#### BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Petition of Competitive Carriers for Commission action to support local competition in BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.'s service territory.

In re: Consideration of BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.'s entry into interLATA services pursuant to Section 271 of the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996. DOCKET NO. 981834-TP

DOCKET NO. 960786-TL ORDER NO. PSC-00-2451-PAA-TP ISSUED: December 20, 2000

The following Commissioners participated in the disposition of this matter:

J. TERRY DEASON, Chairman
E. LEON JACOBS, JR.
LILA A. JABER
BRAULIO L. BAEZ

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AGENCY ACTION
ORDER APPROVING REVISED INTERIM PERFORMANCE MEASURES, BENCHMARKS
AND RETAIL ANALOGS AND MODIFYING "ANTICIPATED VOLUMES" TEST DATE

#### BY THE COMMISSION:

NOTICE is hereby given by the Florida Public Service Commission that the action discussed herein is preliminary in nature and will become final unless a person whose interests are substantially affected files a petition for a formal proceeding, pursuant to Rule 25-22.029, Florida Administrative Code.

#### BACKGROUND

On December 10, 1998, the Florida Competitive Carriers Association (FCCA), the Telecommunications Resellers, Inc., AT&T Communications of the Southern States, Inc. (AT&T), MCImetro Access Transmission Services, LLC, WorldCom Technologies, Inc., the Competitive Telecommunications Association, MGC Communications, Inc., and Intermedia Communications Inc. (collectively, "Competitive Carriers") filed their Petition of Competitive Carriers for Commission Action to Support Local Competition in BellSouth's Service Territory.

DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE

16218 DEC 208

FPSC-RECORDS/REPORTING

On December 30, 1998, BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. (BellSouth) filed a Motion to Dismiss the Petition of the Competitive Carriers for Commission Action to Support Local Competition in BellSouth's Service Territory. BellSouth requested that we dismiss the Competitive Carriers' Petition with prejudice. On January 11, 1999, the Competitive Carriers filed their Response in Opposition to BellSouth's Motion to Dismiss.

By Order No. PSC-99-0769-FOF-TP, issued April 21, 1999, we denied BellSouth's Motion to Dismiss. In addition, we denied the Competitive Carriers' request to initiate a rulemaking proceeding to establish expedited dispute resolution procedures for resolving interconnection agreement disputes. We also directed our staff to provide more specific information and rationale for its recommendation on the remainder of the Competitive Carriers' Petition.

By Order No. PSC-99-1078-PCO-TP, issued May 26, 1999, we granted, in part, and denied, in part, the petition of the FCCA to support local competition in BellSouth's service territory. Specifically, we established a formal administrative hearing process to address unbundled network elements (UNE) pricing, including UNE combinations and deaveraged pricing of unbundled loops. We also ordered that Commissioner and staff workshops on Operations Support Systems (OSS) be conducted concomitantly in an effort to resolve OSS operational issues. We indicated that the request for third-party testing of OSS was to be addressed in these workshops. These workshops were held on May 5-6, 1999. We also ordered a formal administrative hearing to address collocation and access to loop issues, as well as costing and pricing issues.

On May 28, 1999, the FCCA and AT&T filed a Motion for Independent Third-Party Testing of BellSouth's OSS. BellSouth filed its Response to this Motion by the FCCA and AT&T on June 16, That same day, FCCA and AT&T filed a Supplement to the Motion for Third-Party Testing. On June 17, 1999, ACI Corp. (ACI) filed a Motion to Expand the Scope of Independent Third-Party Testing. On June 28, 1999, BellSouth responded to the Supplement filed by the FCCA and AT&T. On June 29, 1999, BellSouth responded to ACI's Motion to Expand the Scope of Independent Third-Party Testing. By Order No. PSC-99-1568-PAA-TP, issued August 9, 1999, we denied the motion. Upon our own motion, we approved our staff's recommendation to proceed with Phase I of third-party testing of BellSouth's OSS. Phase I of third-party testing required a third party, in this case KPMG Consulting LLC (KPMG), to develop a Master Test Plan (MTP) that would identify the specific testing activities necessary to demonstrate nondiscriminatory access and parity of BellSouth's systems and processes.

By Order No. PSC-00-0104-PAA-TP, issued January 11, 2000, we approved the KPMG MTP and initiated Phase II of third-party testing of BellSouth's OSS. By Order No. PSC-00-0260-PAA-TP, issued on February 8, 2000, we approved interim performance metrics to be used during the course of testing to assess the level of service BellSouth is providing to ALECs. By Order No. PSC-00-0563-PAA-TP, issued March 20, 2000, we approved the retail analogs/benchmarks and the statistical methodology to be used during the OSS third-party testing. By this Order we hereby approve revised performance measures and benchmarks/analogs.

#### JURISDICTION

Section 271(a) of the Telecommunication Act of 1996 (Act) provides that a Regional Bell Operating Company (RBOC) may not provide interLATA services except as provided in Section 271. Section 271(d) of the Act provides, in part, that prior to making a determination under Section 271, the Federal Communications; Commission (FCC) shall consult with the State commission of any State that is the subject of a Section 271 application in order to verify the compliance of the RBOC with requirements of Section That section requires, in part, that RBOCs enter into agreements approved under Section 252 of the Act, specifying terms and conditions under which the RBOC is providing access and interconnection to its network facilities for the network facilities of one or more competing providers of telephone service to residential and business subscribers. have jurisdiction to monitor BellSouth's OSS through third party testing which will enable us to consult with the FCC when BellSouth requests 271 approval with the FCC.

#### REVISED PERFORMANCE METRICS

The initial set of interim performance metrics approved in Order No. PSC-00-0260-PAA-TP, provide the quantitative yardstick by which the existence of nondiscrimination or parity can be detected. Since this order was issued, BellSouth has issued several revisions to its performance metrics in other jurisdictions. These revisions made by BellSouth and reviewed by KPMG appear to include corrections to the algorithms and business rules used to calculate the metrics, additional levels of detail allowing the metrics to capture BellSouth's performance on newer services like Local Number Portability (LNP) and Digital Subscriber Line (DSL), new metrics to capture BellSouth's performance on change management, as well as

other clarifying information that helps to identify the exact nature of what each metric is designed to measure.

The new metrics added to the previously approved list are:

- (1) CLEC LSR Information/LSR Flow-Through Matrix
- (2) LNP-Percent Rejected Service Request
- (3) LNP-Reject Interval Distribution and Average Reject Interval
- (4) LNP-Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness Interval Distribution and Firm Order Confirmation Average Interval
- (5) Coordinated Customer Conversion Hot Cut Timeliness Percent within Interval and Average Interval
- (6) LNP-Percent Missed Installation Appointments
- (7) LNP-Average Disconnect Timeliness Interval and Disconnect Timeliness Interval Distribution
- (8) LNP-Total Service Order Cycle Time
- (9) Timeliness of Change Management Notices
- (10) Average Delay Days for Change Management Notices
- (11) Timeliness of Documents Associated with Change
- (12) Average Delay Days for Documentation

Appendix B of Attachment I of this Order contains additional metrics which we approved, along with the core BellSouth metrics, by Order No. PSC-00-0260-PAA-TP. These metrics will be evaluated by KPMG during the third-party test. These 17 metrics are measures that BellSouth is not currently reporting; however, they are of interest to the ALEC community. KPMG has agreed to investigate the feasibility of capturing these additional metrics results through its role as an ALEC during testing. KPMG may use the 17 metrics to supplement the results from BellSouth. January, our staff and KPMG have become aware of two supplemental metrics that should be added to the original 17 metrics. believes, and we find, that these two supplemental metrics will enhance KPMG's ability to evaluate BellSouth's OSS systems and should be included in Florida's third party test. additional measures to be added are:

- 1. Service Inquiry with Firm Order (Manual)
- 2. Percent Troubles within 7 days of a Hot Cut

The interim performance metrics listed in Attachment I, which, by reference, is incorporated herein, contain all of the measures originally approved by us in Order No. PSC-00-0260-PAA-TP, as well as the revisions and additions to the metrics. KPMG has reviewed these metrics and recommends that they be adopted for use in Florida's OSS third party test. During the November 28, 2000 Agenda Conference, KPMG indicated that it will retest as necessary when changes are made to any metrics. Further BellSouth committed

that it will retain data to permit retesting to the extent possible.

Based on the foregoing, we hereby approve the interim performance metrics as recommended by KPMG and as set forth in Attachment I, subject to the affirmations made by KPMG and BellSouth during the November 28, 2000 Agenda Conference.

#### REVISED ANALOGS AND BENCHMARKS

The retail analogs and benchmarks approved in Order No. PSC-00-0563-PAA-TP, specify the level of service BellSouth must provide to ALECs for each of the interim performance metrics in order to demonstrate nondiscriminatory access to its OSS systems. KPMG was unable to evaluate the retail analogs and benchmarks for certain measures. Since Order No. PSC-00-0563-PAA-TP was issued, additional information has become available allowing these retail analogs and benchmarks to be evaluated and revised as appropriate. The complete set of retail analogs and benchmarks are included in Attachment II of this Order, which, by reference, is incorporated herein. Those items that differ from the retail analogs and benchmarks previously approved by the Commission are identified by an asterisk.

During the November 28, 2000 Agenda Conference, BellSouth agreed to retain data necessary to reevaluate metric results for UNE 2 wire loops during the transaction portion of testing. If BellSouth makes necessary programming changes allowing it to capture the data disaggregation of UNE dispatch and nondispatch, our staff will present a disaggregated set of performance standards for our review. Based on the foregoing, we hereby approve the retail analogs and benchmarks developed by KPMG, as set forth in Attachment II, subject to BellSouth's affirmation and the conditions set forth in this paragraph.

#### MODIFICATION OF "ANTICIPATED VOLUMES" TEST DATE

The key objective of the volume test is to determine if BellSouth is able to handle volumes in a post-271 environment. The OSS master test plan was developed December 2, 1999. At that time, it was anticipated that the volume test would take place in July 2000. KPMG recommended that we use a volume forecast to be 12 months from that date. Since that time, the test has encountered delays and is currently scheduled for completion in May 2001. To use a July 2001 forecast date would be inappropriate. The purpose of the volume test is to identify the capacity and potential choke points at projected future transaction volumes. The volume test looks at the performance of BellSouth's pre-ordering, ordering, and

maintenance and repair systems at projected future volumes. The date of that projection is the issue at hand. The forecasted date should be one that reflects anticipated volumes after BellSouth is granted approval to provide interLATA service pursuant to Section 271 of the Act. Therefore, the forecast date of the "anticipated volumes" test shall be modified to the estimated test completion date plus nine months. The nine months is derived based on an assumption of three months for 271 approval and a six-month "rampup" period in ALEC volumes after FCC 271 approval is granted.

Based on the foregoing, it is therefore

ORDERED by the Florida Public Service Commission that the interim performance metrics as recommended by KPMG and listed in Attachment I, which, by reference, is incorporated herein, are approved as set forth in this Order. It is further

ORDERED that the retail analogs and benchmarks developed by KPMG, as listed in Attachment II, which by reference, is incorporated herein, are approved as set forth in this Order. It is further

ORDERED that the forecast date of the "anticipated volumes" test shall be modified to the estimated test completion date plus nine months. It is further

ORDERED that the provisions of this Order, issued as proposed agency action, shall become final and effective upon the issuance of a Consummating Order unless an appropriate petition, in the form provided by Rule 28-106.201, Florida Administrative Code, is received by the Director, Division of Records and Reporting, 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850, by the close of business on the date set forth in the "Notice of Further Proceedings" attached hereto. It is further

ORDERED that in the event this Order becomes final, these dockets shall remain open to address the issues raised in the Florida Competitive Carriers Association Petition for Commission Action to Support Local Competition in BellSouth's Service Territory and to address BellSouth's compliance with Section 271 of the Act.

By ORDER of the Florida Public Service Commission this <u>20th</u> Day of <u>December</u>, <u>2000</u>.

BLANCA S. BAYÓ, Director Division of Records and Reporting

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(SEAL)

#### NOTICE OF FURTHER PROCEEDINGS OR JUDICIAL REVIEW

The Florida Public Service Commission is required by Section 120.569(1), Florida Statutes, to notify parties of any administrative hearing that is available under Section 120.57, Florida Statutes, as well as the procedures and time limits that apply. This notice should not be construed to mean all requests for an administrative hearing will be granted or result in the relief sought.

Mediation may be available on a case-by-case basis. If mediation is conducted, it does not affect a substantially interested person's right to a hearing.

The action proposed herein is preliminary in nature. Any person whose substantial interests are affected by the action proposed by this order may file a petition for a formal proceeding, in the form provided by Rule 28-106.201, Florida Administrative Code. This petition must be received by the Director, Division of Records and Reporting, 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850, by the close of business on January 10, 2001.

In the absence of such a petition, this order shall become final and effective upon the issuance of a Consummating Order.

Any objection or protest filed in this docket before the issuance date of this order is considered abandoned unless it satisfies the foregoing conditions and is renewed within the specified protest period.

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### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

### **OSS (Operations Support Systems)**

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### OSS-1. Average Response Time and Response Interval (Pre-Ordering/Ordering)

Average response time and response intervals are the average times and number of requests responded to within certain intervals for accessing legacy data associated with appointment scheduling, service & feature availability, address verification, request for Telephone numbers (TNs), and Customer Service Records (CSRs).

#### **Exclusions:**

None

#### Business Rules:

The average response time for retrieving pre-order/order information from a given legacy system is determined by summing the response times for all requests submitted to the legacy systems during the reporting period and dividing by the total number of legacy system requests for that month. The response interval starts when the client application (LENS or TAG for CLECs and RNS or ROS for BST) submits a request to the legacy system and ends when the appropriate response is returned to the client application. The number of accesses to the legacy systems during the reporting period, which take less than 2.3 seconds, the number of accesses which take more than 6 seconds and the number which take ≤ 6.3 seconds are also captured.

#### Level of Disaggregation:

- RSAG Address (Regional Street Address Guide-Address) stores street address information used to validate customer addresses. CLECs and BST query this legacy system.
- RSAG TN (Regional Street Address Guide-Telephone number) contains information about facilities available and telephone numbers working at a give address. CLECs and BST query this legacy system.
- ATLAS (Application for Telephone Number Load Administration and Selection) acts as a warehouse for storing telephone numbers that are available for assignment by the system. It enables CLECs and BST service reps to select and reserve telephone numbers. CLECs and BST query this legacy system.
- COFFI (Central Office Feature File Interface) stores information about product and service offerings and availability. CLECs query this legacy system.
- DSAP (DOE Support Application) provides due date information. CLECs and BST query this legacy system.
- HAL/CRIS (Hands-Off Assignment Logic/Customer Record Information System) a system used to access the Business Office Customer Record Information System (BOCRIS). It allows BST servers, including LENS, access to legacy systems. CLECs query this legacy system.
- P/SIMS (Product/Services Inventory Management system) provides information on capacity, tariffs, inventory and service availability. CLECs query this legacy system.
- OASIS (Obtain Available Services Information Systems) Information on feature and rate availability. BST queries this legacy system.

#### Calculation:

Σ [Date & Time of Legacy Response) - (Date & Time of Request to Legacy)] / (Number of Legacy Requests During the Reporting Period)

#### Report Structure:

- Not CLEC Specific
- Not product/service specific

Regional Level

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience:
Report month	Report month
Legacy Contract (per reporting dimension)	Legacy Contract (per reporting dimension)
Response Interval	Response Interval
Regional Scope	Regional Scope



## BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

### (OSS-1. Average Response Time and Response Interval (Pre-Ordering)

Retail Analog/Benchmark:	on the act of participal with a		44 5 6 4 4 A	
Parity with Retail				

NOTE: KPMG, during Phase II, will conduct a special study of end-to-end timing of pre-ordering transactions (from initial receipt of the transaction by BST to the transmission of the response to the ALEC) in order to assess whether the definition of response time used in this metric is appropriate. This study will determine the transit times between the ALEC interface and the BST legacy systems. Loop qualification and loop make-up queries are not automated functions for BST. Therefore, these are not included in this metric. However, KPMG will make a special study of the timing of these queries relative to BST Retail operations.



## BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

## LEGACY SYSTEM ACCESS TIMES FOR RNS

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec	> 6 sec	<= 6.3 sec	Avg. Sec	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	X	X	x	Y	" of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	x	X	X	×	
ATLAS	ATLAS-TN	TN	x	X	X	<del></del>	
DSAP	DSAP-DDI	Schedule	X	×	- <del>x</del>		<u> </u>
CRIS	CRSACCTS	CSR	x	×	X	×	<del>`</del>
OASIS	OASISBSN	Feature/Service	x	X	x	<del></del>	X
OASIS	OASISCAR	Feature/Service	x	x	X	<del></del>	X
OASIS	OASISLPC	Feature/Service	<u>x</u>	X	X	<del></del>	X
OASIS	OASISMTN	Feature/Service	· ·	×	x	- X	X
OASIS	OASISBIG	Feature/Service	X	x	X	X	X

### LEGACY SYSTEM ACCESS TIMES FOR ROS

Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec	> 6 sec	<=6.3 sec	Avg. Sec	# of Calls
RSAG-TN	Address	x	x ·	x	X	, or cys
RSAG-ADDR	Address	x	X	×		<del></del>
ATLAS-TN	TN	x	X	×	- <del>-</del>	<del></del>
DSAP-DDI	Schedule	x	X	×		<del></del>
CRSOCSR	CSR	x	<u> </u>	- X	- <del>v</del>	<del></del>
OASISBIG	<u> </u>	x	×	×	<del></del>	
	RSAG-TN RSAG-ADDR ATLAS-TN DSAP-DDI CRSOCSR	RSAG-TN Address RSAG-ADDR Address ATLAS-TN TN DSAP-DDI Schedule CRSOCSR CSR	RSAG-TN         Address         x           RSAG-ADDR         Address         x           ATLAS-TN         TN         x           DSAP-DDI         Schedule         x           CRSOCSR         CSR         x	RSAG-TN         Address         x         x           RSAG-ADDR         Address         x         x           ATLAS-TN         TN         x         x           DSAP-DDI         Schedule         x         x           CRSOCSR         CSR         x         x	RSAG-TN         Address         x         x         x           RSAG-ADDR         Address         x         x         x           ATLAS-TN         TN         x         x         x           DSAP-DDI         Schedule         x         x         x           CRSOCSR         CSR         x         x         x	RSAG-TN         Address         x         x         x         x         x           RSAG-ADDR         Address         x         x         x         x         x           ATLAS-TN         TN         x         x         x         x         x           DSAP-DDI         Schedule         x         x         x         x         x           CRSOCSR         CSR         x         x         x         x         x

## LEGACY SYSTEM ACCESS TIMES FOR LENS

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec	> 6 sec	<=6.3 sec	Avg. Sec	# of Calls
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	x	x	X	x	x
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	×	x	x	x	×
ATLAS	ATLAS-TN	TN	x	· X	x	x	x
DSAP	DSAP-DDI	Schedule	x	x	x	×	×
HAL	HAL/CRIS	CSR	x	X	x	×	<del></del>
COFFI	COFFIUSOC	Feature/Service	x	x	x	x	- <del>'</del> <del>'</del> <del>'</del>
P/SIMS	PSIMS/ORB	Feature/Service	x	X	x	x	×

### LEGACY SYSTEM ACCESS TIMES FOR TAG

System	Contract	Data	< 2.3 sec	> 6 sec	<=6.3 sec	Avg. Sec	# of Cails
RSAG	RSAG-TN	Address	x	X	x	X	X
RSAG	RSAG-ADDR	Address	x	x	x	x	X
ATLAS	ATLAS-TN	TN	×	х	×	x	x
ATLAS	ATLAS-MLH	TN	x	x	x	x	X
ATLAS	ATLAS-DID	TN	x	х	×	x	×
DSAP	DSAP-DDI	Schedule	x	X	×	×	x
CRIS	CRSEINIT	CSR	×	х	x	×	x
CRIS	CRSECSR	CSR	x	х	x	x	x



### **BellSouth OSS Testing** Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **OSS (Operations Support Systems)**

#### Report/Measurement:

#### OSS-2. Interface Availability (Pre-Ordering)

#### Definition:

Percent of time OSS interface is functionally available compared to scheduled availability. Availability percentages for CLEC interface systems and for all Legacy systems accessed by them are captured. ("Functional Availability" is the amount of time in hours during the reporting period that the legacy systems are available to users. The planned System Scheduled Availability is the time in hours per day that the legacy system is scheduled to be available.) Scheduled availability is posted on the ICS Operations internet site:

(www.interconnection.bellsouth.com/oss/osshour.html)

#### **Exclusions:**

None

#### Business Rules:

This measurement captures the availability percentages for the BST systems, which are used by CLECs during Pre-Ordering functions. Comparison to BST results allows conclusions as to whether an equal opportunity exists for the CLEC to deliver a comparable customer experience.

Note: Only full outages are used in the calculation of Application Availability.

A full outage is incurred when any of the following circumstances exist:

- The application or system is down.
- The application or system is inaccessible, for any reason, by the customers who normally access the application or system.
- More than one work center cannot access the application or system for any reason.
- When only one work center accesses an application or system and 40% or more of the clients in that work center cannot access the application.
- When 40% of the functions the clients normally perform or 40% of the functionality that is normally provided by an application or system is unavailable.

#### Level of Disaggregation:

Regional Level

#### Calculation:

(Functional Availability) / (Scheduled Availability) X 100

#### Report Structure:

- Not CLEC Specific
- Not product/service specific

Regional Level		
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:	
Report month	Report month	
Legacy Contract Type (per reporting dimension)	Legacy Contract Type (per reporting dimension)	
Regional Scope	Regional Scope	
Hours of Downtime		

## BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

## OSS-2. Interface Availability (Pre-Ordering) - Continued)

Retail Analog/Benchmark:	All the control of the second	The Assert Section of the Control of
Benchmark – 99.5%		

### OSS Interface Availability

OSS Interface	Applicable to	% Availability
EDI	CLEC	X
HAL	CLEC	X
LENS	CLEC	X
LEO Mainframe	CLEC	X
LEO UNIX	CLEC	x
LESOG	CLEC	x
PSIMS	CLEC	X
TAG	CLEC	x
ATLAS/COFFI	CLEC/BST	x
BOCRIS	CLEC/BST	• x
DSAP	CLEC/BST	×
RSAG	CLEC/BST	x
SOCS	CLEC/BST	x
SONGS	CLEC/BST	X

## BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

### **OSS (Operations Support Systems)**

All Systems except ECTA Parity with Retail

ECTA Benchmark - 99.5%

#### Report/Measurement: OSS-3. Interface Availability (Maintenance & Repair) Definition: The percentage of time the OSS Interface is functionally available compared to scheduled availability. Availability percentage for the CLEC and BST interface systems and for the legacy systems accessed by them are captured. Exclusions: None Business Rules: This measure is designed to compare the OSS availability versus scheduled availability of BST's legacy systems. Note: Only full outages are used in the calculation of Application Availability. A full outage is incurred when any of the following circumstances exist. • The application or system is down. • The application or system is inaccessible, for any reason, by the customers who normally access the application or • More than one work center cannot access the application or system for any reason. When only one work center accesses an application or system and 40% or more of the clients in that work center cannot access the application. • When 40% of the functions the clients normally perform or 40% of the functionality that is normally provided by an application or system is unavailable. Calculation: OSS Interface Availability = (Actual System Functional Availability) / (Actual planned System Availability) X 100 Report Structure: **CLEC Aggregate** BST Aggregate BST / CLEC Level of Disaggregation: Region Data Retained Relating to BST Performance: Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience: Availability of BST TAFI Availability of CLEC TAFI Availability of LMOS HOST, MARCH, SOCS, CRIS, Availability of LMOS HOST, MARCH, SOCS, PREDICTOR, LNP and OSPCM CRIS, PREDICTOR, LNP and OSPCM Retail Analog/Benchmark:

## BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

## OSS Interface Availability (M&R)

OSS Interface	% Availability
BST TAFI	X
CLEC TAFI	X
CLEC ECTA	X
BST and CLEC	x
CRIS	X
LMOS HOST	X
LNP	X
MARCH	X
OSPCM	X
PREDICTOR	. <b>x</b>
SOCS	x

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### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

### OSS (Operations Support Systems)

#### Report/Measurement:

#### OSS-4. Response Interval (Maintenance & Repair)

#### Definition:

The response intervals are determined by subtracting the time a request is received on the BST side of the interface from the time the response is received from the legacy system. Percentages of requests falling into each interval category are reported, along with the actual number of requests falling into those categories.

#### Exclusions:

None

### Business Rules:

This measure is designed to monitor the time required for the CLEC and BST interface system to obtain from BST's legacy systems the information required to handle maintenance and repair functions. The clock starts on the date and time when the request is received on the BST side of the interface and the clock stops when the response has been transmitted through that same point to the requester.

NOTE: The OSS Response Interval BST Total Report is a combination of BST Residence and Business Total.

OSS Response Interval = (Query Response Date and Time for Category "X") - (Query Request Date and Time for Category "X") / (Number of Queries Submitted in the Reporting Period) where, "X" is 0-4,  $\geq 4$  to 10,  $\geq 10$ ,  $\geq 30$  seconds X 100

### Report Structure:

- CLEC
- **BST** Residence
- BST Business by interface for each legacy system and function as appropriate.
- BST total (Business + Residence)

#### Level of Disaggregation:

Region

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
CLEC Transaction Intervals	BST Business and Residence transaction Intervals
Detail Analog/Banchesonia	

#### Retail Analog/Benchmark:

- TAFI (Front End) Parity with Retail
- CRIS, DLETH, DLR, OSPCM, LMOS, LMOSUP, MARCH, PREDICTOR, SOCS, LNP Parity by Design

System	BST & CLEC	Count < = 4	Count > $4$ , < = $10$	Count <= 10	Count > 10	Count > 30
CRIS	x	X	X	х	х	x
DLETH	X	x	X	X	X	X
DLR	X	X	х	X	Х	X
LMOS	X	X	X	X	X	X
LMOSupd	X	X	X	X	х	X
LNP	X	X	X	×	X	X
MARCH	X	X	X	X	х	Х
OSPCM	X	X	X	X	X	X
Predictor	X	X	X	X	X	X
SOCS	X	X	X	, x	х	X
NIW	X	X	X	X	X	x

## BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **ORDERING**

#### Report/Measurement

### O-1. Percent Flow-Through Service Requests (Summary)

#### Definition:

The percentage of Local Service Requests (LSR) and LNP Local Service Requests (LNP LSRs) submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued, without manual inter vention.

#### Exclusions:

- Fatal Rejects
- Auto Clarification
- Manual Fallout
- CLEC System Fallout

#### Business Rules:

The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, including supplements (subsequent versions) which are submit ted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI, and LENS), that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued, without manual intervention. These LSRs can be divided into two classes of service; Business and Residence, and two types of service; Resale, and Unbundled Network Elements (UNE). The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs, which are, submitted manually (e.g., fax, and courier), or are not designed to flow through, i.e., Manual Fall out.

#### Definitions:

<u>Fatal Rejects</u>: Errors that prevent an LSR, submitted electronically by the CLEC, from being processed further. When an LSR is submitted by a CLEC, LEO/LNP Gateway will perform edit checks to ensure the data received is correctly for matted and complete. For example, if the PON field contains an invalid character, LEO/LNP Gateway will reject the LSR and the CLEC will receive a Fatal Reject.

Auto-Clarification: Clarifications that occur due to invalid data within the LSR, LESOG/LAUTO will perform data validity checks to ensure the data within the LSR is correct and valid. For example, if the address on the LSR is not valid according to RSAG, or if the LNP is not available for the NPA NXXX requested, the CLEC will receive an Auto-Clarification.

Manual Fallout: Planned Fallout that occur by design. Certain LSRs are designed to fallout of the Mechanized Order Process due to their complexity. These LSRs are manually processed by the LCSC. When a CLEC submits an LSR, LESOG/LAUTO will determine if the LSR should be forwarded to LCSC for manual handling. Following are the cate gories for Manual Fallout:

1. Complex*	8. Low volume such as activity type "T" (move)
2. Expedites (requested by the CLEC)	9. Pending order review required
3. Special pricing plans	10. More than 25 business lines
Denials-restore and conversion, or disconnect and conversion orders-	11. Restore or suspend for UNE combos
5. Partial migrations	12. Transfer of calls option for the CLEC's end users
Class of service invalid in certain states with some types of service	13. CSR inaccuracies such as invalid or missing CSR data in CRIS
7. New telephone number not yet posted to BOCRIS	

<sup>\*</sup>Attached is a list of services, including complex services, and whether LSRs issued for the services are eligible to flow through.

Total System Fallout: Errors that require manual review by the LSCS to determine if the error is caused by the CLEC, or is due to system functionality. If it is determined the error is caused by the CLEC, the LSR will be sent back to the CLEC for clarification. If it is determined the error is BST caused, the LCSC representative will correct the error, and the LSR will continue to be processed.

## BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

## (O-1. Percent Flow-Through Service Requests (Summary) - Continued)

Calculation:	And the control of the second
Percent Flow Through (The total number of LSRs that flow the issued) / (the number of LSRs passed from LEO/LNP Gateway for manual processing) + (the number of LSRs that are returned contain errors made by CLECs)] X 100.	prough LESOG/LAUTO and reach a status for a FOC to be to LESOG/LAUTO) - Elithe number of LSRs that fall out
Report Structure:	
CLEC Aggregate	
Region	
Level of Disaggregation:	
Geography	
➤ Region	
Product	
➤ Residence	
Business	
> UNE	٠.:
> LNP	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience:
Report month	Report month
<ul> <li>Total number of LSRs received, by interface, by CLEC</li> </ul>	,
➤ TAG	➤ BST system error
➤ EDI	
> LENS	
<ul> <li>Total number of errors by type, by CLEC</li> </ul>	
➤ Fatal rejects	
<ul><li>Auto clarification</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>CLEC caused system fallout</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Total number of errors by error code</li> </ul>	
Total failout for manual processing	<u> </u>
Training Paris and Paris a	
Residence 95%	
Business 80%	
UNE 80%	

## BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **ORDERING**

#### Report/Measurement:

### O-2. Percent Flow-Through Service Requests (Detail)

#### Definition:

A detailed list by CLEC of the percentage of Local Service Requests (LSR) and LNP Local Service Requests (LNP LSRs) submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued, without manual or human intervention.

THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE

#### Exclusions:

- Fatal Rejects
- Auto Clarification
- Manual Fallout
- CLEC System Fallout

#### Business Rules:

The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, including supplements (subsequent versions) which are submit ted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI, and LENS), that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued, without manual intervention. These LSRs can be divided into two classes of service; Business and Residence, and three types of service; Resale, and Unbundled Network Elements (UNE) and specials. The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs, which are, submitted manually (e.g., fax, and courier), or are not designed to flow through, i.e., Manual Fallout.

#### **Definitions:**

Fatal Rejects: Errors that prevent an LSR, submitted electronically by the CLEC, from being processed further. When an LSR is submitted by a CLEC, LEO/LNP Gateway will perform edit checks to ensure the data received is correctly for matted and complete. For example, if the PON field contains an invalid character, LEO/LNP Gateway will reject the LSR and the CLEC will receive a Fatal Reject.

Auto-Clarification: Clarifications that occur due to invalid data within the LSR, LESOG/LAUTO will perform data validity checks to ensure the data within the LSR is correct and valid. For example, if the address on the LSR is not valid according to RSAG, or if the LNP is not available for the NPA NXXX requested, the CLEC will receive an Auto-Clarification

Manual Fallout: Planned Fallout that occur by design. Certain LSRs are designed to fallout of the Mechanized Order Process due to their complexity. These LSRs are manually processed by the LCSC. When a CLEC submits an LSR, LESOG/LAUTO will determine if the LSR should be forwarded to LCSC for manual handling. Following are the cate gories for Manual Fallout:

1. Complex services*	8. Low volume such as activity type "T" (move)
2. Expedites (requested by the CLEC)	9. Pending order review required
3. Special pricing plans	10. More than 25 business lines
Denials-restore and conversion, or disconnect and conversion orders	11. Restore or suspend for UNE combos
5. Partial migrations	12. Transfer of calls option for the CLEC's end users
6. Class of service invalid in certain states with some types of service	13. CSR inaccuracies such as invalid or missing CSR data in CRIS
7. New telephone number not yet posted to BOCRIS	

<sup>\*</sup>Attached is a list of services, including complex services, and whether LSRs issued for the services are eligible to flow through.

Total System Fallout: Errors that require manual review by the LSCS to determine if the error is caused by the CLEC, or is due to system functionality. If it is determined the error is caused by the CLEC, the LSR will be sent back to the CLEC for clarification. If it is determined the error is BST caused, the LCSC representative will correct the error, and the LSR will continue to be processed.

## BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### (O-2. Percent Flow-Through Service Requests (Detail) - Continued) The state of the s Percent Flow Through (The total number of LSRs that flow through LESOG/LAUTO and reach a status for a FOC to be issued) / (the number of LSRs passed from LEO/LNP Gateway to LESOG/LAUTO) - \( \Sigma[\) (the number of LSRs that fall out for manual processing + the number of LSRs that are returned to the CLEC for clarification + the number of LSRs that contain errors made by CLECs)] X 100. Report Structure: · 4. 3. · · · ... Provides the flow through percentage for each CLEC (by alias designation) submitting LSRs through the CLEC mecha nized ordering process. The report provides the following: > CLEC (by alias designation) > Number of fatal rejects Mechanized interface used Total mechanized LSRs Total manual fallout > Number of auto clarifications returned to CLEC > Number of validated LSRs Number of BST caused fallout > Number of CLEC caused failout Number of Service Orders Issued ➤ Base calculation > CLEC error excluded calculation Level of Disaggregation: CLEC Specific (by alias designation to protect CLEC specific proprietary data) Geographic > Region Product Residence Business UNE > LNP Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience: Data Retained Relating to BST Experience: Report month Report month Total number of errors by type Total number of LSRs received, by interface, by CLEC TAG ➢ BST system error > EDI > LENS Total number of errors by type, by CLEC > Fatal rejects ➤ Auto clarification CLEC errors Total number of errors by error code Total fallout for manual processing Retail Analog/Benchmark:

Residence 95% Business 80% UNE 80%

## BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

### **ORDERING**

	The state of the s
O-3. Flow-Through Error Analysis	
	All and the Control of the state of the stat
An analysis of each error type (by error code) that was exp	erienced by the LSRs that did not flow through and reach a
status for a FOC to be issued.	
Exclusions:	
Each Error Analysis is error code specific, therefore exclus	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI	, including supplements (subsequent versions) which are submit, and LENS), that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to ot include LSRs, which are, submitted manually (e.g., fax, and
Calculation:	Constant Constant
Σ Of errors by type	•
Report Structure:	
code and provides the following:  > Error Type (by error code)  > Count of each error type  > Percent of each error type  > Cumulative percent  > Error Description  > CLEC Caused Count of each error code  > Percent of aggregate by CLEC caused count  > Percent of CLEC caused count  > BST Caused Count of each error code  > Percent of aggregate by BST caused count  > Percent of BST by BST caused count.  Level of Disaggregation:	
Region  Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Detained Deleting to DCT Females
Report month	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience:  • Report month
Total number of LSRs received	Total number of errors by type (by error code)
<ul> <li>Total number of errors by type (by error code)</li> <li>CLEC caused error</li> </ul>	> BST system error
	- Company of Company and Company of the Company of Comp
Not Applicable	<u> </u>

## BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

### **ORDERING**

Report/Measurement:
O-4. CLEC LSR Information
Definition:
A list, with the flow through activity, of LSRs, by cc, pon and ver, issued by each CLEC during the report period.
Exclusions:
Fatal Rejects
Business Rules: A trade of the second of the
The CLEC mechanized ordering process includes all LSRs, including supplements (subsequent versions) which are submitted through one of the three gateway interfaces (TAG, EDI, and LENS), that flow through and reach a status for a FOC to be issued. The CLEC mechanized ordering process does not include LSRs, which are, submitted manually (e.g., fax, and courier).
Calculation:
NA .
Report Structure:
<ul> <li>Provides a list, with the flow through activity, of LSRs by cc, pon, and ver, issued by each CLEC during the report period with an explanation of the of the columns and content. This report is available on a CLEC specific basis. The report provides the following for each LSR.</li> <li>CC</li> <li>PON</li> <li>Ver</li> <li>Timestamp</li> <li>Type</li> <li>Err #</li> <li>Note or error description</li> </ul>
coron or punggar against a service of the service o
Region  Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience: Data Retained Relating to BST Experience:
Report month     NA
Record of LSRs received by cc, pon, and ver
Record of timestamp, type, err # and note or error
description for each LSR by cc, pon, and ver.
Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Diagnostic

## BellSouth OSS Testing

### Florida Interim Performance Metrics

LSR Flow-Through Matrix

PRODUCT		COM PLEX SERVICE	ORDER	MANUAL HANDLING <sup>1</sup>	EDI	TAG <sup>2</sup>	LENS <sup>4</sup>	COMMENTS
2 wire analog DID trunk port	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
2 wire analog port	Yes	UNE	No	No	Υ	Υ	N	
2 wire ISDN digital line side port	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N ·	N	
2 wire ISDN digital loop	Yes	UNE	Yes	No	Υ	Y	N ·	
3 Way Calling	Yes	No	No	No	Υ	Υ	Υ	
4 wire analog voice grade loop	Yes	UNE	Yes	No	Y	Υ	N	
4 wire DS0 & PRI digital loop	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
4 wire DS1 & PRI digital loop	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
4 wire ISDN DSI digital trunk ports	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Accupulse	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
ADSL	Yes	UNE	No	No	Υ	Υ	N	
Area Plus	Yes	No	No	No	Υ	Υ	Υ	
Basic Rate ISDN	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Υ	Υ	Ν	
Call Block	Yes	No	No	No	Υ	Υ	Y	
Call Forwarding-Variable	Yes	No	No	No	Υ	Y	Υ	
Call Return	Yes	No	No	No	Υ	Υ	· Y	
Call Selector	Yes	No	No	No	Υ	Υ	Y	
Call Tracing	Yes	No	No	No	Υ	Υ	Υ	
Call Waiting	Yes	No	No	No	Υ	Υ	Υ	
Call Waiting Deluxe	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Υ	Y	
Caller ID	Yes	No	No	No	Υ	Υ	Υ	
CENTREX	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	2	
DID WITH PBX ACT W	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Υ	N	Y	
DID ACT W	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Υ	N	Υ	
Digital Data Transport	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Directory Listing Indentions	No	No	No	Yes	Υ	Υ	Υ	
Directory Listings Captions	No	No	Yes	Yes	Υ	Υ.	Υ	
Directory Listings (simple)	Yes	No	No	No	Υ	Y	Υ	,
DS3	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
DS1 Loop	Yes	UNE	Yes	No	Υ	Y	N	
DSO Loop	Yes	UNE	Yes	No	Υ	Υ	N	
Enhanced Caller ID	Yes	No	No	No	Υ	Υ	Υ	

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

PRODUCT	F/ T³	SERVICE	ORDER	MANUAL HANDLING <sup>1</sup>	ED'	TAG²	LENS <sup>4</sup>	COMMENTS
ESSX	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Flat Rate/Business	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Υ	Υ	4
Flat Rate/Residence	Yes	No	No	No	Υ	Υ	Υ	
FLEXSERV	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	. N	
Frame Relay	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N-	
FX	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Ga. Community Calling	Yes	No	No	No	Υ	Υ	Y	
HDSL	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Υ	N	
Hunting MLH	No	C/S <sup>4</sup>	C/S	Yes	Υ	Υ	N	
Hunting Series Completion	Yes	C/S	C/S	No	Υ	Υ	Y	
INP to LNP Conversions	No	UNE	Yes	Yes	Υ	Υ	N	
LightGate	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Local Number Portability	Yes	UNE	Yes	No	Υ	Y	N	
LNP with Complex Listing	No	UNE	Yes	Yes	Υ	Υ	N	
LNP with Partial Migration	No	UNE	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N	
LNP with Complex Services	No	UNE	Yes	Yes	Υ	Υ	N	
Loop+INP	Yes	UNE	No	No	Υ	Y	N	
Loop+LNP	Yes	UNE	No	No	Υ	Υ	N	
Measured Rate/Bus.	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Υ	Υ	
Measured Rate/Res.	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Y	
Megalink	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Megalink-T1	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Memory Call	Yes	No	No	No	Υ	Y	Y	
Memory Call Ans. Svc.	Yes	No	No	No	Υ	Υ	Y	
Multiserv	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Native Mode LAN Interconnection (NMLI)	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Off-Prem Stations	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Optional Calling Plan	Yes	No	No	No	Y	·Υ	Υ	
Package/Complete Choice and area plus	Yes	No	No	No	Υ	Υ	Υ	
Pathlink Primary Rate ISDN	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Pay Phone Provider	No	No	No	NA	N	N	N	

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## BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

LSR Flow-Through Matrix

PRODUCT	F/ T³	COM PLEX SERVICE	ORDER	MANUAL HANDLING <sup>1</sup>		TAG <sup>2</sup>	LENS <sup>4</sup>	COMMENTS
PBX Standalone ACT A,C, D	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Y	Υ	N	
PBX Trunks	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Υ	Υ	N	
Port/Loop Combo	Yes	UNE	No	No	Υ	Y	Y	
Port/Loop PBX	No	No	No	Yes	Υ	Υ	N	
Preferred Call Forward	Yes	No	No	No	Υ	Υ	Y	
RCF Basic	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Υ	Υ	
Remote Access to CF	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Υ	Y	
Repeat Dialing	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Y	Υ	
Ringmaster	Yes	No	No	No	Υ	Υ	Υ	
Smartpath	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
SmartRING	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Speed Calling	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Υ	Y	
Synchronet	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Y	Y	N	
Tie Lines	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
Touchtone	Yes	No	No	No	Y	Υ	. Y	
Unbundled Loop-Analog 2W, SL1, SL2	Yes	UNE	No	No	Y	Y	• Y	
WATS	No	Yes	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
XDSL Extended LOOP	No	UNE	Yes	NA	N	N	N	
			<u> </u>					

Note 1: Planned Fallout for Manual Handling denotes those services that are electronically submitted and are not intended to flow through due to the complexity of the service.

Note 2: The TAG coulmn includes those LSRs submitted via Robo TAG.

Note 3: For all services that indicate 'No' for flow-through, the following rea sons, in addition to errors or complex services, also prompt manual han dling: Expedites from CLECs, special pricing plans, denials restore and conversion or disconnect and conver sion both required, partial migrations (although conversions-as-is flow through), class of service invalid in cer tain states with some TOS e.g. gov't, or cannot be changed when changing main TN on C activity, low volume e.g. activity type T=move, pending order review required, more than 25 business lines, restore or suspend for UNE combos, CSR inaccuracies such as invalid or missing CSR data in CRIS, Directory listings, transfer of calls option for CLEC end user—new TN not yet posted to BOC RIS. Many are unique to the CLEC environment.

Note 4: Services with C/S in the Complex Service and/or the Complex Order columns can be either complex or simple

## BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### ORDERING

#### Report/Measurement:

#### O-5. Percent Rejected Service Requests

#### Definition:

Percent Rejected Service Request is the percent of total Local Service Requests (LSRs) received which are rejected due to error or omission. An LSR is considered valid when it is submitted by the CLEC and passes edit checks to insure the data received is correctly formatted and complete.

#### Exclusions:

Service Requests canceled by the CLEC prior to being rejected/clarified.

#### Business Rules:

<u>Fully Mechanized</u>: An LSR is considered "rejected" when it is submitted electronically but does not pass LEO edit checks in the ordering systems (EDI, LENS, TAG, LEO, LESOG) and is returned to the CLEC without manual intervention. There are two types of "Rejects" in the Mechanized category:

- A Fatal Reject occurs when a CLEC attempts to electronically submit an LSR but required fields are either not populated or incorrectly populated and the request is returned to the CLEC before it is considered a valid LSR. In LEO, Fatal Rejects are included in the "Other" category for Regional reports only.
- An Auto Clarification occurs when a valid LSR is electronically submitted but rejected from LESOG because it does not pass further edit checks for order accuracy.

<u>Partially Mechanized</u>: A valid LSR, which is electronically submitted (via EDI, LENS, TAG) but cannot be processed electronically and "falls out" for manual handling. It is then put into "clarification" and sent back (rejected) to the CLEC.

Total Mechanized: Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized LSRs electronically submitted by the CLEC.

Non-Mechanized: LSRs which are faxed or mailed to the LCSC for processing and "clarified" (rejected) back to the CLEC by the BST service representative.

Interconnection Trunks: Interconnection Trunks are ordered on Access Service Requests (ASRs). ASRs are submitted to and processed by the Interconnection Purchasing Center (IPC). Trunk data is reported as a separate category.

#### Calculation:

Percent Rejected Service Requests = (Total Number of Rejected Service Requests in the reporting period) / (Total Number of Service Requests Received in the reporting period) X 100.

#### Report Structure:

Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized

- State, Region
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- Product Specific % Rejected
- Total % Rejected

## BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

## (O-5. Percent Rejected Service Requests - Continued)

Diagnostic

Level of Disaggregation:	Section 1985 Annual Control of the Section 1985 Ann
Product Reporting Levels	
<ul> <li>Resale Residence</li> </ul>	
Resale Business	
> Resale Design (Special)	
> Other	
> UNE	
➤ UNE Loop with NP	
> Interconnection Trunks	
< 10 Circuits/Lines	
<ul> <li>&gt; 10 Circuits/Lines</li> </ul>	
	<u> </u>
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
Report month	
Total number of LSRs	
Total number of Rejects	
State and Region	
Total Number of ASRs (Trunks)	
Datail Anglog/Renchmarks	

### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

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#### **ORDERING**

#### Report/Measurement:

#### O-6. Reject Interval

## Definition: 在中间,在一个个个个个和ARAGE

The second of the second of Reject Interval is the average reject time from receipt of an LSR to the distribution of a Reject. An LSR is considered valid when it is submitted by the CLEC and passes edit checks to insure the data received is correctly formatted and complete. The state of the s

#### Exclusions:

- Service Requests canceled by CLEC prior to being rejected/clarified.
- Designated Holidays are excluded from the interval calculation.
- The following hours for Non-mechanized LSRs are excluded from the interval calculation:
  - Residence Resale Group from 7:00 PM Saturday until 7:00 AM Monday.
  - Business Resale, Complex, UNE Groups from 6:00 PM Friday until 8:00 AM Monday.

Note 1: The hours excluded will be altered to reflect changes in the Center operating hours. The LCSC will accept faxed LSRs only during posted Hours of Operation. If a Non-Mechanized LSR is Rejected on Saturday by the Resale Business, UNE or Complex Group, the interval from 6:00 PM Friday until 8:00 AM Saturday will be excluded. If an LSR is rejected on Sunday by the LCSC Resale Residence Group, the interval from 7:00 PM Saturday until 8:00 AM Sunday will be excluded. For LSRs rejected by the Resale Business, UNE and Complex Groups on Sunday, the interval from 6:00 PM Fri day until 8:00 AM Sunday will be excluded.

#### Business Rules:

- 8 Fully Mechanized: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR (date and time stamp in EDI, LENS or TAG) until the LSR is rejected (date and time stamp of reject in LEO). Auto Clarifications are considered in the Fully Mechanized category.
- Partially Mechanized: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR (date and time stamp in EDI, LENS or TAG) until it falls out for manual handling. The stop time on partially mechanized LSRs is when the LCSC Service Representative clarifies the LSR back to the CLEC via LEO.
- § Total Mechanized: Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized LSRs which are electronically submitted by the CLEC.
- Non-Mechanized: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid LSR (date and time stamp of FAX or date and time mailed LSR is received in the LCSC) until notice of the reject (clarification) is returned to the CLEC via LON.
- Interconnection Trunks: Interconnection Trunks are ordered on Access Service Requests (ASRs). ASRs are submitted to and processed by the Interconnection Purchasing Center (IPC). Trunk data is reported as a separate category.

#### Calculation:

Reject Interval = Σ[(Date and Time of Service Request Rejection) - (Date and Time of Service Request Receipt)] / (Number of Service Requests Rejected in Reporting Period)

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### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- State, Region
- Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized, Trunks
- Mechanized:
  - 0 < 4 minutes
  - 4 < 8 minutes
  - 8 < 12 minutes

## BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

12 - < 60 minutes	
0 - < 1 hour	
1 - < 8 hours	
8 - < 24 hours	·
>24 hours	
<ul> <li>Non-mechanized:</li> </ul>	
0 - < 1 hour	
1 - < 4 hours	
4 - < 8 hours	·
8 - < 12 hours	
12 - < 16 hours	
16 - < 20 hours	
20 - < 24 hours	
> 24 hours.	
• Trunks:	· ·
< 5 days	
> 5-8 days	•
> 8-12 days	
>12-14 days	
>14-17 days	
>17-20 days	
>20 days	
Average Interval for mechanized reports in hours, non-mechanized Level of Disaggregation:	ed and Trunk reports in days.
Product Reporting Levels	
> Resale - Residence	
> Resale - Business	
> Resale - Design (Special)	
> UNE Design	
➤ UNE Non-Design	
➤ UNE Loop with and w/o NP	
> Interconnection Trunks	
< 10 Circuits/Lines	
> 10 Circuits/Lines	
> 10 Circuits Lines	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
Report month	
Reject Interval	
Total Number of LSRs	
Total number of Rejects	·
State and Region	
• Total Number of ASRs (Trunks)	· [
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
Retail Analog/Benchmark:  Benchmark: Mechanized 97% ≤ 1 hour	
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	

NOTE: KPMG during Phase II will conduct a special study of end-to-end timing of order rejections (from initial receipt of the order by BST to the transmission of the rejection to the ALEC) in order to assess whether the definition of interval used in this metric is appropriate. This study will determine the transit times between the ALEC interface and the BST legacy systems. Loop qualification and loop make-up queries are not automated functions for BST. Therefore, these are not included in this metric. However, KPMG will make a special study of the timing of these queries relative to BST Retail operations.

## BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

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#### ORDERING

#### Report/Measurement:

### O-7. Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness

#### Definition

Interval for Return of a Firm Order Confirmation (FOC Interval) is the average response time from receipt of valid LSR to distribution of a Firm Order Confirmation.

#### Exclusions:

- Rejected LSRs
- Designated Holidays are excluded from the interval calculation.
- The following hours for Non-mechanized LSRs are excluded from the interval calculation:
  - Residence Resale Group from 7:00 PM Saturday until 7:00 AM Monday.
  - Business Resale, Complex, UNE Groups from 6:00 PM Friday until 8:00 AM Monday.

Note: The hours excluded will be altered to reflect changes in the Center operating hours. The LCSC will accept faxed LSRs only during posted Hours of Operation. If a Non-Mechanized LSR is FOC'd on Saturday by the Resale Business, UNE or Complex Group, the interval from 6:00 PM Friday until 8:00 AM Saturday will be excluded. If an LSR is FOC'd on Sun day by the LCSC Resale Residence Group, the interval from 7:00 PM Saturday until 8:00 AM Sunday will be excluded. For LSRs FOC'd by the Resale Business, UNE and Complex Groups on Sunday, the interval from 6:00 PM Friday until 8:00 AM Sunday will be excluded.

#### Business Rules:

- Fully Mechanized: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR (date and time stamp in EDI, LENS or TAG) until the LSR is processed, appropriate service orders are generated and a Firm Order Confirmation is returned to the CLEC.
- Partially Mechanized: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid electronically submitted LSR which falls out for
  manual handling until appropriate service orders are issued by a BST service representative via Direct Order Entry
  (DOE) or Service Order Negotiation Generation System (SONGS) to SOCS and a Firm Order Confirmation is returned
  to the CLEC.
- Total Mechanized: Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized LSRs which are electronically submitted by the CLEC.
- Non-Mechanized: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid paper LSR (date and time stamp of FAX or date and time
  paper LSRs received in LCSC) until appropriate service orders are issued by a BST service representative via Direct
  Order Entry (DOE) or Service Order Negotiation Generation System (SONGS) to SOCS and a Firm Order Confirma
  tion is sent to the CLEC via LON.
- Interconnection Trunks: Interconnection Trunks are ordered on Access Service Requests (ASRs). ASRs are submitted to and processed by the Interconnection Purchasing Center (IPC). Trunk data is reported as a separate category.

#### Calculation:

Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness = Σ[(Date and Time of Firm Order Confirmation) - (Date and Time of Service Request Receipt)] / (Number of Service Requests Confirmed in Reporting Period)

## Report Structure:

- Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized, Non-Mechanized
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- Geographic Scope
  - > State, Region
- Mechanized:
  - 0 < 15 minutes
  - 15 < 30 minutes
  - 30 < 45 minutes
  - 45 < 60 minutes

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60 - < 90 minutes	
90 - < 120 minutes	
120 - < 240 minutes	
4 - < 8 hours	
8 - < 12 hours	
12 - < 16 hours	
16 - < 20 hours	·
20 - < 24 hours	
24 - < 48 hours	
> 48 hours	
Non-mechanized:	
0 - < 4 hours	
4 - < 8 hours	
8 - < 12 hours	
12 - < 16 hours	
16 - < 20 hours	·
20 - < 24 hours	
24 - < 48 hours	'
> 48 hours	}
Trunks:	
0 - 5 days	
6 - 8 days	·
9 -11 days	
12-14 days	
15-17 days	
18-20 days >20 days	
Average Interval in Days	
Level of Disaggregation:	
Product Reporting Levels	
> Resale Residence	
·	
1	
> Resale Design (Special)	
UNE Design     UNE Non Design	
UNE Non-Design  UNE I against and m/a NP	
UNE Loop with and w/o NP     Interconnection Trunks	
< 10 Circuits/Lines	
> 10 Circuits/Lines	
> to Circuits Luies	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
Report month	
Interval for FOC	•
Interval for FOC     Total number of LSRs	
Total number of LSRs	
<ul> <li>Total number of LSRs</li> <li>State and Region</li> </ul>	·
<ul> <li>Total number of LSRs</li> <li>State and Region</li> <li>Total Number of ASRs (Trunks)</li> </ul>	
Total number of LSRs  State and Region Total Number of ASRs (Trunks)  Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
<ul> <li>Total number of LSRs</li> <li>State and Region</li> <li>Total Number of ASRs (Trunks)</li> <li>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</li> <li>Benchmark: Mechanized 95% ≤ 3 hours</li> </ul>	
Total number of LSRs  State and Region Total Number of ASRs (Trunks)  Retail Analog/Benchmark:	

NOTE: During Phase II, KPMG will conduct a special study of end-to-end timing of order confirmations (from initial receipt of the order by BST to the transmission of the confirmation to the ALEC) in order to assess whether the definition of timeliness used in this metric is appropriate. This study will determine the transit times between the ALEC interface and the BST legacy systems. Loop qualification and loop make-up queries are not automated functions for BST. Therefore, these are not included in this metric. However, KPMG will make a special study of the timing of these queries relative to BST Retail operations.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

## ORDERING

Report/Measurement:	
O-8. Speed of Answer in Ordering Center	
Definition:	The Control of the Co
Measures the average time a customer is in queue.	
Exclusions:	The second of th
None	
Business Rules:	
etc.) and the call enters the queue for that particular group in LCSC answers the call. The speed of answer is determined	., 1 for Resale Consumer, 2 for Resale Multiline, and 3 for UNE-LNP in the LCSC. The clock stops when a BST service representative in the by measuring and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a CD) until the a service representative in BST's Local Carrier Service
Calculation:	The state of the s
(Total seconds in queue)) / (Total number of calls answered	in the Reporting Period)
Report Structure:	Control of the Contro
Aggregate  CLEC Local Carrier Service Center  BST  Business Service Center  Residence Service Center  Note: Combination of Residence Service Center and Business	ess Service Center data under development
Level of Disaggregation:	
• Region	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
	Mechanized tracking through BST Retail center support
Dis tributor	systems
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
Parity with Retail	

## BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **ORDERING**

#### Report/Measurement:

#### O-9. LNP-Percent Rejected Service Requests

### Definition:

Percent Rejected Service Request is the percent of total Local Service Requests (LSRs) which are rejected due to error or omis sion. An LSR is considered valid when it is electronically submitted by the CLEC and passes LNP Gateway edit checks to insure the data received is correctly formatted and complete, i.e., fatal rejects are excluded.

#### Exclusions:

- Service Requests canceled by the CLEC
- Fatal Rejects
- Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Test Orders, etc.) where identifiable.
- Non Mechanized LSR's

#### Business Rules:

An LSR is considered "rejected" when it is submitted electronically but does not pass edit checks in the ordering systems (EDI, TAG, LNP Gateway, LAUTO) and is returned to the CLEC without manual intervention.

Fully Mechanized: There are two types of "Rejects" in the Fully Mechanized category:

A Fatal Reject occurs when a CLEC attempts to electronically submit an LSR (via EDI or TAG) but required fields are not populated correctly and the request is returned to the CLEC.

Fatal rejects are reported in a separate column, and for informational purposes ONLY. They are not considered in the calculation of the percent of total LSRs rejected or the total number of rejected LSRs.

An Auto Clarification is a valid LSR which is electronically submitted (via EDI or TAG), but is rejected from LAUTO because it does not pass further edit checks for order accuracy. Auto Clarifications are returned without manual intervention.

<u>Partially Mechanized</u>: A valid LSR which electronically submitted (via EDI or TAG), but cannot be processed electronically due to a CLEC error and "falls out" for manual handling. It is then put into "clarification", and sent back (rejected) to the CLEC.

Total Mechanized: Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized rejects.

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Control Albert Restaura

#### Calculation:

[(Number of Service Requests Rejected in the Reporting Period) / (Number of Service Requests Received in the Reporting Period)] x 100

#### Report Structure:

- Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- State and Region

#### Level of Disaggregation:

- Product Reporting Levels
  - > LNP
  - > UNE Loop with LNP

#### Retail Analog/Benchmark:

Diagnostic

## BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

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#### **ORDERING**

#### Report/Measurement:

#### O-10. LNP-Reject Interval Distribution & Average Reject Interval

#### Definition:

Reject Interval is the average reject time from receipt of an LSR to the distribution of a Reject. An LSR is considered valid when it is electronically submitted by the CLEC and passes LNP Gateway edit checks to insure the data received is correctly formatted and complete, i.e., fatal rejects are excluded.

#### Exclusions:

- Service Requests canceled by the CLEC
- Fatal Rejects
- Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Test Orders, etc.) where identifiable.
- Non Mechanized LSR's

#### Business Rules:

The Reject interval is determined for each rejected LSR processed during the reporting period. The Reject interval is the elapsed time from when BST receives LSR until that LSR is rejected back to the CLEC. Elapsed time for each LSR is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of rejected LSRs to produce the reject interval distribution.

An LSR is considered "rejected" when it is submitted electronically but does not pass edit checks in the ordering systems (EDI, TAG, LNP Gateway, LAUTO) and is returned to the CLEC without manual intervention.

Fully Mechanized: There are two types of "Rejects" in the Fully Mechanized category:

A Fatal Reject occurs when a CLEC attempts to electronically submit an LSR but required fields are not populated correctly and the request is returned to the CLEC.

Fatal rejects are reported in a separate column, and for informational purposes ONLY. They are not considered in the calculation of the percent of total LSRs rejected or the total number of rejected LSRs.

An Auto Clarification is a valid LSR which is electronically submitted (via EDI or TAG), but is rejected from LAUTO because it does not pass further edit checks for order accuracy. Auto Clarifications are returned without manual intervention.

Partially Mechanized: A valid LSR which electronically submitted (via EDI or TAG), but cannot be processed electronically due to a CLEC error and "falls out" for manual handling. It is then put into "clarification", and sent back to the CLEC.

Total Mechanized: Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized rejects.

#### Calculation:

#### Average Reject Interval:

 $\Sigma$ [(Date & Time of Service Request Rejection) - (Date & Time of Service Request Receipt)] / (Total Number of Service Requests Rejected in Reporting Period)

#### Reject Interval Distribution:

[Σ(Service Requests Rejected in "X" minutes/hours) / (Total Number of Service Requests Rejected in Reporting Period)] X 100

#### Report Structure:

- Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate

## BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

- State, Region
- Reported in intervals:
  - 0-4 minutes
  - > 4-8 minutes
  - > 8-12 minutes
  - >12-60 minutes
    - 0-1hours
  - > 1-8 hours
  - > 8-24 hours
  - > 24 hours

#### Average Interval in Days

### Level of Disaggregation:

- Product Reporting Levels
  - > LNP
  - > UNE Loop with LNP

### Retail Analog/Benchmark:

Benchmark: Mechanized - 97% ≤ 1 Hour

Partially Mechanized and Non-Mechanized 85% < 24 hours

### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### ORDERING

#### Report/Measurement:

#### O-11. LNP-Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness Interval Distribution & Firm Order Confirmation Average Interval

#### Definition:

Interval for Return of a Firm Order Confirmation (FOC Interval) is the average response time from receipt of a valid LSR to distribution of a firm order confirmation.

#### Exclusions:

- Rejected LSRs (Clarifications or Fatal Rejects)
- Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with interval or administrative use of local services (Record Orders. Test Orders, etc.) where identifiable.

#### Business Rules:

The Firm Order Confirmation interval is determined for each FOC'd LSR processed during the reporting period. The Firm Order Confirmation interval is the elapsed time from when BST receives an LSR until that LSR is confirmed back to the CLEC. Elapsed time for each LSR is accumulated for each reporting dimensions. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed to produce the Firm Order Confirmation time liness interval distribution.

- Mechanized: The elapsed time from receipt of a valid LSR until the LSR is processed and appropriate service orders are generated in SOCS without manual intervention.
- Partially Mechanized: The elapsed time from receipt of an electronically submitted LSR which falls for manual han dling by the LCSC personnel until appropriate service orders are issued by a BST service representative via Direct Order Entry (DOE) or Service Order Negotiation Generation system (SONGS).
- Total Mechanized: Combination of Fully Mechanized and Partially Mechanized FOCs.

#### Calculation:

### Average Reject Interval:

Σ[(Date & Time of Firm Order Confirmation) - (Date & Time of Service Request Receipt)] / (Total Number of Service Requests Confirmed in Reporting Period)

#### FOC Interval Distribution:

Σ[(Service Requests Confirmed in "X" minutes/hours in the Reporting Period) / (Total Service Requests Confirmed in the Reporting Period)] X 100

#### Report Structure:

- Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized, Total Mechanized
- **CLEC Specific**
- **CLEC Aggregate**
- State and Region
- Reported in intervals
  - 0-15 minutes
  - > 15-30 minutes
  - > 30-45 minutes
  - > 45-60 minutes
  - > 60-90 minutes
  - > 90-120 minutes
  - >120-240 minutes 4-8 hours

  - 8-12 hours

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- > 12-16 hours
- > 16-20 hours
- > 20-24 hours
- > 24-48 hours
- > 48 hours

#### Level of Disaggregation:

- Product Reporting Levels
  - > LNP
  - ➤ UNE Loop with LNP

#### Retail Analog/Benchmark:

Benchmark: Mechanized - 95% ≤ 3 Hours

Partially Mechanized or Non-Mechanized 85%< 36 hours

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# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **PROVISIONING**

#### Report/Measurement:

#### P-1. Mean Held Order Interval & Distribution Intervals

#### Definition:

When delays occur in completing CLEC orders, the average period that CLEC orders are held for BST reasons, pending a delayed completion, should be no worse for the CLEC when compared to BST delayed orders. Calculation of the interval is the total days orders are held and pending but not completed that have passed the currently committed due date divided by the total number of held orders. This report is based on orders still pending, held and past their committed due date at the close of the reporting period. The distribution interval is based on the number of orders held and pending but not completed over 15 and 90 days. (Orders reported in the >90 day interval are also included in the >15 day interval)

#### **Exclusions:**

- Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc) where identifiable.
- Disconnect (D) & From (F) orders
- Orders with appointment code of 'A' for rural orders.

#### Business Rules:

Mean Held Order Interval: This metric is computed at the close of each report period. The held order interval is established by first identifying all orders, at the close of the reporting interval, that both have not been reported as completed in SOCS and have passed the currently committed due date for the order. For each such order, the number of calendar days between the earliest committed due date on which BellSouth had a company missed appointment and the close of the reporting period is established and represents the held order interval for that particular order. The held order interval is accumulated by the standard groupings, unless otherwise noted, and the reason for the order being held. The total number of days accumulated in a category is divided by the number of held orders within the same category to produce the mean held order interval. The interval is by calendar days with no exclusions for Holidays or Sundays.

CLEC Specific reporting is by type of held order (facilities, equipment, other), total number of orders held, and the total and average days.

<u>Held Order Distribution Interval</u>: This measure provides data to report total days held and identifies these in categories of >15 days and >90 days. (Orders counted in >90 days are also included in >15 days).

#### Calculation:

#### Mean Held Order Interval:

 $\Sigma$ (Reporting Period Close Date –Earliest Committed Order Due Date with a BellSouth Missed Appointment) / (Number of Past Due Orders Held and Pending But Not Completed and past the committed due date)

#### Held Order Distribution Interval:

(# of Orders Held for ≥90 days) / (Total # of Past Due Orders Held and Pending But Not Completed) X 100 (# of Orders Held for ≥15 days) / (Total # of Past Due Orders Held and Pending But Not Completed) X 100

#### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BST Aggregate
- Dispatch / Non-Dispatch
- Circuit breakout < 10, > = 10 (except trunks)

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### (P-1. Mean Held Order Interval & Distribution Intervals - Continued)

#### Level of Disaggregation:

- Resale Residence
- Resale Business
- Resale Design
- Resale PBX
- Resale Centrex
- Resale ISDN
- UNE Loop and Port Combos
- UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP Non Design
- UNE 2 Wire Loop Without NP Non Design
- UNE Loop Other with NP Non Design
- UNE Loop Other without NP Non Design
- UNE Other Non Design
- UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP Design
- UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP Design
- UNE Loop Other with NP Design
- UNE Loop Other without NP Design
- UNE Other Design
- Local Interconnection Trunks
- Switching
- Local Transport
- NP (Under development as separate category)
- Geographic Scope
- State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order.

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience:
<ul> <li>Report month</li> <li>CLEC Order Number and PON (PON)</li> <li>Order Submission Date (TICKET_ID)</li> <li>Committed Due Date (DD)</li> <li>Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> <li>Hold Reason</li> <li>Total line/circuit count</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> <li>NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Report month</li> <li>BST Order Number</li> <li>Order Submission Date</li> <li>Committed Due Date</li> <li>Service Type</li> <li>Hold Reason</li> <li>Total line/circuit count</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> </ul>

#### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

### (P-1. Mean Held Order Interval & Distribution Intervals - Continued)

Retail Analog:		
Resale Residence	Parity with retail	
Resale Business	Parity with retail	
Resale Design	Parity with retail	
Resale PBX	Parity with retail	
Retail Centrex	Parity with retail	
Resale ISDN	Parity with retail	
UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business	
UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP - Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business	
UNE 2 Wire Loop Without NP - Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business	
UNE Loop Other with NP - Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business	
UNE Loop Other without NP - Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business	
UNE Other Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business	
UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP - Design	Retail Residence and Business	
UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP - Design	Retail Residence and Business	
UNE Loop Other with NP - Design	Retail Design	٠,
UNE Loop Other without NP - Design	Retail Design	-
UNE Other Design	Retail Design	
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with retail	
Switching	Retail with POTS	
Local Transport	Retail DS1 or DS3 as appropriate	

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **PROVISIONING**

#### Report/Measurement:

#### P-2. Average Jeopardy Notice Interval & Percentage of Orders Given Jeopardy Notices

#### Definition:

When BST can determine in advance that a committed due date is in jeopardy for facility delay, it will provide advance notice to the CLEC.

The interval is from the date/time the notice is released to the CLEC/BST systems until 5pm on the commitment date of the order. The Percent of Orders is the percentage of orders given jeopardy notices for facility delay in the count of orders confirmed in the report period.

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#### Exclusions:

- Orders held for CLEC end user reasons
- Disconnect (D) & From (F) orders

#### Business Rules:

When BST can determine in advance that a committed due date is in jeopardy for facility delay, it will provide advance notice to the CLEC. The number of committed orders in a report period is the number of orders that have a due date in the reporting period.

#### Calculation:

#### Average Jeopardy Interval:

 $\Sigma[(Date and Time of Scheduled Due Date on Service Order) - (Date and Time of Jeopardy Notice)]/[Number of Orders Notified of Jeopardy in Reporting Period).$ 

#### Percent of Orders Given Jeopardy Notice:

 $\Sigma$ [(Number of Orders Given Jeopardy Notices in Reporting Period) / (Number of Orders Confirmed (due) in Reporting Period)

#### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BST Aggregate

#### Level of Disaggregation:

- Resale Residence
- Resale Business
- Resale DesignResale PBX
- Resale Centrex
- Resale ISDN
- UNE Loop and Port Combos
- UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP Non Design
- UNE 2 Wire Loop Without NP Non Design
- UNE Loop Other with NP Non Design
- UNE Loop Other without NP Non Design
- UNE Other Non Design
- UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP Design
- UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP Design
- UNE Loop Other with NP Design
- UNE Loop Other without NP Design
- UNE Other Design
- Local Interconnection Trunks
- Switching
- Local Transport
- NP (Under development as separate category)
- Geographic Scope
- State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order.

#### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

## (P-2. Average Jeopardy Notice Interval & Percentage of Orders Given Jeopardy Notices - Continued)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience:
Report month CLEC Order Number and PON Date and Time Jeopardy Notice sent Committed Due Date Service Type	<ul> <li>Report month</li> <li>BST Order Number</li> <li>Date and Time Jeopardy Notice sent</li> <li>Committed Due Date</li> <li>Service Type</li> </ul>
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	
Benchmark: Average Jeopardy Notice Interval	
Resale Residence	95% ≥ 48 hrs.
Resale Business	95% ≥ 48 hrs.
Resale Design	95% ≥ 48 hrs.
Resale PBX	95% ≥ 48 hrs.
Resale Centrex	95% ≥ 48 hrs.
8 Resale ISDN	95% ≥ 48 hrs.
UNE Loop and Port Combos	95% ≥ 48 hrs.
UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP – Non – Design	95% ≥ 48 hrs.
UNE 2 Wire Loop Without NP - Non - Design	95% ≥ 48 hrs.
● UNE Loop Other with NP – Non – Design	95% ≥ 48 hrs.
UNE Loop Other without NP - Non - Design	95% ≥ 48 hrs.
• UNE Other Non – Design	95% ≥ 48 hrs.
• UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP – Design	95% ≥ 48 hrs.
UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP – Design  LDE Lance Other with NP – Design	95% ≥ 48 hrs.
• UNE Loop Other with NP – Design	95% ≥ 48 hrs.
UNE Loop Other without NP – Design  LPTS Other Design	95% ≥ 48 hrs.
• UNE Other Design	95% ≥ 48 hrs.
Local Interconnection Trunks	95% ≥ 48 hrs.
Switching	Retail POTS
♦ Local Transport	Retail DS1, or DS3 as appropriate

#### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

### (P-2. Average Jeopardy Notice Interval & Percentage of Orders Given Jeopardy Notices - Continued)

Retail Analogue: % Orders Given Jeopardy Notice	a gala <b>ta ji ka </b>
Resale Residence	Parity with retail
Resale Business	Parity with retail
Resale Design	Parity with retail
Resale PBX	Parity with retail
Resale Centrex	Parity with retail.
Resale ISDN	Parity with retail
UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business
<ul> <li>UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP – Non – Design</li> </ul>	Retail Residence and Business
<ul> <li>UNE 2 Wire Loop Without NP – Non – Design</li> </ul>	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loop Other with NP - Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loop Other without NP - Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business
<ul> <li>UNE Other Non – Design</li> </ul>	Retail Residence and Business
<ul> <li>UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP – Design</li> </ul>	Retail Residence and Business
<ul> <li>UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP – Design</li> </ul>	Retail Residence and Business
<ul> <li>UNE Loop Other with NP – Design</li> </ul>	Retail Design
UNE Loop Other without NP - Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail
Switching	Retail POTS
Local Transport	Retail DS1, or DS3 as appropriate



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# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **PROVISIONING**

#### Report/Measurement:

#### P-3. Percent Missed Installation Appointments

#### Definition:

"Percent missed installation appointments" monitors the reliability of BST commitments with respect to committed due dates to assure that CLEC's can reliably quote expected due dates to their retail customer as compared to BST. This measure is the percentage of total orders processed for which BST is unable to complete the service orders on the committed due dates and reported for both BST and End User Misses.

#### Exclusions:

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc) where identifiable
- Disconnect (D) & From (F) orders
- End User Misses on Interconnection Trunks

#### Business Rules:

Percent Missed Installation Appointments (PMI) is the percentage of orders with completion dates in the reporting period that are past the original committed due date. Missed Appointments caused by end-user reasons will be included in the total and also reported separately. The "due date" is any time on the confirmed due date. Which means there cannot be a cutoff time for commitments, as certain types of orders are requested to be worked after standard business hours. Also, during Daylight Savings Time, field technicians are scheduled until 9PM in some areas and the customer is offered a greater range of intervals from which to select.

#### Calculation:

Percent Missed Installation Appointments =  $\Sigma$  (Number of Orders with Completion date in Reporting Period past the Original Committed Due Date) / (Number of Orders Confirmed in Reporting) X 100

#### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BST Aggregate
- <10 lines/circuits; > = 10 lines/circuits (except trunks)
- Dispatch/Non- Dispatch (except trunks)

Report Explanation: The difference between End User MA and Total MA is the result of BST caused misses. Here, Total MA is the total % of orders missed either by BST or CLEC end user. The End User MA represents the percentage of orders missed by the CLEC or their end user.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### (P-3. Percent Missed Installation Appointments - Continued) Level of Disaggregation: on the state of the state of Resale Residence Resale Business Resale Design Resale PBX Resale Centrex Resale ISDN UNE Loop and Port Combos UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP - Non - Design UNE 2 Wire Loop Without NP - Non - Design UNE Loop Other with NP - Non - Design UNE Loop Other without NP - Non - Design • UNE Other Non - Design UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP - Design UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP - Design UNE Loop Other with NP - Design UNE Loop Other without NP - Design

Local Interconnection Trunks

UNE Other Design

- Switching
- Local Transport
- NP (Under development as separate category)
- Geographic Scope
- State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order.

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience:
<ul> <li>Report month</li> <li>CLEC Order Number and PON (PON)</li> <li>Committed Due Date (DD)</li> <li>Completion Date (CMPLTN DD)</li> <li>Status Type</li> <li>Status Notice Date</li> </ul>	Report month BST Order Number Committed Due Date (DD) Completion Date (CMPLTN DD) Status Type Status Notice Date Standard Order Activity
<ul> <li>Standard Order Activity</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> <li>NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.</li> </ul>	Geographic Scope

### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

### (P-3. Percent Missed Installation Appointments - Continued)

Resale Business Resale Design Resale PBX Resale Centrex	Parity with retail Parity with retail Parity with retail
Resale PBX	Parity with retail
	•
Resale Centrex	
	Parity with retail
Resale ISDN	Parity with retail
UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business
UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP - Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE 2 Wire Loop Without NP - Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loop Other with NP - Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loop Other without NP - Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Other Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP - Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP - Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loop Other with NP - Design	Retail Design
UNE Loop Other without NP - Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with retail
Switching	Retail POTS
Local Transport	Retail DS1, or DS3 as appropriate

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **PROVISIONING**

#### Report/Measurement:

P-4. Average Completion Interval (OCI) & Order Completion Interval Distribution

#### Definition:

The "average completion interval" measure monitors the interval of time it takes BST to provide service for the CLEC or its' own customers. The "Order Completion Interval Distribution" provides the percentages of orders completed within certain time periods. This report measures how well BellSouth meets the interval offered to customers on service orders.

#### Exclusions:

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc) where identifiable

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- D (Disconnect) and F (From) order. (From is disconnect side of a move order when the customer moves to a new address).
- "L" Appointment coded orders (where the customer has requested a later than offered interval)

#### Business Rules:

The actual completion interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. The completion interval is the elapsed time from when BST issues a FOC or SOCS date time stamp receipt of an order from the CLEC to BST's actual order completion date. This includes all delays for BST's CLEC/End Users. The clock starts when a valid order number is assigned by SOCS and stops when the technician or system completes the order in SOCS. Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed. Orders that are worked on zero due dates are calculated with a .33-day interval (8 hours) in order to report a portion of a day interval. These orders are issued and worked/completed on the same day. They can be either flow through orders (no field work-non-dispatched) or field orders (dispatched).

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The interval breakout for UNE and Design is: 0-5 = 0-4.99, 5-10 = 5-9.99, 10-15 = 10-14.99, 15-20 = 15-19.99 20-25 = 20-24.99, 25-30 = 25-29.99, > = 30 = 30 and greater.

#### Calculation:

#### Average Completion Interval:

Σ[(Completion Date) - (Order Issue Date)]/ Σ (Count of Orders Completed in Reporting Period)

#### Order Completion Interval Distribution:

Σ (Service Orders Completed in "X" days) / (Total Service Orders Completed in Reporting Period) X 100

#### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BST Aggregate
- Dispatch/No Dispatch categories applicable to all levels except trunks.
- Residence & Business reported in day intervals = 0,1,2,3,4,5,5+
- UNE and Design reported in day intervals = 0-5, 5-10, 10-15, 15-20, 20-25, 25-30, > = 30
- All Levels are reported <10 line/circuits; > = 10 line/circuits (except trunks)



# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

## (P-4. Average Completion Interval (OCI) & Order Completion Interval Distribution - Continued)

Level of Disaggregation:	
Resale Residence	
• Resale Business	
Resale Design	·
Resale PBX	
Resale Centrex	
Resale ISDN	
UNE Loop and Port Combos	·
<ul> <li>UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP – Non – Design</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>UNE 2 Wire Loop Without NP – Non – Design</li> </ul>	•
<ul> <li>UNE Loop Other with NP - Non - Design</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>UNE Loop Other without NP – Non – Design</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>UNE Other Non - Design</li> </ul>	
UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP - Design	
UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP – Design	
UNE Loop Other with NP - Design	
UNE Loop Other without NP - Design	
UNE Other Design	•
Local Interconnection Trunks	
• Switching	
Local Transport	
NP (Under development as separate category)	
Geographic Scope	
State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation	n (MSA) as required by State Commission Order.
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience:
Report month	Report month
CLEC Company Name	BST Order Number
Order Number (PON)	Order Submission Date & Time
<ul> <li>Submission Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> </ul>	Order Completion Date & Time
Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)	Service Type
Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)	Geographic Scope
• Geographic Scope	
OTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header	
found in the raw data file.	

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

### (P-4. Average Completion Interval (OCI) & Order Completion Interval Distribution - Continued)

Resale Residence	Parity with retail	
Resale Business	Parity with retail	
Resale Design	Parity with retail	
Resale PBX	Parity with retail	
Resale Centrex	Parity with Retail	
Resale ISDN	Parity with Retail	
UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business	
UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP - Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business	
UNE 2 Wire Loop Without NP - Non - Design	Residence and Business	
UNE Loop Other with NP - Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business	
UNE Loop Other without NP - Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business	
UNE Other Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business	
UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP - Design	Retail Residence and Business	
UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP - Design	Retail Residence and Business	. ماليون
UNE Loop Other with NP - Design	Retail Design	
UNE Loop Other without NP - Design	Retail Design	
UNE Other Design	Retail Design	
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with retail	
Switching	Retail POTS	
Local Transport	Retail DS1, or DS3 as appropriate	

PSC-00-24 ORDER NO. 981834-TP, 960786-TL DOCKETS NOS. PAGE 50

#### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **PROVISIONING**

Report/Measurement:

P-5. Average Completion Notice Interval

Definition: The Completion Notice Interval is the elapsed time between the BST reported completion of work and the issuance of a

valid completion notice to the CLEC. · 大学是是一个

Exclusions:

Non-mechanized Orders

- Partially Mechanized Orders
- Cancelled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc) where identifiable.

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D&F orders

#### Business Rules:

Measurement on interval of completion date and time entered by a field technician on dispatched orders, and 5PM stars time on the due date for non-dispatched orders; to the release of a notice to the CLEC/BST of the completion status. The field technician notifies the CLEC the work was complete and then he/she enters the completion time stamp information in his/her computer. This information switches through to the SOCS systems either completing the order or rejecting the order to the Work Management Center (WMC). If the completion is rejected, it is manually corrected and then completed by the WMC. The notice is returned on each individual order submitted and as the notice is sent electronically, it can only be switched to those orders that were submitted by the CLEC electronically. The start time is the completion stamp either by the field technician or the 5PM due date stamp; the end time is the time stamp the notice was submitted to the CLEC/BST system.

Σ (Date and Time of Notice of Completion) - (Date and Time of Work Completion) / (Number of Orders with Notice of Completion in Reporting Period)

#### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BST Aggregate
- Reporting intervals in Hours; 0-1, 1-2, 2-4, 4-8, 8-12, 12-24, ≥ 24 plus Overall Average Hour Interval (The categories are inclusive of these time intervals: 0-1 = 0-.99; 1-2 = 1-1.99; 2-4 = 2-3.99, etc)
- Dispatch / Non Dispatch (except trunks)
- Reported in categories of <10 line/circuits; > = 10 line/circuits (except trunks)
- Local Interconnection Trunks (Currently processed as non-mechanized)

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### (P-5. Average Completion Notice Interval - Continued)

# Level of Disaggregation: Resale Residence Resale Business Resale Design Resale PBX Resale Centrex

- Resale ISDNUNE Loop and Port Combos
- UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP Non Design
- UNE 2 Wire Loop Without NP Non Design
- UNE 2 WIFE LOOP WITHOUT HE HOIL Des
- UNE Loop Other with NP Non Design
- UNE Loop Other without NP Non Design
- UNE Other Non Design
- UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP Design
- UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP Design
- UNE Loop Other with NP Design
- UNE Loop Other without NP Design
- UNE Other Design
- Local Interconnection Trunks
- Switching
- Local Transport
- NP (Under development as separate category)
- Geographic Scope
- State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order.

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience:
Report month	Report month
CLEC Order Number (so_nbr)	BST Order Number (so_nbr)
Work Completion Date (cmpltn_dt)	Work Completion Date (cmpltn_dt)
Work Completion Time	Work Completion Time
Completion Notice Availability Date	Completion Notice Availability Date
Completion Notice Availability Time	Completion Notice Availability Time
Service Type	Service Type
Activity Type	Activity Type
Geographic Scope	Geographic Scope
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.



### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

### (P-5. Average Completion Notice Interval - Continued)

Resale Residence	Parity with retail
Resale Business	Parity with retail
Resale Design	Parity with retail
Resale PBX	Parity with retail
Resale Centrex	Parity with retail
Resale ISDN	Parity with retail
UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business
UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP - Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE 2 Wire Loop Without NP - Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loop Other with NP - Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loop Other without NP - Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Other Non - Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP - Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP - Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loop Other with NP - Design	Retail Design
UNE Loop Other without NP - Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with retail
Switching	Parity with POTS
Local Transport	Retail DS1, or DS3 as appropriate

#### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### PROVISIONING

#### Report/Measurement:

#### P-6. Coordinated Customer Conversions Interval

Definition: This report measures the average time it takes BST to disconnect an unbundled loop from the BST switch and cross connect it to a CLEC's equipment. This measurement applies to service orders with and without LNP, and where the CLEC has requested BST to provide a coordinated cutover.

#### Exclusions:

- Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement.
- Delays due to CLEC following disconnection of the unbundled loop
- Unbundled Loops where there is no existing subscriber loop and loops where coordination is not requested.

#### Business Rules:

Where the service order includes LNP, the interval includes the total time for the cutover including the translation time to place the line back in service on the ported line. The interval is calculated for the entire cutover time for the service order and then divided by items worked in that time to give the average per item interval for each service order.

Σ [(Completion Date and Time for Cross Connection of an Coordinated Unbundled Loop)- (Disconnection Date and Time of an Coordinated Unbundled Loop)] / Total Number of Unbundled Loop with Coordinated Conversions (items) for the reporting period.

ing the property of the control of t

#### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- **CLEC Aggregate**
- Reported in intervals <=5 minutes; >5,<=15 minutes; >15 minutes, plus Overall Average interval.

### Level of Disaggregation:

- Unbundled Loops with INP (UNE Loop)
- Unbundled Loops with LNP (LNP)
- Geographic Scope
- State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order.

#### Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience Data Retained Relating to BST Experience No BST Analog Exists

- Report Month
- CLEC Order Number
- Committed Due Date (DD)
- Service Type (CLASS SVC DESC)
- Cutover Start Time
- Cutover Completion time
- Portability start and completion times (NP orders)
- Total Conversions (Items)

NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.

#### Benchmark:

95% ≤ 15 Minutes

ORDER NO. PSC-00-2451-PAA-TP 981834-TP, 960786-TL DOCKETS NOS. PAGE 54

#### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **PROVISIONING**

#### Report/Measurement:

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This category measures whether BST begins the cutover of an unbundled loop on a coordinated and/or a time specific order at the CLEC's requested start time. It measures the percentage of orders where the cut begins within 15 minutes of the requested start time of the order and the average interval. Exclusions:

- Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement.
- Delays caused by the CLEC
- Unbundled Loops where there is no existing subscriber loop and loops where coordination is not requested.
- All unbundled loops on multiple loop orders after the first loop.

Benchmark - 95% Within + or - 15 minutes of Scheduled Start Time

#### Business Rules:

The facilities with the facilities of the first of the facilities This report measures whether BST begins the cutover of an unbundled loop on a coordinated and/or a time specific order at the CLEC requested start time. The cut is considered on time if it starts 15 minutes before or after the requested start time. Using the scheduled time and the actual cutover start time, the measurement will calculate the % within interval and the average interval. If a cut involves multiple lines, the cut will be considered "on time" if the first line is cut within the interval. ≤ 15 minutes includes intervals that began 15:00 minutes or less before the scheduled cut time and cuts that began 15 minutes or less after the scheduled cut time; >15 minutes, ≤30 minutes includes cuts within 15:00 - 30:00 minutes either prior to or after the scheduled cut time; >30 minutes includes cuts greater than 30:00 minutes either prior to or after the scheduled cut time.

#### Calculation:

% within Interval - [Total Number of Coordinated Unbundled Loop Orders for the interval] / Total Number of Coordinated Unbundled Loop Orders for the reporting period X 100.

Average Interval - [Σ (Scheduled Date and Time for Cross Connection of a Coordinated Unbundled Loop Order) -(Actual Start Date and Time of a Coordinated Unbundled Loop Order)] / Total Number of Coordinated Unbundled Loop Orders for the reporting period.

#### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate

#### Level of Disaggregation: The The Control of the Co

Reported in intervals of early, on time and late cuts %≤ 15 minutes; %>15 minutes, ≤30 minutes; %>30 minutes, plus Overall Average Interval

- Product Reporting Level
  - > SL1 Time Specific
  - > SL1 Non-Time Specific
  - > SL2 Time Specific
  - > SL2 Non-Time Specific

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
Report Month	No BST Analog exists
<ul> <li>CLEC Order Number (so_nbr)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Committed Due Date (DD)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Cutover Scheduled Start Time</li> </ul>	
Cutover Actual Start Time	
Total Conversions Orders	
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header	
found in the raw data file.	
Benchmark:	Control of the Contro

PSC-00 51-PAA-TP ORDER NO. 981834-TP, 960786-TL DOCKETS NOS. PAGE 55

#### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **PROVISIONING**

Report/Measurement:

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#### P-7. % Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Completion

### Definition:

Percent Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Completion measures the quality and accuracy of Service order activities.

#### Exclusions:

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders. Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc) where identifiable
- D & F orders
- Trouble reports caused and closed out to Customer Provided Equipment (CPE)

### Business Rules:

Measures the quality and accuracy of completed orders. The first trouble report from a service order after completion is counted in this measure. Subsequent trouble reports are measured in Repeat Report Rate. Reports are calculated searching in the prior report period for completed service orders and following 30 days after completion of the service order for a trouble report issue date.

D & F orders are excluded as there is no subsequent activity following a disconnect.

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#### Calculation:

% Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Completion =  $\Sigma$  (Trouble reports on all completed orders  $\leq$  30 days following service order(s) completion) / (All Service Orders completed in the previous report calendar month) X 100

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#### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BST Aggregate
- Reported in categories of <10 line/circuits; > = 10 line/circuits (except trunks)
- Dispatch / Non-Dispatch (except trunks)

#### Level of Disaggregation:

#### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

- Resale Residence
- Resale Business
- Resale Design
- Resale PBX
- Resale Centrex
- Resale ISDN
- UNE Loop and Port Combos
- UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP Non Design
- UNE 2 Wire Loop Without NP Non Design
- UNE Loop Other with NP Non Design
- UNE Loop Other without NP Non Design
- UNE Other Non Design
- UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP Design
- UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP Design
- UNE Loop Other with NP Design
- UNE Loop Other without NP Design
- UNE Other Design
- Local Interconnection Trunks
- Switching
- Local Transport
- NP (Under development as separate category)
- Geographic Scope
- State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation (MSA) as required by State Commission Order.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

### (P-7. % Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Completion - Continued)

ata Retained Relating to CLEC Experience 🧀 💯	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
Report Month	Report Month
CLEC Order Number and PON	BST Order Number
Order Submission Date (TICKET_ID)	Order Submission Date
Order Submission Time (TICKET_ID)	Order Submission Time
Status Type	Status Type
Status Notice Date	Status Notice Date
Standard Order Activity	Standard Order Activity
Geographic Scope	Geographic Scope
OTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	
etail Analog:	
Resale Residence	Parity with retail
Resale Business	Parity with retail
Resale Design	Parity with retail
Resale PBX	Parity with retail
Resale Centrex	Parity with retail
Resaie ISDN	Parity with retail
UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business
<ul> <li>UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP – Non – Design</li> </ul>	Retail Residence and Business
<ul> <li>UNE 2 Wire Loop Without NP – Non – Design</li> </ul>	Retail Residence and Business
<ul> <li>UNE Loop Other with NP - Non - Design</li> </ul>	Retail Residence and Business
<ul> <li>UNE Loop Other without NP – Non – Design</li> </ul>	Retail Residence and Business
<ul> <li>UNE Other Non – Design</li> </ul>	Retail Residence and Business
<ul> <li>UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP – Design</li> </ul>	Retail Residence and Business
<ul> <li>UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP - Design</li> </ul>	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loop Other with NP - Design	Retail Design
UNE Loop Other without NP - Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with retail
• Switching	Retail POTS
Local Transport	Retail DS1, or DS3 as appropriate

PSC-00-245-PAA-TP ORDER NO. DOCKETS NOS. 981834-TP, 960786-TL PAGE 58

#### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **PROVISIONING**

### Report/Measurement:

P-8. Total Service Order Cycle Time (TSOCT)

Definition: This report measures the total service order cycle time from receipt of a valid service order request to the completion of the service order.

#### Exclusions:

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc) where identifiable
- D (Disconnect) and F (From) orders. (From is disconnect side of a move order when the customer moves to a new address).
- "L" Appointment coded orders (where the customer has requested a later than offered interval)
- Orders with CLEC/Subscriber caused delays or CLEC/Subscriber requested due date changes. .

#### Business Rules:

The interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. This measurement combines two reports: FOC (Firm Order Confirmation) with Average Order Completion Interval.

This interval starts with the receipt of a valid service order request and stops when the technician or system completes the order in SOCS. Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed. Orders that are worked on zero due dates are calculated with a .33 day interval (8 hours) in order to report a portion of a day interval. These orders are issued and worked/completed on same day. They can be either flow through orders (no field work-non-dispatched) or field orders (dispatched).

Reporting is by Fully Mechanized, Partially Mechanized and Non-Mechanized receipt of LSRs.

Calculation: Total Service Order Cycle Time: Σ(Completion Date of Service Order) - (Date of Service Request Receipt) / (Count of Orders Completed in Reporting Period)

#### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BST Aggregate
- Fully Mechanized; Partially Mechanized; Non-Mechanized
- Reported in categories of < 10 line/circuits; > = 10 line/circuits (except trunks)
- Dispatch/Non-Dispatch categories applicable to all levels except trunks.
- Intervals 0-5, 5-10, 10-15, 15-20, 20-25, 25-30. > = 30 Days. The interval breakout is: 0-5 = 0-4.99, 5-10 = 5-9.99, 10-15 = 10-14.99, 15-20 = 15-19.99, 20-25 = 20-24.99, 25-30 = 25-29.99, > = 30 = 30 and greater.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

### (P-8. Total Service Order Cycle Time (TSOCT) - Continued)

evel of Disaggregation:	· 自己的 自己的 "我们的是我们的 "我们的,我们就是一个一个一个一个。"
Resale Residence	
Resale Business	
Resale Design	
Resale PBX	
Resale Centrex	
Resale ISDN	
UNE Loop and Port Combos	
<ul> <li>UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP – Non – Design</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>UNE 2 Wire Loop Without NP – Non – Design</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>UNE Loop Other with NP – Non – Design</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>UNE Loop Other without NP - Non - Design</li> </ul>	
UNE Other Non – Design	
<ul> <li>UNE 2 Wire Loop with NP – Design</li> </ul>	
UNE 2 Wire Loop without NP - Design	
UNE Loop Other with NP - Design	
<ul> <li>UNE Loop Other without NP – Design</li> </ul>	
UNE Other Design	
Local Interconnection Trunks	
• Switching	
Local Transport	
NP (Under development as separate category)	
Geographic Scope	
• State, Region, and further geographic disaggregation	(MSA) as required by State Commission Order.
ata Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
Report Month	Report Month
Interval for FOC	BST Order Number
CLEC Company Name (OCN)	<ul> <li>Order Submission Date &amp; Time</li> </ul>
Order Number (PON)	Order Completion Date & Time
Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID)	Service Type
Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)	Geographic Scope
Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)	
Geographic Scope	
OTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding header found in the raw data file.	
	The second second and the second
Retail Analogue / Benchmark:	

PSC-00-2451-PAA-TP ORDER NO. DOCKETS NOS. 981834-TP, 960786-TL PAGE 60

#### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **PROVISIONING**

### Report/Measurement:

#### P-9. LNP-Percent Missed Installation Appointments

Definition: "Percent missed installation appointments" monitors the reliability of BST commitments with respect to committed due dates to assure that CLECs can reliably quote expected due dates to their retail customer as compared to BST. This measure is the percentage of total orders processed for which BST is unable to complete the service orders on the committed due dates and reported for both BST and End User Misses.

#### Exclusions:

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc) where identifiable.

Non - Mechanized

#### Business Rules:

Percent Missed Installation Appointments (PMI) is the percentage of total orders processed for which BST is unable to complete the service orders on the committed due dates. Missed Appointments caused by end-user reasons will be included and reported in a separate category. The "due date" is any time on the confirmed due date, which means there cannot be a cutoff time for commitments as certain types of orders are requested to be worked after standard business hours. Also, during Daylight Savings Time, field technicians are scheduled until 9PM in some areas and the customer is offered a greater range of intervals from which to select.

#### Calculation:

LNP Percent Missed Installation Appointments = E ( Number of Orders with Completion date in Reporting Period past the Original Committed Due Date) / (Number of Orders Confirmed in Reporting) X 100

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#### Report Structure:

- Mechanized (service orders generated by LSRs submitted via EDI or TAG)
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate

Report explanation: Total Missed Appointments is the total % of orders missed either by BST or the CLEC end user. End User MA represents the percentage of orders missed by the CLEC end user. The difference between End User Missed Appointments and Total Missed Appointments is the result of BST caused misses.

#### Level of Disaggregation:

- **Product Reporting Levels** 
  - > LNP
  - UNE Loop Associated w/LNP
  - State, Region

#### Retail Analog:

#### Retail Residence and Business

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **PROVISIONING**

#### Report/Measurement:

#### P-10. LNP-Average Disconnect Timeliness Interval & Disconnect Timeliness Interval Distribution

#### Definition:

Disconnect Timeliness is defined as the interval between the time the LNP Gateway receives the 'Number Ported' message from NPAC (signifying the CLEC 'Activate') until the time that the Disconnect service order for an LSR is completed in SOCS. This interval effectively measures BST responsiveness by isolating it from impacts that are caused by CLEC related activities.

#### Exclusions: Particle and the particle an

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc) where identifiable.
- Non Mechanized

### 

The Disconnect Timeliness interval is determined for each Disconnect service order processed on an LSR during the reporting period. The Disconnect Timeliness interval is the elapsed time from when BST receives the 'Number Ported' message for an LSR's disconnect order from NPAC (signifying the CLEC 'Activate') until the Disconnect service order is completed in SOCS. Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the total number of selected disconnect orders which have been completed.

#### Calculation:

#### Average Disconnect Timeliness Interval:

Σ[ (Disconnect Service Order Completion Date & Time) - ('Number Ported' Message Received Date & Time) ] / Σ (Total Number of Disconnect Service Orders Completed in Reporting Period)

#### Disconnect Timeliness Interval Distribution:

[E (Disconnect Service Orders Completed in "X" days) / (Total Disconnect Service Orders Completed in Reporting Period)] X 100

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The regularity of the results and the

#### Report Structure:

Mechanized (service orders generated by LSRs submitted via EDI or TAG)

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- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate .

#### Level of Disaggregation:

- Reported in day intervals = 0,1,2,3,4, 5, >5 days
- Product Reporting Levels
  - > LNP
  - > State, Region

#### Benchmark:

95% < 15 min.

#### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **PROVISIONING**

### Report/Measurement:

### P-11. LNP-Total Service Order Cycle Time

Definition: Total Service Order Cycle Time measures the interval from receipt of a valid service order request to the completion of the final service order associated with that service request.

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#### Exclusions:

- Canceled Service Orders
- Order Activities of BST or the CLEC associated with internal or administrative use of local services (Record Orders, Listing Orders, Test Orders, etc) where identifiable
- "L" appointment coded orders (indicating the customer has requested a later than offered interval)
- "S" missed appointment coded orders (indicating subscriber missed reasons), except for "SP" codes (indicating subscriber prior due date requested).
- Non Mechanized

Business Rules: The interval is determined for each service request processed during the reporting period. This measurement combines two reports: FOC (Firm Order Confirmation) with Average Order Completion Interval.

This interval starts with the receipt of a valid service request and stops when the technician or system completes all the related service orders for the LSR in SOCS. Elapsed time for each service request is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is divided by the associated total number of service requests completed to produce the total service order cycle time.

#### Calculation:

#### Average Total Service Order Cycle Time:

Σ[ (Service Order Completion Date) - (Service Request Receipt Date) ] / Σ (Total Number Service Requests Completed in Reporting Period)

#### Total Service Order Cycle Time Interval Distribution:

Σ (Total Number of Service Requests Completed in "X" minutes/hours) / (Total Number of Service Requests Received in Reporting Period)] X 100

### Report Structure:

- Mechanized (service orders generated by LSRs submitted via EDI or TAG)
- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- "W" Appointment Code Only (Company Offered)

#### Level of Disaggregation:

- Reported in day intervals 0 5, 5 10, 10 15, 15 20, 20 25, 25 30, > 30 days. The interval breakout is: 0 5 = 04.99, 5-10 = 5-9.99, 10-15 = 10-14.99, 15-20 = 15-19.99, 20-25 = 20-24.99, 25-30 = 25-29.99, > = 30 = 30 and greater.
- Product Reporting Levels
  - > LNP
  - > UNE Loop with LNP
  - > State, Region

### Retail Analogue / Benchmark:

Diagnostic

PSC-00-4 51-PAA-TP ORDER NO. 981834-TP, 960786-TL DOCKETS NOS. PAGE 63

#### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

#### Report/Measurement:

M&R-1. Missed Repair Appointments

Definition:

The percent of trouble reports not cleared by the committed date and time.

#### Exclusions:

- Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request.
- BST trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service.
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble.

The negotiated commitment date and time is established when the repair report is received. The cleared time is the date and time that BST personnel clear the trouble and closes the trouble report in his/her Computer Access Terminal (CAT) or workstation. If this is after the Commitment time, the report is flagged as a "Missed Commitment" or a missed repair appointment. When the data for this measure is collected for BST and a CLEC, it can be used to compare the percentage of the time repair appointments are missed due to BST reasons. ("No Access" reports are not part of this measure because the appointment was not missed.)

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Note: Appointment intervals vary with force availability in the POTS environment. Specials and Trunk intervals are standard interval appointments of no greater than 24 hours.

#### Calculation:

Percentage of Missed Repair Appointments = Σ (Count of Customer Troubles Not Cleared by the Quoted Commitment Date and Time) / Σ (Total Trouble reports closed in Reporting Period) X 100

#### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- **CLEC Aggregate**
- **BST** Aggregate

#### Level of Disaggregation:

#### ISDN Troubles included in Non-Design GA Only

- Resale Residence
- Resale Business
- Resale Design
- Resale PBX
- Resale Centrex
- Resale ISDN
- **UNE Loop and Port Combos**
- UNE 2w Loop Non-Design
- UNE Loop Other Non-Design
- UNE Other Non-Design
- UNE 2w Loop Design
- UNE Loop Other Design
- UNE Other Design
- Local Interconnection Trunks
- Switching
- Local Transport
- Dispatch / No Dispatch categories applicable to all product levels
- Geographic Scope

State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area - MSA)

### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

### (M&R-1. Missed Repair Appointments - continued)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience:
Report month	Report month
CLEC Company Name	BST Company Code
Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID)	Submission Date & Time
Completion Date (CMPLTN DT)	Completion Date
Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)	Service Type
Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &	Disposition and Cause (Non-Design /Non-Special Only)
CAUSE_DESC)	Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)
Geographic Scope	Geographic Scope
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding	
header found in the raw data file.	ا من
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	The state of the s
Resale Residence	Parity with Retail
Resale Business	Parity with Retail
Resale Design	Parity with Retail
Resale PBX	Parity with Retail
Resale Centrex	Parity with Retail
Resale ISDN	Parity with Retail
UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business
UNE 2w Loop Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loop Other Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Other Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE 2w Loop - Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loop Other - Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail
Switching	Retail POTS
Local Transport	Retail DS1, or DS3 as appropriate

PSC-00-\_451-PAA-TP ORDER NO. 981834-TP, 960786-TL DOCKETS NOS. PAGE 65

#### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

#### Report/Measurement:

M&R-2. Customer Trouble Report Rate

#### Definition:

THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF Initial and repeated customer direct or referred troubles closed within a calendar month per 100 lines/circuits in service.

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#### Exclusions:

- Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request.
- BST trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service.
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble.

#### Business Rules:

Customer Trouble Report Rate is computed by accumulating the number of maintenance initial and repeated trouble reports closed during the reporting period. The resulting number of trouble reports are divided by the total "number of service" lines, ports or combination that exist for the CLECs and BST respectively at the end of the report month.

Customer Trouble Report Rate = (Count of Initial and Repeated Trouble Reports closed in the Current Period)/ (Number of Service Access Lines in service at End of the Report Period) X 100

#### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- **BST** Aggregate

#### Level of Disaggregation:

#### ISDN Troubles included in Non-Design GA Only

- Resale Residence
- Resale Business
- Resale Design
- Resale PBX
- Resale Centrex
- Resale ISDN
- UNE Loop and Port Combos
- UNE 2w Loop Non-Design
- UNE Loop Other Non-Design
- **UNE Other Non-Design**
- UNE 2w Loop Design
- UNE Loop Other Design
- UNE Other Design
- Local Interconnection Trunks
- Switching
- Local Transport
- Dispatch / No Dispatch categories applicable to all product levels
- Geographic Scope
- State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area - MSA)

#### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

### (M&R-2. Customer Trouble Report Rate - Continued)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience:
Report month	Report month
CLEC Company Name	BST Company Code
Ticket Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID)	Ticket Submission Date & Time
Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)	Ticket Completion Date
Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)	Service Type
Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &	Disposition and Cause (Non-Design /Non-Special Only)
CAUSE_DESC)	Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)
# Service Access Lines in Service at the end of	# Service Access Lines in Service at the end of period
period	Geographic Scope
Geographic Scope	
•	است
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding	
header found in the raw data file.	
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
Resale Residence	Parity with Retail
Resale Business	Parity with Retail
Resale Design	Parity with Retail
Resale PBX	Parity with Retail
Resale Centrex ·	Parity with Retail
Resale ISDN	Parity with Retail
UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business
UNE 2w Loop Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loop Other Non-Design UNE Other Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business Retail Residence and Business
UNE 2w Loop - Design	Retail Residence and Business Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loop Other – Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail
Switching	Retail POTS
Local Transport	Retail DS1, or DS3 as appropriate

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

#### Report/Measurement:

#### M&R-3. Maintenance Average Duration

#### Definition:

The Average duration of Customer Trouble Reports from the receipt of the Customer Trouble Report to the time the trouble report is cleared.

#### Exclusions: 1. The second residual second resi

- Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request.
- BST trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service.
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble.
- Trouble reports greater than 10 days

#### Business Rules: 12:00 at the complete the complete of the comp

For Average Duration the clock starts on the date and time of the receipt of a correct repair request. The clock stops on the date and time the service is restored and the BST or CLEC customer is notified (when the technician completes the trouble ticket on his/her CAT or work systems).

#### Calculation: In the control of the second second

Maintenance Average Duration =  $\Sigma$ (Date and Time of Service Restoration) – (Date and Time Trouble Ticket was Opened) /  $\Sigma$ (Total Closed Troubles in the reporting period)

#### Report Structure: --

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BST Aggregate

#### Level of Disaggregation:

#### ISDN Troubles included in Non-Design \_ GA Only

- Resale Residence
- Resale Business
- Resale Design
- Resale PBX
- Resale Centrex
- Resale ISDN
- UNE Loop and Port Combos
- UNE 2w Loop Non-Design
- UNE Loop Other Non-Design
- UNE Other Non-Design
- UNE 2w Loop Design
- UNE Loop Other Design
- UNE Other Design
- Local Interconnection Trunks
- Switching
- Local Transport
- Dispatch / No Dispatch categories applicable to all product levels
- Geographic Scope
- State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area MSA)

#### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

### (M&R-3. Maintenance Average Duration - Continued)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience: - 32	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience:
Report month	Report month
<ul> <li>Total Tickets (LINE_NBR)</li> </ul>	Total Tickets
CLEC Company Name	BST Company Code
<ul> <li>Ticket Submission Date &amp; Time (TICKET_ID)</li> </ul>	Ticket Submission Date
Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN DT)	Ticket Submission Time
Service Type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)	Ticket Completion Date
Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &	Ticket Completion Time
CAUSE_DESC)	Total Duration Time
Geographic Scope	Service Type
O	Disposition and Cause (Non-Design /Non-Special Only)
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding	Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)
header found in the raw data file.	Geographic Scope
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
Resale Residence	Parity with Retail
Resale Business	Parity with Retail
Resale Design	Parity with Retail
Resale PBX	Parity with Retail
Resale Centrex	Parity with Retail
Resale ISDN	Parity with Retail
UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business
UNE 2w Loop Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loop Other Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Other Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE 2w Loop - Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loop Other - Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail
Switching	Retail POTS
Local Transport	Retail DS1, or DS3 as appropriate

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

#### Report/Measurement:

#### M&R-4. Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days

#### Definition:

Closed trouble reports on the same line/circuit as a previous trouble report received within 30 calendar days as a percent of total troubles closed.

#### Exclusions:

- Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request.
- BST trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service.
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) troubles or CLEC Equipment Trouble.

#### Business Rules:

Includes Customer trouble reports received within 30 days of an original Customer trouble report

#### Calculation:

Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days = (Count of closed Customer Troubles where more than one trouble report was logged for the same service line within a continuous 30 days of the reporting period) / (Total Trouble Reports Closed in Reporting Period) X 100

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#### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- CLEC Aggregate
- BST Aggregate

#### Level of Disaggregation:

#### ISDN Troubles included in Non-Design GA Only

- Resale Residence
- Resale Business
- Resale Design
- Resale PBX
- Resale Centrex
- Resale ISDN
- UNE Loop and Port Combos
- UNE 2w Loop Non-Design
- UNE Loop Other Non-Design
- UNE Other Non-Design
- UNE 2w Loop Design
- UNE Loop Other Design
- UNE Other Design
- Local Interconnection Trunks
- Switching
- Local Transport
- Dispatch / No Dispatch categories applicable to all product levels
- Geographic Scope
- State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area MSA)

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

### (M&R-4. Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
Report month	Report month
Total Tickets (LINE_NBR)	Total Tickets
CLEC Company Name	BST Company Code
Ticket Submission Date & Time (TICKET ID)	Ticket Submission Date
Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)	Ticket Submission Time
Total and Percent Repeat Trouble Reports within	Ticket Completion Date
30 Days (TOT_REPEAT)	Ticket Completion Time
Service Type	Total and Percent Repeat Trouble Reports within 30 Days
Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &	Service Type
CAUSE DESC)	Disposition and Cause (Non-Design /Non-Special Only)
Geographic Scope	Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)
	Geographic Scope
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding	- Geographic Scope
header found in the raw data file.	
	State of the first of the state
Resale Residence	Parity with Retail
Resale Business	Parity with Retail
Resale Design	Parity with Retail
Resale PBX	Parity with Retail
Resale Centrex	Parity with Retail
Resale ISDN	Parity with Retail
UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business
UNE 2w Loop Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loop Other Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Other Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE 2w Loop – Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loop Other - Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Design Local Interconnection Trunks	Retail Design
Switching	Parity with Retail Retail POTS
Local Transport	Retail DS1, or DS3 as appropriate
Lover Transport	Ketan Dot, of Doo as appropriate

#### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

#### Report/Measurement:

M&R-5. Out of Service (OOS) > 24 Hours

Definition: For Out of Service Troubles (no dial tone, cannot be called or cannot call out) the percentage of Total OOS Troubles cleared in excess of 24 hours. (All design services are considered to be out of service). Exclusions:

- Trouble Reports canceled at the CLEC request
- BST Trouble Reports associated with administrative service
- Customer Provided Equipment (CPE) Troubles or CLEC Equipment Troubles. Business Rules:

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Customer Trouble reports that are out of service and cleared in excess of 24 hours. The clock begins when the trouble report is created in LMOS and the trouble is counted if the elapsed time exceeds 24 hours. 

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Out of Service (OOS) > 24 hours = (Total Cleared Troubles OOS > 24 Hours) / Total OOS Troubles in Reporting Period) X 100

#### Report Structure:

- CLEC Specific
- BST Aggregate
- CLEC Aggregate

#### Level of Disaggregation:

#### ISDN Troubles included in Non-Design GA Only

- Resale Residence
- Resale Business
- Resale Design
- Resale PBX
- Resale Centrex -
- Resale ISDN
- UNE Loop and Port Combos
- UNE 2w Loop Non-Design
- UNE Loop Other Non-Design
- UNE Other Non-Design
- UNE 2w Loop Design
- UNE Loop Other Design
- UNE Other Design
- Local Interconnection Trunks
- Switching
- Local Transport
- Dispatch / No Dispatch categories applicable to all product levels
- Geographic Scope
- State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order (e.g. Metropolitan Service Area - MSA)

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

### (M&R-5. Out of Service (OOS) > 24 Hours - Continued)

Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
Report Month	Report Month
Total Tickets	Total Tickets
CLEC Company Name	BST Company Code
Ticket Submission Date & Time (TICKET_ID)	Ticket Submission Date
Ticket Completion Date (CMPLTN_DT)	Ticket Submission time
Percentage of Customer Troubles out of	Ticket Completion Date
Service > 24 Hours (OOS>24_FLAG)	Ticket Completion Time
Service type (CLASS_SVC_DESC)	Percent of Customer Troubles out of Service > 24 Hours
Disposition and Cause (CAUSE_CD &	Service type
CAUSE-DESC)	Disposition and Cause (Non - Design/Non-Special only)
Geographic Scope	Trouble Code (Design and Trunking Services)
	Geographic Scope
NOTE: Code in parentheses is the corresponding	}
header found in the raw data file.	
recutt renator seatchment	
Resale Residence	Parity with Retail
Resale Business	Parity with Retail
Resale Design	Parity with Retail
Resale PBX	Parity with Retail
Resale Centrex Resale ISDN	Parity with Retail
UNE Loop and Port Combos	Parity with Retail Retail Residence and Business
UNE 2w Loop Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loop Other Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Other Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE 2w Loop - Design	Retail Residence and Business
UNE Loop Other - Design	Retail Design
UNE Other Design	Retail Design
Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with Retail
Switching	Retail POTS
Local Transport	Retail DS1, or DS3 as appropriate

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

Report/Measurement:	AND LAND TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE
M&R-6. Average Answer Time - Repair	r Centers
Definition:	and the second of the second s
This measures the average time a customer is in	Queue when calling a BellSouth Repair Center.
Exclusions:	The state of the second state of the state o
None	The second secon
Business Rules:	or BellSouth customer makes a choice on the Repair Center's menu and is
put in queue for the next repair attendant. The care not included)	clock stops when the repair attendant answers the call. (abandoned calls
(NOTE: The Total Column is a combined BST	Residence and Business number)
Level of Disaggregation:	the state of the second of
Level of Disaggregation:  Region. CLEC/BST Service Centers and BST F	ের স্থানির বিশ্ব প্রায়ের প্র
Level of Disaggregation:  Region. CLEC/BST Service Centers and BST F Calculation:	Repair Centers are regional.
Level of Disaggregation:  Region. CLEC/BST Service Centers and BST F  Calculation:  Average Answer Time for BST's Repair Centers queue until ACD Selection) / (Total number of	Repair Centers are regional.  s = (Time BST Repair Attendant Answers Call) - (Time of entry into f calls by reporting period)
Level of Disaggregation:  Region. CLEC/BST Service Centers and BST F  Calculation:  Average Answer Time for BST's Repair Centers queue until ACD Selection) / (Total number of	Repair Centers are regional.  s = (Time BST Repair Attendant Answers Call) - (Time of entry into f calls by reporting period)
Level of Disaggregation:  Region. CLEC/BST Service Centers and BST F Calculation:  Average Answer Time for BST's Repair Centers queue until ACD Selection) / (Total number of	Repair Centers are regional.  s = (Time BST Repair Attendant Answers Call) - (Time of entry into f calls by reporting period)
Level of Disaggregation:  Region. CLEC/BST Service Centers and BST F Calculation:  Average Answer Time for BST's Repair Center queue until ACD Selection) / (Total number of Report Structure:	Repair Centers are regional.  s = (Time BST Repair Attendant Answers Call) - (Time of entry into f calls by reporting period)
Level of Disaggregation:  Region. CLEC/BST Service Centers and BST F Calculation:  Average Answer Time for BST's Repair Centers queue until ACD Selection) / (Total number of Report Structure:  CLEC Aggregate  BST Aggregate	Repair Centers are regional.  s = (Time BST Repair Attendant Answers Call) - (Time of entry into f calls by reporting period)
Level of Disaggregation:  Region. CLEC/BST Service Centers and BST F Calculation:  Average Answer Time for BST's Repair Center queue until ACD Selection) / (Total number of Report Structure:  • CLEC Aggregate	Repair Centers are regional.  s = (Time BST Repair Attendant Answers Call) - (Time of entry into f calls by reporting period)  Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
Level of Disaggregation:  Region. CLEC/BST Service Centers and BST F Calculation:  Average Answer Time for BST's Repair Center queue until ACD Selection) / (Total number of Report Structure:  CLEC Aggregate  BST Aggregate  BST Aggregate  CLEC Average Answer Time	Repair Centers are regional.  s = (Time BST Repair Attendant Answers Call) - (Time of entry into f calls by reporting period)

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

Report/Measurement:	CANADA CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONT
B-1. Invoice Accuracy	
Definition:	。 第16章 1981年中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国
This measure provides the percentage of accuracy	of the billing invoices rendered to CLECs during the current month.
Exclusions:	<b>解</b> 。在1995年中,1995年中国的大学中国的大学的大学的大学的大学的
Adjustments not related to billing errors (e.g., cred the customer)	lits for service outage, special promotion credits, adjustments to satisfy
Business Rules:	CONTROL CONTROL OF THE SECOND
comparative to BST bills rendered to retail custom incorrect. The BellSouth Billing verification proceperiod. The bill verification process draws from a	to the CLEC must enable them to provide a degree of billing accuracy ters of BST. CLECs request adjustments on bills determined to be ess includes manually analyzing a sample of local bills from each bill mix of different customer billing options and types of service. An products and services. Internal measurements and controls are
Calculation:	
Invoice Accuracy = (Total Billed Revenues durin during current month) / Total Billed Revenues dur	g current month) – (Absolute Value of Billing Related Adjustments ing current month X 100
Report Structure:	and the state of t
CLEC Specific	
CLEC Aggregate	
BST Aggregate	
Level of Disaggregation:	·新文文·《新聞》(Automatical States)(The States)
Product / Invoice Type	
> Resale	
> UNE	
> Interconnection	
Geographic Scope	
> Region	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	
Report Month	Report month
Invoice Type	Retail Type
Total Billed Revenue	> CRIS
<ul> <li>Billing Related Adjustments</li> </ul>	> CABS
	Total Billed Revenue
Detail Analog/Port	Billing Related Adjustments
	Berner frei er er en er
Parity with BST retail aggregate	

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

Bell Distribution is calculated as follows: CRIS BILLS-The number of workdays is reported for CRIS bills. This is calculated by counting the Bill Period date as the first work day. Weekends and holidays are excluded when counting workdays. J/N Bills are counted in the CRIS work day category for the purposes of the measurement since their billing account number (Q account) is provided from the CRIS system.  CABS BILLS-The number of calendar days is reported for CABS bills. This is calculated by counting the day following the Bill Period date as the first calendar day. Weekends and holidays are included when counting the calendar days.  Exclusions:  Any invoices rejected due to formatting or content errors.  Business Rules:  This report measures the mean interval for timeliness of billing records delivered to CLECs in an agreed upon format. CRIS-based invoices are measured in business days, and CABS-based invoices in calendar days.  Calculation:  Mean Time To Deliver Invoices = Σ [(Invoice Transmission Date) – (Close Date of Scheduled Bill Cycle)] / (Count of Invoices Transmitted in Reporting Period)	Report/Measurement:	distriction of the property of the control of the c	
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Business Rules:  This report measures the mean interval for timeliness of billing records delivered to CLECs in an agreed upon format. CRIS-based invoices are measured in business days, and CABS-based invoices in calendar days.  Mean Time To Deliver Invoices = \( \Sigma \) [(Invoice Transmission Date) - (Close Date of Scheduled Bill Cycle)] / (Count of Invoices Transmitted in Reporting Period)  Report Structure:  CLEC Specific  CLEC Aggregate  BST Aggregate  BST Aggregate  Level of Disaggregation:  Product / Invoice Type  Resale  UNE  Interconnection  Geographic Scope  Region  Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:  Report month  Invoice Type  Invoice Type  Invoice Transmission Count  CRIS  CABS  Invoice Transmission Count  Date of Scheduled Bill Close  Retail Analog/Benchmark:			
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Invoices Transmitted in Reporting Period)  Report Structure:  CLEC Specific  CLEC Aggregate  BST Aggregate  Level of Disaggregation:  Product / Invoice Type  Resale  UNE  Interconnection  Geographic Scope  Region  Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:  Report month  Invoice Type  Retail Type  Invoice Transmission Count  Date of Scheduled Bill Close  Retail Analog/Benchmark:	Calculation:	The Control of the Co	
Report Structure:  CLEC Specific CLEC Aggregate BST Aggregate  BST Aggregate  Product / Invoice Type Resale UNE NINE Negron  Geographic Scope Region  Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience: Report month Invoice Type Invoice Transmission Count Date of Scheduled Bill Close  Retail Analog/Benchmark:		on Date) - (Close Date of Scheduled Bill Cycle)] / (Count of	
<ul> <li>CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>BST Aggregate</li> <li>Level of Disaggregation: <ul> <li>Product / Invoice Type</li> <li>Resale</li> <li>UNE</li> <li>Interconnection</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> <li>Region</li> </ul> </li> <li>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience: <ul> <li>Report month</li> <li>Invoice Type</li> <li>Invoice Transmission Count</li> <li>Date of Scheduled Bill Close</li> </ul> </li> <li>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</li> </ul>		tion of propagation was traced for the collinear for the	
<ul> <li>BST Aggregate</li> <li>Level of Disaggregation:         <ul> <li>Product / Invoice Type</li> <li>Resale</li> <li>UNE</li> <li>Interconnection</li> <li>Geographic Scope</li> <li>Region</li> <li>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:</li></ul></li></ul>	CLEC Specific	·	
Product / Invoice Type  > Resale  > UNE  > Interconnection  • Geographic Scope  > Region  Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:  • Report month  • Invoice Type  • Invoice Transmission Count  • Date of Scheduled Bill Close  Retail Analog/Benchmark:	CLEC Aggregate		
<ul> <li>Product / Invoice Type         <ul> <li>Resale</li> <li>UNE</li> <li>Interconnection</li> </ul> </li> <li>Geographic Scope         <ul> <li>Region</li> </ul> </li> <li>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:         <ul> <li>Report month</li> <li>Invoice Type</li> <li>Invoice Transmission Count</li> <li>Date of Scheduled Bill Close</li> </ul> </li> <li>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</li> </ul>	BST Aggregate		
> Resale > UNE > Interconnection • Geographic Scope > Region  Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience: • Report month • Invoice Type • Invoice Transmission Count • Date of Scheduled Bill Close  Retail Analog/Benchmark:  Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:  □ Pata Retained Relating to BST Performance: □ Pata Retained Relating to BST Performance: □ □ Pata Retained Relating to BST Perfo	Level of Disaggregation:	40、大龙、新洲的1980年18日 1991年,北美国大学教育工具中的	
> UNE > Interconnection  • Geographic Scope > Region  Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:  • Report month • Invoice Type • Invoice Transmission Count • Date of Scheduled Bill Close  Retail Analog/Benchmark:  Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:  □ Pata Retained Relating to BST Performance: □			
> Interconnection  • Geographic Scope  > Region  Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:  • Report month  • Invoice Type  • Invoice Transmission Count  • Date of Scheduled Bill Close  Retail Analog/Benchmark:  Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:  • Report month  • Report month  • Retail Type  > CRIS  > CABS  • Invoice Transmission Count  • Date of Scheduled Bill Close	> Resale		
<ul> <li>Geographic Scope         ➤ Region         Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:         • Report month         • Invoice Type         • Invoice Transmission Count         • Date of Scheduled Bill Close         </li> <li>Retail Analog/Benchmark:</li> </ul>	,		
> Region  Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:  • Report month • Invoice Type • Invoice Transmission Count • Date of Scheduled Bill Close  Retail Analog/Benchmark:  Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:  • Report month • Report month • Retail Type • CRIS • CABS • Invoice Transmission Count • Date of Scheduled Bill Close			
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:  Report month Invoice Type Invoice Transmission Count Date of Scheduled Bill Close  Retail Analog/Benchmark:  Data Retained Relating to BST Performance: Report month Report month Retail Type Retail Type  CRIS CABS Invoice Transmission Count Date of Scheduled Bill Close			
<ul> <li>Report month</li> <li>Invoice Type</li> <li>Invoice Transmission Count</li> <li>Date of Scheduled Bill Close</li> <li>Retail Type</li> <li>CRIS</li> <li>CABS</li> <li>Invoice Transmission Count</li> <li>Date of Scheduled Bill Close</li> </ul> Retail Analog/Benchmark:			
<ul> <li>Invoice Type</li> <li>Invoice Transmission Count</li> <li>Date of Scheduled Bill Close</li> <li>CABS</li> <li>Invoice Transmission Count</li> <li>Invoice Transmission Count</li> <li>Date of Scheduled Bill Close</li> </ul> Retail Analog/Benchmark:			
<ul> <li>Invoice Transmission Count</li> <li>Date of Scheduled Bill Close</li> <li>Invoice Transmission Count</li> <li>Date of Scheduled Bill Close</li> </ul> Retail Analog/Benchmark:	•	•	
Date of Scheduled Bill Close     Invoice Transmission Count     Date of Scheduled Bill Close  Retail Analog/Benchmark:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Invoice Transmission Count     Date of Scheduled Bill Close  Retail Analog/Benchmark:			
Date of Scheduled Bill Close  Retail Analog/Benchmark:	Date of Scheduled Bill Close		
Retail Analog/Benchmark:			
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# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

Report/Measurement:		
B-3. Usage Data Delivery Accuracy		
Definition:	to an established of the son the transfer to the son t	
This measurement captures the percentage of recorded usage	that is delivered error free and in an acceptable format to	
the appropriate Competitive Local Exchange Carrier (CLEC)	. These percentages will provide the necessary data for use	
as a comparative measurement for BellSouth performance. This measurement captures Data Delivery Accuracy rather		
than the accuracy of the individual usage recording.		
Exclusions:	(A) 1912年1916年1月1日   1912年1月1日   1912年1日   19	
None		
Business Rules:	是在社会的一个的一种,中的一种主义的主义的一种,但是是一种的一种	
The accuracy of the data delivery of usage records delivered	by BST to the CLEC must enable them to provide a degree	
of accuracy comparative to BST bills rendered to their retail of	customers. If errors are detected in the delivery process,	
they are investigated, evaluated and documented. Errors are	corrected and the data retransmitted to the CLEC.	
Calculation:		
Usage Data Delivery Accuracy = Σ[(Total number of usage	data packs sent during current month) - (Total number of	
usage data packs requiring retransmission during current mon	nth)]/(Total number of usage data packs send during	
current month) X 100	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Report Structure:		
CLEC Specific .		
CLEC Aggregate		
BST Aggregate		
Level of Disaggregation:		
Geographic Scope		
➤ Region		
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:	
Report Month	Report month	
Record Type	Record Type	
➤ BellSouth Recorded		
> Non BellSouth Recorded		
Retail Analog/Benchmark:		
Parity with retail		

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

Report/Measurement:	
B-4. Usage Data Delivery Completeness	
Definition:	<b>《中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国中国</b>
This measurement provides percentage of complete and accur and usage recorded by other companies and sent to BST for b thirty (30) days of the message recording date. A parity measuressages processed and transmitted via CMDS. BellSouth dibilling location via CMDS as well as delivering billing data to Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same rep	willing) that is processed and transmitted to the CLEC within sure is also provided showing completeness of BST elivers its own retail usage from recording location to oother companies. Timeliness, Completeness and Mean port.
Exclusions:	
None	
Business Rules:	
The purpose of these measurements is to demonstrate the level CLEC. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.	el of quality of usage data delivered to the appropriate
Usage Data Delivery Completeness = Σ[(Total number of R	
Usage Data Delivery Completeness = $\Sigma$ {(Total number of R are within thirty (30) days of the message recording date) / $\Sigma$ the current month) X 100	ecorded usage records delivered during current month that (Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during
Usage Data Delivery Completeness = Σ[(Total number of R are within thirty (30) days of the message recording date) / Σ the current month) X 100 Report Structure:	ecorded usage records delivered during current month that (Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during
Usage Data Delivery Completeness = \( \Subseteq \text{(Total number of R} \) are within thirty (30) days of the message recording date) / \( \Subseteq \text{the current month} \) \( \text{X 100} \) Report Structure:  • CLEC Specific	ecorded usage records delivered during current month that (Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during
Usage Data Delivery Completeness = Σ[(Total number of R are within thirty (30) days of the message recording date) / Σ the current month) X 100  Report Structure:  CLEC Specific  CLEC Aggregate	ecorded usage records delivered during current month that (Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during
Usage Data Delivery Completeness = Σ[(Total number of R are within thirty (30) days of the message recording date) / Σ the current month) X 100  Report Structure:  CLEC Specific  CLEC Aggregate  BST Aggregate	ecorded usage records delivered during current month that (Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during
Usage Data Delivery Completeness = Σ[(Total number of R are within thirty (30) days of the message recording date) / Σ the current month) X 100  Report Structure:  CLEC Specific  CLEC Aggregate  BST Aggregate  Level of Disaggregation:	ecorded usage records delivered during current month that (Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during
Usage Data Delivery Completeness = \( \sum_{\text{(Total number of R}}\) are within thirty (30) days of the message recording date) / \( \Sum_{\text{the current month}} \) \( \text{100} \)  Report Structure:  • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate • BST Aggregate  Level of Disaggregation: • Geographic Scope	ecorded usage records delivered during current month that (Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during
Usage Data Delivery Completeness = ∑{(Total number of R are within thirty (30) days of the message recording date) / ∑ the current month) X 100  Report Structure:  CLEC Specific  CLEC Aggregate  BST Aggregate  BST Aggregate  Level of Disaggregation:  Geographic Scope  Region	ecorded usage records delivered during current month that (Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during
Usage Data Delivery Completeness = ∑{(Total number of R are within thirty (30) days of the message recording date) / ∑ the current month) X 100  Report Structure:  CLEC Specific CLEC Aggregate BST Aggregate BST Aggregate Level of Disaggregation: Geographic Scope Region  Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	ecorded usage records delivered during current month that (Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during  Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
Usage Data Delivery Completeness = ∑{(Total number of R are within thirty (30) days of the message recording date) / ∑ the current month) X 100  Report Structure:  CLEC Specific  CLEC Aggregate  BST Aggregate  BST Aggregate  Level of Disaggregation:  Geographic Scope  Region  Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
Usage Data Delivery Completeness = ∑{(Total number of R are within thirty (30) days of the message recording date) / ∑ the current month) X 100  Report Structure:  CLEC Specific CLEC Aggregate BST Aggregate BST Aggregate Level of Disaggregation: Geographic Scope ➤ Region  Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience: Report Month Record Type	ecorded usage records delivered during current month that (Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during  Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
Usage Data Delivery Completeness = \( \sum_{\text{(Total number of R}}\) are within thirty (30) days of the message recording date) / \( \Sum_{\text{the current month}}\) \( \text{100}\)  Report Structure:  • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate • BST Aggregate  Level of Disaggregation: • Geographic Scope  > Region  Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience: (2) = (	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
Usage Data Delivery Completeness = ∑{(Total number of R are within thirty (30) days of the message recording date) / ∑ the current month) X 100  Report Structure:  CLEC Specific CLEC Aggregate BST Aggregate BST Aggregate Level of Disaggregation:  Geographic Scope  Region  Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:  Report Month Record Type  BellSouth Recorded  Non BellSouth Recorded	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:  Record Type
Usage Data Delivery Completeness = \( \sum_{\text{(Total number of R}}\) are within thirty (30) days of the message recording date) / \( \Sum_{\text{the current month}}\) \( \text{ 100}\)  Report Structure:  • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate • BST Aggregate  Level of Disaggregation: • Geographic Scope  > Region  Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience: • Report Month • Record Type  > BellSouth Recorded	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:  Record Type

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

Report/Measurement:  B-5. Usage Data Delivery Timeliness	可能是170mm。1906年1月2日本共和国的1806年1月20日,1806年1月2日,1906年1月2日本共和国的1906年1月2日本共和国的1906年1月2日
	CONTROL SECURIOR CONTROL PROPERTY CONTROL CONT
This measurement provides a percentage of record companies and sent to BST for billing) that is delivereceipt of the initial recording. A parity measure is	ed usage data (usage recorded by BST and usage recorded by other vered to the appropriate CLEC within six (6) calendar days from the salso provided showing timeliness of BST messages processed and and Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are reported on the same
Exclusions:	1000000000000000000000000000000000000
None	
Business Rules:	the level of timeliness for processing and transmission of usage data
processing center once daily. The Timeliness inter BST receives the records to the date BST distribute Calculation:	a will be mechanically transmitted or mailed to the CLEC data val of usage recorded by other companies is measured from the date es to the CLEC. Method of delivery is at the option of the CLEC.
recording/receipt) / Σ(Total number of usage recor	ds sent) X 100
	re it soften. De de die 1975 de fakte in 1
CLEC Aggregate	
CLEC Specific	
BST Aggregate	
Level of Disaggregation:	
Geographic Scope	
> Region	Date Datained Deletions DCT D.
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
Report Month     Record Type	Report Monthly
➤ Record Type  ➤ BellSouth Recorded	Record Type
> Non-BellSouth Recorded	
Parity with retail	- And Transport - And Transport (中国の新文学の教育的 Transport - State - Stat
- mosty	

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

	<b>《大学》,《大学》,《大学》,《大学》,《大学》,《大学》,《大学》</b>
B-6. Mean Time to Deliver Usage	
Definition:	White the second of the second
This measurement provides the average tir provided showing timeliness of BST mess. Mean Time to Deliver Usage measures are	me it takes to deliver Usage Records to a CLEC. A parity measure is also sages processed and transmitted via CMDS. Timeliness, Completeness and e reported on the same report.
Exclusions:	
None	
Business Rules:	<b>的是国家公司中央公司的公司的公司中央公司的公司的公司的公司的公司的公司的公司的公司的公司的公司的公司的公司的公司的公</b>
appropriate CLEC. Usage data is mechani Method of delivery is at the option of the (	
Calculation:	<b>医神经</b> 医中央性原则性神经病,所谓,所谓,所谓,所谓,此类,以为,此,此,此,而,而,
-	
CLEC Aggregate	
<ul><li>CLEC Aggregate</li><li>CLEC Specific</li></ul>	erik Girar Radio graf older fram Lagran differe frijkrightige og fildere og for en en for en en for en en for e
<ul> <li>CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>CLEC Specific</li> <li>BST Aggregate</li> </ul>	
<ul><li>CLEC Aggregate</li><li>CLEC Specific</li></ul>	
CLEC Aggregate     CLEC Specific     BST Aggregate Level of Disaggregation:     Geographic Scope     ➤ Region  Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experies	
<ul> <li>CLEC Aggregate</li> <li>CLEC Specific</li> <li>BST Aggregate</li> <li>Level of Disaggregation:</li> <li>Geographic Scope         ➤ Region     </li> <li>Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experies</li> <li>Report Month</li> </ul>	
CLEC Aggregate     CLEC Specific     BST Aggregate Level of Disaggregation:     Geographic Scope     ≻ Region  Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experies     Report Month     Record Type	nce: - Data Retained Relating to BST-Performance:
CLEC Aggregate     CLEC Specific     BST Aggregate Level of Disaggregation:     Geographic Scope     ≻ Region  Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experies     Report Month     Record Type     ▶ BellSouth Recorded	nce:  Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:  Report Monthly
CLEC Aggregate     CLEC Specific     BST Aggregate  Level of Disaggregation:     Geographic Scope     ➤ Region  Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experies     Report Month     Record Type     ➤ BellSouth Recorded     ➤ Non-BellSouth Recorded	Data Retained Relating to BST-Performance:  Report Monthly Record Type
CLEC Aggregate     CLEC Specific     BST Aggregate  Level of Disaggregation:     Geographic Scope     ➤ Region  Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experies     Report Month     Record Type     ➤ BellSouth Recorded     ➤ Non-BellSouth Recorded	nce:  Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:  Report Monthly

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

## OPERATOR SERVICES AND DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE

	asurement: And the company of the co
OS-1. S	peed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer - Toll
	。1914年1月1日 1月1日 1月1日 1日 1
Measuren	nent of the average time in seconds calls wait before answered by a toll operator.
Exclusions:	
None	
Business R	iles: 在《《》,如此,如此是是一种的人,但是是一种的人,但是是是是是是是是是是是是是是是是是是是是是是是是
call or the and accur until the c	starts when the customer enters the queue and the clock stops when a BellSouth representative answers the customer abandons the call. The length of each call is determined by measuring, using a scanning technique, nulating the elapsed time from the entry of a customer call into the BellSouth call management system queue sustomer call is abandoned or transferred to BellSouth personnel assigned to handle calls for assistance. The akes no distinction between CLEC customers and BST customers.
Calculation	
(Note: To prior to al	ue time + total calls answered  otal queue time includes time that answered calls wait in queue as well as time abandoned calls wait in queue  oandonment.)
	icture: were to be a constitute of the lateral form of the constitution of the constit
	orted for the aggregate of BST and CLECs
	State
	aggregation:
None	
Data Ketan	ned (on Aggregate Basis):
	he items below, BST's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; fore, no raw data file is available in PMAP
<ul> <li>Mon</li> </ul>	th `
	Type (Toll)
	age Speed of Answer
Retail Anal	og/Benchmark:
Parity by	Design

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# OPERATOR SERVICES AND DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE

D
Report/Measurement:
OS-2. Speed to Answer Performance/Percent Answered with "X" Seconds - Toll
Definition:
Measurement of the percent of toll calls that are answered in less than "30" seconds. The number of seconds represented
by "X" is thirty, except where a different regulatory benchmark has been set against the Average Speed to Answer by a
State Commission.
Exclusions:
Calls abandoned by customers are not reflected in the average speed to answer but are reflected in the conversion tables where the percent answered within "X" seconds is determined.
Business Rules:
The clock starts when the customer enters the queue and the clock stops when a BellSouth representative answers the
call or the customer abandons the call. The length of each call is determined by measuring, using a scanning technique.
and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a customer call into the BellSouth call management system queue
until the customer call is abandoned or transferred to BellSouth personnel assigned to handle calls for assistance. The
system makes no distinction between CLEC customers and BST customers.
Calculation:
The Percent Answered within "X" Seconds measurement for toll is derived by using the BellCore Statistical Answer
Conversion Tables, to convert the Average Speed to Answer measure into a percent of calls answered within "X"
seconds. The BellCore Conversion Tables are specific to the defined parameters of work time, number of operators,
max queue size and call abandonment rates.
Report Structure:
Reported for the aggregate of BST and CLECs
> State
Level of Disaggregation:
None .
Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis):
<ul> <li>For the items below, BST's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation;</li> </ul>
therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP
Month
Call Type (Toil)
Average Speed of Answer
Retail Analog/Benchmark:
Parity by Design

Parity by Design

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

## **OPERATOR SERVICES AND DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE**

Report/Measurement: 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
DA-1. Speed to Answer Performance/Average Speed to Answer - Directory Assistance (DA)
Definition:
Measurement of the average time in seconds calls wait before answered by a DA operator.
Exclusions:
Calls abandoned by customers are not reflected in the average speed to answer but are reflected in the conversion tables where the percent answered within "X" seconds is determined.
Business Rules:
The clock starts when the customer enters the queue and the clock stops when a BellSouth representative answers the call or the customer abandons the call. The length of each call is determined by measuring, using a scanning technique, and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a customer call into the BellSouth call management system queue, until the customer call is abandoned or transferred to BellSouth personnel assigned to handle calls for assistance. The system makes no distinction between CLEC customers and BST customers.
Calculation:
Total queue time + total calls answered  (Note: Total queue time includes time that answered calls wait in queue as well as time abandoned calls wait in queue prior to abandonment.)
Report Structure:
<ul> <li>Reported for the aggregate of BST and CLECs</li> <li>State</li> </ul>
Level of Disaggregation:
None
Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)
<ul> <li>For the items below, BST's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation;</li> <li>therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP</li> <li>Month</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Call Type (DA)</li> <li>Average Speed of Answer</li> </ul>
Retail Analog/Benchmark

#### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

### OPERATOR SERVICES AND DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE

#### Report/Measurement:

# DA-2. Speed to Answer Performance/Percent Answered within "X" Seconds - Directory Assistance (DA)

See Contract See See See See See

#### Definition:

Measurement of the percent of DA calls that are answered in less than "20" seconds. The number of seconds represented by "X" is twenty, except where a different regulatory benchmark has been set for the Average Speed to Answer by a State Commission.

#### Exclusions:

Calls abandoned by customers are not reflected in the average speed to answer but are reflected in the conversion tables where the percent answered within "X" seconds is determined.

#### Business Rules:

The clock starts when the customer enters the queue and the clock stops when a BeilSouth representative answers the call or the customer abandons the call. The length of each call is determined by measuring, using a scanning technique. and accumulating the elapsed time from the entry of a customer call into the BellSouth call management system queue until the customer call is abandoned or transferred to BellSouth personnel assigned to handle calls for assistance. The system makes no distinction between CLEC customers and BST customers.

Calculation:

The Percent Answered within "X" Seconds measurement for DA is derived by using the BellCore Statistical Answer Conversion Tables, to convert the Average Speed to Answer measure into a percent of calls answered within "X" seconds. The BellCore Conversion Tables are specific to the defined parameters of work time, number of operators, max queue size and call abandonment rates.

#### Report Structure:

- Reported for the aggregate of BST and CLECs
  - ➤ State

#### Level of Disaggregation:

#### Data Retained (on Aggregate Basis)

- For the items below, BST's Performance Measurement Analysis Platform (PMAP) receives a final computation; therefore, no raw data file is available in PMAP.
- Month
- Call Type (DA)
- Average Speed of Answer

#### Retail Analog/Benchmark

Parity by Design

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

## E911

Report/Measurement:	
E-1. Timeliness	
Definition:	
Measures the percent of batch orders for E911 database updates successfully within a 24-hour period.	(to CLEC resale and BST retail records) processed
Exclusions:	
<ul> <li>Any resale order canceled by a CLEC</li> <li>Facilities-based CLEC orders</li> </ul>	
Business Rules:  The 24-hour processing period is calculated based on the date an	
	Order Control System (SOCS) Processing stone when
E911 files containing batch orders extracted from BST's Service SCC loads the individual records to the E911 database. The E91 Identification (ALI) database. The system makes no distinction Calculation:	l database includes updates to the Automatic Location between CLEC resale records and BST retail records.
SCC loads the individual records to the E911 database. The E91 Identification (ALI) database. The system makes no distinction Calculation:	l database includes updates to the Automatic Location between CLEC resale records and BST retail records.
SCC loads the individual records to the E911 database. The E91 Identification (ALI) database. The system makes no distinction	l database includes updates to the Automatic Location between CLEC resale records and BST retail records.
SCC loads the individual records to the E911 database. The E91 Identification (ALI) database. The system makes no distinction  Calculation:  E911 Timelines = Σ (Number of batch orders processed within 2 Report Structure:  Report Structure:  Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BS > State > Region	1 database includes updates to the Automatic Location between CLEC resale records and BST retail records.  24 hours +Total number of batch orders submitted) x 100
SCC loads the individual records to the E911 database. The E91 Identification (ALI) database. The system makes no distinction  Calculation:  E911 Timelines = Σ (Number of batch orders processed within 2 Report Structure:  Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BS > State > Region  Level of Disaggregation:	1 database includes updates to the Automatic Location between CLEC resale records and BST retail records.  24 hours +Total number of batch orders submitted) x 100
SCC loads the individual records to the E911 database. The E91 Identification (ALI) database. The system makes no distinction  Calculation:  E911 Timelines = Σ (Number of batch orders processed within 2 Report Structure:  Report Structure:  Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BS > State Region  Level of Disaggregation: None	1 database includes updates to the Automatic Location between CLEC resale records and BST retail records.  24 hours +Total number of batch orders submitted) x 100
SCC loads the individual records to the E911 database. The E91 Identification (ALI) database. The system makes no distinction  Calculation:  E911 Timelines = Σ (Number of batch orders processed within 2 Report Structure:  Report Structure:  Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BS > State Region  Level of Disaggregation: None  Data Retained	1 database includes updates to the Automatic Location between CLEC resale records and BST retail records.  24 hours +Total number of batch orders submitted) x 100
SCC loads the individual records to the E911 database. The E91 Identification (ALI) database. The system makes no distinction  Calculation:  E911 Timelines = Σ (Number of batch orders processed within 2 Report Structure:  Report Structure:  Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BS > State Region  Level of Disaggregation: None  Data Retained  Report month Aggregate data	1 database includes updates to the Automatic Location between CLEC resale records and BST retail records.  24 hours +Total number of batch orders submitted) x 100
SCC loads the individual records to the E911 database. The E91 Identification (ALI) database. The system makes no distinction  Calculation:  E911 Timelines = Σ (Number of batch orders processed within 2 Report Structure:  Report Structure:  Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BS > State Region  Level of Disaggregation: None  Data Retained Report month	1 database includes updates to the Automatic Location between CLEC resale records and BST retail records.  24 hours +Total number of batch orders submitted) x 100

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### E911

#### Report/Measurement: Company and Company of the E-2. Accuracy Definition: Measures the percent of E911 telephone number (TN) record updates (to CLEC resale and BST retail records) processed successully for E911 including the Automatic Location Identification (ALI) database. Exclusions: Any resale order canceled by a CLEC Facilities-based CLEC orders Business Rules: Accuracy is based on the number of records processed without error at the conclusion of the processing cycle. Mechanical processing starts when SCC (BST's E911 vendor) receives E911 files containing telephone number (TN) records extracted from BST's Service Order Control System (SOCS). The system makes no distinction between CLEC resale records and BST retail records. E911 Accuracy = Σ (Number of record individual updates processed with no errors +Total number of individual record updates) x 100 Report Structure: Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BST retail updates State Region Level of Disaggregation: None Data Retained Report month Aggregate data Retail Analog/Benchmark: GO LONG COM Parity by Design

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### E911

### Report/Measurement:

E-3. Mean Interval

#### Definition:

Measures the mean interval processing of E911 batch orders (to update CLEC resale and BST retail records) including processing against the Automatic Location Identification (ALI) database.

#### Exclusions

- Any resale order canceled by a CLEC
- Facilities-based CLEC orders

#### Business Rules:

The processing period is calculated based on the date and time processing starts on the batch orders and the date and time processing stops on the batch orders. Data is posted is 4-hour increments up to and beyond 24 hours. The system makes no distinction between CLEC resale records and BST retail records.

#### Calculation:

E911 Mean Interval =  $\Sigma$  (Date and time of batch order completion – Date and time of batch order submission) + (Number of batch orders completed)

## Report Structure:

- Reported for the aggregate of CLEC resale updates and BST retail updates
  - > State
  - Region

#### Level of Disaggregation:

None

#### Data Retained

- Report month
- Aggregate data

#### Retail Analog/Benchmark:

Parity by Design

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### BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### TRUNK GROUP PERFORMANCE

#### Report/Measurement:

TGP-1. Trunk Group Performance-Aggregate

The Trunk Group Performance report displays, over a reporting cycle, aggregate, average trunk group blocking data for each hour of each day of the reporting cycle, for both CLEC affecting and BST affecting trunk groups.

#### Exclusions:

- Trunk Groups for which valid data is not available for an entire study period
- Duplicate trunk group information

#### Business Rules:

The purpose of the Trunk Group Performance Report is to provide trunk blocking measurements on CLEC and BST trunk groups for comparison only. It is not the intent of the report that it be used for network management and/or engineering.

#### Monthly Average Blocking:

- The reporting cycle includes both business and non-business days in a calendar month.
- Monthly average blocking values are calculated for each trunk group for each of the 24 time consistent hours across a reporting cycle.

#### Aggregate Monthly Blocking:

- Used to compare aggregate blocking across trunk groups which terminate traffic at CLEC points of presence versus BellSouth switches.
- Aggregate monthly blocking data is calculated for each hour of the day across all trunk groups assigned to a category.

#### Trunk Categorization:

 This report displays, over a reporting cycle, aggregate, average blocking data for each hour of a day. Therefore, for each reporting cycle, 24 blocking data points are generated for two aggregate groups of selected trunk groups. These groups are CLEC affecting and BellSouth affecting trunk groups. In order to assign trunk groups to each aggregate group, all trunk groups are first assigned to a category. A trunk group's end points and the type of traffic that is transmitted on it define a category. Selected categories of trunk groups are assigned to the aggregate groups so that trunk reports can be generated. The categories to which trunk groups have been assigned for this report are as follows.

#### CLEC Affecting Categories:

	Point A	Point B
Category 1:	BellSouth End Office	BellSouth Access Tandem
Category 3:	BellSouth End Office	CLEC Switch
Category 4:	BellSouth Local Tandem	CLEC Switch
Category 5:	BellSouth Access Tandem	CLEC Switch
Category 10:	BellSouth End Office	BellSouth Local Tandem
Category 16:	BellSouth Tandem	BellSouth Tandem
BellSouth Affe	cting Categories:	

Point A Point B

BellSouth End Office BellSouth End Office Category 9:

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

## (TGP-1. Trunk Group Performance-Aggregate - Continued)

Retail Analog/Benchmark:

Parity with Retail

#### Calculation: 大连军(支撑在外部 化甲磺磺胺酚基甲甲酚盐 化氯化甲汞) Monthly Average Blocking: For each hour of the day, each day's raw data are summed across all valid measurements days in a report cycle for blocked and attempted calls. The sum of the blocked calls is divided by the total number of calls attempted in a reporting period. Aggregate Monthly Blocking: For each hour of the day, the monthly sums of the blocked and attempted calls from each trunk group are separately aggregated over all trunk groups within each assigned category. The total blocked calls is divided by the total call attempts within a group to calculate an aggregate monthly blocking for each assigned group. The result is an aggregate monthly average blocking value for each of the 24 hours by group. The difference between the CLEC and BellSouth affecting trunk groups are also calculated for each hour. Report Structure: CLEC Aggregate **BST** Aggregate > State Level of Disaggregation: Trunk Group Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience Data Retained Relating to BST Experience-Report Month Report Month **Total Trunk Groups** Total Trunk Groups Number of Trunk Groups by CLEC Aggregate Hourly blocking per trunk group Hourly blocking per trunk group Hourly usage per trunk group Hourly usage per trunk group Hourly call attempts per trunk group Hourly call attempts per trunk group

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# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### TRUNK GROUP PERFORMANCE

#### Report/Messurement:

#### TGP-2. Trunk Group Performance-CLEC Specific

#### Definition:

The Trunk Group Performance report displays, over a reporting cycle, aggregate, average trunk group blocking data for each hour of each day of the reporting cycle, for both CLEC affecting and BST affecting trunk groups.

#### Exclusions:

- Trunk Groups for which valid data is not available for an entire study period
- Duplicate trunk group information

#### Business Rules:

The purpose of the Trunk Group Performance Report is to provide trunk blocking measurements on CLEC and BST trunk groups for comparison only. It is not the intent of the report that it be used for network management and/or engineering.

#### Monthly Average Blocking:

- The reporting cycle includes both business and non-business days in a calendar month.
- Monthly average blocking values are calculated for each trunk group for each of the 24 time consistent hours across a reporting cycle.

#### Aggregate Monthly Blocking:

- Used to compare aggregate blocking across trunk groups which terminate traffic at CLEC points of presence versus BellSouth switches.
- Aggregate monthly blocking data is calculated for each hour of the day across all trunk groups assigned to a
  category.

#### Trunk Categorization:

• This report displays, over a reporting cycle, aggregate, average blocking data for each hour of a day. Therefore, for each reporting cycle, 24 blocking data points are generated for two aggregate groups of selected trunk groups. These groups are CLEC affecting and BellSouth affecting trunk groups. In order to assign trunk groups to each aggregate group, all trunk groups are first assigned to a category. A trunk group's end points and the type of traffic that is transmitted on it define a category. Selected categories of trunk groups are assigned to the aggregate groups so that trunk reports can be generated. The categories to which trunk groups have been assigned for this report are as follows.

#### **CLEC Affecting Categories:**

	Point A	Point B
Category 1: Category 3: Category 4: Category 5: Category 10: Category 16:	BellSouth End Office BellSouth End Office BellSouth Local Tandem BellSouth Access Tandem BellSouth End Office BellSouth Tandem	BellSouth Access Tandem CLEC Switch CLEC Switch CLEC Switch BellSouth Local Tandem BellSouth Tandem
•	cting Categories:	Denovuu 1 anacm

Datas

Point A Point B

Category 9: BellSouth End Office BellSouth End Office

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

## (TGP-2. Trunk Group Performance-Aggregate - Continued)

# Calculation:

#### Monthly Average Blocking:

- For each hour of the day, each day's raw data are summed across all valid measurements days in a report cycle for blocked and attempted calls.
- The sum of the blocked calls is divided by the total number of calls attempted in a reporting period.

#### Aggregate Monthly Blocking:

- For each hour of the day, the monthly sums of the blocked and attempted calls from each trunk group are separately aggregated over all trunk groups within each assigned category.
- The total blocked calls is divided by the total call attempts within a group to calculate an aggregate monthly blocking for each assigned group.
- The result is an aggregate monthly average blocking value for each of the 24 hours by group.
- The difference between the CLEC and BellSouth affecting trunk groups are also calculated for each hour.

Report Structure:	
CLEC Specific	
> State	·
Level of Disaggregation:	
Trunk Group	
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience	Data Retained Relating to BST Experience
Report Month	Report Month
Total Trunk Groups	Total Trunk Groups
Number of Trunk Groups by CLEC	Aggregate Hourly blocking per trunk group
Hourly blocking per trunk group	Hourly usage per trunk group
Hourly usage per trunk group	Hourly call attempts per trunk group
Hourly call attempts per trunk group	
Retail Analog/Benchmark:	
Parity with Retail	

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#### **BellSouth OSS Testing** Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### TRUNK GROUP PERFORMANCE

#### Report/Measurement:

#### TGP-3. Trunk Group Service Report

#### Definition:

A report of the percent blocking above the Measured Blocking Threshold (MBT) on all final trunk groups between CLEC Points of Termination and BST end offices or tandems.

- Trunk groups for which valid traffic data is not available
- High use trunk groups

#### Business Rules:

Traffic trunking data measurements are validated and processed by the Network Information Warehouse (NIW), on an hourly basis for Business and non-business Days. The traffic load sets, including offered load and observed blocking ratio (calls blocked divided by calls attempted), are averaged for the entire report period, and the busy hour is selected. The busy hour average data for each trunk group is captured for reporting purposes. Although all trunk groups are available for reporting, the report highlights those trunk groups with blocking greater than the Measured Blocking Threshold (MBT) and the number of consecutive monthly reports that the trunk group blocking has exceeded the MBT. The MBT for CTTG is 2% and the MBT for all other trunk groups is 3%.

#### Calculation:

Measured blocking = (Total number of blocked calls) / (Total number of attempted calls) X 100

### Report Structure:

- **BST** Aggregate
  - > CTTG
  - > Local
- CLEC Aggregate
  - > BST Administered CLEC Trunk
  - > CLEC Administered CLEC Trunk
- CLEC Specific
  - > BST Administered CLEC Trunk
  - > CLEC Administered CLEC Trunk

#### Level of Disaggregation:

Parity with Retail

#### State Data Retained Relating to BST Experience: Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience: Report month Report month Total trunk groups Total trunk groups Total trunk groups for which data is available Total trunk groups for which data is available Trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT Trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT the MBT Retail Analog/Benchmark:

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

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#### TRUNK GROUP PERFORMANCE

#### Report/Measurement:

#### TGP-4. Trunk Group Service Detail

#### Definition:

A detailed list of all final trunk groups between CLEC Points of Presence and BST end offices or tandems, and the actual blocking performance when the blocking exceeds the Measured Blocking Threshold (MBT) for the trunk groups.

#### Exclusions:

- Trunk groups for which valid traffic data is not available
- High use trunk groups

#### Business Rules:

Traffic trunking data measurements are validated and processed by the Network Information Warehouse (NIW), on an hourly basis for Business and non-business Days. The traffic load sets, including offered load and observed blocking ratio (calls blocked divided by calls attempted), are averaged for the entire report period, and the busy hour is selected. The busy hour average data for each trunk group is captured for reporting purposes. Although all trunk groups are available for reporting, the report highlights those trunk groups with blocking greater than the Measured Blocking Threshold (MBT) and the number of consecutive monthly reports that the trunk group blocking has exceeded the MBT. The MBT for CTTG is 2% and the MBT for all other trunk groups is 3%.

#### Calculation:

Measured blocking = (Total number of blocked calls) / (Total number of attempted calls) X 100

#### Report Structure:

- BST Specific/CLEC Specific
  - > Traffic Identity
  - > TGSN
  - ➤ Tandem
  - > End Office
  - CLEC POT
  - Description
  - Observed Blocking
  - > Busy Hour
  - Number Trunks
  - Valid study days
  - Number reports
  - Remarks

## Level of Disaggregation:

#### State

# Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:

- Report month
- Total trunk groups
- Total trunk groups for which data is available
- Trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT
- Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT
- Traffic identify, TGSN, end points, description, busy hour, valid study days, number reports

### Data Retained Relating to BST Experience:

- Report month
- Total trunk groups
- Total trunk groups for which data is available
- Trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT
- Percent of trunk groups with blocking greater than the MBT
- Traffic identify, TGSN, end points, description, busy hour, valid study days, number reports

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#### Retail Analog/Benchmark:

Parity with Retail

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

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#### **COLLOCATION**

# Report/Measurement:

C-1. Average Response Time

Definition:

Measures the average time (counted in calendar days) from the receipt of a complete and accurate collocation application to the date BellSouth returns a response.

Exclusions:

Any application cancelled by the CLEC

Business Rules:

The clock starts on the date that BST receives a complete and accurate collocation application. The clock stops on the date that BST returns a response. The clock will restart upon receipt of changes to the original application request.

Calculation:

Average Response Time =  $\sum [(Request Response Date) - (Request Submission Date)] / Count of Responses Returned within Reporting Period.$ 

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Report Structure: A Table 22 A Table 2 Control of the Art of the A

- Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate
- Aggregate of all CLECs

# Level of Disaggregation:

State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order

- Virtual-Initial
- Virtual-Augment
- Virtual-Combined
- Physical-Initial
- Physical-Augment
- Physical-Combined
- Caged/Cageless (under development)

#### Data Retained

- Report period
- Aggregate data

#### Retail Analog/Benchmark:

Virtual 15 Calendar Days

Physical 15 Calendar Days

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### **COLLOCATION**

## Report/Measurement:

#### C-2. Average Arrangement Time

#### Definition:

Measures the average time (counted in calendar days) from the receipt of a complete and accurate Bone Fide firm order to the date BST completes the collocation arrangement and notifies the CLEC.

#### Exclusions:

Any Bona Fide firm order cancelled by the CLEC

#### Business Rules:

The clock starts on the date that BST receives a complete and accurate Bone Fide firm order. The clock stops on the date that BST completes the collocation arrangement and notifies the CLEC.

#### Calculation:

Average Arrangement Time =  $\Sigma$ [(Date Collocation Arrangement is Complete) - (Date Order for Collocation Arrangement Submitted)] / Total Number of Collocation Arrangements Completed during Reporting Period.

#### Report Structure:

- Individual CLEC (alias) aggregate
- Aggregate of all CLECs

## Level of Disaggregation:

- State, Region and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order
- Virtual-Initial
- Virtual-Augment
- Virtual-Combined
- Physical-Initial
- Physical-Augment
- Physical-Combined
- Caged/Cageless (under development)

#### Data Retained

- Report period
- Aggregate data

## Retail Analog/Benchmark:

- Physical 90 Calendar Days
- Physical Augment (with space increase) 90 Calendar Days
- Physical Augment (without space increase) 45 Calendar Days
- Virtual 60 Calendar Days
- Virtual Augment (with space increase) 60 Calendar Days
- Virtual Augment (without space increase)
   45 Calendar Days

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# **COLLOCATION**

Report/Measuren	ient:
C-3. Percent	of Due Dates Missed
Definition:	
	cent of missed due dates for collocation arrangements.
Exclusions:	
	irm order cancelled by the CLEC
Business Rules:	talan kan kati inti interprite interprite interprite interprite interprite interprite interprite interprite in
the ILEC commi	es Missed is the percent of total collocation arrangements which BST is unable to complete by end of ted due date. The clock starts on the date that BST receives a complete and accurate Bona Fide firm gement is considered a missed due date if it is not completed on or before the committed due date.
	。在1900年代,我 <b>可以自己是各种的</b> 主要的企会的企 <mark>业,他们</mark> 在1900年的基础。1910年代,中国
ing Reporting Pe	Missed = $\Sigma$ (Number of Completed Orders that were not completed w/I ILEC Committed Due Data-dur- riod) / Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period) X 100.
	ing in the second of the secon
	LEC (alias) aggregate
Aggregate o	
	gation: Some the second
	n and further geographic disaggregation as required by State Commission Order
<ul> <li>Virtual-Aug</li> </ul>	
Virtual-Con	
<ul> <li>Physical-Ini</li> </ul>	
Physical-Au	
Physical-Co     Const/Const	
	less (under development)
Report perio	
Aggregate d	
	chmark: A the second of the se
90% ≤ Commit	Date (Virtual and Physical)

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

Report/Measurement:
CM-1. Timeliness of Change Management Notices
Definition:
Measures whether CLECs receive required notices on time to prepare for ILEC interface/system changes so CLEC interfaces are not impaired by change.
Exclusions:
None
Business Rules:
This metric is designed to measure the percent of change management notices sent to the CLECs according to notification standards and timeframes set forth in the Change Control Process. The CCP is used by BellSouth and the CLECs to manage requested changes to the BellSouth Local Interfaces.
Calculation:
Σ {(Change Management Notifications Sent Within Required Timeframes) + (Total Number of Change Management Notifications Sent)] X 100
Report Structure:
BST Aggregate
Level of Disaggregation:
Region
Data Retained
Report Period
Notice Date
Release Date
Retail Analog/Benchmark
98% on Time

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

Report/Measurement:	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O		1 - Carlotte - 1
CM-2. Average Delay Days f	or Change Management Notices		
Definition:	さんと はなない 一日の一日の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本	想到被"他"。他说:"	THE BUILDING
Measures the average delay day Process.	of change management notices sent outside the timeframe se	t forth in the Char	ige Control
Exclusions:	1000000000000000000000000000000000000	a terretari	1 10 17 H. 214
None			2, 1-3
Business Rules:	三·克里斯斯·克里斯·克里斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯		Sec 1742 1 24 19
standards and timeframes set for manage requested changes to the	re the percent of change management notices sent to the CLE th in the Change Control Process. The CCP is used by BellSo BellSouth Local Interfaces	outh and the CLEC	Cs to
Calculation:	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE		Mr. 1 24
Calculation: $\sum$ [(Date Notice Sent - Date Notice	ice Due) + (Total Number of Notices Sent)]		-8
Calculation: Σ [(Date Notice Sent - Date Not Report Structure:	ice Due) + (Total Number of Notices Sent)]		-8
Calculation: Σ [(Date Notice Sent - Date Not Report Structurer BST Aggregate	ice Due) + (Total Number of Notices Sent)]		-8
Calculation:  ∑[(Date Notice Sent - Date Not Report Structure:  BST Aggregate  Level of Disaggregation:	ice Due) + (Total Number of Notices Sent)]		-8
Calculation:  ∑[(Date Notice Sent - Date Not Report Structure:  BST Aggregate  Level of Disaggregation:  Region	ice Due) + (Total Number of Notices Sent)]		-8
Calculation:  ∑[(Date Notice Sent - Date Not Report Structure:  BST Aggregate  Level of Disaggregation:	ice Due) + (Total Number of Notices Sent)]		-8
Calculation:  ∑[(Date Notice Sent - Date Not Report Structure:  BST Aggregate  Level of Disaggregation:  Region	ice Due) + (Total Number of Notices Sent)]		-8
Calculation:  ∑[(Date Notice Sent - Date Not Report Structure:  BST Aggregate  Level of Disaggregation:  Region  Data Retained	ice Due) + (Total Number of Notices Sent)]		-8
Calculation:  ∑[(Date Notice Sent - Date Not Report Structure:  BST Aggregate  Level of Disaggregation:  Region  Data Retained  • Report Period	ice Due) + (Total Number of Notices Sent)]		-8
Calculation:  ∑[(Date Notice Sent - Date Not Report Structure:  BST Aggregate  Level of Disaggregation:  Region  Data Retained  • Report Period  • Notice Date	ice Due) + (Total Number of Notices Sent)]		-8

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

	了一个一个大型的大型的大型的大型的大型的大型的大型的大型的大型的大型的大型的大型的大型的大
CM-3. Timeliness of	Documents Associated with Change
Definition:	The Control of the Co
interfaces are not impa	ired by change.
Exclusions:	
None	
Business Rules:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
and timeframes set fort requested changes to th	to measure the percent of documentation sent to the CLECs according to documentation standards h in the Change Control Process. The CCP is used by BellSouth and the CLECs to manage e BellSouth Local Interfaces.
Calculation:	
C ((C))	
ک زردnange Manageme	nt Documentation Sent Within Required Timeframes after Notices) + (Total Number of Change
Anagement Documen	nt Documentation Sent Within Required Timeframes after Notices) + (Total Number of Change tation Sent)] X 100
A ((Change Manageme Management Documen	nt Documentation Sent Within Required Timeframes after Notices) + (Total Number of Change
Management Documen Report Structure: BST Aggregate	nt Documentation Sent Within Required Timeframes after Notices) + (Total Number of Change tation Sent)] X 100
Management Documen Report Structure: BST Aggregate	nt Documentation Sent Within Required Timeframes after Notices) + (Total Number of Change tation Sent)] X 100
Management Documen Report Structure: BST Aggregate Level of Disaggregation: Region	nt Documentation Sent Within Required Timeframes after Notices) + (Total Number of Change tation Sent)] X 100
Management Documen Report Structure: BST Aggregate Level of Disaggregation: Region	nt Documentation Sent Within Required Timeframes after Notices) + (Total Number of Change tation Sent)] X 100
Anagement Document Report Structure:  BST Aggregate Level of Disaggregation: Region Data Retained	nt Documentation Sent Within Required Timeframes after Notices) + (Total Number of Change tation Sent)] X 100
Management Documen Report Structure: BST Aggregate Level of Disaggregation: Region Data Retained Report Period	nt Documentation Sent Within Required Timeframes after Notices) + (Total Number of Change tation Sent)] X 100
Management Documen Report Structure: BST Aggregate Level of Disaggregation: Region Data Retained  Report Period  Notice Date Release Date	nt Documentation Sent Within Required Timeframes after Notices) + (Total Number of Change tation Sent)] X 100

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

Report/Measurem	att 心理,可能是这种是一种的一种,可以是一种的一种,可以是一种的一种,可以是一种的一种,可以
CM-4. Average	Delay Days for Documentation
Definition:	The state of the s
Measures the ave	age delay days of documentation sent outside the timeframe set forth in the Change Control Process.
Exclusions:	10. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
None	
Business Rules:	· 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10
timeframes set for	igned to measure the percent of documentation sent to the CLECs according to notification standards and the change Control Process. The CCP is used by BellSouth and the CLECs to manage requested all South Local Interfaces.
Calculation:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	ntation Provided - Date Documentation Due) + (Total Change Management Documents Sent)]
Report Structure:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
BST Aggregate	
Level of Disaggreg	ition:
Region	
Data Retained	"自然"的"是一种",我们是 <mark>我们的我们的是一个人,我们也是是一个人的,我们</mark> 是一个人的,他们也是一个人的。
Report Per	od
<ul> <li>Notice Dat</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Release Da</li> </ul>	te
Retail Analog/Bene	hmark
90% ≤ 5 Days	

ORDER NO. PSC-00-2451-PAA-TP

DOCKETS NOS. 981834-TP, 960786-TL

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# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# Appendix A: Reporting Scope

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Standard Service Order Activities  These are the generic BST/CLEC service order activities that are included in the Pre-Ordering, Ordering, and Provisioning sections of this document. It is not meant to indicate specific reporting categories.	<ul> <li>New Service Installations</li> <li>Service Migrations Without Changes</li> <li>Service Migrations With Changes</li> <li>Move and Change Activities</li> <li>Service Disconnects (Unless noted otherwise)</li> </ul>
And the second s	Control of the Contro
Pre-Ordering Query Types:  Maintenance Query Types:	> Address > Telephone Number > Appointment Scheduling > Customer Service Record > Feature Availability
	THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF
Report Levels	> CLEC RESH > CLEC State > CLEC Region > Aggregate CLEC State > Aggregate CLEC Region > BST State > BST Region

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

## Appendix B: Recommended Additional Metrics

KPMG has agreed to investigate the feasibility of capturing these additional metrics results through its role as an ALEC during the testing. These additional metrics include:

- Percent Service Loss from Early and Late Cuts
- Percent of Hot Cuts Not Working When Initially Provisioned
- Percent Completions or Attempt without Notice or with Less than 24 Hours Notice
- Percent Order Accuracy
- Percent of Orders Canceled or Supplemented at the Request of BellSouth
- Percent and Timeliness of EDI and TAG LSR Acknowledgments
- Provisioning Troubles Prior to Loop Acceptance
- Percent Orders Canceled After Missed Due Date
- Percent Found OK/Test OK/CPE
- ALEC Center Call Abandonment Rate
- Average Notification of Interface/OSS Outage
- Percent of Change Management Notices and Documentation Sent on Time
- Percent of Software Certification Failures and Software Problem Resolution
- Percent Billing Errors Corrected in X days
- Loop Make-up Information Timeliness
- Provisioning Trouble Reports Prior to Service Order Completion
- Coordinated Customer Conversions as a Percentage On-Time
- Service Inquiry with Firm Order (Manual)<sup>1</sup>
- Percent Troubles within 7 days of a Hot Cut<sup>1</sup>

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

# Appendix C: Glossary of Acronyms and Terms

		·
A	ACD	Automatic Call Distributor - A service that provides status monitoring of agents in a call center and routes high volume incoming telephone calls to available agents while collecting management information on both callers and attendants.
	AGGREGATE	Sum total of all items in like category, e.g. CLEC aggregate equals the sum total of all CLECs' data for a given reporting level.
	ALEC	Alternative Local Exchange Company = FL CLEC
	ASR	Access Service Request - A request for access service terminating delivery of carrier traffic into a Local Exchange Carrier's network.
	ATLAS	Application for Telephone Number Load Administration System - The BellSouth Operations System used to administer the pool of available telephone numbers and to reserve selected numbers from the pool for use on pending service requests/service orders.
	ATLASTN	ATLAS software contract for Telephone Number
	AUTO CLARIFICATION	The number of LSRs that were electronically rejected from LESOG and electronically returned to the CLEC for correction.
В	BILLING	The second for the best of the best of the second for the
•	BILLING	The process and functions by which billing data is collected and by which account information is processed in order to render accurate and timely billing.
	BOCRIS	Business Office Customer Record Information System - A front-end presentation manager used by BellSouth organizations to access the CRIS database.
	BRC	Business Repair Center - The BellSouth Business Systems trouble receipt center which serves large business and CLEC customers.
	BST	BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.
С	CKTID	A unique identifier for elements combined in a service configuration
	CLEC	Competitive Local Exchange Carrier
	CLP	Competitive Local Provider = NC CLEC
,	CMDS	Centralized Message Distribution System - BellCore administered national system used to transfer specially formatted messages among companies.
	COFFI	Central Office Feature File Interface - A BellSouth Operations System database which maintains Universal Service Order Code (USOC) information based on current tariffs.

> BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

C	COFIUSOC	COFFI software contract for feature/service information
	CRIS	Customer Record Information System - The BellSouth proprietary corporate database and billing system for non-access customers and services.
	CRSACCTS	CRIS software contract for CSR information
	CSR	Customer Service Record
	СТТС	Common Transport Trunk Group - Final trunk groups between BST & Independent end offices and the BST access tandems.
D	DESIGN	Design Service is defined as any Special or Plain Old Telephone Service Order which requires BellSouth Design Engineering Activities
	DISPOSITION & CAUSE	Types of trouble conditions, e.g. No Trouble Found, Central Office Equipment, Customer Premises Equipment, etc.
	DLETH	Display Lengthy Trouble History - A history report that gives all activity on a line record for trouble reports in LMOS
	DLR	Detail Line Record - All the basic information maintained on a line record in LMOS, e.g. name, address, facilities, features etc.
	DOE	Direct Order Entry System - An internal BellSouth service order entry system used by BellSouth Service Representatives to input business service orders in BellSouth format.
	DSAP	DOE (Direct Order Entry) Support Application - The BellSouth Operations System which assists a Service Representative or similar carrier agent in negotiating service provisioning commitments for non-designed services and UNEs.
	DSAPDDI	DSAP software contract for schedule information
	DSL	Digital Subscriber Line
E	E911	Provides callers access to the applicable emergency services bureau by dialing a 3-digit universal telephone number.
	EDI	Electronic Data Interchange - The computer-to-computer exchange of inter and/or intra company business documents in a public standard format.
F	FATAL REJECT	The number of LSRs that were electronically rejected from LEO, which checks to see of the LSR has all the required fields correctly populated
<u>.</u>	FLOW- THROUGH	In the context of this document, LSRs submitted electronically via the CLEC mechanized ordering process that flow through to the BST OSS without manual or human intervention.
	FOC	Firm Order Confirmation - A notification returned to the CLEC confirming that the LSR has been received and accepted, including the specified commitment date.

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

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Н	HAL	"Hands Off" Assignment Logic - Front end access and error resolution logic used in interfacing BellSouth Operations Systems such as ATLAS, BOCRIS, LMOS, PSIMS, RSAG and SOCS.
	HALCRIS	HAL software contract for CSR information
I	ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
	IPC	Interconnection Purchasing Center
K		
L	LCSC	Local Carrier Service Center - The BellSouth center which is dedicated to handling CLEC LSRs, ASRs, and Preordering transactions along with associated expedite requests and escalations.
	LEGACY SYSTEM	Term used to refer to BellSouth Operations Support Systems (see OSS)
	LENS	Local Exchange Negotiation System - The BellSouth LAN/web server/OS application developed to provide both preordering and ordering electronic interface functions for CLECs.
	LEO	Local Exchange Ordering - A BellSouth system which accepts the output of EDI, applies edit and formatting checks, and reformats the Local Service Requests in BellSouth Service Order format.
	LESOG	Local Exchange Service Order Generator - A BellSouth system which accepts the service order output of LEO and enters the Service Order into the Service Order Control System using terminal emulation technology.
	LMOS	Loop Maintenance Operations System - A BellSouth Operations System that stores the assignment and selected account information for use by downstream OSS and BellSouth personnel during provisioning and maintenance activities.
	LMOS HOST	LMOS host computer
	LMOSupd	LMOS updates
	LNP	Local Number Portability - In the context of this document, the capability for a subscriber to retain his current telephone number as he transfers to a different local service provider.
	LOOPS	Transmission paths from the central office to the customer premises.
	LSR	Local Service Request – A request for local resale service or unbundled network elements from a CLEC.
M	MAINTENANCE & REPAIR	The process and function by which trouble reports are passed to BellSouth and by which the related service problems are resolved.
	MARCH	A BellSouth Operations System which accepts service orders, interprets the coding contained in the service order image, and constructs the specific switching system Recent Change command messages for input into end office switches.

> BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

N	NC	"No Circuits" - All circuits busy announcement
0	OASIS	Obtain Availability Services Information System - A BellSouth front-end processor, which acts as an interface between COFFI and RNS. This system takes the USOCs in COFFI and translates them to English for display in RNS.
	OASISBSN OASISCAR OASISLPC OASISMTN OASISNET	OASIS software contract for feature/service
	OASISOCP	OASIS software contract for feature/service OASIS software contract for feature/service
	ORDERING	The process and functions by which resale services or unbundled network elements are ordered from BellSouth as well as the process by which an LSR or ASR is placed with BellSouth.
	OSPCM	Outside Plant Contract Management System - Provides Scheduling Information.
	OSS	Operations Support System - A support system or database which is used to mechanize the flow or performance of work. The term is used to refer to the overall system consisting of hardware complex, computer operating system(s), and application which is used to provide the support functions.
	OUT OF SERVICE	Customer has no dial tone and cannot call out.
P	POTS	Plain Old Telephone Service
	PREDICTOR	The BellSouth Operations system which is used to administer proactive maintenance and rehabilitation activities on outside plant facilities, provide access to selected work groups (e.g. RRC & BRC) to Mechanized Loop Testing and switching system I/O ports, and provide certain information regarding the attributes and capabilities of outside plant facilities.
	PREORDERING	The process and functions by which vital information is obtained, verified, or validated prior to placing a service request.
	PROVISIONING	The process and functions by which necessary work is performed to activate a service requested via an LSR or ASR and to initiate the proper billing and accounting functions.
	PSIMS	Product/Service Inventory Management System - A BellSouth database Operations System which contains availability information on switching system features and capabilities and on BellSouth service availability. This database is used to verify the availability of a feature or service in an NXX prior to making a commitment to the customer.
	PSIMSORB	PSIMS software contract for feature/service

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

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R	RNS	Regional Negotiation System - An internal BellSouth service order entry system used by BellSouth Consumer Services to input service orders in BellSouth format.
	RRC	Residence Repair Center - The BellSouth Consumer Services trouble receipt center which serves residential customers.
	RSAG	Regional Street Address Guide - The BellSouth database, which contains street addresses validated to be accurate with state and local governments.
		RSAG software contract for address search
	RSAGADDR	RSAG software contract for telephone number search
	RSAGTN	
S	SOCS	Service Order Control System - The BellSouth Operations System which routes service order images among BellSouth drop points and BellSouth Operations Systems during the service provisioning process.
	SOIR	Service Order Interface Record - any change effecting activity to a customer account by service order that impacts 911/E911.
Ť	TAFI	Trouble Analysis Facilitation Interface - The BellSouth Operations System that supports trouble receipt center personnel in taking and handling customer trouble reports.
	TAG	Telecommunications Access Gateway - TAG was designed to provide an electronic interface, or machine-to-machine interface for the bi-directional flow of information between BellSouth's OSSs and participating CLECs.
	TN	Telephone Number
	TOTAL MANUAL FALLOUT	The number of LSRs which are entered electronically but require manual entering into a service order generator.
U	UNE	Unbundled Network Element
v	VSEEM	Voluntary Self Effectuating Enforcement Mechanism
w	WTN	A unique identifier for elements combined in a service configuration
X	77 217	to minden treatefues for elettering animoment at a per sing animogramies
		·
Y		

# BellSouth OSS Testing Florida Interim Performance Metrics

#### Appendix D: Study of End-to-End Timing

KPMG Consulting during Phase II will conduct a special study of end-to-end timing of <u>pre-ordering and ordering</u> transactions (from initial receipt of the transaction by BST {Start Time for Duration} to transmission of the response/rejection/confirmation to the CLEC {End Time for Duration}}) in order to assess whether the definitions of response/rejection/confirmation time {Duration Target} used in selected metrics are appropriate. This study will determine the transit times between the CLEC interface and the BST legacy systems. Loop qualification and loop make-up queries are not automated functions for BST. Therefore, these are not included in this metric. However, KPMG Consulting will make a special study of the timing of these queries relative to BST Retail operations.

	Category	Service Quality Measurement	Duration Target	Start Time for Duration	End Time for Duration
1.	OSS	Average Response Time and Response Interval (Pre- Ordering/Ordering)	Response Time	Initial Receipt of the transactions by BST	Transmission of the response to the CLEC
2.	Ordering	Reject Interval	Reject Interval	Initial receipt of the order by BST	Transmission of the rejection to the CLEC
3.	Ordering	Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness	Timeliness Duration	Initial Receipt of the order by BST	Transmission of the confirmation to the CLEC

Category	Measures And Sub-Metrics	Retail Analogue	Benchmark
re-Ordering	Average Response Time - Telephone Number		
Lie-Oideimă	Availability and Reservation		
	Average Response Time – Cust. Serv. Record	Parity with retail	
	Average Response Time – Due Date Avail	Parity with retail	•
	Average Response Time – Address Validation	Parity with retail	
	Average Response Time - Prod. & Serv. Avail	Parity with retail	
	Average Response Time – Telephone Number	Parity with retail	
	Availability and Reservation		
	OSS Interface Availability		99.5%
<u> </u>	Decembration Through Condes Dominat		<u> </u>
Ordering	Percent Flow-Through Service Request  Residence		95%
			80%*
	Business     UNE		80%*
	CLEC LSR Information*	Diagnostic* ,	Diagnostic*
	Percent Rejected Service Request	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
	Reject Interval		
•	Mechanized		97% <= 1 hr
•	Non-Mechanized and Partially Mechanized	<b>}</b>	85% < 24 hrs
	Local Interconnection Trunks		85% within 4 days
	Firm Order Confirmation Timeliness		
	Mechanized		95% <= 3 hrs
	Non-Mechanized and Partially Mechanized		85% < 36 hrs
	Local Interconnection Trunks		95% within 10 days
• .	Speed of Answer In Ordering Center	Parity with retail	
Provisioning	Mean Held Order Interval		
	Resale Residence	Parity with retail	

Resale Business

Resale Design Resale PBX Parity with retail

Parity with retail Parity with retail

Category	Measures And Sub-Metrics	Retail Analogue	Benchmark
Provisioning	Resale Centrex	Parity with retail	
Continued	Resale IDSN	Parity with retail	
	UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE 2w Loop with NP - Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
-	UNE 2w Loop without NP - Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Loop Other with NP Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	·
	UNE Loop Other without NP Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Other Non Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE 2w Loop with NP – Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE 2w Loop without NP - Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Loop Other with NP - Design	Retail Design	
	UNE Loop Other without NP - Design	Retail Design	
	UNE Other Design	Retail Design	
•	Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with retail	
	Switching	Retail POTS	
	Local Transport	Retail DS1 or DS3 as appropriate	
	Average Jeopardy Notice Interval (Mechanized)		
	Resale Residence		95% >=48 Hrs.
	Resale Business		95% >=48 Hrs.
	Resale Design		95% >=48 Hrs.
	Resale PBX		95% >=48 Hrs.
: *	Resale Centrex		95% >=48 Hrs.
	Resale IDSN		95% >=48 Hrs.
	UNE Loop and Port Combos		95% >=48 Hrs.
: .	UNE 2w Loop with NP – Non-Design		95% >=48 Hrs.
	UNE 2w Loop without NP - Non-Design		95% >=48 Hrs.
	UNE Loop Other with NP Non-Design		95% >=48 Hrs.
	UNE Loop Other without NP Non-Design		95% >=48 Hrs.
	UNE Other Non Design		95% >=48 Hrs.

Category	Measures And Sub-Metrics	Retail Analogue	Benchmark
Provisioning	UNE 2w Loop with NP – Design		95% >=48 Hrs.
Continued	UNE 2w Loop without NP – Design		95% >=48 Hrs.
	UNE Loop Other with NP - Design		95% >=48 Hrs.
	UNE Loop Other without NP – Design		95% >=48 Hrs.
	UNE Other Design		95% >=48 Hrs.
•	Local Interconnection Trunks		95% >=48 Hrs.
	Switching	Retail POTS	
	Local Transport	Retail DS1, or DS3 as appropriate	
	% of Orders Given Jeopardy Notice (Mechanized)		
	Resale Residence	Parity with retail	
• •	Resale Business	Parity with retail	
	Resale Design	Parity with retail	
	Resale PBX	Parity with retail	
	Resale Centrex	Parity with retail	
	Resale IDSN	Parity with retail	
	UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE 2w Loop with NP - Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE 2w Loop without NP - Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Loop Other with NP Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Loop Other without NP Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Other Non Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE 2w Loop with NP – Design	Retail Residence and Business	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	UNE 2w Loop without NP - Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Loop Other with NP – Design	Retail Design	
	UNE Loop Other without NP – Design	Retail Design	
	UNE Other Design	Retail Design	
	Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with retail	······································
	Switching	Retail POTS	<u> </u>
	Local Transport	Retail DS1, or DS3 as appropriate	

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Category	Measures And Sub-Metrics	Retail Analogue	Benchmark
Provisioning	Percent Missed Installation Appointments		
Continued	Resale Residence	Parity with retail	
	Resale Business	Parity with retail	
	Resale Design	Parity with retail	
	Resale PBX	Parity with retail	
	Resale Centrex	Parity with retail	
	Resale IDSN	Parity with retail	
	UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE 2w Loop with NP - Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	UNE 2w Loop without NP - Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Loop Other with NP Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Loop Other without NP Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
•	UNE Other Non Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE 2w Loop with NP – Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE 2w Loop without NP – Design	Retail Residence and Business	
•	UNE Loop Other with NP – Design	Retail Design	
	UNE Loop Other without NP - Design	Retail Design	
	UNE Other Design	Retail Design	
•	Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with retail	
	Switching	Retail POTS	
	Local Transport	Retail DS1, or DS3 as appropriate	<del>,</del>
	Order Completion Interval		
· · · .	Resale Residence	Parity with retail	
	Resale Business	Parity with retail	
	Resale Design	Parity with retail	
	Resale PBX	Parity with retail	
	Resale Centrex	Parity with retail	
	Resale IDSN	Parity with retail	
	UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business	

Category	Measures And Sub-Metrics	Retail Analogue	Benchmark
Provisioning	UNE 2w Loop with NP – Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
Continued	UNE 2w Loop without NP - Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Loop Other with NP Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Loop Other without NP Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
,	UNE Other Non Design	Retail Residence and Business	
*	UNE 2w Loop with NP – Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE 2w Loop without NP – Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Loop Other with NP – Design	Retail Design	
	UNE Loop Other without NP – Design	Retail Design	
	UNE Other Design	Retail Design	
	Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with retail	
	Switching	Retail POTS	
	Local Transport	Retail DS1,or DS3 as appropriate	
	Average Completion Notice Interval (Mechanized)		
	Resale Residence	Parity with retail	
	Resale Business	Parity with retail	
	Resale Design	Parity with retail	
	Resale PBX	Parity with retail	77
	Resale Centrex	Parity with retail	
	Resale IDSN	Parity with retail	
	UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE 2w Loop with NP - Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE 2w Loop without NP - Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Loop Other with NP Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
•	UNE Loop Other without NP Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Other Non Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE 2w Loop with NP Design	Retail Residence and Business	,
	UNE 2w Loop without NP - Design	Retail Residence and Business	

Category	Measures And Sub-Metrics	Retail Analogue	Benchmark	
Provisioning	UNE Loop Other with NP – Design	Retail Design		
Continued	UNE Loop Other without NP - Design	Retail Design		
	UNE Other Design	Retail Design		
	Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with retail		
	Switching	Retail POTS		
	Local Transport	Retail DS1,or DS3 as appropriate		
	Percent Provisioning Troubles within 30 Days			
	Resale Residence	Parity with retail		
	Resale Business	Parity with retail		
	Resale Design	Parity with retail		
	Resale PBX	· Parity with retail		
	Resale Centrex	Parity with retail		
•	Resale IDSN	Parity with retail		
	UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business		
	UNE 2w Loop with NP - Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business		
	UNE 2w Loop without NP - Non-Design	Retail Residence and Bustness		
	UNE Loop Other with NP Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business		
•	UNE Loop Other without NP Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business		
	UNE Other Non Design	Retail Residence and Business		
	UNE 2w Loop with NP – Design	Retail Residence and Business		
	UNE 2w Loop without NP - Design	Retail Residence and Business		
	UNE Loop Other with NP - Design	Retail Design		
	UNE Loop Other without NP - Design	Retail Design		
	UNE Other Design	Retail Design		
	Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with retail		
	Switching	Retail POTS		
	Local Transport	Retail DS1, or DS3 as appropriate		
	Total Service Order Cycle Time	Diagnostic	Diagnostic	

Category	Measures And Sub-Metrics	Retail Analogue	Benchmark
Maintenance	Missed Repair Appointment		
Continued	Resale Residence	Parity with retail	
	Resale Business	Parity with retail	
	Resale Design	Parity with retail	
	Resale PBX	Parity with retail	
	Resale Centrex	Parity with retail	
* *	Resale IDSN	Parity with retail	
•	UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE 2w Loop – Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Loop Other – Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Other Non Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE 2w Loop – Design	Retail Residence and Business	-
	UNE Loop Other - Design	Retail Design	
	UNE Other Design	Retail Design	
	Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with retail	
	Switching	Retail POTS	
	Local Transport	Retail DS1, or DS3 as appropriate	
	Customer Trouble Report Rate		
	Resale Residence	Parity with retail	
	Resale Business	Parity with retail	
	Resale Design	Parity with retail	
	Resale PBX	Parity with retail	
- 4	Resale Centrex	Parity with retail	
	Resale IDSN	Parity with retail	
	UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business	•
÷ .	UNE 2w Loop - Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Loop Other – Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Other Non Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE 2w Loop – Design	Retail Residence and Business	-

Category	Measures And Sub-Metrics	Retail Analogue	Benchmark
Maintenance	UNE Loop Other – Design	Retail Design	<del></del>
Continued	UNE Other Design	Retail Design	
	Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with retail	
	Switching	Retail POTS	
	Local Transport	Retail DS1,or DS3 as appropriate	
	Maintenance Average Duration		
•	Resale Residence	Parity with retail	
	Resale Business	Parity with retail	
·	Resale Design	Parity with retail	
	Resale PBX	Parity with retail	
	Resale Centrex	Parity with retail	
	Resale IDSN	Parity with retail	
	UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE 2w Loop – Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Loop Other – Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Other Non Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE 2w Loop – Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Loop Other – Design	Retail Design	
	UNE Other Design	Retail Design	
	Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with retail	
	Switching	Retail POTS	-
	Local Transport	Retail DS1,or DS3 as appropriate	
	Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days		
	Resale Residence	Parity with retail	
100	Resale Business	Parity with retail	
	Resale Design	Parity with retail	
	Resale PBX	Parity with retail	
	Resale Centrex	Parity with retail	
	Resale IDSN	Parity with retail	

Category	Measures And Sub-Metrics	Retail Analogue	Benchmark
Maintenance	UNE Loop and Port Combos	Selek Decidence 19 cm	
Continued	UNE Loop and Port Combos     UNE 2w Loop – Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business  Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Loop Other - Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	-
	UNE Other Non Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE 2w Loop - Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Loop Other – Design	Retail Design	
	UNE Other Design	Retail Design	
	Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with retail	
	Switching	Retail POTS	
	Local Transport	Retail DS1, or DS3 as appropriate	
· ·	Out of Service > 24hrs		
	Resale Residence	Parity with retail	
	Resale Business	Parity with retail	
	Resale Design	Parity with retail	
• • •	Resale PBX	Parity with retail	
ė.	Resale Centrex	Parity with retail	·
	Resale IDSN	Parity with retail	
• .	UNE Loop and Port Combos	Retail Residence and Business	
•	UNE 2w Loop Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Loop Other Non-Design	Retail Residence and Business	······································
	UNE Other Non Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE 2w Loop - Design	Retail Residence and Business	
	UNE Loop Other – Design	Retail Design	
	UNE Other Design	Retail Design	
	Local Interconnection Trunks	Parity with retail	
	Switching	Retail POTS	
	Local Transport	Retail DS1,or DS3 as appropriate	
	OSS Interface Availability		

All systems except ECTA

Parity with retail

Category	Measures And Sub-Metrics	Retail Analogue	Benchmark

Maintenance Continued	• ECTA		99.5%
	OSS Response Interval and %		
	• TAFI (Front End)	Parity with retail	
	<ul> <li>CRIS, DLETH, DLR, OSPCM, LMOS, LMOSUP, MARCH, Predictor, SOCS, LNP (Parity by Design)</li> </ul>	Parity by Design	
	Average Answer Time - Repair Center	Parity with retail	
Billing	Invoice Accuracy	Parity with retail	
	Mean Time To Deliver Invoices	Parity with retail	
	Usage Data Delivery Accuracy	Parity with retail	
	Usage Data Delivery Completeness	Parity with retail	
	Usage Data Delivery Timeliness	Parity with retail	
·	Mean Time to Deliver Usage	Parity with retail	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Operator	Average Speed to Answer	Parity by Design	
Services (Toll)	% Answered in "X" Seconds	Parity by Design	
Directory Assistance	Average Speed to Answer	Parity by Design	
	% Answered in "X" Seconds	Parity by Design	
E044	Timeliness		
E911		Parity by Design	
	Accuracy	Parity by Design	
	Mean interval	Parity by Design	
Trunk Group	Trunk Group Service Report (Percent Trunk	Parity with retail	
Performance (Blockage)	Blockage) Any 2 hour period in 24 hours where CLEC blockage exceeds BST blockage by more than 0.5% = a miss		
	using trunk groups 1, 3, 4, 5, 10, 16 for CLECs and 9 for BST.		

Category	Measures And Sub-Metrics	Retail Analogue	Benchmark

	Trunk Group Service Report (Percent Trunk Blockage)	Parity with retail	
LNP	Average Disconnect Timeliness Interval		95% < 15 min
	Percent Missed Installation Appointments	Retail Residence and Business	
	FOC (Mechanized)		95% <= 3 hrs
	Non-Mechanized and Partially Mechanized		85% < 36 hrs
	% Reject Service Request	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
	Average Reject Interval (Mechanized) Non-Mechanized and Partially Mechanized		97% <= 1 hr 85% < 24hrs
	TSOC	Diagnostic	Diagnostic
	% Flow Through		95%
	Appelled the second of the sec	e so yaki indi ya Tapada ayo ili	
Customer Coordinated Conversions	Coordinated Customer Conversions – UNE Loop		95% < 15 min
	Coordinated Customer Conversions – LNP		95% < 15 min
	Coordinated Customer Conversions Hot Cut		95% within + or - 15 minutes * of scheduled start time
	Timeliness % within Interval and Average Interval		or screamed start time

Category	Measures And Sub-Metrics	Retail Analogue	Benchmark
Collocation	Average Response Time	T	Virtual 15 Calendar Days Physical 15 Calendar Days
	Average Arrangément Time¹		Physical 90 Calendar Days     Physical Augment (with space increase) 90 Calendar Days     Physical Augment (without space
			increase) 45 Calendar Days  Virtual 60 Calendar Days  Virtual Augment (with space increase)
			60 Calendar Days     Virtual Augment (without space increase) 45 Calendar Days
	% of Due Dates Missed	·	90% ≤ Commit Date
Change	Timeliness of Change Management Notices		. 98% on Time*
Management	Average Delay Days for Change Management Notices		90% <= 5 days*
	Timeliness of Documents Associated with Change		98% on Time*
The second	Average Delay Days for Documentation		90% <= 5 days*

These benchmarks are revised from Order PSC-00-0563-PAA-TP, issued March 20, 2000.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The benchmarks for these measures have been established in Docket 980800.