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DOCKET 000731-TP - Petition by AT&T Communications of the Southern States, Inc. d/b/a AT&T for arbitration of certain terms and conditions of a proposed agreement with BellSouth Communications, Inc. pursuant to 47 U.S.C. Section 252.

WITNESS: DIRECT TESTIMONY OF GREGORY D. FOGLEMAN, Appearing on Behalf of Florida Public Service Commission

DATE FILED: November 15, 2000

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EPSC-RECORDS/REPORTING

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Ο. Please state your name, address, and position with the

Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, Florida 32399.

My name is Gregory D. Fogleman. My business address is 2540

employed as an Economic Analyst at the Florida Public

Service Commission (FPSC) in the Division of Policy Analysis

and Intergovernmental Liaison. My duties include developing

positions on selected intergovernmental telecommunications

issues, preparing comments on behalf of the FPSC in selected

activities at the Federal Communications Commission (FCC),

a staff member on the Federal-State Universal Service Joint

Board, Federal-State Joint Conference on Advanced Services,

and as Second Vice Chair of Administration at the NARUC

monitoring

federal courts and National Association of

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I also serve as

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Florida Public Service Commission.

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federal

Congress,

Please describe your background and experience.

Staff Subcommittee on Telecommunications.

Regulatory Utility Commissioners (NARUC).

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I graduated from the University of Central Florida (UCF) in 1992 with а Bachelor of Arts Degree in Business Administration, majoring in economics and minoring computer science. In 1995, I completed the Master of Arts in Applied Economics from UCF. During this time, I also completed an internship with the Florida Department of

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Commerce, and was later employed by Lakeland Electric and Water from January 1995 to May 1996. My responsibilities included conducting forecasts for service population, short-term fuel costs, and water and energy I was employed by the FPSC in July 1996 in the Division of Communications as a Regulatory Analyst III. responsibilities included preparing and presenting concerning telecommunications recommendations researching data regarding the telecommunications market for Florida competition report, and calculating 1996 statewide average rates for taxation purposes. promoted to Regulatory Analyst IV in April 1998. Four months later, I was promoted to my current classification as an Economic Analyst. In July 1999, I was transferred to the Division of Policy Analysis and Intergovernmental Liaison where I performed the functions previously stated.

- 17 Q. Have you previously presented testimony before this 18 Commission?
 - A. No. However, I have presented recommendations at this Commission's agenda conferences, and briefed Commissioners and provided draft comments on various telecommunications issues at Internal Affairs.
- 23 Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?

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A. The purpose of my testimony is to discuss the treatment of Internet Service Provider-bound (ISP-bound) traffic for

- purposes of reciprocal compensation. In addition, I have summarized this Commission's and the FCC's decisions relating to reciprocal compensation.
 - Q. What is "Reciprocal Compensation"?

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- A. Section 251(b)(5) of the Telecommunications Act of 1996
 (TA'96 or the Act) obligates all Local Exchange Companies
 (LECs) to establish reciprocal compensation arrangements
 whereby LECs compensate each other for the transport and
 termination of "telecommunications" (i.e., local calls).
- Q. What is the "Reciprocal Compensation" issue specific to ISP-bound traffic?
- A. When an end user of one LEC (LEC #1) calls an ISP within the their local calling area, that is an end user of another LEC (LEC #2), there is an issue of how the first LEC (LEC #1) should compensate the second LEC (LEC #2) for the transport and termination of the call to the ISP.
- Q. What is your understanding of the purpose of Reciprocal Compensation?
- A. The purpose of reciprocal compensation is to compensate one
 LEC for the transport and termination of a call from another
 LEC.
- Q. How has the FPSC addressed Reciprocal Compensation for ISP traffic in the past?
- A. The FPSC decided in the MediaOne/BellSouth arbitration (Order No. PSC-99-2009-FOF-TP, issued Oct. 14, 1999 in

Docket No. 990149-TP), the ICG Telecom/BellSouth arbitration (Order No. PSC-00-0128-FOF-TP, issued January 14, 2000 in Docket No. 990691-TP), the ITC^DeltaCom/BellSouth arbitration (Order No. PSC-00-0537-FOF-TP, issued March 15, 2000 in Docket No. 990750-TP), and the Intermedia/BellSouth arbitration (Order No. PSC-00-1519-FOF-TP, issued August 22, 2000 in Docket No. 991854-TP) that parties should continue to operate under the terms of their current respective agreements regarding ISP-bound traffic until the FCC made a final ruling regarding the nature of ISP-bound traffic.

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- Q. Has the FPSC issued an order that specifies the jurisdictional nature of ISP traffic?
 - The FPSC has not issued an order stating that ISP-bound traffic is specifically local. However, in the most recent arbitration decision concerning the issue, Global No. PSC-00-1680-FOF-TP issued NAPs/BellSouth, Order September 19, 2000 in Docket No. 991220-TP, the FPSC decided that ISP-bound traffic should be treated as local traffic for the purposes of reciprocal compensation. The FPSC stated, "[W]e emphasize that in rendering this decision, we stop short of determining that ISP-bound traffic is, in fact local traffic. Herein we find only that this traffic shall be treated like local traffic for purposes of compensation." Order No. PSC-1680-FOF-TP at page 14.
- Q. Has the FPSC made any decisions regarding Reciprocal

Compensation that treat ISP-bound traffic as interstate?

2 Α. No.

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- 3 Has the FPSC filed comments with the FCC regarding the Ο. 4 jurisdictional nature of ISP-bound traffic?
- The FPSC filed comments in FCC Docket No. 99-69, Α. Yes. Inter-Carrier Compensation for ISP-Bound Traffic on April 9, 6 1999, and again on July 21, 2000.
- 8 In these comments, what did the FPSC specify regarding the Q. 9 jurisdictional nature of ISP-bound traffic?
 - The FPSC endorsed what is known as the "two-call theory." Α. This divides the call into two components: an intrastate telecommunications service, provided by one or more LECs, and an interstate information service, provided by the ISP.
 - decision has the FCC made regarding reciprocal compensation and the jurisdiction of this traffic?
 - In the FCC's Declaratory Ruling, FCC 99-38, in CC Docket No. 96-98, released on February 26, 1999, the FCC declared that ISP-bound traffic is jurisdictionally mixed and appears to be largely interstate in nature. FCC 99-38 at paragraph 1 Their decision however, preserved the rule that and 19. exempts the Internet and other information services from interstate access charges. FCC 99-38 at paragraph 34. FCC also found that its conclusion regarding the nature of ISP-bound traffic "does not in itself determine whether reciprocal compensation is due in any particular instance."

FCC 99-38 at paragraph 1.

- Q. Did the FCC make any decision relating to existing interconnection agreements?
 - A. The FCC concluded that, in the absence of federal rules regarding the appropriate intercarrier compensation for ISP-bound traffic, carriers are bound by their existing interconnection agreements, as interpreted by state commissions, and thus are subject to reciprocal compensation obligations to the extent provided by such agreements or as interpreted and enforced by state commissions. FCC 99-38 at paragraph 1 and 22.
- Q. What was the theoretical basis of the FCC's decision that ISP-bound calls are primarily interstate in nature?
- 14 A. The FCC used an "end-to-end" analysis of these calls.

 15 Specifically, the FCC concluded that ISP-bound calls do not

 16 terminate at the ISP's local server, but instead continue on

 17 to one or more Internet websites that are often located in

 18 another state. FCC 99-38 at paragraphs 10-19.
 - Q. Does the FCC have rules relating to Inter-carrier

 Compensation for ISP-bound traffic?
 - A. No. The FCC acknowledged in its Declaratory Ruling in CC Docket No. 96-98 (FCC 99-38, par. 1, 9, 19, 21-22), released on February 26, 1999, that there are no federal rules establishing an inter-carrier compensation mechanism for such traffic or governing what amounts, if any, should be

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What action has the FCC taken to establish rules? Q.

- As part of the FCC's February 26, 1999, Declaratory Ruling Α. in CC Docket No. 96-98, the FCC issued a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking to develop an adequate record upon which to adopt a rule regarding inter-carrier compensation for ISP-bound traffic. FCC 99-38 at paragraph 28. The FCC has not currently adopted a rule regarding this issue.
- Did the FCC indicate what should be done until it was able to adopt rules?
- The FCC specifically stated in paragraph 28 of the Declaratory Ruling that "until adoption of a final rule, 13 commissions will continue to determine whether state reciprocal compensation is due for this traffic."
 - Was the FCC's declaratory ruling challenged in court? Ο.
- As a result of the challenge, on March 24, 2000, the -16 17 United States Court of Appeals for the D.C. Circuit in Bell Atlantic Telephone Companies v. Federal Communications 18 19 Commission, 2000 U.S. App. LEXIS 4685 (D.C. Cir. March 24, 20 2000) vacated certain provisions of the FCC's Declaratory 21 Ruling, and remanded the matter to the FCC.
- 22 What were the findings of the court? Q.
- 23 The Court ruled that the FCC had not adequately justified Α. 24 application of its jurisdictional analysis the 25 determining whether ISP-bound traffic is subject to the

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reciprocal compensation. The Court stated the following:

Because the Commission has not provided a satisfactory explanation why LECs terminate calls to ISPs are not properly seen "terminating local as . . . telecommunications traffic," and why such traffic is "exchange access" rather than "telephone exchange service," we vacate the ruling and remand the case to the Commission. Id. at 26.

However, the Court further noted that:

We do not reach the objections of incumbent LECs--that § 251(b)(5) preempts state commission authority to payments to the competitor LECs; at present have no adequately explained classification of these communications, and in the interim our vacatur of the Commission's ruling leaves the incumbents free to seek relief from state-authorized compensation that they believe wrongfully imposed. Id. at 26-27.

- Does this conclude your testimony?

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Petition by AT&T
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States, Inc. d/b/a AT&T for
arbitration of certain terms and
conditions of a proposed
agreement with BellSouth
Communications, Inc. pursuant to
47 U.S.C. Section 252.

DOCKET NO. 000731-TP FILED: NOVEMBER 15, 2000

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of Staff's Direct Testimony of Gregory D. Fogleman, have been served VIA-U.S. MAIL, this 15th day of November, 2000, to the following:

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