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3	In the Matter of:		DOCKET NO. 990	090-02
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6	UTILITY CORPORATION			
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15	PROCEEDINGS:	HEARING		
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18		COMMISSIONER MI		KI
19	DATE:	Tuesday, May 8,	2001	
20	TIME:	Commenced at 9:	00 a.m.	
21	PLACE :	Clarion Hotel B 1300 Ponce DeLe	anquet Room on Boulevard	
22		St. Augustine,	Florida	
23	REPORTED BY:	TRICIA DeMARTE Official FPSC R	eporter	
24				
25	APPEARANCES:	(As heretofore	noted.)	
				DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE
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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(Transcript continues in sequence from Volume 4.)
3	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. And we will call again
4	Mr. Burton.
5	MR. WHARTON: Are we going to do Mr. Burton again?
6	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Yes. And, Mr. Melson, you may
7	continue.
8	MR. MELSON: And, Commissioners, I had the
9	opportunity during the last couple of witnesses to go through
10	and at least get some of my notes cross-referenced, so I'm
11	going to try to do this as quickly as I can and yet not go so
12	fast that I lose myself.
13	MICHAEL E. BURTON
14	was recalled as a witness on behalf of Intercoastal Utilities,
15	Inc., and, having been previously sworn, testified as follows:
16	CONTINUED CROSS EXAMINATION
17	BY MR. MELSON:
18	Q Mr. Burton, just to bring us back to where we were, I
19	think we talked so far mostly about outputs of the model rather
20	than inputs. Is that fair to say, if you recall?
21	A Mostly, I guess, yeah.
22	Q Would you agree with me that the outputs you get from
23	a model are only as good as the inputs and logic that go into
24	it?
25	A That's a pretty commonly held feeling, yes.
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	760
1	Q Is it a feeling you subscribe to?
2	A There's a lot that goes into the validity of
3	analysis. The data that goes into it is one of the things,
4	yes.
5	Q Okay. Let's turn to Figure 2 on page It's my page
6	numbered 18. I'm still in Exhibit MB-3 in Scenario 1a.
7	A On page
8	Q Figure 2, which is hand numbered Page 18.
9	A Okay.
10	Q Now, I don't want to go into the details of it, but
11	where this page actually, I'm sorry, it's not on this page
12	anyway. In projecting some operating expenses, your model at
13	least originally included both a growth multiplier and an
14	inflationary multiplier; correct?
15	I'm looking at Lines 15 and 16 where you have an
16	effective multiplier for growth and an inflationary multiplier,
17	and then on Line 17 come to a growth and inflationary
18	multiplier.
19	A Yes, and that was one of the corrections.
20	Q Okay. Just so I understand the correction, in your
21	model, you no longer use the do you or do you not use the
22	growth component?
23	A No. Line 15 is zero in the corrected model. The
24	effective multiplier per growth actually, it starts on Line
25	14, that 25 percent goes to zero. The effective multiplier for

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1	growth goes to zero, and Line 17 turns to 1.5 percent in all
2	years.
3	Q All right. And that change was the result of trying
4	to move to a more accurate model logic; is that right?
5	A Yes.
6	Q Now, on Line 28 of this exhibit, I believe you
7	indicated that you had made a correction to the east service
8	area wastewater ERC additional connections for the year 2007;
9	correct?
10	A I did.
11	Q And that's where the 470 becomes some other number?
12	A Yes.
13	Q And that was because you originally had projected
14	more connections to that plant than the plant was capable of
15	serving?
16	A That was right.
17	Q Were your projections for growth in the eastern area
18	limited by the land available for development, or were they
19	limited by the capacity of the treatment plant?
20	A Well, in the model, the model specifically is limited
21	by the plant, but it's my understanding that there's
22	effectively when that plant was built out, there would be
23	effectively minimal or no room for additional growth in the
24	land. That's my understanding.
25	Q So it's your understanding that the plant in the

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762 eastern service territory sort of exactly matches the build out 1 2 potential at service territory? I would say it approximately matches it. 3 Α 4 It approximately matches --0 5 And for the purposes of the model, it is matching in Α 6 the model. Let's turn now to Figure 5. Page 1 of Figure 5 which 7 Q is page numbered 21. And I want to focus on Line 23, which is 8 9 total utility plant in service. Line 21 is a total estimated 10 original cost which is the sum of the lines above it: correct? 11 Α Yes. 12 And Line 22, you made an adjustment to tie to the 0 13 annual report; correct? 14 Yes. Α And then the number on Line 23 was intended to tie to 15 0 the annual report; correct? This is a place you made another 16 17 correction. I'm just trying to establish what --18 Α I'm just making sure. Yes, yes, that's true. Okay. Now, if I understand, during your deposition, 19 0 20 you learned that the acquisition adjustment, which is shown on 21 Line 20, is reported in the annual report in the way that 22 really would be in addition to Line 23, so the annual report number would be higher; correct? 23 24 That is the utility plant in service in the annual Α 25 report.

Q Let me ask the question this way. On Figure 5 in
 MB-3, you show an adjustment in order to match the annual
 report of roughly \$29,000.

A Right.

4

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6

7

Q Once you correct your exhibit, how much does that adjustment have to be in order to tie to the annual report? A \$158,136 positive.

8 Q All right. Do you know why the estimated cost that 9 you used in your model are out of balance with the annual 10 report by the \$158,000?

11 Well, because they were estimated. As I mentioned. Α 12 the reason for this was to be sure rather than taking a depreciation number and running it annually for ten years, some 13 14 of those assets may come to the end of their depreciation schedules during the ten years. So we tried to recreate the 15 16 depreciation schedules down below, and you can see that a few 17 of them do, not many, but a few. And the reason that it 18 doesn't match is because they were estimates, and that's just pure and simple. All of that data was not available at the 19 20 current time when we did the -- it's not available today even 21 as far as I know.

Q All right. Turn to page -- Figure 6, Page 1 of 2,
which is the comparable schedule for wastewater. And tell me
after your correction to Line 20 how much the estimates in
Lines 1 through 18 are out of balance with the annual report.

- 1
- \$158,136.

Α

2 Q I'm sorry, that sounds like it may have been a water 3 number. What about a sewer number?

- A I'm sorry. Yeah, you're right, I did. I didn't turn 5 the page over here. \$552,763.
- 6

Q \$552,000 out of balance with the annual report?

A Yes, but the depreciation at the bottom is reconciled to the annual report -- I mean, to the accounting records provided to us by Mr. Bowen, so the actual depreciation still is accurate. The schedules of depreciation on each of the individual types of assets that are shown on Lines 20 through 39 are a function of the estimated original cost and to begin the depreciation schedules and we see when they end their life.

And as you see at the bottom on Lines 40 on either exhibit, the total depreciation does not match the accounting depreciation. So we carried the additional amount throughout the period because it was not determinable how it should be appropriately depreciated from an original cost data and original cost amount.

20 So to the extent that we tried to alleviate that 21 problem, the other alternative would have been to just take the 22 depreciation and project it annually every year. But we think 23 that this is a more accurate projection.

Q Well, a third alternative would have been to use actual original cost rather than estimated original cost.

If that would have been available, that would have Α 2 been the preferred alternative.

3 All right. On Figure 7, Page 2 of 2, and that's page 0 4 numbered 26, this calculates contributions in aid of 5 construction both from the eastern -- new connections in the 6 eastern service territory and connections in the western 7 service territory; correct?

8

1

Yes. I believe that to be correct. Α

9 0 All right. Let's focus -- I know you made a 10 correction to the way you handled the eastern service territory. Let's focus just for a moment on the western 11 12 service territory. If I understand correctly, you assume the 13 amount of lines, the dollar value of lines contributed in the 14 western service territory will be equal on a dollar per ERC basis to the embedded cost of lines contributed in the eastern 15 16 service territory; is that right?

17

Α Yes.

18 Now, in the original schedule you've got here -- so 0 19 to the extent the -- to the extent the average property 20 contributions in the western service territory are more or less 21 than the embedded average, you didn't attempt to project what 22 that difference might be?

23 Α We don't know what they are going to be. 24 Okay. With regard to the eastern service territory, 0 25 as the schedule appears in Exhibit MB-3, you assume that there

1 would be additional contributions in the eastern service 2 territory for every new connection: is that right?

3

A Yes.

Q And do you understand from having read
Mr. Forrester's deposition that most of the growth in the
eastern service territory will be infill, so there won't be
additional property contributions recorded?

8 A We've made an adjustment based upon information 9 provided to me by Ms. Tilley, Ellen Tilley, to account for the 10 infill, and take it out of the ERCs that are getting applied to 11 the CIAC plant calculation.

12 Q And that was one of the things you mentioned at the 13 outset, but you didn't tell us what that adjustment was. What 14 did you assume about the percentage of growth in the eastern 15 service territory that occurs on existing lines and the 16 percentage of growth that requires additional property 17 contributions?

A It's not on any printed schedule, but it is on the assumptions page which you've seen in your electronic version. And if this gets entered and you get to see the thing -- I just don't have it with me. I don't have it where I can check it.

Q So you don't recall, as you sit here today, what assumption was made?

A No, but it affected the first approximately
three years, is what my recollection is. Lesser amounts as you

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1	go from year to year as the infill gets more and more built
2	out. The other thing on that page, the '99 numbers are zero.
3	Do you see that?
4	Q Yes, sir.
5	A And on the new exhibit, we have new numbers coming in
6	in '99. That was one of the error corrections I mentioned.
7	Q On figure was the same correction to reflect that
8	some of the growth in the eastern service territory will be
9	infill, was that reflected on Figure 8, Page 2 of 2, which is
10	sewer as well as water?
11	A Yes.
12	Q Okay. Figure 13, Page 32, this is a calculation of
13	used and useful percentage; correct?
14	A Yes.
15	Q And I believe as Exhibit MB-3 the MB-3 we're
16	looking at, you essentially take to calculate the used and
17	useful percentage the ratio of connections to plant capacity
18	and add a margin of reserve to calculate a final used and
19	useful percent; correct?
20	A That's correct.
21	Q And on this schedule is presented when you show
22	additional capacity and ERCs on Line 4. That was additional
23	ERCs based on the maximum day capacity of the water treatment
24	plant; correct?
25	A Yes. And that's been corrected.

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Q That's been corrected now to be an average day capacity so that you've got the same units in your numerator and denominator?

A Yes.

4

14

Q And that was a correction made as a result of somethinking you did after your deposition?

A It was a correction made based upon a question you
asked in my deposition, and upon further reflection, I realized
that we had pulled a number from the maximum day page from
Mr. Miller's report instead of the average day page.

Q All right. On Line 13, you were including on MB-3 a margin reserve of 36 months. I understand you have now increased that to 60 months; is that correct?

A Yes.

Q And can you tell me just -- and let's use year 2000 as an example. How did you -- in your revision, how did you calculate a 60-month margin reserve for that year?

A You would take the -- there's a new line in there that calculates the ERCs to be used for margin reserve calculation, and what that does is calculate the average over the 60-month period, and then it multiplies it by five. It's effectively gathering 60 months' worth of growth in the margin reserve.

Q In Figure 16, as it's presented, you simply had taken
current year growth and multiplied by 3; correct?

	769
1	A That's true.
2	Q So you've actually made two corrections to the way
3	you calculate the margin reserve. First, you have increased
4	from 36 to 60 months; correct?
5	A Yes.
6	Q And second, you have based it not on five times the
7	current year growth, but you have attempted to accumulate
8	projected growth over the next five years?
9	A Yes.
10	Q And those are both corrections that you've made after
11	taking into account questions you were asked at your
12	deposition?
13	A Yes.
14	Q At the time of your deposition, is it fair to say
15	that you were unaware of the Florida statutory provision that
16	contemplates the use of five-year margin reserve?
17	A I wouldn't say I was unaware of it. I guess my
18	thinking on that was more affected by the recent the
19	experience in the rate case that Intercoastal had and a
20	difficulty with the customers of achieving a five-year reserve
21	and not transferring my thought process over to the Public
22	Service Commission rule completely.
23	Q Now, the bottom line used and useful percentage for
24	water on Line 14 and wastewater on Line 34 are then carried on
25	to Figure 9 and used in the calculation of rate base; correct?

- 1
- Yes.

Α

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Q And if I understand your calculation of rate base,
you apply a singular water used and useful percentage to all
categories of water plant; is that correct?

5

A Yes. And that's been corrected.

6

What do you mean "that's been corrected"?

A We have an adjusted calculation, as I described in
the corrections, that separates the plant and the lines. It
also corrects where the percentages apply. In this exhibit,
it's applying to the acquisition adjustment and to working
capital, which shouldn't have been applying to, so it's
applying above that line, and those are coming in in their full
value under the adjusted rate base calculation.

14 Q Let me ask you this. You said you separated plants 15 and line. Do you apply the same used and useful percentage to 16 plants that you apply to lines?

17 A Well, we had the ability to apply a different18 percentage.

19 Q I'm not asking you what you have the ability to do.20 I'm asking what you did do.

21

A We applied the same.

22

Q You applied the same?

A Yes. And if I can explain that. We applied the same percentage to plants and lines. We have the ability to apply a different percentage, and we thought about whether we should

apply a different percentage to lines than plant. And if we
 were applying for a rate increase, we probably would in any one
 test year. And you may have an even more detailed component in
 evaluation.

5 On a steady state, though, looking at a ten-year 6 projection, we believe that the line component would be at a lower used and useful at some point and at a higher used and 7 8 useful at some other points. In that steady state. it should 9 be somewhere near the used and useful that the connections 10 represent to the capacity. So we left it the same. It is a 11 variable number, and it could be changed. And that's why we 12 did the sensitivity analysis, because this is such a 13 contentious type of projection because it's a very difficult 14 projection to do going forward ten years, not knowing the exact configuration of the system in any one year. And so that's why 15 16 we said, well, let's just look at 100 percent used and useful 17 because that takes care of everything. And it's probably 18 somewhere between what we have and 100 percent, and then the 19 Commission can make its judgment as to whether they think that 20 is a reasonable approximation of what kind of pressures may be 21 operating on the Intercoastal rates.

Q With regard to -- you talked about -- I want to pop back about three steps. You had talked about a correction you made to additional wastewater connections in the final year so that you didn't exceed the capacity of the wastewater treatment

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1	plant. Do you recall that?
2	A Yes.
3	Q Do you remember what year it is that that wastewater
4	treatment plant reaches capacity?
5	A It appears from the schedules that it reaches
6	capacity in 2007.
7	Q All right. And that's a 1.5 MGD wastewater treatment
8	plant?
9	A I'll have to check the numbers on that.
10	Q Would you accept, subject to check, it's 1.5 MGD?
11	A Okay.
12	Q I guess my question is: That plant won't produce its
13	ultimate capacity in treated effluent until all of the
14	customers are connected to it; right?
15	A That's true.
16	Q So you wouldn't expect it in the year 2002 to be
17	producing 1.5 million gallons of reuse?
18	A Not if there's not as much coming in which as there
19	is later, and if there's more customers that will be coming in
20	later, more coming out.
21	Q All right. So to the extent projections of providing
22	reuse to Nocatee assume that there's 1.5 million gallons
23	available out of that plant beginning in 2002, that would
24	probably be an overstatement in those early years?
25	A I don't know whether that is or not. I'm not

familiar with the projections you're talking about.

1

Q But your projections that you use for financial purposes assume that you grow into the capacity of that plant between now and 2007?

A We took the system flows, converted them to ERCs,
capacity converted to ERCs, and pinned the growth against that
and determined when the plant would be built out that way from
the rate effect standpoint.

9 Q Well, let me ask you: What did you use as the 10 beginning point? What actual flows did you use and what year?

A Again, Mr. Melson, I believe all of that number is on the spreadsheet copy where you can see is on the assumptions page. I'm not sure the actual flows are on these -- well, let me look. Wait a minute. Maybe it's on these assumption pages. It's all brought into here converted to ERCs.

Q So you can't readily answer that question; right? A Not without the model up and looking at it, but it is a number that's in there. And you can see it. It's on the assumptions input page.

20 Q But I've signed a protective agreement to get that, 21 so I can't give it to the Commission, can I, if you know?

A I think you'd have to ask my counsel about that. Iwould be happy to share it with the Commission.

Q On Figure 14, Page 2 of 6, and this is Page 34, and Iet's take the year 2001 as an example. The costs shown in the

774 1 column labeled "interest" is taken from an amortization 2 schedule that was provided to you by Ms. Tilley; is that 3 correct? 4 Just one moment. Let me get to where you are. Α 5 Sure. Q 6 Α Figure 14. 7 0 Page 2 of 6. 8 Page 2 of 6. Okay. The year 2001, is that where Α 9 you're talking about? 10 Yes, sir. The figures in the interest column are 0 taken from an amortization schedule provided to you by 11 Ms. Tilley; correct? 12 13 Α Those numbers are, yes. 14 In your cost of capital, weighted average cost of 0 capital calculation, however, you used the numbers two columns 15 further over to the right under cost of capital calc; correct? 16 Yes. The way this is working has been corrected and 17 Α 18 changed also. 19 And what change did you make here? I don't recall 0 you calling this out during your summary. 20 It's the fourth item I talked about, but 21 It is. Α 22 basically, the schedule in MB-3 takes the issuance cost at 1.5 percent of the principal amount and includes it in the 23 principal amount, and then calculates the interest off of that. 24 And the reason that it was calculated was because we thought it 25

1 gave a more true cost of capital than the amortization 2 schedule. We subsequently adjusted it to do the loan cost by 3 doing an annual amortization of the loan cost, calculating the interest, and then bringing the annual amortization into the 4 5 total cost of capital. In consultation with Mr. Bowen, we 6 determined that that was probably a better way to do it and 7 more consistent with the way that he was doing it in the 8 preparation of the rate case exhibits. And so we made the 9 adjustments to do it that way here.

10 Q Let me ask this: Does your sum on Line 31 now match 11 for your interest column and your cost of capital calculation 12 column, or is it still --

- 13 A No, it's more.
  - Q Which is more?

15 A The cost of capital is more in the corrected version.
16 Q Because it includes amortization of issuance expense
17 now?

18 🛛 A Yes.

14

25

19 Q And that was an evaluation that you conducted after20 being asked some questions at your deposition?

A After that and after consultation with Mr. Bowen.
Q Okay. Let's turn now -- I think I'm finished with
the Scenario 1. I would like to turn very briefly to Scenario
3, which is reuse. And I think --

COMMISSIONER DEASON: Mr. Melson, before you leave

	776
1	that scenario, it appears and there was some question, and
2	it may not be significant, but there was some question about
3	the amount of the loan in the year 2007, whether it was 9.2 or
4	8.2. I think it's 9.2.
5	MR. MELSON: Do you have a copy you can read?
6	COMMISSIONER DEASON: Well, I just looked at the
7	amount of the in subsequent years, the amount of the
8	principal that would be reduced year by year, and to make it
9	calculate, the original amount would have to be 9.2.
10	MR. MELSON: Thank you.
11	BY MR. MELSON:
12	Q Mr. Burton, let's go to Scenario 3, which is reuse,
13	and Figure 7, Page 2 of 2, which is Page 38.
14	A Okay.
15	Q Now, this schedule is similar to one we looked at
16	previously where you calculated property contributions in the
17	future for the water system; correct?
18	A Yes.
19	Q And on this schedule, you have assumed that the per
20	ERC property contributions for the reuse system equal the
21	embedded per ERC property contributions for the water system;
22	correct?
23	A Yes. Being a dual distribution system, we felt like
24	those were the best numbers we had to make an estimate going
25	forward.
	FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Q Would you agree with me at least that you wouldn't expect to have hydrants on the irrigation system?

Α

Yes.

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Q And on Line 7, you show new cash CIAC from the reuse system. I believe that number was calculated simply by taking your existing water service availability charge and assuming the same service availability charge would be applicable to the reuse system: correct?

A Yes.

10 Q Do you know whether Intercoastal in this -- in its 11 application in this docket has filed any request for either a 12 rate or a service availability charge for reuse?

A I'm not aware that we have. And the purpose of this was to demonstrate what the order of magnitude of the reuse cost would be for such a rate, that would support such a rate. I don't think Intercoastal has filed for any rate changes in this proceeding that I'm aware of.

Q And to the best of your knowledge, Intercoastal does
not have an existing residential reuse rate or residential
service availability charge; correct?

21

22

23

That's correct, for reuse.

- Q For reuse.
- A Right.

Α

Q Let me ask you -- I believe Mr. Forrester's
deposition, which has been admitted, he indicated that there

778 was a potential to phase out the existing wastewater treatment 1 2 plant in the eastern service area at some point in the future if Intercoastal were granted its requested extension. Did you 3 4 include any phase out of that wastewater treatment plant in 5 your financial analysis? 6 No. Α 7 Would you agree with me that the existing Sawgrass 0 8 wastewater treatment plant will not be fully depreciated, say, 9 over the next ten years? 10 Α It will not be fully what? 11 Depreciated. Q 12 Α You mean the plant that's just had all the -- the new plant basically? 13 14 Yeah, the plant that's just had all the additions. 0 15 It won't be fully depreciated in ten years? 16 I would expect that's probably true. Α 17 If it were taken out of service in the next ten 0 18 years, do you know from a ratemaking point of view how the undepreciated balance of that plant would be treated? 19 20 The plant would be taken out of service and be Α 21 replaced with some other asset; is that --22 Let's assume that what Mr. Forrester had reference to 0 23 was the fact that perhaps you could build a larger new plant on 24 the west side of the Intracoastal Waterway and use it to treat 25 all of the wastewater from the east side and thereby phase out

779 1 the eastern plant. Let's assume that's sort of the 2 hypothetical situation we're talking about. In that case, 3 first, what would happen to the undepreciated balance of the 4 eastern plant that was being retired? 5 Mr. Melson. I have to think on that and study it. Α 6 And I think it would have to be dealt with in some way. I 7 don't know whether there would be a way to deal with it to get 8 it overall at once or not, but I guess the answer to you today 9 is that I'm really not sure how that would be handled right 10 now. 11 Okay. And do you know whether it is likely that a 0 12 plant expansion built, say, five to ten years in the future 13 would cost more or less than an equivalent amount of capacity 14 installed at an earlier date? 15 I don't know the answer to that. That would be Α Mr. Miller, I guess, that could answer that question. 16 All right. But in any event, you didn't take any of 17 0 18 those potential effects into account in your financial analysis? 19 20 Α I did not. No. I did not. Okay. I'm just about done. I want to see if there 21 0 22 are any of the other corrections you made this morning that I 23 have not asked about, so give me just a moment. 24 Α Okay. 25 MR. MELSON: I don't believe there are any others I FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

780 need to ask you about. Thank you, Mr. Burton, for bearing with 1 2 me. 3 Thank you. THE WITNESS: 4 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. Mr. Menton. 5 MR. MENTON: No questions. 6 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Mr. Korn. 7 MR. KORN: No questions, Mr. Chairman. Thank you. 8 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. Staff. 9 MS. ESPINOZA: No questions. 10 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Commissioners. Redirect. Mr. Deterding. 11 12 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 13 BY MR. DETERDING: 14 Mr. Burton, did I understand you to say in your 0 15 testimony that you have been the rate consultant on water and sewer utilities for Flagler County as well as St. Johns? 16 Yes, that's true. 17 Α 18 And how long have you been in that capacity with 0 Flagler County? 19 20 I served there for approximately two, two and a half Α 21 years. 22 How long were you the regulatory consultant on water Q and sewer matters for St. Johns County? 23 24 Approximately 10 years, from about 1990 until Α 25 somewhere in 2000.

781 1 Mr. Deterding, I just thought of something. When you 2 asked me about Flagler County, I probably misspoke in an answer 3 to one of Mr. Melson's questions earlier, about whether I had 4 ever prepared MFRs, the questions of that nature. In my duties 5 at Flagler County, we did perform a staff-assisted rate case 6 for Ocean City Utilities. So I actually prepared the filing on behalf of the applicant as a staff-assisted type process. 7 Okay. Mr. Melson inquired of you about your 8 0 9 schedules prepared for your additional rebuttal that was stricken. What portion, just roughly, of that was correction 10 11 of MB-3, just roughly? Fifteen schedules, was it not? 12 Α What? 13 Q It consisted of 15 schedules. did it not? 14 Α Marty, I'm sorry, I'm not understanding your question. 15 Your additional rebuttal testimony. 16 0 17 The part where some of it was accepted, and some of Α 18 it was not? 19 0 Correct. Now, as to your exhibits, there were 15 schedules attached to that testimony; correct? 20 21 Α If you say there are. I --22 Q All right. Well, subject to check. Don't bother. 23 What portions of that were revisions to MB-3? 24 Α Yes. that's true. 25 Q What portions of that were revisions to MB-3? FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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1	A Okay. Now, I understand your question. It was
2	called Exhibit MB4-8, Page 1 of 4, 2 of 4, 3 of 4, and 4 of 4.
3	Q So it was four pages. Okay. Does the portion of
4	those does the changes that you made in that schedule affect
5	other than correction of errors? In other words, the new
6	proposal to subsidize affect any of the years in the
7	calculations after year four or five?
8	A No.
9	Q So, in other words, the later projections
10	A Subsidy is for that period of time.
11	Q Is only for the earlier period?
12	A Right. And the rates would come back to the levels
13	projected in the corrections here even without the subsidies.
14	Q Okay.
15	A "Here" meaning in my corrected MB-3.
16	Q So the long-term projections are along the lines
17	regardless of the subsidy that you had suggested in your now
18	corrected MB-3?
19	A Yes.
20	Q Mr. Melson questioned you about the use of the
21	7.10 percent of rate of return shown after 1999 on your
22	schedules, MB-3 specifically. I believe he was referring to
23	Page 17. What would you expect a regulator to do with your
24	rate of return if the utility does or does not file a rate
25	case?

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1	A With Intercoastal's rate of return it's now at 12.04?
2	Q 12.10 I believe was the number you had in there then.
3	A Was it? Whatever the number is. What would I expect
4	would happen if Intercoastal filed a rate case?
5	Q Well, for instance, they are supposed to be filing a
6	rate case; correct?
7	A Yes.
8	Q And those MFRs are due June 1?
9	A Right.
10	Q What would be expect the regulator to do with your
11	rate of return once that rate case is filed?
12	A To adjust it based upon the cost of capital analysis
13	in the rate case filing.
14	Q Which is what you have attempted to do by stating
15	7.10 as a cost of capital?
16	A Yes.
17	Q What the regulator what if you did not file a rate
18	case? Does this utility currently have a rate investigation
19	ongoing?
20	A Yes.
21	Q What would you expect the regulator to do with the
22	rate of return for the utility if that goes forward?
23	MR. MELSON: Objection. Calls for him to speculate
24	about what a regulator is going to do.
25	MR. DETERDING: Well, Mr. Burton is an expert in this
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 field. He is also the former regulator in this county.
Mr. Melson was questioning this witness about whether or not
the 12.10 percent was an appropriate rate of return or the 7.10
was an appropriate rate of return. And since this utility has
two ongoing rate proceedings, I'm trying to find out whether he
believes in his expert of opinion that that rate of return
would be altered.

8 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Why don't you reword the question9 to base it on his experience.

10

11

16

BY MR. DETERDING:

MR. DETERDING: All right.

12 Q Based upon your experience in St. Johns County and as 13 an expert in water and sewer utility regulatory matters, do you 14 believe that that rate of return would be adjusted by the 15 regulator?

A Yes.

17 Q Regardless of whether there's an ongoing rate 18 application?

A If the utility has not filed for a rate relief? Isthat what you're asking me?

21 Q I'm asking you, with the pending rate investigation, 22 would they adjust that, would you expect that to be adjusted?

A Marty, I'll have to tell you, I don't know the answer to that because I have not been involved in the pending rate investigation. I don't know the provisions that have been

made, the deals that have been agreed to on either side. So I really don't know what that investigation can and can't result in. I understand there's been a lot of controversy. There was an initial audit. Its findings were determined not to be valid. There's another audit, and I don't know what kind of agreements have been entered into by the parties.

Q Okay. Mr. Melson was questioning you about the
cumulative shortfall in return through 2004 in a portion of
MB-3 in your calculations there. Do you believe there will be
a cumulative shortfall in NUC's rate of return?

- 11
- 12
- Q Why?

Α

Yes.

Well, by definition, they have set their rates in 13 Α accordance with the Commission regulations at 80 percent of 14 capacity, which when they are at 80 percent of capacity, they 15 will be compensatory. In their growth projections, they have 16 17 already testified that that will happen in year four, I believe it was. So in year one, they will have a few customers, and 18 19 they won't be compensatory then, and in year two, they'll have more, and in year four or five or whenever it was in 20 Ms. Swain's testimony that they reach 80 percent is when they 21 22 will be compensatory. And in early stages, it may not even 23 cover their actual cost. At some point in that progression it will cover cost as growth occurs, and then start recovering 24 25 return until it gets fully compensatory.

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1	Q To your knowledge, has anybody at NUC attempted to		
2	estimate the amount of that shortfall?		
3	A We have asked, but I have not seen anything		
4	forthcoming in that regard.		
5	Q Have the shareholders of Intercoastal agreed to		
6	recognize and accept any shortfall?		
7	MR. MELSON: Objection. I believe this witness		
8	testified that all he knew about he had learned from in this		
9	regard he had learned from Mr. Bowen or Mr. James, so this is		
10	going to be hearsay.		
11	MR. DETERDING: Well, he certainly discussed it with		
12	the shareholders, so I'm asking him let me rephrase the		
13	question.		
14	BY MR. DETERDING:		
15	Q Have the shareholders told you that they have agreed		
16	to recognize and accept any shortfall?		
17	A Yes, they have, through Mr. James.		
18	MR. MELSON: Move well, that's a good answer.		
19	Never mind.		
20	THE WITNESS: That's a true answer.		
21	BY MR. DETERDING:		
22	Q You were questioned about the rate levels in the		
23	later years where your schedules showed that a rate reduction		
24	would be in order?		
25	A Yes.		
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1 Q Do you believe that the regulator would require a 2 rate reduction if the utility were overearning in any of those 3 years?

A Yes. You may go a year -- you may go a short period of time and overearn. I think if it's a one-time occurrence and things are going to adjust, you will be back in sync with your return. But on a steady state basis, the whole idea is that if you are overearning, your rates should be adjusted, or if you are underearning, your rates should be adjusted.

10 Q You were questioned by Mr. Melson about the water 11 treatment plant improvements, the difference between the 12 estimated values utilized in your schedules and the ultimately 13 determined actual cost of those facilities. Do you know what 14 difference in the improvements there were, and how they were 15 different?

16 A I really don't. I just know that the number is
17 different. You're talking about the change from a million five
18 to two seven? Is that what you're talking about?

19 Q Yes.

20

21

A I don't know what caused that to be different.

Q But that was the actual cost that you --

A That's what the actual cost was as represented to meby Ms. Tilley.

Q Okay. Is it unusual to expect fluctuation in cash flow for a utility from year to year?

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1	А	No.	
2	Q	Is it unusual to expect fluctuation in earnings from	
3	year to year?		
4	A	No.	
5	Q	And, in fact, do you believe that new borrowings	
6	would affect that cash flow from year to year substantially?		
7	A	Yes.	
8	Q	How about new construction?	
9	A	Yes.	
10	Q	Are the figures regarding shareholder subsidy, which	
11	Mr. Melson pointed you to in MB-3, in line with your		
12	understanding of what was expected as far as that subsidy?		
13	A	What was expected by whom?	
14	Q	By you.	
15	A	It's not out of line with what I would have expected,	
16	no.		
17	Q	Mr. Melson questioned you about your new margin	
18	reserve calculations, and I believe you said you utilized a		
19	5 year instead of 36 months; is that correct?		
20	A	Yes.	
21	Q	And you utilized the actual projected growth	
22	figures		
23	A	Yes.	
24	Q	for that five-year period?	
25	A	Yes.	
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Q If the statute required a lower figure or if the
 Commission policy required a lower figure than that actual
 growth rate, what would the net effect of that be on rate base?

A If you could include less growth in margin reserve,
you would have less used and useful, and then you would have
less rate base.

Q Okay. And, therefore, what kind of pressure would8 that put on your projected rates?

9 A If you have less rate base, you would have less10 allowed return, and you would have downward pressure.

11 Q Okay. Given all the comments and things that were 12 pointed out to you, do you believe that your corrections as 13 noted at the beginning of your testimony take into account all 14 material changes that have been brought to your attention that 15 ought to be recognized in your projections?

A I don't know whether it's material. I'll leave that to be determined later, but it includes everything except for the hydrants in reuse which need to taken out also. They have not been taken out in the corrections, and they should be.

20 Q And do you believe that your projections as contained 21 in your corrected MB-3 are still relatively accurate?

A Yes. For the purposes of a ten-year forecast of what
the financial dynamics would be under utility ratemaking
concepts for a utility -- for Intercoastal Utilities, I think
they're very representative of what one might expect. It's not

1 ratemaking. We're not asking for rates. We're not setting 2 rates here. We're just trying to demonstrate that this tremendous surge of growth is going to happen, double digits. 3 4 The water system more than doubling the sewer system more than tripling is the reason this occurs. It's very unusual, but 5 6 this utility is in a very unusual position, and the benefit 7 will go straight to the ratepayers because that's like rate 8 increases.

9 Those percentage growth -- upgrowth operate on revenues just like rate increases and have very marginal 10 implications on the cost side even when capital is being 11 12 brought in compared to the revenues. So I think it is a very 13 fair representation of the order of magnitude that one might 14 expect that the rates would end up in, or that the pressures 15 that would be on the rates of Intercoastal if they are awarded the Nocatee service area, and if growth occurs as projected 16 17 there.

Q And how about your MB-3 as last filed? Do you believe that that has materially changed? I know you gave us some figures for year nine about the difference between what your corrected version had and what your latest filed version -- I think it's MB-3 --

A Well, I don't think it's material in the overall concept that we're trying to set forward here. The rate impact now is 79.70 for that customer. MB-3 said it was 58.87. The

adjustments take it 62.10. It's not low 60s. That's a
substantial decrease. Even if you change some of the
assumptions, and don't worry, Mr. Melson, I'm not going to tell
them the number, but even if you set used and useful to
100 percent, it's still not a material impact in the scheme of
things as to what will happen to Intercoastal's rates.

And I might add that I don't believe the same type of economies of scale will be experienced by Nocatee mostly because of the wholesale nature of their service where they pay on a unit basis for most of their O&M cost. They don't get to spread a fixed number of O&M cost for an ongoing utility like Intercoastal over all these new units, and they pay more, as a matter of fact, for each new unit.

And the one who experiences the economies of scale there would be JEA as it goes through Nocatee to JEA. So I think this is a fair representation. I think it clearly differentiates the forces that will be acting on the rates and those effects upon ratepayers of the two alternatives.

Q And the numbers that you just gave me there for
comparison, 62-something versus 58-something. What --

A 62.10 versus 58.87.

21

Q So somewhere in the neighborhood of approximately 3
to 4 percent, it sounds like?

A It's \$3.23. And I'll leave to the observers to judge the materiality of that. In my mind, it still supports the

argument that the dynamics that will be happening because of
 this tremendous growth are going to put pressures on
 Intercoastal's rates in these out years where they will have no
 choice, not that they will necessarily be the ones who would
 like to, but they will have to lower their rates.

6 COMMISSIONER PALECKI: I'd like to ask about these 7 economies of scale.

8

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

9 COMMISSIONER PALECKI: I can see where you would have 10 economies of scale on billing. I can see where you have the 11 effluent coming from the other system. You have an economy of 12 scale there. It seems that for potable water you're going to 13 be putting in an entirely new system, new wells, et cetera. 14 I'm not sure I see the economy of sale there. For wastewater 15 treatment, it looks like a brand new system. Are you going to 16 see these economies of scale across the line? It's almost in 17 most -- in most of the facilities you're putting in a new 18 system.

19 THE WITNESS: You have the -- a determinable amount 20 of cost in the utility; that's the cost of the utility being in 21 business. I'm calling it a management infrastructure, but 22 you've got the cost to be a utility. Those costs won't 23 increase substantially, and they be will spread over these 24 larger units as you add the units. The cost for the capital 25 will find its way into rates on a diluted basis. It's not

dollar for dollar like O&M is. The Nocatee cost is O&M. Okay.
 They have already testified that a great percentage of their
 cost is operation and maintenance expense as reflected in their
 deal with JEA. That's a dollar-for-dollar impact.

5 When you bring capital into the utility. it hits the 6 rates on depreciation, so that's diluted by the effect of depreciating this over whatever the lines of the asset is. 7 Tt. 8 hits the rates in return which is diluted by the rate of 9 return, 7 or 8 -- 7 cents on the dollar, or whatever that is. 10 So it doesn't have the same impact as it appears to have by the magnitude of the dollars that are in effect going into the 11 12 around.

13 The other dynamic that happens is that Intercoastal 14 has existing rate base that's out there that absent other forces would tend to erode. And that counters some of the 15 16 increase in rate base that's happening over on the western 17 side. So you have a countering effect there that's not 18 available in the Nocatee thing, just the dynamics of how that 19 works as you go from year to year. The baseline utility is 20 continuing that rate base. It gets smaller because it's not 21 adding any more capital. So the dynamics when you add no more 22 capital on the eastern side, rate base would get smaller. That counters the increase in the rate base on the western side. 23 24 And I don't know if you'd exactly call that an economy of 25 scale, but it is another factor, another force that would be

1 causing this pressure or these dynamics to press the rates 2 downward in the Intercoastal system. Whereas, on Nocatee, they 3 don't have an existing utility to counteract the additional 4 capital that's coming in, and their capital, if you will, 5 except for a small percentage that they will be doing, is coming in dollar for dollar through the JEA wholesale rate, 6 80 percent of the JEA wholesale rate, which, by the way, is --7 I've done an analysis. It's in one of my testimonies, and I 8 9 get confused about where we cover these things, in direct or 10 rebuttal or whatnot, of the JEA rates today compared to the 11 Intercoastal rates projected in 2009.

12 Based upon Mr. Kelly's testimony earlier today, he said the JEA rates have increased at about 1 percent a year 13 14 since 1981. In the analysis in my testimony shows that the JEA rates by -- between now and 2009, if they increase by a little 15 under half a percent a year, they would be equal to what the 16 17 Intercoastal rates would be at that time. Now, our rates are a little higher now. It's 63 instead of 58. And so, you know, 18 19 even if you take that up, if the JEA rates increased at 1 percent a year like they did, I'm sure if I adjusted that 20 21 calculation, their retail rates, the average of the winter and 22 summer retail rates, would in all probability be equal to more than Intercoastal's rates at that time. So it's very likely if 23 24 these dynamics occur with this growth that the Intercoastal rates by the time you get to 2009 will be very competitive with 25

1 the JEA retail rates. And yet the customers are not going to 2 experience a benefit through Nocatee because they are going to 3 be paying 80 percent of the JEA retail rates plus the Nocatee 4 add-on, and they are not going to get the benefit of the 5 dilution of the capital impact in the ratemaking process 6 because it's coming in as O&M.

COMMISSIONER PALECKI: Well, I understand your 7 answer. I'm still looking for economies of scale, and I'm not 8 9 familiar with the geography here. I see the Intracoastal 10 Waterway separating the two systems. I understand you will be 11 able to share management between the two systems. Will you be 12 able to share lineworkers between the two systems, the system 13 at Nocatee and the existing system? Is there a nearby bridge? 14 Is it easy to get back and forth between the areas? Will 15 trucks be shared between the two systems? THE WITNESS: Can I show you on the chart something? 16 17 COMMISSIONER PALECKI: Yes. THE WITNESS: If I can get my bearings --18 19 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Yeah, I need you to take the mic 20 with you. 21 THE WITNESS: -- and not spill the water. I believe this is 210. Is that right, Mr. Melson? 22 23 MR. MELSON: County Road 210 is in there somewhere. THE WITNESS: Yeah, that's 210. And there is a 24 25 bridge right here that's being replaced by a four-lane bridge.

It's going to be a big bridge without a -- it now is a bridge that has a -- what do you call it -- draw in it. It's an old time bridge where they have to open it for the boats to go under, and it's being replaced by a big bridge much like the Vilano Bridge here in St. Augustine, a very high four-lane bridge. So the access will be very easy back and forth here.

7 The operations plan, it's unfortunate that 8 Mr. Forrester is not able to be here because he could probably 9 speak to that better than me, but I will tell you this, that in 10 the projections that we did, we sat with Mr. Miller in several 11 conferences and went through line by line the O&M cost items, 12 the operations and maintenance cost items, and identified in 13 the years when the new capital was coming in what would happen, 14 what would we need. And we identified additional operators, 15 additional expenses that would be incurred, but because of that 16 capital, not just because the growth units were coming on but 17 because now you had a new plant to operate. So instead of 18 having one operator, you're going to have to have two or whatever the number was. And that's all reflected in these 19 20 analyses here. So I would say that it's all been accounted 21 for.

And the economies of scale are two things. It's not just dividing the cost by more units. That's one thing, but it's just a tremendous surge in the revenues. When you get these growth units -- let's say you put the plant in in 2002,

and then you start getting growth units. Well, those growth 1 2 units are adding boom, boom, boom, boom, boom, boom to your 3 revenue every unit that comes in without adding very much 4 marginal cost at all on the cost side, chemicals and the power 5 and a few things of that nature to actually deliver the 6 service. You don't have to hire more employees now once they are in on the plant. So the big dynamic that's really causing 7 8 this to be possible and probably unusual is because of the 9 tremendous growth.

10 The growth numbers -- they are in the book, but in 11 2001, Intercoastal was experiencing -- well, and this is 12 somewhat like historical -- about 4.67 percent on water and 9 percent on sewer. In 2003, it goes to 12 -- I'm going to 13 14 round these to nearest percents -- 12 on water, 22 percent on sewer. In '04, it goes to 11 on water and 19 on sewer. In 15 16 '05, it's 10 on water, 16 percent on sewer. Now, these are the 17 same number of units. The percentage is going down a little 18 bit now because they are pinning against bigger units each 19 year. But there is a tremendous number of new units coming in. and it's operating very much like a rate increase in the 20 intervening years between '02 and '07, and then from '07 on. 21 22 And you take a hit in those two years because you have new capital that comes in, you're bringing in some new O&M, and you 23 24 are bringing in some new capital impact into the rates, but the 25 net effect is that the revenues are just dwarfing all of these

1 other effects because it's just tremendous growth. I don't
2 know how many utilities experience that level of growth over
3 that period of time.

4 And now at the end of the period when the eastern 5 service area is built out, things will go back more to a steady 6 state, and we're not predicting that these rates will continue to go down forever. Okay. This is a phenomenon that will 7 occur while they are experiencing growth on the eastern system 8 on a fully built system that's having some -- having a 9 10 deteriorating rate base and growth on a western side where they 11 have got a new system coming in with tremendous growth. The old system growth will go away, and then the eastern service 12 13 area growth will go away in '08, I guess, is when it fully goes 14 away. And then you will still have the western, and you'll be 15 more back to a steady state. And we would think that the rates 16 would stay somewhat stable from then on. So we're not 17 predicting this to be an ad infinitum item effect. It is a 18 phenomenon. And the reason -- I mean, you're trying to decide 19 what to believe about all this testimony here, and you've got a lot of stuff on the table, and you've got a lot of conflicting 20 arguments before you. But the believability all of this, one, 21 22 is in analyzing it and seeing that it's being calculated right: the other is in the phenomenon that's causing it to occur and 23 is just tremendous growth. Water units going from 5,763 ERCs 24 25 in 2000 to 12,091 ERCs in 2009; sewer units going from 2,857

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1	ERCs in 2000 to 9,328 at the end of the period, just tremendous
2	growth, tremendous increase in revenues, and that's what's
3	going to make it happen.
4	COMMISSIONER PALECKI: Thank you.
5,	COMMISSIONER JABER: Mr. Burton, are you familiar
6	with any of the comprehensive plans filed by Intercoastal, JEA,
7	or the County?
8	THE WITNESS: Comprehensive plans filed under the
9	Growth Management Act?
10	COMMISSIONER JABER: Yes.
11	THE WITNESS: No, I'm not.
12	COMMISSIONER JABER: All right. So you don't know
13	then what was envisioned by the County for growth and provision
14	of water in this area, do you?
15	THE WITNESS: I do not. That would be other
16	witnesses that would need to testify to that.
17	COMMISSIONER JABER: I'll tell you why I'm asking,
18	and it's something I've been thinking about with the public
19	interest question, Mr. Burton, and maybe if you want to
20	elaborate on this, you can. As mater of policy, should the
21	Commission give any weight to allowing the creation of a new
22	utility versus allowing an expansion by another utility
23	existing, whether it be JEA, or Intercoastal, or the County,
24	for that matter?
25	THE WITNESS: Should they gave weight to

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1	COMMISSIONER JABER: How much should I take that into
2	
	account when I'm making my decision in this case?
3	THE WITNESS: Let me make sure I understand your
4	question. How much should you take into account what
5	specifically?
6	COMMISSIONER JABER: Allowing Nocatee Utility to be
7	certificated, which is a brand new utility, versus allowing
8	approving Intercoastal's application or perhaps denying
9	Nocatee's application with the understanding that JEA is
10	available to serve.
11	THE WITNESS: Well, you know, you've asked my opinion
12	on that, so I'll tell you. I think the testimony I've heard,
13	the JEA ability to serve the whole area would be up in the air.
14	I think you would have people who would have different opinions
15	about that than what JEA has. In terms of Nocatee being a new
16	utility versus Intercoastal being an existing utility,
17	Intercoastal is an existing utility. They are right there.
18	They are adjacent to the service area. They have a long
19	history of being able to provide quality service, not
20	withstanding the complaints you've heard by some people that
21	are very proximate to a wastewater treatment plant, and I think
22	the testimony that the JEA plant also puts out odors also.
23	You have a utility that's been able to attract
24	capital, that continues to be able to attract debt at very

25 attractive rates. I personally don't see why you would need a

new utility in this area, and I guess that would be my opinion.
I think that the JEA issue doesn't have a -- even as it's
structured, I think Nocatee is very thin. I mean, I heard
testimony that you-all didn't even know who you were going to
have to call if you had a problem. If you're approaching
Nocatee, if I was in your shoes, I would say, am I effectively
approving JEA?

8 I think it's very likely with the right of 9 first refusal that it is very possible there would be an 10 acquisition. I don't know what's going to happen at that 11 point. And then you have a tremendous amount of this service 12 area. It's the yellow, I guess, compared to the green shaded 13 that's not accountable -- where the owners of the utility are 14 effectively not accountable to any regulation other than their good graces of JEA. So I think in an abundance of conservative 15 16 caution and no reason not to because Intercoastal clearly can provide this service. From what I can see, I would say 17 18 Intercoastal. I know there was testimony about development orders and things of that nature, but I'm not the expert in 19 20 those things, and it seems to me that those things are fungible 21 over time. They are changeable over time based upon what 22 occurs. So I don't know that that would be a limited factor 23 here.

COMMISSIONER JABER: But in your review of the testimony and of this case overall, you don't believe that JEA

1 doesn't have the technical or the financial ability; right? 2 THE WITNESS: You're saying I don't believe they do? No, I believe they have the technical and financial ability to 3 4 serve the service area. Clearly, they are serving the 5 greater -- a huge service area in Jacksonville. I'm just 6 saying there's a lot of potential issues there with regard to 7 territorial issues with St. Johns County. Intercoastal is very 8 proximate. JEA is proximate now. They have run lines in 9 recent years down there to become proximate. The plant is a 10 long ways away. And by the time this all evolved and we went 11 through the case in St. Johns County and construction was going 12 on with JEA, they now have facilities that are relatively 13 close, but there was a time when they didn't. 14 Intercoastal appears to me to be an easy solution. 15 It appears to be one without conflict. Intercoastal is an 16 existing utility. They will be serving across county 17 boundaries. Your jurisdiction over that is pretty well 18 settled. It seems to me a better solution in all ways. The 19 approval of Nocatee -- if you were to approve Nocatee -- let's 20 just hypothetically say you were to approve Nocatee, and one 21 month later or one day later, JEA exercises its right of first 22 refusal. They have now procured the right to serve in 23 St. Johns County by your action. I don't know. You have to judge whether that's what should happen out of this case and 24 25 whether that's likely to happen. I don't know what's going to

happen. That is a possibility, however, where JEA acquires 1 2 Nocatee soon after the approval or long after the approval, 3 whenever they might do it. And if they do it, then they have 4 acquired the right to serve in the county by -- I believe that's what they -- the testimony has indicated they would 5 6 believe to be their right because they would have the certificated service area. The utility would have had the 7 certificated service area. They would acquire that utility, 8 and then they would have the right to serve. That's what I 9 10 think I heard them say.

So I don't know what anybody's motives are on any of this. I have no idea. I just know the perception would be if that did occur, possibly that this was a process that allowed JEA to do that. And I'm not accusing anybody of doing anything, but it is a very real possibility, I think.

16COMMISSIONER JABER: Mr. Burton, I interrupted your17counsel, so I better let him continue his redirect.

18 BY MR. DETERDING:

Q I just wanted to follow up on one of the questions by Commissioner Palecki just for some clarification. You were talking about the tremendous growth. And the only thing I wanted to clarify is, this utility already has had tremendous growth in its existing service territory, and I think you were talking about the combined effect would be just this huge number? A It would be in the scheme of things that I see in my,
 you know, 25 years of doing this kind of business with
 utilities, this is some of the more astronomical growth figures
 that I have ever seen.

Q And not just because of what's going to happen in
Nocatee, but because --

The combination. First off, 9 percent growth on any 7 Α 8 system is high. I mean, you know, some of the highest growth 9 recorded is around in Orange County is one of my long-term 10 clients. They look at 6, 7 percent growth, and that's strong. 11 That's down in the Orlando area where you've gotten a lot of 12 growth. These are very high growth numbers, and I would think 13 that this most anyone could look at them and feel that's true. 14 But it is a phenomenon, and it won't last forever. It will last when there's a coincidence of growth happening on the 15 eastern and the western side. When the eastern sides builds 16 17 out, then it will be the western side. It will go more back to 18 a steady state.

19 So I don't want to think that -- for two reasons, I 20 don't want to think that we're projecting this will go on and 21 on. One is, that's not believable. There has to be a reason 22 this is happening, and this is the reason. And if you'd like, 23 I'll be happy to provide you copies with this graph that 24 clearly demonstrates what's going on out there. I forgot my 25 second point. I lost my train of thought.

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1	MR. DETERDING: That's all I have. I wanted
2	unless we're going to seek to clarify something else, I wanted
3	to address the exhibits.
4	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Commissioner Melson.
5	MR. MELSON: Thank you for the promotion. I would
6	like to ask one follow-up to one thing he said in a rather
7	lengthy response to Commissioner Jaber. Just a point of
8	clarification.
9	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: I was very hesitant to do that
10	earlier. Could you explain it to me, please.
11	MR. MELSON: He talked about if JEA exercised a right
12	of first refusal the day after Nocatee got a certificate, and I
13	want to know if he understands what a right of first refusal
14	is.
15	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: I think he was speaking to the
16	specific clause in the
17	MR. MELSON: Yes, sir. But I think he may have had a
18	right of first refusal confused with an option, and I'm trying
19	to find out if the witness understand the difference.
20	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Okay. You can go to his
21	understanding of that briefly.
22	RECROSS EXAMINATION
23	BY MR. MELSON:
24	Q Mr. Burton, what do you understand a right of
25	first refusal to be?
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My understanding would be that if Nocatee desires to 1 Α 2 sell the utility. that JEA would be the first one who had a shot at buying it. 3

So you don't understand that a right of first refusal 4 0 5 first requires a contract to sell to some third party before a right would exist in JEA? That's not your understanding? 6

Let me clarify this a little bit, if I might. I have 7 Α 8 not analyzed the contract in terms of the right of 9 first refusal very specifically. I wasn't actually arguing a 10 legal point of order. I was responding in terms of my opinion 11 about what might happen in the Commission's thought process 12 about what they should do. It's clear by the language that 13 there has been contemplation of an acquisition by JEA. It's clear that when an acquisition occurs usually there has to be a 14 willing seller and a willing buyer. All I'm saying, if that 15 16 does occur, that's all I was saying, if that does occur, then 17 that's what would happen. I wasn't arguing whether JEA could 18 come in and just trigger something without any agreement from 19 Nocatee. So if that helps, that's all I meant.

20 MR. MELSON: That helps. Thank you. CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. You were done; correct? 21 22 MR. DETERDING: Yeah. I just wanted to address 23 before we get to -- well, let's go ahead, and I'll move Mr. Burton's 29 and 30. I guess they were marked. 24 25

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Yes. Exhibits 29 and 30, without

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807 objection, show those are admitted in the record. 1 2 (Exhibits 29 and 30 admitted into the record.) 3 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: What did we decide about a corrected MB-3? Is that necessary? 4 5 MR. DETERDING: Well. I would prefer you had it 6 because the numbers that you've got in MB-3 are slightly off than what he was questioned at length here today about that he 7 8 agreed it ought to be changed in here. And if Mr. Melson 9 objects to that, then you're just going to have to rely on his 10 verbal representation of the affect of that and approximately how much it affected it. Since I think we have agreed that 11 12 it's only those adjustments that he specifically mentioned. I 13 don't know why Mr. Melson would have a problem with that. 14 MR. MELSON: Commissioner Jacobs. let me suggest 15 something. If we are about ready to break for the evening, if 16 I could have a copy of revised Exhibit MB-3 to look at this 17 evening, I could let you know tomorrow whether I object or not. 18 It might be that I would not object if I were permitted to ask 19 a few questions about things in that exhibit that I'm 20 particularly interested in. CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Okay. We'll take that approach, 21 22 and you can come back and make a decision on that. Okay. 23 Thank you, Mr. Burton. You're excused. 24

THE WITNESS: Thank you.

25

(Witness excused.)

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1	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Before we leave, as I understand
2	it, there was a possible stipulation. Is that possible?
3	MS. CIBULA: One of the attorneys has a question for
4	the DEP witnesses, but Ms. Silvers has asked to go tonight, to
5	give her testimony tonight, if that's possible.
6	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Okay. Do we know what the extent
7	of cross would be for Ms. Silvers?
8	MR. MELSON: Actually, if you start at that end of
9	the table and after I hear Mr. Wharton's cross, I may not have
10	any at all.
11	MR. WHARTON: Well, I feel the same way.
12	MR. MELSON: I will waive cross if you will,
13	Mr. Wharton.
14	MR. WHARTON: Of Caroline Silvers?
15	MR. MELSON: Yes.
16	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Yes.
17	MR. WHARTON: No.
18	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: No cross?
19	MR. WHARTON: No. No, I won't waive it.
20	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Okay. How long?
21	MR. WHARTON: And in fact well, it's short, but I
22	just think Ms. Silvers is an important witness. So if
23	everybody feels robust, let's get her in; otherwise, let's do
24	it tomorrow morning.
25	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: This is really short?
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809 1 MR. WHARTON: Well, it's not as long as -- it's 2 shorter than cross that would be longer. Using an example we 3 heard earlier in the trial, but, I mean. it's 10 or 15 minutes. 4 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Okay. 5 MR. WHARTON: And maybe not that long. 6 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Let's go ahead and take Ms. Silvers out of order. 7 8 MR. WHARTON: But was that who we were talking about. Ms. Silvers? Or was there another witness that Mr. Korn had a 9 10 few questions of that --11 MS. CIBULA: That's the DEP witnesses. 12 MR. WHARTON: And we're also going to try to do him 13 tonight? MR. KORN: If he could do him tomorrow, that would be 14 15 fine with me, because I have no questions of Ms. Silvers no 16 matter what Mr. Wharton's cross examination might be. 17 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: What's the extent of the cross for 18 Mister-- the other DEP witness? 19 MS. CIBULA: I heard that there's only, like, a 20 couple of questions for the DEP witnesses. 21 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: How about for the second DEP 22 witness? 23 MR. MELSON: I have no cross for any Staff witness that Mr. Wharton does not have cross for. 24 25 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Okay. Why don't we shoot for that? FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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1	Are they prepared to go now?
2	MS. CIBULA: Yes.
3	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Do you guys need time to pull
4	together your cross?
5	MR. KORN: No.
6	MR. WHARTON: No, I'm ready.
7	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: All right. We'll take about five
8	minutes literally in place, and then we'll get them all. In
9	fact, them can come on up.
10	(Brief recess.)
11	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: We'11 go back on the record. And
12	we're going to take out of order Ms. Silvers and the I'm
13	sorry, I can't think of any other DEP
14	MS. CIBULA: We're going to take Ed Cordova first,
15	and then Mr. Lear and then Ms. Silvers.
16	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Oh, there are three witnesses.
17	MS. CIBULA: Rob Lear is also a DEP witness.
18	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Okay. Now, are we still within 45
19	minutes or so to get done?
20	MS. CIBULA: I believe so.
21	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Okay. Sounds like a winner. And
22	we'll begin it looks like we have a good bit left tomorrow.
23	So I think we should start at 9:00 a.m. in the morning again.
24	Very well. You may proceed.
25	THE WITNESS: Excuse me, Mr. Chairman.
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1	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: You weren't here to be sworn.
2	MS. CIBULA: Yeah, he needs to be sworn in.
3	(Witness sworn.)
4	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Thank you very much. You may be
5	seated. Thank you for reminding me too.
6	EDWARD CORDOVA
7	was called as a witness on behalf of the Staff of the Florida
8	Public Service Commission and, having been duly sworn,
9	testified as follows:
10	DIRECT EXAMINATION
11	BY MS. CIBULA:
12	Q Please state your name and business address for the
13	record.
14	A My name is Ed Cordova, and I reside at 8911 Deerberry
15	Court, Jacksonville, Florida.
16	Q By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
17	A I am employed by the Florida Department of
18	Environmental Protection as the potable water section
19	supervisor in the northeast district office in Jacksonville.
20	Q Are you adopting the prefiled testimony of
21	Mr. Scott Trigg and Dr. James Tofflemire as your own?
22	A Yes, I am.
23	Q Do you have any corrections or changes to make to
24	that testimony?
25	A Yes, I do. Since I am adopting Mr. Trigg's and
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Mr. Tofflemire's testimony, I would like to substitute my name 1 2 and address on Page 1, Lines 3 through 6 of Mr. Trigg's 3 testimony, and on Page 1, Lines 3 through 5 of Dr. Tofflemire's 4 testimony. I'd also like to substitute my education and 5 experience testimony found on Page 1, Lines 9 through 13 of 6 Mr. Trigg's testimony, and Page 1, Lines 8 through 13 of 7 Dr. Tofflemire's testimony with my educational background, 8 experience, which is as follows:

I have a Bachelor of Science in environmental 9 10 engineering from the University of Florida. I have 11 approximately four years' experience as a professional engineer in environmental engineering. I have been with the DEP for 12 13 approximately eight and a half years. I have been the potable 14 water section supervisor since February 2001. I was previously in the potable water section as permitting supervisor from 15 16 November 1997 to March 1998.

Finally, I'd like to substitute the testimony on Page 1, Lines 15 through 18 of Mr. Trigg's testimony, and Page 1, Lines 14 through 17 of Dr. Tofflemire's testimony with my responsibilities at DEP which are currently as follows:

As the potable water section supervisor, I supervise As the potable water section supervisor, I supervise I3 positions and perform administrative functions for the section. I review and oversee all compliance and enforcement activities. I am also the permitting supervisor in certifying, which mean to sign and seal, all permits for the section.

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1	MS. CIBULA: Chairman, may we have Mr. Cordova's
2	testimony inserted into the record with the changes stated by
3	Mr. Cordova as though read?
4	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. Show that the prefiled
5	testimonies of Mr. Trigg and Mr. Tofflemire as adopted by
6	Mr. Cordova and amended as amended are admitted into the
7	record as though read.
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1	DIRECT TESTIMONY OF SCOTT TRIGG
2	Q. Please state your name and business address.
3	A. My name is Scott Trigg, and I reside at 8911 Deerberry Court, A. My name is Scott Trigg, and I am Professional Engineer III Program
4	Jacksonville, Florida. Supervisor for the Potable Water Section in the Northeast District of the
5	F <u>lorida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP). My business address</u> is
6	7 <del>825 Baymeadows Drive, Jacksonville, Florida 322</del> 56.
7	Q. Please state a brief description of your educational background and
8	experience. I have a Bachelor of Science in environmental engineering from the
9	A. I have a Civil Engineering Degree from Florida Institute of Technology
10	University of Florida. I have approximately four years' experience as a professional engineer (1992). I have been with DEP for 7 1/2 years, 5 1/2 in the Potable Water
11	in environmental engineering. I have been with the DEP for approximately eight and a half years. Section (Section): I have experience as an Inspector/Permitting Engineer
12	Thave been the potable water section supervisor since February 2001. I was previously in (1992-96). I have been the Permitting Supervisor since May 1998 and became
13	the potable water section as permitting supervisor from November 1997 to March 1998. a Program Supervisor in January 1999.
14	Q. What are your general responsibilities at the DEP?
15	As the potable water section supervisor, I supervise 13 positions and perform A. As <u>Program</u> Supervisor, I supervise 12 positions and perform administrative functions for the section. I review and oversee all compliance and
16	I administrative functions for the <u>Section. I review and oversee all compliance</u>
17	enforcement activities. I am also the permitting supervisor in certifying, which and enforcement activities. I am also the permitting supervisor and certify
18	mean to sign and seal, all permits for the Section. (sign and seal) all permits for the Section.
19	Q. Have you testified on behalf of the DEP in previous Public Service
20	Commission (Commission) proceedings?
21	A. No.
22	Q. What is the purpose of your testimony in this docket?
23	A. The purpose of my testimony is to provide information on the technical
24	ability of Intercoastal Utilities. Inc. (Intercoastal) to provide water
25	service to the area at issue in the original certificates application filed

by Nocatee Utility Corporation (NUC). My testimony will address the specific
 concerns the DEP has with respect to water in this area and the ability of
 Intercoastal to address and satisfy these concerns.

4 Q. Would you explain what you mean by concerns relating to water by the5 DEP?

A. Yes. The area is experiencing increasing salt water intrusion;
therefore, the permitting of new water wells and the withdrawals from existing
wells is being more closely monitored by the DEP and the Water Management
District (WMD).

Intercoastal's level of sulfates has increased over the past several years, but remains at approximately 60% of the MCL based on 1997 data. Chlorides have consistently shown to be low and are not a problem. Intercoastal has only deep wells.

The water quality of Intercoastal is satisfactory and meets all the water quality standards required by the DEP based on our most recent compliance testing. Sulfates and chlorides are secondary standards which are considered mostly for aesthetic purposes and sodium is a primary standard which is considered for health effects.

19 Q. Would you discuss the ability of Intercoastal to provide water to the20 area at issue?

A. Intercoastal has two water plans gridded together to serve one
distribution system. Based upon current information in the DEP files, the
maximum rated capacity of both plants combined is approximately 4.75 MGD.
Based upon the previous 12 months of data, Intercoastal's maximum daily flow
was 3.7 MGD. It has uncompleted projects estimated to be 0.250 MGD. This

places its system at approximately 78% of capacity and leaves it with a
 reserve of 1.05 MGD. A permit was issued in January 2000 to expand its
 treatment facilities to a maximum daily capacity of 9.0 MGD.

4 Intercoastal has an excellent history of compliance and has adequate 5 staff to provide water to the area at issue.

Q. From a safety, water quality, system reliability, and customer service
7 standpoint, would the customers in the proposed area be better served by JEA
8 or Intercoastal?

9 A. To my knowledge, Intercoastal has not had any past problems in regard 10 to safety, water quality, reliability, or customer service that would indicate 11 that the customers would be better served by JEA. Although the DEP does not 12 regulate JEA directly, I am aware that JEA is a larger utility and has its own 13 laboratory facility and personnel. I believe that the customers of the 14 proposed area would be well served by either utility.

15 Q. Do you have any other comments on the ability of Intercoastal to provide16 water service to the area at issue?

- 17 A. No, not at this time.
- 18 Q. Does this conclude your testimony?

19 A. Yes.

- 20 21
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DIRECT TESTIMONY OF DR. T. JAMES TOFFLEMIRE, P.E. 1 2 Please state your name and business address. Q. Ed Cordova, and I reside at 8911 Deerberry Court, 3 My name is Dr. T. James Tofflemire, P.E. I am a P.E. II coordinator for Α. Jacksonville, Florida. 4 the drinking water program in the Duval County Health Department (DCHD) at 900 5 University Boulevard-North, Jacksonville, Florida-32211. 6 Please state a brief description of your educational background and 0. 7 experience. I have a Bachelor of Science in environmental engineering from the University of I-have a B.S. and M.S. in Civil Engineering (Sanitary Option) from South 8 Α. Elovida. I have approximately four years experience as a professional engineer in Dakota State University and a Dr. of Engineering (Environmental Engineering) 9 environmental engineering. I have been with the DEP for approximately eight and a half y ears. from Renesslaer Polytechnic Institute, in Troy, New York. I have 32 years of 10 I have been the potable water section supervisor since February 2001. I was previously experience as a P.E. In environmental engineering. The last six and a half 11 the potable water section as permitting supervisor from November 1997 to March 1998. Years was with DCHD in the drinking water program. I have been P.E. H 12 Coordinator there since February, 1998. 13 As the potable water section supervisor, I supervise 13 positions and What are your general responsibilities at DCHD? 14 Q. perform administrative functions for the section. I review and oversee 15 I coordinate six to seven staff in the drinking water plan review and Α. all compliance and enforcement activities. I am also the permitting clearance program. I initiated a computer program to track water treatment 16 supervisor in certifying, which mean to sign and seal, all permits for the section. 17 plant capacities and see that it is updated. 18 Q. What is the purpose of your testimony in this docket? 19 Α. My testimony concerns JEA's capability in providing water to the 20 proposed Nocatee territory. The DCHD is officially delegated by the Florida 21 Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to handle the drinking water 22 program for Duval County through an interagency agreement. My supervisor, Mr. 23 Thomas R. Hamilton, also asked me to prepare this testimony in place of him. 24 0. Would you discuss the ability of JEA to provide water to the area at 25 issue?

The JEA South Grid system could potentially provide this water. The 1 Α. 2 current limiting Grid capacity is 123.2 mgd, with the recorded maximum day 3 flow of 67.3 mgd and the average day flow of 43.54 mgd. From permitting records, the term limiting capacity is defined as the minimum of several 4 5 different capacities (well pump capacity, high service pump capacity, H2S removal-storage capacity, and auxiliary power capacity at half maximum day). 6 7 The noted South Grid high service pumping capacity is 196.8 mgd. New water 8 pipe lines along U.S. 1 have been permitted to aid in providing flows to this 9 area (the Nocatee development). It appears that the South Grid has the plant capacity to provide the projected needed demand increase (6.3 mgd) during an 10 average year. During periods of drought when there is heavy irrigation use. 11 12 as occurred in the summer of 1998, the South Grid system had difficulty supplying water at adequate pressure to all areas. The grid flow peaked at 13 14 103 mgd, at a time when the <u>limiting capacity</u> was 86.5 mgd. JEA's Mandarin plant was a low-pressure area during those conditions. Some piping changes and 15 16 new plant construction have since occurred to provide more pressure and flow 17 to the Mandarin areas and Southside. For example, the new Brierwood water treatment plant and connecting mains have been added. I have not seen any 18 19 distribution system modeling data concerning supply to the Nocatee development 20 and Mandarin during drought conditions or high fire demand conditions. 21 Is there any water quality concerns with JEA supplying this water? Q. I am not aware of any such concerns. Often some corrosion control may 22 Α. 23 need to be provided to address any lead and copper problems that develop.

24 Lead and copper come primarily from the plumbing in people's homes.

25 Q. Is the water provided by JEA corrosive?

A. Not unusually so. The water is typical of the Florida aquifer that
 supplies most of N.E. Florida.

3 Q. Does JEA add chemicals to control corrosion in the South Grid system?
4 A. Yes, JEA adds sodium hydroxide or sodium hyprochlorite to rise the pH
5 to a 7.8 - 8.0 range. This reduces copper solubility.

Q. If the water is corrosive, should the Nocatee development only use PVC
pipes in the homes and businesses to prevent the formation of black water
caused by the reaction of hydrogen sulfide and copper?

9 A. Some black water problems are caused by the metals in the water heater 10 reacting with the hydrogen sulfide in the water. JEA's plants remove most of 11 the hydrogen sulfide. There are pros and cons to the use of PVC pipe. The 12 use of PVC pipe lessens any potential copper problems.

Q. Does the water in the JEA system meet the DEP's primary and secondary
standards, as well as the radio nuclides, organics, and inorganic standards?
A. Yes.

16 Q. Does the water from JEA meet all of the DEP's requirements?

- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. Does this conclude your testimony?
- 19 A. Yes.
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1 BY MS. CIBULA:

2 Q Mr. Cordova, could you briefly summarize your 3 testimony?

4 I can briefly summarize my testimony. My testimony Α 5 concerns the technical ability of JEA through their agreement 6 with the Nocatee Utility Corporation and Intercoastal 7 Utilities, Incorporated to provide potable water service to the 8 proposed Nocatee territory. With respect to JEA, JEA has the 9 capacity from its South Grid system to supply the proposed 10 Nocatee demands. The water from the JEA South Grid system 11 currently meets all DEP requirements for water quality, and I 12 know of no reason why JEA cannot satisfy the potable water 13 requirements for the Nocatee development.

14 Intercoastal currently operates two plants on a 15 system on the east side of the Intracoastal Waterway. The 16 Intercoastal system is recently in the process of an expansion, 17 and to my knowledge, the water in the Intercoastal system 18 currently meets all DEP requirements for water quality. I do 19 not know of any reason why Intercoastal cannot satisfy the 20 requirements for the potable water needs of the Nocatee 21 development. However, it is my understanding that Intercoastal 22 intents to build a plant on the western side of the 23 Intracoastal to serve Nocatee, and because I have not received 24 a permit application or any details on that plant, I cannot 25 testify as to the adequacy of that proposed system.

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1	MS. CIBULA: The witness is tendered for cross.
2	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. That end first.
3	Mr. Wharton.
4	CROSS EXAMINATION
5	BY MR. WHARTON:
6	Q When you say that JEA does have the capacity, you're
7	referring to the capacity to serve Phase 1; correct?
8	A Yes.
9	MR. WHARTON: Okay. Thank you. That's all I have.
10	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: That's it.
11	MR. MELSON: No.
12	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Mr. Menton.
13	MR. MENTON: No.
14	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Mr. Korn.
15	MR. KORN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
16	CROSS EXAMINATION
17	BY MR. KORN:
18	Q Mr. Cordova, directing your attention to the prefiled
19	testimony of Mr. Trigg, specifically Page 3, Lines 9 through
20	11, do you have that in front of you, sir?
21	A I have on Page 3 my testimony goes to Line 10. I'm
22	not sure I have the same
23	Q I'm referring to the direct testimony of Mr. Trigg
24	filed May 1, 2000.
25	A Yes. Are you sure that's Page 3?
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1	Q That's what it says.
2	A Okay. It's a different format, sorry.
3	Q Okay. No problem. If you could just direct your
4	attention to Lines 9 through 11 of that page, sir.
5	A Yes, sir.
6	Q Okay. As I understand the purpose of your testimony
7	today is to discuss the ability of Intercoastal to provide
8	potable water and to be able to serve the Nocatee area along
9	those lines; that's correct?
10	A Yes, sir.
11	Q So your testimony here at Lines 9 through 11 where
12	you're talking about that Intercoastal has not had past
13	problems with regard to safety, water quality, reliability, or
14	customer service is related to the water issues that you are
15	being tendered for as a witness; correct?
16	A Yes, sir.
17	Q Were you here earlier during the testimony of
18	Mr. Flury?
19	A Yes, I was.
20	Q Were you made aware that Intercoastal made notice to
21	its customers at some point that there had been an elevated
22	level of coliform bacteria in its drinking water at some point
23	in time?
24	A I was not aware of that fact.
25	Q You were not aware of that before today's testimony?
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1	A Yes, sir, I was aware of it.
2	MR. KORN: Thank you. I have no more questions.
3	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. Commissioners.
4	Redirect.
5	MS. CIBULA: No redirect.
6	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. No exhibits. Thank
7	you. You're excused.
8	(Witness excused.)
9	MS. CIBULA: Mr. Lear also needs to be sworn in.
10	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: And Ms. Silvers as well?
11	MS. CIBULA: Yes.
12	(Witnesses sworn.)
13	ROBERT H. LEAR
14	was called as a witness on behalf of the Staff of the Florida
15	Public Service Commission and, having been duly sworn,
16	testified as follows:
17	DIRECT EXAMINATION
18	BY MS. CIBULA:
19	Q Please state your name and your business address for
20	the record.
21	A My name is Robert H. Lear, and my business address is
22	the Florida Department of Environmental Protection at 7825
23	Baymeadows Way, Suite B-200 in Jacksonville, Florida. The zip
24	is 32256.
25	Q By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
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A I'm employed by the Florida Department of
 Environmental Protection. My capacity is as the domestic
 wastewater permitting coordinator in the water facilities
 program.

Q Are you adopting the prefiled testimony ofEdward Cordova as your own?

A Yes.

7

Q Do you have any changes or corrections to make to9 that testimony?

A Yes, I do. Since Mr. Cordova's testimony was adopted, I'd like to substitute the testimony on Page 1, Lines 3 through 6 with my name and my business address. Also, the testimony on Page 1, Lines 8 through 9 with my educational background. And I hold a degree of Bachelor of civil engineering from the University of Virginia.

I would also like to substitute the testimony on Page 1, Lines 11 through 18 with my experience at DEP, which is a period of employment of a little over six and a half years in which I have served in domestic wastewater permitting for approximately two years, and in compliance and enforcement in other programs for the past four and a half years. In the middle of February of this year, I assumed my present position.

I'd also like to substitute the testimony on Page 1,
Lines 20 through 25 with my general responsibilities for DEP,
which is the coordination of all domestic wastewater permitting

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1	activities. Finally, I'd like to substitute the testimony on
2	Page 2, Lines 3 through 5 with my experience. I testified
3	before the Public Service Commission of not having testified
4	before this Commission previously.
5	MS. CIBULA: Chairman, may we have Mr. Lear's
6	testimony inserted into the record with the changes stated by
7	Mr. Lear as though read.
8	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. Show the prefiled
9	testimony of Mr. Cordova as amended and adopted by Mr. Lear
10	entered into the record as though read.
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1	DIRECT TESTIMONY OF EDWARD CORDOVA
2	Q. Please state your name and business address.
3	Robert H. Lear, and my business address is the Florida Department A. My name is Edward Cordova, and I am employed in the Domestic Wastewater
4	of Environmental Protection at 7825 Baymeadows Way, suite B-200, in Jacksonville, Section in the Northeast District Office of the Florida Department-of
5	Floride. The zip is 32256. Environmental Protection (DEP). My business address is 7825 Baymeadows Way.
6	Suite-B-200, Jacksonville, Florida, 32256
7	Q. Please state a brief description of your educational background.
8	I hold a degree of Bachelor of civil engineering from the University of Virginia. A. <u>Lhave Bachelor of Science degrees in Environmental and Aerospa</u> ce
9	engineering from the University of Florida.
10	Q. How long have you been employed with the DEP and in what capacity?
11	My experience at DEP, which is a period of employment of a little over six and a A. I have been employed with the DEP for 8 years. I worked in the Industrial
12	half years in which I have served in domestic coasternater permitting for approximately Wastewater Section, from October 1992 until November 1997, conducting
13	two years, and in compliance and enforcement in other programs for the past four compliance, enforcement, and permitting duties as an Engineer I, II, and III.
14	and a helf years. In the middle of February of this year, I assumed my In November 1997, I moved to the Potable Water Section as a Professional
15	present position. Engineer I, serving as the permitting supervisor. In March 1998, I moved to
16	t <del>he Domestic Wastewater Section as a Professional_Engineer II, serving as the</del>
17	compliance/enforcement supervisor. My title was later changed to
18	Compliance/Enforcement Coordinator as a result of a district re-organization.
19	Q. What are your general responsibilities at the DEP?
20	The coordination of all domestic wastewater permitting activities. A. Presently, I coordinate all compliance/enforcement activities for the
21	Northeast District's (District) domestic water facilities. I review all
22	c <del>ompliance documents and provide input on all enforcement activities relat</del> ed
23	to the District's domestic water facilities. I also have reviewed several
24	domestic_water_permit_applications. I work with the permitting coordinator
25	when facilities are subject of both enforcement and permitting issues.

Q. Have you testified on behalf of the DEP in previous Public Service
 Commission (Commission) proceedings?
 T. tertified labor and Public Service (commission of not having testified)

I testified before the Public Service Commission of not having testified A. No. -- I have testified in several hearings related to industrial wastewater

- A. No. I have testified in several hearings related to industrial wastewater
   before this Commission previously.
   4 permits that I issued, but I have not testified in any previous Commission
- 4 permits that install but inder not lest integration any previous commission
- 5 proceedings.
- 6 Q. What is the purpose of your testimony in this docket?

A. The purpose of my testimony is to provide information on the technical ability of Intercoastal Utilities, Inc., (Intercoastal) and Nocatee Utility Corporation (NUC), through an agreement with JEA, to provide wastewater service to the area at issue in NUC's certificate application. My testimony will address the specific concerns the DEP has with respect to wastewater in this area, and the ability of the two utilities to address and satisfy these concerns.

14 Q. Would you explain what you mean by the DEP's concerns relating to 15 wastewater?

A. Yes. The DEP's concerns are related to effluent disposal, as this is the
primary concern for wastewater treatment plants in this area. For Duval and
St. Johns Counties, utilizing reuse and residential reuse is a high priority.
This has been reinforced by both the St. Johns River Water Management District
and the Commissioners of St. Johns County as a result of salt water intrusion
into interior water resources. The St. Johns River Water Management District
has designated both counties "Water Resource Caution" areas.

In addition, there are only a few large water bodies available for the
disposal of effluent in northern St. Johns County and southern Duval County.
In this area, there are several wetlands, the St. Johns River and the

1 Intercoastal Waterway (ICWW).

2 A portion of the St. Johns River has been designated an impaired 3 waterway. Any new or expanded discharge to any surface water body would 4 require an anti-degradation study in accordance with Rule 62-4.242(2), Florida 5 Administrative Code. As part of the anti-degradation study, the permittee 6 must demonstrate that their discharge will not impair the receiving water. 7 The permittee must also demonstrate that there is no other reasonable 8 alternative, specifically including reuse, to the discharge to surface water. 9 The recent expansion of JEA's Mandarin plant's discharge is an example of the difficulties involved in obtaining an expanded discharge to surface 10 11 water. JEA's Mandarin plant recently expanded its discharge to the St. Johns River from 5.0 MGD Annual Average Daily Flow (AADF) to 7.5 MGD AADF. As part 12 13 of the expansion, its effluent limits were reduced to the level necessary to 14 ensure that actual pollutant loadings to the St. Johns River were not 15 increased. Achieving this reduction required the introduction of biological

16 nutrient reduction (BNR) technology to JEA's Mandarin plant at significant 17 cost.

A portion of the ICWW, encompassing the Guana River State Park, has been designated an Outstanding Florida Water (OFW). Any new discharge to the ICWW in the vicinity of the OFW would require a demonstration that the OFW would not be degraded.

Q. What would be the role of the DEP with respect to the issues of reuse?
A. As stated above, the DEP has significant concerns with new or expanded
discharges to the two major surface water bodies in the area. The primary
alternative to discharging to these water bodies is to implement reuse.

Further, in accordance with Section 403.064 Florida Statutes, all applicants for permits to construct or operate a domestic wastewater treatment facility located within a water resource caution area must prepare a reuse feasibility report as part of its application for the permit. The only exceptions are for those facilities with a design capacity of less than 0.1 million gallons per day (MGD) or those facilities with a reuse capacity equal to or exceeding the total permitted capacity.

As stated above, both Duval and St. Johns Counties have been designated 8 9 water resource caution areas. The purpose of the reuse feasibility report is to have the utility determine if it has the ability to reduce or eliminate its 10 The report must include an evaluation of the economic, 11 discharge. environmental, and technical constraints associated with reuse. 12 Reuse is usually found to be technically feasible, but not economically feasible. The 13 cost of retrofitting existing developments with residential reuse is generally 14 cost prohibitive. If the report complies with the requirements of Section 15 403.064, Florida Statutes, the DEP must accept the findings of the report as 16 to reuse feasibility. 17

18 Q. Would you discuss the ability of each of the utility systems in this19 docket to provide reuse?

20 A. <u>NUC:</u>

My answer assumes that JEA will provide wholesale wastewater service from its Mandarin plant to the area at issue in NUC's original certificate application. The most recent permit for JEA's Mandarin wastewater treatment facility was issued on November 12, 1996, and expires on November 12, 2001. This permit allows JEA to operate a 7.5 MGD AADF activated sludge plant. The

- 4 -

permit was revised on September 30, 1999, to authorize construction of a 2.5 1 2 MGD AADF public access reuse system. There are provisions to expand the reuse capacity to 5.0 MGD. Several reuse customers have been identified and the 3 4 reuse distribution system is under construction. The reuse distribution lines 5 are being laid along a path that will place them within several miles of the NUC has stated that the Nocatee 6 northwest edge of the Nocatee development. 7 development's reuse demand will exceed the volume of wastewater generated in 8 the early stages of development. JEA's Mandarin wastewater treatment facility 9 should be able to meet the Nocatee development's excess reuse demands.

The last Capacity Analysis Report for JEA's Mandarin wastewater treatment facility was submitted in April of 1994. The Capacity Analysis Report determined that the plant will reach its 7.5 MGD AADF capacity by 2010. This projection would likely have to be modified should JEA's Mandarin plant serve the Nocatee development. The AADF for 1999 was 5.14 MGD.

15 <u>Intercoastal</u>:

16 The DEP issued a permit for Intercoastal's Sawgrass plant on July 31. 17 1997. This permit expires on July 30, 2002. The permit authorized an expansion of the plant from 0.8 MGD to 1.5 MGD. The expansion is now 18 The plant provides 0.3 MGD AADF of reuse for the Sawgrass golf 19 complete. course. The plant discharges the remaining 1.2 MGD AADF to the ICWW. 20 The AADF for 1999 was 0.824 MGD. In a letter dated May 18, 1999, Intercoastal's 21 engineer, Sonny Waitz, stated that there is physically no room for further 22 23 expansion at Intercoastal's Sawgrass wastewater treatment facility site and 24 the plant will not be expanded beyond the 1.5 MGD current capacity.

25 From the application provided by the Commission, it appears that

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Intercoastal is proposing to provide initial wastewater service to the area 1 2 west of its current certified area from a new 1.0 MGD wastewater treatment 3 plant centrally located in the Nocatee community. The plant would be 4 expanded, in phases, to provide treatment capacity through build out. The DEP 5 has no application or any other information regarding this proposed plant. 6 Without such information, it is not possible to fully evaluate the ability of 7 Intercoastal to provide reuse. The proposed plant will include a sequential 8 batch reactor (SBR) treatment unit with filtration and high level disinfection 9 for public access reuse. In theory, such a plant should be adequate to provide public access reuse for the Nocatee development. It has been noted 10 above that in the initial stages of development, the reuse demand for Nocatee 11 12 will exceed the volume of wastewater being generated. Without an external 13 source for augmentation, such as a connection to Intercoastal's Sawgrass 14 wastewater treatment facility, Intercoastal may not be able to meet the full 15 reuse demand in the early stages of development.

Q. Could you discuss whether there are any other concerns the DEP has with respect to NUC's and Intercoastal's facilities and the utilities' ability to provide wastewater service to the area in question?

19 A. Neither JEA, through which NUC is proposing to provide service, nor
20 Intercoastal are currently serving residential areas with reuse. However,
21 this should not be a significant technical hurdle for either utility.

As stated above, Intercoastal proposes to construct a 1 MGD AADF plant in the Nocatee development. Intercoastal's Commission application also indicates the plant would have a wet weather discharge to the ICWW. The ICWW has been designated an OFW from the SR 210 bridge south. The tide line is

1 also very close to this point (i.e. north of the line the ICWW flows in and 2 out to the St. Johns River, while south of the line, the ICWW flows in and out 3 toward St. Augustine). Because of this, it would be difficult to approve a 4 wet weather discharge unless the discharge point was considerably north of the 5 SR 210 bridge.

- 6 Q. Do you have any other comments on the ability of NUC or Intercoastal to 7 provide wastewater service to the area in question?
- 8 A. No, not at this time.
- 9 Q. Does this conclude your testimony?
- 10 A. Yes
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1	BY MS. CIBULA:
2	Q Mr. Lear, could you briefly summarize your testimony?
3	A Yes. The testimony in summary deals with the
4	technical ability of two proposals and the regulatory aspects
5	of the two proposals to provide wastewater treatment service to
6	the proposed Nocatee area. Both of the proposals, as we know
7	it, can be implemented within the existing regulatory
8	framework.
9	MS. CIBULA: The witness is tendered for cross.
10	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Mr. Wharton.
11	CROSS EXAMINATION
12	BY MR. WHARTON:
13	Q Sir, looking at your testimony at the bottom of Page
14	6, the Intercoastal or Intracoastal, rather, Waterway has
15	been designated an outstanding Florida water from State Road
16	210 bridge south; correct?
17	A That is my testimony, yes, sir.
18	Q Are you aware that Intercoastal's present discharge
19	is to the Intracoastal Waterway well north of the 210 bridge?
20	A Iam now.
21	Q Okay. But let me just ask you this. Your testimony
22	is meant to say that if Intercoastal is proposing a wet weather
23	discharge I've confused myself because Intercoastal and
24	Intracoastal. Your testimony is meant to say that if
25	Intercoastal has a wet weather proposes a wet weather

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1 discharge to the Intracoastal south of the 210 bridge, that 2 could be a problem because that's an outstanding Florida water? 3 That's indeed the case. Thank you for stating it. Α 4 But if it is north of the 210 bridge, then that 0 5 particular problem as it relates to the outstanding Florida 6 water would not exist? 7 It would be mitigated. It would become part of a Α 8 discharge that eventually joins the St. Johns River. And the 9 effect that the discharge would have on the Intracoastal 10 Waterway would have to be examined in great detail prior to its 11 being permitted. 12 And that's something that would be considered as part 0 13 of the application process? 14 Yes. it would. Α MR. WHARTON: Thank you, sir. That's all I have. 15 16 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Mr. Menton. 17 MR. MENTON: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, just a couple 18 of quick questions. 19 CROSS EXAMINATION 20 BY MR. MENTON: 21 Good afternoon, Mr. Lear. 0 22 Good afternoon. Α 23 My name is Stephen Menton, and I represent JEA in 0 24 this proceeding. On Page 4 of your testimony, beginning around 25 Lines 12 through 15, you talk about reuse, and you talk about FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1 how reuse is commonly found to be not -- or commonly found not 2 to be economically feasible. Do you recall that?

3

A Yes, sir.

Α

Q And, in fact, that's been one of the problems in
getting reuse implemented within the District is because it's
generally not a cost attractive for developers?

7

For individual developers, yes.

Q So to the extent the developer voluntarily agrees to
implement a residential reuse program, the District would
consider that to be a positive development, wouldn't you agree?
A Indeed. The Department would support that position
to the degree that it was able to.

13 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: In this instance -- I've asked this 14 a couple of times, maybe you're the best person to -- who's 15 holding the developer's feet to the fire here in this proposal? 16 Whoever gets it, in any regard, what I've heard is that JEA is 17 going to provide bulk service to their connecting point. And I 18 assume whoever gets the service territory will provide some 19 facilities from that point into the development, but I have not 20 yet heard what are the requirements that will ensure that 21 developers overcome this natural disincentive for them to set 22 up facilities for reuse.

THE WITNESS: I believe the answer is dealt with in the testimony, in the sensitive nature of the options, the sensitivity of the environmental condition of the options to

which treated effluent might be disposed. Disposal of the
 effluent is the critical factor here. And the difficulties in
 finding a satisfactory economical place for disposal may indeed
 be the impetus that you are looking for.

5 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: I agree that that would be for the 6 plant operator, the wastewater plant operator. But the developers are -- I mean, let's be honest, the answer that I 7 8 had been expecting to hear somebody say is that they won't get 9 building permits unless they decide to put in reuse lines. I 10 have not heard that answer yet, and that's the concern I have, 11 is if they get building permits and they are not required to 12 put in reuse lines, I'm wondering how extensive this network 13 will be.

14THE WITNESS: Now, are you specifically addressing15residential reuse in this case?

16 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Yeah, but I understand the golf -well, I don't know. Are -- the golf course is the same thing: 17 18 right? I don't know. I would suspect the golf course is the same thing. If they get the permits to develop the golf course 19 20 and they don't have the requirements to put in the reuse lines. 21 yeah, they will probably take it, but they will have the 22 leverage at that point, i.e., the golf courses will have the 23 leverage at that point.

THE WITNESS: I believe the answer to your question is probably very complex and a multifaceted one, and one that's

837 perhaps being wrestled with by others who are involved with 1 2 this question. And I don't think there is a simple response that would give you a direct answer. I think there are -- it's 3 4 complex. There are many factors involved. CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Okay. That's fair enough. 5 6 THE WITNESS: And however the -- you're planning to 7 receive testimony. I know, concerning drinking water usage or 8 potable water usage. That may lead you to a more direct answer 9 to your question, sir. CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. Thank you. I'm sorry I 10 11 interrupted you. 12 MR. MENTON: And, Mr. Chairman, I don't want to speak for Mr. Melson, but I believe that Mr. Miller will be here 13 tomorrow, and he can directly answer that question for you if 14 vou'd like. 15 16 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Wonderful. BY MR. MENTON: 17 18 Mr. Lear, do you know whether or not Intercoastal 0 19 Utilities will have the ability to meet the reuse needs of the 20 Nocatee development from its inception? 21 My testimony includes a premise that flow from the Α Sawgrass plant. Treated effluent from that plant might meet 22 23 the needs of the development in the early stages of growth. 24 And specifically then, on Page 5 of your testimony on 0 25 Line 19 where you talk about the existing Intercoastal plant

providing approximately 300,000 MGD of reuse to the Sawgrass Country Club, that's part of the assumptions that you made in determining whether or not Intercoastal can provide or supplement the reuse needs of the development at the inception; correct?

A That's correct. The figures on the page to which you
directed my attention indicate that there may be on an annual
average over a half a million gallons a day available for
reuse.

10 Q And if the obligations of Intercoastal Utility 11 Corporation to Sawgrass with respect to reuse were in excess of 12 300,000 gallons per day, then that would impact upon their 13 ability to meet the reuse needs of Nocatee; isn't that true?

A I think what is true is that it would reduce the
amount again on an annual average daily basis that was
available to be directed to other uses.

Q Okay. And Mr. Wharton asked you a question a minute ago about the discharges to the Intracoastal Waterway. And if Intercoastal Utilities was to build a new wastewater plant within the Nocatee development, it would need to obtain a new discharge permit from the Department; isn't that correct?

A That would be at least for a limited wet weatherdischarge, yes, sir.

Q And that wet weather discharge would be most likelyto the Intracoastal Waterway?

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1	A I believe that that would be the obvious location to
2	which it would be directed in wet weather.
3	Q And you would agree that the Department would give
4	great scrutiny to any new permits that are discharging to the
5	Intracoastal Waterway?
6	A Yes.
7	MR. MENTON: I don't have further questions. Thank
8	you.
9	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. Mr. Melson.
10	MR. MELSON: I think I've got maybe just one.
11	Commissioners, I've handed Mr. Cordova (sic) the excerpt from
12	the St. Johns County development order. It's the same excerpt
13	that I handed out to you yesterday. We didn't mark it as an
14	exhibit because the document had been officially recognized.
15	CROSS EXAMINATION
16	BY MR. MELSON:
17	Q Could you read the Paragraph B, reuse?
18	A Yes. Reuse. Irrigation demands within Nocatee shall
19	be met using reuse water. Reuse water shall consist of the
20	following sources: Wastewater effluent treated to public
21	access standards and delivered to the end user by the utility
22	provider; and two, storm water.
23	Q Do you know are you familiar with the DRI,
24	development of regional impact, process?
25	MR. WHARTON: Objection, Mr. Chairman. This is
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840 outside the scope of direct. 1 2 MR. MELSON: I'm just trying to find out if he's 3 familiar. 4 MR. WHARTON: Well, the whole thing about the 5 development order and that he's reading is outside the scope of 6 direct. 7 MR. MELSON: I'll withdraw the guestion. CHAIRMAN JACOBS: I'll allow as to his knowledge. 8 9 BY MR. MELSON: Are you familiar with the DRI process? 10 Q 11 No. sir. Α 12 So you don't know whether or not this would create a 0 13 legally binding obligation on the developer to see that reuse 14 is used for irrigation purposes? 15 MR. WHARTON: Same objection, Mr. Chairman, He's 16 going to say no anyway, but I'll withdraw the objection. CHAIRMAN JACOBS: I'll allow it. 17 18 BY MR. MELSON: 19 Do you remember the question? Q 20 Α Yes. I do. 21 So you don't know whether or not this would create a 0 legally binding obligation? 22 23 Α That is correct. 24 MR. MELSON: Thank you. No further questions. 25 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. Any questions, FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

841 Commissioners? 1 2 MR. KORN: Mr. Chairman, I have one question, if I 3 might. 4 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very briefly. 5 MR. KORN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 6 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: And it can't be about the 7 development order. 8 MR. KORN: No, sir, no, sir. I'm not that smart to 9 ask about that. 10 CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. KORN: 11 12 Mr. Lear, directing your attention to Page 5, Lines 0 13 19 and 20 of the prefiled testimony. 14 Yes. sir. Α And part of this is picking up on a question 15 0 16 Mr. Menton asked a moment ago. The data which you rely upon on your assumption where you say that the existing Intercoastal 17 18 plant provides .3 MGD of reuse for the Sawgrass golf course. where did you obtain that data from? What is the source of 19 20 that data. if you know? 21 I'm sorry, I do not know. Α As you sit here today, are you aware independently of 22 Q how much reuse water is actually provided to the Sawgrass golf 23 24 course? I rely on the testimony for that amount, even though 25 Α FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1 I do not know the source of the quantity given. 2 You don't have any independent knowledge of how much 0 3 actually may be drawn out by the golf course for irrigation 4 purposes at any particular time? 5 That's true. I don't have information about that. Α 6 0 And you don't have any knowledge, do you, sir, of any 7 contractual obligations that Intercoastal Utilities might have 8 as far as providing reuse to the Sawgrass golf course? 9 Α That is correct. 10 0 And your assumption that -- on Line 20 where it says 11 the plant discharges the remaining 1.2 MGD to the Intracoastal 12 Waterway, that assumes that the plant is processing its full 13 capacity at 1.5 million gallons per day; correct? 14 Α That is true. 15 So if the plant was not processing that same amount. 0 16 then the numbers would have to concurrently be reduced. 17 Wouldn't that be also true? 18 Yes, that's true, and the next line in the testimony Α reflects that. 19 20 MR. KORN: Thank you. No further questions. 21 Mr. Chairman. 22 MR. WHARTON: Mr. Chairman, I do have a single 23 follow-up, meaning one question. 24 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Since we've gone that direction, 25 why not.

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1	RECROSS EXAMINATION
2	BY MR. WHARTON:
3	Q Sir, to the extent that Intercoastal utilized
4	effluent from its existing plant east of the Intracoastal to
5	its proposed area west of the Intracoastal, that would be
6	utilizing effluent that right now is being put into the
7	Intracoastal Waterway; correct?
8	A That's correct.
9	Q So it would actually reduce those discharges?
10	A It would indeed reduce the discharges.
11	MR. WHARTON: That's all we have.
12	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Thank you. Redirect.
13	MS. CIBULA: No redirect.
14	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. No exhibit. Thank you
15	very much. You are excused, Mr. Lear.
16	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
17	MR. MELSON: I apologize, Mr. Lear, for calling you
18	Mr. Cordova.
19	MR. KORN: On paper, he appears to be.
20	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: That's okay, we're being very fast
21	and loose with names and titles today anyway.
22	(Witness excused.)
23	MR. KORN: And, Mr. Chairman, with the Chair's
24	permission and based on my discussion with Ms. Cibula, since I
25	have no questions for the remaining witnesses that Staff is
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1	planning to sponsor today, I would ask to be excused for the
2	evening. I have another engagement.
3	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Yes, you may be excused.
4	MR. KORN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
5	MR. WHARTON: Mr. Hoffman can take his place. We
6	won't be able to tell the difference.
7	CAROLINE SILVERS
8	was called as a witness on behalf of the Staff of the Florida
9	Public Service Commission and, having been duly sworn,
10	testified as follows:
11	DIRECT EXAMINATION
12	BY MS. CIBULA:
13	Q Please state your name and business address for the
14	record.
15	A Caroline Silvers, and I'm with the St. Johns River
16	Water Management District in the Jacksonville Service Center at
17	7775 Baymeadows Way in Jacksonville.
18	Q By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
19	A I'm with the St. Johns River Water Management
20	District, and I'm the lead hydrologist in the Jacksonville
21	Service Center.
22	Q Have you prefiled testimony in this case consisting
23	of 12 pages?
24	A Yes, I have.
25	Q Do you have any changes or corrections to that
	FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1 ||testimony?

A Yes, I do. I would like to substitute Page 5, Lines
3 and 4 with "JEA no longer has a pending consumptive use
permit application with the District. The consumptive use
permit was issued in February of 2000."

Page 11, Line 3, I would like to substitute my
testimony with "United Water Florida is now delivering
approximately .50 million gallons per day to Ponte Vedra Golf
Course.

Page 11, Line 24, I would like to substitute that "in the water 2020 plan, Intercoastal Utilities apparently addresses service for areas outside of its existing service area which is evident."

Page 12, Line 3, I would like to substitute my testimony with "although it is likely JEA has yet to demonstrate to the District that they can supply the Nocatee development without resulting in harm to the resource." And that concludes my corrections.

MS. CIBULA: Chairman, may we have Ms. Silvers'
testimony inserted into the record as though read.

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Without objection, show
Ms. Silvers' amended testimony entered into the record as
though read.

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1	DIRECT TESTIMONY OF CAROLINE SILVERS
2	Q. Please state your name and business address.
3	A. My name is Caroline Silvers, and I am the lead hydrologist for the St.
4	Johns River Water Management District's (SJRWMD or District) Jacksonville
5	Service Center and officially hold the title of Hydrologist IV P.G My
6	address is 7775 Baymeadows Way, Suite 102, Jacksonville, Florida 32256.
7	Q. Please state a brief description of your educational background and
8	experience.
9	A. I have a Bachelor of Science in Geology (1980) from James Madison
10	University. I was a Senior Geophysicist, employed by LANDMARK GRAPHICS
11	CORPORATION (6/84 - 10/84) where I contributed geological and geophysical
12	expertise towards development of seismic stratigraphic software for use by a
13	company which manufactured 3D microcomputer graphic workstations now used by
14	oil industries worldwide. I also designed software architecture to illuminate
15	structural and tectonic features indicative of hydrocarbon traps, and worked
16	closely with programmers to ensure accuracy of geophysical functions and ease
17	of software design. I marketed Landmark Workstation by providing
18	demonstrations and training to exploration geophysicists with major oil
19	companies. I was a geophysicist, employed by DIGICON GEOPHYSICAL CORPORATION
20	(2/81 - 5/84) where I enhanced land and off-shore gas/oil prospect seismic
21	data for Marathon Oil. I evaluated, tested, and presented newly developed
22	advanced geophysical software. I also investigated geophysical seismic
23	modeling problems for sixty geophysicists.

24 Q. 25 A. How long have your been employed by the SJRWMD?

It will be 15 years in August, 2000.

1 Q. What are your general responsibilities at the SJWMD?

2 Α. My responsibilities include processing complex and resource sensitive consumptive use permits for the five county Jacksonville Service Center area. 3 4 I coordinate multi-party resource and reuse negotiations and mediate divergent 5 interests among regulatory agencies, developers, utilities, industry. 6 consultants, and local government. I provide daily supervision and technical 7 support for the Jacksonville Service Center to two consumptive use permitting 8 hydrologists, water use compliance and well construction staff. I work Ģ closely with the District surface water engineers and environmental 10 specialists to incorporate storm water treatment design aspects that minimize 11 ground water demands and wetland impacts. I collaborate with the District Ground Water Modeling Group, USGS, Lower Basin SWIM Program, the Florida 12 13 Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) and local government's technical 14 staff to ensure coordination and consistency with District and other agency 15 objectives and priorities. I am an active rule development participant (Water 16 Conservation rule, augmentation rule) and on agency reuse committees.

17 Q. What is the purpose of your testimony in this docket?

A. The purpose of my testimony is to identify the concerns the SJRWMD staff has with respect to the provision of water service within the area included in the original certificate application of Nocatee Utility Corporation (NUC). My testimony will address the extent to which NUC, JEA, and Intercoastal Utilities, Inc. (Intercoastal) are capable of providing potable water service to the Nocatee development in a manner that is consistent with the goals and objectives of the SJRWMD.

25 Q. Would you first discuss the issues of concern for the SJRWMD staff that

1 relate to the provision of potable water service by any utility in the 2 District?

3 The District is primarily concerned with ensuring the availability Α. Yes. of an adequate and affordable supply of water for all reasonable-beneficial 4 5 uses while protecting the water and related land resources of the District. 6 Also, the District is concerned with protecting existing surface and ground 7 water guality from degradation and, where appropriate, improving or restoring the quality of water not currently meeting State water quality standards. 8 9 With respect to the concern of water supply, the District, through the Consumptive Use Permitting process, evaluates whether the utility's proposed 10 use of water can be accomplished without causing unacceptable adverse impacts. 11 12 This process involves evaluating each utility for the following: 1) whether the requested use is in such quantity as is necessary for economic and 13 14 efficient utilization (evaluated through audit process); 2) whether the use is both reasonable and consistent with the public interest; 3) whether the 15 source of water is capable of producing the requested amounts of water; 4) the 16 17 environmental or economic harm caused by the consumptive use permit must be 18 reduced to an acceptable amount; 5) all available water conservation measures 19 must be implemented unless the applicant demonstrates that implementation is not economically, environmentally or technologically feasible; 6) when 20 reclaimed water is readily available it must be used in place of higher 21 22 quality water sources unless the applicant demonstrates that it is not 23 economically, environmentally or technologically feasible; 7) the lowest 24 acceptable water guality source, including reclaimed water must be utilized 25 for each consumptive use; 8) the consumptive use should not cause significant 1 saline water intrusion or further aggravate existing saline water intrusion 2 problems: 9) the water quality of the source of the water should not be 3 seriously harmed by the consumptive use.

4 Q. Is the area included in NUC's original certificate application located 5 within a Priority Water Resource Caution Area?

A. Yes. A Priority Water Resource Caution Area (PWRCA) is defined as an
area where a needs and sources assessment projects resource problems occur if
existing public water supply plans were implemented. The southeastern Duval
and northern St. John's County areas were given this designation because both
have significant planned growth without an identified source of water supply.

11 Q. What type of water demand is predicted for this area?

12 Public supply water use is expected to increase in this PRWCA area, also Α. 13 designated as Work Group V in the Water 20/20 Planning process, from about 65.9 million gallons per day (mgd) in 1995, to approximately 112.1 mgd in 14 2020, or about 46 mgd (70 percent). The increase in public supply needs is 15 16 a direct result of increases in population. During the same period, the 17 population of St. Johns and Duval Counties is expected to increase by a total of about 300,900 people, from 816,500 to 1,117,400. By 2020, all other needs 18 are also expected to increase by about 11.2 mgd, except for domestic self-19 supply which is projected to decrease by 4.3 mgd in 2020. Therefore, the net 20 21 change in all other use categories is an expected increase of 7 mgd or 11 22 percent by 2020. This means that the total water use in the area of Work Group V is expected to rise during the planning period by about 53 mgd to a 23 24 total water use of about 180 mgd.

25 Q. Are there other findings of the Workgroup that would relate to the

1 ability of NUC, JEA, and Intercoastal to provide water and wastewater service 2 to that area?

JEA no longer has a pending consumptive use permit application with the District. Yes. JEA and Intercoastal have Consumptive Use Permit (CUP) applications 3 The consumptive use permit was issued in February of 2000. pending with the SJRWMD. 4 In the permit review process for this area, the 5 District's emphasis is in evaluating each utility's ability to adequately 6 supply the projected customer base without resulting in harm to water quality 7 Each utility provides a map defining its service or to native vegetation. 8 area, the projected population (for each of next 20 years) within that service 9 area, the requested allocations in million gallons per year (mgy), and the sources (ground water, surface water, reclaimed water) that will be used to 10 11 satisfy its demands. In addition, utilities conduct Reuse Feasibility 12 Studies, perform audits of distribution systems, develop or update Water 13 Conservation Plans, and perform aguifer testing programs. The Workgroup V Plan also assessed each water plant's design capability to satisfy the 14 15 projected 2020 water demand and identified potential physical deficits within 16 each plant. The plan then developed a matrix of utility-specific options to 17 meet the anticipated demand by the year 2020. Deficit estimates represent the 18 difference between projected needs for 2020 and the current permitted 19 Intercoastal was estimated to have an average day demand deficit capacity. 20 (ADD) of 2.78 mgd and JEA's ADD was 10.20 mgd. NUC is not yet in operation. 21 What were the utility-specific options for these utilities to meet the 0. 22 deficits?

A. The utility-specific options to meet the demand deficits were the
following. For Intercoastal, the study found that it has existing facilities
that will meet the 2020 ADD needs. Its deficit is based on the permitted

wellfield capacity and facilities needed to meet maximum daily demand. А 1 2 decrease in the system demand ration, possibly through either additional water conservation or reuse activities may help in reducing the maximum daily 3 JEA had the largest percentage of needs and deficits in the Duval 4 demand. 5 County portion of Work Group V. JEA appears to have most of the facilities required to meet the projected 2020 needs. However, the needs are large 6 enough to require the development of other sources. Options include new 7 8 wellfields in the north grid portion of the JEA system, an interconnect from 9 the north to the south grid to convey new supply, surface water supply from 10 the lower Ocklawaha River, seawater desalting, and the potential of acquiring other private utilities within the south grid service area around the year 11 2005. 12

Q. Are there any other concerns the SJRWMD staff have in regard to these utilities providing service in the Nocatee development that are not identified in the Workgroup V report, such as the ability of a system to satisfy its water demands without resulting in harm to water quality or to native vegetation and the ability of a utility to make reclaimed water available for reuse?

In the Workgroup V area, ground water guality changes are occurring 19 Α. rapidly concurrent with growth and increased withdrawals. In southeast Duval, 20 the concern is primarily with elevated chloride and sulfate concentrations and 21 the corresponding upward trends, which are evident in many of the wells. 22 In 23 northeastern St. Johns County, the primary concern is with elevated chlorides. In north central to north western St. Johns County the concern is primarily 24 with elevated sulfate and total dissolved solids concentrations in the 25

Floridan wells and harm to native vegetation from use of the surficial aquifer wells. In central St. Johns County (location of St. Johns Co. wellfield), the concern is with elevated chlorides and total dissolved solids in the Floridan wells and harm to native vegetation from withdrawals from the surficial aquifer.

Q. You mentioned that the use of reclaimed water is considered as part of
your CUP application review process. How much consideration will be given to
the ability of any of the aforementioned utilities to provide reclaimed water
for irrigation or other uses?

10Α. In this area of limited water resources, the ability to make reclaimed 11 water readily available for both golf courses, residential, and commercial 12 purposes will be a priority. This area is virtually undeveloped and is a 13 prime candidate for feasibly constructing dual distribution systems within 14 each large development. Since outside water use (irrigation) comprises 15 approximately 50-60% of a residential customer's consumption, it is critical 16 that lower water quality sources be used to offset what would otherwise be a 17 potable water demand. The provision of reclaimed water for golf course, residential, and commercial use in new developments would prevent or delay the 18 need for locating and developing alternative water supplies. In addition, the 19 20 District is focusing heavily on reducing wastewater discharges to the lower basin of the St. Johns River and Intracoastal Waterway. Reuse implementation 21 22 will either eliminate or significantly reduce effluent discharges to the St. 23 Johns River and Intracoastal Waterway. St. Johns County currently provides 24 reclaimed water for irrigation use to the World Golf Village and the St. Johns 25 County Golf Course, and is preparing to expand its wastewater treatment

facility (WWTF) and has committed to making 100% of its reclaimed water 1 2 available for golf course and landscape irrigation. Intercoastal currently 3 provides reclaimed water to the Sawgrass Country Club for golf course and landscape irrigation and can make reclaimed water available to The Plantations 4 5 for golf course and landscape irrigation. The County's reuse feasibility 6 study indicated that any effluent in excess of what it could supply to 7 Sawgrass could be discharged to the lakes at The Plantations for golf course 8 irrigation, with any further unused portion being discharged to the 9 Intracoastal Waterway. JEA is proposing to wholesale approximately 1.0 mgd of potable water to St. Johns County and will be accepting and treating 10 11 wastewater produced from the Nocatee development. JEA also recently acquired Julington Creek Plantation Utilities in St. Johns County where it is retailing 12 13 reclaimed water.

14 Q. Will the District require the Nocatee development to do reuse?

15 A. Yes, it will be evaluated pursuant to Chapter 40C-2.30(f), Florida16 Administrative Code.

Q. In your comments submitted on Nocatee's Development of Regional Impact
(DRI) submitted at the Department of Community Affairs (DCA), did you state
that NUC will be required to obtain a consumptive use permit pursuant to
Chapter 40C-2.041(g), Florida Administrative Code?

- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. Will conservation rates be a requirement of the CUP?
- 23 A. Yes.
- 24 Q. Would that mean inclining block rates?
- 25 A. Typically, but not always. There are various methods of designing

1 conservation rate structures.

2 If NUC will be providing reuse water for all irrigation needs, would Q. 3 that eliminate the need for inclining block rates, at least initially? 4 A Not necessarily, but that would be a consideration since a conservation 5 geared rate structure is typically geared towards outdoor or discretionary 6 uses. 7 0. According to NUC's application, there will be many large reclaimed water 8 users, such as golf courses, parks, common areas, etc., correct? 9 Α. Yes. Will these large reclaimed water users be required to apply for a CUP? 10 0. 11 Α. Possibly, if the user requires a back-up source to the reclaimed water 12 system and that source exceeds the Chapter 40C-2, Florida Administrative Code, 13 permitting thresholds, a CUP will be required. 14 0. If, pursuant to the Water Management District Rules, these large users 15 could show that it was not economically feasible to pay NUC's reuse rates, 16 would the Water Management District issue a CUP? 17 Yes, if the large users satisfied all of the other Reasonable Beneficial Α. Criteria as outlined in Paragraph 10.3 of the Applicant's Handbook. 18 19 Q. Is the applicant's determination of economic feasibility final by statute? 20 No, the Water Management District makes the final determination as to 21 Α. 22 whether or not reuse is economically feasible, not the applicant. 23 Does the Water Management District have more leverage in requiring, or Q. 24 is it better able to require, a brand new versus established golf course 25 seeking a CUP to use reclaimed water?

A. There is really no difference between new and established golf courses
 in the leverage that the District holds to require the acceptance of reclaimed
 water for irrigation.

4 Q. Is it important to set rates at levels that will encourage the use of5 reclaimed water rather than ground water for irrigation?

6 A. Yes.

7 Q. Do you have any guidance as to what that rate level should be?

8 A. Not specifically.

9 Q. Are you aware that NUC proposes to charge all users \$1.41 per thousand 10 gallons for reclaimed water in addition to a base facility charge based on 11 meter size?

12 A. Yes.

13 Q. Is this the highest reuse gallonage charge you have seen in your 14 District?

15 Based on my knowledge of reuse rates in the area, these rates are Α. 16 substantially higher than what is being charged elsewhere in Northeast 17 Florida. For example, JEA has a base facility and gallonage charge rate 18 structure for reuse, that is based on meter sizes. Up to 1-1/2" meters pay 19 \$0.58 per 100 cubic feet. Meters from 2" to 20" pay \$0.20 per cubic feet. 20 Some of the golf courses that will be obtaining reclaimed water under this 21 rate schedule are Deerwood, Deercreek, Mill Cove, Glen Kernan, UNF, Hidden Hills, and the Dunes. St. Johns County recently changed from a rate of \$3.76 22 23 per 1,000 gallons to \$0.16 per 1,000 gallons for all large users. There are 24 no residential reuse customers. Golf courses in St. Johns County obtaining 25 effluent at the new rate include World Golf Village, King and Bear, Marsh

Creek and a county owned and operated course. Other golf courses in the 1 2 vicinity obtaining free reclaimed water are Sawgrass. Marsh Landing and United Water Florida is now delivering aproximately .50 million gallons per Ponte Vedra-has an agreement with United Water Florida, but no 3 Players Club. day to Ponte Vedra Golf Course. reuse has been delivered yet. Finally, Clay County Utility Authority charges 4 5 golf courses a reuse rate of \$0.20 per 1.000 gallons. 6 0. What concerns do you have regarding NUC's reuse rate? 7 I am concerned that the gallonage charge may be too high to encourage Α. 8 reclaimed water use. 9 0 Why? 10 Α It is important that there be incentives for use of reclaimed water. 11 especially among large users like golf courses. In this case, projected irrigation needs of large users are more than double that of residential 12 13 users. In order for the SJRWMD to achieve the goals of its water supply, it 14 is extremely important to divert water usage from ground or surface sources 15 to reuse. 16 In reviewing the NUC development and water use plan, do you see any 0. inconsistencies with the goals and objectives of the District's 20/20 water 17 18 supply plan? 19 No, other than the fact that the development plan does not address water Α. 20 conservation and the efficient use of reclaimed water. 21 0. In reviewing Intercoastal's development and water plan, do you see any 22 inconsistencies with the goals and objectives of the District's 20/20 water 23 supply plan? In the water 2020 plan, Intercoastal litilities apparently addresses service for areas outside No. but in the District's 20/20 Water Use Plan, Intercoastal does not 24 Α. of its existing service area which is evident. address service for any areas outside of its existing service area. 25

1 Q. Do you have any other comments on the ability of the parties to provide 2 water service to the area in guestion? Although it is unlikely JEA has yet to demonstrate to the District that they can 3 It is my opinion that JEA has demonstrated at this time that it can Α supply the Nocatee development without resulting in harm to the resource. supply the Nocatee development without resulting in further water quality 4 5 degradation or harm to native vegetation if the water supply is from the west 6 side of the St. Johns River. 7 Also, the District is funding a St. Johns County Regional Reuse Study, 8 which will take a regional approach to addressing the reuse needs of the g entire County. It will incorporate and address the reuse potential of the 10County, the City of St. Augustine and all other private utilities providing service within the County boundaries (Intercoastal, St. Johns Service Co., 11 12 JEA, and others). 13 0. Does this conclude your testimony? 14 Α. Yes. 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

1 BY MS. CIBULA:

2 Q Ms. Silvers, can you briefly summarize your 3 testimony?

4 The scope of my testimony is to identify any concerns Α 5 the District staff currently has with respect to the provision 6 of water service within the subject area and the ability of 7 resource to meet the projected demands of the various utilities 8 applying for the certificated area in a manner that is 9 consistent with the goals and objectives of the District. 10 Specifically, the District is concerned with ensuring the 11 availability of an adequate and affordable supply of water for all reasonable beneficial uses while protecting the resource, 12 13 exiting legal users, and related land resources of the 14 District.

15 I will testify to the District's directives, rules, 16 and policies regarding water conservation and the use of 17 reclaimed water and to whether the resource can adequately 18 satisfy the demands of the proposed Nocatee development in 19 accordance with District rules. I will also testify to the 20 implications of being in a water resource caution area and any 21 items related to the existing consumptive use permits 22 associated with potential water suppliers.

MS. CIBULA: The witness is tendered for cross.
CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Mr. Wharton. Mr. Menton.
MR. WHARTON: Well, there's two of them,

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1	Mr. Chairman. I went first last time. There's only one of me.
2	MR. MELSON: Chairman Jacobs, I do not have questions
3	unless Mr. Wharton has something that I think
4	MR. WHARTON: I'll just go ahead. I'll just go
5	ahead.
6	MR. MELSON: Thank you.
7	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Oh, this is wonderful.
8	CROSS EXAMINATION
9	BY MR. WHARTON:
10	Q Ms. Silvers, you mentioned in your testimony that you
11	had commented on Nocatee's development of regional impact; is
12	that correct?
13	A Yes.
14	Q And that's that application filed by Nocatee that has
15	been referred to sometimes in this case as the ADA, the
16	application for development approval?
17	A I'm not clear on what you're asking. I commented on
18	the for the District.
19	Q Right. That's the ADA process.
20	A Okay.
21	Q And the Water Management District is one of the
22	commenting agencies?
23	A Correct.
24	Q And you represented the Water Management District in
25	commenting on the water supply issues associated with the
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1	Nocatee ADA; correct?
2	A No, I did not.
3	Q Okay. Well, do you have a copy your deposition?
4	A No, I don't with me. But could you please repeat
5	what you said last because I think you spoke fast.
6	Q Yeah, and I'm sorry. I may not have stated the
7	question clearly. You represented the District in commenting
8	on the water supply issues associated with the development
9	order?
10	A Yes, I did.
11	Q Okay. I'm sorry. And you didn't get into whether or
12	not the facilities that would provide water or wastewater
13	services should be located either on-site or off-site of the
14	development; correct?
15	A Correct.
16	Q And to your knowledge, there were no others at the
17	Water Management District who got into that issue either?
18	A To my knowledge, no.
19	Q And you're not aware that the Water Management
20	District has ever taken the position that the property is not
21	permittable with on-site facilities; correct?
22	A Correct.
23	Q And you're not aware
24	A Wait a minute. Could you repeat that? You're going
25	fast for me. I'm sorry.
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Q I'm sorry. You're not aware that the Water
 Management District has ever taken the position that the
 Nocatee property is not permittable with on-site facilities?

A Let me clarify so I'm sure that we're on the same
track. The District in the commenting process is not reviewing
whether or not the water comes from on-site or off-site, if
that's specifically what you're asking.

Q It's helpful, Ms. Silvers, and I don't mean to be
rude, but let me see if I can get an answer to that question,
though. You're not aware that -- if the Water Management
District has ever taken the position that the Nocatee property
is not permittable with on-site facilities, you're not aware of
that position; is that correct?

14

A I'm not aware that we have taken that position.

Q Okay. In fact, you're not aware of the Water Management District taking a specific position on that same issue in the past in the review of other ADA applications; is that correct?

A I only see the ones that I comment on, and I don't
see the final development orders in many instances, so I really
can only speak for the ones that I've commented on.

- 22 23
- Q But you're not --
- A And I have not seen that.
- 24 Q Okay. You're not aware of the District --
- 25 A I have not commented in that capacity. Whether or

not the District has, I can't speak for the District because I
 do not see their final comments always.

3 Q But you're not aware of the District ever taking that 4 position?

5

Α

That is correct.

Q Okay. And you don't believe it was a requirement of
the Water Management District that the development orders in
this case require that there be no on-site potable water wells
and no surficial aquifer wells except those serving as a backup
supply for the reuse system; is that correct?

11

A That's correct.

12 CHAIRMAN JACOBS: I'm sorry that I -- to ask you this 13 question because I had intended to ask one of the DEP 14 witnesses, but there was a mention in the testimony in one of 15 the witness's prefiled testimony that there was a concern about 16 groundwater and saltwater intrusion. Are those significant 17 concerns in this area?

18 THE WITNESS: Those are concerns anywhere, south and, 19 you know, south of the river, we call it, or in the south area. 20 But as an agency, we give everybody the ability to demonstrate 21 whether or not they can meet our permitting criteria. And at 22 this point, not having an application, not having wells, I 23 cannot come to that conclusion.

CHAIRMAN JACOBS: But going by your prior answer, in other developments that you've looked at, you have not tried to

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1	address any concerns of that nature by imposing any
2	restrictions on groundwater wells?
3	THE WITNESS: Well, there are some restrictions that
4	we would, you know, comment, or we would like to see such as,
5	you know, not using ground water for irrigation
6	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: I see.
7	THE WITNESS: if reclaimed water is available, and
8	we make that a requirement in our permitting process, you know,
9	no groundwater, and in our commenting process. But as far as
10	whether or not Nocatee can meet the if wells were put
11	on-site at Nocatee whether or not they could satisfy our
12	criteria, we have not reviewed that, so we cannot draw any
13	conclusions. You know, it's a pretty extensive process.
14	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: I understand.
15	THE WITNESS: We allow everybody the ability to go
16	through it.
17	BY MR. WHARTON:
18	Q You would agree that the Water Management District
19	wouldn't really know if on-site wells were appropriate until
20	they got the appropriate application?
21	A Right, and did all the appropriate testing.
22	Q And by that, you mean an application for a
23	consumptive use permit?
24	A That is correct.
25	Q Okay. Because you would have to meet the criteria
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864 for a consumptive use permit in order to put any wells in there 1 2 anyway; right? 3 Α That is correct. 4 0 There's been testimony today that all of St. Johns 5 County is a priority water resource caution area except for a 6 small area in the south. Does that sound about right to you? 7 Α I don't know the area in the south that's not, but --8 Okay. You think pretty much the whole county is? Q 9 And parts of Duval, yes. Α 10 Okay. You agree that the fact that the area is 0 11 classified as a priority water resource caution area does not 12 mean that additional consumptive use permits would be 13 prohibited: correct? 14 Α That is correct. 15 If you comply with the consumptive use permit 0 16 criteria, you can get a consumptive use permit in those areas? 17 Α That is correct. 18 Do you agree that JEA will have to have its Q 19 consumptive use permits modified if they decide they want to serve outside the area they indicated in their last consumptive 20 21 use permit application? 22 Α Yes. I concur. 23 Do you know whether they had the entire Nocatee Q 24 development in that last CUP application? 25 Α To my understanding -- and, you know, when their FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

application came in, Nocatee was not on the books. So I did review it in the capacity that it included Nocatee. I only included a portion for St. Johns County for a certain area.

Q So as we sit here right now, you don't know whether that area that JEA set forth in his consumptive use permit application included, say, all of Phase I of Nocatee?

A Not knowing where Phase I is, I don't know. You
know, I don't know the boundaries of Phase I.

9

23

1

2

3

Q So you don't know one way or another?

10 A To the best of my recollection, it was not in the 11 application that originally came in that identified their 12 service area boundaries. But I have not looked at that map in 13 five or six years, so I would have to go back.

Q But to the extent that that portion of Nocatee they proposed to provide water to, whether in Phase I or not, was not specifically delineated in that CUP application, they would need to have the CUP modified; is that correct?

A They would have to have the consumptive use permit modified if Nocatee was not included in that original service area or if it was outside of Duval County in another county.

Q So to serve any portion of Nocatee in St. Johns
County, they would have to have their CUP modified?

A That is correct.

COMMISSIONER JABER: Ms. Silvers, yesterday we heard testimony from the Nocatee witnesses that they have imposed --

866 1 there's a self-imposed desire on their part to be 2 environmentally sensitive to the degree that they are 3 addressing potential wetland mitigation concerns and the whole 4 method in which they propose to handle the reuse. Did I 5 understand your testimony to be that you haven't even reviewed 6 any of that proposal because they have not applied for a consumptive use permit with the Water Management District? 7 8 THE WITNESS: That is correct. 9 COMMISSIONER JABER: All right. So you haven't evaluated whether there are wetland mitigation problems in that 10 11 area? 12 THE WITNESS: And I would not be the one who would look at that. I would look strictly at the consumptive use 13 14 permitting issues, and that is not specifically typically an 15 issue associated with consumptive use permitting unless they 16 have surficial wells or something, so no. 17 COMMISSIONER JABER: Do you know who does? Is that a Water Management District --18 THE WITNESS: Yes. It's a Water Management District 19 20 evaluation during other permitting activities, storm water and --21 22 COMMISSIONER JABER: Do you know if there has been a 23 storm water permit that's been applied for? 24 THE WITNESS: I'm not aware of one. 25 COMMISSIONER JABER: Thank you.

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1	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Mr. Menton.
2	CROSS EXAMINATION
3	BY MR. MENTON:
4	Q Good evening, Ms. Silvers.
5	A Hi.
6	Q Just a few questions for you. You would agree that
7	JEA has the capacity in its system now to provide water service
8	to the first phase of Nocatee, wouldn't you?
9	A To be honest, I don't know how many people are in the
10	first phase of Nocatee, so if you could, maybe give me a little
11	background.
12	Q I forget the flow. It's right here in Doug Miller's
13	testimony.
14	A I haven't evaluated any of the Nocatee
15	Q Well, you know that JEA has excess capacity okay.
16	If Phase I was 700,000 gallons a day, you would agree that JEA
17	has that capacity within its existing system?
18	A As far as their allocation and in what time frame,
19	you know, those are factors I would have to consider.
20	Q Phase I is over five years.
21	A And when do we have Phase I done or completed?
22	Q 2007.
23	A If you know, that use can offset other use on the
24	South Grid, and they don't have the growth in the South Grid to
25	meet those demands that are in their allocation. They might
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1	have that capacity, but not necessarily we have not reviewed
2	it if that is in St. Johns County, if you understand what I'm
3	saying.
4	Q Well, let me ask you this. In its submittal to the
5	District as part of the 2020 plan, JEA projected service to the
6	northern St. Johns County area; isn't that correct?
7	A In the repeat what in what document?
8	Q In its submittal to the District with respect to the
9	development of the 2020 plan, JEA projected service to the
10	northern St. Johns County area; correct?
11	A I can't verify that because I haven't looked at the
12	plan at all of the plan, but they may have.
13	Q And if Mr. Perkins testified earlier that JEA had
14	projected over 3 million gallons a day as to what it
15	anticipated to be the needs in the northern St. Johns County
16	area, you would not disagree with that, would you?
17	A I don't know. I have not seen that in the
18	development order.
19	Q In JEA's consumptive use permit application, it
20	included quantities designated for service of the northern
21	St. Johns County area, did it not?
22	A Yes, it did.
23	Q And it included quantities that equaled approximately
24	3.3 million gallons per day?
25	A He applied for that. That is not what we reviewed
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1 and permitted.

Q The permit that's been issued by the District does
specifically reflect quantities that were set aside for the
northern St. Johns County area; correct?

Well, 1.0 MGD is all that we evaluated and permitted 5 Α 6 when we looked at the local sources first provision. And what was, I think, part of Exhibit E of the consumptive use -- or 7 the technical staff report and consumptive use permit allowed 8 for only 1.0 MGD, and that was all I considered during the 9 10 review process. I have seen the 3.3 MGD, but that was not 11 approved because it has to go through the local sources 12 first provision.

Q The permit that was issued by the District to JEA does include the 3.3 for the northern St. Johns County area, does it not?

16

17

19

No, it does not.

Q Isn't that on the face of the permit?

18 A No.

Α

Q Did Mr. Perkins show that to you this morning?

A No. He showed me what was in his supplemental application information, but that does not mean the District approved the 3.3 MGD.

Q Did Mr. Perkins indicate to you this morning that it was his understanding that 3.3 MGD had been set aside for the northern St. Johns County area as part of the consumptive use

870 permit issued by the District? 1 2 Α Yes. 3 COMMISSIONER JABER: What you're saying is, they 4 applied for that: the Water Management District did not approve 5 that. 6 THE WITNESS: That is correct. 7 COMMISSIONER JABER: Why not? 8 THE WITNESS: Because they have to go through the 9 Local Sources Provision Act. In order for an uncertificated, I 10 guess, or unregulated utility to satisfy our permitting 11 requirements, they have to have a contract or a binding 12 agreement to go outside of their county or vice versa in order 13 to supply that. And we do not have any agreements or contracts between the parties or PSC approval. And I also think there is 14 15 a stipulation if there is any objections or there's any controversy, that we're not going to approve it. And JEA never 16 17 submitted any contracts or agreements to serve outside of their 18 county. And the only thing we got and we required was that --19 we looked at the local sources first provision because they 20 were going outside of the county, and that was for 1.0 MGD. 21 People commonly apply for a lot more than we approve. 22 And we had a letter, which was part of our Exhibit E of our 23 technical staff report, that was from St. Johns County allowing 24 them to provide just 1.0 MGD into their area. And my 25 understanding was that was for the corridor to supply

1	[Marshall	Creek	and	in	that	vicinity.
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2 BY MR. MENTON:

Q Ms. Silvers, you would agree that in the application,
JEA indicated 3.3 million gallons per day for the northern
St. Johns County area; correct?

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In their supplemental, yes.

Q Okay. And prior to today, has the District ever advised JEA that it was not approved for those 3.3 million gallons per day in the northern St. Johns County area?

A I think that was very clear when we went through the local sources first, and I met with JEA almost every day, and we always talked just about the corridor for Marshall Creek and the 1.0 MGD that would be wholesale to St. Johns County. Never until today was I aware of the 3.3 other than seeing it, but as far as -- JEA never brought it up during the whole review process.

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Q Well, JEA included it in its application; correct?A They did provide a number.

19 Q And has the County ever in writing advised JEA that 20 that quantity was not approved?

A Which county?

Q Has the District ever advised JEA that that3.3 million gallons per day was not approved?

- A I think through the permit, yes.
- Q And would you agree that today is the first time that

872 1 JEA was ever advised of that by the District? 2 It's the first time they ever mentioned it or Α 3 suggested it to me, yes. 4 Is the requirement for attaching a contract part of 0 5 District rules for the consumptive use permit process? 6 Yes, it is. Section 12.2.3 of the applicant's Α 7 handbook which is adopted by rule. 8 Okay. And you would agree that in your deposition. 0 9 you testified that the local sources first policy is not 10 applicable to this proposed arrangement between JEA and Nocatee 11 Utility Corporation; correct? 12 Α Yes, but I have since been readvised by my legal 13 counsel that it is. 14 0 Is that an issue that's been taken before the Board 15 of the Water Management District? 16 Α No. not that I'm aware of. 17 Okay. Is that anything that's in the District's 0 18 rules at this point in time? 19 Well, it's in the -- when you read the Local Sources Α Provision Act or Local Sources First Act, it does not specify 20 21 if you're going from -- if JEA is supplying the water to 22 another county or whether that county is supplying water back to, for instance, Duval. So it looks like it can go either 23 24 way. 25 0 Okay. But that has never been a policy that has been FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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1	adopted of the Board of the Water Management District at this
2	point in time?
3	A I'm not aware of it. It was just adopted I mean,
4	I think the legislation just approved it in '98. So it's
5	fairly new, but we did review it in this consumptive use
6	permit.
7	MR. MENTON: I don't have any further questions.
8	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Mr. Melson.
9	CROSS EXAMINATION
10	BY MR. MELSON:
11	Q Ms. Silvers, Rick Melson representing Nocatee Utility
12	Corporation. Just a couple of questions about the DRI review
13	process. Do you know who Mr. Craig McLean (phonetic) is?
14	A Yes, I do.
15	Q Who is he?
16	A He is, I think, the director of our planning
17	department.
18	Q Do you know if the District's comments on the Nocatee
19	DRI went out under Mr. McLean's signature?
20	A I do not.
21	Q Did you ever see the final comments that the District
22	made on the Nocatee DRI?
23	A No, I did not.
24	Q You provided input you and other staff members
25	provided input that was then collected and turned into some
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1	sort of official Department communication; is that correct?
2	A That is correct.
3	Q And is it fair to say that you don't know whether or
4	not other staff within the Department may have had input into
5	that final letter so that the letter would have addressed, for
6	example, on-site wells or reuse or other matters we have talked
7	about today?
8	A That is correct.
9	MR. MELSON: That's all I've got. Thank you.
10	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Very well. Questions,
11	Commissioners?
12	Ms. Silvers, it looks like you've answered a couple
13	of my questions with regard to how we will implement reuse. It
14	looks like you say the Nocatee development will be required
15	to have reuse, and you have a rule that you cite to. Tell me
16	what that means.
17	THE WITNESS: Well, there's several scenarios. If
18	Nocatee Corporation is indeed wholesale reclaimed water from
19	JEA, that's one scenario, then they would require a secondary
20	users permit through Chapter 40(c)(2), which is the consumptive
21	use permitting rule. And in that capacity, we would evaluate
22	the efficiency of their use with the conservation and whether
23	or not they were maximizing the use of the lowest water quality
24	source or using reclaimed water. And we would more than likely
25	on a new development of this size and capacity require

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1	residential and commercial and, you know, landscape and golf
2	course reuse.
3	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: And then golf courses have to come
4	in for their own consumptive use permit as well, and you'd
5	required that for them?
6	THE WITNESS: If they were to come in for a well as a
7	backup supply, which we typically guarantee to someone in case
8	a plant has a failure, then, yes, we would I just would
9	make we would make recommendations. Our Board would make
10	the final decision, but we would recommend that, you know,
11	unless they were you know, it was technically or
12	economically not feasible that they take reclaimed water, yes.
13	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Thank you. Redirect.
14	MS. CIBULA: No redirect.
15	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: And no exhibits?
16	MS. CIBULA: No exhibits.
17	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Great. Thank you very much.
18	You're excused.
19	(Witness excused.)
20	CHAIRMAN JACOBS: Well, that was relatively painless.
21	We will recess for the evening and come again at 9:00 a.m.
22	tomorrow morning. Thank you everyone for their assistance.
23	We're adjourned.
24	(Hearing recessed at 7:30 p.m. and will resume at
25	9:00 a.m. on May 9, 2001, at the same location.)
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1	(Transcript continues in sequence with Volume 6.)
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2	STATE OF FLORIDA )
3	: CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
4	COUNTY OF LEON )
5	I TRICIA DOMARTE Official Commission Descutor de baselo
6	I, TRICIA DeMARTE, Official Commission Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was heard at the time and place herein stated.
7	IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically
8 9	IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the same has been transcribed under my direct supervision; and that this transcript constitutes a true transcription of my notes of said
10	proceedings.
11	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative
12	or employee of any of the parties' attorneys or counsel connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the action.
13	
14	DATED THIS 22nd DAY OF MAY, 2001.
15	Frice DeMarte
16	IRICIA DEMARTE
17	TRICIA DEMARTE FPSC Official Commission Reporter (850) 413-6736
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