1	FLORIDA	BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
2		
3	In the Matter	: of : DOCKET NO. 991643-SU
4		:
5	APPLICATION FOR INCE WASTEWATER RATES IN SPRINGS SYSTEM IN PA	SEVEN :
6	COUNTY BY ALOHA UTIL	
7		
8	l .	*******
9		* UIC VERSIONS OF THIS TRANSCRIPT * ONVENIENCE COPY ONLY AND ARE NOT *
10	* THE OFFI	CCIAL TRANSCRIPT OF THE HEARING *  NOT INCLUDE PREFILED TESTIMONY. *
11	*	*******
12		VOLUME 7
13	Pa	ages 834 through 1034
14	PROCEEDINGS:	HEARING
15	BEFORE:	COMMICCIONED E LEON INCODO TO AAAA
16	DEFORE:	COMMISSIONER E. LEON JACOBS, JR. COMMISSIONER LILA A. JABER COMMISSIONER BRAULIO L. BAEZ
17	DATE:	Thursday, November 2, 2000
18	TIME:	Commenced at 8:00 a.m.
19		Concluded at 4:58 p.m.
20	PLACE:	Betty Easley Conference Center Room 148
21		4075 Esplanade Way Tallahassee, Florida
22	DEDODMED DV	
23	REPORTED BY:	JANE FAUROT, RPR Bureau Chief, Bureau of Reporting Official Commission Reporter
24		official commission reporter
25		
		DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE

DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE

INDEX WITNESSES NAME: PAGE NO. ROBERT C. NIXON Cross Examination by Mr. Burgess Cross Examination by Mr. Fudge Redirect Examination by Mr. Deterding DAVID W. PORTER Direct Examination by Mr. Wharton Prefiled Rebuttal Testimony Inserted F. MARSHALL DETERDING Direct Examination by Mr. Wharton Prefiled Rebuttal Testimony Inserted Cross Examination by Mr. Fudge Redirect Examination by Mr. Wharton STEPHEN G. WATFORD Direct Examination by Mr. Deterding Prefiled Rebuttal Testimony Inserted STEPHEN G. WATFORD Direct Examination by Mr. Deterding Prefiled Supplemental Direct Inserted Cross Examination by Mr. Fudge 

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1 PROCEEDINGS 2 (Transcript continues in sequence from Volume 6.) 3 4 ROBERT C. NIXON was called as a witness on behalf of Aloha Utilities, Inc. 5 6 and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows: 7 CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. BURGESS: 8 9 Mr. Nixon, you are familiar with the 0 infiltrating and in-flow reduction program, is that 10 11 correct? Generally, yes. 12 Α 13 You are listed as one of the witnesses --14 identified as one of the witnesses to address that, and I 15 assume it is from the accounting side, from the financial side? 16 17 To the extent we included a dollar amount in the A MFRs, that's it. I'm not a witness on any of the 18 19 technical aspects of it. 20 Right, I understand that. And my questions are 21 limited to the dollars that are included in the MFRs. Do 22 you have amounts included for expenditures during the 23 projected test year? 24 Α Yes. 25 0 And when did the projected test year begin?

1	A Well, there are three test years here. There is
2	a historic test year in September of '99, an intermediate
3	period ending September 30th, 2000, and an as projected to
4	2001.
5	Q It is the projected that I am interested in.
6	Are there expenditures for the II reduction program in the
7	projected test year 2001?
8	A Yes.
9	Q Is it and those reflect anticipated
10	expenditures that will actually be encountered by the
11	utility during this time frame?
12	A Yes. On Page 144 of the MFRs, we have projected
13	an expenditure of \$15,000 a month, and that totals
14	\$180,000 in the projected test year.
15	Q And that anticipates activities that you
16	anticipate will continue on for the next 11 months?
17	A Yes.
18	MR. BURGESS: Thank you. That's all I have.
19	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Staff.
20	CROSS EXAMINATION
21	BY MR. FUDGE:
22	Q Mr. Nixon, you have recommended capitalizing
23	items that were previously expensed, correct?
24	A Yes.
25	Q Is it your position that these costs have not

## been recovered?

A It is my position that this is a correction of an error. I don't think it is -- I think the question of whether they have been recovered or not recovered, and to a big extent the information I have on Exhibit 5 is irrelevant. I don't think correction of the error, if we look back, would have caused any excessive overearnings. I think what we are dealing with here is a policy question about correction of errors.

- Q But have you recovered those costs or not?
- A No, I don't think we have.
- Q So you are trying to recover these costs again?
- A No, I don't think we have recovered them.
- Q I'm sorry, I guess I didn't hear your first response. You said you didn't recover it?
  - A That is correct.
- Q So you are now trying to recover those costs through future rates?
- A We are asking that we be allowed to earn a rate of return on the depreciated investment for items that were previously expensed in error.
- Q So, in essence, you are trying to recover through future rates a past loss?
- A No, I don't think so. We are just -- we are correcting an error.

1	1
1	Q Okay. Generally, what is the purpose of the
2	utility's plant capacity charges?
3	A The purpose of plant capacity charges is to
4	provide historically it has been to provide a financing
5	mechanism to help offset part of the cost of capital in
6	the water and sewer industry.
7	Q One of the utility's reasons for filing this
8	rate application was to recover a cost for upgrading their
9	wastewater system from 1.2 million gallons to 1.6 million
10	gallons per day, correct?
11	A Yes.
12	Q Would you agree that this upgrade was to
13	accommodate future customer connections in the Seven
14	Springs service area?
15	A It will to a degree.
16	Q So would you agree that a portion of the cost of
17	this upgrade will be covered through plant capacity
18	charges?
19	A To the extent new customers are added and served
20	by that plant, yes.
21	Q Are you familiar with Rule 25-30.580, Florida
22	Administrative Code, entitled guidelines for designing
23	service availability policy?
24	A Yes.
	ll

Q Is it correct that this rule states that the

maximum amount of CIAC net of amortization should not 1 exceed 75 percent of the total original cost net of 2 3 accumulated depreciation of the utility's facilities and 4 plant when the facilities and plant are at their design 5 capacity? Α 6 Yes. 7 If the utility's projected CIAC ratio as of September 30th, 2001 is less than 75 percent, would it be 8 9 appropriate for the Commission to revise the utility's 10 plant capacity charge at a 75 percent ratio for the 1.6 11 million gallon-per-day plant capacity? 12 Α Certainly. 13 MR. FUDGE: Mr. Fletcher is now going to pass 14 out Aloha's Response to Staff's Production of Document 15 Request Number 1. I would like to have this marked as 16 Exhibit 24. 17 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Very well. Show this 18 marked as Exhibit 24. 19 MR. BURGESS: May I ask what Exhibit 23 is? 20 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Twenty-three is the 21 supplement to Mr. Nixon's rebuttal, RCN-3 that was passed 22 out. 23 MR. BURGESS: Then I'm in real trouble. May I 24 ask what 22 is? 25 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Twenty-two is the

composite of his other rebuttal exhibits. 1 2 MR. BURGESS: Thank you very much. (Exhibit 24 marked for identification.) 3 4 BY MR. FUDGE: 5 Mr. Nixon, would you agree that the regulatory 0 treatment of an item outlined in an order issued in 1980 6 7 could be superseded by the regulatory treatment of the same item outlined in an order issued in 1985? 8 I'm sorry, I don't understand the question. 9 10 If the Commission took a certain stance on 11 regulatory treatment in 1980 and issued an order, would a 12 subsequent order issued in 1985 supersede that earlier 13 order? 14 If it truly changed the Commission's policy, 15 yes. 16 Is it correct that under the full gross-up 17 method the debit deferred taxes would be fully offset by the contributed taxes? 18 19 Yes, that has been -- that is the position in my 20 testimony that that is where the offset that Commissioner 21 Jaber inquired about last month occurs. In Aloha's case is it correct that the reason 22 0 why debit deferred taxes are not fully offset by the 23 contributed taxes is because Aloha did not begin 24 amortizing the contributed taxes in the year received? 25

	A mat is the primary reason, yes.	
2	MR. FUDGE: Mr. Fletcher is now going to pass	
3	out a copy of the financing agreement with Bank of America	
4	provided in response to Staff's Production of Document	
5	Request Number 1. I would like to have this marked as	
6	Exhibit 25.	
7	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: We will mark this as	
8	Exhibit 25.	
9	(Exhibit 25 marked for identification.)	
10	MR. DETERDING: Commissioner, just for	
11	clarification, is the staff intending to ask Mr. Nixon	
12	some questions about Exhibit 24? I mean, they passed out	
13	an exhibit and asked that it be marked, and unless I	
14	missed it, there wasn't even a question asked of Mr. Nixon	
15	about whether he prepared this, or knew anything about	
16	this, or agreed with this, or anything else.	
17	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Staff.	
18	BY MR. FUDGE:	
19	Q Mr. Nixon, did you prepare this response to	
20	Production of Document Number 1, Exhibit 24?	
21	A I didn't prepare it. It was prepared by someone	
22	who works for me. And I guess I am the one sponsoring it.	
23	Q Did you review it?	
24	A Yes.	
25	Q Okay. And it shows a breakdown of the CIAC	

between the water system and the wastewater system? 1 2 It shows the breakdown of deferred taxes between 3 each system. 4 Okay, thank you. Are you familiar with the 5 utility's loan with the Bank of America, the subject of Exhibit 25? 6 7 Not in great detail, no. Do you know that the covenants of this loan 8 require the utility to have all of its systems audited? 9 10 Α Yes. 11 Is it correct that the loan was quaranteed with 12 the revenues of all the utility's systems? I believe that is correct. But the purpose of 13 Α 14 the loan was to do the construction that is the subject of this rate case, that is the Seven Springs Wastewater area. 15 16 Would you agree that all the utility's systems 17 benefit from the annual financial audit? 18 Α I don't think I would agree with that. 19 0 Why not? 20 Because Aloha would prefer not to have an audit Α It was imposed as a condition of obtaining a loan 21 at all. for the wastewater treatment plant expansion and upgrade. 22 I don't see any benefit at all to the other three 23 divisions. 24

25

But doesn't the audit make sure that the books

and records are in compliance?

A Sure it does, for the benefit of the Seven Springs wastewater customers and the loan obtained to finance the improvements.

- Q And to show that the revenues guaranteed for the loan are being recovered through all the systems?
- A It shows that, but it is of no benefit to the Seven Springs water customers or the Aloha Garden's customers. They are not benefitting at all by the proceeds of the loan or from the audit.
- Q The cost of the audit would be recorded in the contractual services accounting expense account as defined by the NARUC Uniform System of Account, is that correct?
  - A Yes.
- Q Is it correct that the utility allocates its contractual services accounting expenses to all of its systems based on the ERCs?
- A That is not a true blanket statement. Items that benefit all four divisions which cannot be specifically identified are allocated based on ERCs. Where an expense can be specifically identified, that is charged to that division.
- Q Is it correct that you have testified that Mr.

  McPherson's recommended adjustment to contractual services
  accounting for nonrecurring expenses associated with the

review of the general ledger and billing software system is not appropriate?

- A I agree it is not appropriate.
- Q And is your basis for disagreement with this adjustment is that these expenses were part of your firm's recurring review of the utility's financial statements?

A I believe, as I explain in my rebuttal testimony, the change over in software prevented us from doing our semi-annual review. Instead, we were working with the client to produce financial statements on a general ledger. And my testimony is that to the extent any expenses were incurred with the software conversion, they simply took the place of our semi-annual review, and that an adjustment proposed by Mr. McPherson is not appropriate, especially in light of the fact that we will have work to do in conjunction with the quarterly unaudited financial statements required by the bank loan.

- Q How often does the utility replace its general billing and ledger software?
- A Well, not too often. We have only had one Y2K incident. Hopefully, the software they have now will last quite awhile.
- Q Would not the implementation of a new software system be generally nonrecurring in expenditure?
  - A It would be for that particular item, but if you

make that adjustment, you are not recognizing the other expenses that are normal and recurring, including our semi-annual review and the new work required for the bank with the quarterly statement, so I don't think an adjustment is appropriate.

Q On Page 13, Lines 15 through 19 of your rebuttal testimony, is it correct that you suggest that Mr. Larkin should have concluded that with an inexperienced controller that the CPA firm would have to spend more time with her?

- A Excuse me, what line, please?
- Q Fifteen through 19.

A Yes. My testimony is that Mr. Larkin understood the experience background of Ms. Vinyard (phonetic) and her predecessor, he should have logically concluded that the CPA firm might be asked to assist the new inexperienced controller to a greater extent than the experienced former controller.

Q Would you expect that the same level of assistance would continue from year to year?

A I would unless Aloha adds a couple more staff people to their accounting department.

Q But if the main reason for assisting her is her inexperience, wouldn't she eventually gain that experience and thus the need for assistance diminish?

1	A No, because we are assisting the inexperienced	
2	controller to the same degree we were assisting the	
3	experienced controller. So I don't there is not a	
4	change in our involvement.	
5	Q According to Schedule B8C, Page 54 of the MFRs,	
6	the salaries and wages employees was increased for new	
7	employees required by DEP, is that correct?	
8	A Could you give me that reference again.	
9	Q It's Page 54 of the MFRs entitled Schedule B-8C.	
10	A Yes.	
11	Q Exhibit 6 is your deposition and late-filed	
12	exhibits. Are the items listed as advertising on Exhibit	
13	RCN-4 for these new employees required by DEP?	
14	A I'm sorry, I'm not understanding the questions.	
15	I'm sorry.	
16	COMMISSIONER JABER: You can't hear them,	
17	either, can you?	
18	THE WITNESS: No, I can't hear them.	
19	COMMISSIONER JABER: Jason, I'm having the same	
20	trouble. You need to talk slowly and right into the	
21	microphone. We can't hear some of the words you say.	
22	BY MR. FUDGE:	
23	Q Mr. Nixon, will you please turn to your rebuttal	
24	testimony, RCN-4?	
25	A Okay.	

1 O Are the items listed as advertising expenses for 2 these new employees required by DEP? Yes, that is the -- those are the positions, and 3 4 I believe these expenses will be continuing and recurring. The DEP requirements made Aloha go to 24-hour-a-day, 7 5 6 day-a-week operations. So you have shift work involved. 7 It is very hard to get people to work for long periods of 8 time as shift operators. In fact, many of the people that 9 were hired have left, and the company continues to incur 10 these expenses. 11 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Did I understand your 12 earlier question to say that certain salary increases were 13 mandated by DEP? 14 MR. FUDGE: That was Mr. Nixon's testimony as 15 shown in his Schedule B-8C. COMMISSIONER JACOBS: For what reason, Mr. 16 17 Nixon, do they require salary increases? 18 THE WITNESS: Commissioner, they were new 19 positions required by 7-day-a-week, 24-hour-a-day 20 operation. And I believe his last question to me was 21 whether the miscellaneous expense on my Exhibit 4 related 22 to hiring those positions required by the DEP order. 23 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: I understand. 24 COMMISSIONER JABER: Well, let me understand. Did DEP require you to hire the new positions, or did DEP 25

	Todatio monitoring to be 21//.
2	THE WITNESS: My understanding is they required
3	actual staffing people there on shifts at the plant
4	operating it 24-hours-a-day, 7-days-a-week.
5	COMMISSIONER JABER: Did the DEP consent final
6	judgment direct Aloha to hire staff to be there for the
7	shifts 24/7?
8	THE WITNESS: You would have to ask Mr. Watford.
9	I'm not sure it says that specifically in the consent
10	order. It may specifically state that in the operating
11	permit, which was issued in order to comply with the
12	consent order. But it was certainly a change in
13	operations, though it did not have the personnel necessary
14	to comply with that part of the order or operating permit.
15	MR. FUDGE: Mr. Nixon, Mr. Fletcher is now
16	going to hand out the utility's response to Staff's
17	Interrogatory Number 11. I would like to have this
18	identified as Exhibit 26.
19	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: We will mark this as
20	Exhibit 26, title Response to Interrogatory 11?
21	MR. FUDGE: Yes, Commissioner.
22	(Exhibit 26 marked for identification.)
23	BY MR. FUDGE:
24	Q Mr. Nixon, did you prepare this response?
25	A Yes, I did. I would add if we could just to
	••

save time, I have agreed that a shorter life should be used, and I think I have an exhibit in here.

- O Is that RCN-6?
- A Yes.

- Q And the purpose of this exhibit is to clarify the shorter time frame?
- A Yes. I believe Mr. Larkin proposed just using the composite CIAC amortization rate as it exists currently. And I don't have any trouble changing the rate, but we are talking about a rate to amortize contributed taxes, and those contributed taxes were received during the period 1987 through 1996. And my recommendation in my testimony is that we use the composite rate of the assets and the CIAC received during that period CIAC was taxable.
- Q Does Aloha's amortization rate for CIAC change each year?
  - A Yes.
- Q Is it correct that you have testified that to use the current rate for CIAC distorts the true depreciable life of these contributed taxes?
- A That is correct, because the contributed tax amount doesn't change. It was collected. It is in a separate account and it was collected during the period CIAC was taxable. So I believe proper matching requires

that you use a rate that was in effect for those years. 1 2 If you use the current rate, the amortization rate is distorted because Aloha has added a lot of reuse plant, 3 pumping plant, and so forth which distorts the true 4 5 amortization rate, because the assets they have added have shorter lives.

If Aloha had started amortizing its contributed taxes when they were received, wouldn't the amortization rate match those of the CIAC?

Α I'm not sure. You would always have a difference there because we couldn't begin amortizing those contributed taxes until we have received an order from the PSC telling us how much of the gross-up we needed to pay the tax versus how much we had to refund. amounts were in a -- were used to pay tax. And any unspent amounts were in an escrow account. So it's hard to get an exact match if you changed that every year.

Assume that a utility collected plant capacity Q fees during the first five years of initiation of service, and had not collected them since. Would you limit the amortization rate to the depreciation rate of plant for just those first five years?

- If they didn't collect any more after that?
- 0 Yes.

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Yes, I would. Α

Τ .	Q But wouldn't the NARUC Uniform System of
2	Accounts require you to change the amortization rate for
3	plant capacity charges for each year based on the
4	composite plant balances?
5	A I'm not sure that is a requirement of the NARUC
6	Uniform System or whether that is a function of the
7	Commission's rule on depreciation. I would have to review
8	the Uniform System of Accounts before I could agree or
9	disagree.
10	Q Please turn to Page 62 of your rebuttal
11	testimony. Is the base year the same as the test year?
12	A No, I think the base year is referring to the
13	historic test year.
14	Q Whenever you are using a historic test year
15	setting rates, is that correct?
16	A No. In this case from the rule quoted, this
17	portion of the rule is dealing with those schedules that
18	you need to duplicate or not duplicate for the historic
19	year or any projected years. And I believe the term base
20	year as it is used here is the historic year in a
21	projected test year setting.
22	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Mr. Fudge, how close are
23	you to completion? Do you have much more?
24	MR. FUDGE: Yes, Commissioner.
25	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. Why don't we go

1	ahead and	take a break. And we will come back at 11:15.
2		(Recess.)
3		COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Let's go back on the
4	record.	
5		Mr. Fudge, you may continue.
6	BY MR. FUI	OGE:
7	Q	Mr. Nixon, does Rule 25-30.437, Subsection 3,
8	refer to a	a historical base year or historical test year
9	when refer	ring to projected test year?
10	A	I think that the historical base year, or
11	historical	base year and the base year are synonymous.
12	Q	What is the approved test year for Aloha's rate
13	case in th	nis docket?
14	А	The historic test year?
15	Q	The approved test year.
16	А	It is the historic year September 30th projected
17	through Se	eptember 30th, 2001.
18	Q	The test year for calculating rates, is that
19	September	30th, 2001?
20	A	Yes, year-ended.
21	Q	Would you please turn to Page 54 of the revised
22	MFRs?	
23	A	Okay.
24	Q	Please read the first sentence of the
25	explanation	on of this form for the record?

A "Explanation: Complete the following comparison of the applicant's current and prior test year O&M expenses before this Commission. Provide an explanation of all differences which are not attributable to the change in customer growth and the CPI-U. If the applicant has not had a previous rate case, use the year five years prior to the test year for comparison. Provide an additional schedule, if necessary, to explain differences."

Q Thank you. This sentence does not state base year, correct?

A No, because there is no designation as that term is used on Page 62 of my testimony. If you flip back through other pages in the standard MFR form, you are going to see two little boxes there, one labelled historic and one labelled projected. That is the designation referred to in the rule that I quoted in my testimony.

Q And in the underlying section in your testimony it states that if no designation is shown on a schedule, submit that schedule for the test year only, correct?

A That is correct. And I believe that refers to the base year. It has to when you read that quote in context.

Q But doesn't that quote talk about projected test year, correct?

A The reason for the quote in the language is to determine which schedules out of these MFRs have to be duplicated for your historic base year, your intermediate year and your projected year. If there is no designation on the schedule, and there is not one on this schedule, the meaning of that as it has always been interpreted, because I was on the committee with the Florida Waterworks Association that met with Marshall and Trish in designing these MFR forms, that is the purpose of this section of the rule so that a company doesn't have to fill out three pages of schedules for every single page in the blank MFR form. And I believe when they used the word submit that schedule for the test year only they are referring to the historic test year and not the projected test year.

Q But the rule doesn't refer to a historic test year, it refers to a base year.

A That's true. I mean, the language could be clearer, but I think in my testimony I explained what the purpose of this rule was and the context in which it should be understood.

Q So are you saying in the underlying portion where it says test year only, they really meant base year only?

A They should have used base year or historic test year only. And I think the correctness of that

interpretation can be seen by turning to other pages in this schedule where information is only presented for the historic test year.

Q On Schedule B-8, in Column 3, can you tell us what that column states?

A B-8?

- Q Yes. I think it's on Page 54. It's B-8C.
- A It says current test year.

Q And the current test year that you have down there is September 30TH, 1999. But your actual test year is September 30th, 2001, is that correct?

A Yes. That is just the way this form from the Commission reads. But you still don't see the designation referred to. Maybe I can explain it like this. If you turn, for example, to Page 41, and I just picked this at random, that is Schedule B-2 which is a schedule of net operating income. You do see a designation on that schedule. You see, actually, two designations, interim and a little box, final, a little box, and intermediate. Underneath that you have historic and you have projected. My experience in helping to put together the MFR form several years ago, and the way it was interpreted in other projected test year rate cases I have put together, is that if this designation is not on a schedule, the information is presented for the historic period only.

1	
1	On Page 41 we do have that designation, so we
2	presented the information for all three periods. Over on
3	Page 54, you don't have that designation. So when we
4	originally filed the MFRs, we only made a comparison of
5	the current historic test year expenses to the expenses in
6	the last rate case.
7	Q But the underlying portion of the rule that is
8	in your testimony does not say historic test year only, it
9	says test year only, is that correct?
10	A That's what it says. And I have given you my
11	interpretation. I can't give you any more on that.
12	Q Did you call staff to see what their
13	interpretation was?
14	A Yes, I believe I did. When we got the
15	deficiency letter, I believe I talked to Marshall Willis.
16	And he said he believed that schedules for all three
17	periods were needed, so we went ahead that the point in
18	time and prepared them. But that is still different from
19	MFRs I have prepared before in projected test years where
20	we only prepared this schedule for the historic test year
21	and they were accepted.
22	Q Would you please turn to Ms. Merchant's Exhibit
23	PWM-3?

Concerning Section B-2 of that exhibit, it

Okay.

addresses the CIAC amount of 908,563 in matching funds. On Page 63, Line 24, through Page 64, Line 1 of your rebuttal, you state that the methodology was described adequately on Schedule G-1. Please refer to Lines 14 through 18 on Page 1 of 5 of Exhibit RCN-17.

A Okay.

Q Does this schedule detail to what project or projects the \$710,764 of Southwest Florida Water

Management District matching funds relates to?

A I believe it does.

Q Where does that show the matching funds were allocated?

A Well, if I can read this, on Line 14, and this is from my Exhibit 17, which is a copy of the basis of projections as originally filed, we say beginning on Line 14 also two projects were completed in September of 1999. The first phase of the Little Road Project and Phase 3 of the reuse force main extension to the Fox Hollow Golf Course, and I give the amount, 1,458,000. And then on the next sentence I say, "The company has received matching funds from the Southwest Florida Water Management District in the amount of \$710,764."

Q Was that amount applied to the Little Road
Project or the Fox Hollow Golf Course?

A No, it applies to the Phase 3 of the reuse force

main extension. I believe that is obvious.

Q Is that because that sentence that states the company has received matching funds immediately follows the proceeding sentence that says Phase 3 of the reuse force main?

A Yes, sir. And then I go on to say in the next sentence that the extension to Heritage Springs will also receive SWFMD funds totalling \$197,799, and that the amounts have been booked as CIAC.

Q But how do you know that the 710,000 was not allocated to the Little Road Project?

A Because Aloha filed a limited proceeding to recover costs on the Little Road Project which were the subject of a docket. It should be obvious to anyone reading this that they don't receive SWFMD matching funds for line relocations.

Q On Page 64, Lines 5 through 7 of your rebuttal you state that the methodology concerning the five year average was described adequately on Schedule G-1. Would you please refer to Lines 28 through 30 on Page 1 of 5 of Exhibit RCN-17?

A Yes.

Q Did the original MFRs reflect the calculation of your five-year average?

A The calculation itself wasn't shown. We explain

the methodology used to project property CIAC, which I 2 believe conforms to what is required in the rule. 3 Well, does it show what five-year period is being referenced? 4 5 It doesn't specifically say that. It is meant 6 to convey the most recent five-year period. 7 The calendar year or the ending test year of 0 September 30th? 8 9 I believe those were based on the calendar year, 10 subject to check. But, again, I don't think that is a 11 basis for rejecting the explanation of how it was done as 12 a material nondisclosure of the methodology. As I say in my testimony, we could have shown the PSC auditors exactly 13 14 the calculation from our workpapers and avoided presenting 15 more information on this. 16 But the Commission staff does not know what 17 five-year period you are referencing and how the monthly 18 additions of contributed property were projected, do they? 19 Α I will agree the five-year period is not 20 specified. As I mentioned, it was intended to mean the 21 most recent five years, just like the information on 22 Schedule F-10 is the most recent five years. 23

I think the only people that would not know that we were talking about the most recent five-year period would be perhaps someone unfamiliar with the PSC and their

24

procedures.

Q In Section B-4 of Exhibit PWM-3, Ms. Merchant addresses the projected plant capacity fees and charges. And in your rebuttal testimony you state that the methodology was adequately explained. Would you please read Lines 24 through 27 of Exhibit RCN-17?

A Yes. CIAC was projected through September 30th, 2000 and September 30th, 2001 based on the current approved service availability charges and estimated growth of 370 ERCs in 2000, and 349 in 2001. Such growth factors were based on the progression analysis as shown on Schedule F-10.

Q Does this schedule reflect whether projected CIAC was spread evenly over the months or specifically adjusted for any of the months?

A It doesn't show that, but it still adequately explains the basis of the projection.

Q Please turn to this new Schedule G-5 on Page 154 of your revised MFRs.

A Okay.

Q Can you please explain how to calculate the total capacity charge additions of 122,972 for year ended 9/30/99? I mean, 2000. A total is on Line 37.

A As the note on that schedule says, for the months of October and November '99, the actual capacity

ı	
1	charges collected were used. We did that because by the
2	time we were preparing these MFRs we had actual data. And
3	then the note on that schedule goes on to explain that the
4	projected capacity charges were based on ERCs. It shows
5	the number of ERCs.
6	Q But going back to your Exhibit RCN-17, it
7	doesn't explain that the actual amounts collected were
8	charged in October or November, does it?
9	A No, it doesn't say that on there. But, again,
LO	it is a minor point.
L1	Q Okay. Would you please turn to Page 3 of
L2	Exhibit RCN-16. This is an invoice sent to Aloha for
L3	services rendered during December of '99.
L <b>4</b>	A What was the page reference?
L5	Q Page 3.
L6	A Okay.
L7	Q Ms. Binford is going to pass out a letter dated
L8	September 6th, 2000, which is from Mr. Wharton to Mr.
L9	Jaeger supplying the late-filed deposition exhibits. Is
20	this a copy of that same invoice in your exhibit?
21	A Yes.
22	Q Looking at the coded amounts written on the
23	invoice, could one infer that these amounts were expensed?
24	A Yes.

Q Was that a yes?

1	A Yes.
2	Q Thank you. Will you please turn to Page 22 of
3	Exhibit 16. This is an invoice sent to Aloha for services
4	rendered during April 2000, is that correct?
5	A Well, let me back up. I presume these
6	handwritten codings total the \$8,867. And if they were
7	expensed an adjusting entry was made to pull that and we
8	set an account up for deferred rate case expense. So, I
9	wouldn't infer too much from the fact that the original
10	coding expensed these items, because it was corrected
11	later.
12	Q You're saying it was corrected later to a
13	deferred account?
14	A Yes.
15	MR. FUDGE: Well, then we need a late-filed
16	exhibit showing that it was corrected later.
17	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Do you want to mark that?
18	MR. FUDGE: Yes, Commissioner. We also need to
19	mark the letter that was just passed out.
20	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. We will mark this
21	letter dated September 6th, 2000, as Exhibit 27, and mark
22	as Exhibit 28 a late-filed, and do you want to give a
23	description?
24	MR. FUDGE: Showing deferral of amounts
25	expensed.

1	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Of what type of expense?
2	MR. FUDGE: Rate case expense.
3	COMMISSIONER JABER: Chairman Jacobs, while
4	staff gets you a title, let me ask Mr. Nixon, maybe this
5	will help staff, too. Where were the corrections
6	reflected?
7	THE WITNESS: On the general ledger. They were
8	corrected by the time the PSC auditors got there, because
9	they were able to follow the deferred amount of rate case
10	expense for this docket.
11	COMMISSIONER JABER: Are those corrections
12	reflected anywhere in this docket already?
13	THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am.
14	COMMISSIONER JABER: Where are they?
15	THE WITNESS: For this docket, we assumed all
16	the rate case expense was deferred independently of what
17	was done initially on the books.
18	MR. FUDGE: We don't see how it is reflected, so
19	we still need a schedule of the adjusting entry showing
20	how it was corrected.
21	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Proceed.
22	(Exhibit 27 and 28 marked for identification.)
23	MR. FUDGE: Mr. Nixon, please turn to Page 24 of
24	Exhibit RCN-16.
25	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: That is not the

1	supplement, is it?
2	MR. FUDGE: No, it was originally filed with his
3	rebuttal.
4	BY MR. FUDGE:
5	Q According to this, you charged 2.5 hours of worl
6	for reviewing a staff recommendation on April 10th, 2000.
7	This item is further described as interim rate case, is
8	that correct?
9	A I'm sorry, are you on Page 24 of 95?
10	Q It's at the top of the page, Account Number 245
11	where it says review staff recommendation.
12	A Okay, thank you.
13	Q And on pencil it says interim rates RC.
14	A Yes.
15	Q And that was for reviewing the interim
16	recommendation in this docket, is that correct?
17	A That's correct.
18	Q Are you aware that staff did not file its
19	recommendation for interim rates in this docket until May
20	4th, 2000?
21	A Well, then I have a miscoding here, if that is
22	the case.
23	Q Mr. Nixon, are you also the analyst for a rate
24	case involving Indiantown Company, Incorporated?
25	A I was a consultant on that case, yes.

1	Q Are you aware that the interim recommendation
2	for Indiantown was filed on April 6th, 2000?
3	A I don't remember. Subject to check, if you have
4	that.
5	Q Yes. Ms. Binford will pass out a copy of the
6	recommendation showing the issue date.
7	A This is dated May 4th.
8	Q There is two of them in front of you, I think.
9	A Okay. It says April 6th.
10	Q So could the charge on April 10th be to review
11	the Indiantown recommendation?
12	A I'm not sure. It's possible. It's
13	possible that I know we had several discussions about
14	interim rates early on with staff and OPC. This could
15	have been related to that. Part of my work related to
16	that was trying to quantify the additional operating
17	expenses we had beginning in January 1999. So it could be
18	part of that. I'm just not ready to say that this was
19	part of the Indiantown case at this point.
20	Q But if it was for conferences with staff and
21	OPC, why would it be reflected in an account entitled
22	review staff recommendation?
23	A Well, like I said, it was probably miscoded. We
24	really don't have that much of a problem in our firm with

miscoding among clients, because at this point in time I

was working on the Aloha case pretty much full-time as was the two associates that work for me. I would be glad to go back and see if that is true. I mean, I don't want to recover rate case expense if it is not appropriate, but I'm just not ready to tell you at this point or agree with you that this relates to Indiantown.

- Q Mr. Nixon, how many pages of the original MFRs had typos?
  - A How many pages?

1.6

- Q Yes. Just an estimate.
- A I don't know. There were, I would say, 25 or 30. Computers are a wonderful thing. We had corrected all of those typos, but apparently we didn't save the changes, and so we got printed out, and what got bound was the schedules with the typos before we made the changes.
- Q So did the write-offs and 10 percent discount that you applied to rate case expense include copying and binding costs for correcting these errors?
  - A Yes, sir.
- Q On what areas of your rebuttal testimony did you spend the most time?
- A Probably the most time was on this new and novel suggestion that gross-up or tax impact charge should be treated as CIAC when it goes against every order on the subject issued by the Commission.

Τ	Q Do you know now many nours you spent writing the
2	of your rebuttal regarding MFR deficiencies?
3	A Well, I dictated this testimony after I got back
4	from the Appalachian Trail. As I recall, it took about
5	four the whole thing to finish the rebuttal took about,
6	I don't know, maybe 15 hours or so. The portion related
7	to rate case expense was one of the last items. I would
8	say no more than a couple of hours.
9	Q Please turn to Page 32 of Exhibit RCN-16. This
10	is an invoice sent to Aloha for services rendered during
11	June 2000, correct?
12	A Yes.
13	Q According to this invoice, you spent 36 hours at
14	\$160 an hour answering interrogatories and document
15	requests, is that correct?
16	A Yes.
17	Q On Page 35 of the same exhibit there is an
18	invoice to Aloha for services rendered during July 2000,
19	correct?
20	A Yes.
21	Q And according to this invoice you spent 24.5
22	hours at \$160 an hour answering interrogatories and
23	document requests, correct?
24	A That's correct. We had extensive
25	interrogatories and document requests. I believe staff

had four sets. I believe OPC had three. We had extensive document requests. I can't tell you which one of these sets of interrogatories is time referred to, but there is certainly more than one, and certainly the discovery in this case was very extensive.

Q Did Mr. Jagoudis (phonetic) spend a number of time in preparing the MFRs?

A Yes.

Q Isn't it correct that Mr. Jagoudis could have helped in answering the interrogatories and document requests as well as you during those months?

A I think if you look through these invoices, he did. I mean, we did assign both Mr. Jagoudis and Paul Decherio (phonetic) to answer these interrogatories.

Q Not for these invoices that I have identified, Pages 32 and 35.

A Could you repeat that, please?

Q Well, you stated that Mr. Jagoudis and Mr.

Decherio spent time responding to staff's request and responses, but Mr. Jagoudis doesn't appear on the invoices on Page 32 nor on Page 35?

A No, not for these two months. I think my
testimony was that if you look through all of these
invoices you will see where Mr. Jagoudis did spend quite a
bit of time answering interrogatories and document

1 requests. Please turn to Page 2 of Exhibit RCN-16. 2 this a summary of actual and estimated accounting expense? 3 Are we looking at Page 2 of 95 or --Α 4 Yes, sir. 5 0 6 Α Okay. And that is a summary of actual and estimated 7 Q 8 accounting expense through July 2000? 9 Α Yes. 10 Staff found two errors on this summary on 11 page -- when you look on Page 30 of the same exhibit, the 12 total fees for the month of June 2000 for where it related to this docket are 9,158. But on the summary page the 13 14 total fees were reported as 9,928, is that correct? 15 Α What is the page reference for --Page 30. If you will see in number two, it says 16 Q the work related for the rate case, and it says \$9,157.50? 17 18 Α Yes. 19 Q But on Page 2 of the summary of actual 20 accounting expense, for June 2000 it says 9,928, is that 21 correct? Yes, sir. 22 Α So which is the correct amount? 23 Q 24 Α I can't tell right off. There is a \$751

difference, so I would recommend that you adjust that by

\$751.

Q Okay. On Page 34 of the same exhibit, the total fees for the month of July 2000 for fees related to this docket are \$7,085, and in Item 3B on this page, \$4,040 is the sum of Accounts 197 and 220, is that correct?

A You will have to backup. I've got it -- what is the page reference again?

- Q Page 34.
- A Okay.
- Q Item 3B says that the amount is \$4,040?
- 11 A Okay.
  - Q Is that the sum of the invoice on Page 35 for Accounts 197 and 220?
  - A I'm sorry, I don't have a calculator. I'm having to do this by hand. That is correct.
  - Q Okay. So that \$4,040 includes Account 197.

    Looking at Item 4 on Page 34, the \$268.11 is for rate case out-of-pocket expense. Does this amount also include Account Number 197?

A No. Account 197 is simply my secretary's time for typing and copying and responding to those interrogatories and document requests. So I think we have properly added that to work code 220. The out-of-pocket expenses are shown on Page 36 of 95 and represent a separate category of costs.

COMMISSIONER JABER: Mr. Nixon, if you or your assistant handwrite or draft the responses to interrogatories or production of document requests, you assess a time, I mean a value to your time. Do you also charge for the secretary's time to just type what you have given her?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

COMMISSIONER JABER: So in that regard there is duplication for responses with respect to interrogatories and production of documents?

THE WITNESS: Well, some of the responses are in the form of schedules and so forth.

COMMISSIONER JABER: But you would agree with me that to the degree she is typing what you have given her, whether it be handwritten or drafted on the computer, there is duplication with respect to working on the same project?

THE WITNESS: I don't know if duplication is the right word, Commissioner. I mean, it is clerical time to put into the form needed to be filed with the Commission. I mean, it would be like if we didn't have any computers and we are still doing things by hand, and I gave my secretary a schedule to type, I would think that would be a legitimate cost. It is really not a duplication, it is just the time necessary to put it into final form.

COMMISSIONER JABER: It's not a trick question. 1 I'm just trying to understand how many people work on one 2 interrogatory response. It might be your assistant and 3 your secretary, correct? 4 THE WITNESS: Correct. 5 COMMISSIONER JABER: It might be your assistant, 6 7 you, and your secretary, right? 8 THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am. 9 BY MR. FUDGE: 10 Mr. Nixon, Page 1 of Exhibit 16 is a summary 11 that you prepared of actual estimated rate case expense, 12 correct? 13 Α Yes. 14 Okay. The amount of actual engineering costs 0 15 reflected on this schedule is from Page 38 of the same exhibit, correct? I'm sorry, Mr. Nixon, I mean legal 16 17 costs. 18 Α Yes, that's what I was going to say. Yes, those 19 are legal costs. 20 Q Okay. And according to Page 38, this is the 21 total of invoices dated November '99 through September 22 2000, is that correct? 23 Α Yes. 24 Q Okay. Would you please turn to Invoice Number 25 21820, dated February 21st on Page 64?

_	^	okay. But Mr. Decerding is going to testify
2	about	
3	Q	Yes, sir, I understand.
4	A <sub>.</sub>	his time.
5	Q	But you can still see, at the bottom of that
6	invoice i	t says filing fee of \$4,500, is that correct?
7	A	Yes.
8	Q	And if you go back to Page 1 of this exhibit,
9	the actua	l in-house costs reflected on this schedule is
10	from Page	95, is that correct?
11	A	Yes.
12	Q	Okay. On Page 95, under actual costs it says
13	filing fe	⇒ \$4,500?
14	A	Yes.
15	Q	And yet in Mr. Deterding's invoice it shows a
16	filing fee	e of \$4,500?
17	A	To the extent it is in there twice, it should be
18	taken out	. It should only be in there one time.
19	Q	Is this another mistake that was made?
20	A	I guess one of the millions of mistakes that I
21	make.	
22		MR. FUDGE: Thank you, Mr. Deterding I mean,
23	Mr. Nixon	•
24		COMMISSIONER JACOBS: You threw him with that
25	last one.	

1 MR. FUDGE: I'm sorry, Commissioner Jacobs, I 2 forgot we had another set of questions from another staff 3 person. 4 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Very well. 5 BY MR. FUDGE: 6 Mr. Nixon, now we are going to cover the 7 projection forecast that you disagree with Mr. Stallcup about. On Page 37 of your rebuttal testimony, on Lines 11 8 9 through 21, you state that apparently Mr. Stallcup 10 concluded that the two projections in the MFRs are not 11 virtually identical because the ending forecast number of 12 ERCs at September 30th, 2000 was 454 ERCs less than the 13 10,229 predicted by an econometric model while the revised 14 projection was within 101 ERCs of his model, correct? I was trying not to get my papers all mixed up 15 16 here. What page are you looking at, please? 17 0 Page 37 of your rebuttal. 18 Α Yes, that is what I said, what you just quoted. On Lines 17 through 18, do you mean September 19 30th, 2001 rather than 2000? 20 21 I'm not sure. I don't have his testimony with If it is in his testimony and you say it is, I will 22 23 agree with that. I don't know. You said you don't have a copy of his testimony 24 25 in front of you?

_	A NO.
2	Q We'll get you a copy.
3	A That's correct. That should be 2001.
4	Q Would you please turn to Page 3 of Mr.
5	Stallcup's testimony. On Lines 14 through 15 is the
6	question would you please explain how you concluded that
7	the two test year ERC forecasts are not virtually
8	identical, is that correct?
9	A Yes.
10	Q Now, please turn to Page 4. The last sentence
11	on Lines 8 through 9 is therefore I conclude that the two
12	forecasts are not virtually identical, correct?
13	A Correct.
14	Q So, Mr. Nixon, wouldn't you agree that Mr.
15	Stallcup's explanation of how he determined whether the
16	two forecasts were virtually identical would be contained
17	somewhere between Page 3, Line 14 and Page 4, Line 9?
18	A I would assume so. I mean, his testimony speaks
19	for itself.
20	Q Thank you. And you have read Page 3, Line 14
21	through Page 4, Line 9?
22	A No, I haven't read it all. I think in my
23	testimony when we were on this subject last month, I said
24	I probably wouldn't understand the mathematics and
25	statistics of what Mr. Stallcup did anyway. You know, I

agree what you are saying is his testimony.

Q But nowhere in that testimony that I cited you to does he conclude that the two forecasts are virtually identical for the reasons you claim in your rebuttal testimony on Page 37, is that correct?

A I'm not sure he uses the 454 anyplace in his testimony. I think what I'm saying in here, though, is the thrust of his argument, if I understand it, is correct. That his econometric model had an internal consistency, whatever that means, that caused him to believe that the revised ERC forecast in the MFRs was statistically more reliable than our original forecast. And I think he does someplace in his testimony mention there is only a 101 ERC difference. I am not sure he mentions that the original forecast was 454 less, for whatever that is worth.

Q But nowhere in his testimony does he reach the conclusion that you state that he reaches in your rebuttal testimony, does he, for the reasons you set forth?

A Well, I don't want to sit here and read his testimony because, you know, we have some time constraints. I can do that. I thought someplace in his testimony was the statement that his analysis compared to the revised projection of ERCs in the MFR was much closer than our original projection. And, therefore, he believed

the revised projection was a better one to use. I believe that is all I'm saying.

Q That may have been a result of his analysis, Mr. Nixon. Was that the rationale for reaching his conclusion that they are not virtually identical?

A I believe we were looking at the wrong page. I think my testimony goes to Page 6 of his testimony where he cites the difference of 101. And although he doesn't specifically mention the 454, he does say on the other hand, the original forecast did differ significantly from the econometric model's projection. So I don't think I'm saying anything about his analysis that is misleading.

Q But you are citing to the results of his analysis instead of to his actual analysis, is that correct?

A Yes. And I think if you read my testimony on this subject, mine was geared totally towards the results and the uses that those results are put to in the MFRs.

Q So do you agree that Mr. Stallcup did not reach the conclusion based on his results, but on his analysis that he performed in Pages 3 through 4?

A If you want to phrase it that way, I would agree with that. I don't have any problem with it.

Q Mr. Nixon, isn't it true that the Seven Springs area is probably one of the fastest growing areas in Pasco

Count	- 3 7 7
Count	- y :

- A That would be my guess, yes.
- Q Please refer back to Mr. Stallcup's testimony on Page 4, on Lines 10 through 11, the question is would you please explain how you concluded that the revised forecast is more likely to produce reliable results, is that correct?
  - A That is the question, yes.
- Q Now turn to Page 6. The last sentence on Lines
  22 through 25 is, these results lead me to conclude that
  the utility's revised ERC forecast should be more
  reflective of the conditions expected to exist in the test
  year than in the originally filed forecast, correct?
  - A Yes.
- Q So wouldn't you agree that Mr. Stallcup's explanation of which forecast should be used would be contained somewhere between Page 4, Line 10 and Page 6, Line 25?
- A I'm sorry, I feel real uncomfortable responding to Mr. Stallcup's testimony. He is the one to ask about what he meant or what he is doing. I don't know if it is between those two pages or not.
- Q But you are testifying as to how he reached certain conclusions, and we are just asking wouldn't his rationale be included in those two pages?

I assume the rationale is in his schedules, in 1 Α 2 his model back there. Whether he states exactly that rationale between Pages 4 and 6, I don't know. On Page 5 3 he discusses the econometrics model, time trends --4 COMMISSIONER JABER: Mr. Fudge, I'm having 5 6 trouble understanding the line of questioning, too. I 7 mean, Mr. Stallcup's testimony is what it is. If the rationale is there, it is going to be in the record 8 9 I don't understand the line of questioning either. 10 MR. FUDGE: It's just that Mr. Nixon is 11 12 testifying what Mr. Stallcup's rationale was when he chose 13 one model over the other.

COMMISSIONER JABER: Mr. Nixon, clarify for me. I thought you said your testimony is based on the results?

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THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am. We did an original projection based on ERCs, which were based on meter size, which reflected actual billable customers that were active connections. And in the revised schedule we started out with residential ERCs, and then converted those residential ERCs to total ERCs. So it is simply a theoretical calculation of the ERCs.

And the difference between the total number of ERCs projected using either approach was insignificant. There was only a 34 ERC difference. And my testimony went to the point that not statistically speaking, but practically speaking, and for what these projections of ERCs were used for, I thought the original projection was just fine.

Now, Mr. Stallcup, if I understand his testimony, went back and did an analysis to test the inherent accuracy of the two forecasts. And he concluded that the revised forecast was more accurate and that should be used. I think that is all we are talking about here is just a difference of opinion and which one of the forecasts of ERCs should be used. I can't really speak to his rationale or find it sitting here on the witness stand in a couple of pages and say, yes, this is what his rationale was or, no, that is what his rationale wasn't.

BY MR. FUDGE:

Q Mr. Nixon, since you stated earlier that you have no expertise in mathematics and statistics, is it at least possible that you do not understand Mr. Stallcup's rationale?

A I think that is a fair statement, yes.

MR. FUDGE: All right. Mr. Fletcher is going to pass out another exhibit we would like to have marked as Exhibit 29. This is just for ease of reference. The numbers in there are reflected in the MFRs. This is just easier for him to have them available.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: If that is the case, do we 1 2 really need to mark it? MR. FUDGE: We would just mark it now for 3 identification, but we won't have to move it in. Or we 4 5 just don't have to mark it. 6 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: You don't need to mark it, 7 if you're not going to move it in. You can refer to it, 8 fine. 9 MR. FUDGE: Okay. BY MR. FUDGE: 10 11 0 Mr. Nixon, you stated on Page 37, Line 24 12 through Page 38, Line 3 that what is important is the 13 projected increase in ERCs from the end of the historic 14 test year to the end of the projected test year. These 15 projected additional ERCs are those which will generate 16 additional projected revenues and expenses, correct? 17 Α Correct. 18 Do you have a copy of the MFRs in front of you? 19 Α Yes. 20 Will you please refer to Page 131. The third 21 column of Page 131 is entitled ERC times 1,000. Please qo 22 down that column until you find the value that corresponds 23 to 1999. That number is 9,646, correct? Α Correct. 24 25 Q And 9,646 represents the number of ERCs at the

end of the historical test year in this forecast, correct?

A Yes, using the methodology I described a few minutes ago. Simply a calculated number of ERCs, and in no way relates to the number of billing units.

Q Okay. And continuing down the same column, the ERC value that corresponds to 2001 is 10,330, correct?

A Correct.

Q And 10,330 ERCs represents the number of ERCs projected at the end of the September 30th, 2001 projected test period, correct?

A Correct.

Q And according to your testimony it is the increase between those two ERC values from 1999 to 2001 that is important, because the additional ERCs from 1999 to 2001 are those which will generate additional revenues and expenses, correct?

A Correct. And as I said, if you do the same thing with the ERCs, there are different numbers. But the ERCs on Page 133 for that two-year period total 718 versus the 684 shown on Page 131. There is a 34 ERC difference.

Q Okay. Would you please look at the document we have passed out entitled ERC proof of the revised forecast. The first line of the exhibit is labelled base year 1999 ERCs, and the number is 9,646, correct?

A Right.

And that is the same number we looked at 1 0 2 earlier, correct? Correct. 3 Α The third line of the exhibit represents 4 Q projected 2001 test year ERCs, correct? 5 6 Α Correct. 7 So the first few lines of this exhibit contain 0 the information which you stated starting from the bottom 8 9 of Page 37 to the top of Page 38 in your testimony is 10 important, correct? 11 Α Yes. Only this is the --The revised forecast. 12 0 13 Α -- revised forecast. 14 And, Mr. Nixon, would you multiply 9,646 by the 15 projection factor shown of 1.07093, and show that it 16 yields a result of 10,330? 17 It does, but I think we went over this at the 18 last hearing, and I said one of my disagreements, and in 19 my understanding the 1.07093 only measures the change, percentage change between the base year of 1999 and 2001. 20 21 So you have effectively dropped off the impact of the five 22 year historic average in this calculation. 23 Mr. Jagoudis in my office, who is a better statistician 24

than I am, and I think even Mr. Porter says that when you

do that you change the slope of the five year regression

So, mathematically what I just multiplied out 1 line. agrees with your number, but I still don't agree it is 2 3 correct. 4 0 That is for a two-year growth period, correct, the 1.07093 number? 5 Α Yes, sir. 6 7 Now, if you used a projection factor other than 8 1.07093, you would not have arrived at the resulting ERCs 9 of 10,330, correct? 10 Well, you wouldn't in this calculation. But I don't think 1.07093 multiplied by the 1994 number of ERCs 11 12 to get that five-year regression line trend is the right number, either. 13 14 The 7.093 is simply the computed percentage to 15 get from 9,646 to 10,330. So it is not really a five-year average growth rate percentage based on the total 16 17 five-year regression line. 18 But isn't that factor derived from the five-year 19 regression line? 20 Α The 9,646 -- excuse me, the 10,330 is. But when you compute the percentage increase only using 1999 to 21 22 2001 you are changing the five-year percentage, you are 23 changing the slope of that regression line. 24 If you go down to the bottom part of the 0

exhibit, and if you multiplied the one year projection

factor of 1.03486 times 9,646, you would get 9,982, is 1 2 that correct? 3 Say that again, please. If you start with the base historic year of 4 Q 9,646 and you multiply it by the growth factor of 1.03486, 5 you would get 9,982, is that correct? 6 7 I assume so. Α 8 If you multiplied 9,982, again, by that same growth factor of 1.03486, you would get 10,330, is that 9 10 correct? I think that is correct. 11 12 So, again, the calculation you just performed 0 started and ended with the information you stated starting 13 from the bottom of Page 37 to the top of Page 38 in your 14 15 testimony is important, yes? 16 Α Sure it's important, it just depends on how you 17 get your data to apply. 18 And the resulting total increase in ERCs is, 19 once again, 684? 20 Α Yes. 21 Based on the results of these calculations, 0 22 would you now agree that the growth factor of 1.03486 23 yields the annual or one-year growth in ERCs? 24 Α It does based on your methodology of lopping off

the previous five years. What you have just said is the

percentage increase to get from 1999 to 2000 using the ERCs in Column 3.

- Q Mr. Nixon, is the utility bound by either
  Chapter 367 or the corresponding rules in Chapter 25-30 of
  the Florida Administrative Code to file only the
  information requested in the MFR package?
  - A Is the utility bound?
- Q Yes. Can you file more information than is required?
  - A You can, sure.

- Q So isn't it the utility's burden to file whatever additional information it believes is necessary to meet its burden of proof with respect to its requested rate increase?
- A We usually try to file as much information as necessary to support the increase.
- Q And the statute nor the rule do not require that all possible variations of methodologies be examined by the utility prior to its filing, does it?
- A Well, I think we complied with the rule in presenting the information we did. There are certainly other methodologies out there. Based on my experience, I didn't feel the need to utilize anything different than the information required on Schedule F-10. We didn't have any unusual circumstances that I felt would warrant a

deviation. We have had fairly stable growth out there.

We have had no real huge fluctuations for unusual reasons.

So I believe the information on Schedule F-10 was appropriate as presented.

Q So would you agree that staff's role is to evaluate the utility's filing to make a recommendation as to whether the utility had met its burden of proof with respect to the requested rate increase?

A Yes, that is the Commission's purpose.

Q Okay. On Page 7 of your deposition, which is Exhibit 6, you said that you don't understand the significance of a slope in a linear regression equation.

Is that still true?

A Pretty much, yes.

Q In fact, you responded all I know how to do is plug the data into a linear regression formula in the computer and get a result. Is that statement still true?

A Yes.

MR. FUDGE: Thank you, Mr. Nixon.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Very well. We will break for lunch. We will come back at 1:30. Let me advise the parties I anticipate that we will go tonight until we finish, particularly since the time line on this case is being pressed. And I wouldn't anticipate us going too late this evening, either. But maybe you guys can get

together over lunch and figure out about how much time we are looking at to complete. Thank you. We will be back 2 at 1:30. 3 4 (Lunch recess.) COMMISSIONER JACOBS: We will go back on the 5 I assume we have circled wagons. What does it 6 7 look like in terms of finishing -- well, we have to finish today, so what does it look like in terms of our process? 8 9 MR. FUDGE: We don't have that many questions 10 for the remaining witnesses. 11 MR. WHARTON: Some people felt like that was the 12 witness, that was the long witness. 13 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Is that right? Sounds 14 good. I guess you carry the honor with you, Mr. Nixon. 15 Very well. You were finished, complete, right? 16 MR. FUDGE: Yes, Commissioner. 17 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Redirect. 18 MR. DETERDING: Thank you, just a few. 19 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 20 BY MR. DETERDING: 21 Mr. Nixon, Mr. Fudge referred you to Page 13, 0 Line 15 of your testimony, some testimony you were giving 22 23 concerning the new controller. 24 Α Yes. 25 And your testimony there says, based -- let me Q

paraphrase this, and see if I've got it right. That based upon the experience and background of the new controller versus the old controller, you would logically conclude that the CPA firm would have to assist more with the new controller, is that right?

A That's right.

Now, Mr. Fudge was asking you about whether or not that was a long-term effect because of the learning curve as this person is there awhile. What I'm trying to understand is, he said wouldn't that decrease over time. But once it decreased, once this person got to be very experienced, would you expect there to be a greater amount of time than the previous controller, or a similar amount, or less necessary from outside help?

A I think I tried to get at that in my answer to Mr. Fudge's question. I said once the new controller learns her position, I would think our involvement would continue to be about what it has been with the old controller. She was very experienced, yet sought our advice and input and so forth. So I don't think anything is going to change over the long run.

Q But in the short-term I think what your statement here suggests is in the short-term it will be greater, but in the long-term it will be about the same.

A That's correct.

Okay. I just wanted to clarify that. You were 1 referred to RCN-17, which I believe is an excerpt from the 2 MFRs as filed originally? 3 Α 4 Yes. Mr. Fudge was asking you some questions about 5 6 the wording, I guess, on Lines 14 through 18, and the 7 confusion -- apparently, the confusion between what the statement in the third full sentence, I guess, or the 8 9 second full sentence, the company has received matching funds referred to. Was the Little Road line relocation 10 11 related to a reuse line? 12 Α No. 13 0 Was the Little Road project the subject of its 14 own proceeding before this Commission that concluded last fall? 15 Α 16 Yes. 17 Was the issue of the appropriateness of that Q 18 line relocation investigated by the PSC staff and 19 auditors? 20 Α Yes, it was. 21 0 As to the matching funds, were those discussed 22 in the reuse case completed a couple of years ago? 23 Α They were to the extent that the Commission 24 ordered Aloha to go to the Southwest Florida Water 25 Management District and inquire about and apply for

funding. 1 For reuse lines, correct? 2 For reuse lines. 3 And that was in the reuse case that they made 4 0 5 such a requirement? 6 Yes. 7 Mr. Fudge pointed you to several items within 8 your bills that apparently the staff believes are errors 9 within those bills, and one in one of my bills that 10 apparently is a duplication. If you add up all of the 11 alleged errors in those bills, are they material to the 12 total amount of rate case expense? 13 Α No. 14 Are they material to the rate increase 15 requested? 16 Α No. 17 Concerning the projections of your response to 18 Mr. Stallcup, was your methodology -- have you used your 19 methodology and your way of calculating and utilizing the 20 regression, simple regression used by you in any previous 21 cases? 22 Yes, but I can't recall which ones. 23 Have you done this the same way in your Schedule 24 F-10 in other cases? 25 Α Yes, we have, as far as the ERCs as I defined

1	them earlier based on meter equivalents.
2	Q Has it been adjusted by the staff in those
3	cases, by the Commission?
4	A No.
5	Q If the Commission staff had called you and said
6	we found this filing fee to appear both in the in-house
7	costs and in the legal bills, what do you think your
8	reaction or the utility's reaction would have been?
9	A I think we would have just agreed to make an
LO	adjustment and stipulate it out of the case.
L1	MR. DETERDING: That's all I have.
L2	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Exhibits.
L3	MR. DETERDING: I want to move 22 and 23.
L <b>4</b>	MR. BURGESS: Commissioner, I object to Exhibit
L5	22. This is the exhibit that showed the difference in the
L6	expenditures in 1999 versus 1998 for materials and
L7	supplies.
L8	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: I believe that may be 23.
L9	MR. BURGESS: That's right. That was the one
20	that I had to change. It's 23 that I object to; 22 I have
21	no objection to.
22	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. We will show 22 as
23	admitted. Let's hold off on 23 for a moment.
24	MR. FUDGE: Staff moves 24 through 28.
25	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Without objection show
1	

24 --

Burgess.

MR. FUDGE: I'm sorry, 24 through 27; 28 is a late-filed exhibit.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Twenty-four through 27 admitted.

(Exhibit 23 and 24 through 27 admitted.)

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Your objection, Mr.

MR. BURGESS: Yes, sir. This is in response -in Mr. Nixon's rebuttal testimony in response to an issue
raised by Mr. Larkin. Mr. Larkin's concern was that in
this particular account it looked like 1999 was an
unusually high year, that it was above the norm. That was
the issue as raised. And as Mr. Nixon has pointed out,
1999 actual is what was used to project that which will
drive the rates on a going-forward and repetitive basis
from here on, and so it needs to be very careful that
there not be a spike or a non-representative year.

This exhibit simply shows the amount that is spent in the two different years. And it shows, without the adjustments, that in 1999 it was 62,876 and in 1998 it was 36,000 and something. This simply breaks it down.

And if you look at it, I mean, it shows that there are differences, but it doesn't explain anything. And that was the whole point of the issue as raised by Mr. Larkin.

If you cannot explain why these are going to continue at this higher level for 1999, then it needs to be adjusted so that it doesn't reflect future rates that go on, and on, and on when, in fact, it is a spike. And just take a sampling of these, take it in the middle. Electric and mechanical, 5,800 in 1999; 400 in 1998. Graybar Electric, 2,100 in 1000; 0 in 1998. And on and on it goes.

Now, this says this is where the money is spent.

Well, we knew the money was spent, that's not the question.

But this doesn't explain anywhere or go at all to the issue of demonstrating that these are on-going expenditures and that is our concern.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: So your objection is based on relevancy.

MR. DETERDING: On relevancy. It does not address the issue that was raised by Mr. Larkin.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. Mr. Deterding.

MR. DETERDING: Well, the purpose as Mr. Nixon said when he sponsored this, this is simply -- does not change his testimony, but simply is an illustration of what was composed of the 1999 -- in the 1999 expenses as compared to 1998. To the extent that Mr. Burgess believes that this does not demonstrate the appropriateness of those costs, then he certainly can take that position in

1	his briefs. But I don't see any reason to exclude it
2	based upon that reasoning. It certainly in Mr. Nixon's
3	mind is relevant to the issue at hand, which is whether or
4	not the expenses for 1999 base year or the first nine
5	months of '99 are appropriate. So I don't think that is a
6	basis for excluding it. It may be a basis for claiming
7	that it doesn't in his argument doesn't demonstrate the
8	appropriateness of Mr. Nixon's position.
9	MR. BURGESS: Commissioner, I don't object to it
LO	that much. I mean, it is information as to what the money
11	was spent on. I just want to make the point that it
12	really does not address the issue that was raised. And
13	with that, I withdraw my objection to it going in.
L <b>4</b>	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Very well. We will
15	proceed. It will be given the weight it would be due.
16	MR. DETERDING: Thank you.
L7	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Thank you for expediting
L8	that for us. And with that we admit Exhibit 23. Very
19	well. Next witness.
20	(Exhibit 23 admitted into the record.)
21	MR. WHARTON: Aloha would call David Porter.
22	
23	DAVID W. PORTER
24	was called as a witness on behalf of Aloha Utilities, Inc,
25	and having been duly sworn testified as follows.

1		DIRECT EXAMINATION
2	BY MR. WH	IARTON:
3	Q	Mr. Porter, have you previously been sworn in
4	this prod	eeding?
5	A	Yes, I have.
6	Q	Please state your name and employment address
7	for the 1	record.
8	A	My name is David W. Porter, PE. The address is
9	3197 Ryan	ns, R-Y-A-N-S, Court, Green Cove Springs, Florida
10	32043.	
11	Q	And are you the same David W. Porter who
12	provided	direct testimony in this proceeding?
13	Α	I am.
14	Q	Sir, did you cause to be prepared a document
15	referred	to as the rebuttal testimony of David W. Porter?
16	A	I did.
17	Q	Consisting of 25 pages?
18	A	That is correct.
19	Q	If I asked you those same questions here today,
20	would you	ir answers be the same?
21	A	They would.
22	Q	Do you have any corrections to make to that
23	testimony	y at this time?
24	А	Yes, I have several small typos. On Page 1,
25	Line 24	strike the third word "the" So it should mad

1	upgrades to occur in the test year, instead of upgrades to
2	the occur.
3	On Page 2, Line 17, first word, change "used" to
4	"use".
5	Page 3, Line 1, the word "hundreds" should be
6	"thousands".
7	And I believe one more, Line 5 I'm sorry,
8	Page 5, Line 22, change the fifth word from "t" to "to".
9	So it should read would only be made to the marginal
10	costs. And those are the changes that I have.
11	Q Did you also prepare certain exhibits which were
12	prefiled as DWP-1?
13	A I did.
14	Q And those were exhibits documenting engineering
15	costs in this proceeding?
16	A That's correct.
17	Q Let me ask you, Mr. Porter, did you also provide
18	information to Mr. Nixon which he used in part to put
19	together the exhibit that he talked about during his
20	testimony, which was the updated rate case exhibit?
21	A Yes, I did. Those were the updates, that's
22	correct.
23	Q Do you have any corrections to make to your
24	exhibit?
25	A No.

MR. WHARTON: We would request that Mr. Porter's prefiled rebuttal testimony be inserted in the record as though read and that his attached prefiled exhibit be marked for identification. COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Without objection, show his rebuttal testimony entered into the record as though We will mark Exhibit DWP-1 rebuttal as Exhibit 29. Did you ask for it to be admitted, also? 30? Did I miss I'm up to 29. one? MR. JAEGER: Twenty-nine is correct. another one that we were getting ready to mark, and we didn't even identify it as an exhibit. (Exhibit 29 marked for identification.) 1.7 

1		BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
2		ALOHA ÚTILITIES, INC.
3		DOCKET NO. 991643-SU
4		REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF DAVID W. PORTER, P.E., C.O.
5	Q.	Please state your name and professional address.
6	A.	David W. Porter, P.E., C.O., Water/Wastewater System
7		Consulting Engineer, 3197 Ryans Court, Green Cove Springs,
8		Florida, 32043
9	Q.	Have you previously provided testimony in this proceeding?
10	Α.	Yes, I prefiled direct testimony.
11	Q.	What is the purpose of this rebuttal testimony?
12		A. I wish to respond to a number of statements made, and
13		issues raised, by Mr. Ted L. Biddy, P.E. in his prefiled
14		direct testimony.
15	Q.	Have you read the prefiled direct testimony of Mr. Ted L.
16		Biddy, P.E. which he prefiled in this proceeding?
17	A.	Yes.
18	Q.	Do you agree with Mr. Biddy's methodology that he developed
19		to assess the used and useful percentage for the Seven
20		Springs Wastewater Collection and Transmission System?
21	A.	No.
22	Q	Please state why you do not agree.
23	Α.	First, with the exception of required line relocations and
24		upgrades to the occur in the test year, the vast majority of
25		the collection system is 100% contributed and therefore, is DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE
		11297 SEP 128

FPSC-RECORDS/REPORTING

100% used and useful. Therefore, no used and useful adjustment is appropriate under any scenario. Mr. Nixon has discussed this aspect of the issue in his rebuttal testimony. Mr. Biddy based his used and useful determination on a factor derived by calculating the ratio of residential lots presently occupied in the entire service area and the total number of residential lots available for development. It appears that Mr. Biddy believes that the collection system lines and wastewater pumping stations are not 100% used and useful if there were still undeveloped lots to be connected in the future in the area served by the facilities in question. This used and useful determination methodology is totally incorrect as it assumes that one can technically and cost effectively construct wastewater collection systems in a piecemeal fashion by constructing a small sewer line to accommodate the small number of initial customers that will used the water and wastewater facilities and then, as more customers are added to the system, add a parallel sewer line to carry the increased flow. This method of constructing sewer lines and wastewater pump stations could not be accomplished in compliance with Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) rules. FDPE rules prohibit the construction of sewer lines smaller than eight inches in diameter for wastewater collection systems. An eight inch sewer line can carry the wastewater generated by many

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of customers. The majority of Aloha's sewer lines
are eight inch diameter (the minimum size allowable by FDEP
rule) and could not have been constructed any smaller. Even
if the FDEP did not specify a minimum line size, it would
not be cost effective to install line sizes below the size
needed to serve the entire number of customers that may be
served in the subject area during the expected life of the
sewer itself. This is because the cost of increasing the
size of a new sewer line from one size to the next larger
size (say from eight inch diameter to 10 inch diameter) is
very small, approximately \$1.05, for materials. However, the
wastewater flow capacity of the 10 inch diameter sewer, laid
at minimum slope, is 1.8 times greater. The eight inch
diameter PVC line laid at minimum slope could carry
approximately 475,000 gallons of wastewater per day. The 10
inch diameter PVC line laid at minimum slope could carry
approximately 864,000 gallons of wastewater per day. At 150
gallons per day per connection this means that the eight
inch diameter line could carry the wastewater from 3,166
customers each day and the 10 inch diameter line could carry
the wastewater from 5,760 customers each day. The cost to
increase the size of the pipeline from 8 inch diameter to 10
inch diameter would not be materially different,
approximately \$1.00 to \$1.50 per foot of length as the only
real cost difference is in the cost of the materials as the

construction cost of installing an eight inch line is essentially the same as for a 10 inch line. If however, the smaller line was originally installed as Mr. Biddy suggests, and a new line must be added later to carry the sewage flow from the additional 2,594 customers, the cost of adding another parallel sewer line to the first line would be very large, perhaps in the area of \$12.00 to \$20.00 per foot plus the cost of additional manholes and appurtenances. As you see, since the minimum size of a gravity sewer line is eight inch diameter and since the cost of up sizing to a 10 inch diameter line is inconsequential, it would be imprudent to attempt to build sewer lines for anything less than the total expected number of customers in any given part of the service area. The marginal cost of increasing the size of the pipeline initially is so small as compared to the total cost of installing the sewer line that is becomes inconsequential. Even if a used and useful adjustment were to be made for the collection system, it should be made on the marginal cost of supplying larger sized piping material only as the construction related costs are not affected. The same situation exists for wastewater pumping stations, the major costs associated with constructing a wastewater pumping station is the cost of the property it resides on, the cost of the concrete pump station wet well, and the cost of the piping and controls. Although the pumps are costly,

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the cost of increasing the pumping capacity of a pump from one size to the next is very small, on the order of 10 to 15% in many cases. Here I am specifically talking about the cost of the pumps alone; the cost of the remaining pump station components would not vary appreciably with a one size upsizing of the pumps. However, retrofitting a pump station to accept larger pumps in the future is very costly as modifications to the structure are frequently needed as well as to the piping, controls and appurtenances. In addition, the labor involved in retrofitting a pump station with new pumps can be quite high. One would also loose the value of the pumps first installed before the end of their service life. Construction related costs, that would be duplicated in future upgrades (such as site dewatering; concrete wet-well framing and forming; force main installation; and control system installation) far outweigh the costs associated with upsizing the pumps initially. For these reasons, the methodology Mr. Biddy developed to assess the used and useful percentage for the Seven Springs Wastewater Collection System is not correct. Even if a used and useful adjustment was appropriate (which it is not), it would only be made the marginal cost of the larger pipe (for lines) and the marginal cost of the pumps themselves (for pump stations) which are both wholly immaterial to the total cost. This system is 100% used and useful.

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- 1 Q. Do you agree with Mr. Biddy's statement that the Seven
- 2 Springs Wastewater Collection and Transmission System is not
- 3 100% used and useful?
- 4 A. No, for the reasons that I have stated above.
- 5 O. What used and useful percentage would you apply to the
- 6 Seven Springs Wastewater Collection System?
- 7 A. 100% for the reasons stated above.
- 8 Q. Mr. Biddy testifies that "the familiar FDEP rule of 200 GPD
- 9 per inch of pipe diameter per mile of sewer line" should be
- the benchmark used when the Seven Springs Wastewater
- 11 Collection System (SSWCS) is evaluated for the presence of
- 12 excessive I/I. Do you agree?
- 13 A. No. The benchmark that Mr. Biddy applies, 200 gal/inch
- diameter/mile, is quoted in FDEP rules that deal with
- determining if a newly constructed sewer line has been
- 16 constructed properly. It is a calculation that the engineer
- of record must perform prior to certifying that the sewer
- line is "substantially complete" and ready for FDEP approval
- 19 to put it into service. The 200 gallons/inch diameter/mile
- figure that Mr. Biddy quotes is an engineering standard used
- 21 to determine the integrity of newly constructed PVC lines
- with high reliability gasket systems before the first
- customer connection to the new sewer is made. Once the line
- is put into service and customer connections are made, the
- line will no longer exhibit the 200 gallon/inch

diameter/mile water infiltration and inflow rate. Nowhere in 1 FDEP rules is there any reference to this number being 2 applied to any existing system to determine if excessive I/I 3 is occurring. In fact, there are a number of locations in 4 the FDEP rules that require utility systems to determine if 5 their system is experiencing excessive I/I. FDEP Rule 62-600.735 F.A.C. specifically states that "The collection 7 system shall not be evaluated unless treatment plant 8 problems result from the operation of collection and 9 transmission facilities (such as excessive 10 11 infiltration/inflow, septic wastewater, introduction of toxic substances, or lack of controls on industrial 12 wastewater discharges to the collection system)." Aloha 13 submitted just such an Operation and Maintenance Performance 14 15 Report to FDEP in December 1997 as part of a wastewater 16 permit application package. In that report, Aloha's 17 engineer's did not evaluate the collection system because, in Aloha's opinion and that of their consulting engineer, 18 19 excessive I/I was not present in the SSWCS. FDEP reviewed and approved the report and issued the permit. Therefore, 20 21 assuming FDEP was not negligent in their review of the O&M 22 Performance Report, FDEP agreed that the SSWCS was not 23 experiencing excessive I/I. In addition, on March 1, 2000 24 Aloha submitted a required Capacity Analysis Report to the 25 FDEP for the wastewater treatment plant. In this report,

Aloha's consulting engineer did not address I/I again because Aloha and its consultant both believe that excessive I/I do not exist in the SSWCs. The FDEP also approved this report. Again, assuming that the FDEP reviewers were diligent in their duty, the FDEP also agreed that there were no excessive I/I problems with the SSWCS. Contrary to what Mr. Biddy stated in his prefiled testimony, Aloha's SSWCS is not mainly constructed of PVC pipe with gaskets. A substantial portion of the sewer lines that make up the system are constructed of clay tile pipe. Also, much of the PVC pipe that was constructed over 15 years ago (before the newer, more reliable, PVC pipe and gasket materials that are used today were developed) are prone to higher leakage rates. The clay tile pipe, of the age found in Aloha's system, is easily cracked and broken and often develops leaks as it ages. Standard sewer system evaluation and design manuals (from the USEPA and professional trade groups such as the Water Environment Federation, etc.) provide a wide range of allowable expected I/I values based on pipe type, age and depth of bury of the pipe. Nowhere in any manual of this type is it stated that one should apply a 200 gallon per day per inch diameter per mile I/I standard to clay tile pipe or PVC pipe as soon as it is put into service. The 200 gallons/inch diameter/mile figure that Mr. Biddy quotes is an engineering standard used to determine

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the integrity of newly constructed PVC lines with high reliability gasket systems before the first customer connection to the new sewer is made. Once the line is put into service and customer connections are made, the line will no longer exhibit the 200 gallon/inch diameter/mile water infiltration and inflow rate. Expected I/I values provided in the standard manuals of practice for this industry vary between 10,000 and 40,000 gallons per day per mile of sewer length for the type of pipe, age and depth of bury for the SSWCS. Given that there are approximately 35 miles of sewer pipelines in the SSWCS, then the expected I/I contribution to the total wastewater flow rate would be between 350,000 and 1,400,000 gallons per day. Within the last 12 months, Aloha has competed a total, sub-system by sub-system, flow isolation study for the SSWCS. This study was undertaken to comply with the requirements of the Amended and Restated Consent Final Judgement imposed by the FDEP. This study, and the resultant sewer line repair work, were designed to allow Aloha to swap allowable I/I flow reductions for increased new customer connection capability without first further expanding the wastewater treatment facilities. In effect, Aloha was required by FDEP to remove I/I water from the system (even though the I/I is not considered excessive) in order to make room for additional new home connections at the existing wastewater treatment

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plant. This agreement with the FDEP was prudent from the Utility management standpoint not only because it allowed Aloha to more efficiently service new sewer customers, without constructing additional treatment facilities, but because I/I analysis and reduction is a normal, necessary and prudent part of operating a wastewater collection system, especially as that system ages. The flow isolation study showed that the majority of the I/I identified systemwide could be removed by concentrating on one sub-system. This sub-system, serving the Seven Springs Boulevard and Veterans Village area (not surprisingly) has sewer lines constructed of clay tile pipe that are some of the oldest in the system and are deeply buried. The remaining sub-systems showed that a potential additional 30,000 gallons per day of I/I could be removed, but at a higher cost as the defects would be spread out over a much larger area requiring much more detailed investigation to locate them. Therefore, the 138,000 gallons of I/I found in the Seven Springs and Veterans Village area was targeted to receive detailed television inspection and defect repair work first. This work has been completed and Aloha has requested that the FDPE issue new connection credit for the 138,000 gallon per day allowable I/I removed to date. Therefore, there is now approximately 30,000 gallons per day of remaining I/I that has been identified in the remainder of the system. This

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quantity of I/I is comparatively small and well below the 1 anticipated I/I flow rates expected in a system of this age 2 and type according to the standard manuals of practice for 3 this industry. 4 However, even though the 30,000 gallons of remaining I/I 5 identified is guite small, it represents defects in the 6 piping and manhole systems that must be found and corrected 7 as part of an ongoing sewer system maintenance program. 8 These defects, if not corrected, can lead to serious damage 9 to the roadways which are located over the sewer line and 10 manhole defects. Should the sewer line defect not be 11 corrected, the soil in the area surrounding the pipeline 12 13 defect is gradually washed into the sewer line. This causes 14 an ever expanding soil void to open up near the defect 15 location. After enough of the soil is removed and the void 16 becomes large enough so as to no longer provide the 17 necessary support for the roadway above, the roadway will 18 collapse when a large vehicle (such as a school bus or 19 truck) pass over. The collapse of a roadway causes not only damage to the vehicle and its passengers, but also causes 20 21 massive damage to the pipeline below. The repairs needed 22 after a roadway collapse are orders of magnitude larger than 23 the cost of repairing the pipeline and manhole defects 24 before the problems expand. This is why Aloha has, as do all 25 properly managed sewer utility systems, a program to inspect

and repair sewer line and manhole defects on an ongoing

- 2 basis.
- 3 Another indicator that proves that the SSWCS is not
- 4 receiving excessive I/I flows is that the average per
- 5 connection flow contribution for the system is less than 150
- 6 gallons per connection per day. The national average for per
- 7 connection wastewater generation flow rates is approximately
- 8 250 to 300 depending on the source of the data. This would
- 9 indicate that Aloha's wastewater generation rate is low
- 10 because its I/I flow contribution is lower than average.
- 11 FDEP witness MacColeman also states that the FDEP finds the
- 12 150 gallons per day per connection "normal." For all the
- reasons stated herein, it is my opinion that the SSWCS does
- not exhibit excessive I/I and is therefore 100% used and
- useful.
- 16 Q. Mr. Biddy estimates that there is approximately 280,000
- gallons per day of I/I flow entering the SSWCS. Do you
- 18 agree?
- 19 A. No. Mr. Biddy states that since approximately 140,000
- gallons per day of I/I have been found to date by Aloha, and
- since that I/I reduction was accomplished in a small part of
- the total system, then a proportional amount of I/I must
- exist in the remainder of the system. This totally ignores
- the fact that the reason that the approximate 140,000 gallon
- 25 I/I reduction took place in the small sub-system is that

this is the sub-system that one would expect to find higher I/I rates in. This part of the system was one of the first areas to be added to the SSWCS and its sewers are constructed of clay tile pipe buried deeply under heavily traveled highways. Also, Mr. Biddy's statements totally ignore the fact that total system I/I estimates based on total system flow isolation studies show that a maximum of approximately 30,000 gallons per day of I/I may exist in the remainder of the system. Also, Mr. Biddy fails to note that the 140,000 I/I flow identified has been removed from the system and no longer exists. As the I/I flows have been reduced over the last year, the flow of wastewater to the system from new connections (and from areas with higher sewer use customers) has increased making the reduction in I/I less apparent. However, it must be kept in mind that had the allowable I/I reductions not been realized, the actual wastewater plant flows would be higher then now being experienced or projected for the test year. Mr. Biddy states that the Capacity Analysis report prepared by me in March of this year indicated excess I/I in the collection system. This is not correct. I state that in 1998, regional flooding occurred in much of Florida that caused flood water inflow into the sewer lines. This problem occurred all over Florida and was not related to the condition of Aloha's sewer lines but to street and surrounding land area flooding causing

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water to flow into the tops of manholes and pump station 1 entrance hatches. In my Capacity Analysis Report I reported 2 that these flows were not characteristic of the SSWCS and 3 that they should be removed from the analysis for system 4 capacity as they were flood related. The FDEP agreed and 5 system flow projections were based on "normalized" 1998 6 flows and not the flows that were flood water induced inflow 7 based. This fact is clearly described in the Capacity 8 Analysis Report and I have no idea why Mr. Biddy would state 9 that my report indicated that excessive I/I was present. The 10 actual estimated quantity of I/I remaining in the SSWCS at 11 this time is 30,000 gallons per day which is far below 12 13 expected normal I/I values for the type, age and depth of bury of the pipe located throughout the service area. 14

- 15 Q. Mr. Biddy states that the operating expenses for the

  16 wastewater treatment plant should be adjusted for the

  17 presence of excessive I/I. Do you agree.
- 18 Α. No. Since no excessive I/I exists there is no basis for 19 adjusting operating expenses. In addition, Mr. Biddy states 20 that he believes that the maintenance budget amount is excessive as the equipment manufacturer's of the new 21 22 equipment must warrantee their equipment for one year after startup. Manufacturer's warrantees apply only to the repair 23 24 of defects in materials and workmanship, they do not apply 25 to normal operations, preventative maintenance, the purchase

of necessary spare parts, equipment repair due to normal 1 operation, updates to the process computer controller 2 programming, electronic control equipment service contracts, 3 master computer system software upgrades, replacement of 4 controls and equipment damaged by lightning, electric 5 generator diesel motor maintenance, electric generator power 6 system maintenance contracts, etc. This system must be 100% 7 reliable as required by FDEP Rule 62-610 and therefore, 8 requires a great deal of preventative maintenance to 9 maintain that 100% reliability. The cost estimate for 10 maintenance is appropriate; none of these costs will be 11 diminished by manufacturer's warrantee provisions. 12 **⊥**3

Q. Mr. Biddy also states that the used and useful percentage for the wastewater treatment plant should be reduced based on excess I/I being present in the system. Do you agree?

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No. First of all, all the process units and equipment 16 Α. 17 associated with this project are part of the reuse system so 18 each and every component is 100% used and useful, secondly, no excessive I/I is present, therefore, any proposed 19 20 reduction in used and useful percentage based on the 21 assumption that excessive I/I is present is incorrect. 22 Thirdly, each and every process unit provided at the wastewater treatment plant is sized to provide Class-One 23 24 Reliability as required by FDEP rules for systems providing 25 Part III reuse water (unrestricted access) to customers. Mr.

Biddy specifically states that two new plant components, the headworks and the equalization tank, were sized to accommodate the anticipated build-out flow rate of 2.4 MGD. While these units can and will be used throughout the useful life of the facility, they were designed as part of this interim upgrade with Class-One Reliability features as required by FDEP rule. In addition, all of the interim modifications, from the master wastewater pumping station to the headworks, to the flow equalization system, to the intermediate pumping system upgrade, to the new reuse pumping station to the plant water system to the electric generator system were required to provide FDEP with "reasonable assurance" that the wastewater plant would produce Part III reuse water. I am not an attorney, however, I have read the PSC and FDEP Rules and they state that reuse projects are to be deemed 100% used and useful. The FDEP required all the interim modifications prior to allowing Aloha to begin selling Part III reuse water to customers. Therefore, all the interim upgrades should be found to be 100% used and useful as they are an integral and required part of the reuse system. Mr. Biddy also states that two existing components, the reuse chlorine contact chamber and the effluent filter, have been sized for the ultimate flow rate of 2.4 MGD. This statement is also not correct, the filter is not sized for the ultimate capacity and has never

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been permitted by FDEP as such. In fact, the permit application documents for the interim upgrades state that a filter upgrade will be required when the next facility upgrade is permitted. The chlorine contact chamber is sized to provide the proper CT (concentration and time) values with Class-One Reliability allowances, for the 1.6 MGD interim flow rate. The chlorine contact chamber may be capable of properly disinfecting a higher flow rate after the filter system is upgraded as the influent fecal coliform levels may be reduced allowing a lower CT value to be utilized in the future. This will allow the same tank to treat additional flows. However, it must be noted that a new filter backwash water supply tank may be necessary if the existing chlorine contact tank is used to disinfect higher flow rate in the future as the chlorine contact tank now is used for dual purposes. The backwash water holding capacity of the existing chlorine contract tank will be needed to provide CT value. A number of the process units, such as the headworks are constructed of concrete. Because of land availability, economy of scale and future operational considerations, the large concrete structures must be designed to accommodate the full anticipated flow rate of the facility. The plant site is much to small to accommodate two headworks structures, one large one constructed now and a smaller one added to handle the future flows later. In

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addition, the total cost of constructing two headworks structures would be at least twice as expensive as building one unit to handle the anticipated build out flows now. Also, the cost of providing flow splitting facilities to provide flow, in the proper ratios, to each unit would be excessive and complicated to operate. This type of system would be inherently less reliable as well requiring additional reliability features be built into the system to provide FDEP with "reasonable assurance" that the system will function 100% of the time. The flow equalization system constructed as part of the interim modifications were sized to provide high level equalization for 1.6 MGD average daily flow rate plus back-up units as required to meet FDEP Class-One Reliability required for Part III wastewater reuse systems. High level equalization (peak flow rate emanating from the equalization system of 1.3:1 or less) is required at this time due to the limited size of the existing activated sludge reactors and clarifiers if FDEP Class-One Reliability is to be met. In the future, when new larger activated sludge reactors and clarifiers are added to the facility that are sized to meet the FDEP Class-One Reliability requirement without high-level equalization, this same system will provide that lessor level of equalization for a higher flow rate.

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- Q. Mr. Biddy states that he believes that a used and useful adjustment should be made to he reuse system. Do you agree.
- No. Mr. Biddy again bases his need for an adjustment on his 4 Α. belief that there are excessive I/I flows being experienced 5 in the SSWCS. This is a false assumption for the reasons I 6 7 outlined previously. In addition, Mr. Biddy states that he 8 believes that the reuse system can provide reuse water for a 2.5 MGD future flow rate. Mr. Biddy has based his 9 10 assumptions on influent average daily flow of the wastewater 11 into the treatment plant. However, reuse systems are 12 designed based on reuse water demand, much like potable **13** water systems. The influent flow rate to the wastewater plant has little to do with the design of the reuse system 14 15 components. This is because reuse systems see a highly variable demand for reuse water. The demand is based on many 16 17 factors such as the season of the year, the types of uses 18 the reuse water is provided for, any local regulatory imposed lawn watering restrictions (limiting number of times 19 20 lawns can be watered each week), the lack or abundance of 21 rainfall, etc. Therefore, a reuse system must be designed 22 for the maximum demand anticipated while still maintaining 23 system pressures at useable levels. Since the purpose of a 24 reuse system is irrigation and not potable supply, the 25 pressure reserve of the system must be much greater than a

- Q. Mr. Biddy states that he believes that a used and useful adjustment should be made to he reuse system. Do you agree.
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potable water system to insure that sufficient pressure will be available for the utilization of yard sprinklers. In potable water systems, minimum allowable pressures are such that yard sprinklers frequently do not function well during peak water use periods. Therefore, reuse system piping and pumps must be sized much larger than those used in an equivalent flow rate sized potable water system. The reused pumping station includes four pumps. Two of the pumps were existing pumps relocated to the new reuse pump station. Two new pumps were provided. Each pump is capable of pumping 1750 GPM at 210' total dynamic head. One pump is provided for back-up service to meet Class-One Reliability requirements. Therefore, the station has a maximum capacity of 7.5 MGD at peak reuse flow demand. Reuse water demands can peak at rates much higher than the average daily reuse flow use anticipated. For an average reuse demand of 1.6 MGD the peak demand, assuming all residential watering is completed in 6 hours each day plus the Mitchell reuse sites and the Fox Hollow point demands can occur simultaneously, can exceed a factor of 4 which would be 6.4 MGD. This peak flow rate would require a minimum of 2.5 pumps or 3 pumps plus one spare for a total of 4 pumps. The 24 inch reuse mains (trunk lines to service areas) were sized to carry the 7.5 MGD peak reuse flow demand while maximizing energy efficiency of the pumping systems. The 16 inch line was

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sized to accommodate the peak demands of the portion of the 1 service area served by that portion of the line 2 (approximately 6.0 MGD). The 12 inch line was sized to 3 accommodate the peak demands of the service area served by that portion of the distribution system (approximately 4.5 5 MGD). In addition, PSC and FDEP statutes both state that 6 reuse system components are 100% used and useful. Based on 7 all the statements that I made here, it is my opinion that the reuse system is 100% used and useful and that no 9 adjustments are appropriate. 10

- 11 Q. Mr. Biddy states that he believes that Chapter 367.0817,

  12 which discusses used and useful determinations for reuse

  13 systems, does not apply to the elements of this project. Do

  14 you agree?
- 15 Α. No. I believe that Chapter 367.0817 specifically applies to 16 all elements of this project because all project components 17 were provided specifically to enable Aloha to provide Part 18 III reuse water to its customers. I am not an attorney, 19 however, the language in this statute is clear, reuse 20 related plant components shall be considered 100% used and 21 useful. In addition, the FDEP also has a statute that states 22 that the reuse facilities, and those plant components 23 provided to meet Class-One reliability needed to support the 24 reuse facilities, shall be considered 100% used and useful. 25 Failure to recognize all of these reuse components would be

- plainly contrary to these statutes. If Mr. Biddy's 1 interpretation of the Statute was correct, the two new 2 statutes and their strong wording serve no purpose because 3 reuse system components would be treated like all other 4 wastewater system components, thus rendering these statutes 5 meaningless. This is not a reasonable interpretation. I do 6 not believe that the statutes could be more clear. In my 7 opinion, the elements of this project all fall under these 8 statutes and therefore, are 100% used and useful. 9
- 10 Q. Mr. Biddy prepared an exhibit, TLB-3. What are your comments regarding that exhibit.
- A. Mr. Biddy's exhibit TLB-3 is totally useless as the basis
  for all of his calculations are that excessive I/I exist in
  the SSWCS. There are no excessive I/I flows being
  contributed to the SSWCS.
- Q. Can you tell us your opinion regarding the proper amount of reuse income that should be recognized for the test year based on the Utility's ability to sell its reuse water.
- 19 A. Yes. In my opinion, the \$47,359 income from the sale of
  20 reuse water reported in the MFRs is at best, a very
  21 optimistic number. Due to a number of technical and
  22 regulatory factors, reuse systems are not able to sell 100%
  23 of the reuse water they produce on an annual basis. First,
  24 in central Florida, it is not uncommon that 50 inches of
  25 rainfall is experienced each year. A substantial portion of

this rainfall frequently occurs in a seasonal pattern. During the heavy rainfall seasons, the reuse customers utilize very little reuse water. Since the utilities have limited ability to store reuse water, this reuse water is disposed of in non-revenue generating percolation ponds or by some other alternative non-revenue generating disposal method. Also, FDEP rules prohibit applying reuse water to areas that may "pond" or where reuse water may runoff to the surface waters of the State. This rule further limits the disposal of reuse water during rainy periods. The last data that I have seen, related to the use of reuse water in the Pasco County system, showed that their system, which is quite well managed and much more mature a system that Aloha's, was only able to utilize approximately 50% of the annual quantity of reuse water they produced; and, much of that water was provided to customers at no cost. Other factors that affect the ability of a reuse system to sell their reuse water include: wastewater facility breakdowns or major maintenance work preventing the distribution of reuse water, golf course customer maintenance of their fairways and greens preventing the application of reuse water, major reuse system distribution system maintenance and/or repair, etc. To expect Aloha to be able to sell any major portion of its reuse water at this time would not be reasonable, especially since its system is still very young and many of

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the potential reuse customers are only beginning to use reuse water for the first time. The largest of the intended reuse customers, Fox Hollow Golf Course, will not pay for reuse water for the first 4 years. The MFRs are in error in assuming that revenue will be derived from this customer. Staff was made aware of this provision of the agreement with this customer. Therefore, the revenue stated in the MFRs are not only overly optimistic by greatly overstated as regards to reuse revenue that should be anticipated. I agree with 10 Staff Witness Merchant that it imputation of revenues is not the proper mechanism to be used to induce Aloha to locate and sigh-up new reuse customers. I also agree with witness Merchant that the proper mechanism is to monitor the number of customers Aloha signs-up and the revenue that generates. 15 It is my opinion that the imputation of any revenues based on Aloha's lack of ability to sell its reuse water would be unfair and counter productive. In my opinion, Aloha is progressing at a very rapid pace in brining new reuse related plant and sites on-line and has made the provision of reuse service to its customers one of its highest priorities.

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- 22 Have you prepared an exhibit that shows your actual rate Q. case expense and projected rate case expense to complete? 23
- 24 Α. Yes. I have prepared a schedule, DWP-1, showing my actual 25 rate case expense to September 1, 2000 and my projected cost

1		to complete. These are all prudently incurred costs related
2		to this rate case.
3	Q.	Does this conclude your rebuttal testimony?
4	A.	yes.
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24 35	aloha\	30\rebuttal testimony_2.doc

BY MR. WHARTON:

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Q Mr. Porter, would you please provide a summary of the testimony and exhibits that you have provided?

A I will. I will attempt to be brief. But I, like Bob, have 25 pages and I will have to go relatively rapidly. In my rebuttal testimony I discuss a number of very important issues. The first of which discussed the -- or my opinion that the system as a whole, both wastewater collection and transport and treatment facilities are 100 percent used and useful. I still maintain that, and my rebuttal testimony goes into that in great detail.

There is a number of reasons why I believe that is so. I believe that the collection and transport system is largely contributed, and therefore 100 percent used and useful. Also, there was testimony by, I believe,

Mr. Biddy describing why he felt, perhaps, that the collection and transport system may not be 100 percent utilized. My rebuttal testimony went into great detail to describe how sewer systems are designed and what minimum sizing requirements are in the DEP rules that would preclude that analysis.

I also discussed in my testimony, rebuttal testimony, the relevance of two rules, one in Chapter 403 and the other in, I believe it is 367. One for the PSC

and one for the DEP, both of which state that wastewater reuse systems and components thereof, both for the reuse components but also any component that is used to maintain Class 1 reliability should be considered used, and there should be compensation therefore given to the utility to pay for it.

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Another important issue was the infiltration and in-flow analysis done for the filing. I concluded initially in the MFRs that there was no significant INI; I still maintain that. There was testimony otherwise in the case provided by Mr. Biddy. We went into great detail on that earlier with Mr. Biddy in his testimony. reiterate here that the only standards that have been applied by the DEP to determine infiltration and in-flow are by reference. They are in the references in the DEP Rule 62-600 that talks about different manuals and standards that should be applied to all questions regarding wastewater treatment and collection treatment and disposal. And when we -- in Mr. Biddy's testimony earlier we provided the Water and Environmental Federations Manual of Practice Number 8 which clearly states that the 200 gallons per inch diameter per mile standard previously talked about in this hearing was to be used for new construction and new construction only, and that a more appropriate number for older systems and an

allowable number could be up to ten times that amount.

And that is a standard reference that has been specifically addressed and referenced in the DEP rules and regulations.

Based on that, therefore, I have also addressed in my rebuttal testimony that any adjustments to the used and useful components of the treatment plant, the collection system, the reuse system, or any part thereof therefore should not be made based on INI because there is no significant INI and no excessive INI in the system.

MR. BURGESS: Mr. Chairman, excuse me, I'm going to have to object at this point. The witness has exceeded the five minutes as specified in the prehearing order and to which Mr. Biddy was held to pretty much upon objection by counsel for Aloha.

MR. WHARTON: I don't mean to be argumentative, but I don't agree with that.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: We can solve this. How much longer? One minute. We can go with that.

THE WITNESS: There is one very important issue that I also discussed in great detail in my rebuttal testimony, and that was the maintenance, preventative maintenance and on-going maintenance requirement for the new facilities at the treatment plant. We talked in great detail about the difference between warranties which pay

for defects in materials and workmanship only, and maintenance costs which are preventative and repair for 2 normal wear and tear on equipment. This is a Class I 3 reliable facility. 4 And we used the 5 percent allowance which is 5 something I have been using for 25 years, but I have also 6 prepared and have available a document that shows in 7 detail just the preventive maintenance component, and I 8 9 find that I understated that amount. It should be 10 \$188,000 just for preventive maintenance. And I didn't 11 address repair because we don't know what that is going to But that 5 percent number is certainly fair and 12 13 reasonable and, if anything, it is understated. 14 So I feel very strongly that that number needs 15 to be in there to maintain Class I reliability of this 16 facility, and there is just no two ways about it, it has 17 to be there. Otherwise the facility will not maintain 18 that Class I reliability. 19 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: That's it? 20 THE WITNESS: I quess. 21 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Very well. Mr. Burgess. I'm sorry, is he tendered for cross? 22 23 MR. WHARTON: We would tender the witness.

MR. BURGESS: I have no questions.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: No questions?

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1	MR. BURGESS: NO, SII.
2	MR. FUDGE: I have no questions.
3	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Wow. We were fixing to
4	fight about his summary and nobody has any questions. You
5	could have went on for a while longer, Mr. Porter.
6	MR. WHARTON: We move for the admission of his
7	exhibit.
8	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: We will move for admission
9	of Exhibit 29. Show it admitted.
10	Thank you. You are excused.
11	(Exhibit 29 marked admitted into the record.)
12	MR. WHARTON: Sir, have you been previously
13	sworn?
14	MR. DETERDING: No, I have not.
15	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Shift change.
16	(Witness sworn.)
17	
18	F. MARSHALL DETERDING
19	was called as a witness on behalf of Aloha Utilities, Inc.
20	and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:
21	DIRECT EXAMINATION
22	BY MR. WHARTON:
23	Q Would you state your name and professional
24	address for the record?
25	A F. Marshall Deterding of the law firm of Rose
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Sundstrom and Bentley, 2548 Blair Stone Pines Drive, Tallahassee, Florida 32301.

- Q Sir, did you cause to be created a document entitled rebuttal testimony of F. Marshall Deterding consisting of 12 pages?
  - A I did.

- Q And if I asked you those same questions here today would your answers be the same?
  - A Yes, they would.
- Q Do you have any corrections to make to the testimony at this time?
- A Well, other than that it is updated through -well, a couple of things. First of all, on Page 9 of the
  testimony, just a minor change, the paragraph begins
  during her deposition, four lines down from there the line
  begins, "utility had sought," it should say "could have"
  instead of had. Other than that, I don't have any changes
  other than to note that the supplements to RCN-16 include
  my updated information that updates what is in here as far
  as actual and estimated legal costs and expenses.
- Q Did you also cause to be prepared and prefiled two exhibits, FMD-1 and FMD-2?
  - A Yes.
- Q Do you have any changes or corrections to those exhibits?

Again, those would be updated by the supplements Α to RCN, I believe it is 16, the rate case expense exhibit, sponsored by Mr. Nixon in his rebuttal testimony. MR. WHARTON: We would request that Mr. Deterding's prefiled rebuttal testimony be inserted in the record as though read, and that his attached prefiled exhibits be marked for identification. COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Without objection, show his prefiled testimony inserted as though read. We will mark as Exhibit 30 his attached exhibits which I show to be FMD-1 and 2. (Exhibits 30 marked for identification.) 

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION ALOHA UTILITIES, INC.

DOCKET NO. 991643-SU

APPLICATION FOR WASTEWATER RATE INCREASE OF

ALOHA UTILITIES, INC. IN PASCO COUNTY

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF F. MARSHALL DETERDING

- O. Please state your name and employment address.
- A. F. Marshall Deterding, Rose, Sundstrom & Bentley Law Firm, 2548 Blairstone Pines Drive, Tallahassee, Florida 32301.
- Q. Please give us a brief outline of your background and experience with regard to water and sewer regulation in Florida.
- After graduation from Florida State University with a B.S. in Α. Accounting in August 1976, I began work with the Florida Public Service Commission in January 1977 as an auditor, and ultimately an analyst dealing with rate case matters a great I was always involved in water and deal of my time. wastewater utilities with a little experience in some of the other regulated industries. I left the Florida Public Service Commission in August 1982 to attend law school. After my first year of law school, I began clerking with the Tallahassee office of the Miami law firm of Meyers, Kennon, Lovitson, Frank and Richards in August 1983. I continued to clerk for this firm throughout the remainder of my law school career. In May 1985, I became employed full-time by that law firm as an associate. Ultimately, that firm became what is

now known as Rose, Sundstrom & Bentley. I am now one of the four senior partners in that firm. Throughout this time, I have worked almost exclusively in the area of PSC regulation of private water and sewer utilities.

- Q. Have you represented Aloha Utilities throughout this wastewater rate case proceeding.
- A. Yes. I have. I have been the attorney primarily responsible for processing Aloha's application for rate increase for its Seven Springs wastewater system.
- Q. What is the purpose of your testimony here today.
- A. To sponsor all of the exhibits related to legal rate case expense for this proceeding and also to specifically respond to some of the issues raised by Ms. Merchant concerning the legal aspects of rate case expense in her direct testimony.
- Q. With regard to the general issue of rate case expense, have you prepared schedules to show the total amount of legal rate case expense expended by Aloha.
- A. Yes. I have prepared a schedule of actual expenses to date and also a calculation of the estimated legal cost to complete this rate case. These are attached as Exhibit "FMD-1" to this testimony. Copies of all of my bills related to this rate proceeding and detail concerning the basis for my estimate to complete are included in Robert Nixon's Testimony.
- Q. Do you believe that the Utility's expenditures on rate case expense, to date and in your estimate, have been reasonable in

- light of the requirements imposed within this rate case.
- I believe the Utility and my office have been as Α. efficient as is humanly possible in expending only that time and energy necessary to deal with the issues that have arisen during this rate case and that we have done everything within our power to try and keep rate case expense cost to a minimum where we could. I believe all of the expenses incurred by the Utility for the time and energies of my firm and cost incurred in that representation have been prudent and appropriate. I would like to note that in keeping with the Commission's standard policy, we would like to provide supplemental information concerning actual rate case cost as a late filed exhibit after the hearing, to update the actual cost and revise slightly the estimated cost to provide the Commission with the most accurate figures in all areas of rate case expense.
- Q. What specific areas of Ms. Merchant's testimony do you intend to respond to.
- A. Specifically, I wish to respond to her comments concerning legal costs and other costs incurred relative to the maps and the Petition for Emergency Variance filed in this proceeding and the circumstances which led up to that Petition for Variance and its subsequent withdrawal. In addition, I wish to respond to the comments of Ms. Merchant concerning reduction in rate case expense for matters related to

- responding to the deficiency letters from the Staff and primarily related to the legal cost related thereto.
- Q. Please address the first issue related to the required maps and the Petition for Emergency Variance.
- A. My concern with Ms. Merchant's adjustment on the variance issue is twofold. First, I believe it is inappropriate to make an adjustment under the circumstances. The costs related to seeking this variance are appropriately recoverable as rate case expense because of the circumstances surrounding the request at that time. In addition, the adjustment made by Ms. Merchant proposes to exclude far more of the legal costs incurred by the Utility during this period of time than are related to the request for the variance itself. I will address that issue later.

To fully understand this issue, I must provide some background on the maps and variance request. The Utility has maps in conformance with the provisions of the Commission Rule 25-30.125 F.A.C. in its possession in its Utility's offices and has maintained those maps throughout its existence. However, because the Utility has required (in accordance with Commission rules and its tariff), the contribution of all but an immaterial amount of its wastewater collection system, those maps are simply maps provided by developers after the developers themselves construct and contribute any collection facilities or phase of collection facilities within the

property they are developing. As such, the Utility has a very extensive file of hundreds of maps which constitute the maps it maintains in conformance with Rule 25-30.125 F.A.C.

Prior to filing its Application on February 9,2000, the Utility had planned to copy all of these maps and provide them Approximately one to two weeks before the to the Staff. Application was to be filed, I, as the Utility representative, called the Chief Staff Engineer, Mr. Bob Crouch, to discuss the issue of what maps were needed in order to comply with the Commission's minimum filing requirements as contained in Rule 25-30.436(6). I told Mr. Crouch of the concern of the Utility that the maps that we had might not present the information that the Staff needed. First, because they only provided maps of each subdivision or phase of a subdivision as developed by the property owner. Secondly, because of the huge volume of maps involved, and third, because the Rule 25-30.436(6) requires information concerning location of customers that were not contained on these maps that the utility maintains in conformance with the standard record keeping rule. Finally, during these discussions, I noted to Mr. Crouch that the Utility's entire water transmission distribution system and sewage collection system are contributed by developers. Crouch agreed that if the facilities were contributed he did not need maps of the systems at all. He also agreed that a waiver would be appropriate and he would support a waiver

request under these circumstances. Since Mr. Crouch is the person primarily responsible for determining whether or not a utility's filing complies with this provision of the MFRs, I assumed he was the best person at the PSC to discuss this issue with, and still believe that to be the case. Even Ms. Merchant admitted as much in her deposition.

During a meeting between myself and several Staff members on the day before the MFRs were filed, Mr. Crouch was not present because the primary purpose of the meeting was to discuss issues unrelated to engineering or the maps. However, during that meeting, Merchant noted that Rule 25-30.436(6), which contained the waiver provisions within the MFRs had been repealed. The Staff was not fully aware of this fact. Even the Staff's own senior counsel assigned to this case was not aware of that repeal at the time of the meeting. However, further discussions after the meeting with Tricia Merchant revealed that in fact the waiver provision within the Commission's rules had been repealed eight days prior to that date.

Based upon her testimony and comments made in her deposition,
Ms. Merchant seems to have three bases for stating that the
costs related to the waiver request should be denied.

First, she suggests that the Utility should have filed its request for a waiver at an earlier point in time. While certainly that would have been possible, the facts did not

come to light concerning the specifics of this issue until shortly before the date of the rate case filing. While on the one hand stating that the Commission's own waiver provision had been repealed by the date the MFRs were filed (by eight days as noted above), Ms. Merchant also contends that the provisions of this rule that suggest that a utility should make such a request "as early as practicable", not only guide her thinking with regard to what is prudent for Aloha to have done in this case, but she goes a step further and even suggests that this type of language from a repealed rule almost rises to the level of a requirement and therefore forms a basis for determining the prudency of the timing of the I believe such a position is wholly waiver request. unreasonable under the circumstances as outlined herein. Utility was trying to avoid expending additional monies that were wholly unnecessary and which the Staff engineer agreed was wholly unnecessary in order to develop maps that complied with the MFRs or to copy literally hundreds of pages of maps of its collection system which would be of no use to the Staff. Either of these alternatives would have caused the Utility to incur substantial additional costs.

When we received the Staff's Recommendation to deny the variance because of their position that it did not constitute an emergency and therefore should not be treated as an emergency variance request, we were very surprised given the

Engineering Staff position as expressed to us. This very much seemed like the Staff was elevating procedure over substance since the engineers at the PSC agreed the information was not needed and was useless.

Upon receiving this Staff Recommendation, I discussed it with the client and what alternatives were available to us to provide something that would meet the requirements of the rule as determined by the Commission engineers. discussed this with the Utility's consulting engineers and determined that perhaps some maps which were already in the works for other purposes, but not planned for completion for another four to six weeks at a minimum, could be "fasttracked" in order to satisfy the Staff. We were not sure that those maps would even when completed technically contain all the information required by the MFR rule. Therefore, we went to the Commission Staff engineer to determine whether or not those maps if completed would satisfy the rule requirements in his opinion if we were able to prepare those maps in an expeditious manner. In part because he had agreed that no maps were necessary, the Staff engineer agreed that he would consider those maps to meet the minimum rule requirements. Based on a belief that preparation of the maps was the cheapest way to resolve this issue for all concerned, we proceeded to direct the Utility's consulting engineer to go forward expeditiously with the preparation of those maps.

Approximately a week later, after intensive work by the consulting engineer over the weekend, we were able to accumulate some maps that the PSC Staff engineer agreed were sufficient to conform to the rule. We then filed those and withdrew our waiver request.

During her deposition, Ms. Merchant also expressed concern with the fact that a petition for emergency variance was more costly to prepare than a basic petition for variance that the Utility had sought at an earlier point in time in this I have reviewed the provisions of Rule 28-104.002 and compared them with the additional requirements in Rule 25-104.004 related to the additional requirements for an emergency variance. The petition for a waiver or variance itself under Rule 25-104.002 contains eleven requirements. The requirements for an emergency variance as contained in Rule 25-104.004 require two additional items only. Therefore, even assuming that Ms. Merchant is correct that there are any significant additional time necessary to devote to preparing a petition for emergency variance, they are minor. The additional costs of providing those two additional items are minor in relation to the total costs of preparing the petition in the first place. In fact, if you will look at the five full page motion which was filed for this variance, only approximately one full page relates to the issue of a distinction between an emergency versus a nonemergency variance. However, given that both of these "indicators" suggest approximately 15 to 20% additional time related to the emergency nature of the variance, I would estimate given the other factors involved in filing a document with the PSC of that additional length really constitutes more like a 10% additional factor for the costs related to the "emergency portion" of the variance request.

I do not believe that the actions taken by the Utility with regard to the request for emergency waiver were inappropriate or imprudent. They were an attempt by the Utility to spend the least amount of money complying with a rule that the Commission's own Staff agreed was not necessary or useful to them in reviewing Aloha's rate application. However, once it became apparent that action on that waiver or variance would, at a minimum, be delayed, if not rejected altogether, plus require additional argument by the Utility and legal time in dealing with the waiver issue, we decided the cheapest alternative was to try and come up with something that would comply with the rule as judged by the Staff engineer.

I believe that each step of the way, Aloha took very prudent steps in attempting to minimize costs to the customers in complying with this rule or in seeking to avoid the rule through a waiver request. Based on all of these facts, I believe that Ms. Merchant's proposed adjustments are wholly unreasonable and blatantly punitive.

- Q. You also mention some concern with the way the adjustment was calculated by Ms. Merchant.
- Yes, in reviewing Ms. Merchant's testimony and based upon Α. further explanation of the adjustment from her deposition, it became apparent that the adjustment which she made was based upon exclusion of approximately 93% of the legal bills charged to the Utility for the month of February. She stated that because the dates on the bills were unclear, she was unable to distinguish those items related to the variance versus those items related to other matters relevant to the rate case. Therefore, she has excluded over 93% of the bill for the month of February which is the same month in which the Utility filed its MFRs and undertook various other matters unrelated to the variance request. I have therefore gone back through the bill for the month of February and marked those items which are related to the variance and calculated an amount of time actually expended related to it. I have attached hereto as Exhibit "FMD-2", a copy of that calculation. However, I believe that no adjustment is appropriate, but even if it were, it certainly should include only those costs directly related to the variance request itself. A total of those costs is shown on this schedule.
- Q. What other concerns do you have with relation to Ms Merchant's testimony on this issue.
- A. The Utility did not include any costs related to the

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preparation of the maps that were ultimately provided to the Commission as part of the rate case expense in this proceeding. Those costs which are being sponsored by Mr. Watford should be included in any calculation of rate case expense allowed.

aloha\30\deterding2.tmy

BY MR. WHARTON:

	Q S	Sir,	will	you pl	.ease	provid	le a	brief	summ	ary	01
the	testimo	ony a	ınd ex	chibits	whic	h you	have	provi	ded	toda	ıy?

A Very briefly. I have sponsored those exhibits and those estimates and actual costs incurred in this rate case as updated in RCN-16. I have also briefly addressed the issues of the variance, emergency variance request and the costs related thereto and the circumstances surrounding that variance request and its subsequent withdrawal, and why the utility believes that that was a prudent action on its part, and that the costs incurred should be recognized.

I don't think that the Commission can or should decide that anytime a utility files a motion, especially one under these circumstances, that if the staff recommends against it or it is subsequently withdrawn that that demonstrates it was imprudent. I think the circumstances here clearly demonstrate that what the utility did was in an attempt to keep costs to a minimum.

And I also am sponsoring the cost analysis that I believe Mr. Nixon has prepared concerning the legal fees, or Mr. Nixon has sponsored concerning the legal fees related to the MFR deficiency response as well.

- Q Does that conclude your summary?
- A Yes, it does.

MR. WHARTON: We would tender Mr. Deterding for 2 cross-examination. 3 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Mr. Burgess. 4 MR. BURGESS: No questions. 5 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Staff. 6 MR. BURGESS: No questions. 7 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Staff. CROSS EXAMINATION 8 9 BY MR. FUDGE: 10 Mr. Deterding, according to Invoice Number 11 21924, dated March 14th, 2000, Page 2 of your Exhibit FMD-2, on February 4th, 2000, you spoke with Staff Member 12 13 Redemann. What was the subject of that conversation? I'm not sure, because I don't recall off the top 14 15 of my head. But I would assume since it says conference 16 with Crouch and Redemann that that was attempting to speak 17 to them concerning the use of the maps, since I know that 18 Mr. Redemann is a member of the engineering staff who 19 deals with maps a great deal. I would assume that was 20 related to the question of whether or not those maps were 21 necessary, and just the general -- I had been in 22 conversation with them for -- a couple of times on that 23 subject. 24 Do you have Mr. Nixon's Exhibit RCN-16?

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Α

Yes, I have it.

- Q Can you please turn to Page 67?
- A Okay.

Q On Invoice Number 21485 dated December 20th, 1999, on November 29th, 1999, you again spoke to Staff Member Redemann. What was the subject of that conversation?

A Yes. I don't recall. I assume it had something to do with the MFRs, I would assume. But, again, in that context in November I don't believe we had yet contacted the staff about the desire or concern on the map variance issue. So I don't think it was related to that. But it apparently was related to some engineering aspect of the filing.

Q Well, why would you speak to Staff Member Redemann when he is not responsible for rate cases?

A He is a knowledgeable staff engineer. It is quite possible -- again, I don't recall, that was a year ago, that specific instance. But I would often call a person like Mr. Redemann, who is knowledgeable and has been with the Commission a long time to ask him a question about an area that I think he might know, even though he may not be the assigned staff member. In fact, on November 19th, I'm not even sure we knew who the assigned staff members were. Certainly I recognize he doesn't generally deal with rate cases, but he is a knowledgeable

engineer and a PE, and with a lot of experience here.

Q Okay. On November 29th on that same page it
says conference with Redemann and the subject was the
notice and application contents. Was that for the MFRs?

A What was that page number again, 67?

Q Yes, sir.

A And what was the date you were referring to?

Q November 29th. It's at the bottom of the page.

A Yes. I apologize, my copy is cut off. It says telephone conference with Redemann re, what, notice?

Q Yes, notice and application contents.

A Again, I don't recall exactly, but it may very well have been related to the required notice that we have to do when we do a filing. We are required to put together a notice to the customers, we are required to distribute the MFRs and do a synopsis and so forth.

Again, why I talked to Redemann at that time I do not recall. I'm sure it was probably because either I did not know who was assigned, I could not get in touch with who was assigned, and I felt that Mr. Redemann was a good person to ask the question with his knowledge and experience.

Q Are you aware that Mr. Redemann was working on Dockets 990940 and 991699, dockets concerning additional territory for Aloha?

A I don't recall one way or the other whether he
was. He certainly does generally work in the areas
related to certificate extension.
Q Well, could that telephone conference about the
notice and application contents be in reference to the
applications for additional territory?
A It is conceivable. I don't know that to be the
case, nor would I assume it was, since generally speaking
we have separate file numbers for each of our matters that
we handle on behalf of a client, and we code those file
numbers onto the time sheets.
Q According to the rate case summary of Mr. Nixon,
RCN-16, you reviewed rules and statutes in October of 1999
and in November of 1999, is that correct?
A I reviewed the rules and statutes in
Q October and November of 1999.
A I probably review the rules and statutes every
week.
Q Can you describe what rules and statutes you
reviewed?
A No, I do not remember what statutes and rules I
reviewed on any specific day in October or November of
1999.
Q Do you think you may have reviewed the rule
concerning maps for MFR filings on that date?

A Since we did not discuss in detail the -- myself and the client until a few weeks before the MFRs were filed the concern about the volume of the maps that the utility had and our desire to possibly seek a variance, I seriously doubt it was from that period of time that it related to those. It was probably more in the nature of the notice requirements, the synopsis requirements, or the general MFRs, or something of that nature. Something that you would expect to normally occur during the early part of a request before it was even filed.

Q So it was only a couple weeks before you filed the MFRs that you became aware of the problem with the maps?

A It was a few weeks. I can't remember exactly. But I would estimate two, three weeks before, and that is when we contact -- started talking to the staff engineer about the issue. It wasn't so much becoming aware, it was the client telling me we have got literally hundreds of pages of maps that I do not believe will really give the staff what they need, number one; and, number two, they are not necessary for what the staff wants them for, given the fact that I had talked to the staff about what they use those maps for. But that was only two, three, at most four weeks before the filing date.

Q On Page 2 of your rebuttal testimony you state

that you have worked almost exclusively in the area of PSC regulation of private water and wastewater utilities, is that correct?

A Yes.

Q Are you on the Commission's list for noticing of rulemaking?

A Am I on the Commission's list for noticing of rulemaking?

O Yes.

A To be honest with you, I don't know. I am on several lists for noticing, for receiving list of orders, lists of new dockets, agenda schedules, but those are the only three that I can recall off the top of my head that I am on lists for. But I probably would have received notification when a rulemaking docket was opened through one of those lists.

Q Do you know if staff had the authority to waive any of the MFR requirements under either the new rule or the old rule?

A I have never suggested that the staff had the authority to waive a rule. I simply called the person for whom the information was requested, who would utilize the information, who would determine whether or not it was appropriate to waive the rule requirement, and inquired of them whether they thought it was appropriate under these

circumstances for us to seek a waiver.

Q Do you know how many hours you spent preparing the portion of your rebuttal testimony that was in response to Ms. Merchant's comments concerning legal costs and other costs incurred relative to the maps and the petition for emergency variance?

A No, I do not know off the top of my head.

Q On Pages 9 through 10 you state that only one of the five pages of the motion for variance was dedicated to the emergency, is that correct?

A Yes.

Q And later on you go on to equate that one page out of five to approximately 15 to 20 percent of the time you spent --

A It was -- I'm sorry. It was based -- my statement about the estimate of the amount of time related to the emergency nature was based both on the number of pages required and on the fact that the factors required in a standard variance versus an emergency variance, the emergency portion is such a small portion, it is two additional items out of a nine-item pleading. You are going to have to file the pleading anyway, and just about everything you have to do you are going to have to do anyway. So I estimated that probably 10 percent of it was related to the emergency nature of that motion.

Q In the number of pages you allocated to the emergency, did you include the approximately page and a half of additional information that you provided to staff in Exhibit 21?

A No. Because that was an attempt to show the overall distinction between what was charged related to the emergency nature versus the variance in general. What that exhibit deals with was a request by staff for more information, a greater explanation of the emergency nature. I think we met the rule requirement when we filed the petition. And I don't think there has been any allegation from anyone that we didn't. Certainly no finding that we didn't meet the requirement of the rule concerning demonstrating the emergency.

The staff called, asked for more detail, and I gave them more detail. Now, if the suggestion is that we are -- that ought to be adjusted out, too, that just strikes me as bizarre. Because here we are the staff asking me to give them more detail so they can throw out the time I spend giving them more detail? I just don't understand that.

- Q Will you please turn to Page 69 of RCN-16?
- A Sixty-nine?
- Q Yes.
- A Okay.

1	Q On October 25th, 1999, you have down there
2	review files and old reuse order, is that correct?
3	A Correct.
4	Q In reviewing the old reuse order, did you read
5	the ordering paragraphs in that order?
6	A I don't recall what I read on October 29th, 1999
7	concerning that order. I'm sure my purpose was to relate
8	it to the new rate case in some way, but I don't know
9	exactly what it was I was looking at.
LO	Q In reviewing the order you didn't come across
L1	the requirement of the utility to file any extensions of
L2	the Mitchell agreement with the Commission for approval?
L3	A I was aware of that provision. Whether I came
L <b>4</b>	across it at that time, I don't know.
L5	MR. FUDGE: That's all.
L6	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Commissioners. Redirect.
L7	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
L8	BY MR. WHARTON:
L9	Q Mr. Deterding, have you found in your experience
20	with the Commission Mr. Redemann to be a knowledgeable
21	source of information regarding the Commission's
22	regulation of water and wastewater utilities on a variety
23	of subjects?
24	A Absolutely. Mr. Redemann has been here for, as
>=	T regal   generators around 20 years   15 to 20 years   He

is a PE. He is very knowledgeable on areas related to maps, which is his area that he deals with quite often. And certainly to the extent that I call Mr. Crouch or I call one of the other rate people and don't locate them, and I have a question I want answered that day, I will often call somebody like Mr. Redemann. I will often call John Williams and ask him rate questions, and he hasn't been a rate analyst in 15 years.

- Q Have you found conversations such as that with the Commission staff to be an expedient and cost-efficient way to get information that your clients need?
  - A Absolutely.

Q Let's talk about how the bills are done at Rose Sundstrom and Bentley for a moment. You say that when a bill is recorded on a time slip it is coded for that specific file number?

A It is coded with a base file number for our client, the client name as kind of a double-check, and then a subfile number for the specific matter which we are dealing with. This is the -- we redid our file numbers for Aloha -- just to give you a feel for that, we redid our base number for Aloha because they have been a client longer than just about any other client of our law firm. And we changed their file number about probably eight years ago, and we have approximately 33 or 34 subfiles

since that time for different matters. The reuse case being one file number. In fact, the reuse and water quality case were under one file number, and we have at least 33 others.

Q And, Mr. Deterding, then at the end of any particular month, does a complete draft of the bill come back to you for each individual file?

A Yes, it does. And I review that and make sure, try and make sure that everything contemporaneously since it has happened in the last 30 days is in the appropriate file, and properly covers an explanation that is understandable to the client and keeping an eye towards the fact that in a rate proceeding the Public Service Commission is going to be reviewing all of these bills, as well.

- Q And if you recognize that something is in the wrong file, that is your opportunity to move it into the correct file?
  - A That's correct.

Q Let's talk about your call to the staff engineer which has been discussed here some today. If you contacted an engineer about a requirement in a rule for which you are contemplating requesting a waiver, and that engineer indicates that he would be amenable to that, do you take that as a positive sign that you should perhaps

go forward with the request?

A I can't think of a better way to do it when you have an engineer, and I believe an engineering issue, and I believe Ms. Merchant agreed that was the person who would review it for compliance, that is the person who would utilize the information if filed, and I couldn't imagine who else to ask.

Q But it was never your understanding that that was somehow the final decision?

A Absolutely not. But it certainly was an indicator to me that if we moved forward that the person who would be overseeing that was in agreement that it was an appropriate way to go, and therefore I felt it was a cost-effective way to resolve an issue.

Q I think you indicated this earlier, I just want to make sure the record is clear. Did your letter that has been admitted in this proceeding as Exhibit 21 stand for the proposition or was it intended to represent in any way that you believed or felt the petition for waiver you had filed was inadequate in any way under the rules?

A Absolutely not. In fact, I believe it was totally in compliance with the rule. And as I recall, again, this was last February, that when Ralph or -- I believe it was Ralph called me and asked me about that, more information, I told him I thought it did comply. But

	cold nim i would write nim a letter to give nim further
2	explanation, more detailed explanation of the emergency
3	nature of the situation.
4	MR. WHARTON: That's all we have, Commissioner.
5	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Very well. Exhibits.
6	MR. WHARTON: We would move the exhibits.
7	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Very well. Show Exhibit
8	30 admitted without objection.
9	Thank you. You are excused, Mr. Deterding.
10	(Exhibit 30 marked admitted into the record.)
11	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Next witness.
12	MR. DETERDING: I call Steve Watford.
13	
14	STEPHEN G. WATFORD
15	was called as a witness on behalf of Aloha Utilities, Inc.,
16	and having been duly sworn, testified as follows:
17	DIRECT EXAMINATION
18	BY MR. DETERDING:
19	Q Mr. Watford, again, for the record please state
20	your name and employment address?
21	A Stephen Watford, 2514 Aloha Place, Holiday,
22	Florida.
23	Q And you have you are the President of Aloha
24	Utilities?
25	A Yes, I am.

1	Q	And you have previously provided direct			
2	testimony	in this proceeding?			
3	A	Yes, I have. I'm sorry, no, I did not. Not			
4	direct te	stimony.			
5	Q	Have you previously been sworn?			
6	A	Yes, I have.			
7	Q	Did you prepare in conjunction with my office a			
8	document (	entitled rebuttal testimony of Stephen G. Watford			
9	consisting	g of ten pages?			
10	A	Yes, I did.			
11	Q	And if I were to ask you those questions in that			
12	testimony	here today, would your answers be the same?			
13	А	Yes, they would, with a couple of corrections.			
14	Q	All right. Please give us those corrections.			
15	А	Well, first of all, I believe there was a			
16	previous order or ruling that a portion of it be stricken,				
17	so we don	't need to deal with that again probably.			
18	Q	Yes. Page 2, Line 20 through Page 6, Line 15			
19	was stric	ken.			
20	А	Yes, that's what I have. And then			
21		COMMISSIONER JACOBS: I'm sorry. Give me those			
22	again, ple	ease.			
23		MR. DETERDING: Page 2, Line 20 through Page 6,			
24	Line 15.	That is the portion of the rebuttal that should			
25	not have l	peen rebuttal and is somewhat subsumed in his			

supplemental direct. 2 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: 3 BY MR. DETERDING: Go ahead with your corrections. 4 5 Also, I believe there is one more correction. 6 Just on Page 9, a typographical error. Line 22, the 7 second word and should be are, A-R-E. 8 And you have just -- on this rate case expense 9 you have prepared the information relative to the in-house 10 costs for rate case expense both in the RCN-16 and the supplements thereto? 11 Yes, I have. 12 And attached to that testimony, your rebuttal 13 testimony, you have prepared some exhibits or an exhibit? 14 Well, I believe there is an exhibit and an 15 Α 16 attachment that doesn't appear to be marked as an exhibit, 17 which is a letter from one of our other engineers, Civil Engineering Associates, and I also prepared SG-1-1 which 18 was the in-house fees and costs. 19 20 Okay. Do you have any changes or corrections to 0 21 those exhibits? 22 A Well, I guess other than noting what has already 23 been discussed here in relation to the filing fee. To the extent that that is a duplication 24 0 Right. in the legal bills, that should be removed? 25

	A mac's correct.
2	Q And also updated for the changes that are
3	reflected in the supplements to RCN-16?
4	A Yes, the composite exhibit that Mr. Nixon
5	prepared and sponsored.
6	MR. DETERDING: Commissioners, I guess for the
7	purposes of marking this exhibit, we should just call the
8	two attachments SGW-1 and Civil Engineering Associates
9	letter, which I think they are both actually part of
10	SGW-1, one is the engineering costs from the other
11	engineering firm for map preparation, one exhibit. So I
12	guess we should mark that as Exhibit 30?
13	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: 31.
14	MR. DETERDING: 31, I apologize.
15	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: The letter is subsumed in
16	that exhibit, correct?
17	MR. DETERDING: Yes. The second page you mean?
18	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Yes.
19	MR. DETERDING: It is part of SGW-1.
20	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Very well.
21	MR. DETERDING: It should have been marked as
22	page two, I apologize.
23	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Very well.
24	MR. DETERDING: I ask that Mr. Watford's
25	rebuttal testimony be inserted in the record as though

1	read.
2	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Without objection, show
3	his rebuttal testimony as amended be inserted into the
4	record as though read.
5	(Exhibit 31 marked for identification.)
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1	II.

1		BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
2		ALOHA UTILITIES, INC.
3		DOCKET NO. 991643-SU
4		APPLICATION FOR WASTEWATER RATE INCREASE OF
5		ALOHA UTILITIES, INC. IN PASCO COUNTY
6		REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF STEPHEN G. WATFORD
7	Q.	Please state your name and employment address.
8	A.	Stephen G. Watford, Aloha Utilities, Inc., 2514 Aloha Place,
9		Holiday, Florida 34691.
10	Q.	In what capacity are you employed by Aloha Utilities, Inc.
11	A.	I am the Utility's President.
12	Q.	How long have you been so employed?
13	A.	I have been an officer of the Utility since 1986 and the
14		President of the Utility for approximately five years. I have
15		been employed with Aloha since 1975.
16	Q.	What is the purpose of your rebuttal testimony?
17	A.	The purpose of my testimony is to address five basic issues.
18		First is the issue on in-house costs related to this rate
19		proceeding. I have attached hereto, as SGW-1, a schedule
20		showing the approximate total cost for this rate case to date,
21		including notices and filing fees and incidentals as well as
22		estimates for these and travel to complete the case. In
23		order to estimate the cost of notices, we utilized our
24		experience from the last couple of notices we have had to
25		issue as a basis for estimating the costs of the two expected

additional notices in this case. The great majority of the in-house costs are related to the noticing and the filing fee with some incidentals for copying and travel related items. We have also incurred a significant amount of monies in preparing the engineering maps required in order to comply with Rule 25-30.440(1)(a) & (b). Mr. Dale Ernsberger, an outside consulting engineer who has worked with Aloha for many years, completed these maps on very short notice, after it was determined that the Commission staff engineers would accept complying with the PSC's Rule under these circumstances. He had already begun preparation of the maps, but they were not needed for other purposes for several Mr. Ernsberger charged the Utility \$4,617.50 for preparing these maps in order to comply with the Commission's Rule 25-30.440(1)(a) & (b), and did so in a very short period of time. He did not however charge us any premium for expediting those maps. I have attached hereto a schedule showing the additional engineering costs, along with the inhouse costs.

20 Q. What other issues need to be addressed by you?

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21 A. One item that is of very great concern to me is change which
22 has recently occurred concerning our office building. For
23 over 25 years, we have rested office space from a related
24 party at a price substantially below market value. Mid-summer
25 this year, well after we had filed the MFRs, we were informed

by the related party that we would no longer be allowed to rent this office property and would be required to vacate the premises by December 31<sup>st</sup> of this year. That is about the same time as rates should be going into effect in this rate proceeding.

After an extensive search by us, we have now located a new office building which we have expressed an interest in and have, as of today, made a formal offer on. We first had to seek approval from our bank for commitment to provide financing for that building and received that on September 6. The price for the building is \$800,000.

It will provide us not only a replacement for our current office building that will be central to our service territory, but it will also provide us much needed additional space for the utility's administrative offices. We have been utilizing the same amount of space in our current offices for many, many years despite the fact that our customer base has grown by many multiples.

In addition to the requirement by the related party that we vacate the premises by the end of the year, Aloha Utilities, Inc. has been sued in Federal court for our buildings failure to meet the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). As such, we are currently negotiating to hopefully settle that lawsuit, and as part of the terms of the proposed settlement, we have agreed to have ADA compliant offices by

the end of this year. Therefore, this move is not only necessitated by eviction, but also by compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act. The current building is not modifiable to comply with that Act.

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annual rental expense to rent the current offices comprising 5,270 square feet is \$17,478 on an annual basis. The new building will cost \$800,000. Based upon discussions with our banker and with the realtor, we anticipate that the annual mortgage payment, including interest, will be \$86,373 annually for 6,062 square feet. The annual tax expense based on an estimate provided by the durrent owner using last year's tax bill is \$11,884. The amnual insurance expense is estimated to be \$3,800 by the chrrent owner based on last year's cost. Annual maintenance, as estimated once again by the current owner, is \$3,900 based upon last year's experience. All of these estimates from the realtor combine to total an annual expense of \$106,000. There are also additionally approximately 2,000 additional square feet of office space included with the purchase which will be rented by the third party under a four year lease.\ With annual net rental income as estimated by the realthr of \$30,000. Therefore, the Utility's net cost for the new bailding will be Subtracting the \$17,478 of current annual rental \$76,000. expense results in an increased expense of \$58,52/2 to Aloha. We believe the Commission should recognize this additional

cost because it was unforeseeable that the Utility would incur this substantial change in operating costs. And that cost should be allocated to the Seven Springs System in this rate proceeding under the same basis as the rents have been previously.

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While I recognize that the Commission generally has not recognized new expenses \ brought to their attention by utilities after the filing of the MFRs in rate proceedings, we believe this is a very different situation. We were not aware of the new rental agreement, nor were we aware that we would have to make substantial changes to the existing building in order for it to be compliant with the ADA Law at the time we filed our original MFRs, or at the time we filed our original Direct Testimony with the MFRs. As auch, this is a change in cost that the Utility will begin incurring immediately, and it is one that we could not have known about prior to the case being filed. Surely if the Commission staff determined during their audit that changes had occurred singe the filing of the case that caused our office rent expense on any other expense to be substantially reduced, they would \recognize those changes. It is therefore only appropriate that they recognize this change that has caused our expenses to \increase as a result of having to find new office space, because our landlord has refused to renew our lease, and because of the governmental requirement related to the ADA. For both reasons, I believe that the Commission must recognize this

increased cost. Otherwise, the Utility will be forced to seek this change through a separate proceeding at substantially higher cost to the customers of the Utility. The Commission's responsibility under the Statute to set rates on a going forward basis demands that this increase cost be considered in rate setting. The staff was informed of this change in response to discovery approximately 2 months ago when we were asked about known charges.

We will endeavor to try and provide the Commission with final documents concerning the purchase of this property by the hearing date if at all possible so that all the information is available to them to review these costs. To the extent we are able to finalize the deal or even a contract in advance of that date, we will provide the documentation even earlier as a supplemental exhibit.

16 Q. What other issues do you feel you need to address?

There has been a finding by the audit staff, which was Α. subsequently adopted by the citizens that there should be some adjustment to the salary of the Vice President of the Utility. To a large extent, Mr. Nixon has already addressed the failure of the audit staff to take the necessary steps in determining the relative worth of the Vice President to the company. The position appears to have just been adopted by the citizens without any further investigation on their part. recommendation by the audit staff actually dates back to the 

initial audit last summer during which the staff calculated the prudent amount of salary, benefits and costs for the Vice President to be pegged at 20% of my salary. This has been carried forward through subsequent audits and now is the position currently held by the staff auditors and the OPC. In fact, it has been only relatively recently that there have been any inquiries made into what benefit Ms. Speer provides In discovery in this to the operation of Aloha Utilities. case, a description of her job duties and responsibilities have been provided to the parties. To date, no one has taken issue with any of the duties and responsibilities delineated for the Vice President and seem to solely be basing the recommended adjustment on tying it to the salary of the President. It would seem that the experience and unique qualifications Ms. Speer brings to the job should be what is at issue here and whether her compensation is just in relation to those. Ms. Speer has a bachelors degree in accounting with a major in finance. However, it should also be noted that above and beyond that, Ms. Speer is an extremely successful business woman. Her business acumen and personal success in many different business ventures speaks for itself. Ms. Speer has herself acknowledged that she spends at least 20% of a normal work week carrying out her duties at Aloha. As the Chief Operating Officer of the Utility, I can state that she was very conservative in her 20% estimate of time. On many

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weeks, her time either meeting with me in officers' meetings or in dealing with other matters either directly or on the telephone greatly exceed the 20% of the time she represented as her norm. Ms. Speer as well as Ms. Kurish and myself discuss on a weekly and sometimes daily basis any significant issues before this Utility. During the deposition of Ms. Speer, staff seemed to ask serious questions dealing with issues of minutia and detail that I, being actively engaged in the operation of this Utility approximately 60 hours per week, would have to go look up the answers to. This appeared to be some attempt by staff, at a much later date then when the opinion was initially rendered, to bolster their position as to Ms. Speer's participation in the operation of the Utility. The officers of Aloha meet on a weekly basis to conceptually discuss all of the major issues concerning the Utility. Ms. Speer is an intrical part of the formation of all the decisions of a significant nature that occur at this As Ms. Speer herself has stated, she works Utility. approximately 20% of a normal work week at Aloha. Given that, it would be ludicrous to assume that she would read every document, read every Rule, and personally participate in every conversation that relates to the operation of this Utility. That is my job. Most issues discussed between myself and the other officers are discussed on a conceptual issues basis and not by reviewing documents, contracts, rules on a line by line Obviously, given the amount of time she has herself basis.

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- stated she devotes to this Utility, that would be impossible.
- 2 Q. I believe you had another issue to discuss?
- Yes, it appears that a position has been taken by the Office 3 of Public Counsel that an employee that was added, Pam 4 Yacobelli, should be disallowed as an imprudent expense simply 5 because she is not a specifically delineated line item in the 6 amended Consent Final Judgment. This presumption is ludicrous 7 on its face because this is a general rate proceeding for the 8 entire Seven Springs Wastewater System. Ms. Yacobelli has 9 been added to the administrative staff of Aloha due to the 10 11 increased workload necessitated by having to comply with the Amended Consent Final Judgment. An additional person, 12 actually probably two additional people were necessary. 13 fact, Pam is consistently working overtime since being hired 14 15 in November of 1999 and we are just now bringing the wastewater treatment plant on line with the associated 16 17 additional reporting requirements that come in to play with that facility going on line. All of the administrative staff, 18 Pam Yacobelli, Connie Kurish and myself work in excess of a 19 20 standard forty hour work week each and every week, some weeks The duties that have been assumed by Ms. far in excess. 21 Yacobelli and predominately associated with the increased 22 requirements brought on by the amended Consent Final Judgment. 23 However, just through normal growth and overall increased 24 25 regulatory requirements and a general level of under staffing that occurs throughout Aloha, the addition of Ms. Yacobelli 26

- 1 was overdue.
- Q. Do you have any further testimony to provide?
- 3 Α. I am able to discuss at length the circumstances surrounding the required additions to the wastewater treatment plant and 4 any other issues related to reuse and so forth; however, for 5 the purposes of filing my rebuttal testimony and responding to 6 7 the issues raised by the Staff, the DEP and the OPC witnesses, we felt Mr. Porter was better qualified to answer the majority 8 of those issues. I will be glad to provide any additional 9 10 information that the Commission needs in order to fully review
- the issues as raised by either the staff or the other parties
- in this proceeding.
- 13 Q. Does that conclude your testimony?
- 14 A. Yes, it does.

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MR. DETERDING: And would request that Mr. Watford please give us a brief summary of your rebuttal testimony.

THE WITNESS: Okay. I only have a few issues that I would like to cover here for you, and I will try to be as expeditious as I can.

The first issue that I discuss in my testimony is related to our in-house costs related to this rate proceeding. Attached to my testimony is a schedule showing the approximate cost to date and estimate of cost to complete this case. And as we just mentioned, those costs have subsequently been updated and incorporated into Mr. Nixon's schedule. The majority of the costs relate to the noticing of the customers during the various steps required in this case. We also had incidentals as well as costs for travel to complete the case.

The second issue that I would like to cover relates to the cost of the utility's engineer in preparing the maps to comply with Rule 25-30.440, Paragraph 1, Sub A and B. Mr. Earnsburger (phonetic), who is a consulting engineer who has worked for us for many years, completed these maps on very short notice, after we had been assured by the Commission's engineers that they would be acceptable for complying with the rule cited earlier.

Although Mr. Earnsburger had previously begun

preparation of these maps for a similar but different purpose, they were not going to be needed for several months. As my testimony indicates, we were charged \$4,617.50 for the preparation of these maps.

The next issue that I would like to mention concerns a position that has been taken by the OPC or the Office of Public Counsel in this case related to a single employee, Pam Yacabelli (phonetic), which was added, and their position is that she should be disallowed, I guess, as imprudent simply because she is not delineated in the amended restated consent final judgment with DEP.

Obviously, we feel this is unwarranted because this is not a limited proceeding. It is a general rate proceeding for the entire Seven Springs Wastewater System. The position of OPC seems to be strictly tied to a footnote that appeared in the MFRs which said that the employee was required by the amended restated consent final judgment, and I think as Mr. Nixon also earlier mentioned maybe had we said that she was needed or that we felt that she was required to stay in compliance with the ARCFJ, that wouldn't be an issue in this case.

But the fact is she was added for several reasons. A very important one is one that Mr. Nixon also had mentioned earlier, and that is the tremendously increased work load that is involved in complying with the

new requirements of this consent and final judgment and the new permit that has now been issued for the facility.

Mr. Nixon showed you earlier, I believe, this is the old monthly report. This is actually the intermediate monthly report, and the new one that will be starting next month will be in even greater volume than this, and that doesn't even begin to communicate the amount of coordination and so forth that has to take place to accumulate all of that information under the new operating procedures that we are working under today.

However, aside from that, we have been understaffed at Aloha for many years in basically every department. As a matter of fact, the PSC's own management audit team has informed us that they are recommending not only keeping Ms. Yakabelli, but adding another position identical to hers, and then adding two additional staff members, as well. Ms. Yakabelli is necessary to stay in compliance with the new permit and to comply with the amended restated consent final judgment.

However, she also assumes other duties that were due to customer growth and demand that have needed addressing for quite sometime. I might also point out she is the only secretarial position that we have on our staff. We produce about 150,000 bills a year, issue and track until closure approximately 9,000 work orders, and

deal with a population of about 30,000 people who are customers of our utility and want and receive good customer service.

We also have our developers to deal with, letters to write, and so forth, as well as all the other routine business matters that you would expect for a utility the size of Aloha. We do all of this with eight full-time administrative personnel. That includes everything that I just mentioned, and we have one employee that works one day per week. This minimal level of staffing is unheard of in this business, and as I stated earlier your own management audit team --

MR. BURGESS: Excuse me. I'm going to have to object. And not worried about the time frame at this point, but this is a summary of the testimony that is prefiled. And he is putting more words than is actually included in the testimony on this particular subject, and he has added a few facts that are not included in the testimony, and I think that is improper. I think he is supposed to summarize at this point and give the Commission an oral summary of what is written down and already prefiled with the Commission.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: First of all, you indicated that there is a summary that is beyond the scope of the testimony.

THE WITNESS: I'm done. 1 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: You're done? 2 THE WITNESS: Well, I'm done on that issue, if 3 that helps. 4 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: You're done on your 5 6 summary or you're just done --7 THE WITNESS: I'm done on that one issue. I had one other issue to cover. 8 9 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Let me ask you to very 10 succinctly cover that issue so we can move on. 11 THE WITNESS: Okay. Finally, the last issue I 12 wanted to discuss were the findings of your audit staff 13 and subsequent recommendation that the salary of the vice president be drastically cut. 14 15 Mr. Nixon has already addressed in his testimony 16 the steps that should be taken pursuant to the PSC's own 17 audit manual which were never considered prior to the 18 auditor's making their recommendation, and I won't repeat 19 those again here now. It was only very recently, long 20 after the recommendation of the auditors were filed in 21 this case, that the PSC even made any inquiries concerning 22 Ms. Spear's participation in the management of Aloha. 23 There seemed to be a last minute attempt to shore up their 24 position after we pointed out to them that they had failed

to follow their own detailed procedures that the PSC audit

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manual requires.

Now, Ms. Spear has a BA in accounting and a minor in finance. However, her tremendous worth as an employee at Aloha goes far beyond that. She is an extremely successful businesswoman that any major company would love to have sit on her board. In fact, she regularly turns down such offers. She has, herself, stated in deposition and in discovery responses that she spends approximately 20 percent of a standard work week at Aloha working on utility matters. I can personally state that she is extremely conservative in that estimate, and I find that I spend probably well in excess of that with her on a regular basis discussing utility matters. She is also available at any time needed by telephone and keeps in constant contact with us if she is not in the office.

As you know, she is a major stockholder of Aloha, and as such her participation in day-to-day operation and decision-making is extremely helpful and valuable. I, as the president, don't have to put together proposals, then go seek approval from stockholders on any issue. She is a stockholder who participates in the formation of those decisions and she is intimately involved in every major decision that is formed and then carried forward at Aloha. This provides a wonderful efficiency of operation for Aloha. And the customers, I

I	
1	believe, benefit accordingly. That concludes my summary.
2	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Very well.
3	MR. DETERDING: I tender the witness for cross.
4	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Mr. Burgess.
5	MR. BURGESS: No questions.
6	MR. FUDGE: No questions.
7	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Commissioners?
8	I have not seen any specific documentation which
9	shows division of duties for Ms. Yakabelli. I want to
10	make sure I've got the name right.
11	THE WITNESS: I'm sorry?
12	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: The young lady who was
13	just hired in the secretarial position?
14	THE WITNESS: Ms. Yakabelli.
15	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Yakabelli. I didn't see
16	anything, but I didn't do an exhaustive search, that lists
17	division of duties, percentage of time across those
18	duties. Is there something that sets that out?
19	THE WITNESS: I believe in response to discovery
20	issues in this case we provided that to staff. That is
21	subject to check.
22	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: If that is the case, then
23	that's fine.
24	THE WITNESS: And I would just point out,
25	Commissioner Jacobs, as I testified, we are not saying

that she is wholly working on the increased work load as 1 it relates to this. It is a position that has been needed 2 for a long time. As a matter of fact, as I said, your own 3 management audit team who is wrapping up their management 4 audit that you have ordered them to do in another docket 5 is recommending we hire another person to do exactly what 6 7 she does now. COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Very well. 8 MR. FUDGE: In response to Staff Interrogatory 9 10 Number 22, they did provide a job description for 11 Ms. Yakabelli. 12 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Very well, thank you. 13 COMMISSIONER JABER: Is that interrogatory 14 response in the record? 15 MR. FUDGE: No, Commissioner. 16 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Let's make that part of 17 the record. 18 MR. FUDGE: That will be Exhibit 32, Utility's 19 response to Interrogatory Number 22. 20 MR. DETERDING: What number was that, 21 interrogatory number? 22 MR. FUDGE: 22. 23 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Very well. 24 MR. DETERDING: I have no redirect if there is 25 no cross-examination.

1	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Very well. Exhibits.
2	MR. DETERDING: I would like to move Exhibit 31.
3	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Show it moved.
4	MR. FUDGE: Staff moves Exhibit 32.
5	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: And could you see that the
6	court reporter gets a copy of that, please.
7	MR. FUDGE: Yes, Commissioner.
8	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Show Exhibit 32 moved.
9	Thank you very much.
10	(Exhibit 31 and 32 marked for identification and
11	entered into the record.)
12	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Next witness. Mr. Biddy,
13	I believe.
14	MR. DETERDING: I guess we are to the
15	supplemental direct?
16	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: What about Mr. Biddy's
17	rebuttal?
18	MR. BURGESS: Mr. Biddy's rebuttal, my
19	recollection is there was a ruling on that.
20	MR. JAEGER: All of Mr. Biddy's rebuttal was
21	stricken at the October 2nd hearing.
22	MR. BURGESS: We can try it again, if you want.
23	MR. JAEGER: There was on order prior to the
24	and then it was on a motion for reconsideration. The
25	order striking it was uphold

1	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. I didn't read my
2	prehearing order carefully enough. Very well.
3	Mr. Biddy's rebuttal was stricken, so we are
4	back now to supplemental direct.
5	MR. DETERDING: You're right. Supplemental
6	direct for Mr. Watford.
7	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: A very short absence for
8	Mr. Watford.
9	COMMISSIONER JABER: Chairman Jacobs, just to
10	make sure the record is clear, Mr. Biddy's testimony was
11	stricken after the issuance of the prehearing order by
12	separate order.
13	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. Very well.
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15	STEPHEN WATFORD
16	was called as a witness on behalf of Aloha Utilities and,
17	having been duly sworn, testified as follows:
18	DIRECT EXAMINATION
19	BY MR. DETERDING:
20	Q Mr. Watford, just to jump to the testimony
21	itself, you prepared also some supplemental direct
22	testimony, did you not?
23	A Yes, I did.
24	Q Consisting of six pages?
25	A Six pages of testimony, yes.

And if I asked you the questions in that 1 Q testimony, would your answers be the same? 2 Yes, they would. Α 3 Do you have any corrections to that testimony? Q 4 5 Α No, I do not. And you also prepared, did you not, an exhibit 6 0 that was marked SGW-1 related to the eviction and the 7 offer for purchase related to the new office building? 8 There is SGW-1, which is a schedule of 9 10 expected costs at the new building, and I would 11 characterize the letter as a notice of non-renewal of the 12 lease. 13 Q I apologize. 14 Α And also the commercial contract which was our 15 offer, actually a counter offer that was given back to us 16 by the seller of the building that we ultimately purchased 17 and addendums to that contract. 18 Q Okay. And also, I believe, as the prehearing 19 order states, the executed contract for sale of the 20 building is SGW-SD-EX, I guess, or SGW-2, depending on 21 which part of the prehearing order you look at, but you 22 did also submit on September 15th an executed contract for 23 purchase of that office building?

A I don't know the exact date that we submitted it, but, yes, we did submit it.

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1	Q Okay. Do you have any changes or corrections to
2	those exhibits?
3	A No, I do not, other than some obviously some
4	things that transpired after the filing of this testimony
5	that I will address in the rebuttal testimony.
6	MR. DETERDING: I request that Mr. Watford's
7	supplemental direct testimony be inserted into the record
8	as though read.
9	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Without objection. Mr.
10	Burgess, you indicated that you had was this the point?
11	MR. BURGESS: No, sir, I have objections to the
12	supplemental rebuttal testimony of Mr. Watford and Mr.
13	Nixon, not to the supplemental direct.
14	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Very well. Without
15	objection, show that admitted.
16	MR. DETERDING: And Mr. Watford's two exhibits I
17	would like marked for identification.
18	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: We will mark that as
19	Exhibit 33. And those are give me descriptions of
20	those.
21	MR. DETERDING: The first one is the letter from
22	the landlord and the counter offer, that is SGW-1. And
23	then the executed contract was the second that was filed
24	with the Commission on September 15th.
25	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Very well.

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1	MR. DETERDING: And those are 33?
2	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Yes.
3	(Exhibit 33 marked for identification.)
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1		BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
2		ALOHA UTILITIES, INC.
3		DOCKET NO. 991643-SU
4		APPLICATION FOR WASTEWATER RATE INCREASE OF
5		ALOHA UTILITIES, INC. IN PASCO COUNTY
6		SUPPLEMENTAL DIRECT TESTIMONY OF STEPHEN G. WATFORD
7	Q.	Please state your name and employment address.
8	Α.	Stephen G. Watford, Aloha Utilities, Inc., 2514 Aloha Place,
9		Holiday, Florida 34691.
10	Q.	In what capacity are you employed by Aloha Utilities, Inc.
11	Α.	I am the Utility's President.
12	Q.	How long have you been so employed?
13	Α.	I have been an officer of the Utility since 1986 and the
14		President of the Utility for approximately five years. I have
15		been employed with Aloha since 1975.
16	Q.	What is the purpose of your supplemental direct testimony?
17	A.	The purpose of my testimony is to address the issue related to
18	•	our need to acquire a new office building which was not known
19		about by us at the time of filing our application and, in
20		fact, was not known for six months later. In effect, we did
21		not have an opportunity to file direct testimony on this issue
22		primarily because we were not aware of it for six months after
23		the filing of our application where the Utility's direct
24		testimony must be filed.
25	Q.	Why are you filing testimony at this late point.

## Attachment A

Because we have just now been able to nail down approximately Α. what the change in cost will be to Aloha. We were informed in late June of the landlord's intent to evict us. In addition, because of a suit against Aloha by a person claiming that Aloha's offices failed to comply with the American With Disabilities Act, the two items came together at about the same time to demonstrate to us that we had no choice but to 7 For over 25 years, we have rented relocate our offices. 8 office space from a related party at a price substantially 9 below market value. Mid-summer this year, well after we had 10 filed the MFRs, we were informed by the related party that we 11 would no longer be allowed to rent this office property and 12 would be required to vacate the premises by December 31st of 13 14 That is about the same time as rates should be going into effect in this rate proceeding. 15

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In addition to the requirement by the related party that we vacate the premises by the end of the year, Aloha Utilities, Inc. has been sued in Federal court for our buildings failure to meet the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). As such, we are currently negotiating to hopefully settle that lawsuit, and as part of the terms of the proposed settlement, we have agreed to have ADA compliant offices by the end of this year. Therefore, this move is not only necessitated by eviction, but also by compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act. The current building is not modifiable to comply with that Act.

Our annual rental expense to rent the current offices comprising 5,270 square feet is \$17,478 on an annual basis. The new building will cost \$800,000. Based upon discussions with our banker and with the realtor, we anticipate that the annual mortgage payment, including interest, will be \$86,373 annually for 6,062 square feet. The annual tax expense based on an estimate provided by the current owner using last year's tax bill is \$11,884. The annual insurance expense is estimated to be \$3,800 by the current owner based on last year's cost. Annual maintenance, as estimated once again by the current owner, is \$3,900 based upon last year's

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While I recognize that the Commission generally has not recognized new expenses brought to their attention by utilities after the filing of the MFRs in rate proceedings, we believe this is a very different situation. We were not aware of the need for new offices, nor were we aware that we would have to make substantial changes to the existing building in order for it to be compliant with the ADA Law at the time we filed our original MFRs, or at the time we filed our original Direct Testimony with the MFRs. As such, this is a change in cost that the Utility will begin incurring immediately, and it

is one that we could not have known about prior to the case being filed. Surely if the Commission staff determined during their audit that changes had occurred since the filing of the case that caused our office rent expense or any other expense to be substantially reduced, they would recognize those changes. It is therefore only appropriate that they recognize this change that has caused our expenses to increase as a result of having to find new office space, because our landlord has refused to renew our lease, and because of the governmental requirement related to the ADA. For both reasons, I believe that the Commission must recognize this increased cost. Otherwise, the Utility will be forced to seek this change through a separate proceeding at substantially higher cost to the customers of the Utility. The Commission's responsibility under the Statute to set rates on a going forward basis demands that this increase cost be considered in The staff was informed of this change in rate setting. response to discovery approximately 2 months ago when we were asked about known charges. We will endeavor to try and provide the Commission with final

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We will endeavor to try and provide the Commission with final documents concerning the purchase of this property by the hearing date if at all possible so that all the information is available to them to review these costs. To the extent we are able to finalize the deal or even a contract in advance of that date, we will provide the documentation even earlier as

1 a supplemental exhibit.

As of Thursday, September 14, we have received a counter-offer to our original offer of \$700,000 for this building. counter-offer proposes a sales price of \$765,000 plus some changes in terms that will affect the final total price. There will also be some additional improvements needed, including the addition of a drive-thru window, which will slightly increase Aloha's total investment. A copy of the counter-offer is attached. We hope to negotiate the final terms of sale within the next few days and to close on the property before the hearing in this case, if at all possible. will gladly provide additional information to the Commission at that time or as soon as we obtain it. time being, I am attaching a copy of the counter-offer we received today as well as some information from the current owner about the cost of operation, maintenance, taxes and insurance which support the numbers I have outlined above and the notification from the landlord dated June 27, 2000 that we must vacate our current offices by the end of this year. All of these documents are attached as SGW-1.

- 21 Q. Do you have any further testimony to provide at this time.
- 22 A. No, I do not.

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1	MR. DETERDING: I tender the witness for cross.
2	MR. BURGESS: No questions.
3	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Staff.
4	CROSS EXAMINATION
5	BY MR. FUDGE:
6	Q Mr. Watford, on Page 28 of your supplemental
7	direct testimony it states that you have provided a draft
8	appraisal and that you will provide the final version of
9	the appraisal at hearing. Do you have that with you
10	today?
11	A I'm sorry, where are you at, Jason?
12	MR. DETERDING: I don't think you're in the
13	direct.
14	MR. FUDGE: I'm sorry.
15	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: That is the rebuttal.
16	MR. FUDGE: Then we have no further questions.
17	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Commissioners? No
18	questions. Exhibits.
19	MR. DETERDING: Move Exhibit 33.
20	COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Without objection show it
21	admitted. Thank you, Mr. Watford, you are excused again,
22	but I think you may want to hold on.
23	(Exhibit 33 admitted into the record.)
24	MR. JAEGER: We have already done Ms. Merchant
25	with her supplemental direct, and I believe we go straight

to the rebuttal portion.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Supplemental rebuttal.

MR. DETERDING: And as I understand the desires of the Commissioners, we were going to go with Mr. Nixon so that Mr. Watford could bat cleanup, I guess you would say. And Mr. Nixon just walked out of the room, so if you could give us just a minute.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: We will take a break and go off the record for ten minutes.

(Recess.)

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: We will go back on the record. Let's see, we were on supplemental rebuttal for Mr. Nixon.

MR. BURGESS: Yes, sir. Commissioner, I have objections to the supplemental rebuttal of Mr. Nixon and Mr. Watford, actually, because Mr. Nixon's rebuttal, as you see, indicates that the purpose of his testimony is to sponsor two exhibits that he then says is for the purpose of supporting the testimony of Mr. Watford.

A great deal of the objection to Mr. Nixon is based on the objection to Mr. Watford. What I would ask to do, if I could, is make both objections, go ahead and get them out, and then go from there, if that is all the same to the Commission?

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Very well.

MR. BURGESS: Okay. I am going to move to strike portions of the testimony and exhibits of Mr. Watford and Mr. Nixon based on my belief that they are, in fact, direct testimony couched as rebuttal testimony. And what I would ask the Commission is to consider where we are right now. We are dealing with a specific issue that was developed late. Not at anybody's fault, but just by the result of circumstances it was developed late in the process. The Public Service Commission granted deference to the utility and allowed them to raise this issue.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: I'm sorry, Mr. Burgess, before you proceed, I'm sorry, I intended to do this at the moment we went back on the record, but what I would like to do very quickly -- and, staff, would you do this, because most of these testimonies were filed after the issuance of the prehearing order, and several of them are not listed. Staff, could you just lay out what the filings have been so that we will be clear what we are talking about now?

MR. JAEGER: Okay. Commissioner Jacobs, as you say, this all came about after the prehearing, but we had given them leeway to file their supplemental direct on this special issue, and then also we gave the staff and OPC a time to file supplemental direct, and then we also allowed a time for supplemental rebuttal.

COMMISSIONE

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: So we have had filing of

2 supplemental direct --

MR. JAEGER: OPC did not file supplemental direct, but the utility filed Supplemental Direct Watford, then staff filed Supplement Direct Patricia Merchant, which we took earlier today and everything, and then the utility flied two supplemental rebuttals on the -- it was last Monday, was it, and that is what we have got left to do. Both Nixon and Watford are the supplemental rebuttal, are the only two, and that is what Mr. Burgess is now moving to strike portions of, and those are the last two witnesses we do have.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Very well. You may proceed, Mr. Burgess.

MR. BURGESS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. This is the issue that developed subsequent to the initial filing, and after ruling that the company would be allowed to address it, as I recall the Commission asked the utility if they would forestall the statutory deadline and my recollection is that the utility refused. The only point of that is that we are in a tight time frame now. Well, that is where we are and that's fine. It is by the hard work and diligence of both the staff and the utility that we were able to do that, and get testimony, and get direct testimony and get rebuttal testimony and be where we are.

But it is important because of where we are and because of the tightness of the time frame that rebuttal really be true rebuttal. There is no luxury to take the timeline necessary, that might be necessary to further examine and have opportunities to examine testimony that comes in that should have been direct but that comes in on rebuttal.

And I would ask you to further keep in mind the Public Service Commission order on striking the Citizens' testimony in this case. And it was at the behest of the utility that Mr. Biddy's testimony was challenged. And I will read something from the utility's motion seeking to challenge Mr. Biddy's testimony. The utility alleges that Mr. Biddy could have propounded pages, and pages, and pages of direct testimony on the issue when he filed his direct testimony. What Mr. Biddy cannot do is lay and wait until the rebuttal filing date in the case and then pounce and attempt to prop up his prior testimony.

And the Commission in ruling against Mr. Biddy's testimony made this finding, that Mr. Biddy's proffered rebuttal testimony is direct testimony that OPC could have or should have filed in its direct testimony. That Mr. Biddy's testimony covered issues that had been identified as issues in the proceeding, and therefore should have been addressed in OPC's direct testimony. That is what we

have here.

And what I am suggesting now is that the utility be held to the same standards that the OPC's testimony was held to. And you will recall that I moved for reconsideration and the Commission granted me a good deal of time to address the issues. But also it seemed to me held me to a pretty technical standard of explaining why Mr. Biddy's testimony was actually in rebuttal to the testimony of the staff.

And to demonstrate that it was in direct conflict with it as rebuttal and further that it was not testimony that could have and should have been presented on direct. So I'm asking now that the utility be held to that same standard. And what I would say is that with regard to that, the utility -- much of the utility's rebuttal testimony does not meet that standard.

What you have is the utility came in with its direct testimony and presented evidence why they believed the costs associated with this building should be included in this rate case or should be passed on to the customers. Ms. Merchant came in and said, basically, I have seen everything that you have filed, I have looked at everything that the staff has received on discovery, and I don't think it meets the standard necessary to demonstrate that they should be passed on to the customers. But she

didn't stop there. She said some of the things I would have looked for, for example, are, and then she would give a number of items.

Rebuttal testimony to that would be one of two things. It would either be, oh, yes, we did provide those things that you are looking for, or we didn't provide those things, but we didn't need to because our justification lies elsewhere. That is not what the utility did with a great deal of this rebuttal. Instead, they more are less backed a dump truck of information up and poured a bunch more evidence into this case.

In other words, what they did was they presented a great deal of evidence that they could have or should have, going back to the language striking our rebuttal, could have or should have put in their direct testimony, but chose not to. And based on that, I would suggest that it should be denied.

And what I would like to do is go through and identify specifically those areas where I believe this general proposition that I am referring to can be demonstrated. And I would start with Mr. Watford's testimony, rebuttal testimony. I would start with Page 4, Line 23, and I would -- if you look at this, this is testimony that responds to a statement of Ms. Merchant, which she says on Page 4 of her testimony, that is, and

specifically Ms. Merchant says, "I believe that Aloha should have documented the minimum requirements for the new office location." And she doesn't stop there, she says, "Examples of these requirements could have been size, location, availability, cost, et cetera."

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And she says it then should have been researched and complied a list of all the available properties that fit the minimum criteria established. So, again, rebuttal would be, we did that, or we didn't do that, but we didn't do that because. Instead what you see in this is basically conceding the point that they did not document it. They say basically with this, we did these things, but we didn't document it. We didn't write it down. Well, that is what Ms. Merchant says. In her testimony she says it should have been documented. So what do they do? Then for all of this that I have identified from Page 4 through Page 7, Line 11, basically is providing all the information, the types of information that Ms. Merchant said she would have expected to see at the outset to demonstrate that it was cost recoverable. So I would say that this is information that could have or should have been brought up on direct. It does not rebut her testimony. It basically says, well, okay, here is that evidence now, and we are going to present it. We are going write it down now rather than offering it in the

direct testimony.

I would move to strike from Page 7, Line 13
through Page 22, Line 15, basically on the same grounds or
the same principle. This is testimony that responds to
Ms. Merchant's testimony on Page 5, Lines 3 through 6,
where it talks about the lists that should have been
compiled and the information on each of the alternatives.
Basically, that is what this is. This is that list.

It is about 15 pages listing each of those properties and the alternatives, and documenting the advantages and disadvantages of each, exactly what Ms. Merchant said should have been done or she would have expected in the direct testimony to demonstrate cost recoverability.

I would move to strike on Page 22, Line 17
through Page 24, Line 4 on the same grounds again. I
don't me what it specifically refers to in Ms. Merchant's
testimony. I don't see it as being rebuttal. I see it as
being information that it is bringing forward now that is
not in rebuttal to Ms. Merchant, but rather is just
additional information that they could have or should have
included in their direct testimony. From Page 12, Line -I mean, Page 24, Line 12 --

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: That last section was up to Page 24, Line --

MR. BURGESS: Down through Page 24, Line 11. 1 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. 2 MR. JAEGER: You said 4 earlier, Steve. 3 24, Line 4. 4 I'm sorry, I said --5 MR. BURGESS: COMMISSIONER JACOBS: It should be 11, probably, 6 7 that is the end of the statement. You're going to the end 8 of the answer, correct? 9 MR. BURGESS: Yes. Page 24, Line 11. 10 sorry, I apologize. I would say that Page 24, Line 12 11 begins to fall into the category that I think is 12 acceptable rebuttal testimony, although I would note that 13 I look at the company's objection to Mr. Biddy's testimony, and its smoking gun was that Mr. Biddy started 14 15 off saying he wanted to provide comments in response to 16 the staff witness, and Line 15 asks, "Do you have any 17 comments in this regard?" But this is not what I am 18 seeking to exclude. 19 I would begin back with Page 25, Line 13, 20 through Page 28, Line 3. And, again, suggest that if as 21 noted on Page 13 here -- I mean, on Page 25, Line 13, if 22 the utility wanted this for further comparison of 23 statistics for review by the Commission, then it is 24 information that could have and should have been presented

in the initial testimony, in the direct testimony on this

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issue.

As I indicated, this particular section that I find objectionable on these grounds would extend through Page 28, Line 3. I would then suggest that the Commission should strike beginning on Page 29, Line 7 through Page 29, Line 13. And, again, as not being proper rebuttal testimony. Just the very sentence beginning this, "I have provided extensive additional testimony on the criterion given to the realtor." This is information that they had at the time they filed their initial testimony. They are choosing to incorporate it in rebuttal. They are choosing to bootstrap what should have been direct testimony.

I would move that Page 30, Line 3 through Page 30, Line 5 be stricken as referencing most of the testimony that I have already recommended be stricken. I would recommend then Page 32, Line 22 through Page 35, Line 17 be stricken. This is in response to Ms.

Merchant's testimony, which is on Page 5, Line 19 through 21 where Ms. Merchant says that the utility has not supported these new costs; 11,000 for building improvements, 42,000 for new furniture, 2,000 to relocate the phone. This that I have referred to in company's the rebuttal testimony basically provides the support that she says wasn't there when she looked at their offering and found it to be deficient for meeting standards of cost

recovery.

I would move to strike then from Page 35, Line 18 through 36, Line 8, based again that this -- on the same principle. This is in response to Ms. Merchant's testimony on Page 6, Lines 2 through 3, or all the way through Line 7 where she basically said that Aloha did not provide the reason that it used this methodology. And this explains the reason for using that methodology.

I would suggest that on Page 36 from Line 8 through Line 21 is acceptable. But, again, I would move beginning on Page 36, Line 22 through Page 37, Line 11, that this should be stricken. This is in response to Ms. Merchant's testimony on Page 6, Line 14 when she said --where Ms. Merchant said I have seen the amounts that Aloha has projected, but these amounts have not been supported. They were not supported in the initial testimony in the initial filing. And so now the company rather than saying, oh yes, we did. Based on the evidence you have before you it was supported, or saying we didn't support it, but there is this alternative, instead they basically concede the point but bring in the support that they think that Ms. Merchant was looking for.

And then I would consider acceptable through
Line 39 -- Page 40, all the way through Page 40. And I
would begin again with a motion to strike testimony on

Page 40, Line 25, and continuing through Page 41, Line 17 basically with the same, with the same proposition that this is testimony that could have been chosen, they could have chosen to put in their direct, they chose not to.

That basically is, with maybe a line here and there that references some of this other stuff, in other words, the testimony throughout will include references back to other sections, and those references should be removed, but they really are not of substance. Of substance is what I have identified. And I would recommend that those, along with all the exhibits that are described in those sections, be stricken for the reasons stated, and that would be Exhibits SGW-SR2 through SR7.

COMMISSIONER JABER: Mr. Burgess, I was trying to follow as best as I could on the pages and lines. And some of the lines stopped in the middle of the responses. And I hate to do this to you, but if you could go back, especially from the beginning, and give page numbers and lines, that would be helpful.

MR. BURGESS: I can. Page 4, Line 23 through Page 7, Line 12.

MR. JAEGER: Now, 23 --

MR. BURGESS: Now, it starts at the end of an answer, I recognize that, and goes into another question. But if you look at the statement on Line 23 that is the

end of that answer, it basically dovetails into the question. That says the information we have gathered since that time supports the estimates as reasonable, had we pursued the rental option. That is information they put together that was available at the time, and then goes into specifying what that is.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Why don't we begin with a full sentence, that just seems reasonable, so we can begin on Line 20, the full sentence.

MR. BURGESS: Okay. Then it would be the sentence beginning on Line 20, yes, sir.

That specific objection ended on Page 7, Line 12, okay. Now, then I begin an objection on another section that began on Page 7, Line 13, but that -- and the reason I couched the two as separate objections is because the first one was in response to a specific statement in Ms. Merchant's testimony. And this one begins a response in a separate statement to Ms. Merchant's testimony. And then this is the one that would proceed through Page 22, Line 15. I'm sorry, I would stop that objection at Page 22, Line 5. I found unobjectionable Lines 6 through 16.

COMMISSIONER JABER: Okay.

MR. BURGESS: I would begin another objection at Page 22, Line 17 continuing through Page 24, Line 4. I mean, I'm sorry, through Page 24, Line 11.

I would begin another objection at Page 25, Line
13, and continue that objection through Page 28, Line 3.
I would begin another objection on Page 28, Line 22, with
the beginning of the sentence on Line 22 and continue that
objection through Page 28, Line 25.

Now, I guess consistent with what Commissioner Jacobs had asked, the full sentence would end on Page 29, Line 3, although the verbiage and the remainder of the sentence I didn't find objectionable.

I objected to the section beginning on -- the sentence beginning on Page 29, Line 7 and continuing through Page 29, Line 13. I objected to the sentence on Page 30, Line 3 through Page 30, Line 5, indicating hopefully the exhaustive explanation that has been provided here in the rebuttal testimony will satisfy the Commission staff, that is the whole point of the objection.

I objected to Page 32, Line 22, through Page 35, Line 17. I objected, again, a separate objection because it was on a response to a different question in Ms.

Merchant's testimony, but beginning on Page 35, Line 18, and continuing through Page 36, Line 8.

I object to Page 36, Line 22 through Page 37, Line 11. And then, as I say, the rest is more incidental.

Oh, I'm sorry, then I would begin on Page 40, Line 25

through Page 41, Line 17.

Those are the objections that I have to Mr. Watford's testimony. As I say, once again, I am simply asking for the same standards that have been applied in this case to exclude rebuttal testimony on the grounds that it could have or should have been filed as direct testimony on issues that had been identified in the case, that that be applied. And then similarly, I have a similar breakdown of Mr. Nixon's. There is a good bit of -- most of Mr. Nixon's falls in the category of supporting information to Mr. Watford's testimony and probably would fall under the same category.

The only significant section that I found to be proper rebuttal by these standards in Mr. Nixon's testimony was on Page 1, Line 23 through Page 3, Line 5. I found that to not be something that I would move to strike, but I would move to strike the balance of his testimony based on the same proposition that this is information that if they intended it or felt it was necessary to support their case, then they should have brought it forward in their initial testimony. If they were really intending to rebut Ms. Merchant when she said this is not enough information for the Commission to determine that the costs should be recoverable, then they should have truly rebutted it and indicated that it, in

fact, was unnecessary and explain why.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Very well. Mr. Deterding.

MR. DETERDING: Well, this is quite a motion to respond to off the cuff. But the basis, as I understand it, is that, first of all, that Mr. Burgess wants you to treat our rebuttal witnesses the same as his rebuttal witness was treated. They are two very different things. And I think it is best summed up by the comments of Commissioner Baez at the time that it was discussed at the hearing on October 2nd. On the issue related to striking Mr. Biddy's rebuttal testimony, it was not rebuttal at all, it was -- and in a much clearer way than what Mr. Burgess is talking about here.

Mr. Biddy took a staff witness from DEP and said, as Commissioner Baez noted, "It sounds -- well, quote, what he meant to say was, and I don't think that is right." Then Commissioner Baez goes on to say, "I think you will agree that saying you are responding to something is entirely different than saying what the witness meant to say was, wouldn't you?" So those are the kind of things we were talking about with regard to Mr. Biddy.

He took a DEP witness and said, well, if he had gone farther, what he meant to say. And we haven't done anything of that kind. All we have done is Ms. Merchant said in her testimony that they didn't do these things.

They didn't do this analysis. And we said, yes, we did. We didn't put it in a report, but, yes, we did. And then we went on to explain exactly in detail what exactly we did do under those circumstances.

She has never said this should be thrown out because they didn't meet this by this deadline. What she said was I don't have enough information that they did these things. So I think that is a very different situation than what happened with Mr. Biddy where he was trying to put words into a witness' mouth of what he would have said, what he meant to say. Whereas what we are doing is specifically, and as Mr. Burgess notes, going down the line, responding to the things she said about did they do an analysis of the alternatives? Did they do the analysis of potential purchase versus rent? Did they look at the various factors that she felt were relevant?

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Let me ask a question.

Normally -- in fact, in this instance where there were

MFRs that are deficient, there is time allowed to cure

that deficiency. How does this differ from that? I had

intended to ask Mr. Burgess that. Briefly respond to that

question, and then I will come back to you, Mr. Deterding.

MR. BURGESS: Well, I think the distinction is very significant. If we are talking about MFRs, what we are talking about is at the outset of a case it is going

to take nine months. So there is a deficiency, and they have got time to make the changes, and then the clock begins at that point with the initial filing now without the deficiencies and everybody can respond to it. And it is not rebuttal. It is not the last word. It is not the last thing that is brought forward.

And this is not only a situation where this wasn't in the MFRs, again, through no nobody's fault, I'm not casting aspersions. That happened because of the timing of it. But this wasn't even in the initial case as filed. And then the Commission allowed the utility, the Commission using its discretion to allow this utility to bring this issue up at all and gave the utility an opportunity to provide supplemental testimony, saying that it is not proper as rebuttal, but provide supplemental testimony.

And then they did, and then you see things that Ms. Merchant -- he says, well, Ms. Merchant doesn't say that they need to be written down. Well, she does. She says document. I would have expected to see documented evidence. Well, documents are written. Documents, they are written reports, and that is what she says she expected to see. And they came in and said, oh, that is what you needed. Well, here, here is 20 pages of it. And we see them for the first time in rebuttal testimony.

Nobody has a chance to address them, and I would just say it is procedurally out of place.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. Thank you.

MR. DETERDING: This is an issue --

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Before you proceed.

Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER BAEZ: Mr. Deterding, before you lose your thought, I think Mr. Burgess has a point in that this information and the analysis that may or may not have gone -- you may or may not have undertaken, there is no way to challenge that. There is no way to address the accuracy of it. There is no way -- it is, in fact, the last word, do you agree with that?

MR. DETERDING: It is rebuttal testimony,

Commissioner, and that is always the case with rebuttal testimony.

COMMISSIONER BAEZ: Well, it is rebuttal. But, again, this information is new. It is not anywhere that I have seen but here. And I just -- I'm having trouble saying that to accept it -- I'm sorry, I didn't mean to interrupt, but I'm having trouble accepting the notion that saying, all right, well, we will take this as rebuttal testimony. Now all of a sudden we have given it some sort of stamp of approval as to its accuracy, as to its prudency, as to its appropriateness.

MR. DETERDING: And I don't think that is true any more in this rebuttal than any other. We are in a situation where this is very much a developing issue. The utility closed on this property three days ago. They closed on this property Monday afternoon. That was fully recognized when the Commission decided to allow us to present this rebuttal, I mean, this direct on September 15th. We did not have even at that time a contract. We filed one a couple of days later. But this rebuttal is no different than any another in that regard.

We put in evidence in response to claims that we had not gone through the motions that she felt were necessary in order to determine whether this was an appropriate purchase, or this was the appropriate choice, and that else what she is talking about. And all we said was, we were not going to back and say here is the paper. We had given them most of this stuff that existed at that time in response to discovery. And we had tried to keep them informed about everything that went on, all the parties, as it went on.

But when she says you did not do this, that is not correct. What we came back and said is we did do this, and we gave them a list of how we reviewed these things and what instructions we did give to our realtor. To suggest that what she is saying is it had to be in a

report form, well, she admitted herself on the stand that she knew of no case in which that had ever been done before. So to suggest that her concern was simply that you didn't provide me a written report, I don't think that is it at all, and I don't think that is what she says in her testimony. She said, "I don't have the information I need." And in some cases she said, "I can't tell that you have done this." And what we did in our responsive testimony was saying we did do those things. We did jump through those hoops. We did analyze the alternatives. And I think this is as rebuttal as it gets, and it is very, very different than that that Mr. Biddy has provided, which was stricken, wherein he tries to rephrase what a witness says, and says what he would have said.

MR. BURGESS: I have got -- I have to address that. The problem is we are talking a little bit at cross purposes.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Before you go on, let's make sure we get done with one side.

MR. DETERDING: I was just going to note the only thing I had left was that we had a schedule set up in recognition of the fact that the alternative for this utility company through no fault of its own, as Mr. Burgess has said, the alternative is to file for a limited proceeding. So we went through this process on very short

notice. We had a discovery schedule set up. Public

Counsel chose to do no discovery on this issue. Public

Counsel chose to put no witness on on this issue.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Mr. Deterding, didn't you have as an option to amend your filing and waive your time?

MR. DETERDING: No, sir. Not only did we not have that because it would drive us to bankruptcy, but we would be in violation of our loan covenants, and we could not do that. That was not a viable alternative. Given the magnitude of this addition to our plant, there was no way on earth we could have done that.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay.

MR. BURGESS: We have been speaking a little bit about two different things. Just to understand,
Mr. Biddy's testimony was objected to by the utility on two grounds: One, that he didn't truly definitively rebut, he didn't come at direct perpendicular cross-purposes with the staff witness. They seized on terms like what are your comments to his testimony. And the other ground was that it was information that could have or should have been produced in direct testimony.

Now, as I read the Commission's determination on it, the Commission did not reject it on the first ground, it did not reject it on that ground. It rejected it

solely on the second ground, that is that the testimony could have or should have been filed on direct testimony. That is why I have couched my objection strictly on that second ground.

If I wanted to go in and say this particular piece of testimony does not appear to directly contradict Ms. Merchant, there are a number of other areas. But I was trying to stick to those areas that fell within the category of that objection that was accepted by the Commission. That is that this was issues identified during the proceeding, should have been addressed during the direct testimony. And based on that we have done it. Now, when Mr. Deterding has gone back and responded he has kind of brought us back in a little bit to that statement that Mr. Biddy's testimony was not really directly in rebuttal to Mr. MacColeman. He was say saying he tried to put words in his mouth. That wasn't the grounds on which the Commission accepted their pleading to strike.

The Commission accepted it based on the grounds that the testimony should have been offered as direct. And so restricting it to that, I would say that with regard to Mr. Biddy's -- the finding that Mr. Biddy should have known that a witness from DEP might make certain statements and he should fully flesh that out, well, I would say this falls into that category not only just as

much as Mr. Biddy's, but multi-fold more.

MR. DETERDING: Well, what I read to you from Commissioner Baez were comments that he made before he made the motion for denial. Now, that in my book is what the basis was for this denial. It was that this is using rebuttal as clarification of testimony of another witness. That is not what we are doing here.

MR. BURGESS: Do you need the order?

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: No. Please one at a time.

We have to help the court reporter. Go ahead.

MR. DETERDING: Well, they are clearly two very different things to me. And this rebuttal testimony is what I think you would expect when the staff witness, a person who is claiming that you have not provided sufficient information for them to review says that that is the reason why she cannot go along with it.

Again, I think you have got to consider the fact that this was granted on recognition that it was very short notice, that we were getting information to the Commission as fast as we could and to the other parties as fast as we could, and it just closed three days ago. And we have done our best to try and do this to in the long-term, keep costs down to the customers. We have provided more information on this office building than I think has ever been provided, and the alternative is to

pursue a limited proceeding. 1 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Commissioners. 2 COMMISSIONER JABER: Mr. Chairman, I was going 3 to just ask you if you minded if we heard from staff. Ι 4 would like staff's recommendation on this. 5 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Very well. Staff. 6 7 MR. FUDGE: Commissioner, as Mr. Burgess stated --8 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Just a moment. 9 10 COMMISSIONER BAEZ: Before you address your recommendation, the parties have pointed up at least to 11 12 me some -- they have raised a conflict to me. 13 Procedurally did we deny a motion for reconsideration, and 14 refresh my memory. Were we denying a motion for reconsideration, because that raises -- if that is a fact, 15 16 it raises to me what the relevant grounds were. 17 MR. FUDGE: Yes, Commissioner, you denied OPC's motion for reconsideration of the prehearing officer's 18 19 order to strike Mr. Biddy's rebuttal testimony. 20 COMMISSIONER BAEZ: Now, so then -- and I quess 21 I'm speaking against my own interests here, but then what my opinion or what my personal grounds might have been on 22 23 the merits of the argument become irrelevant. 24 becomes ratified is the grounds of the prehearing officer's order? 25

MR. FUDGE: Yes, Commissioner, because you were applying a different standard to see if any mistake of fact or law was made in the prehearing officer's order.

COMMISSIONER BAEZ: And I just want to have that clear, because as far as discussion goes, a lot of things get said that kind of bleed over into what the merits may be that weren't considered before. And I just want to understand what role that plays or what importance that plays as a basis for this discussion that we are having.

MR. FUDGE: It would probably be treated as just dicta. It was just your statements concerning the motion for reconsideration and not readdressing the motion to strike the rebuttal testimony.

COMMISSIONER BAEZ: Well, but there was still a lot of discussion as to what the testimony that was being sought to be admitted or stricken at the time was. And much less conversation than my recollection as to what the standard -- as to the legal standard that was going to be applied on reconsideration. And that is just the way it turned out. We can't take it back now. I just want to be clear what we did then and how it should apply here.

MR. FUDGE: Commissioner, I think the discussion at the October 2nd and 3rd hearing over the propriety of Mr. Biddy's rebuttal testimony was just a discussion to determine if the prehearing officer had made a correct

ruling and was in no way making an additional ruling to strike the rebuttal testimony.

COMMISSIONER BAEZ: Thank you. And, I'm sorry,
I interrupted. You were going to provide some type of
quidance or --

MR. FUDGE: I guess you helped me out for half of it, because I was just going to point to the prehearing officer's order which stated, as Mr. Burgess said, that Mr. Biddy's proffered rebuttal testimony is direct testimony that OPC could have or should have filed in its direct testimony. And using that basis, Mr. Watford's and Mr. Nixon's testimony does nothing more than bolster their direct testimony case. It does not say that Ms. Merchant is wrong for requesting this information, it just provides the information that she requested. And I think Mr. Biddy's rebuttal testimony was more in line with traditional rebuttal, because he was actually contradicting what the staff witness had said.

COMMISSIONER BAEZ: In some instances, at least.

COMMISSIONER JABER: Mr. Fudge, I don't know when you were made aware of the OPC motion to strike, but have you had time to verify whether this is information and testimony that the company had in its possession when they filed the supplemental direct case?

MR. FUDGE: There is no way to determine that,

but it would seem if they have been actively seeking different leases and the costs for the new build, it didn't come up -- upon them when they filed their rebuttal testimony. It was gathered long before that.

MR. DETERDING: Commissioner, if Ms. Merchant had said in her testimony that Aloha should have talked to four realtors, does that impose upon us a burden in our direct testimony to have talked to four realtors? What we tried to do was respond and provide her to show her what we did. She said you didn't do these things, or I can't tell that you did these things, or you haven't prepared this report. Well, we may not have prepared the report, but we did most of the things that she was alleging we didn't do. So we were responding to her that, yes, in fact, we did. And here is what we did.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Here is my concern. At the point in time that those issues come up, we are writing on a sheet of paper that is essentially -- basically has all of the critical pieces of information on it. And what we come in with is an eraser, or we come in with an extra pencil and put things in a blank space it sounds like. It sounds like that is adding to the original case.

MR. DETERDING: Well, I don't perceive it that way. What it see it as is we had -- we gave some

information concerning the rate impact that we had reviewed alternatives available to us, and this was the best one. That is the basic thing that we gave -- and here is the revenue impact in our testimony. She came back and says I don't have enough detail to see that you went through, jumped through the hoops that I think were appropriate in order to make that decision, and we gave that clarification.

As far as the dollar impact on rates of purchasing the building, I don't think the rebuttal does much except to give updated information and then to show her where we had done the things that she alleged we should have done in making that decision. I don't think it is so much new as supportive information that she said you should have done in order to make this decision, to show that we did do those things.

COMMISSIONER BAEZ: You know, it is a real fine line. And to borrow Mr. Burgess' phrase, oh, yes, we did. It seems that on some level that is, in fact, what you are -- the character of the testimony is, oh, yes, we did and this is -- but for me it always comes back to when you made the decision to include the building, why is that -- why doesn't the information show up then? I mean, what process, if we are all -- if we are in support mode, okay, if every claim that you make, and we all understand that

it somehow needs to have some support, when you make the decision to lay claim to the building, so to speak, why does the support mode not kick in there? What makes you so, oh, we don't have to really show other properties that we looked at or other opportunities?

MR. DETERDING: Because I think, Commissioner, that what was elicited from Ms. Merchant and was in the response to her about what she claimed needed to be filed clearly shows in this record and will show to the extent those things are allowed in in this rebuttal testimony that this is unprecedented. To say that you need to do a cost/benefit analysis, to say that you should have given your realtor a list of criteria. To set out requirements like that for a building has never been done before.

What we gave you in our direct was the cost of this building, and that has changed very little, the little tweaking for information that has come to light since September 15th when we filed this direct. But what we have given is to show what steps we went through when she said you should have gone through these steps. I don't think that is -- it's a moving target. If we file our direct and then her direct is allowed to be seen as -- or anyone's direct is allowed to be seen as, oops, I think you should have jumped through this hoop and you didn't show that you jumped through this hoop, if we can't at

least say, yes, we did, then I don't know what the nature of rebuttal is.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: But here is the point, I think, where Mr. Burgess' argument takes on some merit.

If you agree that the hoops are what Ms. Merchant say they are --

MR. DETERDING: We don't. And we have said that repeatedly.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Then he argues that you didn't, and that that should have been the first point made in your rebuttal.

MR. DETERDING: But we said in our rebuttal that we did not agree. That this was unprecedented. We had never heard of a proposal where we had to file cost/benefit analysis, or -- and I think through the cross-examination of Ms. Merchant it was clear she knew of no case where anything had been required for an office building. And all utilities have office buildings. I do believe that is what we have said, and I think we have said it in both the testimonies of Mr. Nixon and Mr. Watford.

COMMISSIONER BAEZ: Is that a fair characterization of Ms. Merchant's testimony? Because I understood her to say it is like an expense that needs support, it is like any other item that needs supporting.

And by saying -- and I agree with you when you say that she may have said it is unprecedented and that, you know, she doesn't know of any case where this may have been outlined. But certainly if a building or any other type of facility -- I mean, you do support, you do have cost support for pipes and other facilities, don't you?

MR. DETERDING: No, sir. We do not do a cost/benefit analysis before constructing a pipe, before getting a contractor, before constructing a plant.

COMMISSIONER BAEZ: When you are deciding whether to put an 8-inch pipe or a 10-inch pipe, there are some cost/benefit analysis involved there, aren't there?

MR. DETERDING: There are no written reports. No, sir.

COMMISSIONER BAEZ: You are not looking at future -- you know, in order to say, well, a 10-inch pipe might have been better or worked better?

MR. DETERDING: Commissioner, our engineer, or our president, or someone on the staff, or a consultant will no doubt to the extent that that is a consideration as a future need down the line from that pipe, will look at that. But they won't prepare a report. And certainly when we file the MFRs and show the Commission staff that we invested in this much 8-inch pipe, nobody ever suggests that we have to file a cost/benefit analysis or a report

saying we looked at 10-inch line as opposed to 8-inch line.

COMMISSIONER BAEZ: But you have got testimony somewhere that says the cost of a 10-inch is \$1.50 as opposed to the cost on an 8-inch is a dollar.

MR. DETERDING: No, we don't.

COMMISSIONER BAEZ: I read it -- of the few things that I have read today specifically that was in there somewhere and I can find it. Now, I'm not saying -- and maybe that doesn't constitute a cost/benefit analysis, I don't know. I'm not trying -- I am only mildly disagreeing with you, because I have a real conflict here. I think the information that is being provided on balance is valid.

MR. BURGESS: Commissioner --

COMMISSIONER JABER: May I ask a question?

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Let's let Commissioner

Baez finish.

MR. BURGESS: What I have moved to strike is being mischaracterized a little bit. And that is the one thing I want. And Mr. Deterding is objecting to the dismissal of some of the testimony that I explicitly left in, explicitly avoided moving to strike. All of his testimony where he is saying this is unprecedented, and all of that, that is all testimony that I said is proper

rebuttal. It is in direct response. And so I just want that understood that all of those sections where they said they have examined the costs of the new building, where they have said what they have done, I didn't object to.

It is bringing in the information that they are saying provides that comfort to what Ms. Merchant said. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Very well. Commissioner Jaber.

COMMISSIONER JABER: Mr. Deterding, you acknowledge it is the utility's burden of proof in a rate proceeding?

MR. DETERDING: Yes.

COMMISSIONER JABER: Do you believe you have met your burden of proof on your direct case?

MR. DETERDING: Yes.

COMMISSIONER JABER: My motion is to grant OPC's motion to strike the testimony and let me explain why. I will throw out a motion to move this along, and if you all agree, fine. I read this testimony last night. I didn't know anything being a motion to strike my reading of the testimony at first glance, it was repetitive, there were exhibits that immediately I looked at the dates and recognized that those exhibits could have come in on the direct case. If you truly believe you have met your

burden of proof in your direct case then you won't care that portions of this testimony need to be stricken. That is my motion.

MR. DETERDING: It is responsive to Ms. Merchant, that is all --

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COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Excuse me, excuse me.

COMMISSIONER BAEZ: And I will tell you, and I started to say something, I think the information -- I think the information is valuable. But I get caught up on answering the question is should you have or could you have provided the information at the appropriate time as part of a direct case. And I think -- you know, I think Commissioner Jaber asked the crucial question here. If you think you met your burden, and if you didn't think that it was necessary to provide that type of information, then it doesn't matter if it comes out. And I think Mr. Burgess lends you some help here. Because if Ms. Merchant's position is they should have provided some information, and you say that is unprecedented, then that gives us something to weigh, whether it is unprecedented So I am going to second it with the further statement that I really think the information was valuable, I just don't think it is a proper place to put it.

MR. DETERDING: All right. Let me --

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Excuse me. We have a 1 2 motion and a second. MR. DETERDING: Commissioner, before you vote on 3 that I would like to say something, but go ahead. 4 really believe I need to say something before you vote on 5 that. It is relevant --6 7 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: If you have a deep need to say it, we would not feel good walking away. 8 MR. DETERDING: I will limit it to one thing, 9 10 and that is that I have not had the opportunity to review 11 the detailed analysis of this testimony that he claims fits within that motion. Now, I think it is ridiculous 12 13 for me -- for it to be suggested that I be able to walk in 14 here, hear him rattle off the list of pages and line 15 numbers that apparently constitutes the majority of this 16 testimony, and me be able to respond whether or not this 17 sentence, this sentence, and this sentence are within the 18 scope of his motion. 19 MR. WHARTON: There was no need for this motion 20 to be made ore tenus. 21 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Excuse me, let's make sure 22 that -- that was extra argument. I don't think we need to do that. Commissioners, having had a motion and a second, 23

before we take the vote, I am prepared to move this along,

but the last point that was raised, it is a good thing you

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raised that, because I had thought of that earlier. And I had given some thought that this is a very lengthy ore tenus motion that we had some difficulty following, and I wondered if it would be useful for us to hold off the ruling, do a ruling by order, and then conform the record to that ruling.

COMMISSIONER JABER: Well, it would come to me.

Let me tell you what is wrong with the statement that was made. It is clear in rules of evidence, and especially practicing in front of the PSC that you can't take as a guarantee insertion of testimony into the record. It is not like parties are not on notice that there is going to be cross-examination and possible objections to the insertion of testimony into the record. But, you know, if you want to defer ruling --

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: No, it would be for our purpose. It is not for the company to make extra oral argument. If you feel comfortable, and obviously you do, you have made the motion, if you feel comfortable moving forward and voting today, I'm comfortable.

COMMISSIONER JABER: The motion is going to come back to me. I have already made a motion to grant OPC's motion to strike. But, Mr. Chairman, you know, I would defer to what you want to do.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: No, this is on your

motion. If you want your motion to stand, I won't interfere with that. Commissioner Baez has a question.

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COMMISSIONER BAEZ: Forgive me. Exactly what did you suggest, to have staff conform based on the ruling?

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: The record to the ruling.

That was only a suggestion. If you want your motion to stand, we will let it stand. That is not a problem at all.

COMMISSIONER JABER: I'm sorry, I don't understand. Conform the record to what?

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: If we wanted extra time to review the motion and the testimony in order to make a ruling, then the suggestion would to be hold off making a final vote today.

COMMISSIONER JABER: It's really up to you all.

I had him repeat the pages and the lines. I read the testimony. I have heard the motion.

MR. DETERDING: But we have barely even gotten the opportunity to hear the reference to what was wrong with each page and line. Our opportunity to respond to this has been him go through a list of what was wrong with each one, and then we are expected to respond right off the cuff. I don't think that is reasonable. I would suggest that we be given an opportunity to brief this

1 issue. COMMISSIONER JACOBS: With all due respect, Mr. 2 Deterding, you have had notice, you had motions filed, you 3 had the testimony before you. Most of it was your 4 testimony. So the element of surprise, if present, is 5 very minimal at best. 6 7 MR. DETERDING: This the first we have heard of 8 this motion. Today, half an hour ago, is the first I have 9 heard of this motion. 10 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: That is correct. 11 sorry. You didn't have a written motion. 12 MR. DETERDING: We weren't told of his intent to make it. 13 14 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: However, the motion has been made. I believe we have sufficient information 15 before us to make the call, and there is a second to that 16 17 motion. And the motion having been made and seconded, 18 show that it is approved without exception, without exception. And so the motion to strike those portions of 19 the testimony as previously cited is approved. 20 21 Thank you, Commissioner. MR. BURGESS: 22 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Mr. Deterding, your witness is on the stand. Do you want to take a few 23 minutes? 24

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

MR. DETERDING: Please.

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COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay. We will come back
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     in ten minutes.
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                (Recess.)
                (Transcript continues in sequence with
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FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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1	STATE OF FLORIDA)
2	: CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
3	COUNTY OF LEON )
4	T TAME PAIDOT DDD Chief EDCC Dynasy of Deporting
5	I, JANE FAUROT, RPR, Chief, FPSC Bureau of Reporting FPSC Commission Reporter, do hereby certify that the Hearing in Docket No. 991643-SU was heard by the Florida
6	Public Service Commission at the time and place herein stated.
7	It is further certified that I stenographically
8	reported the said proceedings; that the same has been transcribed under my direct supervision; and that this
9	transcript, consisting of 201 pages, Volume 7 constitutes a true transcription of my notes of said proceedings and the
LO   L1	and the insertion of the prescribed prefiled testimony of the witness(s).
12	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a
13	relative or employee of any of the parties' attorneys or counsel connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the action.
14	DATED THIS 8TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 2000.
15	
16	Jane Tourst
17	JANE FAUROT, RPR  FPSC Division of Records & Reporting
L8	Chief, Bureau of Reporting (850) 413-6732
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