Clean Energy Group Recommendations DRAFT 8/11/08	
1	I. Renewable Portfolio Standard
2	
3	17.400 Florida Renewable Portfolio Standard
4	(1) Application and Scope.
5	(a) The Commission shall establish numerical portfolio standards for each investor-owned
6	electric utility that will promote the development of renewable energy, protect the economic
7	viability of existing renewable energy facilities, diversify the types of fuel used to generate
8	electricity in Florida, lessen Florida's dependence on fossil fuels for the production of
9	electricity, minimize the volatility of fuel costs, encourage investment in the state, improve
10	environmental conditions, and minimize the costs of power supply to electric utilities and their
11	customers.
12	(b) After approval of the initial renewable portfolio standards, the Commission shall review
13	and set renewable portfolio standards for each investor-owned electric utility at least once
14	every five years. The Commission on its own motion, or upon petition by a substantially
15	affected person or a utility, shall initiate a proceeding to review and, if appropriate, modify the
16	renewable portfolio standards. All modifications of the approved renewable portfolio
17	standards and the associated compliance plans shall only be on a prospective basis.
18	(c) In a proceeding to establish or modify the renewable portfolio standards, each investor-
19	owned electric utility shall propose numerical renewable portfolio standards based on ogn
20	analysis of the technical and economic potential for Florida renewable energy resources to
21	provide reasonably achievable and affordable annual energy (KWH) savings.
22 23	(2) Definitions.
23 24	(a) "Florida renewable energy resources," means electrical, mechanical, or thermal energy
24 25	produced from a method that uses one or more of the following fuels or energy sources:
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1	<b>DRAF T 8/11/08</b> hydrogen, biomass, solar energy, geothermal energy, wind energy, ocean energy, waste heat,
1 2	or hydroelectric power that is produced in Florida.
2	(b) "Renewable energy," means electrical energy produced from a method that uses one or
4	more of the following fuels or energy sources: hydrogen produced from sources other than
5	fossil fuels, biomass, solar energy, geothermal energy, wind energy, ocean energy, and
6	hydroelectric power. The term includes the alternative energy source, waste heat, from
7	sulfuric acid manufacturing operations.
8	(c) "Biomass," means a power source that is comprised of, but not limited to, combustible
9	residues or gases from forest products manufacturing, waste, or co-products from agricultural
10	and orchard crops, waste or co-products from livestock and poultry operations, waste or
11	byproducts from food processing, urban wood waste, municipal solid waste, municipal liquid
12	waste treatment operations, and landfill gas.
13	(d) "Class I renewable energy source," means Florida renewable energy resources derived
14	from wind or solar energy systems.
15	(e) "Class II renewable energy source," means renewable energy derived from Florida
16	renewable energy resources other than wind or solar energy systems.
17	(f) "Renewable Energy Credit," means a financial instrument that represents the unbundled,
18	separable, renewable attribute of renewable energy or equivalent solar thermal energy
19	produced in Florida and is equivalent to one megawatt-hour of electricity generated by a
20	source of renewable energy located in Florida.
21	(g) "Renewable Portfolio Standard," means the minimum percentage of total annual retail
22	electricity sales by an investor-owned electric utility to consumers in Florida that shall be
23	supplied by renewable energy produced in Florida.
24	(h) "Solar Energy System," means equipment that provides for the collection and use of
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1	incident solar energy for water heating, space heating or cooling, or other applications that
1 2	would normally require a conventional source of energy such as petroleum products, natural
2	gas, or electricity that performs primarily with solar energy. In other systems in which solar
4	energy is used in a supplemental way, only those components that collect and transfer solar
5	energy shall be included in this definition.
6	(i) "Solar Photovoltaic System," means a device that converts incident sunlight into electrical
7	current.
8	(j) "Solar thermal system," means a device that traps heat from incident sunlight in order to
9	<u>heat water.</u>
10	(k) "Equivalent Solar Thermal Energy," means the conversion of the thermal output, measured
11	in British Thermal Units, of a solar thermal system to equivalent units of one megawatt-hour
12	of electricity otherwise consumed from or output to the electric utility grid.
13	(1) "Alternative Compliance Payment" means a payment of a certain dollar amount per
14	megawatt hour, which an investor-owned electric utility may submit in lieu of supplying
14 15	<u>megawatt hour, which an investor-owned electric utility may submit in lieu of supplying</u> the minimum percentage of renewable energy credits or Florida renewable energy
15	the minimum percentage of renewable energy credits or Florida renewable energy
15 16	<u>the minimum percentage of renewable energy credits or Florida renewable energy</u> <u>resources required under Rule 17.400(3)</u>
15 16 17	the minimum percentage of renewable energy credits or Florida renewable energy resources required under Rule 17.400(3) (3) Renewable Portfolio Standard. Within 90 days of the effective date of this rule, and not
15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>the minimum percentage of renewable energy credits or Florida renewable energy</li> <li>resources required under Rule 17.400(3)</li> <li>(3) Renewable Portfolio Standard. Within 90 days of the effective date of this rule, and not</li> <li>less than every five years thereafter, each investor-owned electric utility shall file for approval</li> </ul>
15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>the minimum percentage of renewable energy credits or Florida renewable energy</li> <li>resources required under Rule 17.400(3)</li> <li>(3) Renewable Portfolio Standard. Within 90 days of the effective date of this rule, and not</li> <li>less than every five years thereafter, each investor-owned electric utility shall file for approval</li> <li>by the Commission proposed renewable portfolio standards based on an analysis of the</li> </ul>
15 16 17 18 19 20	the minimum percentage of renewable energy credits or Florida renewable energy resources required under Rule 17.400(3) (3) Renewable Portfolio Standard. Within 90 days of the effective date of this rule, and not less than every five years thereafter, each investor-owned electric utility shall file for approval by the Commission proposed renewable portfolio standards based on an analysis of the technical and economic potential of Florida renewable energy resources for each utility's
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	the minimum percentage of renewable energy credits or Florida renewable energy         resources required under Rule 17.400(3)         (3) Renewable Portfolio Standard. Within 90 days of the effective date of this rule, and not         less than every five years thereafter, each investor-owned electric utility shall file for approval         by the Commission proposed renewable portfolio standards based on an analysis of the         technical and economic potential of Florida renewable energy resources for each utility's         service area.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 21 22	the minimum percentage of renewable energy credits or Florida renewable energy         resources required under Rule 17.400(3)         (3) Renewable Portfolio Standard. Within 90 days of the effective date of this rule, and not         less than every five years thereafter, each investor-owned electric utility shall file for approval         by the Commission proposed renewable portfolio standards based on an analysis of the         technical and economic potential of Florida renewable energy resources for each utility's         service area.         (a) Initially, each investor-owned utility shall submit proposed annual renewable portfolio

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1	<u>1. by January 1, 2010: 2 percent of the prior year's retail electricity sales;</u>
2	2. by January 1, 2017: 3.75 percent of the prior year's retail electricity sales;
3	3. by January 1, 2025: 6 percent of the prior year's retail electricity sales;
4	4. by January 1, 2050: 20 percent of the prior year's retail electricity sales.
5	
6	Options for Wind & Solar Preference:
7	OPTION I:
8	(b) By January 1, 2017, a minimum of 25% of the renewable portfolio standard shall be
9	provided from Class I renewable energy sources;
10	OPTION II:
11	(b) Of the eligible renewable energy amounts specified, each investor-owned utility shall
12	derive at least 25% percent from solar thermal and photovoltaic technologies and
13	distributed generation projects. At least one-half of this percentage shall be derived from
14	on-site solar systems located in residential applications.
15	
16	(c) Standard Solar Rebate Offer. Each investor-owned utility shall make available to its
17	retail electricity customers a standard rebate offer of \$4.00 per watt for on-site solar
18	systems, up to a maximum of 100 kW per system. Any solar renewable energy credits
19	acquired by the utility pursuant to such program may be counted by the utility for
20	purposes of compliance with the renewable energy standard. In order to receive the
21	rebate payment, the customer must enter into an agreement with the utility, with a
22	minimum term of 20 years, which transfers the solar renewable energy credits generated
23	by the on-site solar system during the term of the agreement from the customer to the
24	<u>utility.</u>
25	By January 1, 2017, a minimum of 20% of the renewable portfolio standard shall be provided CODING: Words underlined and in <b>BOLD</b> are additions; words in struck through
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1	from Class I solar photovoltaic or solar thermal systems and 5% of the renewable energy
2	portfolio standard shall be provided by Class I wind energy systems;
3	<u>OPTION III:</u>
4	(b) For purposes of compliance with the renewable portfolio standards, a multiplier of 5 shall
5	be applied to all renewable energy credits produced from Class I renewable energy sources
6	until the first-year in which they represent, in aggregate, 25% of the annual Renewable
7	Portfolio Standard.
8	(de) Each investor-owned electric utility proposed renewable portfolio standard filing shall, at
9	a minimum, contain the following:
10	1. Current and ten-year forecast of installed capacity in kilowatts for each Florida
11	renewable energy resource;
12	2. Levelized life-cycle cost in cents per kilowatt-hour for each Florida renewable
13	energy resource;
14	3. Current and ten-year forecast of the effects of the renewable portfolio standard on
15	the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in Florida;
16	4. Current and ten-year forecast of the effects of the renewable portfolio standard on
17	economic development in Florida; and
18	5. Current and ten-year forecast of the estimated retail rate impact for each class of
19	customers of the proposed renewable portfolio standard.
20	(4) Compliance.
21	(a) <u>An investor-owned electric utility may discharge its obligations under the</u>
22	renewable portfolio standard, in whole or in part, for any compliance year by making an
23	alternative compliance payment (ACP) to the Florida Renewable Energy Development
24 25	Fund established and administered by the Florida Energy and Climate Commission.
<i>4J</i>	CODING: Words <u>underlined</u> and in <b>BOLD</b> are additions; words in struck through type are deletions from existing law.

	(b) The ACP rate shall be \$50 per MWh for compliance year 2011. For each
1	subsequent compliance year, the Commission shall publish the ACP rate by January 31st
2 3	of the compliance year. The ACP rate shall be equal to the previous year's ACP rate
4	adjusted up or down according to the previous year's Consumer Price Index.
5	(c) <u>The Florida Energy and Climate Commission shall oversee the use of ACP funds</u>
6	to support the development of new renewable energy resources and projects in Florida.
7	(d) <u>The Florida Energy and Climate Commission shall file a report with the</u>
8	Commission each year to account for use of all available funds, including the number
9	and type of projects funded, the uncommitted balance of the ACP Fund, and renewable
10	energy credits RECs generated from projects funded.
11	(e) <u>An investor-owned electric utility may recover any alternative compliance</u>
12	payment if:
13	1. the payment is the least cost measure to ratepayers as compared to
14	purchase of eligible resources or renewable energy credits to comply
15	with the renewable energy standard; or
16	2. <u>there are insufficient eligible energy resources available to comply with</u>
17	the standard.
18	(fa) In approving the proposed renewable portfolio standards and enforcing compliance
19	with the approved renewable portfolio standards, the Commission shall consider excusing an
20	investor-owned electric utility from compliance with any renewable portfolio standard based
21	upon a showing that:
22	1. the supply of renewable energy or renewable energy credits is not adequate to
23	satisfy the demand for such energy; or
24	2. the cost of securing renewable energy or renewable energy credits was prohibitive
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	<b>DRAF 1 8/11/08</b> such that the total costs for compliance with the renewable portfolio standard exceeded one
1	
2	percent of the investor-owned electric utility's total annual retail revenues.
3	(gb) Any utility requesting to be excused from meeting its renewable portfolio standard
4	must submit its request along with the annual report required by Rule 25-17.400(6), F.A.C.
5	(5) Cost Recovery. Reasonable and prudent costs associated with the provision or purchase of
6	renewable energy credits to meet the utility's renewable portfolio standards, including
7	administrative costs of the Florida Renewable Energy Credit Market, shall be recovered
8	through the Environmental Cost Recovery clause.
9	(6) Reporting Requirements. Each investor-owned electric utility shall file with the
10	Commission an annual report no later than April 1 of each year for the previous calendar year.
11	Each investor-owned electric utility's report shall include the following:
12	(a) the retail sales of the prior year in megawatt-hours;
13	(b) the quantity of self-generated renewable energy in megawatt-hours separated by fuel type;
14	(c) the quantity of renewable energy purchased in megawatt-hours, separated by type of
15	ownership and fuel type;
16	(d) the quantity and vintage of self-generated renewable energy credits;
17	(e) the quantity and vintage of renewable energy credits purchased;
18	(f) the fuel type and ownership of the Florida renewable energy resource associated with each
19	renewable energy credit;
20	(g) a statement as to whether it was in compliance with the renewable portfolio standard in the
21	previous calendar year; and
22	(h) the utility's plan for additional generation or procurement to meet the renewable portfolio
23	standard for the current calendar year and the following two years.
24	(7) Resource Acquisition
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	(a) <u>It is the Commission's policy that utilities should meet the renewable energy</u>
1 2	standards in the most cost-effective manner. To this end, the investor-owned utilities
2	shall use competitive bidding for acquiring renewable energy from eligible energy
4	resources.
5	
6	(b) <u>Whenever a utility acquires renewable energy and/or renewable energy credits by</u>
7	competitive acquisition, to the extent possible, the solicitations and evaluations of
8	proposals should be coordinated to avoid redundancy and to minimize the cost of
9	acquiring eligible resources or renewable energy credits.
10	(c) <u>A utility may conduct, in its discretion, separate solicitations or combined</u>
11	solicitations, for any eligible Florida renewable energy resources and/or renewable
12	energy credits.
13	
14	(d) <u>The investor-owned utility may apply to the Commission, at any time, for review</u>
15	and approval of renewable energy supply contracts and renewable energy credit
16	<u>contracts. The Commission will review and rule on these contracts within sixty days of</u>
17	their filing. The Commission may set the contract for expedited hearing, if appropriate.
18	(e) <u>Renewable energy credit contracts that are entered into to meet the renewable</u>
19	portfolio standard shall be for the acquisition of renewable energy credits only and shall
20	have a minimum term of 20 years (or shorter at the sole discretion of the seller).
21	
22	(f) <u>Competitive solicitations for the acquisition of solar renewable energy credits</u>
23	may be conducted by each investor-owned utility as needed to comply with the
24	renewable energy standard.
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1	(g) <u>Each competitive solicitation pursuant to these rules shall be targeted toward</u>
2	acquiring the amount of eligible energy required for compliance with each component of
3	the renewable energy standard.
4	(h) <u>Each investor-owned utility shall provide all parties to the bid process timely</u>
5 6	notice of bidding procedure.
7	(i) <u>Each investor-owned utility shall disclose, at the Commission's request, all</u>
8	information that will be used in the acquisition process, including but not limited to,
9	interconnection and transmission studies, and methods for modeling or otherwise
10	analyzing bids. Confidential information may be protected in accordance with
11	Commission rules.
12	(j) If the investor-owned utility intends to accept proposals for eligible energy
13	resources from the utility or from an affiliate of the utility, it shall include a written
14	separation policy and name an independent auditor whom the utility proposes to hire to
15	review and report to the Commission on the fairness of the competitive acquisition
16 17	process. The independent auditor shall conduct an audit of the utility's bid solicitation
17	and evaluation process to determine whether it was conducted fairly. Within 60 days of
10	the utility's selection of final resources, the independent auditor shall file a report with
20	the Commission containing the auditor's views on whether the utility conducted a fair
21	bid solicitation and bid evaluation process, with any deficiencies specifically reported.
22	(k) <u>Responses to competitive solicitations shall be evaluated and ranked by the</u>
23	investor-owned utility.
24	
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1	(I) In addition to the cost of the renewable energy and renewable energy credits, the
1 2	utility may take into consideration the characteristics of the underlying eligible energy
3	resource that may affect the ability of the bidder to fulfill the terms of the bid including,
4	but not limited to project in-service date, resource reliability, viability, economic
5	development benefits, energy security benefits, amount of water used, fuel cost savings,
6	environmental impacts including tradable emissions allowances savings, load reduction
7	during higher cost hours, transmission capacity and scheduling, and any other factor
8	relevant to the utility's needs.
9	(m) A utility is not required to accept any bid and may reject any and all bids offered.
10	However, each solicitation shall culminate in a report detailing the outcome of the
11	solicitation and identifying which bids were selected, which were rejected, and why.
12	
13	(n) For purposes of comparing bids for renewable energy credits-only with bids for
14	electricity and renewable energy credits, the utility shall assign a value for the electricity
15	and subtract this value from the electricity and credit bid, and evaluate bids on the basis
16	of renewable energy credits only.
17	(o) <u>Upon ranking of eligible bids, each investor-owned utility shall within 15 days</u>
18	indicate to all respondents with which proposals it intends to pursue a contract.
19	
20 21	
21	
23	Specific Authority 350.127(2), 366.05(1), FS. Law Implemented 366.02(2), 366.04(2)(c), (5), (6), 366.041,
23 24	366.05(1), 366.81, 366.82(1),(2), 366.91(2), 366.92 FS. History-New XX-XX-08.
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	<b>Clean Energy Group Recommendations</b> <b>DRAFT 8/11/08</b>
1	II. Florida Renewable Energy Credit Market
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2	
3	17.410 Florida Renewable Energy Credit Market.
4	(1) The Commission shall establish, maintain, or participate in a market-based,
5	electronic renewable energy tracking system to facilitate the creation and transfer of
6	renewable energy credits among investor-owned electric utilities.
7	Investor owned electric utilities shall establish and administer, subject to Commission
8	approval pursuant to subsection (4), an electronic renewable energy credit market. The
9	renewable energy credit market and tracking system shall allow for the transparent
10	production, buying, selling, and trading of renewable energy credits used to comply with the
11	renewable portfolio standards of Rule 25-17.400, F.A.C. The renewable energy tracking
12	system shall include a registry of information regarding all available renewable energy
13	credits and renewable energy credit transactions among electric utilities. The registry
14	shall provide current aggregated information to electric utilities and the public on the
15	status of renewable energy credits created, sold, or transferred in the State. All records
16	associated with the production of and the buying, selling, or trading of renewable energy
17	credits shall be available to the Commission for audit purposes.
18	(a) The Commission may contract with a for-profit or a nonprofit entity, to develop,
19	administer, and maintain the renewable energy tracking system required by this
20	section.
21	Investor-owned electric utilities are encouraged to collectively establish and contract with an
22	independent not for profit corporation for the development, administration, and maintenance
23	of a Florida Renewable Energy Credit Market.
24	(b) Municipal electric utilities and rural electric cooperative utilities are encouraged to
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	participate in the Florida Renewable Energy Credit Market and tracking system.
1 2	(c) The administrative costs associated with the Florida Renewable Energy Credit Market and
2	tracking system shall be collected either through membership dues, certification fees, or
4	administrative fees assessed to a renewable energy credit. Fees shall be fair, equitable, and
5	cost-based.
6	(2) Each investor-owned electric utility shall comply with the renewable portfolio standards
7	approved by the Commission pursuant to Rule 25-17.400, F.A.C., through the production or
8	purchase of renewable energy credits.
9	(a) The following entities are eligible to produce renewable energy credits that may be
10	counted toward the renewable portfolio standard:
11	1. Investor-owned electric utility Florida owned renewable energy resources;
12	2. Municipal electric utility and rural electric cooperative utility owned Florida
13	renewable energy resources;
14	3. Non-utility Florida renewable energy resources providing net capacity and energy
15	under a purchase power agreement to a Florida electric utility;
16	4. Non-utility Florida renewable energy resources greater than 2 megawatts providing
17	on site generation to offset all or a part of the customer's electrical needs.
18	5. Non-utility Florida renewable energy resources greater than 2 megawatts providing
19	equivalent solar thermal energy to offset all or a part of the customer's electrical needs;
20	6. Customer-owned Florida renewable energy resources, 2 megawatts or less, that have
21	not received incentives from a Commission-approved demand-side conservation program
22	pursuant to the Florida Energy and Efficiency Conservation Act, Sections 366.8085 and
23	<u>403.519, F.S.</u>
24	(b) A renewable energy credit is retained by the owner of the eligible Florida renewable
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	energy resource from which it was derived unless specifically sold or transferred.
1	(c) A renewable energy credit shall be valid for two years after the date the corresponding
2 3	megawatt-hour or equivalent solar thermal energy was generated. A renewable energy credit
4	from a customer-owned renewable system less than 2 megawatts shall be valid for two years
5	after the date the renewable energy credit is certified. However, a renewable energy credit
6	shall be retired after it is used to comply with the Florida or any other state, regional or federal
7	renewable portfolio standard.
8	(d) Renewable energy credits shall not be used for compliance with the Florida renewable
9	portfolio standard if the renewable energy credit or its associated energy has already been
10	counted toward compliance with any other state or federal renewable portfolio standard.
11	(e) Renewable energy credits shall not be used for compliance with the Florida renewable
12	portfolio standard if the renewable energy credit results from a Commission-approved
13	demand-side conservation program pursuant to the Florida Energy Efficiency and
14	Conservation Act, Sections 366.8085 and 403.519, F.S.
15	(3) Initially, the price of each renewable energy credit shall be capped at the equivalent of \$16
16	per ton of net greenhouse gas emissions (GHG) reduced by Florida renewable energy
16 17	per ton of net greenhouse gas emissions (GHG) reduced by Florida renewable energy resources relative to the GHG emissions otherwise emitted by the utility. The price cap shall
17	resources relative to the GHG emissions otherwise emitted by the utility. The price cap shall
17 18	resources relative to the GHG emissions otherwise emitted by the utility. The price cap shall be reevaluated or phased out upon adoption of a state or federal cap and trade system.
17 18 19	resources relative to the GHG emissions otherwise emitted by the utility. The price cap shall be reevaluated or phased out upon adoption of a state or federal cap and trade system. (34) Within 90 days from the effective date of this rule, the investor-owned electric utilities
17 18 19 20	resources relative to the GHG emissions otherwise emitted by the utility. The price cap shall be reevaluated or phased out upon adoption of a state or federal cap and trade system. (34) Within 90 days from the effective date of this rule, the investor-owned electric utilities and other interested parties shall file, for the Commission's consideration,
17 18 19 20 21	resources relative to the GHG emissions otherwise emitted by the utility. The price cap shall be reevaluated or phased out upon adoption of a state or federal cap and trade system. (34) Within 90 days from the effective date of this rule, the investor-owned electric utilities and other interested parties shall file, for the Commission's consideration, recommendations for approval the structure, governance, and procedures for administering
17 18 19 20 21 22	resources relative to the GHG emissions otherwise emitted by the utility. The price cap shall be reevaluated or phased out upon adoption of a state or federal cap and trade system. (34) Within 90 days from the effective date of this rule, the investor-owned electric utilities and other interested parties shall file, for the Commission's consideration, recommendations for approval the structure, governance, and procedures for administering the renewable energy credit market. The eompliance filings shall, at a minimum, provide

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1	Florida renewable energy resources;
2	(b) the aggregation of renewable energy credits for customer-owned Florida renewable energy
3	resources;
4	(c) the certification and verification of renewable energy credits as defined in Rule 25-
5	17.400(2)(f), F.A.C., including renewable energy credits resulting from Equivalent Solar
6	Thermal Energy as defined in Rule 25-17.400(2)(k), F.A.C.;
7	(d) an accounting system to verify compliance with the renewable portfolio standard; and
8	(e) a method to record each transaction instantaneously, and to indicate whether the renewable
9	energy credit is associated with a Class I or Class II renewable energy source as defined in
10	<u>Rule 25-17.400(2)(d) and (e), F.A.C.</u>
11	
12	Specific Authority 350.127(2), 366.05(1), FS. Law Implemented 366.02(2), 366.04(2)(c), (5), (6), 366.041,
13	<u>366.05(1), 366.81, 366.82(1),(2), 366.91(2), 366.92 FS. History–New XX-XX-08.</u>
14	III. Municipal and Rural Electric Coop Reporting
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17	25-17.420 Municipal Electric Utility and Rural Electric Cooperative Renewable Energy
18	Reporting
19	(1) Each municipal electric utility and rural electric cooperative utility shall file with the
20	Commission an annual report no later than April 1 of each year for the previous calendar year.
21	Each utility's report shall include the following:
22	(a) the retail sales of the prior year in megawatt-hours;
23	(b) the quantity of self-generated renewable energy in megawatt-hours separated by fuel type;
24	(c) the quantity of renewable energy purchased in megawatt-hours, separated by type of
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### **Clean Energy Group Recommendations DRAFT 8/11/08** ownership and fuel type; (d) the quantity and vintage of self-generated renewable energy credits; (e) the quantity and vintage of renewable energy credits purchased; (f) the fuel type and ownership of the Florida renewable energy resource associated with each renewable energy credit; (g) a statement as to whether the utility has adopted a renewable portfolio standard, or has any plans to conduct a proceeding to establish a renewable portfolio standard in the upcoming <u>year.</u> Specific Authority 350 127(2), 366.05(1), FS. Law Implemented 366.02(2), 366.04(2)(c), (5), (6), 366.041. 366.05(1) 366.81, 366.82(1),(2) 366.91(2), 366.92 FS. History-New XX-XX-08.

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