### BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Application for increase in wastewater rates in Charlotte County by Utilities, Inc. of Sandalhaven. DOCKET NO. 060285-SU ORDER NO. PSC-07-0561-FOF-SU ISSUED: July 5, 2007

The following Commissioners participated in the disposition of this matter:

# LISA POLAK EDGAR, Chairman MATTHEW M. CARTER II KATRINA J. McMURRIAN

### ORDER DENYING MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

BY THE COMMISSION:

### BACKGROUND

Utilities, Inc. of Sandalhaven (Sandalhaven) is a class B wastewater utility providing service to approximately 910 customers in Charlotte County. Sandalhaven is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Utilities, Inc. In its 2005 Annual Report, Sandalhaven reported operating revenues of \$270,518 and a net operating loss of \$45,037. On May 15, 2006, Sandalhaven filed an Application for a rate increase, but because the MFRs contained a number of deficiencies that required revisions, Sandalhaven filed an Amended Application on December 28, 2006. The Amended Application also included a request for increased service availability charges. On January 16, 2007, Sandalhaven filed a request for authority to collect revised service availability charges in this proceeding. Placida HG, LLP (Placida), a developer operating in Sandalhaven's territory, and the Office of Public Counsel (OPC) intervened in the case.

We addressed Sandalhaven's request for temporary service availability charges at our March 27, 2007, Agenda Conference. After hearing discussion from Placida opposing temporary service availability charges, responses by Sandalhaven and OPC, and comments by our staff, we voted to approve the temporary charges subject to refund at the conclusion of the case. We memorialized that decision in Order No. PSC-07-0327-PCO-SU, issued April 16, 2007. We based our decision to approve temporary service availability charges on Section 367.101, Florida Statutes and Commission precedent, and calculated the charges pursuant to Rule 25-30.580, Florida Administrative Code. See Order PSC-07-0327-PCO-SU at page 3.

On April 25, 2007, Placida filed a Motion for Reconsideration of Order No. PSC-07-0327-PCO-SU, asserting that we failed to explicitly address the arguments it had raised and the documents it had distributed at the March 27, 2007, Agenda Conference. Therefore, Placida argued, we had made a mistake of fact or law that warranted our reconsideration. Sandalhaven

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filed a response in opposition to Placida's motion on May 1, 2007. OPC did not file a response. No party requested oral argument pursuant to Rule 25-22.022(1), Florida Administrative Code.

For the reasons explained below, we deny the motion for reconsideration. It does not identify a point of fact or law which we overlooked or failed to consider in our order granting Sandalhaven temporary service availability charges. We have jurisdiction pursuant to Sections 367.011, 367.081, 367.101, and 367.121, Florida Statutes.

### **DECISION**

### Placida's Motion

In its motion for reconsideration, Placida requests that we reverse or rescind Order No. PSC-07-0327-PCO-SU granting Sandalhaven a temporary increase in service availability charges, because the order did not explicitly address the documents and legal arguments that Placida presented at the March 27, 2007, Agenda Conference. Placida states that we therefore failed to consider the information and legal argument when we made our decision approving the temporary increase. Under the applicable standard for review of a motion for reconsideration, Placida argues, we overlooked facts and legal principles that should have been considered. Placida refers to the case of <u>State v. Green</u>, 105 So. 2d 817, 818 (Fla. 1<sup>st</sup> DCA 1958) for the proposition that sometimes a fact, a controlling decision, or a principle of law discussed in oral argument will be inadvertently overlooked in rendering the Court's decision and in that instance reconsideration would be warranted.

The fact Placida believes we overlooked concerns Sandalhaven's intent to use bulk wastewater treatment capacity purchased from the Englewood Water District to serve both existing and future wastewater customers. Placida also refers to recent data requests from our staff concerning the Englewood Water District agreement to show that we overlooked an important fact. The legal decision and principle that Placida argues should have controlled our decision is <u>City of Cooper City v. PCH Corp.</u>, 496 So. 2d 843 (Fla. 4<sup>th</sup> DCA 1986), where the Court held that the municipal utility's proposed connection fee increase was unreasonable because the fees would recover costs for new facilities that would benefit both existing and future customers, but the fees would be imposed only on new customers. Based on the above, Placida asks us to direct Sandalhaven to file an amended request for temporary service availability charges that allocates increased charges between existing and future customers.

### Sandalhaven's Response

Sandalhaven states in its response that Placida acknowledges that it should only be entitled to reconsideration if we overlooked some fact, precedent or rule of law in rendering our decision. According to Sandalhaven, Placida makes the same substantive arguments in its motion for reconsideration that it made at the March 27th Agenda Conference, but then makes the assertion that we must have overlooked those arguments because they were not specifically discussed in our order. Sandalhaven points out that the <u>State v. Green</u> opinion upon which Placida relies is actually an opinion chastising attorneys for filing too many meritless motions for reconsideration. According to Sandalhaven, that opinion confirms the established legal principle

that a petition for rehearing (or a motion for reconsideration) is not intended to allow counsel to advise the court that they disagree with the court's conclusions or to reargue matters already discussed in briefs and oral argument.

Sandalhaven contends that the possibility that an argument made to the court in briefs or oral argument in an appellate proceeding would be overlooked when the opinion is written is not applicable to our Agenda Conferences, where a decision is announced immediately following arguments. Sandalhaven asserts that the transcript of the conference (Attachment A) shows that we carefully considered Placida's arguments and documents before we announced our decision at the conference. Sandalhaven finds the argument that since they were not addressed in our written order they were not considered to be without merit.

Sandalhaven argues that our order under consideration here does not conflict with <u>City of</u> <u>Cooper City</u>, because the two cases have different procedural histories. <u>City of Cooper City</u> was an appellate decision rendered after a trial in which the parties had the opportunity to present evidence. This case, Sandalhaven argues, is in a preliminary stage and Placida will have the opportunity to request an evidentiary hearing to assert its position before we set final rates and service availability charges for Sandalhaven. Any temporary service availability charges collected from Sandalhaven at this point are subject to refund in the final proceeding, and therefore Placida is protected. The same would not be true for Sandalhaven's existing customers if temporary charges are not assessed.

Sandalhaven states that the questions posed by our staff regarding the interconnection with the Englewood Water District have no bearing on when the service availability charges go into effect, and they do not show that we failed to consider any material fact in making our decision to establish the temporary charges.

# Discussion

The standard of review for a motion for reconsideration is whether the motion identifies a point of fact or law which was overlooked or which we failed to consider in rendering our order. See, <u>Stewart Bonded Warehouse</u>, Inc. v. Bevis, 294 So. 2d 315 (Fla. 1974); <u>Diamond Cab Co. v.</u> <u>King</u>, 146 So. 2d 889 (Fla. 1962); and <u>Pingree v. Quaintance</u>, 394 So. 2d 161 (Fla. 1st DCA 1981). In a motion for reconsideration, it is not appropriate to reargue matters that have already been considered. <u>Sherwood v. State</u>, 111 So. 2d 96 (Fla. 3rd DCA 1959) citing <u>State ex. rel.</u> Jaytex Realty Co. v. Green, 105 So .2d 817 (Fla. 1st DCA 1958).

We have reviewed <u>State v. Green</u> and we agree that the case is primarily a reprimand to attorneys for filing meritless requests for reconsideration. Other portions of the opinion are relevant here:

Certainly it is not the function of a petition for rehearing to furnish a medium through which counsel may advise the court that they disagree with its conclusion, to reargue matters already discussed in briefs and oral argument and necessarily considered by the court, or to request the court to change its mind as to a matter which has already received the careful attention of the judges, or to further delay the termination of litigation.

It may be that some petitions for rehearing stem from an erroneous conception of the purpose of an opinion prepared by the court. The only justification for inflicting upon the bar the duty of reading the great mass of opinions prepared by appellate courts is that an opinion is necessary for the guidance of the trial court and the litigants in the subsequent stages of the same litigation, or that a question of law is of such importance that its discussion and decision will be of assistance to the bar and other courts in ascertaining the rights of persons and the proper decision of other cases. An opinion should never be prepared merely to refute the arguments advanced by the unsuccessful litigant. For this reason it frequently occurs that an opinion will discuss some phases of a case, but will not mention others. Counsel should not from this fact draw the conclusion that the matters not discussed were not considered.

# State v. Green, pps. 818-819. (Emphasis supplied.)

For confirmation of this view as it relates to our orders and other administrative decisions, see <u>Occidental Chemical Company v. Mayo</u>, 351 So. 2d 336, 341 (Fla. 1977) ("Obviously, the Commission was not required to include in its order a summary of the testimony it heard or a recitation of every evidentiary fact on which it ruled."). See also, <u>Florida</u> <u>Chapter of the Sierra Club V. Orlando Utilities Commission</u>, 436 So. 2d 383 (Fla. 5<sup>th</sup> DCA 1983) (Hearing officer in power plant citing proceeding not required to specifically address facts and law ". . .deemed irrelevant, immaterial, unsupported by competent substantial evidence or otherwise unnecessary to the determination of this cause.").

The transcript of our Agenda Conference shows that we did consider, but were not persuaded by, the documents and argument Placida presented. Rather, noting OPC's support of the temporary service availability charge increase, we were persuaded that the increase should be approved to protect current customers, especially since the charges would be collected subject to refund at the conclusion of the rate case when permanent service availability charges would be set. Agenda Transcript p. 22. In response to a question concerning the remedies available to the developer if we granted the temporary increase, Sandalhaven, our staff, and Placida confirmed that Placida would have the opportunity to present its evidence and arguments in the rate case. As Placida explained:

Certainly as a party to the rate case we have full party rights to present positions similar to those that I have talked about today through our testimony and through the evidence in the case.

## Agenda Transcript p. 23.

Upon hearing confirmation from our staff that Placida's issues could be addressed in the rate case and the charges would be held subject to refund, we granted temporary service availability charges. Our order granting the temporary charges was based on existing statutory

authority, Commission precedent, and our service availability rule. We did not address Placida's evidence and arguments in the order, not because we failed to consider them, but because they were not material to the decision we made at the time. We deny the motion for reconsideration. Placida has not identified a point of fact or law that we overlooked or failed to consider in rendering Order No. PSC-07-0327-PCO-SU.

Based on the foregoing, it is

ORDERED by the Florida Public Service Commission that Placida HG, LLP's motion for reconsideration is denied. It is further

ORDERED that this docket shall remain open.

By ORDER of the Florida Public Service Commission this <u>5th</u> day of July, <u>2007</u>.

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## NOTICE OF FURTHER PROCEEDINGS OR JUDICIAL REVIEW

The Florida Public Service Commission is required by Section 120.569(1), Florida Statutes, to notify parties of any administrative hearing or judicial review of Commission orders that is available under Sections 120.57 or 120.68, Florida Statutes, as well as the procedures and time limits that apply. This notice should not be construed to mean all requests for an administrative hearing or judicial review will be granted or result in the relief sought.

Any party adversely affected by the Commission's final action in this matter may request judicial review by the Florida Supreme Court in the case of an electric, gas or telephone utility or the First District Court of Appeal in the case of a water and/or wastewater utility by filing a notice of appeal with the Office of Commission Clerk, and filing a copy of the notice of appeal and the filing fee with the appropriate court. This filing must be completed within thirty (30) days after the issuance of this order, pursuant to Rule 9.110, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure. The notice of appeal must be in the form specified in Rule 9.900(a), Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure.

ATTACHMENT A

1	FLORIN	BEFORE THE A PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION			
2	FLORID				
3		DOCKET NO. 060285-SU			
4	In the Matter of:				
5	APPLICATION FOR INCREASE IN WASTEWATER RATES IN CHARLOTTE COUNTY BY UTILITIES,				
6	INC. OF SANDALHAVEN	. /			
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12		ICIAL TRANSCRIPT OF THE HEARING, ERSION INCLUDES PREFILED TESTIMONY.			
13		ACTIVE CONFERENCE			
14	PROCEEDINGS:	AGENDA CONFERENCE ITEM NO. 12			
15	BEFORE :	CHAIRMAN LISA POLAK EDGAR			
16		COMMISSIONER MATTHEW M. CARTER, II COMMISSIONER KATRINA J. MCMURRIAN			
17	DATE:	Tuesday, March 27, 2007			
18	PLACE :	Betty Easley Conference Center Room 148			
19		4075 Esplanade Way Tallahassee, Florida			
20					
21	REPORTED BY:	LINDA BOLES, CRR, RPR Official FPSC Reporter			
22		(850) 413-6734			
23					
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25					

### FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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     PARTICIPATING:
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                STEPHEN C. REILLY, ESQUIRE, Office of Public Counsel,
     representing the Citizens of the State of Florida.
 3
               MARTIN S. FRIEDMAN, ESQUIRE, FRANK SEIDMAN and JOHN
 4
     WILLIAMS, representing Utilities, Inc. of Sandalhaven.
 5
               KENNETH HOFFMAN, ESQUIRE, and M. MCDONNELL, ESQUIRE,
 6
     representing Placida HG, LLC.
 7
               MARTHA BROWN, ESQUIRE, and BART FLETCHER,
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     representing the Florida Public Service Commission Staff.
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PROCEEDINGS 1 CHAIRMAN EDGAR: And we will be moving on to Item 12. 2 Okay. Mr. Fletcher, before we begin, Item 12, 3 Commissioner Carter. 4 COMMISSIONER CARTER: Thank you, Madam Chairman. I 5 asked for this moment just to say how much I'm honored to serve 6 with you and Commissioner McMurrian. I know that took a lot of 7 time on that last issue, but, you know, it just, just -- we're 8 always trying to resolve issues for customers, and I just, I 9 just appreciate your indulgence in allowing us to do that. I 10 11 know we're within the confines of the docket that was presented 12 before us, but I do appreciate the opportunity to, to have our 13 staff to go further, go above and beyond the call of duty, and 14 I thank both of you for indulging me in that. But that's, I think that's what we're about. The heart and soul of this 15 Commission is the fact that we care about people, and I don't 16 want to let any opportunity pass when we do something like that 17 for people for us not to just continue doing the work. So 18 thank you very much. 19 CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Thank you, Commissioner Carter. As 20 you know, we strive daily, each of us, and with our staff to be 21

22 fair and to be helpful.

23 Okay. Mr. Fletcher.

> 24 MR. FLETCHER: Commissioners, Item 12 is staff's 25 recommendation to approve the temporary service availability

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charge increase for Utilities, Inc. of Sandalhaven. Subsequent 1 to the filing of staff's recommendation, Placida HG, LLC, a 2 developer who has been granted intervention in this docket, 3 requested that it be allowed to participate on this item. 4 Participation is at the discretion of the Commission. Staff 5 recommends Placida be allowed to participate, and staff is 6 prepared to answer any questions the Commission may have. 7 CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Thank you. 8 MS. FREEDSON: Yes. I'm Martin Friedman, the Law 9 10 Firm of Rose, Sundstrom & Bentley. Also with me is Frank Seidman and John Williams. We support the staff's 11 recommendation, and I would like to reserve, after Mr. Hoffman 12 has made comments, I would like to reserve some time to respond 13 to his comments. Thank you. 14 CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Thank you. 15 Mr. Hoffman. 16 MR. HOFFMAN: Thank you, Chairman Edgar, 17 Commissioners. My name is Ken Hoffman. With me is Marty 18 McDonnell. We are appearing on behalf of Placida HG, LLC. I 19 have a handout that I'm going to ask Mr. McDonnell to 20 distribute to Commissioners and counsel and staff that I will 21 be referring to throughout my remarks. 22

> 23 Commissioners, Placida is a developer of over 24 400 residential units that are located in Sandalhaven's service 25 territory. Placida and Sandalhaven entered into a developer's

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agreement in September of 2006. Under that agreement, Placida 1 paid Sandalhaven the current tariffed connection charge of 2 3 \$1,250 per residential ERC. When you multiply that number, 4 that dollar figure by Placida's 422 units, you would come up with a figure of \$522,500. That's what Placida has paid 5 6 Sandalhaven, and it was paid in September of 2006. Now at that 7 point we had been monitoring this rate case that had been filed before the Commission, and at that time in September of '06 8 Sandalhaven had not requested any increase in their tariffed 9 service availability charges. But about three months later 10 toward the end of December of 2006, you know, after we had 11 signed our agreement and had paid Sandalhaven over \$500,000, 12 the utility filed an amended application to increase their 13 14 service availability charges approximately 125 percent. So hypothetically if that request were approved in full, the 15 effect would be to more than double the amount that Placida has 16 already paid Sandalhaven. 17

Now after they filed their amended application, the utility filed a request to impose those charges on an interim basis for your approval to do so. Placida opposes that request. That's why we're here.

22	In discussing the request, there are a few principles
23	that I think you need to keep in mind in considering
24	Sandalhaven's request.
25	First of all, a request for an interim increase in

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service availability charges is different than an interim 1 increase in monthly rates, which is what you typically see. 2 The Commission statutes specifically provide a statutory 3 methodology and a formula for calculating an interim increase 4 in monthly rates. It's specifically designed to allow a 5 utility to increase monthly rates, subject to refund, to allow 6 the utility to earn at the bottom of its last authorized range 7 8 of its rate of return.

9 Now the Commission doesn't have any specific statutes or rules when it comes to an increase in service availability 10 charges. That's not to say that we are saying that you can't 11 do this. What I am saying is that there are no specific 12 statutory formulas as there are with interim increases in 13 monthly rates. In my judgment, that means that the Commission 14 has an even greater level of discretion in reviewing 15 Sandalhaven's request for an interim increase in these 16

17 connection charges.

Secondly, in the 4th DCA's decision in an appellate court case by the name of City of Cooper City versus PCH

20 Corporation, which is at 496 So.2d 843, the appellate court 21 there held that a utility's proposed increase in connection 22 fees is unreasonable and invalid if the new fees are intended 23 to recover costs for new facilities or new programs that 24 benefit both existing and future customers, but the fees are 25 imposed only on, entirely on the new future customers. In the

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court's words, such costs are to be allocated on a fair share
 pro rata basis to avoid providing a windfall to the existing
 customers.

As I'm going to attempt to demonstrate through the documents in my handout, if the Commission utilizes and relies only on the documents and the numbers that the utility has filed and if the Commission accepts the utility's repeated

representation that the costs that it proposes to recover 8 through these new fees are for the purpose of providing 9 wastewater treatment to all of their customers, existing and 10 new, then we believe the only fair, equitable and supportable 11 action is for the Commission to have Sandalhaven refile this 12 request and come back to you with an allocation of these 13 projected costs which provides a fair share, a fair allocation 14 15 between existing and future customers.

16 If you look at Page 1 of the handout, that's a copy 17 of Sandalhaven's currently tariffed service availability 18 charge. It's a plant capacity charge of \$1,250. The

19 Commission's rules define a plant capacity charge as a charge 20 made by the utility for the purpose of covering all or part of 21 the utility's capital costs in the construction or expansion of 22 treatment facilities. So up to this point, up 'til today 23 Sandalhaven's only service availability charges has been this 24 plant capacity charge of \$1,250, and the purpose is to offset 25 the costs of their existing wastewater treatment plant.

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1 As I mentioned, that's what Placida paid to 2 Sandalhaven, but that's not what, according to Sandalhaven, 3 Placida is going to be receiving. We are not going to be 4 served, according to Sandalhaven, through their existing 5 wastewater treatment plant. We are going to be served through 6 this interconnection to the Englewood Water District, and I'll 7 talk a little bit more about that later.

8 Now we don't concede at this point in this whole 9 proceeding that we owe anything else other than what we've 10 already paid when we negotiated and paid for plant capacity. 11 But we know that Sandalhaven has made it clear that they think 12 we do have to pay this proposed increase in their service 13 availability charges, which is why we're here.

Sandalhaven has an existing wastewater treatment plant that is running substantially close to its full capacity and providing service to 910 existing customers. The 910 is a number that I took from Page 1 of the staff recommendation.

18 Again, I am not -- this is not based on discovery. This is 19 based on the numbers Sandalhaven has filed and the numbers in 20 the staff recommendation.

Now Sandalhaven understands that it cannot serve the estimated number of future customers. And from what I could tell they've given two numbers; they've given a 1,700 number and a 1,300 number, 1,313. They can't provide service to, excuse me, to the future customers without the interconnection

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to the Englewood Water District. Sandalhaven understands that 1 its existing wastewater treatment facility lacks the capability 2 and the capacity to serve the future customers. That's why 3 they've entered into this contract. Sandalhaven has a contract 4 with an entity that's known as the Englewood Water District. 5 And Englewood is going to provide wastewater treatment service 6 for all of Sandalhaven's customers, and Sandalhaven has signed 7 up for 300,000 gallons per day of capacity for that purpose and 8 they've paid capacity reservation charges for that purpose. 9

10 If you look at Page 5 of your handout, you will see 11 that Sandalhaven has now come in through this amended 12 application and they've eliminated that plant capacity charge 13 that I talked about before because their capacity is about to 14 be used up. And now they've proposed a system capacity charge 15 of \$2,627 for residential ERC. And the purpose of this fee, 16 according to their application, is to recover approximately

17 \$3 million that they say it will cost to interconnect their 18 existing network and the Englewood treatment facility, the 19 Englewood wastewater treatment facility.

Now it should be obvious that the 300,000 gallons per day of wastewater treatment capacity is intended to be used by the utility to serve both the existing customer base and the projected number of future customers. We provided you copies of their own documents which confirm that to be the case. If you look on Pages 6 and 7 of your handout, I've provided you a

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copy of a letter that's dated March 10, 2006, from
 Sandalhaven's attorney to one of Placida's attorneys where
 Sandalhaven's counsel states in the third paragraph that the
 arrangements with the Englewood district have been reached to
 treat all of Sandalhaven's wastewater needs.

If you fast forward to the amended application that 6 they filed in December of '06, and that's on Page 3 of your 7 handout, there they state that they will secure treatment 8 capacity of 300,000 gallons per day and that this capacity will 9 10 be used to serve anticipated developments, plus existing customers will utilize all of this capacity. 11 Now what about the projected costs of 12 interconnection? If you turn to Page 4 of your handout, which 13

14 is taken from the amended application, it states there that 15 Sandalhaven intends to install a 12-inch force main, which we believe to be well beyond what's necessary to serve the 1,300 to 1,700 future customers. We think the fact that they're showing a 12-inch force main only further confirms that the Englewood treatment facility will be used to serve all of their customers.
So where does that leave us? We think that based on

22 the information that Sandalhaven has provided that the 23 projected costs for the interconnection are too high because 24 the line is oversized. But really more importantly for 25 purposes of what is in front of you today, we know, because

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1 Sandalhaven has said it, that whatever the final costs for this 2 interconnection are, those costs are costs that will be used to 3 provide facilities to serve and that will benefit existing and 4 future customers. And we think under the case law there has to 5 be a fair allocation of those costs between the existing and 6 future customers before, before you can grant any interim 7 increase.

8 So really the first thing that Placida is asking the 9 Commission to do today is to order Sandalhaven to go back and 10 come up and develop a fair and equitable cost allocation of the 11 costs of the interconnection between existing and future 12 customers and bring it back before the Commission. If the 13 Commission disagrees with that approach and believes it's

appropriate to make a decision today, I have taken the liberty 14 of preparing alternative calculations for an interim refund or 15 an interim increase -- an interim decrease or an interim 16 increase, which are on Pages 8 and 9 of the handout. If you 17 look at Page 8 of the handout and if you accept Sandalhaven's 18 19 projected costs as reasonable, which we don't but for purposes 20 of today we will, if you utilize the future customer number of 1,700 which they have used in the text of their application and 21 22 which staff uses in their recommendation, the result is 23 actually an interim reduction in their current service availability charges of \$74 per residential ERC. 24 If, on the other hand, you use the number that was in 25

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their schedule, Schedule SAC-1 where they show a projected number of future customers of approximately 1,300 and you run the math, the result is an interim increase of \$132 per residential ERC.

So to wrap it up, Chairman, we think they need to be 5 ordered to go back and do a fair allocation of these projected 6 costs. We think if you're not inclined to do that, we have 7 offered you alternative calculations using their numbers. And 8 9 to the extent the Commission were to decide to grant an interim increase, we do request that you order them to provide security 10 beyond that recommended by staff. In other words, we would ask 11 that you require the utility to post a bond, a letter of credit 12

or at least a guarantee by the parent company of their 13 corporate undertaking. 14 Thank you, Madam Chairman. That concludes my 15 remarks. 16 CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Thank you. 17 Commissioners, any questions for Mr. Hoffman before 18 we give Mr. Friedman the opportunity to respond? No? Okay. 19 Mr. Friedman. 20 21 MR. FRIEDMAN: Thank you, Madam Chairman, 22 Commissioners. Martin Friedman again. Mr. Hoffman may have 23 raised a number of interesting questions; however, his comments go to the merits of the case and not whether the utility is 24 entitled to an interim or temporary increase in its service 25

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availability cases. If Mr. Hoffman objects to the allocation 1 and he believes there should be an allocation and he objects to 2 the amount being allocated between current and future 3 customers, then that's something that's going to be determined 4 at the end of the day after you hear testimony from expert 5 witnesses one way or the other. That's, that's what's going to 6 happen ultimately. What we're asking to do is just to 7 8 implement that increase whatever it is on a temporary basis 9 subject to refund. Now Mr. Hoffman is suggesting you lower the amount that the utility is entitled to collect. That doesn't 10 protect the utility and the, and the, and the other customers 11

who will have the CIAC that will reduce the future rates. 12 If you, if you follow what Mr. Hoffman is asking you 13 to do, here's what it will motivate a developer to do. The 14 developer will be motivated to file an objection to the case to 15 an increase in service availability charges, to delay the 16 implementation of the service availability charges until such 17 time as he has already made a connection, in which case the 18 service availability charge would not apply to them. That's 19 the whole purpose of implementing this on an interim basis. 20 21 Otherwise, this developer will drag this case out for a year, a 22 year and a half. The developer will go ahead and connect to 23 the system and then say, "You can increase the service availability charges. They don't apply to me because I'm 24 already connected." That's what the interim, collecting on an 25

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interim basis is intended to do is to make sure that everybody 1 is on the same page. Also, if you allow the developer to, to 2 do that, what happens is at the end of the day your calculation 3 of what that service availability charge ought to be will 4 change because you will have this developer who you expected to 5 be subject to future service availability charges not in the 6 mix anymore and so now that affects the service availability 7 charge to all the other customers. 8

9 The, the comments that Mr. Hoffman made that implied 10 that the utility did something wrong by negotiating this deal

with, with this developer and then coming along later and 11 filing a protest is disingenuous. When this case was 12 negotiated, there's a specific provision in the contract, the 13 14 developer agreement, that allows this developer -- and he 15 negotiated this because the standard provision in the developer 16 agreement had a provision that said that you accept these rates and this is the way it is. They wanted to put a provision in 17 there that says, no, we want to be able to protest or object if 18 you file for a future increase. So when the original developer 19 agreement was negotiated, the developer knew or at least his 20 attorney, Mr. Hoffman, who is astute in these matters, knew 21 that the utility was going to have to file for a service 22 availability case to recoup not only the \$3 million to build 23 the line, but something Mr. Hoffman left out is the service 24 availability charge that has to be paid or had to be paid to 25

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1 Englewood. So when Mr. Hoffman makes his analysis on this 2 schedule, it doesn't include the 300,000 gallons of capacity 3 which the utility had to pay Englewood for. So his numbers 4 would be, would be drastically skewed by leaving out that 5 significant amount of investment.

6 The upshot is the developer is not harmed by the 7 process that's, that's being suggested by the utility and 8 agreed by the, recommended by the staff in this case. It's 9 been done many times before. In fact, I have seen occasions --

10 at Mr. Reilly's request in a case we had recently that this 11 Commission implemented a service availability charge on an 12 interim basis to make sure exactly that didn't happen, that 13 people would go in and connect in that would then make that 14 charge moot if somebody protested the order. Now I don't 15 remember what case that was, but maybe Mr. Reilly can recall 16 and enlighten us.

So the developer is protected in this process. 17 Whatever the amount turns out to be at the end of the day, if 18 it's, if it's less than what the developer paid, the developer 19 gets a refund with interest. So he's not harmed by that. The 20 reverse is not true. If you don't collect enough at the end of 21 the day, when the correct amount of service availability charge 22 is determined, the utility didn't collect enough, it can't go 23 back to the developer, similar as you have in regular interim 24 rates. The purpose of that is to protect the utility and the 25

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1 customer both, and that's what this does. It protects the 2 utility and the other customers, and it protects the developer 3 in that if the number does come out to be less, as Mr. Hoffman 4 seems to think it will, the customer is going to get a refund 5 with interest. So the process -- this is a pretty typical 6 process that the Commission has used at least the 25 years I've 7 been doing this, and I don't see any basis to deviate from that

8 based on anything that I've heard Mr. Hoffman say. Thank you.
9 CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Thank you.

10 Commissioner Carter.

11 COMMISSIONER CARTER: Thank you, Madam Chairman. 12 I've just got a question for staff: That I notice in the, in 13 the documents that you provided to us you note in there twice 14 about the amended filing to correct for a number of 15 deficiencies by the utility. Can you tell me the nature of 16 those deficiencies? Does that make sense?

MR. FLETCHER: There were numerous deficiencies in 17 the MFRs that the utility did not meet, and then also I guess 18 throughout the case, as it was, they were deficient the -- I 19 believe the test year and the timing of the interconnection 20 became a concern, and that was another reason for the refiling 21 is the timing of the interconnection with the Englewood 22 district and the test year. And I think in the revised filing 23 they actually updated the test year to the projected '06. 24 COMMISSIONER CARTER: Follow-up? So based upon 25

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1 what's before us today, all of those deficiencies have been 2 met. And as we stand today, the issue that you've presented to 3 us that we should decide upon, there are no deficiencies in the 4 filing documents.

5 MR. FLETCHER: No, Commissioners. No, Commissioners. 6 They satisfied minimum filing requirements in February. And,

7 again, this is just for the temporary, to address the temporary 8 charge for service availability.

9 CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Commissioner McMurrian.

10 COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: Yes. I just wanted staff to 11 respond to Mr. Hoffman's suggestion for Sandalhaven to go back 12 and calculate fair and equitable cost allocation. And based on 13 the information that they've provided today, I just wanted your 14 response on this.

MR. FLETCHER: Well, as the Commission has done in the past, we have approved interim or temporary, excuse me, temporary service availability charges. And seeing how we do have -- the, the MFRs have been met, those concerns regarding improper allocation can be addressed in the rate case. And, again, they're subject to refund and the security is through a corporate undertaking is what we've recommended.

22 COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: I'm sorry. I didn't hear23 the end there about the security.

24 MR. FLETCHER: And the security is, recommending it 25 as a corporate undertaking by the utility's parent.

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1 COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: One follow-up to that. 2 Mr. Hoffman said that if the Commission disagrees, that -- I 3 believe he was going further to say that maybe you provide 4 greater security. Do you think the amount of security that 5 your recommendation contains is adequate, given the concerns

6 that we've heard?

7 MR. FLETCHER: Yes, Commissioner. This was based on 8 the growth that was provided in the MFRs. And since this is a 9 PAA rate case, it's over -- we estimated the collection of the 10 service availability charges would be over seven months. But 11 based on that historical growth over seven months we believe 12 the security is appropriate of \$124,497.

13 CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Mr. Reilly.

MR. REILLY: Just a few brief remarks. Public 14 Counsel is in support of staff's recommendation. Sandalhaven 15 is looking at a very substantial rate increase. It has a 16 projected test year. I think a lot of this tremendous increase 17 is based on substantial capital costs that are required in this 18 case, and I just think that we agree that we'd rather have this 19 money on the table and projected and at least available to be 20 considered by the Commission when this case is coming down. If 21 it happens that, that this developer is allowed to come in and 22 connect a bunch of lots prior to a proper amount being set, I 23 think that could compromise the current customers. So I feel 24 the protections are there for the developer, but at the same 25

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time to protect the current customers I think it's important to
 approve staff's recommendation. Thank you.
 CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Commissioner McMurrian.

4 COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: So, Mr. Reilly, you agree

5 with what Mr. Friedman said about how the utility can't go back6 but the developer is adequately protected.

MR. REILLY: And I do. And with the customers 7 8 looking at a 300 percent plus increase, I think it's critical not to take that off the table. I have not had -- I didn't get 9 a copy of all that detailed analysis, and I think it's all 10 great evidence and it may at the end of the day prove that this 11 service availability charge should be something other than 12 what's been proposed. But the developer is protected. I just 13 think staff's recommendation is critical to protect the monies 14 so that we, you know, that this rate increase does not have to 15 be any higher than it's perhaps going to be. 16

17 CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Mr. Hoffman.

18 MR. HOFFMAN: Thank you, Madam Chairman. Three or19 four points very quickly.

First of all, the issue of my being disingenuous, I had no reason to know, I don't know how I could have known that an amended application was going to be filed three months after we filed this developer's agreement. That was never communicated to me by Sandalhaven's lawyer. What I did know was that they had a contract with Englewood Water District, but

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I had no way of knowing whether that was going to be used for
 us. We paid plant capacity charges. By definition that would
 apply to their existing wastewater treatment plant. But I

4 understand their position and that's why we're here, that they5 intend to impose those charges on us.

6 Secondly, in terms of going back and, and whether 7 they can go back or not, that's really going to depend on the issue of when a developer connects. So, for example, there's, 8 there's one case out there, a Florida Supreme Court case, I 9 believe, that talks about the ability of a utility to pass on 10 increased charges at the time of connection. Well, if these 11 increased charges that they've proposed are approved through 12 this process before Placida's units come onboard, then it would 13 seem to me that there's certainly an argument that Sandalhaven 14 has that they could, that they could impose them. Now that's 15 going to depend on whether or not we're connected now or 16 whether we're connected in the future because our network 17 actually, our development actually is connected to Sandalhaven 18 today. But all I'm trying to get across to you is that the 19 notion that it's just black and white and they can't go back 20 21 isn't necessarily the case.

22 Most importantly, let me go back to something I said 23 in the beginning, you're working here with a lot of discretion 24 in my judgment because you don't have an interim statute as you 25 do with an increase in monthly rates that tells you you've got

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1 to calculate it this way and it's got, the numbers have to be
2 brought to a certain level and that's how it's supposed to

3 work, and I think your discretion with an interim increase in 4 monthly rates is extremely limited.

5 This I think you have discretion on. But what I am 6 suggesting to you is that the City of Cooper City case that I 7 cited to you provides essentially the framework under which this interim increase or proposed interim increase should be 8 filed. And here, based on the City of Cooper City case, I 9 think it's incumbent on the utility to make some good faith 10 attempt to comply with that allocation. It's easy for them to 11 say, "Let the developer pay." Well, that's another \$600,000. 12 It's not small change. And I think it's incumbent upon them, 13 and I am urging the Commission to use that precedent as 14 essentially its substitute to provide the framework for how an 15 interim increase in service availability charges should be 16 applied based on their documents, which recognize and concede 17 that this interconnection will be to provide service to all 18 19 customers. Thank you.

20 CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Commissioner Carter.

21 COMMISSIONER CARTER: Madam Chairman, thank you. I 22 was really listening on the edge of my seat to Mr. Reilly. We 23 had this, I think the last agenda we had, we were saying, look, 24 you know, I don't like to be here on these water cases where we 25 have a small -- I know this may not be relevant in y'all's mind

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1 but it is to me -- where the fees overweigh the costs of the

increase. And he said, look, I wanted to try to get here in 2 3 advance so we can protect the customers and all. And I was really -- I mean, we had a discussion with him at length on 4 that. And now he's saying, look, you know, on a temporary 5 basis we'd rather have the money in there so it's not, you 6 know, a sticker shock for the customers later. And I'm 7 persuaded. I think that that makes sense, because at least you 8 have access to the proceeds when you go back and do the 9 true-up, you know, and everyone is made whole and comfortable 10 about that. 11

A lot of times the Public Counsel's office may, you 12 know, get kind of behind the thing. But on this one I think, I 13 think -- Mr. Reilly, you remember we had this discussion on 14 this in particular as we talked about small water companies and 15 all, and I know that's not related to this case, but it is 16 related in general to how we deal with this being proactive 17 versus reactive. And I'm really -- I think that at the 18 19 appropriate time I'm prepared to support staff on this. CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Commissioner McMurrian. 20 COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: I have one more question. I 21

suppose it's for legal staff and perhaps the other attorneys here. What is, what is the developer's remedy? After this decision is made today, let's assume we vote out the staff recommendation, what, what is the next step in order to, I

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guess to provide information or make the case about the court 1 case he mentioned? Should I start with Mr. Hoffman? 2 Mr. Hoffman. 3 MR. HOFFMAN: I'm sorry, Commissioner. The fans 4 inhibited me a little bit on that one. Could you try again, 5 6 please? CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Okay. Bear with us. Commissioner 7 McMurrian, if you would again. 8 9 COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: No problem. I'm interested in what would be your next step, assuming the staff 10 recommendation is voted out today as is, what is your next step 11 in trying to remedy the situation as you see it? Do you have 12 an ability -- I can't tell, frankly, if this is PAA or not or 13 is it just proceeding to the full rate case? 14 MR. HOFFMAN: Commissioner McMurrian, I'm not sure 15 what it is. Certainly as a party to the rate case we have full 16 party rights to present positions similar to those that I've 17 talked about today through our testimony and through the 18 evidence in the case. Whether or not we will choose to pursue 19 other remedies, if and when at some point in the future we 20 21 receive a bill, if the Commission approves the staff recommendation today, I don't know. I'm just not prepared to 22 23 say. COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: Staff, that's for staff as 24 25 well.

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MS. BROWN: Commissioner, I agree with what 1 Mr. Hoffman said, they have full rights to participate in the 2 rate case, and that, I think, would be their, their next step. 3 4 I'm not convinced that they would have any interlocutory appellate rights to challenge your decision here today because 5 it's an interim temporary decision. 6 CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Ms. Brown, I'm so sorry, but we are 7 having a hard time hearing you too. 8 MS. BROWN: Oh, I'm sorry. 9 CHAIRMAN EDGAR: There you go. 10 MS. BROWN: Is that better? 11 CHAIRMAN EDGAR: It is. I'm going to ask you to 12 start again. 13 MS. BROWN: I'll start again. I agree with what 14 Mr. Hoffman said about his ability to participate in the rate 15 16 case as a full party. That would be his next step, I would think. I would suggest probably there would not be an 17 interlocutory appeal that would be successful to your decision 18 today because it's a temporary or interim decision and there is 19 a remedy at the end of refund. 20 The staff's recommendation is that Sandalhaven has 21 made a prima facie case that they are entitled to increased 22 service availability charges and, based on that, they're 23 recommending that you allow interim rates. If that case is 24 made or not made at the rate case, then the refund would be 25

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available.
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               Also, I would suggest to Mr. Friedman that the Aloha
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     case is the case he couldn't remember where service
 3
     availability charges were assessed to protect customers. I
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 5
     think the H. Miller & Sons case controls this situation as
 6
     well.
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               CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Thank you, Ms. Brown.
               Commissioners, any further questions? No?
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               Commissioner Carter.
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               COMMISSIONER CARTER: Madam Chairman, I move staff's
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     recommendation.
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              COMMISSIONER McMURRIAN: Second.
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               CHAIRMAN EDGAR: And I concur. All in favor, say
13
     aye.
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               (Unanimous affirmative vote.)
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               CHAIRMAN EDGAR: Opposed? Show it adopted. That
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     concludes our business for the day. Once again, thank you all
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     for your patience, and we are adjourned.
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              (Agenda Item 12 concluded.)
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1	STATE OF FLORIDA ) : CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER				
2	COUNTY OF LEON )				
3					
4	I, LINDA BOLES, RPR, CRR, Official Commission Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was				
5	heard at the time and place herein stated.				
6	IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the same has been				
7	transcribed under my direct supervision; and that this transcript constitutes a true transcription of my notes of said proceedings.				
8					
9	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative				
10	or employee of any of the parties' attorneys or counsel connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in				
11	the action.				
12	DATED THIS day of April, 2007.				
13					
14	LINDA BOLES, RPR, CRR				
15	FPSC Official Commission Reporter (850) 413-6734				
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