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1	BEFORE THE	
2	FLORIDA PU	BLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
3		DOCKET NO. 080121-WS
4	In the Matter of:	
5	APPLICATION FOR INCR	
6	WASTEWATER RATES IN DESOTO, HIGHLANDS, L	AKE, LEE, MARION,
7	ORANGE, PALM BEACH, PASCO, POLK, PUTNAM, SEMINOLE, SUMTER, VOLUSIA, AND WASHINGTON COUNTIES BY AQUA UTILITIES FLORIDA, INC.	
8		/
9		
10		VOLUME 5
11	Pages 540 through 771 ELECTRONIC VERSIONS OF THIS TRANSCRIPT ARE A CONVENIENCE COPY ONLY AND ARE NOT THE OFFICIAL TRANSCRIPT OF THE HEARING. THE .PDF VERSION INCLUDES PREFILED TESTIMONY.	
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15	PROCEEDINGS :	HEARING
16	BEFORE:	CHAIRMAN MATTHEW M. CARTER, II
17		COMMISSIONER LISA POLAK EDGAR COMMISSIONER KATRINA J. MCMURRIAN
18		COMMISSIONER NANCY ARGENZIANO COMMISSIONER NATHAN A. SKOP
19	DATE:	Tuesday, December 9, 2008
20	TIME:	Commenced at 9:30 p.m.
21		Recessed at 4:45 p.m.
22	PLACE:	Betty Easley Conference Center Room 148
23		4075 Esplanade Way Tallahassee, Florida
24	REPORTED BY:	MARY ALLEN NEEL, RPR, FPR
25	PARTICIPATING:	(As heretofore noted.) DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE
	FLORIDA P	UBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION FPSC-COMMISSION CLERK

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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(Transcript follows in sequence from
3	Volume 4.)
4	CHAIRMAN CARTER: We are back on the record.
5	And, Mr. May, you're recognized, sir.
6	MR. MAY: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Aqua would
7	call its direct witness, Mr. Jack Lihvarcik.
8	Thereupon,
9	JOHN M. LIHVARCIK
10	was called as a witness on behalf of Aqua Utilities
11	Florida, Inc. and, having been first duly sworn, was
12	examined and testified as follows:
13	DIRECT EXAMINATION
14	BY MR. MAY:
15	Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Lihvarcik.
16	A. Good afternoon.
17	Q. Have you previously been sworn in this
18	proceeding?
19	A. Yes, I have.
20	Q. Did you prepare and cause to filed 12 pages of
21	prefiled direct testimony?
22	A. Yes, I have.
23	Q. Do you have that prefiled direct testimony
24	before you today?
25	A. I do.
	FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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_		
1	Q. Do you have any corrections or revisions to	
2	your prefiled direct?	
3	A. I do not.	
4	MR. MAY: Mr. Chairman, I would ask that the	
5	prefiled direct testimony of Mr. Lihvarcik be inserted	
6	into the record as though read.	
7	CHAIRMAN CARTER: The prefiled testimony of	
8	the witness will be entered into the record as though	
9	read.	
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1		<b>BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION</b>
2		AQUA UTILITIES FLORIDA, INC.
3		DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JOHN M. LIHVARCIK
4		<b>DOCKET NO. 080121-WS</b>
5		
6	Q.	Please state your name and business address.
7	А.	My name is John M. Lihvarcik. My business address is 1100 Thomas Avenue,
8		Leesburg, FL, 34749.
9	Q.	By whom are you employed and what is your position?
10	A.	I am employed by Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc. ("AUF" or "Company") as its
11		President and Chief Operating Officer ("COO").
1 <b>2</b>	Q.	Please describe your duties and responsibilities in that position.
13	A.	I am responsible for the overall direction and administration of AUF. The COO
14		serves as state operating president and is responsible for the efficient operation of
15		the Company to ensure quality customer and community service, and employee
16		satisfaction. The COO is responsible for growing the customer base and for
17		acquiring additional systems to make Company operations more efficient.
18	Q.	Please describe your educational background and professional experience.
19	A.	I received a Bachelor of Science degree in Architecture from the University of
20		Memphis in 1975. I have a W-2 Distribution System License from the State of
21		New Jersey and hold and FCC Restricted Radiotelephone Operator's License.
22		My career in the water industry began in 1979 when I was hired as engineer for
23		the Trenton Water Works in Trenton, New Jersey. In this position, I was

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responsible for the day-to-day management and operations of 170 miles of water main providing service to 195,000 people and a staff of 100.

4 In 1991, I was hired by Consumers New Jersey Water Company ("CNJ") where I 5 was employed as Vice President and Division Manager of it Southern Division. I 6 was responsible for Customer Service Distribution and Production for the 7 Southern Division serving 49,000 people. Subsequently, I became Vice President 8 of Growth and Development for CNJ and its successor, Aqua New Jersey, Inc. In 9 this role, my primary responsibilities were the acquisition of new water and 10 wastewater systems and contract operations. I was also responsible for developer negotiations and I acted as CNJ's liaison to various state agencies. In May 2005, 11 12 I became the Vice President and COO of AUF.

#### 13 Q. Please describe your professional affiliations.

A. I am a member of the American Water Works Association – New Jersey Chapter
and am past Chairman of its Water Utility Council Legislative Committee. I am
also a member of the New Jersey Utilities Association and am a member of its
Legislative Affairs Committee. I am also a member of the South Jersey Water
Superintendents.

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I am a member of the American Water Works Association – Florida Chapter and serve on the Florida Water Utility Council Legislative Committee. I am a member of the Florida Rural Water Association. I am also on the Advisory Board at

Hillsborough County Community College for the Water and Wastewater
 Licensing Curriculum.

Q. Before what regulatory agencies have you previously appeared and
 presented expert testimony?

A. I have testified as a witness for the City of Trenton, New Jersey. I have also
testified in a rate case before a Hearing Examiner appointed by the Sarasota
County Board of Commissioners.

8 Q.

#### . What is the purpose of your testimony?

9 Α. The purpose of my testimony is to provide an overview of how AUF operates and 10 manages its water and wastewater systems on a day-to-day basis, to provide support for recovery of the requested operations and maintenance ("O&M") 11 12 expenses, and to demonstrate that AUF provides an excellent product and 13 excellent customer service to our customers. Further, the purpose of my testimony 14 is to provide information regarding the major capital projects undertaken and 15 planned for AUF and to demonstrate that AUF has made and budgeted prudent 16 investments in water and wastewater facilities necessary to provide service to our 17 customers, while complying with applicable federal, state and local regulations.

18 **Q.** 

#### Are you sponsoring any exhibits in this case?

- A. Yes, I am sponsoring Composite Exhibit JML-1, which consists of Exhibits JML1 and JML-2, which are attached to my testimony.
- Q. Were these exhibits prepared by you or under your direction and
  supervision?
- 23 A. Yes.

1 Q. In connection with your responsibilities with AUF, are you the sponsor of 2 any of the schedules from the Minimum Filing Requirements ("MFRs")? 3 Yes, I am sponsoring Schedules F-1 through F-4 of the Engineering Schedules in A. 4 Volume 1 of the MFRs; Schedule B in Volume 3 (Service Availability) of the 5 MFRs; the individual maps for each water and wastewater system included in this 6 rate case which are contained in Volume 4 to the MFRs; as well as the additional 7 engineering information required by Rule 25-30.440(2)-(10), Florida 8 Administrative Code, contained in Volume 5 to the MFRs. I am also co-9 sponsoring Schedule B-3. 10 Q. Please tell us about how AUF develops plans for its systems. Since acquiring the water and wastewater assets in 2003 and 2004, AUF has 11 A. 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 Q. 20

### developed plans to make capital improvements at many of its water and wastewater facilities. AUF personnel evaluate water and wastewater facilities to

determine if capital improvements are necessary to improve water and wastewater quality, reliability and service. The capital improvements planned by AUF are necessary to comply with federal and state water and wastewater regulations and to provide safe and reliable service at the level of customer service that our customers expect.

#### What are the principal causes of the AUF rate filing?

The reasons for the AUF rate filing are also addressed in the testimonies of AUF Α. 21 witnesses Szczygiel, Rendell and Franklin. However, I wish to emphasize that one of the primary drivers of AUF's need for rate relief arises from our significant 22

1 level of capital investment made to enhance AUF's quality of service and to 2 comply with applicable federal, state and local regulations. 3 Q. Please provide a general description of how AUF's water and wastewater 4 systems in the 16 counties subject to the Florida Public Service Commission's 5 ("Commission") jurisdiction are organized and operated? 6 Α. AUF consists of several divisions located in 16 counties, some of which provide 7 water and wastewater service and some of which provide only water services. In 8 this filing, AUF is proposing a statewide uniform rate. This is discussed further 9 by AUF witnesses Szczygiel, Rendell and Franceski. 10 I have attached Exhibit JML-1 to my testimony which provides a listing of the 11 water and wastewater systems, by county, that are under the Commission's 12 13 jurisdiction and included in this rate filing. Please provide a general overview of the manner in which AUF provides for 14 Q. 15 the operations and maintenance of its facilities? 16 A. AUF seeks to employ the most qualified personnel available. AUF ensures that all 17 of our employees attend the necessary training courses (Continuing Education 18 Units) to maintain their licenses. Management works with operators to review and 19 assess how operations are conducted and various ways that AUF operators can perform more efficiently. AUF's operators are included, and have input, in the 20 engineering design of facilities for which they will be responsible, including 21 22 equipment selection and distribution and collections system upgrades or 23 improvements.

Q. What role does the corporate office in Leesburg play in providing
 operational and technical support for the provision of utility services in
 Florida?
 A. The corporate office in Leesburg provides the operational and technical support
 for all of the water and wastewater systems and operators throughout Florida. The

office provides the engineering, permitting, environmental compliance, operational and secretarial support and is a resource for the operators, field workers, and meter readers. 550

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The geographic reach of AUF's systems throughout Florida provide an 10 11 operational challenge, as we are charged with the responsibility for the operations and maintenance of water and wastewater systems that stretch from Captiva 12 13 Island in Southwest Florida to Sunny Hills in Northeast Florida. AUF's corporate 14 office in Leesburg ensures that our systems are operating in compliance with 15 environmental regulations, that our customers are provided with a high level of water and wastewater services, as well as responsive and efficient customer 16 service, and to ensure that each system is operated consistent with corporate 17 18 policies and procedures.

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Capital projects are bid, designed and permitted through the Leesburg corporate office. As a standard practice, operators assigned to various systems assist engineering personnel in the corporate office in the design of a project. The operators provide their input, review and comments to assure the responsible AUF

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engineer has a correct design. Once the contract has been awarded, the operator remains involved and will be included in the pre-construction meeting and serve as the on-site manager of the project.

#### 4 Q. What functions does AUF's Operations Manager perform?

5 AUF's Operations Manager in the corporate office oversees the development of A. 6 operating and capital budgets. As a part of that process, the Operations Manager 7 solicits input from area managers, field coordinators and operators on the specific 8 needs of the systems falling under their responsibility including such items as 9 facilities improvements, upgrades and replacement of equipment within facilities. 10 Once a draft budget is created, the Operations Manager reviews the draft budget with the specific area manager, field coordinator and operator for a system or a 11 12 particular group of systems to insure that the draft budget is complete. Upon approval of the budget, the Operations Manager assumes responsibility for the 13 management of operations consistent with the budget. The Operations Manager 14 15 provides broad oversight so that various projects are scheduled, commenced and 16 concluded on time and within the budget.

### 17 Q. Does AUF operate its facilities in conformance with applicable 18 environmental rules?

## 19 A. Yes. General overall responsibility for that function rests with AUF's 20 Environmental Compliance Specialist.

- 21 Q. What are the responsibilities of the Environmental Compliance Specialist
- A. The Environmental Compliance Specialist's responsibility is to make sure that
   AUF maintains compliance with applicable statutes, rules and directives of the

1 Florida Department of Environmental Protection ("DEP"), the governing Water 2 Management Districts ("WMD"), and local health departments. The 3 Environmental Compliance Specialist also serves as a resource to our area 4 managers, field coordinators and operators to assist them in sampling 5 requirements, techniques, monthly reporting and annual DEP inspections. In this 6 capacity, the Environmental Compliance Specialist will monitor changes, 7 improvements and additions to federal, state and local compliance requirements and inform all those involved. He also recommends training and education 8 9 courses for the field personnel to keep up with the ever changing regulations. It is 10 the Environmental Compliance Specialist's responsibility to maintain a 11 relationship with DEP, WMD and Health Department representatives.

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# 12 Q. How does AUF's maintenance group in the corporate office interface with 13 maintenance employees throughout the state to operate and maintain 14 facilities?<sup>1</sup>

15 A. The maintenance group in the corporate office has broad responsibility for the 16 maintenance of our water and wastewater treatment facilities, wells, pumps and 17 motors, sewer lift stations, and electrical support for our systems. The supervisor 18 of maintenance works closely with the area manager, field coordinators, and 19 operators to perform preventive maintenance, emergency maintenance, and 20 outside contractor oversight.

### Q. Are maintenance employees cross trained so that they are able to perform a variety of operations and maintenance functions?

1 Α. Yes. AUF personnel do not have just one specific job. Instead, they have a major 2 responsibility such as meter reading, plant operations or utility work, and, in addition, they will perform a variety of other tasks including customer service 3 4 work, addressing customer complaints, new meter installation, shut-offs, mark-5 outs, main and service line leaks, and meter changes. Here, the diversity of our 6 service area coupled with the cross-training of our employees allows us the 7 flexibility to bring additional employees in, as necessary, to a specific service area 8 or facility to address a particular problem.

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9 Q. In your opinion, does the interface and coordination between the Leesburg
10 corporate office and the area managers and operators in the field enhance
11 AUF's ability to respond to emergencies and maintain or quickly restore
12 service in the face of severe weather events?

13 A. Absolutely. For example, prior to a hurricane, AUF has the ability to coordinate 14 and mobilize our forces and generators throughout the state. An "emergency 15 trailer" that is maintained at the Leesburg office is stocked with any and all 16 equipment needed in the event of an emergency. After each emergency, AUF 17 reviews the situation and determines how well we performed and if the trailer had 18 the needed equipment or supplies. The hurricane is tracked and depending on the 19 area of landfall we transport our equipment to a staging area just outside of the 20 limits of the storm. Typically this is one of our systems near the projected 21 landfall. Once the storm has passed, AUF responds to any and all types of 22 emergencies.

## Q. Does AUF attempt to take advantage of economies of scale by contracting for various products and services in bulk?

A. Yes, we do. AUF has national contracts for items such as meters, hydrants, pipe and fittings, meter reading equipment, purchasing of vehicles, and vehicle maintenance. We also have state wide contracts for laboratory services, utility contracting, and supplies. Our objective is to continue to standardize these purchasing practices and purchase in bulk, where possible, for items and services that we use on a daily basis, thereby achieving the lowest possible price and improve services and response time.

### 10 Q. Have you prepared specific operating information concerning each system in 11 this case?

- 12 A. Yes. Exhibit JML-2 provides the following information for each water and 13 wastewater system in this case: a description of the water supply and treatment 14 facilities and wastewater treatment and lift station facilities, type of chemical 15 treatment, chemical treatment information, operator requirements and operator 16 duties.
- 17 Q. Are you familiar with certain O&M expenses that the Company is seeking to
  18 recover in this case?
- 19 A. Yes, I am.

20 Q. Would you generally describe the adjustment to O&M expenses for pro
21 forma Labor Expense?

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A. Yes. As discusses by AUF witness Szczygiel, we have made adjustments to
 recognize a 4% pay increase which was implemented in April 2008, as well as a
 market based competitive increase for the AUF operational staff.

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Q. Could you elaborate on the necessity of the proposed market based increase
for competitive purposes for the AUF operational personnel and how it was
determined?

A. Yes. We reviewed all the job descriptions for each of the positions involved. The
job descriptions were then sent to the field personnel to gather their input on
specific tasks they perform that was not captured in the job description. Once the
job descriptions were updated, all like titles were reviewed and updated with the
common tasks performed by each person. An analysis was performed to compare
AUF's salary's to other industry standards. With this information, salaries were
developed for each of the geographical locations within Florida.

#### 14 Q. Please describe AUF's general approach to customer service.

AUF has a strong commitment to customer service. We have a Customer Service 15 Α. Field Supervisor within Florida who manages all customer service functions 16 17 between the Call Centers, Billing and Customer Service. The Customer Service Field Supervisor assists with meter reading, customer calls, emergencies, billing 18 19 issues, water quality issues, and initiating new service. Through this commitment, we have consolidated our customer service to a call center located in Cary, North 20 21 Carolina. This center has the ability to enhance customer service by allowing 22 substantially high volumes of calls to be automatically routed to two other call 23 centers located in Pennsylvania and Illinois. The transfer of calls to these centers

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### is seamless to the customer and because we are standardized the Customer Service Representatives have the ability to answer all questions.

### Q. Could you explain the meter change out program that was initiated by AUF beginning in 2007?

5 Α. Yes. AUF began its program by converting 4,500 conventional water meters to radio frequency ("RF") water meters in areas where it takes enormous man-hours 6 7 to read the meters in developments. RF water meters are beneficial because they 8 produce accurate readings and reduce the need for meter readers to go door to 9 door, AUF converted meters in Citrus, Alachua, Marion, Volusia, Brevard, DeSoto, Highlands, Hardee Counties and a portion of Pasco County. With RF 10 11 water meters, we are able to read meters in a much more timely and efficient 12 Our Utility Techs are then able to spend more time performing manner. 13 maintenance work, answering customer service calls, and responding to daily calls. 14

- Q. How many meters have been replaced, and what is the estimated completion
   date for the replacement of the remaining water meters for the systems
   included in this rate case?
- A. As of May 8, 2008 AUS has changed approximately 6,000 water meter to radio
  frequency meters. It is estimated the 14,500 meters will converted by September
  30, 2008.
- 21 Q. Does this conclude your direct testimony?
- 22 A. Yes, it does.

1	BY MR. MAY:	
2	Q. Mr. Lihvarcik, have you attached two exhibits	
3	to your prefiled direct testimony?	
4	A. I have.	
5	<b>Q.</b> Do you have any corrections or revisions to	
6	those exhibits?	
7	A. I do not.	
8	Q. Have you prepared a summary of your direct	
9	testimony?	
10	A. I have.	
11	Q. Would you please provide a brief summary at	
12	this time?	
13	A. Thank you. Good morning, Commissioners. I	
14	serve as Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc.'s chief operating	
15	officer, who oversees the overall direction and	
16	administration of Aqua Florida, including efficient	
17	operations of the company and assuring quality customer	
18	and community service and employee satisfaction.	
19	In my direct testimony, I provide an overview	
20	of how Aqua Florida operates and manages its water and	
21	wastewater systems on a day-to-day basis. My direct	
22	testimony specifically focuses on three primary	
23	operational areas, major capital projects and prudent	
24	investment in water and wastewater facilities, O&M	
25	expenses, and customer service.	

We have 57 water and 25 wastewater systems that are part of this rate case. None of these systems have had rate base increases for over 12 years. The primary driver behind the need for rate relief arises from Aqua Florida's significant level of capital investment made to enhance quality of service and to comply with application federal, state, and local regulations.

Since acquiring the water and wastewater 9 assets in 2003, Aqua Florida has developed plans to make 10 capital improvements at many of its water and wastewater 11 facilities. Aqua Florida's personnel evaluate the 12 facilities to determine if capital improvements are 13 necessary to improve quality, reliability, and service. 14 The capital improvements planned by Aqua Florida are 15 necessary to comply with federal and state water and 16 wastewater regulations and to provide safe and reliable 17 service at the level of the customer service that our 18 19 customers expect.

That concludes my summary. Thank you.
 MR. MAY: Thank you, Mr. Lihvarcik. We would
 tender Mr. Lihvarcik for cross-examination.
 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Mr. Reilly.

MR. REILLY: Thank you very much.

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1	CROSS-EXAMINATION
2	BY MR. REILLY:
3	Q. Good afternoon.
4	A. Good afternoon, Mr. Reilly.
5	Q. I have a few questions for you today. First I
6	would have you turn to page 34 of your GML-2, which is
7	Comprehensive Exhibit 79. That's the page at the
8	bottom.
9	A. Yes.
10	Q. And I believe this page addresses the Chuluota
11	system.
12	A. That's correct.
13	Q. And next to the heading "Wastewater System,"
14	you state, "Construction of the new wastewater treatment
15	plant will be completed by 12/31/2006"; is that correct?
16	A. That's correct.
17	Q. Did that new wastewater treatment plant in
18	fact get completed and constructed in 2006?
19	A. Yes, it did.
20	Q. Do you know when Aqua began the planning and
21	permitting for this facility?
22	A. The planning began prior to my taking over as
23	the chief operating officer in Florida.
24	Q. Which was?
25	<b>A.</b> May 2005.
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So really, from the inception of Aqua's 1 Q. purchase of the Chuluota system, they began at once to 2 plan the expansion or -- I say expansion. Would you 3 describe what exactly comprises the new wastewater 4 5 treatment plant? Is it an expansion of an existing 6 plant, or what is that? It's a new plant, a 400,000-gallon-a-day 7 Α. wastewater treatment plant that is at the Chuluota 8 9 facility. So it's an entirely new facility. What 10 ο. happened to the old facility? 11 We constructed around the old facility and 12 Α. retired out the majority of the equipment. We did keep 13 some equipment in service. 14 At the time Aqua purchased the Chuluota 15 ο. system, was the Florida Water wastewater treatment plant 16 operating in accordance with FDEP regulations? 17 When we acquired the Florida Water systems, 18 Α. the systems were all in compliance, and there were no 19 consent orders out on those, or violations. 20 Shortly after purchasing the Chuluota system, 21 Q. why did Aqua decide to construct and expand the Chuluota 22 23 wastewater treatment plant? Based on a study that Florida Water had 24 Α. 25 conducted, it decided that the plant needed to be

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1	upgraded and improved, and at the same time, to expand
2	the plant. It was our decision to invest the money now
3	and save costs rather than incrementally expanding it
4	later.
5	Q. What was the capacity of the old wastewater
6	plant?
7	<b>A.</b> I don't recall that, the existing plant.
8	Q. How does the new plant dispose of its
9	effluent?
10	<b>A.</b> We have a spray field excuse me. We have a
11	spray field that the effluent is disposed to.
12	Q. That's the same spray field that Florida Water
13	used for its old plant?
14	A. That's correct.
15	Q. Did Aqua make any arrangements to expand or
16	improve the disposal facilities?
17	A. No. We are looking or negotiating with
18	Utilities, Inc. for them to take our effluent on their
19	reuse facilities over in their systems.
20	Q. Could you tell me what the capacity of did
21	you tell me what the capacity of the disposal facilities
22	are? I don't believe you
23	A. The spray field is rated for 100,000 gallons a
24	day.
25	Q. Okay. Given the often stated water quality
	FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

issues that have existed with the Chuluota system, why did the company embark on this major and costly construction of an expansion of the wastewater treatment facility rather than addressing and solving Chuluota's water quality problems first?

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A. We were working simultaneously. We were working both on the water and the wastewater system. On the water side, the operations thought that by flushing and controlling the chlorine being utilized at the plants, that we would be able to bring the THMs under control in conjunction with the construction of the new wastewater treatment plant.

Q. I would like to just pass out a little cross-examination exhibit to ask you a couple of questions. This is titled "Transcript of New Port Richey Service Hearing, pages 12 through 18."

I would particularly like to have you address your attention, Mr. Lihvarcik, to page 14. Is this not basically your statement that you made before the New Port Richey service hearing in total on this exhibit?

A. Yes. Yes, it is.

Q. And I would just have you focus your attention on page 14, lines 17 through 22. If you would be kind enough to just read the first three sentences of this paragraph.

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1 "Despite the fact that we did not pay a Α. 2 premium for these companies, they had been poorly 3 capitalized. In many instances, they were decaying to a point that we had to make serious decisions about what 4 5 to spend our capital on first." 6 Q. One more sentence. 7 Α. I'm sorry. "We focused first on meeting 8 environmental compliance and water quality standards." 9 Q. Now, I understand this statement to mean that 10 given the poor condition of many of the systems purchased from Florida Water, that Aqua was committed to 11 12 make the serious decisions to prioritize spending so that the first dollars spent would address environmental 13 compliance and water quality standards. Is that a fair 14 characterization? 15 16 Α. Yes. 17 Did Aqua in fact prioritize its spending on Q. the Chuluota system to first address the environmental 18 19 compliance and water quality standards? I believe we did. 20 Α. 21 And why do you say that? Q. 22 Α. Operationally, we felt that we would be able to bring the THMs under control by the management of how 23 we feed chemicals at the water plant, how we flush the 24 25 system, and how we maintain water quality. And then we

1 also had to upgrade the plant at the same time. 2 Q. And that effort did not prove to be successful 3 in the 2004, 2005, 2006 time period? Α. In the 2000 -- since I have taken over, no. 4 5 We found that we could not maintain the THM levels at the rate at which we could be in compliance. 6 7 Q. What was the principal water quality problem in 2004 when Aqua purchased Chuluota? 8 I can only tell you what I've been told. 9 Α. Ι didn't experience it myself, other than that we 10 experienced black water upon acquiring the system. Ι 11 believe it was in July of 2004. Mr. Luitweiler can 12 expound on that and give -- he was present with the 13 company at the time of the acquisition. 14 15 Q. He was the president at the time? No, no, no. He was present. 16 Α. 17 Present. Okay. Q. As our environmental compliance officer. 18 A. So he can expound on that. 19 So it's your understanding that the black 20 Q. water was the principal problem, the hydrogen sulfide 21 22 control? At that time, I know there was black water. 23 Α. What was contributing to it, I guess I -- I would only 24 be speculating to that. 25

1	Q. As to at the time that Aqua purchased	
2	Chuluota, there was not, at least at that point, a TTHM	
3	exceedance problem?	
4	<b>A.</b> I'm not sure that Mr. Luitweiler could	
5	answer that.	
6	Q. All right. When the company quickly switched	
7	from chlorination disinfection to free chlorine	
8	disinfection, what happened?	
9	MR. MAY: I object to that. I'm not sure he	
10	has established that the company quickly did anything to	
11	move from one treatment technique to another.	
12	MR. REILLY: Okay. We will reserve that	
13	question concerning the quickly. It's the expressed	
14	testimony of their other witness, so we'll pursue that	
15	at that time.	
16	CHAIRMAN CARTER: Okay.	
17	BY MR. REILLY:	
18	Q. But it's your understanding, and it's in his	
19	testimony, that they began the permitting and planning	
20	pretty much right at the beginning after they purchased	
21	the system?	
22	A. For	
23	Q. For the construction of the wastewater	
24	treatment plant.	
25	A. That's correct.	
	FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION	

Q. So I'm trying to ask questions about why all this commitment to spend all this money on wastewater at Chuluota when the overwhelming compliance problem that was resonating throughout the whole community was this serious water quality problem. And so my question is, did in fact Aqua do what you said in your testimony in New Port Richey and prioritize the limited dollars that you had to address environmental compliance and water quality? And your answer was yes, you felt that you did that?

A. Yes.

Q. And I guess following up that question is, you did say you felt it was a hydrogen sulfide problem at Chuluota at the time when you took it over?

A. Again, I would just be answering as to what I
was told at the time we took it over.

Q. Does the presence of black water, a hydrogen
sulfide problem, cause environmental compliance problems
with a primary health standard, or is it a secondary
standard problem?

A. It's a secondary. It's just an esthetic problem that causes problems in the distribution system, customer complaints, and issues with just operating the water system.

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Q. So black water is essentially a secondary --

1 Α. I believe it is. Mr. Luitweiler could answer 2 that more in detail. 3 Q. Is it your knowledge, or would Mr. Luitweiler 4 be the person to ask about what the company did in terms of as soon as it took over its actual changing its 5 disinfection? As the operating -- are you aware of what 6 Aqua did? 7 8 Α. In 2004? 9 0. Yes. Mr. Luitweiler could answer that one. 10 Α. In the case of Chuluota, the company's capital 11 ο. spending actually resulted in more serious environmental 12 compliance issues and reduced rather than improved water 13 quality; is that not correct? 14 15 Α. We have a water quality issue out there. Ι wouldn't say that we degraded the water quality because 16 of capital improvements that we've done out there. 17 We've been trying to do capital improvements by changing 18 out water main. We've undertaken looping dead ends and 19 alleviating the issues with the water quality customers 20 are having on these dead-end lines, and also causing us 21 to spend numerous man-hours flushing those dead-end 22 lines out and installing automatic flushers to maintain 23 the water quality. And once we get those looping 24 projects completed, we should see a reduction in the 25

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amount of water that we're flushing.

Q. But the twofold decision by the company to commit its dollars for a major wastewater treatment plant expansion, coupled with a second decision to switch the disinfection from chloramination to free chlorine actually resulted in the water product going to the customers becoming a primary environmental compliance problem rather than a secondary compliance problem. Is that true or not?

It didn't -- we didn't lose compliance 10 Α. immediately on the water quality side. We were able to 11 maintain it, and then because of the changing of the 12 water quality in the aquifer, which Mr. Luitweiler can 13 explain in more detail than I, had problems complying 14 15 with the THM levels in the water that we were producing. And it didn't happen immediately. It happened over a 16 17 period of about 18 months to 24 months.

Q. So this deterioration that I'm characterizing, rather than happening immediately, did take place, but took place over a longer period of time?

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A. That's correct.

22 Q. And this condition of the TTH and the 23 balancing and the black water continues to this day, and 24 now, of course, the company is embarking -- and there's 25 a lot of testimony about all the things the company is

doing now to try to do this balancing act and switch to chloramination?

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A. Since the 2004 episode and we switched to free 3 chlorine for a period of time, we did not have any 4 episodes of black water. We converted over to the 5 chloramination system in April of 2008. We had issues 6 7 with the analyzers which caused us to have a black water episode. We immediately then asked DEP to allow us to 8 go to a burnout and back to free chlorine. That gave us 9 time to order the new analyzers and replace those 10 existing analyzers with the new analyzers, and we went 11 12 back online with chloramination in September. I believe it was September -- the Wednesday after Labor Day, we 13 went back on chloramination, and we haven't had an 14 episode of black water since. Again, Dr. Taylor was 15 hired to assist us with the balance of how we're 16 treating the water at the plants with the 17 chloramination. 18

Q. Would Mr. Luitweiler, he be the more appropriate person to ask the technicalities and the details about the --

A. The chemistry?

Q. Well, I'm not going to go with chemistry. I won't even go there, but more the actual equipment failures --

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1	A. Yes.	
2	Q that resulted in the	
3	A. In us switching out the analyzers?	
4	Q. Yes.	
5	A. Yes.	
6	<b>Q.</b> Okay. I would like to pass out another	
7	cross-examination exhibit and ask you just a few	
8	questions.	
9	A. Sure.	
10	Q. The short title on this is "Tetra Tech/Hartman	
11	& Associates, September 24, 2004 Letter." Are you	
12	familiar with this letter?	
13	A. I've read over the report.	
14	Q. Is everyone ready for us to begin questions?	
15	All right. By the very terms of the first	
16	paragraph, I believe that it states that FDEP in July of	
17	2004 required Aqua to hire a professional engineer to	
18	provide a report to study the Chuluota black water	
19	problem and to provide comments on the causes, issues,	
20	and corrective measures that the engineer might	
21	recommend to solve the problem; is that correct?	
22	A. Yes.	
23	Q. Does this September 24, 2004 letter from Tetra	
24	Tech/Hartman & Associates represent Aqua's satisfaction	
25	of the DEP requirement to seek additional outside	
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1 engineering analysis and recommendation? 2 Ask that question again. I'm sorry. Α. I was 3 reading while you were --I'm just suggesting, does this letter respond 4 Q. 5 to the DEP requirement to get outside help to look at 6 the black water problem? I believe it did. 7 Α. And if I could have you turn your attention to 8 Q. page 4 of 7 of the letter. Would you --9 The page -- oh, I see it. I'm sorry. 10 Α. It's at the top, page 4 of 7. 11 Q. Yes, I see it. I'm sorry. 12 Α. And if I could have you please read the 13 ο. sentence after the heading "Design Issues with the 14 Distribution Piping." 15 "The recommended changes in chemical 16 Α. application points may need to be revised based upon 17 results of testing for THMs to maintain compliance with 18 the DBP Rule. Operational samples should be collected 19 and analyzed for THMs at a number of locations." 20 Just one sentence -ο. Excuse me. 21 22 Α. I'm sorry. -- after the heading "Design Issues with the 23 Q. Distribution Piping." 24 25 Α. I'm sorry. FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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Q. That was the wrong paragraph.

A. "Looping of dead ends in the distribution system should be done where feasible when an opportunity arises. Existing valves should be exercised periodically, and all check valves should be inspected periodically to ensure they are working as intended."

Q. And I'll just direct your attention to one more portion of this letter, and that's on page 6 of 7. And again, I'm not going to have you read a whole paragraph. These are just one-sentence --

A. Sure.

Q. -- reading assignments. Down at the very bottom of the page, number 5, if you could just read that one sentence.

A. "Evaluate the distribution system for opportunities to tie in dead ends and/or to install blow-offs on dead ends that cannot be tied in."

Q. Is it fair to represent that in this 2004 -that in 2004, Aqua was well aware of the water quality
problems caused by the dead-end lines in Chuluota and
the need to loop those dead-end lines?

A. That's correct.

Q. It is my understanding that the company is
currently proceeding to loop some of the dead-end lines
in Chuluota. Is that not correct?

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A. We're under way right now to do that, yes.Q. And Mr. Franklin suggested you might have some

information to give us more details on that plan.

A. Yes. The areas where we're looping the lines are in the older section, Third Street, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Streets. And one street, Third Street, is where the daycare center is located. So once we do get the looping project done, we'll have a free flow of water through those mains so that we can maintain water quality.

We have also installed approximately 13 flushers throughout the system on dead ends so we can maintain over the years, not just in one year. As the water quality issues arise, the field techs evaluate it and recommend whether a flusher should be installed.

**Q.** When you say flusher, is that an automated flusher, or just the capability of flushing?

A. It works similar to the timer that you would have on your home irrigation system. It's battery operated. You set the dates, the time, and the duration, and it will automatically open up. We decided to go this method because it saves on the manpower, and it's a reliable means in which to flush out the dead ends.

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Q. And there are 13 of those?

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A. Approximately.

Q. And how many of the lines actually will be looped? And I assume when you're looping, of course, you're looping from one dead end to another dead end and then continuing?

A. There are approximately four or five dead ends that we're going to be extending the mains down to a main intersection and then running another line to connect all five together into a main source.

So it would be about four or five lines?

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A. Yes.

Q.

Q. When will the looping project be completed?A. We're anticipating to have it done by the end of this month.

Q. And you said the flushers are already -- we
were talking about that because there were pictures.
Were those pictures -- of course, that was a picture of
manual flushing. We'll get to that later. Hold that
question.

In light of what we understand the company knew from the very beginning about the dead-end lines, I guess the question would be, why did it take four years for the company to begin such a project, given the company's stated policy of prioritizing the spending of capital dollars to address environmental compliance and

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water quality issues first and foremost?

A. We were doing other distribution system upgrades throughout Chuluota by removing old mains. We located a number of mains that weren't even shown on the distribution maps, so some of the capital dollars that we've expended were put in the distribution system throughout.

8 We partnered with the county when they were 9 doing road projects where we know we had aged mains that needed to be replaced, and we went in there and replaced 10 those lines. So we prioritized -- we looked at -- if we 11 knew that road construction was happening and we knew we 12 could save dollars because the roads were going to be 13 ripped up, we prioritized by doing those mains first. 14 And then we finally got to the point where there were no 15 road construction projects done this year, and we 16 17 prioritized and did the dead-end lines.

Q. Despite these other capital projects that addressed or tried to address water quality problems, nevertheless, from that, as we said, 18 to 20 months after Aqua took over, it moved from a secondary compliance standard problem to a primary TTH problem; is that not correct?

24 25 A. That's correct.

Q. Changing subjects here, are you aware of the

circumstances of the Osprey Lakes Homeowners Association
 paying the power bills for the sewer lift station owned
 by Aqua?

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A. Yes, I am.

Q. How did this happen?

A. The lift station was owned by the developer for Osprey Lakes. In February of 2005, there was a quit-take deed that was filed that deeded over the lift station to Aqua, and the power was never transferred over to Aqua by the developer.

It was brought to our attention by Kelly Sullivan that they were paying the electrical bills for the lift station. Once we found out that they were paying the bills, I immediately had our accounting department contact the power company and had the bill switched over or the account switched over to Aqua, and we will be getting billed for that now.

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Q. What was the date again on the quit-take?

A. The quit-take deed was, I believe, February of
2005. I asked -- in talking with Kelly Sullivan, we had
the accountant from the HOA submit us their power bills
back to February of 2005, and a check is being cut and
mailed to the HOA in the amount of \$18,000. We also
instructed that the power company will give them a
prorated bill for November, and they're to forward that

1 bill over to us so that we could pay that prorated bill. Was there any interest component with the 2 Q. 3 payment to the homeowners association? 4 Α. No, there wasn't. 5 Q. Have you now verified that all the power meters associated with the facilities are in Aqua's 6 7 name? To the best of my knowledge. 8 Α. 9 ο. Okay. Thank you. Yesterday there was customer testimony about 10 an Aqua technician the Chuluota customers were pleased 11 with, but that was no longer serving the Chuluota 12 community. Can you tell us what happened to that 13 technician? 14 You have to understand a little bit of our 15 Α. operations. Our employees operate multiple plants. 16 They operate in multiple counties. And what we like to 17 do is, we rotate our operators and our utility techs, 18 because over a period of time, they get cross-trained in 19 working in the various facilities. And it makes 20 operations a lot easier when employees are on vacation 21 or they're out sick that employees are familiar with the 22 operations of other facilities. 23 Mr. Ortiz was moved over to our Lake County 24 facilities, and he's operating plants in Lake County for 25

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1 a period of time. Darrell Sweat, who is another Utility Tech III, has been moved over to the Seminole County 2 3 facility. He's operating that as a utility tech. Our plant operator, William Trendell, is remaining there 4 5 because of the chloramination and his familiarity with 6 it. We don't want to bother him at this point because 7 of trying to maintain the THM levels. 8 ο. I also understand that the technician 9 supervisor is also no longer --Mr. Heath is still on our payroll. 10 Α. And so he's still --11 ο. Yes, he's --12 Α. Okay. There was customer testimony yesterday 13 ο. that Aqua is providing bottled water for certain 14 customers. Is that true? 15 Just the one customer. 16 Α. And that would be the preschool? ο. 17 That's the daycare center, yes. 18 Α. 19 And we had some questions on that with Q. Mr. Franklin, but he suggested that you would be the 20 better person to give us more of the particulars --21 22 Α. Yes. 23 ο. -- on the program. Yes. 24 Α. Would you share what you can with us? 25 Q. FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

A. Yes. The daycare center is located -- their service line is exactly on a dead end, the last service on that dead-end main. The problem we had is because, number one, it's a dead-end line, maintaining the water quality. Number two, they use very little water, and we had issues with over the weekend nobody being present in the daycare center. No water was being used at all, so that main from the service upstream to the daycare center, that water was just remaining stagnant in that line.

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Because it was a daycare center with the 11 children and the babies, Mr. Heath came to me and said, 12 "Jack, I would suggest that because of the issues and 13 the problems I'm having maintaining water quality in 14 15 that line and because of the minimal usage on that line that we provide bottled water to the daycare center. So 16 it was my decision, with the health, safety, and welfare 17 of the children at that facility, to provide them with 18 the bottled water. 19

20 Q. How many gallons of bottled water are being 21 furnished to the daycare center on a per week -- is it 22 per week, per month?

A. I couldn't venture a guess. It was cheaper to
provide the bottled water than it was to expand the
manpower to continuously flush the mains and pay for the

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additional water to have to flush those lines. 1 2 Q. Could you give us some --3 Α. No. Who would be the proper person to ask this 4 Q. question to? 5 We could probably get it from our accounting A. 6 department. I don't have that with me. 7 Because what we wanted to know is, you know, 8 Q. the cost of the program, the amount of the bottled 9 water. And I guess the next question is, who's paying 10 11 for the program? CHAIRMAN CARTER: Mr. Reilly, you want to just 12 ask for that as a late-filed? 13 MR. REILLY: I would, yes. 14 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Okay. That will be, 15 Mr. May, Exhibit Number 190. 16 MR. MAY: Very good. 17 (Late-filed Exhibit 190 was identified for the 18 record.) 19 CHAIRMAN CARTER: I didn't mean to break in on 20 you, but it seemed --21 That's fine. MR. REILLY: No, no. I was 22 heading there, and in the spirit of expediting things. 23 CHAIRMAN CARTER: You may proceed. 24 BY MR. REILLY: 25

Q. So we'll just rely on that to get all our details.

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A. And again, once the looping mains are approved and put in service, we will discontinue providing the bottled water to the daycare center.

There has been a fair amount of attention 6 ο. given to the extra cost imposed upon customers to buy 7 bottled because they can't drink Aqua's water. 8 However, isn't it true that if Aqua ever fixed its water so that 9 people could consume it, Aqua would be in a position to 10 sell a lot more water to its customers at the expense of 11 the bottled water companies, and to some extent, this 12 proposed rate increase could be scaled back because of 13 the increased water consumption? Would that be a true 14 15 statement?

A. Well, if you look at Chuluota, they're already using 10,000 gallons a month, more than any other system that we operate in the state.

Q. However, nevertheless, I guess -- so you're saying really -- if you could give me a yes or a no and then an explanation of why you think it's not relevant that people might consume more water if they're irrigating so much. So the question is --

24 MR. MAY: Mr. Chairman, could I ask Mr. Reilly 25 to maybe rephrase that question? I'm lost on this one.

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BY MR. REILLY:

Q. Well, the question is, if the company had a product that people felt they could consume for drinking and cooking and so forth, would that not result in more water sales if they're not using it for that purpose now?

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A. My personal opinion is no, I don't believe so.
Q. That incremental amount of water is not significant compared to irrigation? I mean, is that your testimony, the incremental amount of water they might -- all these people starting to no longer buy bottled water at the grocery store, that they're going to start taking it out of their tap, that that's not

14 material compared to --

A. I don't know how to quantify how much more
water we would produce if people stopped drinking
bottled water.

Q. Changing the subject, did you hear the
testimony of Ms. Kelly Sullivan yesterday?

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A. Yes, I did.

Q. She submitted a comprehensive composite exhibit. It's Comprehensive Composite Exhibit Number 175, which depicted some of the extensive flushing presently going on in the Chuluota water system.

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A. Yes.

Could you describe the current flushing Q. program a little more completely?

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Α. Yes. We hired Dr. Taylor to assist us on putting together a protocol to maintain water quality in the Chuluota system. We developed this plan with the input of Mr. Luitweiler and myself and the people in Florida on how we're going to flush and operate the system. We designed -- we designated points throughout the system that need to be flushed and the duration of the flushing and the times during the month that it needed to be done, and depending on the water quality at any given time, whether we needed to increase or decrease that flushing. We also developed in that plan a baseline water quality testing format so that we can monitor the water quality at any given time, and based on that water quality results, increase or decrease our 16 flushing.

How is the water being flushed accounted for? 18 0. How are records kept to try to quantify and keep up with 19 the quantities of water that you are --20

Our operators know based on the -- if we look Α. at the automatic flushers, we know approximately how many gallons per minute those automatic flushers flush. We know the duration of time, so it's a quick multiplication of time versus gallons and gives you your

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total gallons. And when we do a manual flush, we know if a fire hydrant flows approximately 500 gallons a minute, we know how many minutes we flush, and we multiply it out.

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5 They on a monthly basis take that and add it 6 all together, and we have what we call a water loss 7 report which tracks the production. It tracks our 8 consumption, what we call company use, which would be if you had a water plant or a wastewater plant and you 9 would be washing down the plant or you would be cleaning 10 something with water, which is called company use. And 11 then we also have a line that's called for flushing. 12 And total all those together, and that gives you your 13 total usage for the system. And that is on a monthly 14 15 basis.

Q. Now, I understand that Dr. Taylor is designing -- has he designed it yet, or where are we on the monitoring of the system to determine when and where the company would go in to do any manual flushing, as well as any adjustments to the automatic flushing?

A. We have it all in draft form. But Mr. Luitweiler, who has been working more closely with Dr. Taylor than I have, can elaborate more on the plan.

Q. How typical is the month of November -- how long has this flushing program -- has it really even

quite taken place, or is it in evolution? Where are we on this more extensive flushing to try to maintain this balance?

A. We are hoping once we get all of our baseline data that we would start to see the flushing start to tail off. And again, dependent upon the water quality and the results that we get, we might have to ramp it up for a couple of weeks in order to get the water quality back under control. But we're hoping continuously monitoring it, we can then incrementally start to reduce the flushing and then come to a baseline flushing that we can use to maintain the system.

Q. Did you say that your personnel keep a record, have a journal to keep a record of their manual flushing, to estimate the accounted-for flushing at that particular incident?

A. They have a journal at the plant where they
maintain the records for flushing and all the system
operations.

20 Q. So a technician would go out -- let's say we 21 saw pictures of --

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Q. And they would open the main, open up the hydrant for however long, and they would record this is how long we did it, and bring that data back to the

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plant, and it would be entered in the journal? 1 And then that's transmitted to our office in 2 Α. 3 Leesburg, to our compliance person who manages the database on the amount of water that we use for 4 5 flushing. So you have a record. The company has a 6 Q. 7 record of all the flushing, both manual and automatic, that took place in Chuluota during the month of 8 9 November? I don't know specifically if it's broken down 10 Α. manual or automatic. It might just be a composite 11 number showing total flush for that month or that day. 12 I would like to request a MR. REILLY: 13 late-filed exhibit for November 2008 so that we can get 14 a handle and understand a little more about the impact 15 or the quantity of flushing that's going on. That Would 16 be our request. 17 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Mr. May? 18 MR. MAY: If you would give me a moment to see 19 if we can --20 Okay. Let's take a minute. 21 CHAIRMAN CARTER: -- gather that information. 22 MR. MAY: Let's take a minute. CHAIRMAN CARTER: 23 (Off the record briefly.) 24 MR. MAY: We can have you that information in 25

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ten days.

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Okay. Now, Mr. Reilly, its title? Short would be --

MR. REILLY: Flushing data for November 2008. CHAIRMAN CARTER: Excellent. You may proceed. (Late-filed Exhibit 191 was identified for the record.)

BY MR. REILLY:

Just a little bit more on this subject. There 9 ο. 10 was some testimony earlier and concern about where does the flushed water go. Obviously, I guess it goes to 11 stormwater and/or the surrounding area. To what extent 12 do you know where this water goes and whether it goes 13 into certain wetlands, which was a concern of many of 14 the customers? 15

A. To the best of our knowledge, it's not going into any wetlands. It's either going into retention ponds or into the woods.

19 Q. Are the woods -- what is contiguous to the 20 woods? I mean, are there wetlands near or close to the 21 woods?

A. Unless we had a delineation, I'm not aware ofany there.

24 Q. And we had anecdotal evidence about browning 25 and so forth. Do you have any -- maybe this is more of

a chemistry question, but to speculate what might be in 1 2 flushed water that could pose any kind of environmental concerns to the environment? 3 I had our compliance officer check it out last 4 Α. In the area that is on Lake Lenelle Road there 5 night. is small retention pond where you see those trees. 6 MR. REILLY: I think that concludes our 7 questions. 8 Okay. Ms. Bradley. CHAIRMAN CARTER: 9 MS. BRADLEY: Thank you. 10 CROSS-EXAMINATION 11 BY MS. BRADLEY: 12 Isn't it true that you all do not have a 13 Q. consumptive use permit at this time? 14 That is correct. Α. 15 And the one you had expired over a year ago? 16 Q. That's correct. 17 Α. And under the rules, you have 60 days to get a 18 Q. 19 new one? We've made application. We've been working 20 Α. with St. Johns to obtain a new consumptive use permit. 21 There's a lot of information that they're requesting for 22 monitoring of the wetlands and aquifer that we're 23 compiling the data. We've hired Ardaman Associates to 24 25 assist us with putting that data together.

But you were required to have your permit 1 Q. within 60 days; correct? 2 I believe that's what the rule says. 3 Α. Okay. I understand that you all had a broken 4 Q. meter to regulate or to know how much water you were 5 actually taking out? 6 I'm not familiar with that. Α. 7 You're not familiar with that? Ο. 8 No. As far as the -- are you referring to the 9 Α. meter that is on the well itself? 10 That would measure how much water you're 11 Q. removing. 12 From the aquifer? 13 Α. 14 Q. Yes. We could have. It wasn't brought to my 15 Α. That would have been handled by our 16 attention. operational people to get that repaired. 17 18 ο. So you are not aware that it was broken for a couple of years? 19 20 Α. No, I'm not. Have you done a schedule for your Aqua 21 Q. Connects meetings in 2009? 22 We haven't laid it out for the entire year. 23 Α. We have our first Aqua Connects meeting scheduled for 24 the last Friday in January with Tomoka View/Twin Rivers. 25 FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1 Mr. Hoffman has requested that we meet with the 2 residents of his development and the adjacent 3 development. The goal would be then to look at some of 4 the other systems that we have adjacent to those areas 5 and invite those people to come also.

Q. With all the problems that you're having in Chuluota, have you scheduled one for Chuluota yet?

A. Not yet.

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Q. Do you intend to?

We intend to do that. And we intend to look 10 Α. at other systems during the year that we might have 11 additional problems, either with water quality, or if 12 we're doing a major capital project, prior to the 13 project taking place, meeting with the residents, and 14 then going -- like Mr. Franklin was saying, we did a 15 global approach this year. We did more site-specific 16 visits with Zephyrhills on two occasions, and we had 100 17 people at the first meeting and 87 at the second 18 19 meeting.

So by us drilling down and going right into the developments, we feel we can get a better turnout. We can tailor our Aqua Connects meetings for their needs, not just looking at a generic presentation, and we can work one on one with those customers on issues that they have, identify problems that they have, and

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hopefully correct them.

And our goal is still to bring customer 2 service representatives to those meetings so that if we 3 have billing issues, we can address those on-site rather 4 than taking notes back and sending them back to customer 5 service and then having that delay or having the ball 6 7 dropped and not getting back to the customers. Speaking about having customer service Q. 8 representatives there, you, I know, had customer service 9 10 representatives at some of the public hearings that we had a few months ago. 11 A. That's correct. 12 13 0. Such as the one in Chuluota. A. Yes. 14 And the Commissioners several times requested 15 Q. that people be taken to the back and that their billing 16 problems taken care of that night. 17 Α. Yes. 18 Correct? ο. 19 That's correct. 20 Α. And in fact, though, none of the billing 21 0. errors were taken care of that night, and people were 22 not given call-backs subsequent to that; correct? 23 Unless -- I wasn't aware that our customers 24 Α.

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were not satisfied leaving that night or there was not

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follow-ups on that.

**Q.** Well, their bills were not adjusted that night, were they?

A. Well, they would have updated the accounts with information that was given to them that night, if there were problems that were easily rectifiable on-site. It might have required further detail as they went back to the office and had to research in order to correct the bill. But as far as billing issues, I haven't in my office received any complaints from the customers that bills that were addressed that night were not taken care of.

Q. Are you aware that the Commission, the Public
Counsel, and our office got complaints subsequently
about not getting calls back from that?

A. Working with Mr. Franklin and other customer service people, I knew that we had some issues. I didn't know what the extent -- the most recent ones.

Q. On the public notices that you have sent out,
particularly dealing with MCL violations --

A. Yes.

22 Q. The person to contact for Aqua is actually in 23 Leesburg; correct?

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A. That's correct.

Q. And there's no 800 number on that notice, is

1 there. 2 Can you read off what number that is, and I Α. 3 can let you know exactly where that's at. I don't have it in front of me. 4 ο. 5 Α. Okav. I believe the number is to our office 6 in Leesburg. 7 Q. But there's not an 800 number on there, is 8 there? We felt that -- no, there isn't. 9 Α. NO. You're referring so that customers, when they call our office, 10 it's a toll-free number. No, there isn't. 11 Is there a toll-free number that you could 12 ο. provide customers so that if they have an MCL violation 13 to report, they could do that without having to go to 14 15 more expense? We could look into it. 16 Α. CHAIRMAN CARTER: Ms. Bradley, are you about 17 -- are you ready to go into another section? 18 MS. BRADLEY: I was just checking to see if I 19 20 had a couple more questions. 21 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Okay. 22 MS. BRADLEY: I'll try to be quick. No. I was going to say, if CHAIRMAN CARTER: 23 you're at a breaking point, then that would work for us, 24 25 because --

1 MS. BRADLEY: Well, if you want to take a 2 break, that's fine. 3 CHAIRMAN CARTER: I mean, if you can give me some kind of idea, that would let me know whether to 4 take the break now or to take it later. 5 MS. BRADLEY: I have a couple more areas to 6 7 ask him about. CHAIRMAN CARTER: Okay. Then let's do this. 8 Commissioners, we've got some matters that require all 9 of our attention. Staff you're aware of that. We're 10 going to probably be out for an hour, so we'll be back 11 at 3:30. 12 (Recess from 2:28 to 4:00 p.m.) 13 CHAIRMAN CARTER: We are back on the record. 14 15 Ms. Bradley, you're recognized. 16 MS. BRADLEY: Thank you. CHAIRMAN CARTER: Let's get our witness first. 17 MS. BRADLEY: That would be helpful. 18 BY MS. BRADLEY: 19 Mr. Lihvarcik, Mr. Franklin, I think you also 20 0. mentioned something about the water usage in -- I 21 believe it was in Chuluota averaging something around 22 23 10,000 gallons a month? 24 Α. That's correct. Now, is that the average of all your Chuluota 25 0. FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

customers?

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2 It's primarily in the newer sections with the Α. larger lots and the homeowners covenants that they must 3 4 maintain their grass that's green. 5 But you said it was an average of 10,000. ο. Is 6 that the average of all your customers in that area? 7 I believe so. Α. Okay. Now, the water usage, I guess you would 8 Q. admit, is obviously an issue that's in dispute. We've 9 heard testimony at all the hearings about the 10 three-minute showers and looking at their water usage 11 morning and evening and recording it. You would concede 12 that that is something that the customers dispute? 13 They've questioned their usage. 14 Α. 15 Q. There was a discussion about the flushing of 16 the water, and you said you sent somebody out last night to check on that or something. 17 18 Α. Yes. The pipes that you're using to flush, have 19 Q. 20 they been changed recently? Can you clarify? Pipes meaning the --21 Α. Have you replaced any of those pipes since 22 Q. 23 you've been at Aqua? 24 The pipes that are feeding the flushers or the Α. distribution lines that are out in the street. 25

1 Q. Okay. So --2 No, I'm asking you to clarify. The water Α. mains that are located out in the street that are 3 feeding the customers, or the lines that are actually 4 5 where the flushers are hooked up to? I'm talking about the lines that the flushing 6 Q. 7 is hooked up to? We have replaced lines in Chuluota, installed 8 Α. new water mains in certain areas in Chuluota. We've 9 10 abandoned old lines that we've found that were not located or shown on any of our maps that were 11 contributing to discolored water or water quality 12 13 problems. And we've seen an improvement in those areas where we've been replacing mains. 14 When they talk about lines that were flushed, 15 ο. what does that mean? 16 We're talking about the water distribution 17 Α. lines, the water mains that are located out in the 18 19 streets. Okay. And you said some of those have been Q. 20 21 changed? That's correct. Α. 22 23 Were they replaced with similar lines or Q. pipes? 24 If they were galvanized or cast iron, they 25 A. FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

were replaced with plastic. 1 2 ο. Okay. Same diameter lines? 3 If we had the opportunity to upsize, we would A. have increased the sizes. If they were six-inch and 4 5 eight-inch and were providing adequate service to those 6 areas, they were replaced in kind. 7 Q. All right. Did you replace all of the smaller 8 ones? 9 Α. As of this time, no. Okay. The sewage plant that you built, when 10 **Q**. was it finished? 11 12 Α. 2006. When you all designed that plant, I think you 13 Q. said something about 400,000 --14 Gallons per day. 15 Α. Okay. Which would handle -- do you know 16 Q. roughly how many people that would service? 17 Well, if you look at the estimated, somewhere 18 Α. 19 between 200 to 250 gallons per day, the low side could be 2,000 customers. 20 21 Okay. That's probably almost twice as many ο. 22 customers as you have in that area. Was there any discussion when you were building something that large 23 about selling some of that to Oviedo, who I understand 24 25 has need for additional sewage service?

1 At the time, no. The study that we looked at A. 2 from Florida Water, there was some anticipation of extending lines out to the older sections of Chuluota 3 and abandoning some of those septic systems that would 4 5 then be tied into the sewer plant. We also looked at what can additionally be constructed as new building 6 7 within our service area, in-fill, a lot here, a home there, a commercial unit that would tie in and use the 8 So it was a combination of abandoning septic 9 plant. 10 systems and new construction. You said when you were anticipating it. 11 ο. Currently, is there any discussion about selling some of 12 that to Oviedo? 13 At this time, no. The only discussions we had 14 Α. 15 was the sale of the system. Mr. Franklin also talked about the problem 16 Q. with the meters, the new meters, and indicated that 17 there was a -- it was not an extra zero. It was 18 something about a problem that wound up or resulted in 19 estimated rather than actual readings. 20 21 A. Yes. And has that been fixed? 22 0. 23 Yes, it has. A. And when was that fixed? 2.4 Q. As we were going through the process. Like we 25 Α.

were talking about before, when you're doing 14,000 meters in one big project, there are startup problems and some issues. And it was a data transfer between our contractor and getting the information in a timely manner to our office to upload the information. As we worked through the process, we refined it. And by using computers and sending files up, we were able to get the information from the field to the office a lot quicker.

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9 Then we also implemented a plan where would we 10 go through -- once the meters were installed and prior 11 to the next meter reading, we would do what you would call a dry run meter read, where we would load the 12 13 accounts up in the meter reading equipment and drive through the development and see that we were recording 14 15 all of the meter reads. If we got a meter where it didn't accept the read, the utility tech would go out 16 17 there and check to make sure the meter serial number was 18 correct that was in our system, the transponder number 19 was correct, and whether both of them were working. And 20 that was done probably in June.

21 Q. So the meter problem was resolved by June of 22 this year?

A. The problem that we were having getting the
information back and assuring that the next billing that
went out, the bills were correct.

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Q. I don't remember if I asked you or if I was talking to Mr. Franklin, but are you aware of the complaint from Ms. Dirk (phonetic) a couple of months ago, who was still having problems with the meter reading?

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A. I'm not personally aware of that. I heard discussion with Mr. Franklin. If she was in Chuluota, those meters were changed out back in April, so that was before we actually implemented the plan to assure that we got the accurate reads.

MR. MAY: Mr. Chair, there has been a number of questions regarding this relay of information from Ms. Bradley to the company. We're kind of scratching our heads. Could you provide us with that correspondence where, Ms. Bradley, you alerted the company to this? We simply cannot locate it.

17 MS. BRADLEY: I asked if he was aware of that 18 communication, aware of that problem with this lady.

MR. MAY: No, but I think you've mentioned throughout the course of this hearing that you've been providing correspondence to the company, and we simply can't find that. If you could help us out in that regard, it would speed things up. We could know which e-mail you're referring to.

MS. BRADLEY: I've talked with Ms. Joyce about

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1 providing her with one of the recent ones. Can we talk 2 about that after I finish my questioning? 3 MR. MAY: We can talk about it, but you 4 continue to ask the witness and suggest that you've 5 provided the company with correspondence, and we can't 6 find that correspondence, Ms. Bradley. 7 MS. BRADLEY: Mr. May, I don't know what 8 you're talking about. I didn't ask Mr. Lihvarcik about 9 that. I asked him if he was aware of the situation with 10 this lady. 11 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Let's zero in on the issues. 12 It's getting a little late in the day, but let's zero in 13 on the issues and move forward. If there's something specific, then we need to lay foundations and move 14 15 forward on that. Let's zero in on it. 16 BY MS. BRADLEY: Well, I don't know whether I need to repeat 17 0. 18 that or not, since Mr. May interrupted, but you said you 19 were not aware of the situation that occurred a couple 20 of months ago with Ms. Dirk? 21 The only situations that I was aware of were A. 22 the two that you provided us back in July. Between July 23 and now, I haven't seen any correspondence from your 24 office about customer complaints or haven't been made 25 aware of any customer complaints that have gone through

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

your office or through the OPC since that time. 1 Are you aware in your office, though, of 2 Q. communications with Ms. Dirk, and I believe she 3 indicated with Stacey? 4 I personally am not aware of any, that we had 5 Α. correspondence with her or had met with her. 6 7 MS. BRADLEY: Okay. I don't think I have anything else, Mr. Chairman. 8 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Thank you. Commissioners, I 9 10 want to go to staff first and then come back. You had your chance. Have you got a burning 11 desire? I mean, what's up? 12 MR. REILLY: I can wait. I just -- I'll wait. 13 That's fine. 14 CHAIRMAN CARTER: I don't plan on coming back 15 16 to you, so --MR. REILLY: I just wanted exhibit 17 identification on the two cross-examination. I can wait 18 till later. We identified them, but we just didn't give 19 them exhibit numbers. 20 CHAIRMAN CARTER: 190 and 191. 21 MR. REILLY: I think that was the late-fileds. 22 23 Did you give late-filed numbers? MR. JAEGER: Chairman Carter, I think --24 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Did you want those others in 25 FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1 there? Hang on a second. Hang on. Everybody just hold 2 what you've got. 3 Now, the other ones, you said that you were just using them for cross-examination. Were you going 4 5 to -- do you want to --6 MR. REILLY: I would like to just --7 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Okay. Then hold on. Back up, everybody. So then the letter from Tetra Tech --8 MR. REILLY: I believe that was the second 9 10 one. CHAIRMAN CARTER: So that would be 192. Okay. 11 Since that was the second one, that will be the second 12 That will be Number 192, Commissioners. 13 one. MR. REILLY: And then the earlier one was --14 MR. JAEGER: The transcript. I don't think we 15 need to make the transcript an exhibit. It's a part of 16 -- the transcript is a part of the official record. 17 MR. REILLY: And that's fine. 18 MR. JAEGER: So you want to move the Tetra 19 Tech letter. 20 MR. REILLY: And that will work for us. 21 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Well, since it's an excerpt 22 and I've skipped my block on here, you're stuck with 190 23 -- well --24 MR. REILLY: Okay. We'll be happy to accept 25 FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

that. It's an excerpt of the transcript. 1 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Okay. We'll use the excerpt 2 as a transcript. So this will be -- 192 will be the 3 Tetra Tech letter, and the other you were just using for 4 cross-examination purposes from the transcript. 5 MR. REILLY: That will be fine. 6 7 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Okay, Commissioners. So 192 would be the Tetra Tech letter. 8 (Exhibit 192 was marked for identification.) 9 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Thank you, Mr. Reilly. Any 10 -- did we cover that? That was all, just those two 11 12documents there? MR. REILLY: Yes. 13 CHAIRMAN CARTER: I want you to know, you're 14 messing up my sheet, but that's all right. For you, not 15 a problem. Mr. Beck, we would have to have questions. 16 17 MR. REILLY: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. CHAIRMAN CARTER: Staff, you're recognized. 18 MR. JAEGER: Thank you, Chairman. 19 CROSS-EXAMINATION 20 BY MR. JAEGER: 21 Mr. Lihvarcik, there was some rustling over 22 Q. here when you were talking about the looping project, 23 and I wanted to make sure. When did that looping 24 25 project start?

1 I'm sorry. I missed -- which Α. Excuse me. 2 project? 3 For Chuluota, the looping project, when did **Q**. 4 that start? 5 Α. I believe construction started the end of 6 October, the beginning of November of this year. 7 Q. And how long was the planning stage or getting 8 up to the construction? 9 We designed it around June of this year, Α. permitted it with DEP. The issue that we had -- we 10 11 planned upon starting in August. Tropical Storm Faye came through. We had the large rain in the Chuluota 12 In the Chuluota area where we were going to do 13 area. the construction, there was a lot of standing water, so 14 15 that delayed the project until the water receded in the construction area. 16 17 Okay. And one last question. The consent Q. order that was issued in January of '07 that was for 18 exceeding the MCLs for total trihalomethanes, that was 19 after you had gone back to chlorine and had abandoned 20 21 the prior chloramination project; is that right? 22 Α. That is correct. That's all I have. 23 MR. JAEGER: CHAIRMAN CARTER: Thank you. Mr. May. 24 MR. MAY: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 25

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1	REDIRECT EXAMINATION			
2	BY MR. MAY:			
3	<b>Q.</b> Good afternoon, Mr. Lihvarcik.			
4	A. Good afternoon, or good evening.			
5	Q. Good evening. Do you recall being asked by			
6	Ms. Bradley about what she claimed to be a broken meter			
7	at one of your wells?			
8	A. Yes, I do.			
9	Q. How often does Aqua test and calibrate its			
10	meters?			
11	<b>A.</b> We test them annually, and calibrate them.			
12	Q. Do you have calibration records?			
13	A. Yes, we do. We have the contractor that we			
14	use that calibrates the meter provides us with a report.			
15	Q. And when were your meters last tested?			
16	A. We finished them this week. Yesterday it was			
17	completed.			
18	Q. Does anything in your records indicate that			
19	there was a meter broken at one of your wells?			
20	A. No. We have records from 2005, 2006, and			
21	2007, and nothing indicated that the meters were broken.			
22	Q. Mr. Lihvarcik, you were asked some questions			
23	by Mr. Reilly concerning the cost of the bottled water			
24	that Aqua was supplying to the daycare center. Do you			
25	recall that line of questioning?			
	FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION			

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1	A. Yes, I do.		
2	Q. Is the cost of the bottled water that Aqua is		
3	providing to the daycare included in this rate case?		
4	A. No, it isn't.		
5	Q. You also were asked about the cost of		
6	electricity at a lift station in Chuluota. Do you		
7	recall that?		
8	A. Yes, I do.		
9	Q. Would those electrical costs be included in		
10	this rate case?		
11	A. No, they are not.		
12	<b>Q.</b> Do you have the cross-examination exhibit that		
13			
	Mr. Reilly distributed? I think it has been given the		
14	number 192.		
15	A. Yes, I do.		
16	Q. I've had a chance to read this over the break,		
17	and it's a fascinating letter. I had a couple of		
18	questions about it.		
19	Do you recall Mr. Reilly and Ms. Bradley		
20	questioning you extensively regarding flushing?		
21	A. Yes, I do.		
22	Q. Can you turn to page 5 of 7 of that letter?		
23	A. Yes.		
24	Q. Down about the middle of the page, there is a		
25	recommendation under paragraph 2. Can you read that?		
	FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION		

1 Α. Paragraph 2, systematic flushing of the water 2 distribution system? 3 Q. Yes. 4 Α. "The existing flushing program should be 5 evaluated and modified if necessary. Consider the 6 feasibility of installing one or more automatic flushing 7 hydrants that can work with a monitor for chlorine 8 residual." 9 Q. So the Tetra Tech engineering firm recommended 10 that you perform systematic flushing; correct? 11 A. That's correct. 12 0. Can you turn to page 6 of 7? At the bottom of 13 that page, there are recommended measures to avoid 14 recurrence. Do you see that? Item number 5. Α. 15 Can you read item 4 and 5 for the record, 16 Q. 17 please? "Establish a preventive flushing program that 18 Α. 19 includes monitoring and recording chlorine residuals at the beginning and end of flushing at each flushing 20 Investigate the use of automatic flushing with 21 point. 22 chlorine residual monitoring." Item number 5 is to evaluate the distribution 23 system for opportunities to tie in dead ends and/or 24 25 install blow-offs on dead ends that cannot be tied in.

1 So your engineering firm, Tetra Tech, had Q. 2 recommended that you establish a preventative flushing 3 program and also install blow-offs at dead ends that cannot be tied in; is that correct? 4 5 Α. That is correct. Can you turn to the first page of this 6 Q. document, please? 7 8 Α. Yes. In the upper right-hand corner of that, the 9 Q. second name on the list of individuals who are members 10 11 of this Tetra Tech firm, can you read that for the record? 12 Andrew T. Woodcock, P.E., M.B.A. 13 Α. Yes. Do you recall Ms. Bradley questioning 14 Q. 15 Mr. Woodcock extensively yesterday regarding flushing? 16 Α. Yes, I do. Isn't it correct that Mr. Woodcock's firm, 17 ο. Tetra Tech, recommended that Aqua implement flushing for 18 its system in Chuluota? 19 20 That is correct. Α. 21 MR. MAY: No further questions. Okay. Let's see here. 22 CHAIRMAN CARTER: First of all, we've got Exhibits Number 78 and 79. 23 Mr. May moves into evidence. Are there any objections? 24 25 MR. REILLY: No objection. FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

CHAIRMAN CARTER: Without objection, show it 1 2 done. Commissioners, for your records, Numbers 78 and 3 79. (Exhibits 78 and 79 were admitted into the 4 record.) 5 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Also, Mr. Reilly moves 6 exhibits that have been marked for identification as 7 190, 191, and 192. Mr. May, any objections? 8 MR. MAY: No, Mr. Chairman. 9 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Without objection, show it 10 done. 11 Okay. 12 (Exhibits 190, 191, and 192 were admitted into 13 the record.) 14 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Okay. Let's see here. You 15 may call your next witness. And I think, Staff, where 16 we are is Prettyman, Gary Prettyman, which is a witness 17 that has been stipulated. Is that correct? 18 MS. ROLLINI: That's correct. 19 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Okay. And the prefiled 20 testimony of the witness will be entered into the record 21 as though read. 22 23 24 25 FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1	÷	<b>BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION</b>
2		AQUA UTILITIES FLORIDA, INC.
3		DIRECT TESTIMONY OF GARY S. PRETTYMAN
4		<b>DOCKET NO. 080121-WS</b>
5		
6	Q.	Please state your name, occupation and business address.
7	<b>A</b> .	My name is Gary S. Prettyman and I am a Principal of AUS Consultants. My business
8		address is 155 Gaither Drive, Suite A, Mt. Laurel, New Jersey 08054.
9	Q.	Please summarize your educational background and professional experience.
10	А.	I have more than twenty-eight years experience in water and wastewater utility
11		management and regulatory practice including all aspects of rate increase applications.
12		I have testified before regulatory commissions on accounting issues, tariff design, and
13		company policy in numerous proceedings. The details of my professional experience
14		and educational background are shown in Appendix A supplementing this testimony.
15	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony?
16	A.	The purpose of my testimony is to support the Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc.'s ("AUF" or
17		"Company") level of Present Rate Revenues.
18	Q.	Are you sponsoring any Schedules contained in the MFRs filed by AUF in this
19		proceeding?
20	А.	Yes. I am sponsoring MFR Schedule Nos. E-2 and E-14. These schedules were
21		prepared by me or under my direct supervision. My testimony discusses each of these
22		schedules.
		Please describe the process you used to develop present rate revenues.

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- A. The first step was to obtain the billing data for all of the 82 separate systems included in this petition. The data file contained all of the billing records of the customers for 2007 contained in the Company's billing System. This data was then separated by system. An initial review was made to test the reasonableness of the gross data received as compared to the actual books and records of AUF. Analysis then began on a system by system basis.

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#### Q. What type of data was included in the customer records?

- A. The data included actual bills, adjustments, miscellaneous charges, surcharges and any other items that were contained in a customers account, excluding payments.
- Q. How did you proceed?
- A. All of the items were separated based upon their various rate codes in order to determine what was billed to the customer for water and/or wastewater service. I needed to determine the appropriate number of bills and consumption to use for present rate revenues which were ultimately used to calculate AUF's proposed rates. In any instance where a customer received a revised bill, I adjusted my analysis accordingly based on actual consumption.
- Q. How did you handle the base facility charges?
- A. The Company considers a full monthly period to be between 26 and 33 days. I took the billing data for each rate code for the entire year and if that group was within the full month service window then I considered the group to be an average monthly bill. The majority of the averages were approximately 30 to 31 days. If the average was too great, I would look to determine if there were exceptions that needed to be adjusted. On occasion with a small group of bills, a long service period on one bill would cause a

- variance. This would then be adjusted accordingly.
- Q. Please explain any adjustments you made for the interim rate increase refund in Docket No. 060368-WS.

A. When the interim rate increase was refunded in September 2007, the billing system created a duplicate entry in the customers' accounts. This affected any bill which had a service period which crossed April 12, 2007, the initial date of the interim rate increase. Each of the duplicate entries needed to be eliminated.

#### Q. What was your next step?

A. After the appropriate adjustments were made, I had representative data to proceed. I then determined the number of bills and usage at each 1,000 gallon increment to develop the consolidated factors as shown on the billing analysis contained in MFR Schedule E-14. From this data, the actual pricing of the billing determinants was made and summarized on MFR Schedule E-2. The level of present rates as developed was then compared to actual book revenues to determine if the billing analysis was appropriate to use for setting final rates in this proceeding. A billing analysis variance is shown on each schedule.

#### 17 Q. Were any of the booked revenue amounts adjusted for comparison purposes?

A. Yes, in January 2007, large credit adjustments were made to customers' accounts in Gibsonia Estates and Jasmine Lakes. These adjustments lowered the booked revenues in January 2007 while the adjusted consumption was reflected in December 2006. Therefore, for comparison purposes, the credit amount was added back to book revenues.

- Q. Did you make any adjustments to normalize the addition of customers during the

#### historic test year?

A. Yes. There was occasion where a small customer group (usually commercial) may have had less than 12 bills in 2007 on a case by case basis. This may have been because they were new or may have had one bill for a long service period. In such cases, the customer was adjusted to reflect 12 bills for present rates.

#### Q. How did you assemble the billing analysis?

A. The billing analysis was assembled in two parts. The first part includes a full year analysis by system. The second part includes a three period analysis (January – April, May – August, and September – December). Both parts are organized by accounting unit as shown in Appendix B attached to my testimony.

#### Q. Does this conclude your testimony at this time?

A. Yes, it does.

1 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Are there any exhibits for 2 this witness? MS. ROLLINI: Yes, Mr. Chairman. We would 3 4 also respectfully request to move into evidence Appendix A and Attachment B to Mr. Prettyman's prefiled direct 5 6 testimony. 7 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Commissioners, for your 8 records, that's shown as Exhibits 80 and 81, 80 and 81. 9 Are there any objections? This is stipulated. 10 MR. BECK: No. CHAIRMAN CARTER: Without objection, show it 11 12 done. (Exhibits 80 and 81 were admitted into the 13 record.) 14 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Okay. Mr. Beck. 15 MR. MAY: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. The 16 Citizens call Kimberly Dismukes. 17 18 Thereupon, KIMBERLY H. DISMUKES 19 was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 20 State of Florida and, having been first duly sworn, was 21 22 examined and testified as follows: DIRECT EXAMINATION. 23 BY MR. BECK: 24 Ms. Dismukes, would you please state your name 25 Q. FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1 and business address for the record? 2 A. Kimberly Dismukes, 6455 Overton Street, Baton 3 Rouge, Louisiana, 70808. 4 And did you file on behalf of the Office of Q. 5 Public Counsel 140 pages of direct testimony on 6 October 13th, 2008? 7 Α. Yes, I did. 8 Q. Do you have any changes to make to that 9 testimony? Yes, I do. Page 3, line 6, there's a figure 10 Α. of 1.2, and that should be changed to .7 million. 11 12 And if you go down to the next line, line 7, 13 there's a figure of 1.0. That should be changed to .9 million. 14 And if you turn to page 56, line 12, there's a 15 figure of \$10,838. That should be 9,627. 16 Page 58, line 6, the very -- I'm sorry. Page 17 58, line 16, the very last word says "four." That 18 19 should be six. Page 74, line 14, the line begins with "have 20 higher." You need to strike the word "higher." And 21 22 then it continues "costs per ERC," and then insert "close to" and strike "than." 23 Do you need me to repeat that? Okay. It's 24 25 line 14, and it begins "have higher," and you need to

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1 strike "higher." And then it says "costs per ERC." 2 Keep that. Insert "close to," and then strike the word "than." So it would read, "have costs per ERC close to 3 AUF." 4 And on page 78, line 19, Schedule 18 should be 5 Schedule 17. 6 7 Page 80, line 7, the sentence that begins, "I have prepared Schedule 18 that duplicates," you should 8 9 insert the word "incorporates" for "duplicates." 10 Page 86, line 3, there's a figure of 11 \$1,519,033. That should be changed to \$1,514,894. And if you continue down to line 21, there's a 12 13 figure of 1,727,488. That should be changed to 114,535. Page 89, line 20, the word "necessary" should 14 15 be changed to "unnecessary." 16 Page 94, line 2, there's a figure of 17 \$2,702,963. That should be changed to \$1,892,000 -- let 18 me try again. \$1,892,074. 19 Page 103, line 21, if you go all the way to 20 the end of that sentence or that line, "May" should be 21 changed to "February." 22 Page 127, there's a table. And where it says 23 Lake Gibson and it has a negative 4, that should be changed to a negative 182. And then for Zephyr Shores, 24 25 there's a figure of 2,432. That should be changed to a

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negative 1,437.

And then on page 140, line 12, there's a figure of 1,182,284. This is the same change as the earlier one. That should be changed to 699,502.

And then on line 13, there's a figure of \$967,349, and that should be changed to 912,356.

That completes my changes.

Q. Ms. Dismukes, with those changes, if I were to ask you the same questions today, would your answers be the same?

Yes, basically, except when I read the 11 Α. rebuttal testimony of -- I believe it was Mr. Szczygiel, 12 he was addressing the issue of my recommendation to move 13 above the line some non-utility revenue. He explained 14 15 in his rebuttal testimony that they had actually recorded the non-utility expenses below the line. And 16 17 so I'm basically agreeing with him at that point, that as long as the expenses are recorded below the line, I 18 also agree that the revenue should be recorded below the 19 line as well. 20

Q. Okay. And with that change, would your
 answers be the same to the questions as you described?
 A. Yes, they would.

24 MR. BECK: I would ask that Ms. Dismukes' 25 testimony be inserted into the record as though read.

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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1	CHAIRMAN CARTER: The prefiled testimony of	
2	the witness will be entered into the record as though	
3	read.	
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	FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION	

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#### TESTIMONY OF KIMBERLY H. DISMUKES

On Behalf of the Florida Office of the Public Counsel

Before the Florida Public Service Commission

Docket No. 080121-WS

- 1 Q. WHAT IS YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS?
- 2 A. Kimberly H. Dismukes, 6455 Overton Street, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70808.

#### **3 Q. BY WHOM AND IN WHAT CAPACITY ARE YOU EMPLOYED?**

- A. I am a partner in the firm of Acadian Consulting Group, which specializes in the
  field of public utility regulation. I have been retained by the Office of the Public
  Counsel ("OPC") on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida to analyze the
  application of Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc. ("AUF" Aqua, or the "Company") for
  increased rates and increased service availability charges for its water and
  wastewater systems in sixteen Florida counties.
- 10Q.DOYOUHAVEANAPPENDIXTHATDESCRIBESYOUR11QUALIFICATIONS IN REGULATION?
- 12 A. Yes. Appendix I, attached to my testimony, was prepared for this purpose.
- 13 Q. DO YOU HAVE AN EXHIBIT IN SUPPORT OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
- 14 A. Yes. Exhibit KHD-1 contains 29 schedules that support my testimony.

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#### Q. HOW IS YOUR TESTIMONY ORGANIZED?

2 A. My testimony is organized into seven sections. In the first section I give a brief 3 background of the instant proceeding. In the second section, I discuss significant 4 deficiencies in the Company's customer service and water quality. In this section 5 I also recommend that because of these deficiencies the Commission should 6 reduce the Company's allowed return on equity by at least 150 basis points and 7 also reduce the salaries and benefits of the Company's president by 50% and the 8 Aqua America's president by 50%. In the third section, I address the Company's 9 revenue issues and problems with the Company's billing.

10 In the fourth section I address relationships between AUF and its affiliates. 11 In this section I also discuss adjustments that I recommend concerning 12 transactions between AUF and its affiliates. In the fifth section, I present my 13 recommendations concerning rate base adjustments. Sixth, I discuss the 14 Company's expenses and my recommendations concerning adjustments. Finally, 15 in the seventh section, I combine the recommendations of OPC witnesses to 16 present a revenue requirement.

#### 17 Q. WHO ARE THE WITNESSES FOR THE OPC IN THIS PROCEEDING?

A. OPC is sponsoring five witnesses. I am testifying on revenue requirement issues
 and quality of service issues. Ms. Patricia Merchant is testifying on Allowance for
 Funds Prudently Invested (AFPI), working capital, and deferred taxes. Mr. Earl
 Poucher is presenting testimony on customers that OPC has had contact with
 concerning customer concerns. Mr. Andrew Woodcock is testifying on

- 1 engineering issues. Mr. Rothschild is testifying on the appropriate capital structure and cost of equity that should be utilized in this proceeding. 2 WHAT IS THE OVERALL REVENUE RECOMMENDATION OF THE 3 Q. **OPC**? 4 The combined recommendation of the witnesses for OPC produce a revenue 5 Α. requirement increase which should not exceed state million for the water 6 operations and \$=0 million for the wastewater systems. This compares to the 7 8 increase requested by the Company of \$4.5 million for the water operations and 9 \$3.9 million for the wastewater operations. Background 10 I. WOULD YOU PLEASE PROVIDE SOME BACKGROUND TO THIS 11 0. 12 **PROCEEDING?** Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc., is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Aqua America, Inc. 13 A. 14 ("Aqua America"), a publicly traded corporation providing water and wastewater utility service to more than 950,000 customers in 13 states at year end 2007. 15 16 Aqua America, originally Philadelphia Suburban Corporation, first acquired water 17 and wastewater facilities in Florida when it acquired AquaSource Utility, Inc. (AquaSource) and its five regulated Florida subsidiaries in 2003. 18 In 2004, Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc., one of the subsidiaries of 19 20 AquaSource, purchased the water and wastewater systems of Florida Water 21 Services Corporation (FWSC) located in 10 Florida counties.
- Following a corporate reorganization in 2006, all of Aqua America's
  Florida water and wastewater systems that were under the jurisdiction of the

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1 Florida Public Service Commission were organized as part of AUF, which was 2 made a direct subsidiary of Aqua America. On May 22, 2008 AUF filed an 3 application to increase rates and service availability charges for its systems in 4 Alachua, Brevard, DeSoto, Highlands, Lake, Lee, Marion, Orange, Palm Beach, 5 Pasco, Polk, Putnam, Seminole, Sumter, Volusia, and Washington Counties. It also sought approval for AFPI charges for certain of its systems in Highlands, 6 Lake, Polk, Putnam, Orange, Sumter, and Washington Counties. In addition, 7 AUF sought authority to collect interim rates until the effective date of the 8 Commission's Final Order regarding its application for an increase in rates. This 9 authority, with adjustments to the Company's interim rate request, was granted in 10 Order No. PSC-08-0534-FOF-WS issued August 18, 2008. 11

In the instant proceeding, AUF has requested an annual increase of
\$4,518,353 for 57 water systems and \$3,856,179 for 25 wastewater systems.

14 Q. DO YOU HAVE A SCHEDULE WHICH SUMMARIZES THE
15 COMPANY'S RATE REQUEST?

- A. Yes. Schedule 1 of my exhibit shows the Company's requested revenue and the
  percent increase over current rates. As shown on this schedule, the Company is
  requesting an increase in rates of 80% for water systems and 115% for wastewater
  systems. This is a substantial increase regardless of the number of years since the
  Company's systems last sought an increase in rates.
- 21 II. Quality of Service
- 22 Q. WHAT RULES MUST THE COMMISSION FOLLOW REGARDING A
  23 UTILITY'S QUALITY OF SERVICE?

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1 A. According to PSC Rule 25-30.433(I), Florida Administrative Code:

The commission in every rate case shall make a determination of the quality of service provided by the utility. This shall be derived from an evaluation of three separate components of water and wastewater utility operation: quality of utility's product (water and wastewater); operational conditions of utility's plant and facilities; and the utility's attempt to address customer satisfaction. Sanitary surveys, outstanding citations, violations and consent orders on file with the Department of Environmental protection (DEP) and county health departments or lack thereof over the preceding 3 year period shall also be considered. DEP and county health department officials' testimony concerning quality of service as well as the testimony of utility's customers shall be considered.

15 *Customer Service* 

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## 16 Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE DESCRIBE WHAT YOU MEAN BY THE TERM

17 **"CUSTOMER SERVICE?"** 

I use the term Customer Service in the most commonly understood way to mean 18 Α. the service the Company provides to customers who have issues, questions, or 19 20 concerns with any aspect of the customer's water or wastewater service or billing. Customer Service encompasses all the ways in which the Company communicates 21 22 with customers, the speed and courtesy of the response to customer queries, the satisfaction level of customers with the service personnel they speak with, and 23 their satisfaction with the Company resolution of the issue that prompted the call 24 or letter to the Company. Customer Service includes all interactions between the 25 26 Company and its customers regarding all facets of the service and products 27 customers are purchasing.

# Q. WHAT RESOURCES HAVE YOU CONSULTED IN ANALYZING THE LEVEL AND QUALITY OF CUSTOMER SERVICE PROVIDED BY THE COMPANY?

I utilized the customer testimony from the Commission's Service Hearings. 4 A. 5 Customer Service Hearings were held in July, August, and September by the Commission in Palatka, Gainesville, Sebring, Lakeland, Mt. Dora, Oviedo, 6 Chipley, Greenacres, and New Port Richey. Over 109 without New Port Richey<sup>1</sup> 7 and approximately 159 with New Port Richey<sup>2</sup> water and wastewater customers 8 of AUF testified at these hearings, resulting in over 1,000 pages of transcripts, 9 excluding New Port Richey<sup>3</sup>. Several of the people appearing at the hearings also 10 11 brought petitions and letters signed by their neighbors, representing more than 587 additional customers, again excluding the New Port Richey hearing. 12

In addition, customers have mailed and emailed comments and complaints to the PSC as part of this docket, and in many instances, prior to the opening of this docket. I have reviewed both the written complaints and the testimony of AUF customers at the customer service hearings. Schedule 2 of my exhibit contains the letters and comments that have been received by the Commission in connection with this case.

19 Schedule 3 of my exhibit summarizes the complaints that have been 20 received by the Commission between the conclusion of the last rate proceeding 21 and June 2, 2008. As this schedule shows, in little over a year, 179 written 22 complaints were filed with the Commission. Seventy-four of these involved

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Transcripts for the New Port Richey hearing were not available at the time of the filing of this testimony.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> It is my understanding that approximately 50 customers testified at the New Port Rickey hearing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Transcripts for the New Port Richey hearing were not available at the time of the filing of this testimony.

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1 violations of Commission rules. On average it took 60 days, or two months, for a 2 complaint to be resolved. My review of these complaints showed that the 3 overwhelming majority, 120 of the total 179 complaints, addressed billing issues. Such problems included, but were not limited to, a customer billed for 256,000 4 5 gallons during a month when no one was in residence, an account billed at an 6 incorrect rate, an account where Aqua billed the customer for thousands rather 7 than hundreds of gallons, bills that were incorrect because the new meter information had not been correctly entered into the database, and estimated 8 9 billings. Ouality of the service was the subject of 46 complaints, there were six instances of improper disconnects, and a variety of issues made up the remaining 10 complaints. These complaints, as well as the Company's response, are all 11 summarized on this schedule. 12

I have also examined the testimony of Mr. Poucher and the exhibits
attached to his testimony which contains customer responses to Mr. Franklin's
exhibit responding to customer concerns from the service hearing.

16 Schedule 4 of my exhibit contains a sampling of customer bills during the 17 test year. This sample shows instances where estimated bills are substantially 18 higher than actual usage and other instances where usage is very low in every 19 month but skyrockets in one month. In addition, there are several instances where 20 customers were given credits, although the reasons, except for the rate refund, are 21 not explained. Finally, there are instances where a charge for street lighting 22 appears. The Company has claimed that street lighting revenue is non-utility. If

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#### **PUBLIC VERSION**

that is the case, the charge should not appear on the water and wastewater bills
 sent by the Company.

# 3 Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE DESCRIBE THE COMPANY'S CUSTOMER 4 SERVICE OPERATIONS?

A. Yes. As explained by Mr. Franklin in his testimony, the Company has a Customer
Service Field Supervisor in Florida who manages customer service functions
between the Call Centers, Billing, and Customer Service. Calls from Florida
customers are handled by the call center in Cary, North Carolina. Two other
centers, located in Pennsylvania and Illinois, handle any overflow of calls from
the Cary call center.

11 Q. HAVE ANY CHANGES BEEN MADE TO THE COMPANY'S
12 CUSTOMER SERVICE OPERATIONS SINCE THE COMPANY'S
13 FILINGS IN DOCKET NO. 060368-WS IN 2007?

A. Yes. According to Mr. Franklin, ten employees were added to the customer
service centers, as well as a full-time training team following the Company's
withdrawal of its application in Docket No. 060368-WS.<sup>4</sup> More recently, Mr.
Franklin stated that following consumer testimony at service hearings in the
instant docket, a log sheet has been implemented to track all supervisor call backs
to customers.<sup>5</sup>

# 20 Q. ARE THESE CUSTOMER SERVICE SPECIALISTS AVAILABLE 24 21 HOURS 7 DAYS A WEEK?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Franklin Direct Testimony, p. 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Franklin Supplemental Direct Testimony, p. 10.

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1 That does not appear to be the case. The bills I have examined have a toll-free A. 2 number for Aqua Utilities. However, when I called it in the evening I reached a 3 recording saying that normal business hours were 7:30 AM to 5:00 PM. I was then asked to provide my account number, and not having one, I followed the 4 5 alternate direction to provide my zip code. After providing a Florida zip code in an area served by AUF, and having told the voice recognition answering machine 6 7 that it was an "emergency" my call was directed to a telephone answering service 8 The answering service representative explained that she takes in Florida. 9 information regarding an emergency and then pages a contact assigned to the 10 county in which the emergency is located. She has no further interaction with the AUF customer and no way of knowing if the problem was resolved to the 11 customer's satisfaction. 12

The Company provided no information in its testimony or application 13 regarding the number of calls to their service center, the issues customers most 14 15 often call about, the average time it takes to resolve different issues, or the 16 incidence of repeat calls from the same customer regarding the same problem. Mr. Franklin, however, did state that "[t]he performance metrics in our customer 17 call centers have improved dramatically since the third quarter of 2007."<sup>6</sup> 18 19 Through the discovery process, OPC requested that the Company identify these 20 metrics, the benchmark at which the Company believes the metric measures 21 adequate service, and the results of the metrics since the AUF systems were 22 purchase. In response, AUF provided the results which I have reproduced as my As the schedule shows, the Company provided monthly data for 23 Schedule 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Franklin Direct Testimony, p. 5.

1	2006, 2007 and the first quarter of 2008. These results are for the total call center
2	and include all states, so it is impossible to determine if Florida customers, whose
3	calls go first to the Cary, NC service center, receive service that is comparable to
4	that of customers in other states.
5	The Company stated it has four customer service targets:
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7	1) Abandoned call rate – Company target is less than 5%;
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9	2) Answer speed service level (or percent of calls customer service
10	representative can answer in less than 90 seconds) - Company
11	target is greater than 80%;
12	
13	3) Average speed to answer – Company target is less than 60
14	seconds; and
15	
16	4) Average handle time, includes CSR talking, listening, hold-time
17	and CSR time between calls while entering information from last
18	call - (Company target is 4 minutes or less) <sup>7</sup>
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20	As this schedule shows, the Company rarely meets its targets. It is true
21	that the Abandoned Call Rate from October 2007 through February 2008 was
22	significantly better than during the summer of 2007. But, in March 2008 it had
23	climbed to 9.1%, almost twice the target of less than 5%. The Abandoned Call
24	Rate was actually lower throughout 2006 than in 2007 and 2008.
25	The Average Speed Service Level also shows better results in 2006 than in
26	2007 to 2008. The Company's target of greater than 80% was met in nine months
27	of 2006, and since then only in two months: December 2007 and January 2008.
28	In March 2008, the last month for which data was presented, it had dropped to
29	56%. Results for Average Speed to Answer showed a similar pattern of good
30	performance in 2006 and dramatically worse performance through the summer of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 151.

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2007. While calls were answered more quickly from late 2007 onward, the March 2008 metric of 130 seconds is more than twice the targeted 60 seconds or less. The data for Average Handle Time shows a moderate increase in call length from 2006 through first quarter 2008. There is no metric to track the number of repeat calls per customer, or the number of issues that are resolved with only one call. If the longer Average Handle Time results in fewer repeat calls, I believe it is worth it. However, nothing was provided by the Company to lead me to such a conclusion.

The Company also provided weekly data for the period September 19, 9 2004 through June 3, 2006. These data reflect Florida customers only and report 10 different statistics than the monthly data discussed above. As shown on Schedule 11 5, this data consisted of the number of calls, the average call time, the number of 12 calls abandoned, average abandoned time, and average longest wait. There are 13 no data identifying the average speed of answer, or any data to allow one to 14 calculate whether 80% of these calls are answered within 90 seconds. There is no 15 explanation whether the "average longest wait" refers to the time before the 16 automatic call device picked up the call, or whether it also includes however long 17 the customer was on hold between the ACD answering and the customer reaching 18 19 an actual service representative. Interestingly, when asked to supply supporting documentation for the data contained in this response the Company responded: 20 "There are no documents responsive to this request."<sup>8</sup> 21

I have added a column to the schedule to calculate the abandoned call rate from the weekly data provided. My calculation assumes that the abandoned calls

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 218.

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were included in the total number of ACD calls in the first column of the schedule. This assumption on my part may be incorrect, but again, the document supplied did not explain what the columns represented in any detail. In 2004, abandoned calls were as high as 22% of calls in a given week. By the first half of 2006, they ranged from 2% to 9% of weekly calls, which is similar to the results reported on a monthly basis throughout 2006.

7 In addition, the Company did not explain any of the seeming anomalies 8 among the weekly data they provided. For example, in the first week of January 9 2005, there were 1,034 calls, with an average call time of 2 minutes, and a total of 10 63 abandoned calls. During the following week there were 15,608 calls, with an average call time of 3 minutes, and only 41 calls abandoned. The week of 11 February 6 through 12, 2005, there were 19 calls, with an average call time of 916 12 minutes, or close to 15 and 1/2 hours! The data provided for the first 5 months of 13 2006 does not contain anything as astonishing as a 15 hour phone call to customer 14 service. Yet again, there is considerable variation from one week to the next. 15 16 While most weeks saw more than 1,000 calls, the week of May 14 through 20 had 17 only 68 calls, the following week had 48 calls, and the last week of May the total calls were up to 1.281. The Average Longest Wait experienced in the first five 18 months of 2006 ranged from 1.25 minutes, to 8.42 minutes. 19

20 The monthly data provided for 2007 through first quarter 2008 does not 21 include the Average Longest Wait or Average Abandoned Time. These two 22 metrics could help the Company judge the accessibility of their call center to their 23 customers.

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# Q. WOULD YOU DISCUSS THE TYPES OF PROBLEMS CUSTOMERS HAVE HAD WITH AUF'S CUSTOMER SERVICE?

Yes. Customers complain of customer service representatives who are rude, 3 A. 4 unknowledgeable, and unable to provide needed information or assistance. Several customers stated when they asked to speak with a supervisor they were 5 6 told there were no supervisors, or they were told a supervisor would call them, but no one ever did.<sup>9</sup> Other customers said they were put on hold for so long they 7 were disconnected.<sup>10</sup> Some customers speaking at the customer service hearings 8 9 did not have complaints about the customer service centers, and a few even 10 praised specific employees. But these customers were a very small minority of all who spoke or filed complaints. 11

# 12 Q. WOULD YOU DISCUSS THE CUSTOMERS' PROBLEMS WITH THE 13 CUSTOMER CALL CENTER?

14 A. Customers call customer service for a number of reasons. The reasons most 15 frequently addressed in the service hearing transcripts and written complaints to 16 the Commission are that they question the usage shown on their bill and the 17 quality of their water is unacceptable. Many also call customer service with 18 questions about their meters, broken pipes, low water pressure, shut-off notices, 19 payment questions, and other queries. Regardless of why they are calling, they 20 need and expect answers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Transcript of Mt. Dora Service Hearing, p. 40; Transcript of Lakeland Service Hearing, pp. 75-76; Transcript of Oviedo PM Service Hearing, pp. 135-137.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Transcript of Oviedo PM Service Hearing, pp. 78 and 116; Transcript of Lakeland Service Hearing, p. 27.

1	Instead, many customers have found it difficult to speak to a customer
2	service representative as they are put on hold, disconnected, and never receive the
3	call backs they are told they will receive. A few examples of these problems are
4	cited below.
5	One customer testifying at the Lakeland hearing spoke of his ongoing
6	dealings with Aqua's customer service to straighten out a billing issue as "six
7	months of hell." He explained:
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	They don't know the sleepless nights that I went through laying there worrying about my water getting shut off. And just the bills that they were sending me, shut off notices, and improper bills, and no one talking to me. Being left on hold, being told that someone would be with you. Asking for a supervisor and never getting a call back from anybody. It is just this is a poor company. This is not a good company. <sup>11</sup> Another customer described his experiences with the call center as follows: I have had customer service operators put me on hold and never
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	come back. Now, I have had them say, let me on hold and never will call you tomorrow, but never called back. Now, the Leesburg office, I don't think I have ever talked to a person there. I get a recording to leave a message and they will return my call promptly. The last time I called was June the 26th about 11:30 a.m., and I have not been called back. <sup>12</sup>
27	Another customer with an ongoing billing dispute turned to her state
28	representative for assistance in dealing with Aqua. Her chronicle, somewhat
29	shortened, is as follows:
30 31 32 33	Customer service satisfaction is nonexistent until a member of the State House of Representatives makes a phone call to Aqua. And immediately after that, the next day I got –I got action from Aqua. They have been to my house every day since. But up until that, the

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Transcript of Lakeland Service Hearings, pp. 75-76.
 <sup>12</sup> Ibid., pp. 27-28.

last two or three months, I have had -- I've had 13 phone calls, been on the phone 150 minutes, I have spoke with ten Aqua employees. I have their names, times, all of that. They have promised to send me a corrected bill five times. I haven't received one yet. They promised to call me back twice. I haven't been called back. I have received zero corrected bills so far and also two shutoff notices.

When they tell me doesn't pay your bill yet because we are trying to work it out, don't pay it. So I don't pay it, but they still send me a shutoff notice because I'm not paying my bill. So I'm not quite sure what am going on there.<sup>13</sup>

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27 28 Several customers stated that when they called to question the usage on

their bill they were told they must have a leak. One customer's story is as

follows:

What they told us is we had a water leak, to dig up our irrigation and find the leak in our yard because we're using 24,700 gallons a month. I came from Oviedo, as I said. Our monthly usage was right around 6,000 gallons a month. So we called the builder out, he dug up, he look around. He actually dug up one of the sprinklers thinking he may have found something, but, no, everything was great. No leak whatsoever. Called them back, got disconnected. Called them back again, left a message. Called them back again, got somebody finally, transferred us, got disconnected, gave up. What do you do? So that's service for you.<sup>14</sup>

Mr. Franklin states that the customer service centers have hired new personnel and improved training since last year. I have found, however, that the problems reported by customers in Docket No. 060368-WS, still plague the Company. If Mr. Franklin has metrics to contradict this conclusion, they have not been provided. As one of his customers who attended the Greenacres service hearing stated:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Transcript of Oviedo AM Service Hearing, pp. 161-162.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Transcript of Oviedo PM Service Hearing, pp. 116-117.

And we had complaints about calling in and the response we got when we called in last year, and I haven't noticed anything that has changed in the past year. I didn't get any response any differently when I've called in with any problem.<sup>15</sup>

In Docket No. 060368-WS, one customer stated "I have a lot of complaints, but the main one is, oh that customer service. Get on the telephone and try to get something straight with the company. It is a lost cause."<sup>16</sup> The same sense of futility was voiced in the more recent hearings held in the instant docket: "I also don't have time. No one answers your e-mail, no one answers your phones, so pretty much it's ridiculous."<sup>17</sup>

12 Another customer stated: "Whenever I need to call their customer service, 13 I usually find that their representatives are curt or treat me with some disdain. 14 With one exception that benefited Aqua Utilities I have never had a call 15 returned."<sup>18</sup>

#### 16 Q. WHAT ABOUT OTHER COMMUNICATIONS WITH THE COMPANY?

#### DID CUSTOMERS HAVE PROBLEMS WITH THE COMPANY'S BOIL

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- 18 WATER NOTIFICATIONS?
- A. Yes, unfortunately, some of them did. One complaint voiced was not receiving
  the boil water notice until after the warning had been lifted. Another complaint
  was that in instances of low pressure, which customers believed warranted a boil
  water notice, no notice was given by the Company. Mr. Franklin states in his

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Transcript of Greenacres Service Hearing, p. 47.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Docket No. 060368-WS, Transcript of New Port Richey AM Service Hearing, p. 28.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Transcript of Oviedo PM Service hearing, p. 107.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Transcript of Greenacres Service Hearing, p. 61.

1	supplemental testimony that "[c]ontrary to some customers' testimony, a Boil
2	Water Advisory does not need to be dispatched every time pressure may drop." <sup>19</sup>
3	One customer recounted a water main break in 2004 and the inadequacy of
4	the signage posted at the entrances to Lake Osborne Estates, a situation which he
5	had reported at the service hearings in Docket No. 060368-WS. He said that the
6	boil water signage was still inadequate in 2007.
7 8 9 10 11	Further, we experienced another such break in 2007 with the same set of circumstances and results. Only when the local county commissioner insisted on improvements did Aqua Utilities Florida agree to provide standard signage. They have done that now. <sup>20</sup>
12	At the first service hearing held by the Commission in the instant
13	proceeding, the July 2, 2008 meeting in Palatka, one of Aqua's customers made
14	the following comments and suggestion about the Company's boil notices.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	When there is a line break that requires a boil water notice, a person comes down from Palatka and delivers the notices to each of our homes on foot. He hangs a little hanger on the doorknob. This can take up to 24 hours or more before a consumer is aware of the notice. In this day of modern communications, it would seem that a company dedicated to the water business could do better than that. For example, the City of Ormond Beach uses a telephone code red signal that contacts each home and leaves a message when the notice is issued and when it is ended. <sup>21</sup>
25	Aqua apparently does value the input of its customers, as evidenced by
26	Mr. Franklin's discussion of boil water notices in his Supplemental Direct
27	Testimony. After describing the Company's current policy of hanging door
28	notices and in some cases notifying newspapers and/or other media he stated:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Franklin Supplemental Direct Testimony, p. 11.
<sup>20</sup> Transcript of Greenacres Service Hearing, pp. 58-59.
<sup>21</sup> Transcript of Palatka Service Hearing, pp. 23-24.

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Recently, Aqua contracted with a company to provide automated telephone emergency notifications to customers. The system is being populated with customer addresses and phone numbers and we anticipate the system will be operation in Florida this year.<sup>22</sup>

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Any such system should include a fallback notification system for any customers who do not have phone service, or do not have an answering machine to receive such a call if they are not available.

9 There was also considerable discussion at the Oviedo service hearings about Walker Elementary School which receives water from the Chuluota water 10 system. Residents of Live Oak are not on the Aqua Chuluota system, so they do 11 12 not receive notices concerning the water their children are exposed to while at school. Boil water advisories and other test results are sent to the school board, 13 14 and customers were uncertain how much information was transferred down to the teachers at the school. One customer testified that whenever she received a notice 15 from Aqua she personally sent it to the principal at Walker Elementary School to 16 make sure the school was aware of the problem.<sup>23</sup> 17

# 18 Q. WHAT ABOUT METER READING? ARE THERE PROBLEMS THERE 19 AS WELL?

A. Meter reading continues to be a problem for Aqua customers. In Docket No.
060368-WS customers presented the Commission with copies of bills in which
repeatedly the Company had estimated their monthly usage. In the instant docket,
while some customers continue to have estimated bills, the more widespread
problem is with the accuracy of the readings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Franklin Supplemental Direct Testimony, pp. 11-12.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Transcript of Oviedo PM Service Hearing, p. 45.

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# PUBLIC VERSION

1	As Aqua witness Franklin discussed in his testimony, the Company is in
2	the process of replacing all manually read meters with new radio frequency ("RF)
3	meters.
4 5 6 7 8	The RF device will transmit the meter reading electronically and the meter reader will no longer need to enter the customer's property. The RF meter will help ensure accurate usage reads which in turn, will result in fewer estimated bills. <sup>24</sup>
9	The installation of the new meters, however, has itself been a source of
10	billing errors and estimated bills. As Mr. Franklin explains:
11 12 13 14 15 16	In some instances, the new meter information (e.g. serial number, RF number) did not get uploaded into the billing system after the meter was installed. As a result, even though actual reads were taken, the reads did not match the account in the system and an estimated bill was issued. <sup>25</sup>
17	Mr. Franklin's explanation makes the meter installation errors sound quite
18	simple and easily corrected. But from the customers' viewpoint, the result was
19	another round of erroneous billings, calls to customer service, and waiting for a
20	corrected bill.
21	In response to OPC's Production of Documents Request 205, when asked
22	what instructions were provided to customer service representatives related to the
23	installation of Radio Frequency (RF) meters, the Company replied: "The General
24	Objections stated above are incorporated herein by reference. Without waiving
25	any such objections, AUF states that no such documents exist." Given the billing
26	problems and problems experienced in other territories with changing meters, I
27	would have expected the Company to advise its customer service representatives

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Franklin Direct Testimony, p. 4.
<sup>25</sup> Franklin Supplemental Direct Testimony, p. 12.

about the areas where meter replacements are taking place so that they can be 1 2 more in touch with possible complications. 3 One customer who was being billed for the wrong meter said it took three to four months for the Company to correct the bills. Despite the billing problem 4 5 and the wait for it to be resolved, she was one of the few customers to testify at a service hearing who was pleased with the customer service. 6 7 First off, my husband ends up usually dealing with Aqua Source because I just wanted to call a lawyer at first because they would 8 not get -- they gave us a bill for water and it wasn't the meter 9 number that was for our property and then it was for too much 10 11 because nobody was living there at the time. And then even after 12 we rented our mobile home they would keep it at 1,000 gallons or 13 1,200 and it would still be off. So they were nice and they let us 14 postpone paying because we didn't want to pay to complicate the error by agreeing to the error. And I think it took them three to 15 four months to get it straightened out, then we paid and everybody 16 17 was kind of happy. The people in their office are very nice, the ones that answer the phone.<sup>26</sup> 18 19 20 One problem the customers themselves addressed was that with the 21 Company's history of estimating meter readings, customers tend to question the 22 accuracy of any bill from Aqua. If you have a company that has a history of estimating, which --23 24 another word for estimate would be guess. If you have a company that has a history of guessing at people's water usage in order to 25 26 bill them on it, and then after fixing the problem -- we have had our water meter for a grand total of two months now, so we have 27 28 hardly had a chance to look at it yet. By the way, our usage last 29 month was 55,400 gallons, according to them. I checked the meter 30 yesterday. We have not received our new bill yet, and it's been a 31 little over a month, but since that meter was read, we have used 10,000 gallons of water. Again, no rhyme or reason to it. I can 32 assume that with watering there is going to be a difference, but that 33 34 seems like a pretty dramatic difference.<sup>27</sup>

**PUBLIC VERSION** 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Transcript of Gainesville Service Hearing, p. 38.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Transcript of Mt. Dora Service Hearing, pp. 63-64.

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# **PUBLIC VERSION**

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2	Q.	ARE THERE OTHER PROBLEMS WITH THE COMPANY'S BILLING?
3	А.	Yes, there seems to be a problem with readings from the new meters being
4		entered in the billing system with an extra "0" added to the gallonage, so that the
5		readings are off by a factor of 10. In his Supplemental Direct Testimony, Mr.
6		Franklin stated: "AUF extensively investigated this issue but discovered only one
7		single instance where the "added digit (zero)" actually occurred."28
8		From Mr. Franklin's discussion of the problem, I am not sure if the
9		Company's investigation was limited to customers appearing at the service
10		hearings, (excluding Greenacres and New Port Richey which were not addressed
11		in supplemental testimony), or if it also encompassed complaints filed with the
12		Commission and the Attorney General. My review of the complaints indicates
13		that the "added zero" problem, if not an actual problem, is perceived by customers
14		as a possible explanation for discrepancies between the usage they are billed for,
15		and the usage they see when reading their meters themselves.
16		We have recently been the fortunate customers of Aqua Utilities to
17		get the new meter. My first reading read 89,800 gallons of water
18		for two people. I called, sent a message, spoke, got the comments
19 20		we don't know how you are using your water. When we finally my husband did most of the conversations with Aqua Utilities.
20		Until he reached one girl, which was about the fifth or sixth phone
22		call, she admitted that the zeros were put in the wrong place, and
23		they would get the bill fixed promptly. We are going on three
24		months now, the bill has not been fixed. I expect the third bill to
25		come in any day, because I think they read the meters on the 16th,
26		if I'm correct.
27		
28 29		My second month of my reading with my new Neptune meter was 57,000 gallons for two people. Obviously, they are not reading the
29 30		meters correctly. It's a concern to me. I have records from past
50		meters concerny. It's a concern to met. I have records from past

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Franklin Supplemental Direct Testimony, p. 13.

1	bills. On a high month our daily usage is 126 gallons a day. So
2 3	there is obviously a problem here. <sup>29</sup>
3	
4	In the above instance, the Company determined that the problem was not
5	an added zero" but an "undocumented meter exchange" with the meter
6	information not updated in the database. <sup>30</sup>
7	Another customer who thought his large bill was caused by the "added
8	zero" told the following story:
9	I'm a new customer to Aqua Utilities. I just received my bill about
10	two weeks ago, and it was for over \$1,000. My wife contacted the
11	utility and explained the problem. They said they would check
12	into it and get back to her. They did call her back and say the
13	meter was reread and the amount was correct: 224,000 gallons.
14	·
15	So yesterday I went out to the property and read the meter myself,
16	I have a utility background, it's not a hard thing to do, and what I
17	discovered is they had transposed an extra zero on to this reading
18	from day one. Now they told my wife that we had a water leak and
19	we needed to call a plumber. And they said we asked for a
20	supervisor to return the call. They said they would return within
21	three days, and that was about six or seven days ago. So we still
22	haven't resolved this problem. <sup>31</sup>
23	-
24	In the above instance, the Company determined that the problem was not
25	an additional zero. Rather, the meter had been set up incorrectly as a 2 inch
26	meter, rather than a 5/8 inch meter. This is the only instance of this particular
27	error I have seen in the documentation in this proceeding, but I have not seen any
28	evidence that would convince me it is the only instance in which a customer's
29	meter size has been recorded incorrectly.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Transcript of Oviedo PM Service Hearing, pp. 30-31.
<sup>30</sup> Franklin Supplemental Direct Testimony, Composite Exhibit CHF-1. p. 21.
<sup>31</sup> Transcript of Oviedo AM Service Hearing, pp. 69-70.

1	Another instance of an "added zero" problem was told by the president of
2	a civic association about some of his neighbors who were not attending the
3	customer service hearing themselves. In this particularly distressing instance, the
4	family members have limited English language skills. When they called customer
5	service about their high water bill and were told by customer service "you must
6	have a leak" the family spent \$3,000 to replumb their house. And no one
7	replacing the pipes had found any that were broken. <sup>32</sup>
8	A Vietnamese family is currently battling with the Aqua accounts
9	today. They have difficulty speaking and understanding English.
10	They were told they had a leak by billing personnel and, probably
11	due to the language problems, ended up spending \$3,000 to
12	replumb their house and run a pipe from the meter into their house
13	because they were billed for 54 for 94,000 gallons of water in
14	one month. In other words, they called up and said, "What is
15	going on?" And they were told by customer service personnel up
16	there that "You must have a leak." And as you can understand,
17	someone who doesn't comprehend English too much thought that
18	was the case, I have a leak. So they hired a plumber and said, "We
19	want to redo this whole thing." When I by the time I got into
20	this thing, that was done. David, our local service personnel guy
21	who I talked to and who is excellent, went over there and
22	explained to them what was going on. And it turned out that
23	94,000 gallons of water is really 9,400 gallons of water, as had
24	been the case previously in my case and several other cases. <sup>33</sup>
25	
26	I have seen nothing to indicate if or how this matter has been resolved by
27	the Company.
28	Other customers are sure the meter readings are incorrect, but do not have
29	any explanation other than incorrect readings. The Company, however, as in the
30	instance below, believes that its bills reflect accurate meter readings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Transcript of Palatka Service Hearing, p. 34.
<sup>33</sup> Ibid., pp. 22-23.

 My meter reading seems to be inaccurate and some months are as high as 400 percent over my actual usage. Aqua put in their new meter in my house April 2nd, and I have taken my own readings myself. I have done exactly a one-week period. I have done a three-week period. I have done the math. I've calculated my usage, and I'm at 12,000 gallons, and that's not using it to cook with, not using it to brush my teeth with, very minimal usage.

I have received bills for 20,000 gallons, 30,000 gallons, and a 50,000-gallon bill. It just doesn't add up, because my numbers aren't the same as their numbers. Aqua themselves have admitted to misreading my meter and billing me incorrectly for an amount which adds up to be about 15,000 gallons in one month. On June 24th an Aqua customer service representative told me that they did read my meter incorrectly, and she gave me the new meter numbers. So I took those numbers -- they read it again. It was three weeks later, and they read it, and the number ended up being 6,000 less than what they told me it was three weeks ago. So that adds up to, with the numbers, about 15,000 on gallons that they say I have used that I didn't.<sup>34</sup>

Q. YOU STATED THAT YOU HAD REVIEWED CORRESPONDENCE
FILED BY AQUA CUSTOMERS WITH THE ATTORNEY GENERAL'S
OFFICE. DID ANY OF THIS CORRESPONDENCE HAVE TO DO WITH
METER AND BILLING PROBLEMS?

Yes, I have attached as my Schedule 6 an email sent from new residents of A. Chuluota to the Attorney General's office. As indicated in the letter, this couple also contacted Representative Sandy Adams about their problems with Aqua Utilities. They closed on their home July 24 of this year, moved in on August 14, and have spent a considerable amount of time since then on the phone with Aqua's service center and reading their water meter, which they now do twice a day. In the six weeks between moving into their new home, which has no swimming pool, and writing the Attorney General, Aqua has billed them for over 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Transcript of Oviedo AM Service Hearing, pp. 162-163.

54,000 gallons of water. According to the customer, this is more than they used 1 in a year when living in Oviedo, with a swimming pool. As this letter shows, the 2 problems with the billing led to calls to customer service, where they experienced 3 the same problems other customers reported when calling the service center. 4 5 HAVE ANY CUSTOMERS REPORTED WATER SHUT-OFFS WITHOUT Q. 6 **PRIOR NOTIFICATION?** 7 Yes, customers have reported having their water shut off without the proper A. notification. A customer attending the Oviedo service hearing had her water shut 8 9 off with no advance notice, even though she was current with her payments. I pay my bills in a very timely manner, I'm going to bill payer 10 heaven, and I came home from work and my water is not working. 11 So I went and asked the neighbors, "Problem?" And they're like, 12 "No. Everybody has got water." There's a lock on my box. I'm 13 like, "Oh, no, no, no, no, no," because I know my bills are paid. 14 No question in my mind. I even have the little receipt, the date, 15 the time, the check, everything I write out. I called for eight hours, 16 eight hours, and I'm talking to people in PA, Pennsylvania. Are 17 you flying them down? I mean, they could have flown down and 18 turned my water back on. It was ridiculous. I finally cut the lock 19 off in order to have water. 20 21 And I tried to talk to a supervisor. There was not -- the next day --22 I tried. I mean, that evening I tried to talk to a supervisor. But to 23 pay your bill, have someone shut your water off and someone may 24 have showed up, at what time, it was well after 9:00 because I 25 went to bed and left the lock laying there. But mind you, my bill 26 was paid and I was having even these people on the phone arguing, 27 "Well, when you get your water shut off, you know you have to 28 wait 24 hours before -- it's paid. Get my water back on."35 29 30 Another customer reported receiving a shut off notice for an account on 31 which she was disputing the bill. As Mr. Jaeger of the FPSC noted at the evening 32 <sup>35</sup> Ibid., pp.81-82.

Oviedo Service Hearing, bills that are under dispute cannot be shut off.<sup>36</sup> Yet this 1 2 customer received a shutoff notice before her dispute was resolved. 3 I disputed a bill which stated consumption of 28,000 gallons of water for three people. No irrigation usage. I called customer 4 service. The person instructed me don't pay the bill. We'll send 5 6 someone out. It never happened. Two days later I got a shutoff notice. I had to call the bank over the phone through customer 7 service, give them my account number so my water wasn't shut off. 8 9 Asked for a new meter. It took about two months and I still do not believe that meter is accurate.<sup>37</sup> 10 11 12 **Q**. HAVE YOU SEEN ANY EVIDENCE THAT AQUA HAS HAD PROBLEMS PROVIDING ADEQUATE CUSTOMER SERVICE IN 13 **OTHER STATES IN WHICH IT OPERATES?** 14 15 Yes, I have. In Missouri, Aqua implemented new billing software in May, 2007. Α. This resulted in several problems, including extended billing periods and unbilled 16 service which in turn caused an increase in the customer service center's 17 Abandoned Call Rate and Average Speed to Answer.<sup>38</sup> 18 In a recent rate case in Ohio, Aqua customers complained of problems 19 20 reaching the company with issues including service disconnection, payment arrangements, and customer service. The Staff observed: 21 22 Staff is concerned that the company has not responded in a timely 23 manner to PUCO customer complaints, which is required by 4901:1-15-33, complaints and complaint handling 24 O.A.C procedures. Under this section companies are required to 25 26 investigate complaints and report the results to the commission staff within ten business days. Staff reminds the company of their 27 expectation that the company comply with this rule.<sup>39</sup> 28 29

<sup>37</sup> Ibid., pp. 60-61.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> Transcript of Oviedo PM Service Hearing, p. 139.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> Missouri Public Service Commission, EMSD Report, Case No. WR-2008-0266.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> Public Service Commission of Ohio, Case No. 07-564-WW-AIR, Staff's Report of Investigation.

1	In Pennsylvania, customers complained of low water pressure, dirty water,
2	and inadequate service.
3	An engineer providing testimony for the Office of Consumer Advocate
4	("OCA") stated his investigation revealed (1) one of Aqua's water sources has
5	exceeded one of the Safe Drinking Water Primary Maximum Contaminant Levels
6	(MCLs): (2) seventeen of Aqua's water sources have exceeded some of the Safe
7	Drinking Water Secondary MCLs; and (3) some of Aqua's systems supply
8	extremely hard water that causes customers extraordinary expense and
9	inconvenience.40
10	According to a recent announcement in the Ohio Consumer Counsel's
11	newsletter Aqua has come to an agreement that includes its intent to lead to better
12	Aqua Ohio service. The newsletter reported:
13 14 15 16 17 18	The Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel (OCC) came to an agreement with Aqua Ohio that reduced a rate increase request and should improve customer service and address other issues facing residential water customers of the utility. The OCC heard about problems from customers and made sure Aqua Ohio will take direct action to solve their issues.
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	Under the agreement approved by the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio (PUCO) in May, ongoing billing issues that have posed problems throughout Aqua Ohio's service territory will be addressed. Customers affected by these issues will be notified and receive an immediate credit for any late fees and be offered extended payment plans. Consumers should contact Aqua Ohio if they believe that late payment charges have been assessed improperly. These issues
29 30	must be resolved before July 1 or the PUCO could seek financial penalties against the utility.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission v. Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc., Docket No. R-00072711, Office of Consumer Advocate's Main Brief.

Aqua Ohio also will complete a meter reading to ensure accurate bills going forward, address discoloration issues and provide water conservation tools and techniques....

# 6 Q. GIVEN THE NUMBER AND VARIETY OF PROBLEMS YOU HAVE 7 DISCUSSED, WHAT IS YOUR OPINION OF THE COMPANY'S 8 CUSTOMER SERVICE IN FLORIDA?

9 While I believe the Company has made some changes to its customer service call A. 10 center and meter installation program, I find that customer service is still far below acceptable. As shown in many of the quotations I have extracted from 11 customer testimony and correspondence, any matter that entails a call to the 12 customer service center generally results in an unhappy encounter with an Aqua 13 customer service representative. Now, in addition to the original billing dispute 14 15 or water quality issue, the customer is also unhappy with the customer service the 16 Company provides at its call center.

Aqua states that since withdrawing its application in Docket No. 060368-WS it has added personnel to its call center and hired full-time trainers.<sup>41</sup> It also, upon learning of problems with its meter installation program, instituted an audit process to verify that the correct meter information is updated for each customer location,<sup>42</sup> and a program to alert people to the added zero problem.<sup>43</sup> In addition, since hearing repeated customers testify that the supervisor never called back as the customer service representative they spoke to said he would, they are now

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> Franklin Direct Testimony, p.5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Franklin Supplemental Direct Testimony, p. 12.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> Ibid., p. 13.

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instituting a supervisor call back log book.<sup>44</sup> All of these actions should help to improve customer service. However, I am concerned that every effort Aqua has made to improve customer service has only been undertaken in reaction to criticism by customers, Staff and OPC.

According to the Company's response to OPC Interrogatory 89, the Call 5 6 Center and Billing centralization is described as: "AUF answer that, in 2005, 7 Aqua America, Inc. initiated a project, entitled Meritage, which created three 8 central call centers to accept customer calls from the entire Company and dispatch 9 work to our field operations. These call centers are located in Kankakee, Illinois, 10 Cary, North Carolina and Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania. The project also centralized 11 the billing and back office collections functions in Bryn Mawr. Florida calls 12 moved to the centralized call center in the third quarter of 2006. As a result, customer service and support employees in Florida were offered and accepted 13 severance packages."45 14

15 Unfortunately, these reductions in customer service and support staff have 16 not resulted in a net decrease in cost. In response to several of OPC's interrogatories about cost increases in the category Contractual Services - Other 17 (the account that houses these costs) the Company's response was: "Contractual 18 services other. The increase in 2007 is primarily related to the increased charges 19 20 related to the centralized billing and call center. There were only 2 months of charges in 2006 vs. 12 months of charges in 2007."46 21

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> Ibid., p. 10.
<sup>45</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 89.
<sup>46</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 230.

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Not surprisingly, when asked to "[p]lease quantify the savings associated with the consolidation of the customer service and state how such savings are reflected in the Company's filing, including the location in the MFRs and associated workpapers of the calculations by filename and tab", the Company responded: "AUF is unable to quantify the saving with the consolidation of customer service. Any such savings is reflected in the Affiliated Transactions Volume 1, Appendix 1."<sup>47</sup>

8 In addition, to questions about the costs and benefits of the new Aqua 9 Customer Services Operations, there does not appear to be a proactive measure on the part of the Company to provide quality customer service. Instead, it appears 10 11 that the whole area of customer service is problematic for them. Until a problem is brought to their attention, they appear to have no process in place to handle it. 12 At each customer service hearing, Mr. Franklin spoke to how the Aqua America's 13 14 operating companies had been providing water service for over 100 years. Surely in 100 years some internal systems and standards should have been developed to 15 16 ensure that customers are handled efficiently and courteously.

17 Water Quality

#### 18 Q. IN YOUR OPINION, IS THE WATER CUSTOMERS RECEIVE FROM

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#### AUF OF A SATISFACTORY QUALITY?

A. Not based upon the testimony of the Company's customers. In hearing after hearing, customers presented testimony regarding a large number of water quality problems. These included low water pressure, water odor, sediment and other particulate matter in the water, unpleasant taste, and DEP water quality reports

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 136.

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showing excessive amounts of various chemicals. Customers testified regarding health concerns for themselves, family members, local school children, and family pets. Customers testified regarding corroded pipes and the frequent replacement of filters and appliances. Overwhelmingly, the customers of AUF said they did not drink the water provided, and those that do drink it usually do so only after filtration and boiling.

7 My Schedule 2 presents recent correspondence between the Commission 8 and AUF customers during this rate case proceeding. A large percentage of the 9 correspondence reproduced in this exhibit refers to water quality issues as well as 10 billing and other problems.

### 11 Q. WHAT WERE THE MOST COMMON CUSTOMER COMPLAINTS 12 REGARDING?

A. The complaints varied somewhat by water system, but overwhelmingly, customers did not consider the water they purchased from Aqua to be potable. At the Palatka service hearing one customer spoke of "odor, coliform contamination, and a residual fear of THMs".<sup>48</sup> Two other customers at the same hearing stated that the quality of the water seemed to have improved since last year's hearings, but one of these gentlemen added that he had a UV filter on his house plus a reverse osmosis filter system for the kitchen sink.<sup>49</sup>

### 20 At the Gainesville hearing, water quality was described as "crappy," 21 "terrible," and one customer who had performed a home test of her water said the 22 copper levels were at the EPA's maximum. This customer complained of stains,

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> Transcript of Palatka Service Hearing, p. 21.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> Ibid., pp. 60-61.

1	mineral deposits, and like others in Gainesville, stated her family drank bottled
2	water.
3	Many of the Company's customers complained of the water quality, even
4	after they had installed filtering systems in the homes. As a customer in Sebring
5	said:
6 7 8 9	I spent \$5,000 on a water filter system to get something safe enough to drink and cook with Between the chlorine, the smell, the sediment, it's quite ridiculous. <sup>50</sup>
10	Another customer in Sebring said his water was good, but then went on to
11	describe his home filter system, which must, at least in part, be responsible for his
12	water quality.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	And as far as the quality of water, I'm on Josephine, too, and our water has been good. Of course, I put in a whole house filter before it ever goes into my water softener, and then I put in a reverse osmosis in the house for drinking water. But I don't drink the water anyway. We use bottled water to drink. But it should be okay, I guess. I don't smell any chlorine because I put the filter in outside, which takes care of the chlorine smell. <sup>51</sup>
21	At hearings in Lakeland, Mt. Dora, and Chipley customers complained of
22	a variety of problems: cloudy water, sediment, bad taste, and chlorine and sulfur
23	odors. One customer testified at the Mt. Dora hearing that she had received four
24	letters in one month stating the water was contaminated and questioned the safety
25	of the water. <sup>52</sup> The twelve customers testifying at the Greenacres service hearing
26	did not have any complaints about water quality. Although, as one of the Lake

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> Transcript of Sebring Service Hearing, p. 18-19.
<sup>51</sup> Ibid., p. 43.
<sup>52</sup> Transcript of Mt. Dora Service Hearing, p.66.

1 Osborne Estates customers pointed out, Aqua delivers water to them which it has 2 purchased from Lake Worth Utilities. 3 Periods of low water pressure were reported by customers appearing at several of the service hearings.<sup>53</sup> As one customer stated: "..., the low water 4 5 pressure, this is not uncommon. This is a common thing. I've turned on the faucet and it is just barely drizzling out."54 6 7. The customers who testified at the service hearings in Oviedo, who are 8 served by the Company's Chuluota water system, had the most extensive and 9 serious complaints. The complaints here ranged from sediment, discoloration, foul odors and taste, to ruined appliances, faucets, and sinks, to real concerns 10 about the health risks associated even with bathing in the water, let alone drinking 11 12 it. O. WOULD YOU DISCUSS THE CONCERNS OF CUSTOMERS ON THE 13 **CHULUOTA WATER SYSTEM?** 14 A. Certainly. The Company reports that the Chuluota water system had 1,420 water 15 customers as of June 30, 2007, making it one of the Company's largest water 16 17 systems in Florida. Thirty-nine of these customers testified at the two service hearings held in Oviedo. Chuluota was also well represented in the complaints 18 19 filed with the Commission. 20 In addition, Representative Sandy Adams, state representative for District 33 consisting of parts of Volusia, Seminole, and Orange Counties, attended both 21

**PUBLIC VERSION** 

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>53</sup> Transcript of Gainesville Service Hearing, pp. 81-82; Transcript of Greenacres Service Hearing, p. 54, p.
 60; Transcript of Lakeland Service Hearing, pp. 106-108, p. 112; Transcript of Oviedo AM Service Hearing, p. 74, p. 123; Transcript of Sebring Service Hearing, p. 22, p. 27.
 <sup>54</sup> Transcript of Sebring Service Hearing, p. 27.

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the morning and evening hearings in Oviedo. Seminole County Commissioner Bob Dallari attended the morning hearing, as did Oviedo Mayor Mary Lou Andrew. At the evening session, Oviedo Deputy Mayor Persampiere attended the hearing. In addition, Jeff Prather with the Orlando District Office of Florida DEP also took part in the Oviedo hearings.

6 While Chuluota customers, like customers of other Aqua systems, had problems with the Company's billing, meters, and customer service, the 7 8 overriding concern in this community is the quality of the water, and especially 9 the possible health effects of the water. Customers attributed any number of physical ailments, from skin problems to cancer, to the water. Customers voiced 10 their belief that Aqua's water had resulted in the death of their pets. 11 One 12 customer testified that her pediatrician told her not to let her child drink the water or bathe in it. Chuluota customers reported that they could not sell their houses 13 and were reluctant to rent them out because of concerns with the water quality. 14 People in Chuluota are not just dissatisfied with their water, they are afraid of it. 15

#### 16 Q. WOULD YOU DESCRIBE SPECIFIC PROBLEMS CUSTOMERS IN

#### 17 CHULUOTA HAVE WITH THE WATER QUALITY?

18 A. Chuluota customers complained of the hardness of the water, and its corrosive
19 effect on their sinks, tubs, faucets, and appliances.

. . . we moved into Osprey Lakes, which, again, was a new subdivision, brand new home. We've been there approximately five years. In that five-year period we have replaced two hot water elements, we have replaced an entire hot water heater, we've replaced a dishwasher, we've replaced a complete kitchen faucet and all associated parts and pipes, we've replaced two complete showerheads, we've replaced three shower cartridges, two tub faucet cartridges and two sink faucet cartridges. Luckily we have

keep sending them back. The last time I spoke to somebody they said. "Are you sure there's not something wrong with your water?

Moen, which is a brand name cartridge, but luckily it's a lifetime warranty. So I just keep sending the cartridges to Moen and they

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5 We don't have this problem anyplace else."<sup>55</sup> 6 7 I've replaced the plumbing in all of my toilets, they totally rusted 8 out, three toilets. I replaced all of it. Two and a half years it took 9 to eat away.<sup>56</sup> 10 11 I've got a 13-month-old house. I've got black gook coming out of my marble faucet drain already. I've got green stains all over my 12 13 white marble, I'm sorry, white Silestone kitchen vanity areas. All of my clothes stink to high heaven.<sup>57</sup> 14 15 Because of the water problems, Chuluota customers testifying at the 16 hearing overwhelmingly drank bottled water, and many have extensive filtering 17 systems in their homes as well. These people are spending considerable sums of 18 19 money in addition to the payments to Aqua, because of the problems with the 20 water. I have to buy bottled water. I wouldn't even consider drinking this 21 stuff. As a one-person family, it costs me at least \$35 a month to 22 23 buy bottled water. . . Then there's the water filters. Of course, I 24 had to put the system in to put the filters in, but I have to change the filters. That costs me at least \$15 a month to change those 25 filters out, plus the extra effort to do it. 26 27 28 I have to buy extra cleaning agents. I buy CLR in the great economy size bottles because that's the only thing that will take all 29 30 the mineral and all the residue from all this yucky water.... 31 32 You do your laundry, you have to put stuff in your rinse cycle in your washer so your clothes don't smell bad. ...<sup>58</sup> 33 34 35 We purchased two, a whole house system with two extra 36 dechlorinator tanks to address the TTHMs in my home, in my <sup>55</sup> Transcript of Oviedo AM Service Hearing, p. 181. <sup>56</sup> Ibid., p. 188. <sup>57</sup> Transcript of Oviedo PM Service Hearing, p. 115.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>58</sup> Transcript of Oviedo AM Service Hearing, p. 76.

- 1 water, because they say that the carbon tanks are the best things or one of the best things for this for your house. So I purchased that 2 3 in April. We spent over \$4,000 for that tank.<sup>59</sup> 4 5 0. WOULD YOU ADDRESS THE QUESTION OF THE SAFETY OF THE 6 WATER? 7 A. Aqua has been in violation of the allowable levels of TTHM (total 8 trihalomethanes), a byproduct of the chlorine used to treat the water according to 9 Mr. Prather of the Florida DEP who testified: 10 What happens is when you disinfect water with chlorine, the 11 interaction with organic material, you get a by-product from that. And there's four chemicals that are associated. The sum of them 12 give you this number which we would consider TTHMs, total 13 trihalomethanes. And there's a regulatory limit for that sum, and 14 15 that's what we're -- it's 80 parts per billion. So on a quarterly basis we are getting that information from Aqua Utilities. 16 17 18 Now utilities as a whole are required to do all types of sampling. 19 On a daily basis they're looking at chlorine residuals throughout 20 the distribution system, on a monthly basis they're looking at bacteria, they're taking bacterial samples throughout the 21 distribution line. And then on an annual and triennial basis they're 22 23 doing various types of sampling for other primary drinking water 24 standards. 25 26 Right now the violation for Aqua Utilities is disinfectant byproducts, and we have been working for an extensive amount of 27 time trying to get this problem solved.<sup>60</sup> 28 29 The TTHMs must test at an acceptable level on a running annual average, 30 31 four consecutive quarterly tests, for the Company to considered in compliance. 32 And they have yet to do so.
  - <sup>59</sup> Ibid., p.91.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup> Ibid., pp. 46-47.

In addition, AUF's water has been found to have coliform bacteria. When
a utility tests positive for coliform bacteria, it is required to notify customers
within 30 days. It is also required to retest the water until it tests negative. <sup>61</sup> The
notice for coliform bacteria is not a boil water advisory, but customers are
understandably concerned to receive such notices month after month. Some
customers specifically link the coliform problem to health issues they have had.
and it just so happens around the same time frame that, of course, we got the notice about the coliform over 30 days from when they found it, was the same time frame two of my dogs had severe diarrhea, could hold nothing down at either end. They had to just live outside for a while, because I couldn't I couldn't control it. And my son was having that, and I was having stomach problems. <sup>62</sup>
In another instance, the owner of a day care had her water tested by Aqua.
Aqua must have found some problem with it, as they began providing her with
bottled water, free of charge. Yet she never received the results of the tests to
know exactly what the health risks are.
And then we started noticing large amounts of yellow-orange stuff coming out, brown stuff coming out of the water. And then about a month ago Aqua came and they asked me to fill up some containers so they could test my water. And then actually that was, let me see, approximately I guess early June that they showed up.  The biggest concern I think is when I asked for test, the test results from the water that they tested, no one will provide them. But they mysteriously showed up with huge quantities of bottled water from the head local people who are sitting in the back row today, Ryan from Aqua, Bill and Eddie, who are both technicians. Certain technicians could not look me in the eye and had tears in their eyes over the concern that I had with the children at my school. <sup>63</sup>

<sup>61</sup> Ibid., pp. 134-135.
<sup>62</sup> Ibid., p.148.
<sup>63</sup> Ibid., pp. 190-191.

1		A resident of The Trails, which like Chuluota has high levels of TTHMs,
2		testified at the Oviedo service hearing as follows:
3 4 5 6 7		I have an eight-week-old, and I'm concerned that he can't bathe in the water, he can't drink the water. We went to the pediatrician today, and he said keep him as far away from the water as possible. <sup>64</sup>
8		Other customers testified of miscarriages, birth defects, and a fear of
9		conceiving because of the water provided by Aqua. <sup>65</sup> Other customers blamed
10		Aqua's water for the death of their pets, their skin problems, and their husband's
11		cancer. The customers who are paying for this water are afraid to drink it, bathe in
12		it, or have their children inhale the steam from it in the shower. <sup>66</sup>
13		I am not an expert in water quality issues, but from the evidence presented
14		by the Company's customers, I must conclude that there are serious health
15		concerns in The Trails and Chuluota. I recommend that the Commission follow-
16		up with the Department of the Environment Protection to rigorously test the water
17		provided by Aqua to these customers.
18	Q.	CUSTOMERS AND MR. FRANKLIN HAVE DISCUSSED THE
19		POSSIBILITY OF OVIEDO PURCHASING THE CHULUOTA SYSTEM
20		FROM AQUA AMERICA, OR OF AQUA PURCHASING WATER FROM
21		THE CITY OF OVIEDO FOR DELIVERY TO CHULUOTA
22		CUSTOMERS. OTHER CUSTOMERS HAVE SUGGESTED THE STATE

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>64</sup> Transcript of Oviedo PM Service Hearing, p. 25.
 <sup>65</sup> Transcript of Oviedo AM Service Hearing, p. 203; Transcript of Oviedo PM Service Hearing, p. 98, pp. 127-128.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>66</sup> Transcript of Oviedo AM Service Hearing, p. 90, pp. 107-108, p. 143; Transcript of Oviedo PM Service Hearing, p. 25, pp. 102-103, p. 115, p. 123, p. 146; Transcript of Palatka Service Hearing, p. 60, Transcript of Sebring Service Hearing, pp. 18-19, p. 28; Transcript of Gainesville Service Hearing, p. 55, p. 62; Transcript of Lakeland Service Hearing, p. 25, p. 39, p. 52, p. 94; Transcript of Mt. Dora Service Hearing, p. 66-67.

### EXERCISE EMINENT DOMAIN AND SEIZE THE PROPERTY FROM AOUA. HAVE YOU ANY POSITION ON THESE VARIED

### AQUA. HAVE YOU ANY POSITION OF SUGGESTIONS?

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A. I have not been involved in any discussion between the City of Oviedo and Aqua
Utilities. Thus, my knowledge is limited to that presented in the customer
hearings and in Company testimony. Nor am I a lawyer conversant in the
eminent domain laws that would apply to this situation. I do believe, however,
that the Commission should encourage Aqua, and work with Aqua if necessary, to
resolve these problems.

As many of the customers testifying at the various service hearings, and 10 especially the hearings in Oviedo, stated: Aqua knew what it was buying when it 11 12 purchased the system. At this point, Aqua states that its water in Chuluota is meeting all EPA requirements and that it is secondary "aesthetic" qualities that 13 customers find objectionable. Aqua may be correct, but customers in Chuluota 14 perceive that their water as unsafe. When their bath water is green, their 15 children's hair turns orange after shampooing, their laundry comes out of the 16 17 machine smelling of manure, the filters on their expensive home filter systems need replacing at several times the recommended rate, faucets and appliances are 18 ruined within two years, their pediatrician advises them to keep their children out 19 of the water, I do not see how Aqua is going to be able to change these customers' 20 perception that Aqua water is unsafe.<sup>67</sup> 21

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>67</sup> Transcript of Oviedo AM Service Hearing, pp. 75-76, p. 81, p. 133, p. 181, p. 191, p. 199; Transcript of Oviedo PM Service Hearing, p. 25, p. 71, p. 83, p. 114, p. 121, pp. 145-146, p. 117.

1	Q.	IN THE LAST RATE CASE – JUST OVER A YEAR AGO, YOU FILED
2		TESTIMONY ON ISSUES REGARDING CUSTOMER AND QUALITY
3		OF SERVICE. DOES IT APPEAR THAT THE COMPANY'S CUSTOMER
4		AND QUALITY OF SERVICE HAVE IMPROVED?
5	A.	No, it does not. While a few customers in certain systems have voiced approval
6		of the water quality, they are in the distinct minority. In addition, while the
7		number of estimated bills has declined, the incidence of billing errors and billing
8		disputes does not seem to have changed at all. It is simply the issues that have
9		changed, not the incidence of issues.
10		For example, customers at last year's hearing also had significant
11		problems with customer service.
12 13 14 15		But you call the office, if you're lucky to get a live person and you ask too many questions, they hang up on you. You can't get any response. If you leave your name and number, no one calls you back. <sup>68</sup>
16 17 18 19 20		I have a lot of complaints, but the main one is, oh, that customer service. Get on the telephone and try to get something straight with the company. It is a lost cause. <sup>69</sup>
21		Customers last year also reported problems with the lack of boil water
22		advisory notices, as evidenced by the following witnesses' testimony.
23 24 25 26 27 28 29		Never once have I received a boil water notice since I've lived there, seen a sign, anything. Never once have I known that there's been any kind of problem with the water, except that later down the road I found out that there was one but now it's been lifted, and it's been way too late for me or anyone in my household that's staying with me or my animals I'm giving that water to do anything about [it]. <sup>70</sup>

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>68</sup> Docket No. 060638-WS, Transcript of Gainesville Service Hearing, p. 39.
 <sup>69</sup> Docket No., 060638-WS, Transcript of New Port Richey AM Service Hearing, p. 28.
 <sup>70</sup> Docket No. 060638-WS, Transcript of Greenacres Service Hearing, p. 48.

We never get notifications about anything. If they are going to turn off the water, we do not get notified. If they are going to turn the water back on, we do not get notified. We don't know if we need to boil our water or not. We get no notice at all.<sup>71</sup>

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Customers last year also repeated many problems with the meter readings.

The most widespread problem last year was estimated bills. This problem

appears, to some degree, to be lessened this year. However, customers were also

plagued by other billing errors and anomalies, as shown in the following

11 quotations from the customer service hearings.

... every time we called Aqua Utilities, they would say, well, 12 your water consumption is about the same as it was last year at this 13 14 time. And I said the house was empty last year at this time. How is that possible? Now there are four people living in this house.  $...^{72}$ 15 They estimated on May 23rd, you got a copy of that one, they 16 estimated that my bill was 21,600 gallons. How could I use that if 17 18 they just changed my meter? Well, I called them. They say, no, that is estimated. Why don't you just wait to read it? Oh, because 19 20 we estimated. You will get credit on the next one. Okay. I hang up. 21 Two or three days later in the mail I get a new bill. If you could please read that for me for the audience? 22 Commissioner Argenziano: Well, the bill was - this is astounding. 23 The average daily use is 205,634 gallons, and the total for the

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27 Q. DO YOU RECOMMEND THAT THE COMMISSION ADJUST THE

month was 9,664,800, and the bill was \$51,704.73

#### 28 COMPANY'S ALLOWED RETURN ON EQUITY DUE TO ITS POOR

- 29 CUSTOMER AND QUALITY OF SERVICE?
- 30 A. Yes, I do. Section 367.111(2), Florida Statutes states that a public utility must
- 31 provide:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>71</sup> Docket No. 060638-WS, Transcript of Gainesville Service Hearing, p. 62.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>72</sup> Docket No. 060638-WS, Transcript of Oviedo Service Hearing, p. 198..

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>73</sup> Ibid., p. 204.

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11 12 ... such safe, efficient, and sufficient service as is prescribed by part VI of Chapter 403 and parts I and II of chapter 373, or rules adopted pursuant thereto; but such service shall not be less safe, less efficient, or less sufficient than is consistent with the approved engineering design of the system and the reasonable and proper operation of the utility in the public interest. If the Commission finds that a utility has failed to provide its customers with water or wastewater service that meets the standards promulgated by the Department of Environmental Protection or the water management districts, the commission may reduce the utility's return on equity until the standards are met.

13 I have found little to suggest that AUF operates its systems "in the public interest." Customers are provided water that many will not drink because of its 14 color, odor, and levels of contaminants. Water pressure is sometimes low. 15 Communications from the Company regarding boil notices or possible water shut 16 17 off are often lacking. Meters appear sporadically read, and many readings appear 18 erroneous. Customers are billed for water usage in amounts and for dollars that vary greatly from month to month with no underlying reasons for this variation. 19 20 Customer Service is difficult to reach, and by most accounts, less than helpful.

Florida Statutes Section 367.081(2) (a) 1 provides that the Commission 21 will "fix rates which are just, reasonable, compensatory, and not unfairly 22 discriminatory" and in every proceeding will "consider the value and quality of 23 the service and the cost of providing the service." As I have shown, the quality of 24 25 the service that AUF customers receive is so poor that many customers purchase bottled water for drinking, cooking, and feeding their pets. They receive bills 26 with errors, have their bills estimated, have water meters buried in sand that 27 appear to have not been read in a long period of time, and are asked to pay rates 28 29 that are double and triple those of neighboring communities. I, therefore,

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1 recommend that the Commission reduce the return on equity it would authorize in 2 this proceeding by at least 50 basis points for its poor customer service, 50 basis 3 points for its customers' dissatisfaction with its water quality, and 50 basis points 4 for its billing errors, for a total of 150 basis points. In addition, I recommend that 5 the Commission reduce the salary of the President and CEO of Agua America by 6 \$1.953 million and the salaries of the President of Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc. by 7 50%. Aqua's share of this salary has been removed in my adjustment to affiliate 8 charges from Aqua Services. It should not be eliminated twice. However, if the 9 Commission does not accept my affiliate adjustments, then 50% of Mr. DeBendictis salary charges to AUF, or \$20,275 should be removed from test year 10 11 expenses.

#### 12 Q. IS THERE ANY PRECEDENT FOR REDUCING A UTILITY'S RETURN

#### 13 BECAUSE OF POOR CUSTOMER SERVICE?

- A. Yes, there is. In Docket No. 010503-WU, the Commission set Aloha Utilities'
  rate of return at the minimum of its authorized range and also cut both the
  president and vice president's salaries by 50%.
- 17 In that docket the Commission noted:

We have set the rates at the minimum of the range of return on 18 19 equity because of the overwhelming dissatisfaction of Aloha's 20 customers due to the poor quality of the water service and their treatment by the utility in regards to their complaints and inquiries. 21 22 Our actions are consistent with past decisions in this regard. See 23 Order No. 14931, issued September 11, 1985, in Docket No. 24 840267-WS, Order No. 17760, issued June 28, 1987, in Docket 25 No. 850646-SU, Order No. 24643, issued June 10, 1991, in Docket 26 No. 910276-WS, and Order No. PSC-96-1320-FOF-WS, issued October 30, 1996, in docket No. 950495-WS.<sup>74</sup> 27

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>74</sup> Commission Order PSC-02-0593-FOF-WU.

1	In Docket No. 840267-WS, Consolidated Utilities Company filed for an
2	increase in its water and wastewater rates in Palm Beach County. The
3	Commission's order in that docket had the following discussion of the utility's
4	quality of service:
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	An informal customer meeting was held on February 21, 1985, in Riviera Beach and was attended by approximately twenty persons. The most common complaint was an apparent lack of concern by the utility for the customer's service problems. The utility neither had the facilities which would permit the customer to establish easy contact nor did it make the best use of what it had - sometimes taking four days to return a call. Further, staff's investigation discloses that the utility is not properly maintaining its books and records which is reflected in its quality of service. On balance, we find that the quality of service is less than satisfactory for which the utility should be penalized one percentage point on its equity return. <sup>75</sup>
21	In Docket No. 17760, the Ocean Reef Club, Inc. of Monroe County filed
22	for an increase in its sewer rates. The Ocean Reef Club had a history of service
23	quality problems, including a 1985 indictment by the federal government for
24	discharging untreated effluent onto the coral reefs. That case was settled with
25	Ocean Reef Club paying a fine prior to the filing of its rate case. Ocean Reef
26	showed that it had made repairs and replacements in its plant. Of the nine
27	customers who testified at the service hearing, none had any complaints about
28	service quality.
29	Based upon both the recent history of the utility, and its then current
30	status, the Commission ruled as follows:

<sup>75</sup> Commission Order No. 14931.

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... we find that although there have been improvements, quality of service is only marginally satisfactory. We find that given the inadequacies in quality of service, the appropriate return on common equity should be reduced by 50-basis points (.5%). In addition, we find that the utility should be required to file with the Commission a monthly report for a period of twelve months. These reports shall include a summary of each customer complaint received and the action taken by the utility to resolve each complaint.<sup>76</sup>

11 Still another water and wastewater rate case in which the Commission 12 found the utility's quality of service unacceptable was the 1990 application of 13 Pine Island Utility Corporation of Volusia County. A customer service hearing 14 was held in that docket at which some 45 customers presented comments and 15 complaints. The general complaint was that the water quality was poor, with 16 offensive taste, odors, and excessive chlorine. Customers also complained about 17 the lack of an accessible maintenance person, and the need for meters. At the time, the water system was operating under a DER consent order, but the utility 18 19 had not made the repairs required by the order. The Commission determined that "the problems experienced by the customers are the result of the utility's violating 20 21 DER standards." In this docket the Commission ruled:

22 ... we find that the utility's quality of service for both water and wastewater is unsatisfactory. In other cases in which we have 23 24 found a utility's quality of service to be unsatisfactory, we have 25 fined the utility a dollar amount equal to a 1% reduction to its return on common equity. We shall impose a fine on PIU for its 26 27 failure to provide safe, efficient, and sufficient service 28 The dollar amount associated with a 1% reduction in this utility's 29 return on common equity is \$ 314. We believe that in order to

<sup>76</sup> Commission Order No. 17760.

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properly encourage the utility to satisfy DER requirements in a

timely manner a \$ 314 fine is insufficient. We therefore impose a

\$ 1,000 fine, or \$ 500 per system, for the utility's unsatisfactory quality of service. However, with the purpose of encouraging compliance with DER's requirements in mind, we hereby suspend this fine for six months, until December 10, 1991, in order to allow the utility time to satisfy DER requirements. If all DER requirements are not satisfied by this date, the fine is hereby reinstated and, thus becomes due and payable.<sup>77</sup>

- 9 In 1996, the Commission issued an order in Southern States Utilities, 10 Inc.'s application for water and wastewater rate increases in 23 counties across 11 Florida. In its order the Commission noted that the regulatory agency witnesses 12 indicated the utility was in compliance with agency standards for water and 13 wastewater quality. However, customers in many of the company's service areas 14 were not satisfied with the quality of the water or the quality of customer service. 15 The majority of the complaints sound very similar to those of many of AUF's
- 16 customer complaints in the instant proceeding.

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17 Customers from several regions in the state complained that the 18 water is not potable. Others shared physical or medical problems 19 that apparently occurred from the water. Customers from 20 numerous service areas complained about the strength or odor 21 from chlorine disinfection. Customers also reported a sulphur or 22 rotten egg odor. Some customers have purchased home purifying 23 systems or filters because of odor, taste, or other reasons. Others 24 stated that they purchase bottled water to drink.

25 A number of customers in numerous service areas complained of 26 water that stained tile and fixtures, and clogged pipes. Others 27 spoke of corrosion and premature replacement of plumbing 28 fixtures, and in some cases complete repiping of homes due to 29 leaks caused by corrosive water. Some customers found the water 30 pressure to be unacceptably low, while others stated that it was too high. A few customers complained of sewage odors, overflows, or 31 32 backups.

33Customers expressed concern over the utility's failure to notify its34customers of outages, or to notify them of the potential health or35safety problems that might result from the outages. There was also

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>77</sup> Commission Order No.24643.

general dissatisfaction with the utility's response to service calls or questions. Customers reported that the utility was slow to respond, or did not properly respond to water quality problems such as sedimentation, discoloration, or excessive lead levels. Incidents were reported where the company damaged customers' property and would not repair the damage. The utility took a long time to answer requests to have tests conducted.

Customers presented a variety of complaints with billing. Two customers had problems with their meter readings. They either had not seen anyone read their meter, or could not obtain meter reading data from the utility. Others cited billing problems where SSU was not responsive, or gave an answer that did not aid in resolving the problem....

... We have required remedial measures, quarterly reports and customer education for several specific situations. However, we find that the utility's less than satisfactory customer service also merits an adjustment in the utility's return on equity. Therefore, in addition to the corrective measures imposed upon the utility, we find it appropriate to make an adjustment to reduce the utility's return on equity by 25 basis points.<sup>78</sup>

I believe that the customers of AUF have a similar, if not greater level, of dissatisfaction with the water service, water quality, and customer service they are receiving than customers of all of the above cited utilities. In the above dockets, the Commission reduced the company's return on equity by 25 to 100 basis points. In the first case cited, the Commission also reduced the salaries and benefits of the company president and vice president by 50%.

In regards to AUF, given the number of customer complaints, the number and variety of water quality problems reported, the widespread prevalence of billing errors and miscalculations, the lack of any explicit accountability in the customer service department, a reduction to the cost of equity of at least 150 basis points and a reduction to the salaries of the top executives, should send the proper

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>78</sup> Commission Order PSC-96-1320-FOF-WS.

3 them. III. 4 **Billing and Revenue Issues** AUF'S CUSTOMERS HAVE PROVIDED INFORMATION REGARDING 5 **Q**. 6 ERRORS AND THE INACCURACY OF THE COMPANY'S BILLING 7 **RECORDS. DID YOU FIND ERRORS IN THESE RECORDS ALSO?** Yes. Schedule 7 of my exhibit summarizes some of the errors that were reflected 8 Α. 9 in the billing records provided by the Company in response to OPC Production of 10 Document Request 153. Although these billing errors appear to have been corrected, the Commission should be concerned with the magnitude of the errors 11 depicted on this schedule and any potential errors that were not caught. 12 Billing errors after adjustment for the rate refund for the Chuluota water 13 system, totaled \$161,329 in 2007, or 21 percent of revenue. On the wastewater 14 side, the errors and adjustments amounted to \$21,401 or 5 percent of revenue. As 15 can be seen on page 1 of Schedule 7 the magnitude of billing errors ranges from a 16 high of 129 percent for Arredondo Farms to a low of 2 percent for Stone 17 18 Mountain and Ouail Ridge. On average for the entire water operations the Company adjusted test year bills by 23 percent. 19 For the wastewater operations the largest error rate was experience by 20 Beechers Point at 106 percent. The lowest error rate was again 2 percent for 21 On average the Company's billing errors for its wastewater 22 Morningview. operations averaged 11 percent. 23

proper attention to the ratepayers and the quality of the product that is providedthem.

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#### **PUBLIC VERSION**

message to management that a utility service in Florida cannot be run without

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# Q. IS THERE OTHER INFORMATION THAT YOU HAVE REVIEWED THAT INDICATES THE COMPANY HAS HAD SOME SIGNIFICANT BILLING PROBLEMS?

4 A. Yes. The Audit Committee of Aqua America recently completed an internal audit
5 of AUF's billing system and the conversion from the old Avatar billing system to
6 the new Banner system which is being used in four other states in the Aqua
7 America footprint. The executive summary states:

#### 8 BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL



#### 17 END CONFIDENTIAL

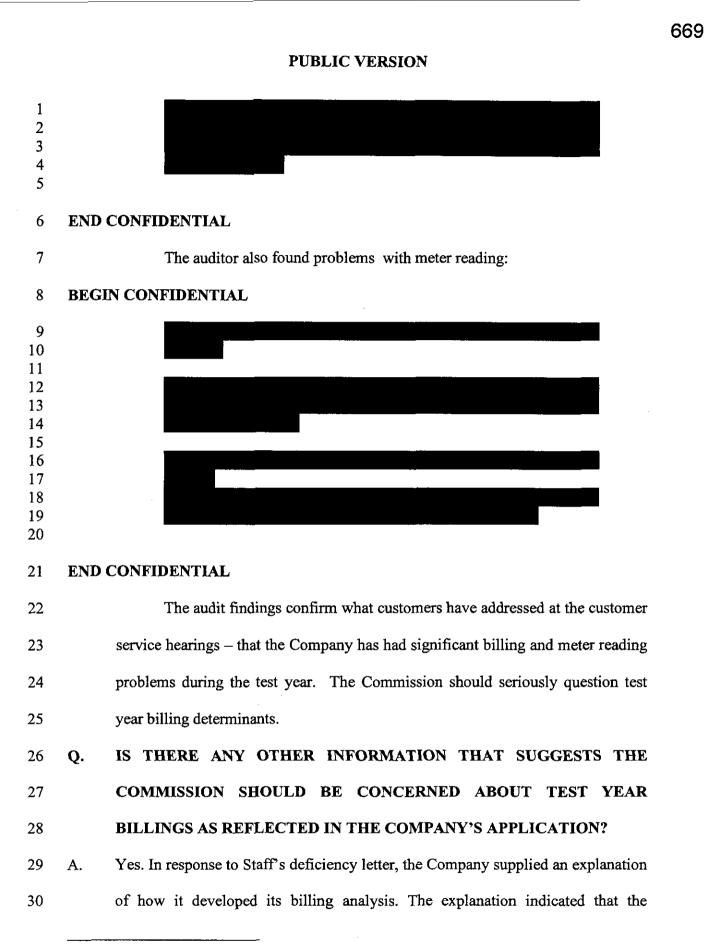
18 The audit explains that there were significant billing problems that lead to 19 questions about the veracity of test year billing determinants. Specifically, the 20 auditor wrote:

#### 21 BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>79</sup> Response to OPC Document Request 12.

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<sup>80</sup> Ibid.

- 1 difference between the billing analysis and the per books revenue was in excess of
  - an acceptable level of approximately 1 percent. The Company stated:

If the revenue results from the unadjusted billing analysis were utilized for present ratemaking purposes then AUF would have been requesting a larger increase than it may be entitled to. This ultimately may result in a larger rate increase to customers than necessary. On the other hand, if the actual booked revenue were utilized, the opposite would be true and the AUF may underrecover its true cost of service.

Therefore, to establish an accurate revenue level upon which rates can be established and balance the impact on the customers and the AUF booked revenue were adjusted to the level supported by the detailed bill analysis for each system. Thereafter, the ongoing number bills and associated consumption were priced at tariffed rates to produce total revenues.<sup>81</sup>

- 18 Q. DID THE COMPANY HIRE A CONSULTANT TO ASSIST WITH ITS
- 19 TEST YEAR BILLING ANALYSIS?

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- A. Yes. The Company hired Mr. Gary Prettyman of AUS to perform the billing
  analysis for the test year. During Mr. Prettyman's deposition, it was discovered
  Mr. Prettyman made an unexplained "consumption adjustment" to several
  systems' actual billed consumption in order to show a variance between booked
  and billed revenue within the 1 percent range. Mr. Prettyman explained this in his
  deposition, as it is not explained in his testimony.
  - **Q** Okay. First the original. We see a difference between -- let me -- let me start again. On the original MFRs we see a -- on row 65, a difference of 649 -- I'm sorry, \$649 for .5 percent?
    - A Yes.

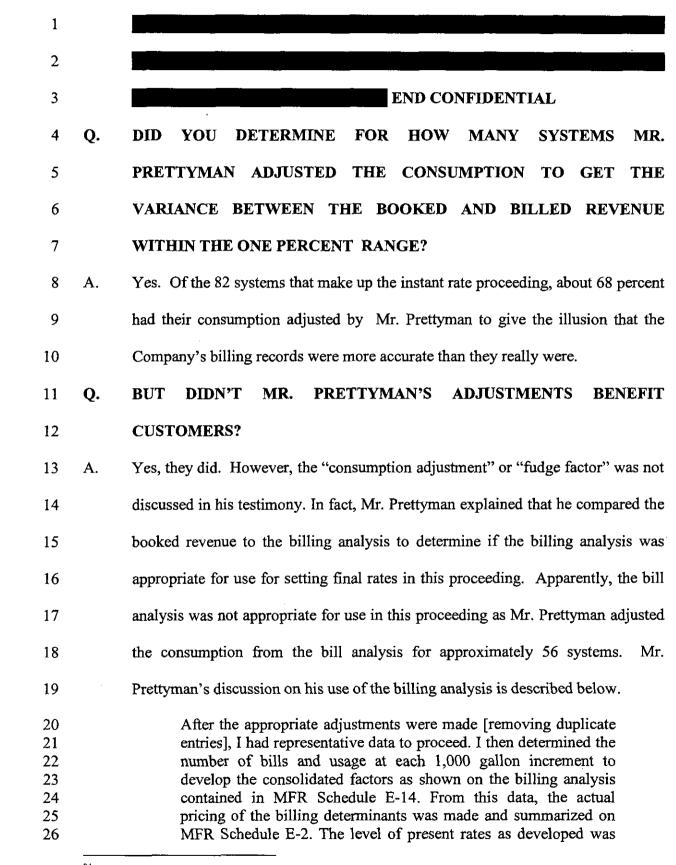
**Q** But on your worksheet it shows a variance of 1,687; is that right?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>81</sup> Attachment 23 to AUF's Response to Staff Deficiency Letter.

1	A That's correct.
2 3	Q Okay. And why is there a difference between those two?
4	
5	A Are you looking at also the response to 23A?
6	
7	Q I do not have it in front of me.
8	
9	A Okay. I'll just explain it then. In that response, you will see
10	exactly what you see on the bill analysis tab, except you will also
11	see a handwritten adjustment. Because, as I tried to say before, my
12	goal was to always get it, the variance within 1 percent by doing
13	very detailed analysis. Although this was at 1.19 percent, I was still
14	a little bit uncomfortable. So on on several of the systems I made
15	a consumption adjustment which increased the bill analysis level
16	that I had which actually benefits the customer in order to get the
17	variance percentage down to less than 1 percent. <sup>82</sup>
18	
19	Mr. Prettyman also explained that he needed to remove duplicate entries
20	for every system due to a glitch in the download of the billing data.
21	Then after I had it into each of its systems, I then took the raw data
22	and started sorting it by the different rate codes, by the different
23	meter sizes and looking at the canceled bills, sorting them out, and
24	also the interim increase in April when the information was
25	downloaded from the system, during that download a duplicate
26	record was reflected which is not in the billing system. It just
27	occurred during the download because of the interim increase. And
28	went through all of those processes and down sorting sorting the
29	data to ultimately produce the bill analysis results. <sup>83</sup>
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31	Although Mr. Prettyman indicated that the April duplicate entry was not in
32	the billing system, the Aqua internal auditor BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL
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**PUBLIC VERSION** 

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>82</sup> Prettyman Deposition, pp. 29-30.
 <sup>83</sup> Ibid., pp. 45-46.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>84</sup> Response to OPC Document Request 12.

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then compared to actual book revenues to determine if the billing analysis was appropriate to use for setting final rates in this proceeding. A billing analysis variance is shown on each schedule.<sup>85</sup>

#### 6 Q. WHAT ARE YOUR CONCLUSIONS ABOUT TEST YEAR BILLING

#### DATA?

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A. The Commission should be concerned about the accuracy of the Company's billing information. Not only because of the customer testimony and the audit findings, but because the Company's witness found it necessary to "fudge" consumption data to give the appearance of accuracy which did not exist. While I am not making any adjustment to test year revenues, I recommend that the Commission consider this when weighing its decision on the amount of penalty that should be assessed against the Company.

#### 15 Q. ARE YOU MAKING ANY ADJSUTMENTS TO TEST YEAR REVENUE?

Yes. I am recommending that the Commission move above the line the non-utility 16 Α. 17 income that it had recorded below the line. In response to OPC Interrogatory 49, the Company explained: "For AUF, this income is a result of collecting 18 miscellaneous fees which AUF expenses as paid to the municipality offsetting 19 20 amounts to nonutility expense." Unfortunately, the Company's response is not clear. I have seen no evidence that the cost of providing this function is recorded 21 22 below the line. Moreover, as discussed earlier in my testimony, the charge for 23 street lighting is included on the customer bills. I doubt that the associated cost 24 has been moved below the line. Therefore, I recommend that \$222,145 be moved 25 above the line for ratemaking purposes. This is consistent with the Commission's

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>85</sup> Prettyman Testimony, p. 3.

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1	treatment of street lighting revenue in the Southern States case in Docket
2	950495-WS. In that case the Commission found:
3	"We conclude that test year wastewater revenue shall be increased
4	by \$50,595 for wastewater provided free of charge or at a discount,
5	as this choice should be borne by shareholders. Therefore, test year
6	revenue was increased by \$1,025 for Tropical Isles and \$49,570 for
7	University Shores. Furthermore, test year revenue shall be
8	increased by \$7,000 for the revenue received from the customers
9	for street lighting service which was recorded below the line.
10	Although SSU believed that there was no marginal cost to the
11	ratepayers, allowing SSU to charge for non-utility services while
12	utilizing its employees would send the wrong signal to utilities
13	Therefore, test year income shall be increased by \$7,000 for Palm
14	Terrace. <sup>86</sup>
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16	I am also recommending that the Commission move above the l
17	\$479,643 of revenue related to Home Service commissions earned by Ad
18	America. In response to OPC Interrogatory 49, the Company gave the follow
19	explanation of this service:
20	Aqua America entered into a marketing agreement with Home
21	Service USA Corporation, effective October 1, 2003. Home
22	Service is in the business of providing Service Agreements for the
23	emergency repair of domestic water and sewage systems to a base
24	of customers within a defined geographic area.
25	
26	Aqua America receives a 5% commission of the Service
27	Agreement fees for all new and renewing Service Agreements. In
28	addition to the standard commission, Home Service shall pay Aqua
29	America 1% of the total Service Agreement fee for all new and
30	renewed Service Agreements sold throughout the United States by
31	Home Service through investor-owned or municipal water
32	companies other than Aqua America during the term of the
33	agreement.
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35	Further inquiry produced the following response, whereby Aqua Amer

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>86</sup> Commission Order PSC-96-1320-FOF-WS.

There are no person or persons that perform services that generate these commissions. Aqua America provides Home Service with a customer list. If Aqua America customers sign up for the service agreement program, then Aqua America will receive a 5% commission on the service agreement fees for all new and renewing service agreements.<sup>87</sup>

- 8 I see no reason why Aqua America should reap the benefits of selling its 9 customer lists to Home Service. Clearly, if it were not for the fact that Aqua 10 America had these customers in the first place, no commissions would be earned. 11 Therefore, I recommend that \$479,643 be moved above the line for ratemaking 12 purposes. The amount applicable to the AUF operations is  $\frac{9}{10,838}$ .
- 13 IV. Affiliate Transactions

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### 14 Q. WHY IS IT IMPORTANT TO CLOSELY EXAMINE AFFILIATE 15 TRANSACTIONS?

In a situation involving the provision of services between affiliated companies, A. 16 17 the associated transactions and costs do not represent arms-length dealings. Cost allocation techniques and methods of charging affiliates should be frequently 18 reviewed and analyzed to ensure that the company's regulated operations are not 19 subsidizing the non-regulated operations. Because of the affiliation between AUF 20 and the affiliates that contribute to expenses included on the books of AUF, the 21 22 arms-length bargaining of a normal competitive environment is not present in Although each of the affiliated companies is supposedly 23 their transactions. separate, relationships between AUF and its affiliates are still close; they all 24 25 belong to one corporate family.

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In the absence of regulation, there is no assurance that affiliate

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>87</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 220.

1		transactions and allocations will not translate into unnecessarily high charges for
2		AUF's customers. Even when the methodologies for cost allocation and pricing
3		have been explicitly stated, close scrutiny of affiliate relationships is still
4		warranted. Regardless of whether or not Aqua America, Inc., the holding
5		company, explicitly establishes a methodology for the allocation and distribution
6		of affiliate costs, there is an incentive to misallocate or shift costs to regulated
7		companies so that the unregulated companies can reap the benefits.
8	Q.	DOES THE COMMISSION HAVE ANY GUIDELINES WHICH
9		CONTROL THE PRICING ARRANGEMENTS BETWEEN UTILITIES
10		AND THEIR AFFILIATES?
11	A.	Yes. The Commission has expressed its opinion on affiliate transactions and the
12		precedent that should be followed when examining affiliate transactions.
13		By their very nature, related party transactions require closer
14		scrutiny. Although a transaction between related parties is not per
15		se unreasonable, it is the utility's burden to prove that its costs are
16		reasonable. Florida Power Corp. v. Cresse, 413 So. 2d 1187, 1191
17		(Fla. 1982). This burden is even greater when the transaction is
18		between related parties. In GTE Florida, Inc. v. Deason, 642 So.
19		2d 545 (Fla. 1994) (GTE), the Court established that the standard
20		to use in evaluating affiliate transactions is whether those
21		transactions exceed the going market rate or are otherwise
22		inherently unfair. (In re: Investigation of rates of Aloha Utilities,
23		Inc. in Pasco County for possible overearnings for the Aloha
24		Gardens water and wastewater systems and the Seven Springs
25 26		water system. <sup>88</sup>

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#### Aqua Utilities, Inc. Affiliates 27

#### 28 Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE DESCRIBE AUF AND ITS AFFILIATES?

Aqua America, Inc., the parent company of AUF, is a publicly traded holding 29 A.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>88</sup> Commission Order No. PSC-01-1374-PAA-WS.

company with both regulated and non-regulated subsidiaries operating in thirteen states. Schedule 8 of my exhibit contains an organizational chart of Aqua America, Inc. and its affiliates. In addition to its regulated subsidiaries, such as AUF, which provide water and wastewater service, Aqua America has several unregulated subsidiaries.

6 According to Aqua America's website, "Aqua America, Inc. is a publicly 7 traded water and wastewater utility holding company, with operating subsidiaries 8 serving approximately three million people in Pennsylvania, Ohio, North 9 Carolina, Illinois, Texas, New Jersey, New York, Indiana, Florida, Virginia, 10 Maine, Missouri, and South Carolina. Aqua America is listed on the New York 11 and Philadelphia Stock Exchanges under the ticker symbol WTR. Its aggressive 12 growth-through-acquisition strategy has resulted in nearly 200 acquisitions and 13 growth ventures in the last ten years. These growth ventures have allowed Aqua America to achieve its growth goals and has had a favorable impact on its 14 financial performance."89 15

16 In response to OPC Interrogatory 58, AUF identified the following four
17 subsidiaries of Aqua America as unregulated companies.

181) Aqua Resources: Parent company of Aqua Wastewater Management,19Inc. which provides hauling services of residential and commercial20septic waste; installation and maintenance of residential/commercial21septic systems;

22 2) Aqua Services: Provides managerial, general and administrative,
23 engineering, and operation services;

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>89</sup> http://ir.aquaamerica.com/

1		3) Aqua Indiana – Western Hancock, Inc.: Provides unregulated
2		wastewater services;
3		4) Aqua Operations: Provides water and wastewater operating contracts
4		with municipal authorities and other parities;
5		5) Utility & Municipal Services: Provides data processing, network
6		and communication support to Aqua Pennsylvania, Inc. (a regulated
7		water and wastewater utility); and
8		6) Suburban Environmental Services: Provides contract operation and
9		maintenance support for water and wastewater systems. <sup>90</sup>
10	Q.	ARE THERE TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN AUF AND ANY OF ITS
11		UNREGULATED AFFILIATES?
12	А.	Yes. AUF has contracted with Aqua Services Inc. for the provisioning of a variety
12 13	А.	Yes. AUF has contracted with Aqua Services Inc. for the provisioning of a variety of managerial, operations, and regulatory support. In addition, Aqua America
	А.	
13	Α.	of managerial, operations, and regulatory support. In addition, Aqua America
13 14	<b>A</b> .	of managerial, operations, and regulatory support. In addition, Aqua America allocates insurance costs and charges other costs to AUF. In total for the test
13 14 15	<b>A</b> .	of managerial, operations, and regulatory support. In addition, Aqua America allocates insurance costs and charges other costs to AUF. In total for the test year, the systems in this rate proceeding were charged \$1.9 million for services
13 14 15 16	<b>A</b> .	of managerial, operations, and regulatory support. In addition, Aqua America allocates insurance costs and charges other costs to AUF. In total for the test year, the systems in this rate proceeding were charged \$1.9 million for services provided by Aqua Services and Aqua America. <sup>91</sup> Cost allocated to the systems in
13 14 15 16 17	<b>A</b> .	of managerial, operations, and regulatory support. In addition, Aqua America allocates insurance costs and charges other costs to AUF. In total for the test year, the systems in this rate proceeding were charged \$1.9 million for services provided by Aqua Services and Aqua America. <sup>91</sup> Cost allocated to the systems in this rate proceeding from AUF amounted to \$1.4 million. This compares to the
13 14 15 16 17 18	<b>A</b> .	of managerial, operations, and regulatory support. In addition, Aqua America allocates insurance costs and charges other costs to AUF. In total for the test year, the systems in this rate proceeding were charged \$1.9 million for services provided by Aqua Services and Aqua America. <sup>91</sup> Cost allocated to the systems in this rate proceeding from AUF amounted to \$1.4 million. This compares to the Company's total direct costs of \$4.9 million. Thus, of the total Operations and
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	Α.	of managerial, operations, and regulatory support. In addition, Aqua America allocates insurance costs and charges other costs to AUF. In total for the test year, the systems in this rate proceeding were charged \$1.9 million for services provided by Aqua Services and Aqua America. <sup>91</sup> Cost allocated to the systems in this rate proceeding from AUF amounted to \$1.4 million. This compares to the Company's total direct costs of \$4.9 million. Thus, of the total Operations and Maintenance expenses included in the test year of \$8.2 million, 23% of the costs

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>90</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 58.
<sup>91</sup> MFRs, Volume 1, Appendix 1, p. 10.

1	Q.	HAVE THE COSTS CHARGED TO AUF FROM ITS AFFILIATES
2		INCREASED?
3	A.	Yes, they have. In 2005, affiliate charges to the Company were \$1.8 million. In
4		2006, these charges increased to \$2.0 million or 11%. In 2008, these charges
5		increased to $2.2 \text{ million} - a 10\%$ increase over 2007. <sup>92</sup>
6	Q.	HOW ARE COSTS CHARGED BETWEEN AQUA SERVICES AND AUF?
7	Α.	Aqua Services charges AUF for employee time used to provide services to AUF.
8		The services AUF purchases from Aqua Services are governed by a Service
9		Company Agreement. The Service Company Agreement identifies the
10		following services which Aqua Services will furnish to AUF:
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27		<ul> <li>corporate management</li> <li>accounting</li> <li>administration</li> <li>communication</li> <li>corporate secretarial</li> <li>customer services</li> <li>engineering</li> <li>financial</li> <li>human resources</li> <li>information systems</li> <li>operations</li> <li>rates and regulatory</li> <li>risk management</li> <li>water quality</li> <li>legal</li> <li>purchasing</li> <li>fleet services</li> </ul>
27 28		
29		The cost of Aqua Service employees' time billed to AUF and other
30		affiliates is computed from the employee's total labor rate. This is including base
31	<sup>92</sup> Res	pay, other compensation, payroll taxes, benefits, and an overhead factor. In ponse to OPC Interrogatory 58.

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charged directly to that affiliate.

addition, any direct expenses incurred in connection with services to AUF are

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3 If an employee of Aqua Services performs work that is only of benefit to AUF, his time, computed at the labor rate as described above, is charged to AUF. 4 If the project the employee is working on will benefit several subsidiaries, his 5 time is allocated among those subsidiaries based on the subsidiaries respective 6 number of customers. Such charges for employee time related directly to work for 7 one or more affiliates are referred to as "service charges." In addition, the 8 9 departmental costs associated with the daily operations of Aqua Services are also allocated among the Aqua America affiliates as either direct charges to a specific 10 11 affiliate, or allocations among a group of affiliates.

## 12 Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH THIS ALLOCATION METHOD USING 13 CUSTOMERS?

14 A. I believe that when allocating costs between water and wastewater systems, where 15 there are no unregulated businesses, that the use of customers for simplicity 16 purposes is generally acceptable.

However, there are some problems with the Company methodology. First, a pure customer allocation methodology does not necessarily consider usage and/or volume in the allocation formula. Therefore, a company with several large commercial customers, but few residential customers, may use the same level of services as a company with many residential customers and no commercial customers. Yet, under a strict customer method, the company with the larger

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- number of customers would be allocated more costs, regardless of the benefits
   received from the services provided.
- Of a greater concern however, is the Company's failure to allocate any
  overhead costs to unregulated companies.

# 5 Q. HAVE THE NONREGULATED ACTIVITIES OF AQUA AMERICA 6 CHANGED IN RECENT YEARS?

- 7 A. Yes. From 2005 through 2007, Aqua America acquired several non-regulated 8 companies that provide septic tank pumping, sludge hauling, and other 9 wastewater related services. Prior to the acquisition of these companies, Aqua 10 America states its non-regulated operations were operated "as part of our 11 regulated operating segments." (2006 Annual Report, page 7.) In its 2007 Annual
- 12 Report, Aqua America stated:

During 2005 and 2006, we completed six acquisitions of non-13 regulated companies that provide on-site septic tank pumping, 14 sludge hauling and other wastewater-related services to customers 15 in eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, New York and 16 Maryland. The operating revenues of these businesses for the years 17 ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 were \$10,216 and \$5,424, 18 respectively, and are excluded from our Regulated segment. In 19 total during 2006, \$7,897 in cash was invested in these non-20 regulated wastewater and septage acquisitions on which we believe 21 we will earn an appropriate return.<sup>93</sup> 22

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#### 24 Q. HAVE THE COMPANY'S REGULATED AFFILIATES CHANGED AS

25 WELL DURING THIS PERIOD?

A. Yes.. Aqua America has been acquiring water and wastewater systems throughout
the United States. In its 2007 Annual Report, it explained that it will continue to

28 acquire new systems:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>93</sup> Aqua America 2007 Annual Report, pp. 3-4.

Because of the fragmented nature of the water and wastewater utility industries, we believe that there are many potential water and wastewater system acquisition candidates throughout the United States. We believe the factors driving the consolidation of these systems are:

- the benefits of economies of scale;
- increasingly stringent environmental regulations;
- the need for substantial capital investment; and
- the need for technological and managerial expertise.

We are actively exploring other opportunities to expand our water and wastewater utility operations through acquisitions or otherwise. We intend to continue to pursue acquisitions of municipally-owned and investor-owned water and wastewater systems of all sizes that provide services in areas adjacent to our existing service territories or in new service areas. We continue to explore opportunities for the acquisition of other non-regulated wastewater service and septage businesses that are located near our existing markets, growing our existing revenue base in this business by offering the wastewater services to nearby residents with on-site sewer systems, adding new customers to this business and expanding the services that are provided to them.<sup>94</sup>

In 2004, Aqua America acquired the systems of Florida Water Services 25 Corporation, as well as the water and wastewater systems of Heater Utilities, Inc. 26 ("Heater") in North Carolina. The Heater systems added over 50,000 customers to 27 In addition, Aqua America completed twenty seven smaller Aqua America. 28 acquisitions that year.<sup>95</sup> In 2005, Aqua America made over thirty acquisitions of 29 both water and wastewater systems in seven of the states in which it was then 30 operating. Its 2005 acquisitions also included the first of its purchases of sludge and 31 bulk wastewater hauling and septic tank clean-out company.<sup>96</sup> In 2006, the company 32 acquired twenty four water and wastewater systems and four additional non-33

<sup>94</sup> Ibid., p. 4.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>95</sup> Aqua America 2006 Annual Report, pp. 32-33.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>96</sup> Ibid., Letter to Shareholders.

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regulated septage hauling operations. During 2007, Aqua America completed 1 twenty six acquisitions.<sup>97</sup> 2 3 Aqua America has been active in 2008 acquisitions as well. In May 2008, 4 Aqua America purchased a regulated wastewater and a local irrigation system. 5 The wastewater system serves approximately 3,000 residents in the Fountain 6 Lakes development in Estero, Lee County, Florida. Aqua also purchased the 7 community's independent irrigation system, which is supplied by on-site wells and ponds and is used by nearly 1,000 residents.<sup>98</sup> In a news release, Aqua 8 9 America Chairman and Chief Executive Officer Nicholas DeBenedictis stated: 10 "This acquisition is a win-win for Florida: It shows Aqua's commitment to improving the operations of the systems we buy --11 making them better for customers and the environment. It also 12 complements our acquisition strategy, allowing us to further 13 expand our customer base and gain economies of scale in the 14 state's growth areas."99 15 16 17 In May 2008 Aqua Wastewater Management, Inc. (an unregulated 18 company) announced that it had signed an agreement with Mopac of Souderton, that will allow both companies to begin providing grease removal services to 19 20 customers. According to the President of Aqua Wastewater Management, "This is 21 a unique agreement that allows Aqua and Mopac to grow our operations in specific areas of the grease removal business by concentrating our resources on 22 our predominate services."100 23

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>97</sup> Aqua America 2007 Annual Report, p. 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>98</sup> Aqua America Inc. Aqua America Expands Florida Operations with \$1.6 Million Acquisition. Press Release. May 5, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>99</sup> Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>100</sup> Aqua Wastewater Management and Smithfield Beef Group Partner on Grease Services. Press Release. May 19, 2008.

1		Later, in August, an Aqua subsidiary in Indiana acquired South Haven
2		Sewer Works, Inc. The wastewater system serves approximately 4,000 customers
3		in the community of South Haven in Porter County in northwest Indiana. <sup>101</sup> In
4		the news release DeBenedictis noted:
5 6 7 8 9 10		"This new acquisition will enable Aqua to create synergies and economies of scale between South Haven and our growing Indiana operations. Aqua is committed to reaching new customers in Indiana, and we look forward to enhancing wastewater service for South Haven residents." <sup>102</sup>
11		Most recently, Aqua's Pennsylvania subsidiary merged with the
12		Honesdale Consolidated Water Company which serves approximately 6,000
13		people within portions of Honesdale Borough and Texas Township, Wayne
14		County. <sup>103</sup>
15	Q.	HAS THE COMPANY PROVIDED AN ALLOCATIONS MANUAL
16		EXPLAINING HOW ALLOCATIONS FROM AQUA SERVICES ARE
17		MADE?
18	A.	Yes. The Corporate Charges Allocations Manual was provided in response to
19		OPC's Production Of Documents. The manual contains much language identical
20		to that found in the Service Agreement between Aqua Services and AUF
21		regarding the types of support provided. It also explains the distinction between
22		the categorization of expenses as either service expenses or sundry expenses.
23		Service expenses are defined as "labor and overhead of employees" expended on

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>101</sup> Aqua America Inc. Aqua America Expands Indiana Operations with \$9.7 Million Acquisition. Press Release. August 4, 2008.
 <sup>102</sup> Ibid.
 <sup>103</sup> Aqua America Inc. Aqua America Pennsylvania Subsidiary Acquires Water System in Honesdale, Wayne County Seat. Press Release. September 30, 2008.

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work for a specific subsidiary or group of subsidiaries. These employees of Aqua Services are categorized by the following types of services: Accounting & Financial, Administration, Customer Service, Communications, Corporate Secretarial, Engineering, Human Resources, Information Services, Legal, Purchasing, Rates & Regulatory, and Water Quality.

6 Sundry expenses ". . . are departmental costs associated with the normal operations of Aqua Services, Inc. and can also be categorized as listed above."<sup>104</sup> 7 8 Both the service and the sundry expenses are classified as either direct or indirect. 9 Direct charges are billed to the specific affiliate using a code for that entity; 10 indirect charges are allocated using codes created for groups of affiliates. The 11 basis of the allocations is the number of customers. In addition, an activity code is assigned to the charge to indicate the type of work performed. The Manual 12 13 states that a control sheet is used to check that all charges relating to accounting 14 units equal the charges allocated to the various states. In addition, there are 15 reports providing backup support for the charges allocated to each state. 16 According to the Corporate Charges Allocations Manual, these reports contain 17 "total costs by employee, by type of service, and for the amount of hours 18 charged." Sundry charges are also either direct or indirect charges and identified 19 by activity codes. For sundry charges, "[a]ctivity codes are created to identify 20 entity or group of entities allocations. Activities are attached to each sundry 21 expense and are used to determine how costs should be allocated to the state. In 22 this methodology, activities determine whether costs are to be directly charged to a state or allocated to a group of states." 23

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>104</sup> Corporate Charges Allocations Manual, p. 3.

# Q. COULD YOU PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR CONCERNS ABOUT THE ALLOCATION OF COSTS BETWEEN THE COMPANY AND ITS AFFILIATED SISTER COMPANIES?

A. Yes. First, Aqua Services performs services for Aqua Wastewater Management, 4 an unregulated affiliate, but allocates no costs to this affiliate. In response to 5 6 OPC's Interrogatory 17, the Company stated: "Aqua Wastewater Management is 7 the business providing on-site septic tank pumping and sludge hauling services. No common costs were allocated to Aqua Wastewater Management in either 2006 8 9 or 2007. Common costs will be allocated to Aqua Wastewater Management in 2008." When asked if an adjustment was included in the test year to allocate 10 common costs to the unregulated operations, the Company gave the following 11 12 response: "No adjustment was made in the rate case. AUF's rate case is based on a historic year 2007. If applicable, any common cost allocations related to Aqua 13 Wastewater Management will be reflected in any future rate case."<sup>105</sup> I find it 14 unusual that the Company did not make a proforma adjustment to test year 15 16 expenses to allocate common costs to these unrelated operations. AUF made proforma adjustments for 2008 wage and salary increases. It would seem 17 reasonable to also make adjustments to reflect the fact that costs are incurred on 18 19 behalf of the Aqua Wastewater Management that should be allocated accordingly.

In OPC Interrogatory 206, the Company was asked to explain why "... the allocation of common costs to the septic tank pumping and sludge hauling services that were acquired in 2006 would not be appropriate in 2007." The

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>105</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 17.

- 1 Company's response was evasive, only explaining that the allocation is in a newer
- 2 cost allocation manual:

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For purposes of responding to OPC's Interrogatory No. 206 and subparts, septic tank pumping and sludge hauling service are services provided by Aqua Wastewater Management, Inc. ("AWM"). AWM is classified as a nonregulated company for purposes of allocation of common costs. Prior to 2008, nonregulated companies were not included in the allocation of common costs incurred by Aqua Services, Inc. although nonregulated companies did outlined in the current affiliate agreement as reflected in the response to section (b) of OPC's Interrogatory No. 206 became effective 1/1/2008.<sup>106</sup>

- 14 In response to subpart (b) of this interrogatory, the Company explained
  - how it was going to allocate these common costs to Aqua Wastewater
- 16 Management, Inc.

Per section 2.2 of the Affiliate agreement, services that are made available by Service Company in common to other Aqua America Subsidiaries, including Aqua, which services cannot be identified and related exclusively to a particular Subsidiary, the cost for such services will be allocated between the Utility Companies and the Non-Regulated Companies based on the relative proportion at the most recent fiscal year end of each Subsidiary's total assets to the total assets of all the Subsidiaries combined. The portion of such costs for such common services allocated to the Utility Companies or a group of Utility Companies will be further allocated to each Utility Company or group of Utility Companies, including Aqua, based on the ratio of the number of customers served by each Utility Company or the group of Utility Companies at the most recent fiscal year end to the number of customers served by all Utility Companies. For purposes of this calculation, customers of the Utility Companies who receive both water and wastewater services from a Utility Company will be counted as 1.5 customers.<sup>107</sup>

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<sup>107</sup> Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>106</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 206.

The fact that the allocation methodology was not set forth until the 2008 allocations manual was prepared is not a valid reason for not making an adjustment to test year expenses.

My next concern relates to the fact that several of Aqua America's subsidiaries perform contract services and management services for systems that Aqua America does not own. Neither Aqua America nor Aqua Services allocates costs to these clients. The Company explained: "Contract operator contracts are obtained and executed by the affiliate company performing the requirements or is named in the agreement (contract) and/or both. Direct operating cost incurred by the affiliate company in performance of the contract are tracked by the affiliate company and are recorded on the affiliate's books.... Aqua America, Inc and Aqua Services, Inc. currently do not allocate common costs to these contracts."<sup>108</sup>

Unfortunately, this fails to take into consideration the fact that the 13 operations of the affiliates that manage these systems are larger and more 14 complex. Therefore, additional oversight and management costs should be 15 allocated to these systems to recognize the added complexities and size 16 differentials. Failure to take this into consideration, under allocates costs to the 17 systems that generate additional nonregulated revenue for the parent company and 18 19 over allocates costs to the regulated companies that do not have analogous nonregulated operations. 20

21 Schedules 9 and 10 of my exhibit show that these contract systems receive 22 a range of services from the AUF affiliates including managerial, accounting, 23 billing, operations, customer service, A&G, sales, and cash collection services.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>108</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 63.

1 Customer counts are not available for the majority of the systems listed. But 2 having failed to allocate any costs to these contact systems, the Company has over 3 allocated costs to AUF.

## 4 Q. DO THE NONREGULATED COMPANIES OF AQUA AMERICA HAVE 5 COMMON OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS WITH THE REGULATED 6 COMPANIES?

- Yes. Schedule 11 of my exhibit shows the common officers and directors of the 7 Α. various Aqua America affiliates. As shown, Mr. DeBenedictis, Chairman, 8 President, and CEO of Aqua America and Chairman and President of Aqua 9 Services is also the Chairman or President of the following unregulated 10 11 companies: Aqua America, Utility & Municipal Services, Suburban Environmental Services, and Aqua Resources. Mr. Stahl, Chief Administrative 12 Officer, General Counsel, Secretary of Aqua America, Senior Vice President of 13 Law & Administration, and Assistant Secretary is also Senior Vice President and 14 Assistant Secretary of Aqua Resources. As shown on this schedule, there are 15 several officers or directors of Aqua Services and/or Aqua America who are also 16 an officer or director of Aqua Resources, Suburban Environmental Services, and 17 Utility & Municipal Services. However, none of their salaries or benefits are 18 allocated to these unregulated companies. 19
- 20 Q. ARE YOU RECOMMENDING AN ADJUSTMENT FOR THE FACT 21 THAT THERE ARE ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES PROVIDED TO 22 THESE NONREGULATED AFFILIATES AND FOR THE PROVISION 23 OF CONTRACT OPERATIONS SERVICES?

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1 A. No, I am not, because of the adjustment that I recommend in total for the affiliate 2 salaries, benefits, and management fees. However, if the Commission does not 3 adopt this recommendation, then an adjustment should be made to account for the services being provided to nonregulated companies and operations free of charge. 4 5 Consequently, Aqua America's nonregulated operations are being subsidized by AUF's regulated operations. However, if the Commission does not accept my 6 7 adjustment to remove the excessive costs charged to the Company by Aqua Services, then I recommend that the Commission reduce test year expenses by 8 9 \$6,703 to assign some costs to these nonregulated companies. I have estimated a conservative adjustment by comparing the 2007 revenue of these unregulated 10 companies to the total revenue of Aqua America to develop an allocation factor 11 based upon revenue. My analysis indicates that 2.1% of the common costs from 12 13 Aqua Services should be allowed to the unregulated companies. While this will 14 understate the amount of expenses that should be charged to the unregulated operations, it's the best option available, at this time, to allocate these costs since 15 16 the Company failed to do so.

# 17Q.IT SEEMS LIKE THERE ARE A LOT OF EXPENSES BEING CHARGED18TO THE COMPANY BY ITS AFFILIATES. ARE THERE ECONOMIES19OF SCALE ASSOCIATED WITH BEING OPERATED BY A LARGER20COMPANY AND HAVING THE ADMINISTRATIVE FUNCTIONS21SHARED BY MANY OTHER COMPANIES?

A. In theory there should be economies of scale associated with being part of a larger
company. Both Mr. Franklin and Mr. Lihvarcik discuss economies of scale of a

bigger company like AUF which is provided administrative support from its
affiliated companies. Mr. Franklin states: "Our operating strategy included the
use of economies of scale to share the cost of running the business over the entire
customer base, similar to an electric utility, thereby minimizing the impact of any
single expenditure on any small group of customers."<sup>109</sup>

- 6 Mr. Lihvarcik states in his testimony that Aqua takes advantage of 7 "economies of scale by contracting for various products and services in bulk." He
- 8 goes on to say

9 AUF has national contracts for items such as meters, hydrants, pipe 10 and fittings, meter reading equipment, purchasing of vehicles, and vehicle maintenance. We also have state wide contracts for 11 laboratory services, utility contracting, and supplies. Our objective 12 is to continue to standardize these purchasing practices and 13 purchase in bulk, where possible, for items and services that we 14 use on a daily basis, thereby achieving the lowest possible price 15 and improve services and response time.<sup>110</sup> 16

#### 17 Q. DID THE COMPANY PROVIDE AN ANALYSIS OF ITS OPERATIONAL

18 **EFFICIENCIES?** 

A. Yes. OPC requested Aqua to "provide a comparison of operation efficiency levels
in the most detailed format available for each operating segment of Aqua
America, Inc., for the last three years."<sup>111</sup> Aqua provided the following
information.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>109</sup> Franklin Testimony, p. 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>110</sup> Lihvarcik Testimony, p. 10.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>111</sup> OPC Document Request 112.

	AQUA AMERIC O&M expense / Re		
Segment	YTD <u>12/31/2007</u>	YTD <u>12/31/2006</u>	YTD <u>12/31/2005</u>
Pennsylvania	33.3%	33.7%	33.1%
New Jersey	41.5%	42.5%	39.6%
New York	39.0%	149.1%	67.9%
Fotal Mid-Atlantic	34.3%	34.5%	33.6%
Dhio	42.8%	41.2%	41.6%
Illinois	40.6%	41.5%	42.9%
Maine	47.5%	48.1%	47.6%
Indiana	53.1%	54.0%	53.3%
Missouri	112.1%	120.3%	112.4%
Total North Region	44.8%	44.8%	45.3%
Texas	50.4%	49.0%	51.7%
Florida	96.7%	75.3%	78.3%
Virginia	54.9%	59.5%	71.5%
North Carolina	63.9%	60.5%	60.1%
South Carolina	130.6%	121.9%	118.4%
Total South Region	62.3%	57.8%	60.8%
Aqua Resources	90.1%	87.3%	n/a
Consolidated	42.2%	41.2%	40.9%

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As shown on the table above, AUF's expenses as a percent of revenue is the third highest of the 13 states in which Aqua America operates. Moreover, its expenses as a percent of revenue increased significantly between 2006 and 2007.

- 5 <u>Comparative Analysis</u>
- Q. HAVE YOU PREPARED AN ANALYSIS WHICH EXAMINES AUF
  RELATIVE TO OTHER COMPANIES OF A SIMILAR SIZE TO DETERMINE
  HOW THEIR COSTS COMPARE TO COMPARABLE COMPANIES AND IF
  THERE ARE ECONOMIES OF SCALE?

A. Yes. I compared Aqua with other Class A Utilities that have both water and
 wastewater regulated operations in the state of Florida. On a combined revenue
 basis, Aqua is the second largest Class A water and wastewater utility regulated
 by the Commission. Schedule 12 of my exhibit shows the Operations and
 Maintenance (O&M) expenses and revenues.

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Examining revenues on an ERC basis, Aqua generates \$313 and \$448 per ERC for water and wastewater operations, respectively. The comparison group shows revenue of \$193 and \$371 per ERC for water and wastewater operations, respectively.

As shown on this schedule, Aqua's water total Operations and Maintenance expenses per ERC is \$293 compared to the average of all Class A water and wastewater companies of \$146. On a per ERC basis, AUF's expenses are 101% higher than the average. Of the 14 water companies shown, only two close +0 have higher costs per ERC than AUF-North Fort Myers Utility at \$220 per ERC and Royal Utility Company at \$218.

For the Company's wastewater operations, 2007 Operations and Maintenance expenses are \$450 per ERC compared to the average of \$232, or 94% higher than average. Of the 14 wastewater companies shown, again only two have higher costs per ERC than AUF—Indiantown Company at \$522, and Rainbow Springs Utilities at \$631.

### 21 Q. HOW DO THE INDIVIDUAL O&M EXPENSE ACCOUNTS COMPARE 22 TO THE COMPARISON GROUP?

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1 Α. Schedule 13 of my exhibit shows that Aqua's water Operations and Maintenance expenses per customer were at least 80 percent greater than the comparison group 2 for the following categories: Salaries and Wages - Employees, Purchased Water, 3 Fuel for Power Purchased, Contractual Services - Management Fees, Contractual 4 Services - Testing, Contractual Services - Other, Rental of Building/Real 5 6 Property, Transportation Expenses, Insurance-Vehicle, Insurance-General Liability, and Bad Debt Expenses. As shown on Schedule 13, AUF's costs per 7 customer are substantially higher than the comparison group. The table below 8 depicts several categories where the Company's cost per ERC is substantially 9 higher than the comparison group. 10

Account Description	Comparison Group Expenses Per ERC		Aqua Per ERC	
Salaries and Wages - Employees	\$	33.96	\$	63.33
Purchased Water	\$	8.43	\$	56.70
Purchased Power	\$	16.05	\$	20.19
Fuel for Power Purchased	\$	0.10	\$	0.95
Contractual Services - Mgt. Fees	\$	5.54	\$	22.93
Contractual Services - Testing	\$	1.13	\$	8.73
Contractual Services - Other	\$	13.44	\$	36.01
Rental of Building/Real Property	\$	0.79	\$	4.66
Bad Debt Expense	\$	0.75	\$	6.41

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For wastewater, Aqua's Operations and Maintenance expenses were at
 least 80 percent greater than the comparison group for the following categories:
 Salaries and Wages – Employees, Employee Pensions and Benefits, Sludge

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Removal Expense, Fuel for Power Purchased, Chemicals, Contractual Services –
 Management Fees, Contractual Services – Testing, Contractual Services – Other,
 Rental of Building/Real Property, Transportation Expenses, Bad Debt Expenses,
 and Miscellaneous Expenses.

Like the water operations, the cost per customer for many individual expense accounts are significantly higher than the comparison group as depicted in the table below.

Account Description	 parison Group enses Per ERC	Aqua Per ERC	
Salaries and Wages - Employees	\$ 31.11	\$.	90.78
Employee Pensions and Benefits	\$ 9.96	\$	18.71
Sludge Removal Expense	\$ 29.91	\$	54.64
Purchased Power	\$ 29.55	\$	41.98
Chemicals	\$ 3.32	\$	20.71
Contractual Services - Mgt Fees	\$ 7.67	\$	21.64
Contractual Services - Testing	\$ 2.32	\$	18.60
Contractual Services - Other	\$ 34.71	\$	79.03
Rental of Building/Real Property	\$ 1.91	\$	13.47
Bad Debt Expense	\$ 0.86	\$	3.52
Miscellaneous Expenses	\$ 11.64	\$	22.79

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Taking into consideration that AUF is part of the nation's largest investor owned provider of water and wastewater services, I would have expected to see a benefit to the customers of Florida as a result of their association with Aqua America. However, as the above tables and Schedules 12 and 13 demonstrate,

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customers do not appear to have experienced any economies of scale associated
 with being part of a larger organization.

Q. IF YOU REMOVE THE COSTS CHARGED TO THE COMPANY FROM
AQUA SERVICES AND AQUA AMERICA, HOW DOES AUF COMPARE
TO THE OTHER COMPANIES?

A. Schedules 14 and 15 provide the same comparison as depicted on Schedules 12
and 13, but they remove the charges from Aqua Services and Aqua America. As
shown on these schedules, the Company's costs per ERC become more in line
with the comparison group, but they are still considerably higher. In total for the
water O&M expenses, the cost per ERC drops from \$293 to \$214 compared to
\$146 for the comparison group. On the wastewater side, the cost per ERC
decreased from \$450 to \$369 compared to \$232 for the comparison group.

### 13 Q. HOW DO THE INDIVIDUAL COMPANY COSTS PER EXPENSE 14 ACCOUNT COMPARE TO AQUA?

As shown on Schedule 17, even when comparing Aqua to the individual 15 Α. 16 companies, Aqua's expenses are significantly higher than the other companies. 17 For example, Aqua's water salaries and wages per ERC is \$63.33. The next highest company is Lake Utility at \$56.82. Lake Utility, however, has no 18 management fee, whereas AUF's management fee per ERC is \$22.93 in addition 19 20 to the wages and salaries of \$63.33 per ERC. Similarly, on the wastewater side, 21 Rainbow Springs' salaries and wage expenses is \$112.72 per ERC compared to 22 Aqua of \$90.78. However, Rainbow Springs does not have a management fee,

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#### **PUBLIC VERSION**

whereas Aqua charges \$21.64 per ERC for a management fee—which are charges
 from Aqua Services.

# Q. IS THERE A WAY THE COMMISSION CAN EXAMINE THE CHARGES FROM AUF'S AFFILIATES TO ENSURE THAT COSTS CHARGED TO CUSTOMERS ARE NOT ACTUALLY HIGHER AS A RESULT OF THE AFFILIATE RELATIONSHIPS?

- Yes. I recommend that the Commission examine the cost for salaries and wages, 7 A. including salaries and wages of officers, benefits, and contractual services-8 management fee (these are the accounts which include the labor-related charges 9 from Aqua Services) compared to other Class A water and wastewater companies. 10 This comparison will tell the Commission if the labor-related charges from Aqua 11 Services combined with the AUF labor costs (both direct and allocated within 12 AUF) exceed the going market rate when compared to comparably sized 13 companies. Some of the Companies in the comparison group also include affiliate 14 charges while others do not. Since AUF's labor-related affiliate charges are 15 included in these accounts, a comparison to comparable companies will indicate if 16 the affiliate charges to the Company are excessive. 17

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#### Q. HAVE YOU MADE SUCH A COMPARISON?

A. Yes, I have. Schedule <sup>17</sup>/<sub>15</sub> compares these expenses per ERC of salaries and
wages-employees, salaries and wages-officers, directors and shareholders,
benefits, and management fees<sup>112</sup> for Aqua and the other Class A water and
wastewater companies operating in Florida. As shown on this schedule, Aqua's

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>112</sup> Sundry Expenses have been removed from the management fee because sundry expenses include costs other than salaries and wages of Aqua Services.

total water salaries, benefits, and management fees per ERC is \$95 compared to
the comparable group of \$58 per ERC—a difference of \$37 per ERC. For the
wastewater operations, Aqua's cost per ERC is \$130 compared to \$54 for the
comparison group, resulting in a difference of \$76 per ERC.

#### 5 Q. ARE YOU MAKING AN ADJUSTMENT FOR THE ADDED COSTS FOR 6 SALARIES, WAGES, BENEFITS, AND MANAGEMENT FEES 7 CHARGED FROM AQUA SERVICES?

Yes. I recommend that the Commission reduce test year expenses to reflect a 8 Α. lower cost consistent with the costs that are incurred by other Class A water and 9 wastewater companies. The analysis that I have conducted shows that the layers 10 of management associated with ownership by Aqua America have not produced 11 any cost savings for customers and in fact have resulted in excessive costs. The 12 Company has failed to demonstrate that there are economies of scale associated 13 with being part of a bigger organization where costs allegedly can be spread over 14 more customers resulting in a lower cost per customer. In fact, when compared to 15 other companies, the opposite appears to be true-there are diseconomies of 16 scale. Therefore, I recommend that the Commission reduce test year expenses for 17 the water operations by \$641,156 and the wastewater operations by \$329,646 for 18 the salaries, benefits, and management fees that are being allocated to the 19 20 Company from Aqua Services. As shown on Schedule 17, the adjustment that I recommend for the wastewater operations is less than the total that would result 21 from a strict application of the difference per ERC multiplied by AUF's ERCs. 22

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- This is because I limited the amount of the adjustment to the Aqua Services test
   year expenses included in the rate case.
- 3 V. Rate Base Adjustments

## 4 Q. WHAT AMOUNT OF CAPITAL ADDITIONS IS THE COMPANY 5 PROPOSING TO ADD TO PLANT?

According to its filing, Aqua proposes to add \$4,177,750 to plant in service as a 6 Α. incorporates proforma adjustment. I have prepared Schedule 18 that duplicates the 2008 pro 7 forma budget provided by the Company. The majority of capital additions are 8 meter replacements. Other projects include an alternative effluent disposal project 9 10 for Chuluota wastewater, rehabilitation of the wastewater effluent pond for Jasmine Lakes, construction of a new water treatment plant for Lake Josephine, 11 an effluent disposal project, replacement of miscellaneous equipment for South 12 Seas wastewater, replacement of a water pump and motor for Sunny Hills, 13 construction of a SCADA Telemetry system for Valencia Terrace Water, and 14 15 construction of an effluent disposal site for Village Water Wastewater.

#### 16 Q. WOULD YOU PLEASE DESCRIBE THE UTILITY'S METER

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#### **REPLACEMENT PROJECT?**

- A. The Company is in the process of replacing all its meters with radio frequency
   meters. Regional President of Southern Operations Mr. Franklin describes the
   replacement program in his testimony.
- The Company is in the midst of replacing all of its manually read meters with new meters equipped with a radio frequency ("RF") device. By replacing the old manually read meters, usage is recorded automatically by a Company meter reader driving by each customer location. The RF device will transmit the meter reading electronically and the meter reader will no longer need to

1 2 3 4		enter the customers' property. The RF meter will help ensure accurate usage reads which in turn, will result in fewer estimated bills. <sup>113</sup>
5		The Company has included \$2,817,750 in pro forma capital additions for the
6		meter replacement program.
7	Q.	WHAT ARE THE BENEFITS TO CUSTOMERS ASSOCIATED WITH
8		AQUA CONVERTING ITS METERS TO RADIO-FREQUENCY (RF)?
9	A.	AUF Vice President and COO Mr. Lihvarcik explained the benefits of the RF
10		meter conversion in his testimony:
11 12 13 14 15 16 17		RF water meters are beneficial because they produce accurate readings and reduce the need for meter readers to go door to door With RF water meters, we are able to read meters in a much more timely and efficient manner. Our Utility Techs are then able to spend more time performing maintenance work, answering customer service calls, and responding to daily calls. <sup>114</sup>
18		Mr. Franklin further explains, "The RF meter will help ensure accurate
19		usage reads which in turn, will result in fewer estimated bills. In fact, the
20		Company now estimates less than one and one half percent of customer (sic) each
21		month. The goal is to estimate less than one percent of all meters." <sup>115</sup>
22		Itron, Inc., the company from which Aqua purchased its RF meters, states
23		many cost savings can be realized through the conversion to RF.
24 25 26 27 28		By deploying automation, costs can be reduced substantially, even from just electron meter reading or offsite meter reading (a handheld equipped with a radio device to read meters from a distance). Other costs associated with manual meter reading that are all but eliminated with automation include salaries, benefits,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>113</sup> Franklin Testimony, p. 4.
<sup>114</sup> Lihvarcik Testimony, p. 12.
<sup>115</sup> Franklin Testimony, p. 4.

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vehicle costs, cellular phone expenses, handheld meter reading 1 systems, maintenance and some general overhead expense, etc.<sup>116</sup> 2 3 Other areas affected by implementing automation include the following: 4 Reduction in accounts receivable, 5 Substantial reduction in re-bill costs, 6 Decreased customer calls and abandoned calls, 7 Increase in overall customer service satisfaction, 8 Minimizing employee safety and security concerns, 9 Increased leak detection, and 10 Increased revenues through accurate reporting of consumption.<sup>117</sup> 11 WHAT, IF ANY, COST SAVINGS HAS THE COMPANY PROPOSED BE 12 Q. **PASSED TO THE CUSTOMER?** 13 The only savings that have been included in the filing are for the elimination of 14 Α. the meter reader contract expenses experienced in 2007. "Since AUF will now 15 be using its employees to remotely read its water meters by vehicle, AUF has 16 made adjustments to remove all contracted water meter reading expense as 17 recorded in 2007."<sup>118</sup> This adjustment amounts to \$105,426. 18 Although the Company reduced the contract meter reading costs in the test 19 year, it did not reduce costs for other persons that read meters. According to 20 AUF, it currently has seven employees who are responsible for meter reading. 21 Upon conversion to RF meters, only two employees will be responsible for 22

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>116</sup> Bowers, Darla, "Benefits Derived from Automating Meter Reading: Developing Your Business Case," p.2. <sup>117</sup> Ibid, pp. 2-5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>118</sup> Szczgiel Direct Testimony, p. 11.

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obtaining meter readings. The remaining five employees will spend their time
 "performing maintenance work, answering customer service calls, and
 responding to daily calls."<sup>119</sup>

DID COMPANY 4 **Q**. YOUR **OPINION**, THE **ADEOUATELY** IN 5 **INCORPORATE** THE COST SAVINGS INTO ITS REVENUE 6 **REQUIREMENT FOR RF METERS?** 

7 No, It did not. Considering the many avenues the Company has to realize A. 8 savings, only incorporating the elimination of outside contractors used for meter 9 readings prior to the RF conversion substantially understates the benefits of 10 moving to RF meters. I have examined the capital cost of the RF meters 11 compared to the cost savings from elimination of the contract meter reader. Over the 20-year life of the RF meters, under the Company's proposal, there is no 12 benefit (cost savings) to customers associated with replacing old meters with RF 13 14 meters. Unless the Company is able to generate other cost savings, which are not realized in its proforma adjustments to the test year, the decision to purchase RF 15 meters is questionable at best. 16

17 Q, WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION FOR RECOGNIZING THE

#### COST SAVINGS ASSOCIATED WITH SWITCHING TO RF METERS?

A. I have several recommendations. First, as discussed later in my testimony, I
recommend an adjustment for bad debt expense. Clearly, one of the benefits of
RF meters is more accurate meter reading, which should reduce uncollectibles
expenses. The Commission should at a minimum adopt my recommendation to
reduce bad debt expense. However, I do not believe that this recognizes the full

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>119</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 137.

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extent of additional cost savings and benefits that will be realized by the 1 2 Company. For example, the Company has not recognized any savings for fuel 3 and vehicle maintenance, reduced labor due to fewer customer complaints and 4 fewer rebills. As indicated above, although the Company intends to only use two meter readers in the future it has made no adjustment to the cost savings of 5 the other five meter readers that it will no longer use. Instead, it suggests that 6 these employees will absorb other responsibilities. 7 In the absence of a demonstration by the Company that the five displaced meter readers will be 8 9 efficiently absorbed in other positions, I recommend that the Commission reduce test year expense by the labor costs associated with these other five meter 10 readers. If the Company can demonstrate that these employees will be used and 11 also provide a credible evaluation of the cost savings associated with RF meters, 12 I will consider an alternative adjustment. However, lacking this information, I 13 recommend that the Commission reduce test year expenses by \$55,813. 14

# Q. DO YOU HAVE CONCERNS ABOUT THE LEVEL OF PROFORMA PLANT INCLUDED IN THE TEST YEAR REGARDING RF METER CONVERSION?

A. Yes. The Company assumes that all of its pro forma capital additions to plant
are in service for the entire year. This certainly is not the case. Meter
replacements have been completed throughout 2008, and some projects have not
even begun as of July 31. However, the Company does not present its
adjustment on a 13-month average basis consistent with the test year.

1		If Aqua had requested a 2008 projected test year, if all meters were placed
2		in service during the last month of the test year only 1/13 of the investment
3		would be included in rate base. Or if they were placed in service throughout the
4		year, the investment would be averaged. However, under the Company's
5		proposal, 100% of the meter replacements are assumed to be in service on the
6		first day of 2008.
7		In addition, it does not appear that the meters and other capital additions
8		are being completed on time.
9	Q.	WHAT DID YOU FIND WHEN YOU EXAMINED AQUA'S BUDGET
10		VARIANCES FOR 2006 AND 2007?
11	A.	In 2006, Aqua budgeted \$13.7 million for capital projects. By the end of 2006, it
12		spent \$10.4 million – 24 percent less than it budgeted. <sup>120</sup> In 2007, Aqua's capital
13		budget was \$6.4 million, and approximately \$6 million was expended. The
14		variance was 6%. <sup>121</sup>
15	Q.	DID YOU EXAMINE THE BUDGET COMPARED TO ACTUAL
16		EXPENDITURES FOR THE TEST YEAR PROFORMA ADJUSTMENT?
17	A.	The most recent capital budget information provided by the Company is through
18		July 31, 2008. I examined the capital budget as if all expenditures would have
19		occurred equally over 12 months. Then I compared the expenditures through
20		July 31 to the level of expenditure that would have occurred through the same
21		time period as if they occurred equally every month. For those systems that
22		spent less than the benchmark, I took the remaining budget and multiplied it by

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>120</sup> Response to OPC Document Request 5.
<sup>121</sup> Ibid.

1		five twelfths to estimate the amount that will be expended by year-end 2008. As
2		shown on Schedule 18, my recommended adjustments reduce the Company's
3		proforma adjustments by \$ <del>1,519,093</del> .
4	Q.	HAVE YOU REMOVED PRO FORMA COSTS FOR ANY BUDGETED
5		PROJECTS?
6	А.	Yes. I have removed the projects for Jasmine Lakes Wastewater and Village
7		Water Wastewater. Based on Mr. Woodcock's inspections, both of these
8		projects do not appear they will take place during 2008. The removal of these
9		costs is included in the \$1.5 million figure above.
10	Q.	WHAT ADMINISTRATIVE PROJECTS ARE INCLUDED IN THE PRO
11		FORMA ADDITIONS TO PLANT?
12	A.	The Company has included a pro forma adjustment of \$634,994 for information
13		technology (IT) costs. This includes desktop and laptop replacements, network
14		infrastructure enhancements, and on-going IT allocations from the parent
15		company.
16	Q.	WHAT ADJUSTMENTS DO YOU RECOMMEND FOR THE PRO
17		FORMA PLANT RELATED TO ITS COSTS?
18	А.	I followed the same logic I used for general plant projects discussed previously.
19		In addition, I have removed the cancelled project, renovations to the customer
20		service area, in my adjustment. <sup>122</sup> As shown on Schedule 18, my recommended
21		114,535 adjustments reduce the Company's proforma adjustments by \$1, <del>927,488</del> .
		;

<sup>122</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 197.

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# Q. WOULD YOU DESCRIBE AQUA AMERICA'S PURCHASE OF THE WATER AND WASTEWATER SYSTEMS FROM FLORIDA WATER SERVICES CORPORATION (FWSC)?

Yes. On April 20, 2004, FWSC entered into an asset purchase agreement with 4 A. AUF valued at \$13,038,951. The closing took place June 30, 2004. On August 5 24, 2004, FWSC and the Company filed an application for the transfer of FWSC's 6 land, facilities and certificates in Brevard, Highlands, Lake Orange, Pasco, Polk, 7 Putnam, a portion of Seminole, Volusia, and Washington Counties. They also 8 filed a separate application concerning the Chuluota systems in Seminole Count 9 because they were concerned that there might be customer objections due to the 10 prior complaints about the rates in Chuluota. 11

According to the Commission's Transfer Order, PSC-05-1242, the application contained a statement that the "buyer has performed a reasonable investigation of the utility system and found the overall condition of the water and wastewater facilities to be in satisfactory condition and in general compliance with the requirements of the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP). Our staff contacted DEP and verified that there are no outstanding notices of violation."<sup>123</sup>

19Aqua also represented to the Commission that the transfer was in the20public interest because:

the FWSC customers will continue to receive the same quality
service to which they are accustomed. With regard to the buyer's
technical ability, Aqua is a wholly owned subsidiary of Aqua
Utilities, Inc., which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Aqua
America, the largest publicly traded water and wastewater utility

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>123</sup> Commission Order PSC-05-1242.

1 2 3 4 5		based in the United States. According to the application, at the present time, Aqua America provides safe and reliable water and wastewater service to approximately 800,000 customers in thirteen states. Aqua and its affiliates currently own and operate 14 systems in Florida that provide service to approximately 5,828 water
6 7 8 9 10 11 12		customers and 2,724 wastewater customers. The application states that the FWSC systems will be owned by an experienced company and industry leader. The utility is staffed with trained and licensed personnel. According to the application, Aqua is committed to providing its customers with the highest quality of water and wastewater service. <sup>124</sup>
13	Q.	WHAT WAS THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE FWSC SYSTEMS AND
14		WHAT WAS THERE RATE BASE AT THE TIME OF PURCHASE?
15	Α.	According to the Commission's Order, the purchase price for these assets was
16		\$13,038,951 and the rate base at time of transfer was \$15,741,914. This results in
17		a negative acquisition of \$2,702,963.
18	Q.	WHAT IS THE COMMISSION'S POLICY WITH RESPECT TO
19		ACQUISITION ADJUSTMENTS?
20	A.	The Commission is bound by FAC 25-30.0371 for its treatment of acquisition
21		adjustments. According to this rule, an acquisition adjustment is defined as "the
22		difference between the purchase price of utility system assets to an acquiring
23		utility and the net book value of the utility assets. A positive acquisition
24		adjustment exists when the purchase price is greater than the net book value. A
25		negative acquisition adjustment exists when the purchase price is less than the net
26		book value." <sup>125</sup>
27		The rule provides that a positive acquisition adjustment will be not be
28		included in rate base "absent proof of extraordinary circumstances." Likewise it

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>124</sup> Ibid. <sup>125</sup> FAC 25-30.0371.

1		states that a negative acquisition adjustment shall not be included in rate base
2		unless there is proof of extraordinary circumstances or where the purchase price is
3		less than 80 percent of net book value. The FAC also shifts the burden of proof
4		from the utility to the party requesting a negative acquisition, specifically stating:
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14		Any entity that believes a full or partial negative acquisition adjustment should be made has the burden to prove the existence of extraordinary circumstances. Under no circumstance, however, shall the purchaser be required to record on its books more than 70 percent of a negative acquisition adjustment. In determining whether extraordinary circumstances have been demonstrated, the Commission shall consider evidence provided to the Commission such as the anticipated retirement of the acquired assets and the condition of the assets acquired.
15	Q.	HAS THE ABOVE REQUIREMENT GENERALLY BEEN THE POLICY
16		OF THE COMMISSION OVER THE LAST 10 OR MORE YEARS?
17	A.	Yes, for the most part the Commission has not allowed negative or positive
18		acquisition adjustments absent extraordinary circumstances.
19 20	Q.	DID THE COMMISSION FIND IN THE TRANSFER DOCKET THAT A UNNECESSARY NEGATIVE ACQUISITION ADJUSTMENT WAS <b>NECESSAR</b> Y?
21	A.	Yes, it did. However, it examined this from the perspective of whether or not the
22		purchase price was less than 80% of book value. With respect to whether or not
23		there were extraordinary circumstances the Commission found that "The buyer
24		has neither requested an acquisition adjustment nor identified any extraordinary
25		circumstances. Based upon the above, no acquisition adjustment shall be
26		approved for rate-making purposes." <sup>126</sup> From reading the Commission's order, it
27		does not appear that the Company presented any evidence as to why a negative

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>126</sup>Commission Order PSC-05-1242.

acquisition adjustment should be made, which would be expected. Apparently, because it was a transfer case no other party presented any evidence about the

#### DO YOU BELIEVE THERE ARE CIRCUMSTANCES ASSOCIATED **Q**. 4 WITH THE ACQUISITION OF THE FWSC SYSTEMS THAT WARRANT 5 6 A NEGATIVE ACQUISITION ADJUSTMENT?

need for a negative acquisition adjustment.

- Yes. The Company knew when it purchased many of the FWSC systems that 7 Α. they were purchasing old and deteriorating systems that would require repairs and 8 capital dollars to fix. For example, with respect to the Hobby Hills water system 9 the Company has stated that the "infrastructure is old causing service line and 10 main breaks."<sup>127</sup> While the system is old, apparently there is little that can be 11 done to fix the problem. In response to OPC Interrogatory 140, the Company 12 responded: "There is 2-inch PVC piping which was installed in the 1970's in the 13 rear of the homes. The easements and right-of-ways were given up by the County 14 so it would be difficult to begin replacing the water mains. AUF makes repairs 15 when there are main breaks as conditions dictate." Not only can the problems not 16 be fixed, the Company apparently gave up the easement and right-of-ways. 17
- Mr. Lihvarcik addressed the deteriorated state of Palms Mobile Home 18 Park stating: "Old distribution system requires a lot of maintenance."<sup>128</sup> 19
- 20 In fact, Mr. Lihvarcik had negative comments to say about many of the systems that were purchased from FWSC indicating that they were in a 21 deteriorated state when they were purchased from FWSC and would require either 22

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>127</sup> Lihvarcik, Exhibit JML-2<sup>128</sup> Ibid.

1	an infusion of funds to repair, or higher operations expenses. Mr. Lihvarcik's
2	comments from his Exhibit JML-2 are listed below, along with the Company's
3	response to OPC Interrogatory 140 as to how it will rectify the situation.
4 5 6 7	• Valencia Terrace Wastewater, Mr. Lihvarcik states, "The wwtp is old and requires numerous hours of operations to maintain optimum results."
8 9 10 11 12	AUF is in the process of designing new headworks, blowers, and diffusers to improve the efficiencies of the plant. These improvements should minimize the total number of hours to operate the plant.
12 13 14 15 16 17	• Tangerine Water, Mr. Lihvarcik states, "The distribution system is aging and we have been receiving numerous service line and main line breaks. We are preparing plans to begin replacing the aging water mains and service lines."
17 18 19 20 21	AUF is currently involved in a main replacement program for the next 5 years to replace old and undersized water mains and service lines.
22 23	• Chuluota Water, Mr. Lihvarcik states, "The system is aging resulting in service line and water main breaks."
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	AUF has been replacing water mains located in the older section of Chuluota, and also participating with Seminole County to relocate mains and/or replace mains which coincide with the storm drain program. AUF also submitted an application to DEP to connect dead-end lines on various streets.
31 32 33 34	• Pomona Park Water, Mr. Lihvarcik states, "Because of the age of the system we are beginning to replace the older service lines and water main."
35 36 37 38	The system has aging and undersized water mains. The system was constructed in the 1960's and currently there are funds appropriated in the budget.
39 40 41	• Arrendondo Estates Water, Mr. Lihvarcik states, "We have numerous water service line and main breaks because of the age of the system."
42 43	The water mains are located in the rear yards of the homes, in sandy soil. These mains consist of asbestos pipe. It would be very

	PUBLIC VERSION
1 2 3 4	costly to begin replacing the water main in these yards with having to remove trees, structures, and fences. AUF repairs and replaces all water main and service line leaks as situations dictate.
5	Other information which shows that the systems were in need of repair
6	was provided in response to OPC's Interrogatory 150.
7	At the time acquisition for Florida Water Services (FWS),
8	following up on an inspection by FDEP, FDEP directed actions to
9	address hydrogen sulfide complaints in the Chuluota Water
10	System. AUF subsequently took actions and documented those
11	actions in correspondence to FDEP. AUF continues to investigate
12	the causes of these complaints and work on short term and long
13	term measures to avoid their recurrence. In a letter from FDEP
14	dated 3/8/04, DEP required follow-up work on a reuse study for
15	the Florida Central Commerce Park WWTP. AUF continued work
16	begun by FWS on this study, specific day the bypassed sand filter
17	was replaced with an automatic filter, irrigation controls upgraded,
18	and the drainage ditches were cleaned out. In addition, the Palm
19	Terrace system exceeded the action level of copper in 2003. The
20	system is supplied with water purchased from Pasco County. AUF
21	worked with FDEP and Pasco County to reduce copper levels in
22	these systems and the system achieved compliance. FWS
23	converted disinfection at the Twin Rivers System from chlorine to
24	chloramines on June 23, 2003 to achieve compliance with the
25	drinking water MCL for TTHMs.
26	
27	In a memorandum to Mr. Kropilak and Rick Hugus from Preston
28	Luitweiler dated April 14, 2004, some of the problems associated with the
29	Chuluota system were addressed.
30	The steady stream of disclosures of issue over the past two weeks
31	including the recent disclosure of the allocation issue of at
32	Chuluota has persuaded me that it will be essential to have
33	someone who can focus on these issues from day one, preferably
34	someone with good institutional knowledge of the issue, the FWS
35	systems, and the Florida regulations and regulator.
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37	Problems with the Chuluota system apparently got to the point that there
38	was a suggestion by Aqua America that it might need to submit a claim for

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1		indemnification. In a letter to Mr. Roy Stahl of Aqua America from Mr. Forrest
2		Ludsen (FWSC), the subject of Chuluota and indemnification arose:
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Q.	Thank you for your letter of July 20, 2004. Needless to say, we do not agree with a number of the statement and conclusion which you have drawn, but we see no benefit to be derived by detailing the disagreements at this time. Florida Water is aware of the undertaking that it made with regard to the water quality inicdrnt in Chuluota that commended on or about June 25, 2004, and intends to perform its obligation under the contract. If Aqua America determines to submit a claim for indemnification, we will review that claim and respond in accordance with our Agreement.
15		THAT THE CIRCUMSTANCES ASSOCIATED WITH THE PURCHASE
16		OF THE FWSC SYSTEMS WAS EXTRAORDINARY?
17	A.	Yes, I do. As the above information indicates, Aqua America purchased several of
18		FWSC systems that were old and in poor condition and would require
19		considerable funds to improve and operate properly. Although AUF apparently
20		represented to the Commission that the "overall condition of the water and
21		wastewater facilities [were] in satisfactory condition and in general compliance
22		with the requirements of the Florida Department of Environmental Protection
23		(DEP)," <sup>129</sup> information supplied after the acquisition in connection with this rate
24		case indicates otherwise. As the Commission is aware from the service hearings
25		in this case, customers are very unhappy with the quality of their water, which
26		may be due to the condition of the systems at the time that Aqua purchased them.
27		The documents that I have reviewed indicate that with respect to the Chuluota
28		system the Company was well aware of the problems associated with this system

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>129</sup> Commission Order PSC-05-1242.

1		prior to acquisition. For these reasons, I recommend that the Commission include
2		a negative acquisition adjustment in rate base of $\frac{2,702,963}{2}$ .
3	Q.	HAS THE COMMISSION INCLUDED A NEGATIVE ACQUISITION
4		ADJUSTMENT IN THE PAST UNDER CIRCUMSTANCES SIMILAR TO
5		THESE?
6	A.	Yes, it has. In a case involving Jasmine Lakes, the Commission found that a
7		negative acquisition adjustment was warranted because the system was purchased
8		in poor condition and had not been maintained for seven years. The Commission
9		found:
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28		It is the utility's position that no negative acquisition adjustment should be included in rate base. The utility argues that this Commission previously disallowed inclusion of a negative acquisition adjustment for the utility in PAA Order No. 23728, issued November 7, 1990, which became final and effective without protest. The utility further argues that the record in this case is devoid of evidence that extraordinary circumstances existed at the time of transfer. OPC witness Dismukes testified that a negative acquisition adjustment of \$ 17,753 should be included in rate base. To support this position, OPC cites utility witness Dreher's testimony that the utility was in bad shape prior to purchase, that the utility had not been maintained in seven years, and that the previous owner had neglected the utility for a long time. OPC witness Dismukes concluded that recognition of this cost/book value difference should be made. OPC further argues that recognition of this difference would insulate the ratepayers from failures or negligence by the prior utility management.
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37		We agree with OPC. The facts of this case are such that even though this Commission did not include an acquisition adjustment to rate base in the transfer docket, Docket No. 900291-WS, we find that it is patently unfair and unjust to the customers of this utility, for the investors to receive a return on that portion of the original purchase price that was less than rate base. In reaching this conclusion, we have relied on customer testimony, the need for repairs and improvements to the system at the time of the transfer, and the lack of responsibility in management. In Order No. 23728,

this Commission determined that the transfer of the Jasmine Lakes system to the current owner was in the public interest because,"... the utility's water and wastewater systems need improvements and the stockholders have committed to making the improvements necessary to provide the customers with quality of service." Order No. 23728 at 4. Further, we note that in 1990, the time of the transfer, the utility was already purchasing 80 percent of its water from Pasco County, yet the utility has earned a return on the water plant components for the past two years. Order No. 23728 at 3. In addition, we find that rate base was adjusted in the transfer docket to, "reflect repairs and improvements that need to be made to the wastewater plant." Id. Based on the foregoing, we find it appropriate to adjust rate base to include a negative acquisition adjustment of \$ 6,495 to water and \$ 11,258 to wastewater.<sup>130</sup>

16 VI. Test Year Expenses

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#### 17 Company Normalization Adjustments

#### 18 Q. THE COMPANY HAS PROPOSED SEVERAL NORMALIZATION

- 19 ADJUSTMENTS. DO YOU AGREE WITH THESE ADJUSTMENTS?
- No, I do not. I disagree with four of these adjustments. The first adjustment 20 Α. concerns a normalization of Lake Suzy land rent and sale. According to the 21 testimony of Mr. Szczygiel, this adjustment is for "a new lease of land that the 22 plant is located on at Lake Suzy.<sup>131</sup>" No other information was presented in the 23 Company's testimony other than this one partial sentence. The adjustment 24 proposed by the Company reduced test year expenses for Lake Suzy by \$22,615. 25 26 In examining the workpaper supporting the Company's normalization adjustments, it became apparent that the Company reduced this amount by an 27 alleged loss on the sale of related property. The Company has not justified why 28 29 customers should absorb this loss or that a loss was even incurred. Staff's Audit

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>130</sup> Commission Order PSC-93-1675-FOF-WS.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>131</sup> Szczygiel Direct Testimony, p. 10.

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The next three adjustments relate to an increase in expenses of \$247,827 for allocated payroll taxes from the administration department, a \$7,420 increase in expenses to normalize the service company's headcount, and a \$37,777 increase in expenses to normalize Aqua Customer Operations (ACO) costs. This last adjustment was apparently accomplished by taking fourth quarter results and multiplying by four.<sup>132</sup> I recommend that the Commission reject these adjustments as the Company supplied no workpapers in support of them.

11 Moreover, with respect to the Aqua Customer Operations I see no reason 12 to "normalize" these expenses. The Company's test year expenses include significant expenses associated with this operation that were not previously 13 included in costs of AUF. In several responses to OPC discovery inquiring about 14 cost increases associated with account 636, the Company responded that the cost 15 increase was due to the addition of the customer operations group. These are 16 costs associated with implementing the new centralized billing and customer 17 operations at Aqua Services. Florida recently came under the allocation for these 18 costs and it caused large cost increases in 2007. In addition, there are costs 19 20 associated with the old billing system provided by Severn Trent also included in the test year. For these reasons as well as the lack of support the Commission 21 should reject this adjustment. I also recommend that the Commission remove the 22 costs included in the test year associated with billings from Severn Trent because 23

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>132</sup> Response to OPC Document Request 147, Attachment 2.

it is duplicative of services being provided by ACO. Unfortunately, I have been unable to quantify the amount of expense reduction at this time.

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OPC requested on several occasions that the Company supply workpapers 3 supporting all of its adjustments to the test year. In particular, OPC requested in 4 Production of Documents Request 2: "Please provide all documents, accounting 5 records, memoranda, workpapers, studies undertaken, and calculations that 6 support all adjustments to the Company's test year revenues, rate base and 7 expenses, by system. Please provide all workpapers in electronic spreadsheet 8 format with all formulas and links intact." While the Company supplied some 9 supporting spreadsheets, not all spreadsheets or other documents were provided. 10 11 In Production of Documents Request 147, OPC specifically requested certain spreadsheets which were linked into the Company MFRs. In response to 12 Production of Documents Request 147 the Company supplied some additional 13 14 electronic spreadsheets. The information supplied in response to these document requests contained some of the workpapers that would support the Company's 15 16 normalization and proforma adjustments, but it did not include all of them. OPC also asked that the Company provide all workpapers and other documents 17 supporting its test year adjustments in one Production of Documents response, so 18 that OPC could be certain that it had all documents the Company believed to be 19 responsive to OPC's Production of Documents Request 2. As a compromise, 20 21 OPC agreed to have the Company provide a matrix of every document that it believed that it produced supporting its adjustments and the location of the 22 23 supporting documentation. In its supplemental response to OPC Production of 716

1 Documents Request 147, the Company supplied the documents shown on my 2 Schedule 19.

In my opinion, the Company failed to provide sufficient information to 3 4 support these three adjustments. The Company did supply a spreadsheet with a long list of numbers for the unallocated payroll taxes, but the data was not 5 explained. In addition, Aqua did not supply an explanation or description of this 6 7 adjustment in its testimony. With respect to the normalization for the service company headcount and ACO normalization, the Company supplied no 8 9 workpapers or other supporting documentation. Likewise, there was no testimony on the subject. 10

The Company also had adjustments to normalize salary increases. I
 discuss these adjustments with the proforma adjustments below.

13 Proforma Adjustments

14Q.THE COMPANY ALSO PREPARED SEVERAL PROFORMA15ADJUSTMENTS. DO YOU HAVE ANY RECOMMENDATIONS16CONCERNING THESE ADJUSTMENTS?

- A. Yes, I have several recommendations on the following adjustments: salaries and
   wages; the Rates Manager salary and related rent; the Controller salary; Aqua
   Connects expenses; and unsupported proforma adjustments.
- 20 Q. WOULD YOU ADDRESS THE COMPANY'S ADJUSTMENT TO 21 NORMALIZE WAGES AND THE RELATED PROFORMA 22 ADJUSTMENT?

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1 Α. Yes. The Company made three payroll adjustments. The first was to normalize a 2 4% pay increase effective April 1, 2007, for the full year. The methodology used 3 by the Company to normalize the increase overstates the amount of the increase if 4 it were in effect for the entire year. The Company has essentially compounded 5 the impact of the pay increase effective on April 1, 2007, by increasing the salary 6 amount as of December 31, 2007, (which included 9 months of the increase) by 7 1%. However, the correct method would be to apply the 4% to the salary amount before the increase. 8

9 I have prepared Schedule 20 to demonstrate the impact of the Company's methodology. As shown on this schedule, under Aqua's methodology, the 10 Company applied a 1% increase to a salary amount of \$86,771. However, this 11 12 amount already included the 4% pay increase for 9 months. Applying the 1% to 13 the increased salary level produces a 1% increase on the 4% increase already in effect. The correct method would be to apply the 4% increase to the base salary 14 before the increase, as shown under the column "Correct Method." As shown, 15 16 applying the 4% to the base salary before the increase yields an increase of \$842 as opposed to the Company's increase of \$868, or an overcharge of \$25. 17

The Company then carried this error into the 2008 proforma by starting with an inflated salary amount and then increasing it again by 4% for the 12 months of 2008 even though the 2008 increase will not be effective until April 1, 2008. In other words, although the increase will not be in effect until 04/01/08, the Company normalized the increase back to January 1, 2008. However, the methodology employed by the Company will overstate the actual amount of

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#### **PUBLIC VERSION**

1		salaries in 2008 because it assumes the increase will be effective 4 months early.
2		As shown on Schedule 20, under this hypothetical example, the Company's
3		methodology overstates the amount of the increase in 2008 by \$877. Adding
4		both the impact of the test year normalization and the 2008 proforma shows an
5		overcharge of \$902 in this hypothetical example. I have corrected the
6		Company's proforma adjustment to account only for the 2008 increase effective
7		in April.
8	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR NEXT SALARY ADJUSTMENT?
9	A.	My next adjustment relates to a 10% increase proposed for certain AUF
10		operational staff. According to Mr. Lihvaricik, Aqua reviewed:
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21		the job descriptions for each of the positions involved. The job descriptions were then sent to the field personnel to gather their input on specific tasks they perform that was not captured in the job description. Once the job descriptions were updated, all like titles were reviewed and updated with the common tasks performed by each person. An analysis was performed to compare AUF's salary's to other industry standards. With this information, salaries were developed for each of the geographical locations within Florida. <sup>133</sup>
22		appropriate to propose a 2008 increase of 10% over and above a merit increase.
23		According to the Company's response to OPC Interrogatory 92, this increase is
24		not supposed to go into effect until October 2008. <sup>134</sup> The methodology employed
25		by the Company indicates that pay increases during 2008 for these employees
26		would range between 10% and 17% over 2007 pay levels.
27		An examination of the Company's calculations for this proposed increase

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>133</sup> Lihvaricik Direct Testimony, p. 11.<sup>134</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 92.

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indicates that at the 10% increase proposed by the Company, using the low, middle, and high end of the market-based ranges, all 42 employees would exceed the low end of the range, 36 would exceed the mid-point of the range, and 6 would exceed the high end. Even without any market based increase, every position listed would exceed the low end of the market-based ranges.

Given the economic conditions of today and the Company's failure to demonstrate that its salaries are below normal, it does not seem reasonable to assume a blanket 10% increase across all positions.

Instead, I recommend that the Commission allow an increase of 4% 9 consistent with the increases allowed for other employees. Using the 4% that I 10 recommend still ensures that all operations employees are earning above the low-11 12 end of the market range and many will still earn above the midpoint of the market range with five still earning above the high end of the range. The Company has 13 14 failed to demonstrate that the proposed increase is necessary given current economic conditions and the support provided in its testimony. Therefore, I have 15 removed the proposed market based increase from the Company's proposed 16 17 adjustments.

18 Q. HAVE YOU ADJUSTED PAYROLL TAXES CONSISTENT WITH YOUR
19 NORMALIZATION AND PROFORMA ADJUSTMENTS FOR
20 SALARIES?

21 A. Yes, I have. My recommended adjustments are reflected on Schedule 28.

Q. WHAT ARE THE NEXT PROFORMA ADJUSTMENTS YOU WOULD
LIKE TO DISCUSS?

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1	A.	The next adjustments relate to the new position for the Rates Manager and the
2		associated lease expense for his office as well as the salary for a Florida
3		Controller position.
4	Q.	WOULD YOU PLEASE DISCUSS THE RATES MANAGER AND
5		RELATED LEASE PROFORMA ADJUSTMENTS PROPOSED BY THE
6		COMPANY?
7	A.	Yes. The Company is proposing a \$95,000 proforma adjustment for the salary of
8		a Rates Manager recently hired, at least in part, to assist with the instant rate case.
9		However, for several reasons, I question to what degree this position will benefit
10		ratepayers. First, although the Rates Manager filed testimony in this proceeding,
1 <b>1</b>		this testimony is now being sponsored by Mr. Smeltzer.
12		Second, because of the Rates Manager's past employment with the Florida
13		Public Service Commission, customers have raised valid concerns about his
14		involvement in the instant rate proceeding. For example, Mr. McKay wrote in an
15		e-mail to OPC and the Commission:
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27		Aqua's actions by hiring Mr. Rendell were calculated to achieve its goal of raising rates. Their intent of pushing the ethical envelope by hiring Mr. Rendell, was to capitalize on every opportunity to "slip" through the rate process as quickly as possible. They are fully aware of the value and knowledge that Mr. Rendell possesses for having worked as staff to the PSC. Mr. Rendell has insider knowledge as well as relationships with current PSC employees. I am doing my very best to point out the fact that this is a very dangerous formula for biased favoritism and the PSC should disallow his involvement. It is a citizen's responsibility to raise these issues and concerns. <sup>135</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>135</sup> E-Mail from Mr. McKay, dated April 22, 2008 to the Office of the Public Counsel and Florida Public Service Commission Commissioners.

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1		Third, although the Company proposes to expense this cost for the test
2		year, Mr. Rendell's salary may not, in fact, be expensed on a going forward basis,
3		but instead be capitalized. In response to OPC Interrogatory 165 the Company
4		stated:
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13		Troy Rendell was budgeted to have 25% of his time charged to acquisition expense (non-utility expense) and the remainder charged to deferred rate case, thus none of his time was budgeted to expense. All of his time in January was charged to regular labor expense. Very little of his time is actually charged to acquisition expense. Further, none of Mr. Rendell's time has been, or will be charged, to deferred rate case. <sup>136</sup> Given the above response, I question why the Company has included a
14		proforma adjustment for the salary of Mr. Rendell in the instant rate proceeding.
15		For these reasons, I recommend that the Commission remove the
16		requested proforma adjustment for Mr. Rendell's salary in the amount of \$95,000.
17		In addition, I recommend that the Commission not allow the associated lease
18		expense of \$8,400.
19		I also recommend that the \$75,000 adjustment for the Florida Controller
20		be disallowed. The Company provided no testimony on this subject. Nor did it February
21		provide any other information in its workpapers. In addition, as of May 2008,
22		this position had not been filled. <sup>137</sup> The Company has failed to show that the
23		position is needed or would be beneficial to customers. Therefore, I recommend
24		that the Commission disallow this proposed adjustment.
25	Q,	WOULD YOU DISCUSS THE AQUA CONNECTS PROFORMA
26		ADJUSTMENT?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>136</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 165.
<sup>137</sup> Supplemental Response to OPC Interrogatory 90.

A. Yes. The Company is proposing a \$60,000 adjustment for its Aqua Connects
 program. According to AUF, it implemented Aqua Connects, also known as town
 hall meetings, in 2008, with the first meeting being held on January 16, 2008.

4 Since its inception, the Company has held 11 meetings in Florida. However, it has or will hold meetings in other states as well.<sup>138</sup> According to the 5 6 Company, the intent of these meetings is to: "nurture our relationship with and educate Aqua's customers."<sup>139</sup> According to AUF, the Open House meeting is the 7 8 focus of Aqua Connects with customers being mailed invitations approximately 9 three weeks prior to each meeting so the invitations would arrive in the homes of 10 customers approximately two weeks ahead of the event. Attached as Schedule 21 is an example of the invitation that is sent to customers. As shown on Schedule 11 12 21, the invitation indicates that light refreshments will be provided and attendants 13 will have an opportunity to win an iPOD.

# 14 Q. DID YOU REVIEW THE GUIDE BOOK ON HOW THESE MEETINGS 15 ARE TO BE CONDUCTED?

16 A. Yes. I have attached as Schedule 22 to my testimony the document supplied in
17 response to OPC Request for Production 102. The guide explains the three
18 situations where the AquaConnects program is to be used:

- 19 20
- To nurture relationships with customers well ahead of rate cases;
- 21

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To welcome new customers where Aqua purchases water systems;

• In a contentious rate case, where these events can help educate

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>138</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 154.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>139</sup> Ibid.

1		customers. <sup>140</sup>
2		According to the guidebook, these meetings will "create goodwill in
3		communities and additionally will explain the necessity of a rate increase when
4		appropriate."
5		While there may be some educational aspects to the Aqua Connects
6		program, the purpose of the program appears to be more for public relations and
7		image enhancement. The three situations when the program is to be used are
8		indicative of creating an environment of acceptance or creating goodwill to make
9		it easier for customers to digest a rate increase or a purchase by Aqua America.
10	Q.	DO YOU BELIEVE THE COMMISSION SHOULD ALLOW THESE
11		COSTS?
12	А.	No, I do not. The invitation to the meetings, as well as the guidebook, show that
13		the main purpose of these events is to improve the Company's image and to
14		soften customers to rate increases or takeovers. In similar situations the
15		Commission has not permitted such costs to be passed on to ratepayers. For
16		example, when discussing the inclusion of membership dues and contributions in
17		a utility's test year expenses that are public relations oriented, the Commission
18		found:
19		We acknowledge that some benefits may be accrued as a result of
20		these expenses. However, we agree with OPC that costs related to
21		contributions and membership dues, which are public relations
22		oriented, should be disallowed. These costs serve to improve the
23 24		image of the company, resulting in a direct benefit to the utility's shareholders, not to the customers. This treatment has been
24 25		consistently applied by the Commission, as evidenced by Orders
26		Nos. PSC-93-0301-FOF-WS at 19-20 and PSC 96-1320-FOF-WS
26		Nos. PSC-93-0301-FOF-WS at 19-20 and PSC 96-1320-FOF-WS

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>140</sup> Response to OPC Document Request 102.

at 151-153, which Orders were officially recognized in this proceeding.  $^{\rm 141}$ 

In a large water and wastewater case involving Southern States Utilities,

Inc., the Commission made several findings on what was appropriate to charge

customers as it related to public relations-related expenses, including findings on

open houses similar to Aqua Connects.

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Mr. Ludsen disagreed with OPC that a public relations retainer is generally not a proper charge for rate case expense. Although he did not know specifics about the charge, Mr. Ludsen stated that the uniform rate investigation benefited this case because of broader customer input. Mr. Ludsen did not think that SSU was trying to enhance its image, but instead trying to inform customers through brochures about the issues in the case.

When asked about legislative charges from the Messer Vickers law firm, Mr. Ludsen could not explain to what those related. He agreed, in general, that legislative expenses should not be charged to customers. Specifically, Mr. Ludsen agreed that charges from Landers and Parsons for preparing testimony for a Senate hearing should be removed.

Mr. Ludsen's response to why open houses with customers, in addition to the Commission hearings, should be charged to customers was that it was a benefit to the case. If it benefited the case, then it benefited the customers. He did admit that those open houses were not required by the Commission.

We believe that if SSU sees a need to inform its customers or the press about the issues in the case beyond what our rules require, then those expenditures must be borne by SSU, not the customers. Accordingly, all charges related to telemarketing, public relations, uniform rate bill inserts, mailings and door hangers, cellular telephone bills and bus transportation shall be removed. Mr. Ludsen was unable to justify why a banquet or lunch was necessary and reasonable; accordingly, this amount shall be removed. As agreed to by Mr. Ludsen, any legislative or lobbying charges shall also be removed.

. . .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>141</sup> Florida Public Service Commission, United Water Florida Inc., Docket No. 960451-WS PSC-97-0618-FOF-WS, May 30, 1997.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>142</sup> Commission Order No. PSC-96-1320-FOF-WS.

#### 1 2 This order provides an excellent analysis of the types of public relations expenses that should not be charged to customers. 3 Consistent with past Commission practices, the \$60,000 for Aqua 4 Connects should be disallowed. 5 WHAT IS THE NEXT GROUP OF PROFORMA ADJUSTMENTS THAT 6 Q. 7 YOU RECOMMEND BE DISALLOWED? There were several proforma adjustments for which the Company provided no 8 A. supporting workpapers or other supportive documents. In my opinion, the 9 Commission should disallow all proposed adjustments where the Company has 10 failed to provide supporting workpapers and documentation. OPC had requested 11 electronic versions of all workpapers supporting the Company's adjustments to its 12 test year, and I have been unable to locate any workpapers supporting the 13 following adjustments. Therefore, I recommend that the adjustments that should 14 be disallowed include: 15 \$122,190 for property taxes on 2007 net additions; 16 \$4,996 for additional 2008 service company headcount; 17 \$13,227 for additional 2008 service company benefits; and 18 19 \$59,362 for additional 2008 Aqua Customer Operations employee benefits. 20 **Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Expenses** 21 WHAT ADJUSTMENTS ARE YOU RECOMMENDING TO TEST YEAR 22 Q. **OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSES?** 23

PUBLIC VERSION

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1 I am recommending several adjustments. The first group consists of expenses Α. 2 which the Commission typically does not allow to be recovered from ratepayers. 3 These include lobbying expenses, certain advertising expenses, corporate and 4 development costs. 5 WHAT ADJUSTMENT DO YOU RECOMMEND FOR ADVERTISING? Q. 6 Α. The Company expensed \$1,050 on an advertisement which is geared toward 7 image enhancement and goodwill. As discussed above, the Commission 8 consistently disallows advertising costs that promote a company's image, as 9. stated below: United has included intrastate institutional or image advertising 10 costs of \$ 848,000 in its proposed test year operating expense. The 11 Company asserts that LECs today are facing various forms of 12 13 competition and advertising is an effective tool to deal with it. United is receiving payments from UTLD to compensate for the 14 many tangible and intangible benefits it receives from the 15 Company. United contends that, since the ratepayer is being 16 compensated through the payment for the value of United's name, 17 18 logo and reputation, it is only fair that the ratepayer pay for the 19 expenditures necessary to maintain this value. 20 21 OPC does not agree with United's argument; OPC asserts that it is 22 flawed and a misunderstanding of the UTLD docket. The 23 compensating payment was primarily to compensate United for 24 marketing and operation benefits derived by UTLD. OPC recommends that we continue our long-standing, well reasoned 25 26 policy of assigning the costs of institutional or image advertising to 27 the shareholder. 28 29 We agree with OPC that institutional or image advertising benefits 30 the nonregulated portions of the business to a greater extent than the regulated operations and that the UTLD compensating payment 31 32 is for benefits already funded by the ratepayers. We will continue our policy of excluding institutional or image advertising from the 33 cost of service.<sup>143</sup> 34 35

**PUBLIC VERSION** 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>143</sup> Commission Order No. 24049.

1		The advertisement, which appeared in the Florida Insider magazine, states
2		at the beginning: "Investing now in water quality before the well runs dry." <sup>144</sup>
3		Later in the ad, there is a description of the Company and how it is investing in
4		Florida: "Aqua Utilities Florida is an investor-owned water and wastewater
5		company whose business depends on sustainable water resources. Our capital
6		spending for pumps, pipes, wells and treatment plants totaled approximately \$30
7		million between 2005 and 2007 - and we'll continue to invest in Florida's future
8		in 2008."
9		This is the kind of image enhancing advertising that the Commission has
10		disallowed in the past. Therefore, I recommend that the Commission remove
11		\$1,050 from test year expenses.
12	Q.	THE COMPANY INCURRED \$39,387 <sup>145</sup> IN LOBBYING CHARGES
		DUDING THE TEGT WEAD DOED THE COMMISSION USUALLY
13		DURING THE TEST YEAR. DOES THE COMMISSION USUALLY
13 14		ALLOW THESE TYPES OF EXPENSES?
	А.	
14	А. <b>Q.</b>	ALLOW THESE TYPES OF EXPENSES?
14 15		ALLOW THESE TYPES OF EXPENSES? No, it does not.
14 15 16	Q.	ALLOW THESE TYPES OF EXPENSES? No, it does not. COULD YOU DESCRIBE THE LOBBYING SERVICES PROVIDED?
14 15 16 17	Q.	ALLOW THESE TYPES OF EXPENSES? No, it does not. COULD YOU DESCRIBE THE LOBBYING SERVICES PROVIDED? Yes. In Interrogatory 217, OPC requested additional information about lobbying
14 15 16 17 18	Q.	ALLOW THESE TYPES OF EXPENSES? No, it does not. COULD YOU DESCRIBE THE LOBBYING SERVICES PROVIDED? Yes. In Interrogatory 217, OPC requested additional information about lobbying charges. In particular, OPC asked: "Please refer to the Company's response to
14 15 16 17 18 19	Q.	<ul> <li>ALLOW THESE TYPES OF EXPENSES?</li> <li>No, it does not.</li> <li>COULD YOU DESCRIBE THE LOBBYING SERVICES PROVIDED?</li> <li>Yes. In Interrogatory 217, OPC requested additional information about lobbying charges. In particular, OPC asked: "Please refer to the Company's response to OPC's Interrogatory 41. Please provide a detailed explanation of the activities</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Q.	ALLOW THESE TYPES OF EXPENSES? No, it does not. COULD YOU DESCRIBE THE LOBBYING SERVICES PROVIDED? Yes. In Interrogatory 217, OPC requested additional information about lobbying charges. In particular, OPC asked: "Please refer to the Company's response to OPC's Interrogatory 41. Please provide a detailed explanation of the activities performed by each firm listed in the attachments to this response. Please indicate

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>144</sup> Response to OPC Document Request 85.
<sup>145</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 41.

AUF responded as follows:

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26 27 The General Objections stated above are incorporated herein by reference. Without waiving such objections, AUF answers that George Lane was previously registered as a lobbyist until December 31, 2005, at which time he had five registered clients, one of which was AUF. George Lane has not been registered as a lobbyist since January 1, 2006. George Lane was a rural marketing consultant and a media management specialist for AUF with more than 40 years experience with the Florida news media. His role had been to provide input on media articles, customer letters, managing situations where news media is involved and recommending newspaper outlets for AUF to place required regulation notices. With Mr. Lane's knowledge of Florida, he provided background information on cities, towns and counties in which AUF would like to purchase water or wastewater systems. At times he would set up meetings with various department heads, or administrators to discuss these potential acquisitions. With his contacts throughout the state, Mr. Lane would facilitate a meeting if a community, developer, or builder required water or wastewater utility services.

AUF ceased to utilize the services of George Lane in mid 2007. Cynergy currently provides legislative services for AUF. This includes monitoring and advising AUF of any pending or potential legislative actions and/or issues related to the water and wastewater industry either on the state or local level. Cynergy also participates in customer relation issues when requested.<sup>146</sup>

- As can be seen from the Company's response, the charges from both consultants are related to lobbying efforts and/or acquisition efforts, both of which
- 30 are not allowed by the Commission.

## 31 Q. WHAT IS THE COMMISSION'S POLICY ON THESE TYPES OF

- 32 EXPENSES?
- A. As indicated above, the Commission does not allow lobbying charges to be
   recovered from ratepayers as such efforts are for the benefit of stockholders, not

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>146</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 217.

1		ratepayers. <sup>147</sup> Therefore, I recommend that the Commission remove these
2		expenses from the test year.
3	Q.	DID THE COMPANY INCUR EXPENSES FOR CORPORATE
4		ACQUSITIONS AND DEVELOPMENT IN THE TEST YEAR?
5	A.	Yes, it did. During the test year the Company incurred wages and benefits for Mr.
6		Carl Smith in the amount of \$93,541. Mr. Smith is in charge of corporate
7		development and acquisitions in the State of Florida. In addition, the Company
8		was also charged for \$3,953 for Mr. Kropilak who is in charge of acquisitions at
9		the Aqua Services level. In response to discovery, the Company provided the
10		following job descriptions:
11 12 13 14 15 16 17		Carl Smith; Director of Corporate Development at Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc. Carl is responsible for the acquisition of water and wastewater systems at Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc. Carl also acts as AUF's Tapping Agent and coordinates main extensions for areas outside the company's service territory. Additionally, Carl is responsible for working with developers on new satellite systems in Florida.
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27		Mark Kropilak, Senior Vice President-Corporate Development. Mark Kropilak is an employee of Aqua Services, Inc. Mark is responsible for reviewing potential acquisitions in all states to determine if the acquisition is an appropriate fit for the company. Although Mark is located in Pennsylvania and most of his time is spent on matters involving Pennsylvania, Mark advises Carl Smith on the soundness of a potential acquisition. Mark also provides assistance in structuring deals and preparing the necessary documentation. <sup>148</sup>
28 29		The job descriptions for both of these individuals indicate that the
30		functions they perform are not normal utility functions, but are instead associated
31		with acquisition efforts which should be considered nonutility.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>147</sup> Commission Order No. PSC-96-1320-FOF-WS.
<sup>148</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 19.

1		Schedule 23, of my exhibit shows the number of acquisitions that Aqua
2		America has made during the last two years is extensive. As shown, in 2006 Aqua
2		7 Mierrea has made during the last two years is exclusive. Ats showin, in 2000 Aqui
3		America acquired 26 systems or companies both regulated and nonregulated
4		resulting in additional revenue of \$9.6 million or which \$7.9 million is
5		attributable to nonregulated acquisitions. In 2007 Aqua America acquired 27
6		systems of which six were in Florida. In total these acquisitions result in addition
7		revenue to Aqua America of \$27.9 million.
8	Q.	HAS THE COMMISSION DISALLOWED SALARIES AND WAGES
9		ASSOCIATED WITH ACQUISITION EFFORTS IN OTHER RATE
10		PROCEEDINGS?
11	A.	Yes, it has. In Order No. PSC-
12		there is sufficient evidence in the record to indicate that
13		the amount of acquisition related salaries recorded below-the-line
14		was considerably lower than what should have reasonably been
15		recorded. In effect, SSU conceded to this point in that the utility
16		only disagreed with the portion of OPC's adjustment related to the
17		percentage disallowance associated with Mr. Sweat's department.
18		We do not find SSU's proposal to record 50 percent of this
19		department's salaries and related expenses below-the-line to be
20		reasonable. We note that 50 percent of Mr. Sweat's salary alone is
21		more than what the utility originally recorded below-the-line. The
22		record indicated that the level of effort expended on acquisitions
23		has increased over previous years, but the amount of salaries SSU
24		recorded below-the-line has decreased. We also note that SSU provided no evidence to support how its recommended percent
25 26		disallowance was determined, or any substantive basis as to why
20		that percentage would be reasonable.
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20 29		As in the case of salaries and expenses related to lobbying, SSU
30		has shifted the burden of proof onto OPC to disprove the
31		reasonableness of SSU's expenses by arguing that because OPC
32		did not present historical time sheets or any other evidence, we
33		should adopt the utility's suggested alternative. We reiterate that in
34		a rate proceeding, it is the utility's burden to prove that its expenses
35		are prudent and reasonable. Based on SSU's concession that the

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13 14 amount of acquisition related salaries recorded below-the-line was insufficient, in addition to the preceding discussion, we find that SSU has not met its burden of proof. While SSU argued that time sheets should be used as the determining factor,

SSU did not adequately support its original estimate nor its proposed estimate with regard to the salaries for the corporate development section. Considering that Ms. Dismukes used a conservative estimate to calculate the disallowance for all other employees who spend time related to acquisitions, we find that proposed adjustment to be reasonable. Therefore, test year expenses shall be reduced by \$175,928 for salaries and \$ 10,742 for related expenses.<sup>149</sup>

The above citation relates to the last Southern States case, Docket No. 15 950495-WS which involved many of the same water and wastewater systems that 16 are part of AUF. In that proceeding the Commission disallowed the costs 17 associated with the personnel that were responsible for acquisitions. I agree with 18 the Commission and recommend that in the instant rate proceeding the 19 Commission reduce test year expense for Mr. Smith's salary and benefits of 20 \$93.541. In addition, the Commission should remove the costs allocated to the 21 Company from Mr. Kropilak of \$3,953. However this latter adjustment is not 22 necessary if the Commission adopts my adjustments to charges for the excessive 23 charges from Aqua Services. 24

25 Q. DURING THE TEST YEAR DID THE COMPANY INCUR ANY
26 EXPENSES FOR FINES AND PENALTIES?

A. Yes. During the test year the Company incurred \$85,984 for fines and penalties.
According to AUF's response to OPC's Interrogatory 30, these fines and penalties
were largely related to late payment fees for the late payment of utility bills, late
filing fee from the Commission, and several penalties from environmental

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>149</sup> Commission Order No. PSC 96-1320-FOF-WS.

agencies for the following systems: Tamoka/Twin Towers, Imperial Mobile Terrace, Morningview, Interlachen Lake, Pomona Park, River Grove and Chuluota. These expenses should have been booked below the line for ratemaking purposes as required by the NARUC Uniform System of Accounts.

# 5 Q. WOULD YOU ADDRESS THE ADJUSTMENT FOR RELOCATION 6 EXPENSES?

Yes. During the test year the Company incurred \$35,758 of expenses associated 7 Α. with relocating Jack Lihvarcik, Jerry Connolly, and Carl Smith to Leesburg, 8 Florida from various locations. This level of expense compares to \$21,550 in 9 2006 and \$7,282 in 2005.<sup>150</sup> This information shows that during the test year the 10 Company incurred a higher than normal level of relocation expenses. Therefore, I 11 recommend that test expenses be reduced by \$14,228 to reflect the three year 12 average level of relocation expenses. Although this information was requested 13 by system, it was not provided in that manner. Therefore, I estimated the 14 15 distribution to the systems in this rate proceeding based upon customers.

#### 16 Q. WHAT IS YOUR NEXT ADJUSTMENT?

A. My next adjustment relates to Directors and Officers Liability insurance.
According to the Company, this insurance protects Aqua America's Corporate
Directors and Officers against claims, most often by stockholders and employees,
alleging financial loss arising from mismanagement. The policies purchased by
Aqua America contain two types of coverage. The first reimburses Aqua
America when it is legally obligated (typically by corporate charter or state
statute) to indemnify corporate directors and officers for their acts. The second

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>150</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 97.

1	provides direct coverage to directors and officers when the organization is not
2	legally obligated to indemnify them. <sup>151</sup> During the test year Aqua Services
3	incurred \$522,702 in insurance for its executives. Aqua America has the
4	following three coverage's or policies for Directors and Officers Liability.
5	A - Directors and Officers Liability Deductible Limits of Liability
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	<ul> <li>Year 2005 \$1,000,000 Indemnifiable loss \$15,000,000 aggregate, inclusive of defense costs</li> <li>Year 2006 \$1,000,000 Indemnifiable loss \$15,000,000 aggregate, inclusive of defense costs</li> <li>Year 2007 \$1,000,000 Indemnifiable loss \$15,000,000 aggregate, inclusive of defense costs</li> <li>B - Excess Directors and Officers Liability</li> </ul>
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<ul> <li>Deductible Limits of Liability</li> <li>Year 2005 N/A \$10,000,000 aggregate excess of \$15,000,000 aggregate</li> <li>Year 2006 N/A \$10,000,000 aggregate excess of \$15,000,000 aggregate</li> <li>Year 2007 N/A \$10,000,000 aggregate excess of \$15,000,000 aggregate</li> <li>C - Excess Directors and Officers Liability - Side A Deductible Limits of Liability</li> </ul>
24 25 26 27 28	<ul> <li>Year 2006 N/A \$5,000,000 aggregate excess of \$25,000,000 aggregate</li> <li>Year 2007 N/A \$5,000,000 aggregate excess of \$25,000,000 aggregate<sup>152</sup> In OPC Interrogatory 35 the Company was asked to list all claims made</li> </ul>
29	against directors and officers and the amount of any claims paid during the period
30	2003 through 2007. The Company responded " AUF answers that there were
31	no claims made against directors and officers over the period 2005-2007." The
32	Company offered no explanation why it had ignored the years 2003 and 2004 in

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>151</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 37.
 <sup>152</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 34.

its response.<sup>153</sup> In Interrogatory 36, OPC asked: "With respect to Directors and Officers Liability Insurance coverage obtained, state whether any customer, who is not a shareholder, has ever filed a claim against a director or officer of the Company and if so provide the number of times this has occurred and the outcome of the claim." In response to this question the Company responded: "AUF answers that there are none."

I recommend that the Commission remove these expenses from the test 7 year. This cost, at least in part, is designed to protect directors from the financial 8 losses that they might incur for wrong doing. In addition, as indicated above, no 9 customers have filed a claim that would activate this insurance. In addition, as 10 Aqua admits, most likely claims that would require the use of this insurance will 11 be the result of actions taken by stockholders or employees. I do not think 12 customers should be responsible for protecting the directors and offices of Aqua 13 America; since its stockholders are more likely to make a claim against the 14 Company, stockholders should absorb the cost. Therefore, I recommend that test 15 vear expenses be reduced by \$12,399. 16

#### 17 Q. WHAT IS THE NEXT ADJUSTMENT YOU RECOMMEND?

18 A. The next adjustment I propose removes from test year expenses deferred

maintenance projects that have been improperly amortized or which will be fully
 amortized by 2008 –the same year as the Company's proforma test year.

# 21 Q. WHAT TYPES OF MAINTENANCE PROJECTS ARE DEFERRED BY 22 THE COMPANY?

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>153</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 35.

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#### **PUBLIC VERSION**

- 1 A. OPC's request regarding deferred maintenance projects and the Company's
  - response follow:

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OPC Interrogatory 108: For purposes of this request, please refer to Mr. Griffin's testimony, p. 10, lines 7-19. Please provide for each system and each deferred maintenance item, a description of the deferred maintenance including type and purpose, the original and test year balance of the deferred maintenance, the date the deferred maintenance was incurred, the years of amortization, how often the maintenance is required, and the annual amortization amount.

Company's Response: The General Objections stated above are incorporated herein by reference. Without waiving such objections, AUF answers that documents responsive to this Interrogatory are provided on the attached CD labeled "AUF's 7-28-08 Answers to OPC 2nd ROGs," which documents include the requested information for each system.

- 19 In the file provided by the Company, deferred maintenance expenses
- 20 included permit renewals, O&M manuals, pond berm clearing, engineering
- 21 studies, jetting/cleaning, repairs, and tank inspection and report.
  - 22 Q. WHAT IS THE COMPANY'S POLICY USED TO DETERMINE
- 23 WHETHER A MAINTENANCE PROJECT SHOULD BE EXPENSED OR
- 24 CAPITALIZED?
- 25 A. In response to OPC's Document Request, the Company stated:

AUF states there is no formal Company policy for the deferred 26 maintenance items referenced in AUF's response to OPC 27 Interrogatory No. 108. Deferred maintenance items are recorded in 28 a deferred debit account and amortized monthly. The practice of 29 matching expenses over the period of benefit is a basic accounting 30 concept. The deferrals are primarily comprised of permits (which 31 must be renewed), required DEP inspections and repairs. Company 32 practice is to amortize the costs for permits over the life of the 33 permit. If a permit is renewed every 3 years, then the amortization 34 period is 36 months. If a permit is renewed every 5 years, then the 35 amortization period is 60 months. The same practice is used for 36

DEP-related inspections. If the DEP requires inspection every 3 years, then the amortization period is 36 months. The remaining deferred debits are for repairs. The Company practice for O&M type costs is to amortize them over a maximum of 3 years, as repairs or replacements are likely to recur beyond that length of time.<sup>154</sup>

# 8 Q. DID YOU FIND PROBLEMS WITH THE COMPANY'S DEFERRED

#### MAINTENANCE AMORTIZATIONS?

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First Aqua overstated test year expenses because it did not begin 10 A. Yes. amortization of its maintenance projects the month after the expense was incurred. 11 For example, the Company is amortizing the expense to clear the pond berm for 12 the Village Water and Wastewater system. The expense was incurred in July 13 2004. Using a five-year amortization period, amortization would end June 2009. 14 However; the amortization didn't begin until March 2005. The Company then 15 amortized the expense over the remaining period, leading to an amortization over 16 46 months instead of 60 and increasing the amortization amount. I recommend 17 that the Commission determine the amount of expense that would be incurred 18 during the test year assuming the Company had started its amortization when the 19 expense was incurred. Amortizing the expense over a shorter period results in an 20 overstatement of the test year expenses, which is shown on Schedule 24. 21

Second, in some cases the Company used an amortization period of less than five years. However, no justification was provided to demonstrate that a period less than five years is appropriate. For instance, the jetting/cleaning for Jasmine Lakes are amortized over three years, yet there has been no showing that these costs should be amortized over a shorter period of time.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>154</sup> Response to OPC Document Request 214.

1	Q.	DO YOU RECOMMEND ANY OTHER CHANGES TO THE
2		COMPANY'S TEST YEAR AMORTIZATIONS?
3	A.	Yes. I recommend that any deferred maintenance projects that will be completed
4		before the end of 2008 be removed from test year expenses. The Company has not
5		demonstrated that these cost will beyond 2008, therefore they should be removed
6		from the test year, consistent with the Company's 2008 proforma adjustments.
7	Q.	DO YOU HAVE A SCHEDULE THAT SHOWS THE ADJUSTMENTS
8		THAT YOU RECOMMEND FOR DEFERRED MAINTENANCE
9		AMORTIZATIONS?
10	А.	Yes. The adjustments that I recommend are reflected on Schedule 24. As shown,
11		in total the adjustments that I recommend reduce test year expenses by \$22,978.
12	Q.	HAVE YOU MADE AN ADJUSTMENT FOR THE NEW SYSTEMS
13	×.	WHICH WERE ADDED TO THE COMPANY IN 2007 WHICH WERE
14		NOT PART OF THE COMPANY'S ORIGINAL ALLOCATIONS?
15	A.	Yes, I have. The adjustment that I recommend takes into consideration the
15	<i>.</i>	addition of 3,367 customers that were added to Aqua America's water and
		wastewater operations during 2007 that were not included in the test year
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18		allocation factors. The adjustment that I recommend reduces test year expenses by
19		\$3,343. However, because of the adjustment that I am recommending for
20		excessive charges from Aqua Services, I have not incorporated this adjustment
21		into the test year revenue requirement.
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- 1 Bad Debt Expense
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# 3 Q. HAVE YOU PERFORMED AN ANALYSIS OF THE LEVELS OF BAD 4 DEBT?

- 5 A. Yes. I have prepared Schedule 25 of my exhibit to show the levels of bad debt for
  6 each system. On a combined system basis, the percentage of bad debt to revenue
  7 was 1.5 percent for 2007.
- 8 Q. DOES IT APPEAR THAT AQUA'S BAD DEBT EXPENSE IS 9 UNUSUALLY HIGH DURING THE TEST YEAR?
- 10A.Yes. The Company explained in response to OPC Interrogatory 165, that its bad11debt expense was high in 2007 and was expected to be even higher in 2008. Aqua12estimated that 2008 bad debt expense would be 2 percent of its revenue. The13reason for this estimate was: "[Aqua's] aging is still compromised due to all of the14credits/cancelled bills issued the end of 2007. A calculation based on [its] actual15over 90 aging wouldn't give a true picture, therefore bad debt expense was16estimated at 2% of revenue."<sup>155</sup>
- 17 The Company further explained:

AUF has an open item billing system. In November 2007 AUF 18 processed the interim rate refund by canceling the bills processed 19 with the higher interim rates and then re-billed them at the 20 previous rates. This left credits on the customers' accounts that 21 22 eliminated in future periods as they were being billed. Due to the fact that we cancelled and re-billed rather than processing current 23 period adjustments, the credits on the customers' accounts aged 24 according to the original billing period.<sup>156</sup> 25

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>155</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 165.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>156</sup> Ibid.

Q. WHAT CHANGES TO THE COMPANY'S COLLECTION POLICIES 1 **OCCURRED DURING THE TEST YEAR?** 2

A. Aqua America disclosed in its annual report, "During certain periods in 2007, we temporarily discontinued collection efforts in some of our divisions in connection with the installation of a new billing system which resulted in increased amounts written off and higher bad debt expense."<sup>157</sup> Clearly, such a change would lead to higher levels of bad debt expense than normal and should not be included in expenses used to set rates.

# 9 Q. HAVE THERE BEEN BILLING PROBLEMS IN 2007 THAT WOULD 10 LEAD TO HIGHER BAD DEBT EXPENSE DURING THE TEST YEAR 11 THAN A NORMAL YEAR?

Yes. As just addressed the Company has experienced significant billing problems 12 Α. 13 which undoubtedly led to higher bad debt expense during the test year. As explained in the first section of my testimony, customers have experienced 14 significant billing problems associated with the change in billing systems as well 15 as the installation of new meters which also contributed to significant billing 16 As shown on Schedule 3 which details the complaints filed at the 17 errors. Commission since the last rate case, 67 percent of the complaints dealt with 18 19 billing issues.

In addition, as depicted on Schedule 7, the Company had a number of significant billing errors in 2007. As shown, the difference between the booked revenue and billed revenue for each of Aqua's water and wastewater systems was significant. For the water systems the highest error rate was in the Arredondo

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>157</sup> Aqua America, Inc. 2007 Annual Report, p. 9.

Farms system which showed a difference between billed and booked revenue was 140 percent. On the wastewater side the most significant difference between booked and billed revenue was Beecher's Point with an error rate of 119 percent. In total for water the difference between booked and billed revenue was 35 percent and for wastewater the difference was 21 percent. Clearly, the Company had billing problems during the test year that resulted in an unusually high level of bad debt expense.

# 8 Q. DID THE COMPANY MAKE ANY ADJUSTMENTS TO ITS TEST YEAR 9 FOR BAD DEBT EXPENSE?

10 A. No it did not. When asked if it made an adjustment to test year bad debt 11 expenses, the Company provided the following response: "The Company's normal 12 process of monthly bad debt expense recognizes the appropriate level of reserve 13 and the Company believes that no separate adjustment is necessary."<sup>158</sup>

WHAT RECOMMENDATION ARE YOU MAKING REGARDING BAD

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Q.

# **DEBT EXPENSE?**

A. Typically, the Commission uses a four-year average to test the reasonableness of a utility's bad debt expense.<sup>159</sup> However, in this case four years' data is not available. The Company has only been able to produce requested financial data for three years. However, even examining the data for the past three years would not be appropriate. AUF has experienced significant and continuing billing problems which render the historic data unreliable. Therefore, I recommend

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>158</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 56.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>159</sup> Commission Order No. PSC-0505-SC-WS.

#### establishing a reasonable level of bad debt expense by comparing Aqua with other 1 Florida Class A utilities. 2 HOW DOES AQUA'S BAD DEBT LEVEL COMPARE TO OTHER 3 Q. FLORIDA CLASS A UTILITIES? 4 Aqua's bad debt ratio is substantially higher than the industry. As shown on 5 Α. Schedule 25, the Company's ratio of bad debt to revenue is 1.5 percent whereas 6 the average for other jurisdictional Class A water and wastewater utilities is 0.3 7 percent. On a system specific led level, the bad debt ratio ranges from a high of 8 17.3 percent to a low of negative 1.2 percent. 9 10 I also examined the level of bad debt on a per customer basis. As shown on this schedule, the average bad per customer for AUF is \$5.26 compared to the 11 12 average for all class A companies of \$.94 - a difference of over 450 percent. The difference between the Company's bad debt and the average for comparable 13 companies is significant and clearly demonstrates that the Company's test year 14 15 bad debt is abnormally high. Consequently, I recommend that the Commission adjust test year bad debt 16 to a more normal level consistent with good billing and meter reading practices. It 17 18 would be unfair to customers for them to be charged for the Company's failure to 19 properly bill them and accurately install and read meters. DO YOU HAVE A RECOMMENDATION THAT WILL REMOVE THESE 20 Q. **ABNORMALITIES FROM THE TEST YEAR?** 21 Yes. Schedule 25 shows a comparison of the test year bad debt to revenue and bad Α. 22 debt per customer for all systems compared to the average Class A water and 23

#### **PUBLIC VERSION**

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1		wastewater utility. As shown on this schedule the bad debt allowance for Aqua
2		under both methods is comparable-\$27,065 based on bad debt as a percentage of
3		revenue and \$23,418 based upon revenue per customer. This compares to Aqua's
4		test year bad debt of \$131,291.
5		I recommend that the Commission average the bad debt allowance under
6		both methods to determine the bad debt allowance applicable to the test year. As
7		shown on this schedule, using this methodology, the resulting adjustment to test
8		year bad debt expense is \$106,049.
9	Q.	HAS THE COMMISSION ACCEPTED A COMPARABLE APPROACH
10		TO EXAMINING BAD DEBT IN THE PAST?
11	А.	Yes. In Docket No. 940109-WU, St. George Island Utility Company, Ltd., could
12		not support its requested bad debt expense. Therefore, a methodology which
13		examined "an amount [of bad debt] comparable to that experienced by other Class
14		B utilities" was adopted by the Commission. <sup>160</sup>
15	Q.	WHAT SYSTEM SPECIFIC ADJUSTMENTS DO YOU RECOMMEND?
16	А.	I am recommending several system specific adjustments. First, during the test
17		year the Company purchased and installed generators at several of its treatment
18		plants as part of its hurricane preparedness. In response to OPC's Fourth Set of
19		Interrogatories Nos. 264-379 which asked system-specific questions about cost
20		increases, the Company explained why costs had increased in the account Fuel for
21		Power Production. In response to these questions on fuel expenses, Aqua
22		provided the following response for each system for which OPC requested the
23		information:
	160 C-	mmission Order No. PSC-04-1383-FOF-WIL

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>160</sup> Commission Order No. PSC-94-1383-FOF-WU.

The General Objections stated above are incorporated herein by reference. Without waiving any such objections, AUF states that as part of its hurricane preparedness program, the utility purchased and installed generators for its treatment plants. These purchases were to provide a back-up power source for these plants during times of power outages due to adverse weather conditions. The increased costs were due to the need to purchase fuel for the back-up generators. There was no capacity for an old generator. There are no cost reductions associated with the installation of the new generator. AUF states that documents responsive to this Interrogatory, which include generator data, will be made available for OPC's inspection and copying at the office of Holland & Knight LLP, 315 S. Calhoun Street, Suite 600, Tallahassee, Florida 32301, upon OPC's reasonable notice to Gigi Rollini, Esquire, or D. Bruce May, Jr., Esquire, counsel for AUF, of OPC's desire to inspect such documents. Ms. Rollini, Mr. May, or their designee will be made available to assist OPC to locate and identify the records at the time they are produced.<sup>161</sup> According to the Company response, the fuel expense included in the test

year is overstated due to the fueling of the generators purchased in preparation for 21 hurricanes. The Commission typically requires that costs associated with 22 hurricanes be amortized over four years. I therefore recommend that the 23 additional fuel costs included in the test year for the following systems be 24 amortized over four years: 48 Estates, Chuluota, Friendly Center, Grand Terrace, 25 Haines Creek, Hobby Hills, Holiday Haven, Lake Josephine, Lake Suzy, Leisure 26 Lakes, Ocala Oaks, Picciola Island, Rosalie Oaks, The Woods, Sebring Lakes, 27 South Seas, Summit Chase, and Sunny Hills. The impact of my recommendation 28 reduces test year expenses by \$7,095. 29

#### 30 Q. WHAT IS YOUR NEXT ADJUSTMENT?

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A. In this same set of discovery, OPC asked questions about increased chemical
expenses. In response to several questions the Company indicated that increased

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>161</sup> Supplemental Response to OPC's Fourth Set of Interrogatories.

flushing caused an increase in chemical expenses. For several systems flushing during the test year appears to be higher than normal—in some instances considerably higher—as shown in the table below. For example, for the Orange Hill/Sugar Creek system, flushing increased by 43% during the test year, but flows actually decreased. In addition, when comparing test year flows to the prior two years, the test year looks unusually high.

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In addition, for all of the systems identified in the table below, an increase in test year flows does not appear to be the reason for line flushing.

			C	hemical Increas	e Due to Flu	shing			
	Oran	ge Hill/Sug	gar Creek				Skycres	t	
	Flows	%		%		Flows	%		
	(000,000)	Increase	Flushing	Increase	1	(000,000)	Increase	Flushing	% Increa
2005	20.948		515,000		2005	8.163		9,000	
2006	21.614	3%	528,100	3%	2006	9.041	11%	-	-100
2007	20:189	-7%	754,000	43%	2007	10.507	16%	127,500	
		Palm MI	£P				Tangerir	ie	
				%		Flows	%		
			Flushing	Increase		(000,000)	Increase	Flushing	% Increa
2005	Not Prov	ided	223,800		2005	42.720	Aller etable	825,700	/ 110100
2006	Not Prov		241,200	8%	2006	50.337	18%	1.000	-100
2007	Not Prov	ided	605,600	151%	2007	44.253	-12%	1,649,000	164800
	Picciola Island				Tomoka/Twin Towers				
i	Flows	%		%		Flows	%		
	(000,000)	Increase	Flushing	Increase		(000,000)	Increase	Flushing	% Increa
2005	11.562	mercase	Flushing	merease	2005	20.985	Increase	riusining	70 Incite2
2005	15.321	33%		·	2005	29.746	42%	43,500	
2007	13.806	-10%	24,500	····-	2007	28.886	-3%	1,412,000	314
2007	19.800	Ouail Rid		·	2007		Valencia Te		
	Flows	<u></u> %		%		Flows	%	11000	
	(000,000)	Increase	Flushing	Increase		(000,000)	Increase	Flushing	% Increa
2005	5.629		14,000		2005	25.735		1,498,000	
2006	6.124	9%	2,000	-86%	2006	30.926	20%	60,300	-96
2007	7.000	14%	37,500	1775%	2007	27.741	-10%	319,500	43(
	Silver Lak	e Estates/W	estern Shores						
Ţ	Flows	%		%					
	(000,000)	Increase	Flushing	Increase					
2005	25.735		1,498,000		ſ				
2006	30.926	20%	60,300	-96%					
2007	27.741	-10%	319,500	430%					

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10 Q. HAVE YOU MADE AN ADJUSTMENT TO ACCOUNT FOR THE
 11 ABNORMAL LEVEL OF CHEMICAL AND PURCHASED POWER
 12 EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH THE INCREASED FLUSHING?

1 Yes. To develop my recommended adjustment, I divided test year chemical and A. purchased power expenses by test year flows to arrive at a chemical cost per 2 3 gallon. I estimated the normal level of flushing by averaging flushing of either the 4 most recent two years or most recent three years. The difference between the 5 estimated normal level of flushing and test year flushing was multiplied by the 6 chemical expense per gallon to arrive at an adjustment amount for each system. 7 My recommended adjustments reduce test year expenses by \$2,388. 8

Q. HAVE YOU MADE ANY ADJUSTMENTS TO TESTING EXPENSES?

9 A. Yes. In response to OPC Interrogatory 173, the Company provided information 10 about testing expenses incurred during the test year and the prior two years. After 11 evaluating the information supplied by the Company, I am recommending 12 adjustments to test year testing expenses for the following systems: Fern Terrace, 13 Grand Terrace, Jasmine Lakes, Lake Gibson, Pomona Park, River Grove, and 14 Zephyr Shores. In each of these systems, the level of test year expenses increased by more than 25% compared to the three year average from 2005-07. 15 The 16 adjustments that I recommend are shown below.

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Testing Exp	ense Ad	justments	]
System		Amount	7
Fern Terrace	\$	(474)	
Grand Terrace	\$	(832)	]
Jasmine Lakes	\$	(3,071)	7
Lake Gibson	\$	(4)	(182)
Panoma Park	\$	(1,677)	7
River Grove	\$	(434)	7
Zephyr Shores	\$	(2,432)	(1,431)
Total	\$	(8,924)	] , ,

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# Q. WHAT OTHER SYSTEM SPECIFIC ADJUSTMENTS HAVE YOU MADE TO TEST YEAR EXPENSES?

3 A. I have made several other system specific adjustments for unusually high or 4 abnormal test year expenses. First, I recommend that the Commission reduce test 5 year Contractual Services-Other expenses for Leisure Lakes by \$2,348 for repairs 6 and maintenance expenses that occurred during the test year, which do not appear 7 to be recurring costs. Interestingly, the Company deferred and amortized such expenses for several systems in 2005. But now during the year for a rate increase, 8 9 the Company is expensing similar repair costs all in one year. I am utilizing three years to normalize the costs consistent with the Company's treatment of similar 10 11 repairs.

Second, I recommend an adjustment to the Lake Josephine system. 12 The Company explained that the test year expense increase related to the Lake 13 Josephine plant being offline for a period of time. Rehab work was done on the 14 plant and it was then brought back on-line. In addition, there was "also a lot of 15 line flushing in this area during this time period which would also contribute to 16 increased power."<sup>162</sup> I am recommending that the Commission reduce test year 17 expenses by \$3,795 to recognize the higher level of expense included in the test 18 19 year relative to a more normal level.

Third, I recommend two adjustments to Sunny Hills. Specifically, I am recommending that the Commission reduce test year expenses for abnormal sludge hauling expenses in the amount of \$350 and abnormal Contractual Services – Other in the amount of \$1,575. Concerning the sludge hauling

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>162</sup> Response to OPC Interrogary 180.

expenses during the test year, the Company explained that there was a cleaning or pumping of the chlorine contact chamber at the sewer plant. This is not a normal recurring expense and should be normalized for ratemaking purposes. Concerning Contractual Services – Other, the information supplied by the Company showed additional work required for building and grounds maintenance. This also does not appear to be routine maintenance and therefore should be adjusted.

Fourth, I recommend that the Commission reduce material and supplies 8 9 expenses for the Oakwood system. In response to discovery, Aqua explained: "Materials & supplies are purchased on an 'as needed' basis. These are items 10 needed in the daily operations and maintenance of the systems that are not capital. 11 Unexpected repairs and maintenance can make this account more variable than 12 other more predictable expense items,"<sup>163</sup> During the test year, this account had 13 considerably more charges from Sunstate Meter and Supply than in the prior year. 14 In fact, test year expenses for these charges was 95% greater than in 2006. 15 Therefore, I recommend that the Commission reduce test year expenses by \$197. 16

Fifth, for the same reasons as given with respect to Oakwood, I recommend that the Commission reduce test year materials and supplies expense for Arredondo Estates by \$172.

20 Sixth, I recommend that the Commission reduce test year material and 21 supplies by \$3,324 for Imperial Mobile Terrace. In response to OPC Interrogatory 22 416, the Company explained that the increase in 2007 was due in part to an 23 increase of \$4,986 for transmission and distribution maintenance, the hand

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>163</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 179.

1	evacuation of a 2 inch water main, and the installation of gate valves with valve
2	boxes and pads. These expenses were not incurred in the prior year and appear to
3	be abnormal. Therefore, I recommend that this cost be amortized over three years,
4	thereby reducing test year expenses by \$3,324.
5	Seventh, I recommend that the Commission reduce Ravenswood test year
6	Fuel for Purchased Power for expenses associated with additional fuel required
7	due to a tank leak and for the repair of the tank leak. Using a 3-year amortization,
8	test year Fuel for Purchased Power should be reduced by \$355. <sup>164</sup>
9	Eighth, test year expenses for Florida Central Commerce should be
10	reduced due to abnormal expenses in the test year. In response to OPC
11	Interrogatory 258, the Company gave the following explanation for the test year
12	increase in contractual services: "The increase from 2006 to 2007 is related to the
13	following: \$22,650 is related to a full year of amortizing a large pond cleanup
14	project, \$4,135 due to repairs on the collection system and sewer plant, \$2,600 for
15	outside plant operators, \$3,900 for grounds and pond maintenance and bushhog
16	work, \$1,300 for major maintenance work to rebuild a pump & motor and \$1,100
17	for lift station cleaning. The centralized billing and call center was up \$500. There
18	were only 2 months of charges in 2006 vs 12 months of charges in 2007. <sup>165</sup>
19	As can be seen from the above response the expenses included in the test
20	year were abnormal. Therefore I recommend that the Commission reduce test year
21	expenses by \$11,447.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>164</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 236.
 <sup>165</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 258.

1	Ninth, I recommend that the Commission reduce test year expenses for the
2	Jungle Den system by \$1,500 for the repair of a water pipe and \$1,260 for lift
3	station maintenance and cleaning. If these costs are normalized over three years,
4	test year expenses should be reduced by \$1,840.
5	Tenth, I recommend that the Commission reduce test year expenses for the
6	Village Water system by \$25,712. This legal expense is unusually high and
7	should be removed from test year expenses and normalized. When asked to
8	explain these legal expenses in OPC Interrogatory 28, the Company replied:
9	The 2007 legal fees associated with lawsuits are \$25,571.57, and
10	were paid to the law firm of Holland + Knight in defense of a
11	singular lawsuit brought by George and Donna DeMint. In this
12	suit, Mr. and Mrs. DeMint allege that, in 2004, the wastewater
12	percolation pond at the Jasmine Lakes facility overflowed causing
14	damage to their house. AUF denies that the pond overflowed and
15	that it has any liability to the DeMints. The legal fees were
16	incurred in defense of this matter, including responding to
17	discovery requests and preparing for trial.
18	In a subsequent response, the Company indicated that the amount should
19	not have been charged to Village Water, but instead should have been charged to
20	Jasmine Lakes.
21	Contractual services - Legal. In 2006 there were charges of
22	\$34.641 that were related to a Jasmine Lakes legal issue, they were
23	charged to Village Water in error. In 2007 there were charges of
24	\$25,572 that were related to a Jasmine Lakes legal issue, they were
25	charged to Village Water in error. These 2007 charges should be
26	included in the 2007 operating expenses for Jasmine Lakes. <sup>166</sup>
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28	I recommend that the Commission reduce test year expenses for Village
29	Water by \$25,572. I also recommend that the Commission normalize the legal
30	expense over five years and include \$5,142 in the expenses for Jasmine Lakes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>166</sup> Response to OPC Interrogatory 249.

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2		<b>RECOMMENDATIONS INTO YOUR REVENUE REQUIREMENT</b>
3		CALCULATIONS?
4	A.	Yes, I have. I agree with the recommendations from the Staff Audit Report,
5		issued September 18, 2008, and have incorporated in my analysis those
6		recommendations that I have not already captured in the adjustments that I
7		recommend.
8	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Case Expense</u>
9	Q.	WOULD YOU PLEASE DISCUSS RATE CASE EXPENSE?
10	A.	Yes. The Company is requesting rate case expenses of \$1,364,000 as set forth on
11		Schedule 26.
12	Q.	ARE THERE AREAS OF THIS CASE THAT WOULD WARRANT
13		DISALLOWANCE OF THE COMPANY'S RATE CASE EXPENSE?
14	A.	Yes. I recommend that the Commission disallow a portion of the rate case
15		expense requested in this proceeding in several areas. First, the Company was
16		required to file significant modifications to its MFRs due to the 37 deficiencies in
17		the MFRs found by the Staff. It is common practice for the Commission to
18		disallow the costs associated with revising MFRs.
19		Second, all excessive costs associated with bringing unnecessary Aqua
20		persons to the service hearings should be removed from rate case expense. To the
21		extent that Aqua believes that it is necessary to have 10 or more employees attend
22		these service hearings, that is a cost the Company should bear, not the ratepayers.
23		It is unclear why the Company needs such an entourage to attend these service
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1	hearings. If it is an attempt to overcome Aqua's "out of town" feel, this is a cost
2	Aqua should bear. Customers should not be required to absorb these extra costs to
3	help improve the Company's image and local presence in Florida.
4	Third, I recommend that the Commission remove the consulting fees of
5	Mr. Prettyman of AUS for the work performed on the Company's billing analysis.
6	These costs should not be passed on to ratepayers. This effort was undertaken
7	because of the Company's past billing problems. The letter from Mr. Prettyman
8	on the scope of services to be provided specifically included "rather extensive
9	analysis of some problem areas" According to the letter, tasks included:
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	<ul> <li>Review monthly revenue reports for 2007</li> <li>Review monthly consumption reports for 2007</li> <li>Review monthly production reports for 2007</li> <li>Review annual summary reports for the above items for the past three to five years</li> <li>Prepare bill analysis fur each system</li> <li>Florida review problem areas of estimated bills, meter reading and other adjustments. Make adjustments where necessary.</li> <li>Florida - review impact of previously issued interim rates and subsequent refunds that occurred in 2007</li> <li>Prepare filing schedules for present rate revenues</li> <li>Work with Company in development equalized rates</li> <li>Write testimony if required<sup>167</sup></li> </ul>
25	As identified above, many of Mr. Prettyman's tasks and work effort were
26	required because of past billing errors and meter reading problems. In addition,
27	Mr. Pettyman's tasks also involved review of the impact of the interim rates that
28	were awarded in the last rate case that was withdrawn. Clearly, ratepayers should
29	not be expected to pay for the consulting fees associated with work that is
30	required because of billing errors and meter reading problems. Also, as the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>167</sup> Response to OPC Document Request 9.

Company withdrew its 2007 rate case, customers should not be expected to pay 1 2 for any consulting fees or Company incurred expenses related to the interim increase from that application. Finally, it is likely that if it were not for the 3 Company's billing and meter reading problems, the billing analysis performed by 4 5 Mr. Prettyman could have been performed in-house without the need for an 6 outside consultant. In fact, in Docket No. 060368-WS, Mr. Schreyer's name 7 appeared on the MFR E-Schedules. Mr. Schreyer was the Manager of Rates for 8 Aqua America. Mr. Griffen prepared the billing analysis. Mr. Griffen was the Senior Manager of Regulatory Accounting for Aqua Pennsylvania. Therefore, I 9 recommend that the costs for Mr. Prettyman's consulting services be absorbed by 10 11 the Company's stockholders, not its ratepayers.

Fourth, any costs included in the rate case associated with producing 12 13 unnecessary hard copies of documents that are available electronically should be disallowed. This would include the costs of printing and compiling the documents 14 as well as the persons that monitored the on-site reviews at the law office of 15 Holland and Knight. This tactic not only created more costs for ratepayers, it also 16 caused OPC to expend valuable resources to review documents which could have 17 been provided more efficiently in an electronic format without all the wasted 18 19 paper.

# 20 Q. IS THERE PRECEDENT FOR DISALLOWING RATE CASE EXPENSES 21 IN FLORIDA?

A. Yes, the Commission has disallowed rate case expenses on many occasions
because it has found them to be imprudent. Many of the Commission's decisions

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1 on this issue are set forth in Order No. PSC-02-0593-FOF-WU. In that order, the Commission addressed Order No. PSC-98-1583-FOF-WS, issued November 2 25,1998, in Docket No. 971663-WS, where Florida Cities Water Company was 3 4 seeking recovery of court costs (and the rate case expense associated with the docket filing). In that case the Commission found that the incurrence of rate case 5 expense was imprudent and denied the utility's request for recovery. Also, in 6 7 Order No. PSC-96-1320-FOF-WS, issued October 30, 1996, in Docket No. 950495-WS, the Commission denied legal rate case expense of \$25,000 incurred 8 for what it deemed an imprudent appeal of an oral decision on interim rates. In 9 addition, in Order No. 18960, issued March 7, 1988, in Docket No. 861338-WS, 10 the Commission determined that expenditures for misspent time were imprudent 11 and reduced the requested rate case expense by \$32,500. Finally, in Order No. 12 PSC-02-0593-FOF-WU, issued April 30, 2002, the Commission found: "As 13 discussed above, it is the utility's burden to prove that its requested costs are 14 reasonable. We find that filing combined water and wastewater rate cases would 15 have resulted in material cost savings, and the customers should not be made to 16 17 pay because Aloha incurred imprudent rate case expense."

In Order No. PSC-06-0170-PAA-WS issued March 1, 2006 for Plantation Bay Utility Company, the Commission stated that "[u]nder this Commission's rate setting authority, a utility seeking a change in rates must demonstrate that its present rates are unreasonable." The Commission found it inappropriate to approve rate case expense for water because of the utility's recent overearnings posture. The utility's decision to file for water rate relief was imprudent and "the

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customers should therefore not have to bear this cost." No rate case expense was allowed for water.

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In a 2006 rate case, Utilities Inc. of Florida provided two sets of estimates 3 for its consultants to complete the case. However no justification was provided 4 for the high set of estimates. Therefore, in Order No. PSC-07-0505-SC-WS, 5 issued June 13, 2007, the Commission removed the differences. The Commission 6 also made several adjustments related to costs incurred to correct deficiencies in 7 the MFR filing, as well as several adjustments for unsupported hours and 8 9 expenses. In addition to the adjustments, the allocation of rate case expense for 10 two counties was disallowed. Because the rates did not change for one county, and were reduced for the other, the rate case expense associated with the filings 11 for those counties was disallowed. In all, the Commission disallowed \$173,052 in 12 rate case expense. 13

14 More recently, in Order No. PSC-07-0865-PAA-SU issued October 29, 2007, the Commission stated "[w]e have broad discretion with respect to 15 allowance of rate case expense; however, it would constitute an abuse of 16 discretion to automatically award rate case expense without reference to the 17 prudence of the costs incurred in the rate case proceedings." In this case, the 18 19 Commission disallowed \$50,543 of the \$196,080 in rate case expense requested 20 by Utilities, Inc. of Sandalhaven. The Commission cited a number of adjustments for MFR deficiencies, errors, undocumented and unsupported hours and 21 unreasonable expenses of employees and consultants. 22

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#### **PUBLIC VERSION**

Similarly, in Order No. PSC-07-0287-PAA-WS issued April 3, 2007 for Lake Placid Utilities, Inc., the Commission's adjustments and disallowances totaled \$101,239 for MFR deficiencies, and for unsupported and unreasonable expenses.

The table below shows thirteen recent rate cases where the Commission disallowed significant portions of the rate case expense. In each of these cases, adjustments were made for hours spent on MFR filing deficiencies and for expenses that were not supported by detailed documentation.

Сотрапу	Docket	Date	MFR Estimate		lity Revised and Actual Estimate 	`ommission Adjustment	Allowed Total
Utilities, Inc. of Sandalhaven	060285-SU	29-Oct-07	\$ 196,080	\$	191,561	\$ (50,543)	\$ 141,019
Utilities, Inc.	060253-WS	13-Jun-07	324,474		479,096	(173,052)	306,044
Lake Placid Utilities, Inc.	060260-WS	3-Арт-07	131,261		171,859	(101,239)	70,620
Sanlando Utilities Corp.	060258-WS	6-Mar-07	170,338		229,143	(73,243)	155,900
Cypress Lakes Utilities, Inc.	060257-WS	5-Mar-07	135,720		182,586	(97,727)	84,859
Mid-County Services, Inc.	060254-SU	16-Feb-07	161,122		183,244	(99,447)	83,796
Alafaya Utilities, Inc.	060256-SU	15-Feb-07	184,974		236,901	(124,940)	111,961
Utilities, Inc. of Pennbrooke	060261-WS	31 <b>-Jan</b> -07	170,338		202,733	(101,520)	101,216
Tierra Verde Utilities, Inc.	060255-SU	29-Jan-07	187,574		п.а.	(93,489)	94,089
Plantation Bay Utility Company	050281-WS	9-Mar-06	139,000		215,894	(137,181)	78,713
Indiantown Company, Inc.	040450-WS	7-Jun-05	94,000		121,468	(6,026)	115,442
Utilities, Inc. of Eagle Ridge	030445-SU	8-Nov-04	103,634		73,336	(10,690)	62,646
Bayside Utility Services, Inc.	030444-WS	23-Aug-04	102,909		62,887	(3,518)	59,369
Utilities, Inc.	020071-WS	22-Dec-03	497,724	_	n.a.	(100,127)	397,597

10 Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION WITH RESPECT TO THE

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### RATE CASE EXPENSE REQUESTED IN THIS PROCEEDING?

A. It is the intention of OPC to provide a recommendation on the subject of rate case
expense once complete documentation is submitted by the Company. The
revenue requirement reflected on Schedule 27 excludes rate case expense at this
time.

#### **PUBLIC VERSION**

1 Q. DO YOU RECOMMEND THAT THE COMPANY RECOVER 100% OF 2 THE RATE CASE EXPENSE FOUND REASONABLE BY THE 3 COMMISSION?

- No. I recommend that the Commission require that rate case expense by shared 4 Α. between ratepayers and stockholders. In particular, I recommend a 50/50 sharing. 5 There is no reason to require customers to bear the entire burden of rate case 6 expense. Customers do not directly benefit from a rate case and are not the party 7 asking for rates to be increased. Aqua is the party asking for rates to be increased. 8 9 Furthermore, the beneficiary of increased rates is predominately the Company's 10 stockholders. A primary motivation for filing a rate increase is to increase 11 shareholder wealth. Therefore, I recommend that prudent rate case expense be shared equally between ratepayers and stockholder. 12
- Q. ARE YOU AWARE OF ANY COMMISSIONS THAT REQUIRE RATE
  CASE EXPENSE TO BE SHARED BETWEEN RATEPAYERS AND
  STOCKHOLDERS?
- A. Yes. In New Jersey, the Board of Public Utilities has had a long-standing and well established policy of a 50/50 sharing of rate case expenses. In a recent case for Jersey Central Power and Light, the Board Staff noted that "[w]hile a rate case benefits the ratepayers through the continuation of safe, adequate and proper utility service, it also benefits shareholders, because the Company has a renewed opportunity to earn a fair return on equity."<sup>168</sup> This is not only for electric companies in New Jersey. In fact, as recently as 2007, Aqua New Jersey was

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>168</sup> BPU Docket No. ER02080506; Docket No. ER02080507; Docket No. EO02070417; Docket No. ER02030173; Docket No. ER95120633, New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, May 17, 2004, Dated.

#### **PUBLIC VERSION**

ordered to split its rate case expenses 50/50 between shareholders and customer as "[a] rate case arises for the benefit of a company's shareholders, who should then be required to shoulder some of the burden."<sup>169</sup>

In Illinois, in 2006 the Commission approved Staff's proposed treatment of rate case expense for Commonwealth Edison Company which required shareholder to "bear the capital costs associated with improving their investment through increased rates, while ratepayers bear the average annual cost for the continued provision of safe reliable service." Staff explained that without this treatment, there is little to no incentive for the Company to keep its rate case expenses to a minimum.<sup>170</sup>

11 Sharing of rate case expenses has also been ordered in Minnesota. The 12 Commission found "that that shareholders as well as ratepayers benefit from the 13 rate case process and, therefore, the costs incurred by the Company in the course 14 of that process should be shared between ratepayers and shareholders."<sup>171</sup>

# 15 Q. ARE YOU AWARE OF ANY UTILITIES THAT HAVE ACCEPTED A

## 16 SHARING OF RATE CASE EXPENSE BETWEEN STOCKHOLDERS

## 17 AND RATEPAYERS?

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18 A. Yes. In Docket No. PUC 7281-03 before the New Jersey Board of Public
19 Utilities, Mr. Prettyman, testifying on behalf of Elizabethtown Water Company,
20 stated in his rebuttal testimony that: "Although the costs of a rate case filing are a
21 reasonable cost of operation for any utility particularly in this case where the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>169</sup> BPU Docket No. WR05121022; OAL Docket No. PUC 3338-06; BPU Docket No. WRO6120897, New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, January 17, 2007, Dated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>170</sup> Docket No. 05-0597, Illinois Commerce Commission, July 26, 2006.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>171</sup> Docket No. E-001/GR-91-605, Minnesota Public Utilities Commission, June 12, 1992.

Company was required to file pursuant to a Board Order, the Company will not 1 oppose Mr. Henkes' proposal that those costs be shared between ratepayers and 2 shareholders."<sup>172</sup> 3 VII. Recommendations 4 DO YOU HAVE A SCHEDULE THAT SHOWS YOUR RECOMMENDED 5 **O**. 6 **ADJUSTMENTS BY SYSTEM?** Yes. Schedule 28 contains the rate base adjustments that are recommended by 7 Α. OPC. Schedule 29 contains the revenue and expense adjustments recommended 8 by OPC. The result of the recommendations of OPC's witnesses and the not-to-9 exceed rate increase for the combined water and wastewater operations is shown 10 on Schedule 27. As shown, the rate increase for the water operations is 11 699,502 \$1,182,284 compared to the Company's request of \$4,518,353. The rate increase 12 912,354 for the wastewater operations is \$967,349 compared to the Company's request of 13 14 \$3,856,179 TESTIMONY PREFILED ON THIS COMPLETE YOUR 15 Q. DOES **OCTOBER 13, 2008?** 16 17 Yes, it does. Α.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>172</sup> Response to OPC Document Request 197.

1	BY MR. BECK:
2	Q. Mr. Dismukes, you also have 29 schedules; is
3	that correct?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. And let me ask you just a couple of questions
6	about the schedules. Schedule 2 is a two-volume
7	schedule; is that right?
8	A. Yes.
9	Q. Okay. And that lists letters addressed to the
10	Commission as of October 7, 2008?
11	A. Yes, I believe you're correct.
12	Q. Which is what you could incorporate into your
13	testimony filed on October 13th; is that right?
14	A. Yes.
15	MR. BECK: Mr. Chairman, this is a little out
16	of the usual, but what I would ask is that we would like
17	to update the record with all consumer correspondence in
18	the docket through the hearing date, I guess through
19	tomorrow if we finish tomorrow, and would ask that we be
20	allowed to add that as a late-filed exhibit.
21	CHAIRMAN CARTER: How about let's give you
22	placeholder number 193?
23	(Late-filed Exhibit 193 was identified for the
24	record.)
25	MR. MAY: Mr. Chairman, could I get some
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clarification from Charlie? Charlie, have all those been passed on to the company?

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MR. BECK: They're all on the website. The Schedule 2 that Ms. Dismukes is sponsoring is in fact the consumer correspondence that has gone to the Commission. It's in two volumes. This would essentially be a continuation of what those two schedules are through the present, so that the Commission has in the record all of the correspondence and comments that customers have sent to the Commission.

MR. MAY: Okay. With that clarification, no problem.

13 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Okay. You may proceed.
14 BY MR. BECK:

Q. And then with respect to your Schedules 27 through 29, could you briefly just describe what they are?

18 A. Yes. Schedules 27 through 29 are schedules
19 that essentially develop the revenue requirement based
20 upon the recommendations of the Office of Public Counsel
21 witnesses.

22 Schedule 28 presents the rate base adjustments 23 that I'm recommending, as well as any rate base 24 adjustments that were proposed by other witnesses, 25 primarily Ms. Patricia Merchant.

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1 Schedule 29 presents expense adjustments 2 based upon my recommendations, as well as Ms. Merchant's 3 recommendations based upon the testimony that I filed in 4 this proceeding. So would it be fair to say those schedules 5 ο. represent the impact of the adjustments you make 6 elsewhere in your testimony? 7 Basically, these schedules take the 8 Α. Yes. recommendations of my testimony, which address each 9 adjustment that I recommend, and distributes those 10 11 numbers to the various systems that are in this rate proceeding. And then based upon that, there's also a 12 roll-up of what the total revenue requirement would be 13 if you were to add all the systems together, and that's 14 15 what's on Schedule 27. And do you recall at the deposition that was 16 Q. taken by staff that you identified a series of changes 17 to the schedules originally filed? 18 19 Α. Yes. Those three schedules, 27 through 29? 20 ο. 21 Α. That's correct. And did you commit during the deposition to 22 Q. file revised schedules reflecting the changes you 23 described at the deposition? 24 Yes, I did. 25 Α.

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1	<b>Q.</b> And so you have now filed, or the Office of
2	Public Counsel has filed revised schedules for 27, 28,
3	and 29; is that correct?
4	A. Yes.
5	MR. BECK: Mr. Chairman, the exhibit list
6	shows 86, hearing I.D. Exhibit Number 86 as the
7	schedules of Ms. Dismukes, but it's all one hearing
8	identification, and we would ask that those refer to her
9	Schedules 1 through 29, but with the revised Schedules
10	27, 28, and 29.
11	CHAIRMAN CARTER: Are you comfortable with
12	that, Mr. May?
13	MR. MAY: I would like all of the schedules,
14	the original and the revised, to be part of the record.
15	MR. BECK: We would be fine with that. So it
16	would have that all incorporated into 86?
17	MR. MAY: Yes, that would be fine.
18	CHAIRMAN CARTER: So we don't need 193? Is
19	that what you're saying?
20	MR. BECK: I'm sorry? Don't need
21	CHAIRMAN CARTER: 193.
22	MR. BECK: No, 193 is different.
23	CHAIRMAN CARTER: Okay.
24	MS. FLEMING: I believe what the Office of
25	Public Counsel is saying is, for purposes of
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1 clarification of the description of Exhibit 86, we could 2 just clarify that the schedules refer to Schedules 1 3 through 29, which include the revised schedules for 27, 28, and 29, and we would still keep Exhibit 193 as a 4 5 late-filed. CHAIRMAN CARTER: So this will be Schedules 1 6 7 through 26? 8 MS. FLEMING: Twenty-nine. CHAIRMAN CARTER: One through 29. 9 Okay. I wish I had said it that clearly MR. BECK: 10 myself. 11 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Yeah, me too. But that's 12 okay. It's getting late in the day. No problem. 13 BY MR. BECK: 14 Ms. Dismukes, have you prepared a summary of 15 Q. your testimony? 16 Yes, I have. 17 Α. Would you please provide that? Q. 18 Good afternoon, Commissioners. My name is Kim 19 Α. I am presenting testimony in this proceeding 20 Dismukes. 21 on revenue requirement issues and quality of service 22 issues. The recommendations of the Citizens' witnesses 23 on cost of capital, used and useful, quality of service, 24 and adjustments to expenses in rate base produce a rate 25

increase of \$699,502 for the water operations and \$912,356 for the wastewater operations.

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These recommendations do not include any allowance for rate case expense. However, I have developed a recommendation on rate case expense after reviewing the information supplied in response to Staff POD 25. In addition, this recommendation does not include the revenue requirements for the Tomoka/Twin Rivers systems due to a problem in running that system through the company's revenue requirement model.

As the Commission is aware, the service hearings in this proceeding were replete with customers' dissatisfaction with the company's customer service, billing accuracy, and water quality.

Customer testimony on the subject of customer 15 service was extensive and critical. Complaints included 16 rude customer service representatives, difficulty 17 speaking with customer service representatives, as 18 customers were often put on hold, disconnected, and did 19 not receive promised call-backs. Customers were 20 routinely informed that they had a leak if their bill 21 22 was increased, when they actually did not.

Customers also raised concerns about billing accuracy. Billing problems included estimated bills, inaccurate bills, bills where an extra zero was added to

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usage, and the associated problems with installation of the radio frequency meters.

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On the matter of water quality, customers complained that the water was so bad they did not drink it and they wouldn't bathe in it. Other complaints included black water, over-chlorinated water, and smelly water. In some places, the water was so bad customers were forced to purchase filtering systems. Customers also raised concerns about lack of timely boil water notices.

Because of the serious deficiencies in the 11 company's quality of service, I recommend that the 12 Commission disallow 50 percent of the salary of 13 Mr. Lihvarcik, president of AUF, and 50 percent of the 14 salary allocated to the company by the president of Aqua 15 America, Mr. DeBenedictis. In addition, I'm also 16 recommending that the Commission reduce the company's 17 return on equity by 150 basis point for its failure to 18 provide satisfactory customer service, accurate bills, 19 and satisfactory water quality. 20

As you've heard today, the company has purchased many systems in this rate proceeding from Florida Water Services Corporation. At the time of the acquisition, these systems had a net book value of 15.7 million compared to an acquisition price of

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13 million, resulting in a negative acquisition adjustment of 2.7 million.

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The Commission's rules state that no negative or positive acquisition adjustment should be included in rate base absent extraordinary circumstances. The company has admitted on many occasions that the systems it purchased in Florida were in disrepair and had not been maintained for several years prior to acquisition. Because of this, I am recommending that the Commission include a negative acquisition adjustment in rate base.

The Commission should also look very closely at charges passed on to the company from its affiliates, Aqua America and Aqua Services. To examine the reasonableness of the charges from the company's affiliates, I conducted an comparative analysis of the expenses of the company, including charges from its affiliates, to all other Class A water and wastewater companies in the State of Florida.

19 My analysis showed that for the water operations, the company's O&M expenses per ERC was 20 21 \$293 compared to the Class A group of \$146, or more than 100 percent above the industry average. 22 Likewise, for the wastewater operations, the company's O&M expenses 23 per customer was \$450 compared to the industry group of 24 25 \$232, or 94 percent above the industry average. My

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analysis indicates that charges from Aqua Services and 1 2 Aqua America should reduced by \$641,000 for the company's water operations and by \$330,000 for the 3 company's wastewater operations. 4 I am also recommending several adjustments to 5 the company's operation and maintenance expenses in rate 6 Some of these adjustments include lobbying 7 base. expenses, costs associated with the acquisitions, 8 abnormal and nonrecurring expenses, relocation expenses, 9 directors' and officers' liability insurance, Aqua 10 Connect expenses, and bad debt expense. 11 When combined with the recommendations of the 12 other OPC witnesses, the company's requested revenue 13 increase should be reduced by 6.8 million. 14 That completes my summary. 15 Thank you. Ms. Dismukes is MR. BECK: 16 available for cross-examination. 17 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Ms. Bradley. 18 CROSS-EXAMINATION 19 BY MS. BRADLEY: 20 Ms. Dismukes, on page 137 of your testimony --21 Q. CHAIRMAN CARTER: Turn your mike on, please, 22 23 your microphone. MS. BRADLEY: Sorry. Thank you. 24 BY MS. BRADLEY: 25

Ms. Dismukes, on page 137 of your testimony, 1 ο. you indicated that you had not provided all the 2 information necessary to give an opinion as to rate case 3 expense requested. 4 I indicated that my revenue requirements did 5 Α. not include rate case expense at this point in time, 6 7 yes. Have you gotten sufficient data to have an 8 Q. opinion as to that at this time? 9 In response to Staff Production of Documents 10 Α. 11 Request 25, the company did produce some requested rate 12 case expense with supporting vouchers through -- I believe actual -- it depends on the consultant or the 13 It was either through August or September, 14 attorneys. and we don't have anything beyond that point. We have 15 estimates for beyond that point. But I have had an 16 opportunity to examine that and develop a recommendation 17 based upon what I've been presented thus far. 18 And what is that recommendation? 19 Q. Mr. Chairman, if I may, just to get 20 MR. MAY: clarification, this is brand new to us. We've never 21 seen this recommendation. It's quarter to 5:00 on the 22 second day of the hearing. Getting information like 23 this, I think it would be only fair if she would provide 24 us with her written recommendation so that we can 25

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adequately respond at the appropriate time. I don't --1 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Okay. Let's do this. 2 It is new information. Staff, do you have the information? 3 MR. SAYLER: It's new to us, Chairman. 4 5 CHAIRMAN CARTER: Okay. It's new to the staff, and it's new to the party. Let's do this. 6 That, as well as whatever adjustments she has made subsequent 7 to then, Mr. Reilly, can we just get that and have it 8 available and give it to the parties, and we can look it 9 10 over. And let's do this. Let's get that, and we'll 11 start anew first thing in the morning at 9:30. We're on 12 recess. 13 (Proceedings recessed at 4:45 p.m.) 14 (Transcript continues in sequence with 15 Volume 6.) 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

I	
1	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
2	
3	STATE OF FLORIDA:
4	COUNTY OF LEON:
5	I, MARY ALLEN NEEL, Registered Professional
6	Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing
7	proceedings were taken before me at the time and place
8	therein designated; that my shorthand notes were
9	thereafter translated under my supervision; and the
10	foregoing pages numbered 540 through 770 are a true and
11	correct record of the aforesaid proceedings.
12	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative,
13	employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor
14	relative or employee of such attorney or counsel, or
15	financially interested in the foregoing action.
16	DATED THIS 10th day of December, 2008.
17	
18	Man Den line
19	MARY ALLEN NEEL, RPR, FPR 2894-A Remington Green Lane
20	Tallahassee, Florida 32308 (850) 878-2221
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