796,163.94 | \$ | 0.11 |
| OTHER TOOLS - SALARIES | \$ 65,725.70 | \$ | 0.01 |
| OTHER TOOLS - BENEFITS | \$ - 12,076.27 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - RENTS | \$ 357,101.15 | \$ | 0.05 |
| OTHER TOOLS - OTHER | \$ 9,926,822.08 | \$ | 1.34 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - SALARIES | \$ 1,172,438.25 | \$ | 0.16 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - BENEFITS | \$ 248,188.24 | \$ | 0.03 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - RENTS | \$ 11,313.02 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - OTHER | \$ 10,669,092.59 | \$ | 1.44 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ 43,992,956.77 | \$ | 5.94 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ 295,603,344.31 | \$ | 39.88 |
| TOTAL CLASSIFIED PROD HOURS | 7,412,024.54 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT ${ }^{\text {FRROM }}$ FINANCIAL FRONT END SYSTEM |  |  |  |

## 000130

99LAB_FI.XLS


## 000131



## 000132



## 000133



| A | B |  | c |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| State: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| FG/FSG: CO INSTALLATION, MAINTENANCE AND ADMINISTRATION-SOFTWARE |  |  |  |  |
| WCT: SOFTWARE |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 432 X |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | CLASSIFIED |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT |  | DOLLARS:* | (B/B32) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 5,522,178.80 | \$ | 26.22 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 463,285.11 | \$ | 2.20 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 93,643.52 | \$ | 0.44 |
| DIRECT LABOR - AnNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 846,714.02 | \$ | 4.02 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 171,743.09 | \$ | 0.82 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 7,097,564.54 | \$ | 33.70 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 36,310.26 | \$ | 0.17 |
| OTHER TOOLS - SALARIES | \$ | 2,364.73 | \$ | 0.01 |
| OTHER TOOLS - BENEFITS | \$ | 534.74 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS-RENTS | \$ | 1,230.02 | \$ | 0.01 |
| OTHER TOOLS - OTHER | \$ | 264,508.03 | \$ | 1.26 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - SALARIES | \$ | 32,460.33 | \$ | 0.15 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - BENEFITS | \$ | 6,508.20 | \$ | 0.03 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - RENTS | $\stackrel{5}{ }$ | 15.94 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - OTHER | \$ | 305,391.71 | \$ | 1.45 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 1,501,134.80 | \$ | 7.13 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 9,248,023.30 | \$ | 43.91 |
| TOTAL CLASSIFIED PROD HOURS |  | 210,630.25 |  |  |
| *DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT | SY | STEM |  |  |

## 000135



## 000136

| A | B |  | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| FG/FSG: NETWORK RELIABILITY CENTER |  |  |  |  |
| WCT: NRC |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 4LXX |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1998 |  |
|  |  |  | CLASSIFIED |  |
|  |  | 1998 | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT |  | DOLLARS** | (B/B32) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 21,192,531.17 | \$ | 22.52 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 1,711,520.41 | \$ | 1.82 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 406,267.75 | \$ | 0.43 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 2,621,060.50 | \$ | 2.79 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 2,429,091.50 | \$ | 2.58 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 28,360,471.33 | \$ | 30.14 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 1,515,597.92 | \$ | 1.61 |
| OTHER TOOLS - SALARIES | \$ | 1,173.46 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - BENEFITS | \$ | 303.78 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - RENTS | \$ | 5,333.36 | \$ | 0.01 |
| OTHER TOOLS - OTHER | \$ | 927,899.41 | \$ | 0.99 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - SALARIES | \$ | 128,458.05 | \$ | 0.14 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - BENEFITS | \$ | 25,646.19 | \$ | 0.03 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - RENTS | \$ | 25.30 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - OTHER | \$ | 1,197,203.19 | \$ | 1.27 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 5,086,411.20 | \$ | 5.41 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 37,248,523.19 | \$ | 39.59 |
| TOTAL CLASSIFIED PROD HOURS |  | 940,878.35 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT END SYSTEM |  |  |  |  |

## 000137



## 000138



## 000139



## 000140

## EBAC




## 000142

| A | B |  | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| FG/FSG: RESIDENCE REPAIR CENTER |  |  |  |  |
| WCT: RRC |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 4RXX |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1998 |  |
|  |  |  | CLASSIFIED |  |
|  |  | 1998 | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT |  | DOLLARS** | (B/B32) |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 23,673,736.27 | \$ | 16.05 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 2,465,553.99 | \$ | 1.67 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 647,541.92 | \$ | 0.44 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 3,015,843.65 | \$ | 2.04 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 4,513,061.75 | \$ | 3.06 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 34,315,737.58 | \$ | 23.26 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 43,399.85 | \$ | 0.03 |
| OTHER TOOLS - SALARIES | \$ | 199.42 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - BENEFITS | \$ | 42.46 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - RENTS | \$ | 207.46 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - OTHER | \$ | 47,707.51 | \$ | 0.03 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - SALARIES | \$ | 5,495.93 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - BENEFITS | \$ | 1,186.87 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - RENTS | \$ | 20.91 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - OTHER | \$ | 48,621.77 | \$ | 0.03 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 6,406,664.58 | \$ | 4.34 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 40,869,284.34 | \$ | 27.71 |
| TOTAL CLASSIFIED PROD HOURS |  | 1,475,131.50 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT END SYSTEM |  |  |  |  |


| A | B |  | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| FG/FSG: WORK MANAGEMENT CENTER |  |  |  |  |
| WCT: WMC |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 4WXX |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1998 |  |
|  |  |  | CLASSIFIED |  |
|  |  | 1998 | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT |  | DOLLARS** | (B/B32) |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 25,556,675.00 | \$ | 16.52 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 1,629,873.62 | \$ | 1.05 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 583,689.68 | \$ | 0.38 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 4,221,771.80 | \$ | 2.73 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 7,494,786.46 | \$ | 4.85 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 39,486,796.56 | \$ | 25.53 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 81,803.13 | \$ | 0.05 |
| OTHER TOOLS - SALARIES | \$ | 29.44 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - BENEFITS | \$ | 7.43 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - RENTS | \$ | 76.00 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - OTHER | \$ | 12,584.75 | \$ | 0.01 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - SALARIES | \$ | 1,315.06 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - BENEFITS | \$ | 331.09 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - RENTS | \$ | 1.17 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - OTHER | \$ | 10,942.32 | \$ | 0.01 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 6,269,577.19 | \$ | 4.05 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 45,863,464.14 | \$ | 29.65 |
| TOTAL CLASSIFIED PROD HOURS |  | 1,546,686.50 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT END SYSTEM |  |  |  |  |

000144


## 000145

## RNOC



## CIA

| A | B |  | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| FG/FSG: COMPANY INITIATED ACTIVITIES CENTER |  |  |  |  |
| WCT: CIA |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 4EXX |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  |  |  |
|  | CLASSIFIED |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT | DOLLARS** |  | (B/B32) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 5,107,569.95 | \$ | 21.48 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 167,786.52 | \$ | 0.71 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 102,642.16 | \$ | 0.43 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 834,281.38 | \$ | 3.51 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 835,794.84 | \$ | 3.51 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 7,048,074.85 | \$ | 29.64 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 37,408.47 | \$ | 0.16 |
| OTHER TOOLS - SALARIES | \$ | 433.61 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - BENEFITS | \$ | 73.33 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - RENTS | \$ | 3,650.52 | \$ | 0.02 |
| OTHER TOOLS - OTHER | \$ | 78,728.42 | \$ | 0.33 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - SALARIES | \$ | 9,380.31 | \$ | 0.04 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - BENEFITS | \$ | 1,941.28 | \$ | 0.01 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - RENTS | \$ | 71.44 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - OTHER | \$ | 85,242.58 | \$ | 0.36 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 1,290,782.38 | \$ | 5.43 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 8,555,787.19 | \$ | 35.98 |
| TOTAL CLASSIFIED PROD HOURS |  | 237,782.05 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT END SYSTEM |  |  |  |  |

## 000147

| A | B |  | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| FG/FSG: SERVICE ADVOCACY CENTER |  |  |  |  |
| WCT: SAC |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 4 FXX |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1998 |  |
|  |  |  | CLASSIFIED |  |
|  |  | 1998 | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT |  | DOLLARS** | (B/B32) |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 4,092,817.96 | \$ | 16.13 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 162,665.13 | \$ | 0.64 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 86,056.89 | \$ | 0.34 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 706,098.48 | \$ | 2.78 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 553,843.97 | \$ | 2.18 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 5,601,482.43 | \$ | 22.08 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 27,095.04 | \$ | 0.11 |
| OTHER TOOLS - SALARIES | \$ | 1,840.59 | \$ | 0.01 |
| OTHER TOOLS - BENEFITS | \$ | 325.56 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - RENTS | \$ | 12,836.88 | \$ | 0.05 |
| OTHER TOOLS - OTHER | \$ | 342,781.26 | \$ | 1.35 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - SALARIES | \$ | 38,973.82 | \$ | 0.15 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - BENEFITS | \$ | 8,203.44 | \$ | 0.03 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - RENTS | \$ | 318.79 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - OTHER | \$ | 350,432.17 | \$ | 1.38 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 1,107,026.55 | \$ | 4.36 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 7,491,316.53 | \$ | 29.52 |
| TOTAL CLASSIFIED PROD HOURS 253,738.50 |  |  |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT'FROM FINANCIAL FRONT | SY | STEM |  |  |

## 000148




## 000150



## 000151

| A | B | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |
| FG/FSG: OUTSIDE PLANT ENGINEERING (FG30) |  |  |  |
| JFC: 32XX |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1998 |  |
|  |  | CLASSIFIED |  |
|  | 1998 | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT | DOLLARS** | (B/B23) |  |
| DIRECT ENGINEERING - PRODUCTIVE | \$ 33,783,303.15 | \$ | 20.85 |
| DIRECT ENGINEERING - PREMIUM | \$ 581,358.14 | \$ | 0.36 |
| DIRECT ENGINEERING - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ 3,684,657.91 | \$ | 2.27 |
| DIRECT ENGINEERING - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCES | \$ 4,885,280.54 | \$ | 3.02 |
| DIRECT ENGINEERING - DIRECT ADMINISTRATIO\$ | \$ 9,962,730.93 | \$ | 6.15 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ 52,897,330.67 | \$ | 32.65 |
| DIRECT ENGINEERING - OTHER COSTS | \$ 794,199.75 | \$ | 0.49 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ 10,330,155.50 | \$ | 6.38 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ 64,021,685.92 | \$ | 39.52 |
| TOTAL CLASSIFIED PROD HOURS 1, 1,620,126.77 |  |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT END S | SYSTEM |  |  |



## 000153

| A | B |  | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| GROUP: TOLL \& ASSIST - COMBINED |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 212 X |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT | DOLLARS** |  | (B/B23) |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 17,122,437.06 | \$ | 15.23 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 1,367,871.10 | \$ | 1.22 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 432,513.41 | \$ | 0.38 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 3,174,320.17 | \$ | 2.82 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 1,063,303.35 | \$ | 0.95 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 23,160,445.09 | \$ | 20.60 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 35,945.03 | \$ | 0.03 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 5,108,700.48 | \$ | 4.54 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 28,305,090.60 | \$ | 25.17 |
| TOTAL HOURS |  | 1,124,508.56 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT | SY | TEM |  |  |




## 000156



## 000157

## DIR ASSIST ATTEND



| A | B |  | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| GROUP: DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE OPERATORS |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: $294 \times 1$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1998 |  |
|  | 1998 |  | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT |  | DOLLARS** | (B/B23) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 65,288,001.16 | \$ | 15.39 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 3,710,525.26 | \$ | 0.87 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 2,057,445.53 | \$ | 0.49 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 11,390,563.07 | \$ | 2.69 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 3,454,124.97 | \$ | 0.81 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 85,900,659.99 | \$ | 20.25 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 272,830.33 | \$ | 0.06 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 18,626,124.92 | \$ | 4.39 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 104,799,615.25 | \$ | 24.71 |
| TOTAL HOURS |  | 4,241,136.54 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT END SYSTEM |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| \% Direct Administration | 5.30\% |  |  |  |
| \% Directory Assistance Operator Hours | 88.26\% |  |  |  |

## 000159

| A | B C |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| GROUP: CUSTOMER BILLING |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 260X |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT | DOLLARS** |  | (B/B23) |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 5,056,422.09 | \$ | 16.82 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 148,517.78 | \$ | 0.49 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 177,800.81 | \$ | 0.59 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 781,760.31 | \$ | 2.60 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 632,052.76 | \$ | 2.10 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 6,796,553.75 | \$ | 22.61 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 3,991.99 | \$ | 0.01 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 1,226,109.21 | \$ | 4.08 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 8,026,654.95 | \$ | 26.70 |
| TOTAL HOURS |  | 300,648.72 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT | SY | EM |  |  |




## 000162

SALES - CUST SVC REL

| A | B |  | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| GROUP: SALES - CUSTOMER SERVICE RELATED |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 287X |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1998 |  |
|  |  | 1998 | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT |  | DOLLARS** | (B/B23) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 88,372,146.68 | \$ | 17.02 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 5,480,874.31 | \$ | 1.06 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 2,651,521.81 | \$ | 0.51 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 12,118,594.81 | \$ | 2.33 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 11,336,172.13 | \$ | 2.18 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 119,959,309.74 | \$ | 23.10 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 1,056,303.08 | \$ | 0.20 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 23,496,648.13 | \$ | 4.53 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 144,512,260.95 | \$ | 27.83 |
| TOTAL HOURS 5, 5, 192,228.57 |  |  |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT | S | STEM |  |  |

000163

| A | B C |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| GROUP: COMPTROLLERS CLERICAL |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 124X OR 125X OR 126X OR 127X |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1998 |  |
|  |  | 1998 | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT |  | DOLLARS** | (B/B23) |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 7,343,470.85 | \$ | 15.60 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 650,830.95 | \$ | 1.38 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 154,432.85 | \$ | 0.33 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 963,302.51 | \$ | 2.05 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 917,933.86 | \$ | 1.95 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 10,029,971.02 | \$ | 21.31 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 4,048.44 | \$ | 0.01 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 1,698,772.28 | \$ | 3.61 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 11,732,791.74 | \$ | 24.92 |
| TOTAL HOURS |  | 470,755.43 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT END SYSTEM |  |  |  |  |


| A | B |  | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| GROUP: NETWORK SERVICES CLERICAL |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 2700 OR 2701 OR 2730 OR 2751 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT |  | OLLARS** | (B/B23) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 4,547,033.44 | \$ | 16.18 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 130,083.88 | \$ | 0.46 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 99,907.32 | \$ | 0.36 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 806,212.79 | \$ | 2.87 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 568,379.18 | \$ | 2.02 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 6,151,616.61 | \$ | 21.89 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 69,197.78 | \$ | 0.25 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 1,180,384.66 | \$ | 4.20 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 7,401,199.05 | \$ | 26.34 |
| TOTAL HOURS |  | 281,026.91 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT | SY | TEM |  |  |


| A | B |  | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| GROUP: COMPLEX RESALE SUPPORT GROUP |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 221X |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1998 |  |
|  |  | 1998 | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT | DOLLARS** |  | (B/B23) |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 2,722,283.45 | \$ | 15.60 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 59,786.75 | \$ | 0.34 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 745,617.22 | \$ | 4.27 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 267,965.39 | \$ | 1.54 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 340,285.43 | \$ | 1.95 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 4,135,938.24 | \$ | 23.70 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 24,800.10 | \$ | 0.14 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 761,937.69 | \$ | 4.37 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 4,922,676.03 | \$ | 28.21 |
| TOTAL HOURS | 174,508.67 |  |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT END SYSTEM |  |  |  |  |

AE SD SC

| 05-Nov-99 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED LABOR RATES FOR |  |  |
| ACCOUNT EXECUTIVE, SYSTEMS DESIGNER AND SERVICE CONSULTANT |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  |
| ACCOUNT EXECUTIVE | HOURLY RATE |  |
|  |  |  |
| DIRECT SALARIES AND WAGES | \$ | 27.47 |
| OTHER DIRECT | \$ | 18.34 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED WITH SALES COMP | \$ | 45.81 |
|  |  |  |
| DIRECT SALARIES AND WAGES | \$ | 27.47 |
| OTHER DIRECT | \$ | 6.99 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED WITHOUT SALES COMP | \$ | 34.46 |
|  |  |  |
| SYSTEMS DESIGNER |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| DIRECT SALARIES AND WAGES | \$ | 35.36 |
| OTHER DIRECT | \$ | 10.95 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED WITH SALES COMP | \$ | 46.31 |
|  |  |  |
| DIRECT SALARIES AND WAGES | \$ | 35.36 |
| OTHER DIRECT | \$ | 7.07 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED WITHOUT SALES COMP | \$ | 42.43 |
|  |  |  |
| SERVICE CONSULTANT |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| DIRECT SALARIES AND WAGES | \$ | 25.85 |
| OTHER DIRECT | \$ | 4.89 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 30.74 |
|  |  |  |
| SOURCE: FINANCE DEPARTMENT/BELLSOUTH BUSINESS SYSTEMS |  |  |

## 000167



| Work Center/ | Date |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cost Group | Updated |
| AFIG | 05-Nov-99 |
| I\&M POTS | 05-Nov-99 |
| SSIM | 05-Nov-99 |
| OSPC | 05-Nov-99 |
| OPAC | 05-Nov-99 |
| CRT | 05-Nov-99 |
| COIM-CIR\&FAC | 05-Nov-99 |
| COIM-SW EQ | 05-Nov-99 |
| RCMAG | 05-Nov-99 |
| TRANSLATIONS | 05-Nov-99 |
| SOFTWARE | 05-Nov-99 |
| TCG | 05-Nov-99 |
| NRC | 05-Nov-99 |
| PAR | 05-Nov-99 |
| CPG | 05-Nov-99 |
| ACAC | 05-Nov-99 |
| EBAC | 05-Nov-99 |
| BRC | 05-Nov-99 |
| RRC | 05-Nov-99 |
| WMC | 05-Nov-99 |
| NBF | 05-Nov-99 |
| RNOC | 05-Nov-99 |
| CIA | 05-Nov-99 |
| SAC | 05-Nov-99 |
| FG10 | 05-Nov-99 |
| FG20 | 05-Nov-99 |
| PICS | 05-Nov-99 |
| FG30 | 05-Nov-99 |
| ICSC LCSC | 05-Nov-99 |
| TOLL \& ASSIST - COMBINED | 05-Nov-99 |
| DIR ASSIST - COMBINED | 05-Nov-99 |
| CUST BILL | 05-Nov-99 |
| COLL REP | 05-Nov-99 |
| CUST SVC | 05-Nov-99 |
| SALES - CUST SVCT REL | 05-Nov-99 |
| COMP CLER | 05-Nov-99 |
| NTWK SVC CLER | 05-Nov-99 |
| CRSG | 05-Nov-99 |



## 000140

## EBAC




## 000142

| A | B |  | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| FG/FSG: RESIDENCE REPAIR CENTER |  |  |  |  |
| WCT: RRC |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 4RXX |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1998 |  |
|  |  |  | CLASSIFIED |  |
|  |  | 1998 | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT |  | DOLLARS** | (B/B32) |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 23,673,736.27 | \$ | 16.05 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 2,465,553.99 | \$ | 1.67 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 647,541.92 | \$ | 0.44 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 3,015,843.65 | \$ | 2.04 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 4,513,061.75 | \$ | 3.06 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 34,315,737.58 | \$ | 23.26 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 43,399.85 | \$ | 0.03 |
| OTHER TOOLS - SALARIES | \$ | 199.42 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - BENEFITS | \$ | 42.46 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - RENTS | \$ | 207.46 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - OTHER | \$ | 47,707.51 | \$ | 0.03 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - SALARIES | \$ | 5,495.93 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - BENEFITS | \$ | 1,186.87 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - RENTS | \$ | 20.91 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - OTHER | \$ | 48,621.77 | \$ | 0.03 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 6,406,664.58 | \$ | 4.34 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 40,869,284.34 | \$ | 27.71 |
| TOTAL CLASSIFIED PROD HOURS |  | 1,475,131.50 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT END SYSTEM |  |  |  |  |


| A | B |  | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| FG/FSG: WORK MANAGEMENT CENTER |  |  |  |  |
| WCT: WMC |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 4WXX |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1998 |  |
|  |  |  | CLASSIFIED |  |
|  |  | 1998 | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT |  | DOLLARS** | (B/B32) |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 25,556,675.00 | \$ | 16.52 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 1,629,873.62 | \$ | 1.05 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 583,689.68 | \$ | 0.38 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 4,221,771.80 | \$ | 2.73 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 7,494,786.46 | \$ | 4.85 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 39,486,796.56 | \$ | 25.53 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 81,803.13 | \$ | 0.05 |
| OTHER TOOLS - SALARIES | \$ | 29.44 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - BENEFITS | \$ | 7.43 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - RENTS | \$ | 76.00 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - OTHER | \$ | 12,584.75 | \$ | 0.01 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - SALARIES | \$ | 1,315.06 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - BENEFITS | \$ | 331.09 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - RENTS | \$ | 1.17 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - OTHER | \$ | 10,942.32 | \$ | 0.01 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 6,269,577.19 | \$ | 4.05 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 45,863,464.14 | \$ | 29.65 |
| TOTAL CLASSIFIED PROD HOURS |  | 1,546,686.50 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT END SYSTEM |  |  |  |  |

000144


## 000145

## RNOC



## CIA

| A | B |  | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| FG/FSG: COMPANY INITIATED ACTIVITIES CENTER |  |  |  |  |
| WCT: CIA |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 4EXX |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  |  |  |
|  | CLASSIFIED |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT | DOLLARS** |  | (B/B32) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 5,107,569.95 | \$ | 21.48 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 167,786.52 | \$ | 0.71 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 102,642.16 | \$ | 0.43 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 834,281.38 | \$ | 3.51 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 835,794.84 | \$ | 3.51 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 7,048,074.85 | \$ | 29.64 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 37,408.47 | \$ | 0.16 |
| OTHER TOOLS - SALARIES | \$ | 433.61 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - BENEFITS | \$ | 73.33 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - RENTS | \$ | 3,650.52 | \$ | 0.02 |
| OTHER TOOLS - OTHER | \$ | 78,728.42 | \$ | 0.33 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - SALARIES | \$ | 9,380.31 | \$ | 0.04 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - BENEFITS | \$ | 1,941.28 | \$ | 0.01 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - RENTS | \$ | 71.44 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - OTHER | \$ | 85,242.58 | \$ | 0.36 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 1,290,782.38 | \$ | 5.43 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 8,555,787.19 | \$ | 35.98 |
| TOTAL CLASSIFIED PROD HOURS |  | 237,782.05 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT END SYSTEM |  |  |  |  |

## 000147

| A | B |  | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| FG/FSG: SERVICE ADVOCACY CENTER |  |  |  |  |
| WCT: SAC |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 4 FXX |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1998 |  |
|  |  |  | CLASSIFIED |  |
|  |  | 1998 | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT |  | DOLLARS** | (B/B32) |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 4,092,817.96 | \$ | 16.13 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 162,665.13 | \$ | 0.64 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 86,056.89 | \$ | 0.34 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 706,098.48 | \$ | 2.78 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 553,843.97 | \$ | 2.18 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 5,601,482.43 | \$ | 22.08 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 27,095.04 | \$ | 0.11 |
| OTHER TOOLS - SALARIES | \$ | 1,840.59 | \$ | 0.01 |
| OTHER TOOLS - BENEFITS | \$ | 325.56 | \$ | 0.00 |
| OTHER TOOLS - RENTS | \$ | 12,836.88 | \$ | 0.05 |
| OTHER TOOLS - OTHER | \$ | 342,781.26 | \$ | 1.35 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - SALARIES | \$ | 38,973.82 | \$ | 0.15 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - BENEFITS | \$ | 8,203.44 | \$ | 0.03 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - RENTS | \$ | 318.79 | \$ | 0.00 |
| MOTOR VEHICLES - OTHER | \$ | 350,432.17 | \$ | 1.38 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 1,107,026.55 | \$ | 4.36 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 7,491,316.53 | \$ | 29.52 |
| TOTAL CLASSIFIED PROD HOURS 253,738.50 |  |  |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT'FROM FINANCIAL FRONT | SY | STEM |  |  |

## 000148




## 000150



## 000151

| A | B | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |
| FG/FSG: OUTSIDE PLANT ENGINEERING (FG30) |  |  |  |
| JFC: 32XX |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1998 |  |
|  |  | CLASSIFIED |  |
|  | 1998 | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT | DOLLARS** | (B/B23) |  |
| DIRECT ENGINEERING - PRODUCTIVE | \$ 33,783,303.15 | \$ | 20.85 |
| DIRECT ENGINEERING - PREMIUM | \$ 581,358.14 | \$ | 0.36 |
| DIRECT ENGINEERING - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ 3,684,657.91 | \$ | 2.27 |
| DIRECT ENGINEERING - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCES | \$ 4,885,280.54 | \$ | 3.02 |
| DIRECT ENGINEERING - DIRECT ADMINISTRATIO\$ | \$ 9,962,730.93 | \$ | 6.15 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ 52,897,330.67 | \$ | 32.65 |
| DIRECT ENGINEERING - OTHER COSTS | \$ 794,199.75 | \$ | 0.49 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ 10,330,155.50 | \$ | 6.38 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ 64,021,685.92 | \$ | 39.52 |
| TOTAL CLASSIFIED PROD HOURS 1, 1,620,126.77 |  |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT END S | SYSTEM |  |  |



## 000153

| A | B |  | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| GROUP: TOLL \& ASSIST - COMBINED |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 212 X |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT | DOLLARS** |  | (B/B23) |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 17,122,437.06 | \$ | 15.23 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 1,367,871.10 | \$ | 1.22 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 432,513.41 | \$ | 0.38 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 3,174,320.17 | \$ | 2.82 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 1,063,303.35 | \$ | 0.95 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 23,160,445.09 | \$ | 20.60 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 35,945.03 | \$ | 0.03 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 5,108,700.48 | \$ | 4.54 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 28,305,090.60 | \$ | 25.17 |
| TOTAL HOURS |  | 1,124,508.56 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT | SY | TEM |  |  |




## 000156



## 000157

## DIR ASSIST ATTEND



| A | B |  | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| GROUP: DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE OPERATORS |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: $294 \times 1$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1998 |  |
|  | 1998 |  | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT |  | DOLLARS** | (B/B23) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 65,288,001.16 | \$ | 15.39 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 3,710,525.26 | \$ | 0.87 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 2,057,445.53 | \$ | 0.49 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 11,390,563.07 | \$ | 2.69 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 3,454,124.97 | \$ | 0.81 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 85,900,659.99 | \$ | 20.25 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 272,830.33 | \$ | 0.06 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 18,626,124.92 | \$ | 4.39 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 104,799,615.25 | \$ | 24.71 |
| TOTAL HOURS |  | 4,241,136.54 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT END SYSTEM |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| \% Direct Administration | 5.30\% |  |  |  |
| \% Directory Assistance Operator Hours | 88.26\% |  |  |  |

## 000159

| A | B C |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| GROUP: CUSTOMER BILLING |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 260X |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT | DOLLARS** |  | (B/B23) |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 5,056,422.09 | \$ | 16.82 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 148,517.78 | \$ | 0.49 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 177,800.81 | \$ | 0.59 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 781,760.31 | \$ | 2.60 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 632,052.76 | \$ | 2.10 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 6,796,553.75 | \$ | 22.61 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 3,991.99 | \$ | 0.01 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 1,226,109.21 | \$ | 4.08 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 8,026,654.95 | \$ | 26.70 |
| TOTAL HOURS |  | 300,648.72 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT | SY | EM |  |  |




## 000162

SALES - CUST SVC REL

| A | B |  | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| GROUP: SALES - CUSTOMER SERVICE RELATED |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 287X |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1998 |  |
|  |  | 1998 | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT |  | DOLLARS** | (B/B23) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 88,372,146.68 | \$ | 17.02 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 5,480,874.31 | \$ | 1.06 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 2,651,521.81 | \$ | 0.51 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 12,118,594.81 | \$ | 2.33 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 11,336,172.13 | \$ | 2.18 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 119,959,309.74 | \$ | 23.10 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 1,056,303.08 | \$ | 0.20 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 23,496,648.13 | \$ | 4.53 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 144,512,260.95 | \$ | 27.83 |
| TOTAL HOURS 5, 5, 192,228.57 |  |  |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT | S | STEM |  |  |

000163

| A | B C |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| GROUP: COMPTROLLERS CLERICAL |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 124X OR 125X OR 126X OR 127X |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1998 |  |
|  |  | 1998 | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT |  | DOLLARS** | (B/B23) |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 7,343,470.85 | \$ | 15.60 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 650,830.95 | \$ | 1.38 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 154,432.85 | \$ | 0.33 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 963,302.51 | \$ | 2.05 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 917,933.86 | \$ | 1.95 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 10,029,971.02 | \$ | 21.31 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 4,048.44 | \$ | 0.01 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 1,698,772.28 | \$ | 3.61 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 11,732,791.74 | \$ | 24.92 |
| TOTAL HOURS |  | 470,755.43 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT END SYSTEM |  |  |  |  |


| A | B |  | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| GROUP: NETWORK SERVICES CLERICAL |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 2700 OR 2701 OR 2730 OR 2751 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT |  | OLLARS** | (B/B23) |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 4,547,033.44 | \$ | 16.18 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 130,083.88 | \$ | 0.46 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 99,907.32 | \$ | 0.36 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 806,212.79 | \$ | 2.87 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 568,379.18 | \$ | 2.02 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 6,151,616.61 | \$ | 21.89 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 69,197.78 | \$ | 0.25 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 1,180,384.66 | \$ | 4.20 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 7,401,199.05 | \$ | 26.34 |
| TOTAL HOURS |  | 281,026.91 |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT | SY | TEM |  |  |


| A | B |  | C |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STATE: REGION |  |  |  |  |
| GROUP: COMPLEX RESALE SUPPORT GROUP |  |  |  |  |
| JFC: 221X |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1998 |  |
|  |  | 1998 | HOURLY COST |  |
| COMPONENT | DOLLARS** |  | (B/B23) |  |
| DIRECT LABOR - PRODUCTIVE | \$ | 2,722,283.45 | \$ | 15.60 |
| DIRECT LABOR - PREMIUM | \$ | 59,786.75 | \$ | 0.34 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER EMPLOYEE | \$ | 745,617.22 | \$ | 4.27 |
| DIRECT LABOR - ANNUAL PAID ABSENCE | \$ | 267,965.39 | \$ | 1.54 |
| DIRECT LABOR - DIRECT ADMINISTRATION | \$ | 340,285.43 | \$ | 1.95 |
| TOTAL DIRECT LABOR | \$ | 4,135,938.24 | \$ | 23.70 |
| DIRECT LABOR - OTHER COST | \$ | 24,800.10 | \$ | 0.14 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED BENEFITS | \$ | 761,937.69 | \$ | 4.37 |
| TOTAL DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 4,922,676.03 | \$ | 28.21 |
| TOTAL HOURS | 174,508.67 |  |  |  |
| **DATA EXTRACT FROM FINANCIAL FRONT END SYSTEM |  |  |  |  |

AE SD SC

| 05-Nov-99 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED LABOR RATES FOR |  |  |
| ACCOUNT EXECUTIVE, SYSTEMS DESIGNER AND SERVICE CONSULTANT |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | 1998 |  |
| ACCOUNT EXECUTIVE | HOURLY RATE |  |
|  |  |  |
| DIRECT SALARIES AND WAGES | \$ | 27.47 |
| OTHER DIRECT | \$ | 18.34 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED WITH SALES COMP | \$ | 45.81 |
|  |  |  |
| DIRECT SALARIES AND WAGES | \$ | 27.47 |
| OTHER DIRECT | \$ | 6.99 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED WITHOUT SALES COMP | \$ | 34.46 |
|  |  |  |
| SYSTEMS DESIGNER |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| DIRECT SALARIES AND WAGES | \$ | 35.36 |
| OTHER DIRECT | \$ | 10.95 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED WITH SALES COMP | \$ | 46.31 |
|  |  |  |
| DIRECT SALARIES AND WAGES | \$ | 35.36 |
| OTHER DIRECT | \$ | 7.07 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED WITHOUT SALES COMP | \$ | 42.43 |
|  |  |  |
| SERVICE CONSULTANT |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| DIRECT SALARIES AND WAGES | \$ | 25.85 |
| OTHER DIRECT | \$ | 4.89 |
| DIRECTLY ASSIGNED | \$ | 30.74 |
|  |  |  |
| SOURCE: FINANCE DEPARTMENT/BELLSOUTH BUSINESS SYSTEMS |  |  |

## 000167



| Work Center/ | Date |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cost Group | Updated |
| AFIG | 05-Nov-99 |
| I\&M POTS | 05-Nov-99 |
| SSIM | 05-Nov-99 |
| OSPC | 05-Nov-99 |
| OPAC | 05-Nov-99 |
| CRT | 05-Nov-99 |
| COIM-CIR\&FAC | 05-Nov-99 |
| COIM-SW EQ | 05-Nov-99 |
| RCMAG | 05-Nov-99 |
| TRANSLATIONS | 05-Nov-99 |
| SOFTWARE | 05-Nov-99 |
| TCG | 05-Nov-99 |
| NRC | 05-Nov-99 |
| PAR | 05-Nov-99 |
| CPG | 05-Nov-99 |
| ACAC | 05-Nov-99 |
| EBAC | 05-Nov-99 |
| BRC | 05-Nov-99 |
| RRC | 05-Nov-99 |
| WMC | 05-Nov-99 |
| NBF | 05-Nov-99 |
| RNOC | 05-Nov-99 |
| CIA | 05-Nov-99 |
| SAC | 05-Nov-99 |
| FG10 | 05-Nov-99 |
| FG20 | 05-Nov-99 |
| PICS | 05-Nov-99 |
| FG30 | 05-Nov-99 |
| ICSC LCSC | 05-Nov-99 |
| TOLL \& ASSIST - COMBINED | 05-Nov-99 |
| DIR ASSIST - COMBINED | 05-Nov-99 |
| CUST BILL | 05-Nov-99 |
| COLL REP | 05-Nov-99 |
| CUST SVC | 05-Nov-99 |
| SALES - CUST SVCT REL | 05-Nov-99 |
| COMP CLER | 05-Nov-99 |
| NTWK SVC CLER | 05-Nov-99 |
| CRSG | 05-Nov-99 |


[^0]:    Life Years $=$ Input
    Rate of Return (COM, Cost of Money) $=$ Input
    $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{P}=\left(\mathrm{COM}{ }^{*}(1+\mathrm{COM})^{\wedge}\right.$ Life $) /\left(\left((1+\mathrm{COM})^{\wedge}\right.\right.$ Life $\left.)-1\right)$
    Phi $=(\text { Income Tax Rate } /(1-\text { Income Tax Rate }))^{*}(1-($ (Debt Ratio * Debt Interest Rate) $/$ COM $)$ )
    Net Salvage = Input
    Adjusted Investment $=(1-\text { Net Salvage })^{*}$ Investment
    Calculations rounded to four (4) decimal places.

[^1]:    Depreciation $=$ Adjusted Investment $/$ Life Years
    ACFC COM = (Investment * A/P) - Depreceiation
    ACFC Income Tax $=$ ACFC COM ${ }^{*}$ Phi
    Capital Expense $=$ Depreciation + ACFC COM + ACFC Income Tax

[^2]:    范
    Advantage Funding
    Brannon \& Tully
    United Infor Technologies
    Prosoft
    
    Contracted Ifourly Rates:
    Tet Tek
    Advantage Funding
    United Infor Technologies
    Prosolt
    Diversified Executive Sys
    IMMR Consulting
    COMSYS

[^3]:    Life Years $=$ Input
    Rate of Return (COM, Cost of Money) $=$ Input
    $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{P}=\left(\mathrm{COM}{ }^{*}(1+\mathrm{COM})^{\wedge}\right.$ Life $) /\left(\left((1+\mathrm{COM})^{\wedge}\right.\right.$ Life $\left.)-1\right)$
    Phi $=(\text { Income Tax Rate } /(1-\text { Income Tax Rate }))^{*}(1-($ (Debt Ratio * Debt Interest Rate) $/$ COM $)$ )
    Net Salvage = Input
    Adjusted Investment $=(1-\text { Net Salvage })^{*}$ Investment
    Calculations rounded to four (4) decimal places.

[^4]:    Depreciation $=$ Adjusted Investment $/$ Life Years
    ACFC COM = (Investment * A/P) - Depreceiation
    ACFC Income Tax $=$ ACFC COM ${ }^{*}$ Phi
    Capital Expense $=$ Depreciation + ACFC COM + ACFC Income Tax

