1	BEFORE THE				
2	FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION				
3	In the Matter of:	DOCKET NO. 080677-EI			
4	PETITION FOR INCREASE IN RATES BY FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY.				
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7		780000			
8	PROCEEDINGS:	FT. LAUDERDALE SERVICE HEARING			
9	COMMISSIONERS				
10	PARTICIPATING:	COMMISSIONER KATRINA J. McMURRIAN			
11		COMMISSIONER NANCY ARGENZIANO COMMISSIONER NATHAN A. SKOP			
12	DATE:	Thursday, June 25, 2009			
13	TIME:	Commenced at 9:11 a.m. Concluded at 1:55 p.m.			
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15	PLACE:	Broward County Main Library Auditorium			
16		100 S. Andrews Avenue Ft. Lauderdale, Florida 33301			
17	REPORTED BY: LINDA BOLES, RPR, CRR				
18		Official FPSC Reporter (850) 413-6734			
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## PROCEEDINGS

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Good morning, everyone.

We'll get started here in just a moment if you could kind of gather. Thank you all, thank you all for coming, and thank you for your patience. We have people that were struggling a little bit to find parking, so that's why we wanted to give a few extra minutes. But we appreciate all of you coming.

My name is Lisa Edgar. I'm a Commissioner here with the Public Service Commission. Our Chairman, Commissioner Matthew Carter, was not able to join us this morning. He recently had back surgery and simply through his recovery is not able to travel right now. He sends his regrets, but will certainly have the opportunity to review the proceedings. And I will kind of be standing in to help us move through what we need to do today.

And with me are my colleagues. I'd like to ask them to introduce themselves briefly.

Commissioner McMurrian.

COMMISSIONER MCMURRIAN: Hi. I'm Katrina

McMurrian. I'm pleased to be here with you all today.

I look forward to hearing your comments. Thank you so much.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Commissioner Argenziano,

are you with us?

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Can you hear me?

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: We can. Go right ahead.

you, Madam Chair. It's very, very, very low. I don't know if they can fix it on this end, but if you can hear me, I'm fine. I'd just tell the people I'm very happy that people have shown up for their public service — this service hearing meeting, and it is their Public Service Commission and we need to hear from them.

I apologize for not being there. I have a broken leg and cannot be there. But I thank staff again and the facilities for allowing me to participate by phone.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you, Commissioner.

And we are having a little bit of an issue with the sound system, some feedback, but I know they're working on it, and we can hear you.

Commissioner Skop.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Thank you. Good morning.

Nathan Skop. And I'm pleased to be here this morning and to hear all the customer comments, and look very forward to hearing from each and every one of you.

Thank you.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. And I'd like

to ask our staff -- I'd like to ask our staff to read 1 2 the notice. MS. WILLIAMS: By notice, this time and place 3 has been set for a Customer Service Hearing in Docket 4 5 Number 080677-EI, petition for increase in rates by 6 Florida Power & Light Company. COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. And let's go 7 ahead and take appearances by the attorneys who are 8 representing the parties in this proceeding. 9 MR. BRYAN: Good morning. My name is Patrick 10 11 Bryan, appearing on behalf of Florida Power & Light 12 Company. MR. KELLY: J.R. Kelly, Office of Public 13 14 Counsel. Sorry. MR. WRIGHT: Good morning. I'm Schef Wright 15 16 and I represent the Florida Retail Federation. Thank 17 you for coming. 18 MS. BRADLEY: I'm Cecilia Bradley with the 19 Office of the Attorney General, and I also want to thank everybody for coming. I know it's kind of a hardship 20 for a lot of folks, and it's very important that you're 21 here and we can hear from you today. So thank you for 22 23 coming. 24 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. And I would 25 also at this time like to recognize Jack Shreve, who is

with us, Senior Counsel to the Governor. He's here on behalf of Governor Crist and is following our proceedings and coming to all of our public meetings. We appreciate you being with us.

Give us a wave, Jack. Thank you.

Okay. We have a couple of preliminaries that we need to do. Let me just mention a few things. There is a sign-up sheet outside, right outside the door I hope that you all signed. For all of you, those of you, any of you who would like to speak to us today, we hope that you will take advantage of this opportunity.

That's why we're here. Please sign up on the sheet. In just a little bit, Mr. Kelly, our Public Counsel, your Public Counsel, will be calling names in the order in which you sign up.

I'd also like to go ahead at this time and mention there are some blue sheets out there at the table that have some very general information about the Commission, about what we do, about the issues in this proceeding. And on the back sheet, already addressed, is a place where you can write comments. If for some reason you're not comfortable speaking, although we hope that you will, will speak to us today, or if you have to get back to work or you run out of time before we're able to get to you, write your comments. You can hand

it to the staff on your way out, and that will also be a part of the record of these proceedings.

Also, if you have family or friends or neighbors who wanted to come today but could not, please let them know, take some extras with you, you can hand them out. It's already self-addressed. And this is also available on our website. And please share that information, because any comments that come in to the Commission through this means also will be a part of the record.

We will have here in just a moment some opening presentations from the parties in this case. They would like to speak directly to you about the issues that are before us from their perspective.

I would -- a gentle reminder to all of the parties to realize that we do have a number of people that we want to hear from, so keep that in mind with your comments. After we go through the opening presentations, we will, as a group, I will swear you in. That is because everything that is said today is being transcribed by our court reporter and will be a part of the legal proceeding and part of our record in this case. And we'll talk about that very briefly when we get to that portion.

But if it's all right with everyone here, I'd

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like to go ahead and jump right in, and I will ask FP&L to please come forward and be our first presenter.

MR. BRYAN: Thank you, Madam Chair and Commissioners.

Good morning again. My name is Patrick Bryan. I am an attorney with Florida Power & Light Company. I'd like to first thank each of you for coming out to this quality of service hearing this morning. We sincerely appreciate your participation. We know your time is valuable. I can assure you that the comments that you provide today with respect to the level of service FPL provides or with respect to any other matter will be heard and carefully considered by FPL.

In a moment you will hear a short presentation from FPL's Vice President of Customer Service, Marlene Santos. Marlene will talk about our current rate proposal, she'll talk about FPL's level of service, and she'll also mention some programs and services that FPL has in place to assist customers in lowering and paying their bills.

But before Marlene speaks, I wanted to inform any customers in attendance today that we have other, several other Customer Service Representatives in the building as well. And they are available to meet with any customer who has an issue, a problem or any concern

with his or her electric account or electric service. They have online computers and can access your account information in realtime. They're committed to resolving any issue you have today before the conclusion of this hearing. If that's not possible, they'll resolve it as quickly as possible. They are set up in a room on the sixth floor. If you take the elevator up there, there will be signs leading you to the appropriate place. We also have some employees in the back of the room who are raising their hands who would be more than happy to assist you to the appropriate location.

At this time then, I'd like to introduce Marlene Santos.

MS. SANTOS: Thank you, Madam Chair,

Commissioners, for holding this hearing today. But most

of all, thank you all for being here. We truly

appreciate that you are here.

We have very deep roots in this community in Fort Lauderdale that go back for decades, and actually today we have over 850 employees right here in Broward County.

We appreciate this opportunity to get your feedback, and understand that you have very high expectations of us, especially in this very difficult economy.

So this morning what I'd like to do is to talk to you about the things that we're doing to continue to provide you with affordable, reliable and clean energy solutions.

I'd like to first begin with affordability.

We understand that electricity is a significant expense for our customers. At a time when family budgets are tight, we know we need to work harder than ever to help keep bills low, and that's what we're doing.

I want you to think about an analogy. When you improve the efficiency of your home, by let's say either installing efficient air conditioning or insulation, what you're doing is you're saving money because you're using less energy. Similarly, we've been working to improve the efficiency of our power plants, and as a result they're using less fuel, which is saving our customers money.

Those types of achievements that we've done with our power plants combined with lower forecasted fuel prices have allowed us to lower our customer bills in January of this year. In September we will be filing our fuel cost projections for 2010, which we are projecting today will be even lower.

We're committed to keeping our customers' bills as low as possible. In fact, the chart that Pat

and I put up here is showing you that, according to the Florida Municipal Electric Association's data as of April, FPL's bills were the lowest of all 54 utilities in Florida. The blue bar is the FPL bill and the orange bar is all the 54 utilities in Florida. So it shows you that a 1,000-kilowatt-hour FPL customer bill was \$110. The average across Florida was \$135. So our customers are getting a savings of \$25 a month or \$300 a year.

We have worked extremely hard to keep the bills low for our customers, and actually FPL has not had a general base rate increase since 1985. Yet the cost of many things, as all of you know, have gone up in this past quarter century. The fact that FPL customers have had the lowest typical bills in Florida reflects years of aggressive cost management. Our operating expenses per kilowatt hour are already less than half of the industry's average, and between 2008 and 2009 FPL has reduced capital spending by nearly \$1 billion to account for slower customer growth.

In short, we've tightened our belt in response to the downturn in the economy. Our low prices are also the result of the smart investments that we've made. As an example, FPL's fossil fuel power plants are the most fuel efficient among large scale utilities in the nation. This has saved customers \$3 billion over the

last six years. And with the approval of FPL's rate proposal we can continue to make these types of investments, which we project will save our customers \$1 billion each year beginning in 2014.

We understand that customers struggling to make ends meet need more than just low electricity prices. You need help to keep your bills as low as possible. So that's why we have been very proactively offering our customers help with a wide range of energy saving solutions. Since the early 1980s we have been a leader in energy efficiency and have actually done over 2.5 million home energy surveys that have reduced our customers' bills.

We also continue to sponsor very important programs like Care To Share, which is FPL's payment assistance program. Care To Share has helped 55,000 Florida families with \$11 million of aid. Last year FPL's shareholders again contributed \$1 million to this very essential program.

In addition, we've sponsored home energy makeovers right here in Ft. Lauderdale, which have helped lots of low income customers improve the energy efficiency of their homes. So while we're very mindful of today's difficult economy, we're also responsible for ensuring reliable service.

Our rate proposal is a vital part of our plan to make prudent investments in our electrical infrastructure. As a state and as a company we learned lots of lessons in the difficult 2004 and 2005 hurricane seasons, and that's why we're investing more to make our infrastructure stronger every single day in good weather and in bad.

In 2009 alone this investment will exceed \$200 million. It includes replacing poles, clearing trees from power lines and strengthening services to hospitals and other essential facilities. To give you an example, right here in Ft. Lauderdale it includes Imperial Point Medical Center, Holy Cross, Sunrise Rehabilitation and kindred hospitals, Port Everglades, and key sections of Sunrise and Davie Boulevards, and also Federal Highway.

These efforts have helped improve our reliability. In fact, the chart that Pat put up is showing you that, according to the Edison Electric Institute, FPL's distribution reliability was 47 percent better than the national average in 2008.

We're also investing in smart technology to give our customers more control over your energy consumption. We're going to be introducing smart meters, and these smart meters will allow our customers

to go online and see how much energy you're using, not only every month, but also every day and by the hour.

We're also investing in cleaner energy to do our part to fight climate change. The three solar power plants that you'll see in a minute we're building in Florida, and those are going to avoid nearly 3.5 million tons of carbon dioxide emissions. I'm very proud that, according to the Natural Resources Defense Council, our company is one of the cleanest energy providers in the nation.

Most importantly, we can support all these kinds of investments even as our customer bills go down in 2010. As a result of lower forecasted fuel prices and our success at making our power plants more efficient, fuel costs are predicted to decrease \$17 per month on a typical bill beginning in 2010. Our proposal will cost \$12 per month. So the net is a decrease of \$5 per month.

In 2011 we're requesting an additional base rate increase of \$2.84. Whether the overall bill will go up is uncertain because it's difficult to project fuel prices 18 months from now. But it's precisely because of that difficulty and the fact that fuel prices may rise again that we believe we need to continue to make investments to enhance the fuel efficiency and the

diversity of our power plants. It's similar to buying a new, more efficient car. It's an investment up front, but you're going to get the savings through time through fuel benefits.

Over the next five years we need to invest almost \$16 billion. A significant amount of that will come from the capital markets, and our return on equity request is based on what the markets require. In the same way that someone with good credit can get a better mortgage rate, FPL's customers benefit from the company's strong financial position. We're able to obtain better, lower cost financing at an overall rate of approximately 8 percent, which is the actual request in our proposal.

When we save on financing, our customers save on their bills. Our rate proposal is all about looking at the long-term. It's about investing to make our infrastructure smarter, stronger, cleaner, more efficient and less reliant on any single source of fuel, and with that the result will be energy that will be affordable, it will be reliable and clean.

Thank you again for taking the time to be here. We look forward to your feedback and to understanding how we can make our service even better.

Thank you, Commissioners.

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COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

Mr. Kelly.

MR. KELLY: Good morning. Is that -- am I too close? Too far away? How is everybody doing today?

Thank you. Thank you. I want to echo the comments. Thank you so much for taking your time out, whether you're a businessman, businesswoman, consumer, retiree, whatever, thank you so much for taking time out of your day to come downtown. I know we have to find places to park, pay for parking, but it's very important that you're here today.

What I want to do is I want to introduce myself and what my office does, tell you real quick about that, and then I want to talk a little bit about some of the issues and why we're here today.

My name is J.R. Kelly. I have the pleasure and honor of being the Public Counsel for the State of Florida, and I represent you, the ratepayer. Whether you're a businessman, businesswoman, individual, it doesn't matter, my office represents you collectively on issues that come in front of the Public Service Commission. I represent you collectively, not individually.

Our goal is very simple. It's to make sure that you get the best quality of electric service for

the least cost possible. And we do that just like
Florida Power & Light will do in this case; where they
hire their attorneys and put on their case with their
experts, we do the exact same thing. We have five
attorneys that work in my office. We put on a case to
contest some of the issues -- I'm going to talk about
those in a few minutes -- and we also hire our experts.

And in this particular matter I want to let you know we have a team of experts that are just outstanding. We have a gentleman that is a professor at Penn State University. He has a Ph.D. and an MBA. He is our cost of capital expert. He will talk about return on equity. He has testified in numerous, numerous regulatory hearings throughout the nation and many here in Florida.

One of our accounting experts is a CPA out of, out of Orlando. She has over 20 years of experience dealing specifically with regulatory or utility accounting issues.

We have a depreciation expert, and I'll talk about depreciation here in a few minutes. But we have a depreciation expert that again has about 30 years of experience working in the industry and also testifying as an expert.

And then our last accounting expert is a lady

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out of Baton Rouge. She has testified numerous times here in Florida as well as around the nation for the past 20, 25 years, and she's also an expert in affiliated transactions. And those, folks, are transactions between corporate brother and sister companies that are, that are part of the same parent structure.

Now why are we here today? Why are we here today? We're here because Florida Power & Light has filed a request to increase what are called base rates. Okay?

What are base rates? My example I always use is I want you to think of a test tube. Okay? A test tube. If you fill it all the way to the top, that's the rate you and I pay every month when we consume electricity. Now there's a lot of different elements or components that go into filling up the test tube. One of those components are base rates. Base rates compose only about 40 percent of your total test tube. Okay?

The other parts are made up of different things that are -- you're going to hear things like cost recovery clauses or pass-through clauses. What those are, and I'll name a few for you in a second, those are separate elements where utilities such as Florida Power & Light can come in and ask for money through the Public

Service Commission from you to pay for certain delineated types of expenses such as nuclear. There's a nuclear cost recovery pass-through clause. They go spend money on nuclear, it gets approved, they pay a dollar for nuclear expenses, you pay a dollar for nuclear expenses. It goes into that part of the test tube.

Another one is fuel costs. You're going to hear about fuel. I'm going to talk about it in a minute. But fuel costs make up a huge part of the test tube. They go out and pay a dollar for fuel, you pay a dollar for fuel. They pay 50 cents for fuel, you pay 50 cents for fuel. If a year ago, like if it happens again, you pay -- they pay \$2 for fuel, you will pay \$2 for fuel. It's a dollar in, dollar out. They don't make any profit on it, but you pay exactly what they pay.

But that's a separate element. That has nothing to do with base rates, why we're here today.

Okay? Base rates, generally speaking, it's very complicated accounting wise, but I break it down into really two issues. Base rates include, first, normal operating and maintenance expenses. What does it take to run the business day to day? There's a lot of salaries, depreciation expenses, rent, their own

utilities, whatever, just normal things that a businessman or woman use to operate their business on a daily basis.

The other big component of base rates is they are allowed -- and they should be -- they are allowed under Florida law to earn a reasonable, reasonable rate of return on the investment that they make in their company. Okay?

Those two components make up base rates. Base rates make up about 40 percent of your test tube. The rest are made up of nuclear cost recovery pass-through charges, environmental pass-through charges, conservation pass-through charges, fuel pass-through charges.

Now we're here today because in that

40 percent of your test tube Florida Power & Light is
asking for a \$1.3 billion increase, or a 30 percent
increase to base rates. Now, folks, I'm going to be the
first one to tell you today -- and there's going to be a
lot of you folks that will testify also, and I hope you
do -- Florida Power & Light is a very, very good
company. They are very well run, they're a good
corporate citizen. We know that they do a lot with the
charitable organizations. We know they do a lot with
energy efficiency. Folks, I don't dispute that at all.

I commend them for that. They are a great business person in this community and around the state.

What I do have a problem with is we believe the amount they're asking for is excessive. It's just too much, especially, especially in today's economic downturn recessionary times.

Now some of the issues that we're going to be arguing on your behalf at the hearing are -- and this will not be all of them, just a few. One is the rate of return that they're asking for. Florida Power & Light is asking for a rate of return of 12.5 percent. Folks, that's after taxes. When you, when you use the calculation to gross it up for taxes, it may be around 18 to 20 percent. But it's 12.5 percent after taxes.

ago, maybe hopefully five years in the future we will have a flourishing economy and our unemployment rate will not be 10.5 percent or whatever it is today. It will hopefully be 2 percent or 3 percent. Folks will not be out of jobs. They will have jobs. Folks will not be saying, "I'm not getting a salary increase this year." They'll be saying, "I'm getting a pay increase." They will not be saying, "I'm on a fixed income with Social Security and I'm not going to get an increase for the next two or three years." "I'm going to get an

increase." But today, today this is too much money.

The authorized rate of return throughout the nation right now, the average, folks, is only 10.29 percent. So Florida Power & Light is asking you to bear the burden of about 2.25 percent higher than the average.

Now the Public Service Commission in a recent case did authorize a rate of return of 11.25. We argued that that was too high. We're going to do that again in this case. That is even way too high in today's economic recessionary times. We're going to argue that it should be much more — around 9.5, maybe 10 percent, maybe 10.5, somewhere in there. Our expert has not come up with his final figure yet. But 12.5, folks, is just too much money. And to put it in perspective, for every 1 percent up or down, that means \$130 million out of your pocket. Okay?

Depreciation. Depreciation is going to be a huge issue in this case. Why? Let me first tell you real quickly what depreciation is, if you don't understand it. Depreciation is when you have an asset, say you buy a car. That car, you use it over time.

Over time it loses its value; right? So if you buy a car and you expect it to, say, run for ten years and you pay \$1,000 for it, every year it will lose \$100, give or

take, of its value. That's depreciation. Depreciation is a terribly, terribly complicated calculation. I can't even begin to tell you how it's done, but I can tell you generally what it, what it means.

Florida Power & Light has probably millions of assets. Okay? They have -- all of these assets have different lives. They may have a truck that has a ten-year life. They may have a nuclear plant that has a 40-year life. They're varied all over. You take all those assets and you aggregate them and put them together. You take all the useful lives and aggregate those together. There is a very sophisticated formula that you then calculate depreciation expense on an annual or yearly basis. That goes into the rates that you pay in base rates.

Now in this particular case Florida Power & Light has already admitted, admitted by the documents they filed in this case they have over collected \$1.25 billion from you for depreciation. Now what they would like to do is just lower the depreciation for the rest of the next 30, 40, 50 years and have you pay less all the way out. We don't think that's right in today's economic times. We want to see that money refunded now, over the next three, four years, and that will significantly reduce the \$1.3 billion increase that

they're asking for.

Okay? You're going to get the money back, but the question is when. And we believe today, you're hurting today, your brothers and sisters are hurting today. We want to put it back in your pocket today, not 20 or 30 years when I'll probably be dead and gone and many of you may also be.

Increasing storm reserve expense. Storm reserve is like a rainy day fund. Okay? Florida Power & Light wants to collect \$150 million a year more than they've been collecting right now to put into a rainy day storm fund. It will be used if and when a hurricane hits and causes damages. Folks, we believe in rainy day funds, but not to the extent of \$150 million a year and not today. Not today when people are hurting. We think it is a very, very good idea, but not today. We think the \$150-million-a-year figure should be significantly less, again maybe -- hopefully three to four years from now the economy is flourishing again, we can go back and take a look at that.

But now I don't want you to think, well, golly, J.R., you're being mean to FPL. What if a storm hits? Folks, you will still pay because there is a storm recovery in the statutes that says if a storm hits two months from now or two weeks from now and it causes

\$200 million in damage, they can come to the Public Service Commission and ask for a storm surcharge, just like they did in '04 and '05. So you're going to pay it. But you can pay it then, not now when many of you are hurting financially.

There are going to be various accounting issues. I'm not prepared today to talk about them in detail. But our accountants have already identified certain issues that collectively will have, we think, a significant impact on how much Florida Power & Light is asking for in their 30 percent rate increase.

Now I want to set the record straight on -real quickly on a couple of issues. First off, Florida
Power & Light is a monopoly. Make no mistake about it.
Okay? Good corporate citizen, but they're a monopoly.
You can't go across the street and decide do I go to
this grocery store or that grocery store, this drugstore
or that drugstore? They're it. They're the only game
in town.

Fuel charges. You heard Ms. Santos talk about fuel. Fuel -- they are projecting it to come down about \$17 per 1,000 kilowatt hours. We hope that happens. But if you listen carefully, she also told you something very important. She doesn't know. None of us know what fuel is going to do a month from now, much less six

months from now. We can guess. Goodness. If I knew what it was going to do, I wouldn't be in my job. I'd be a speculator out there making millions of dollars. Okay? We don't know what it's going to do.

What happened last year? Within six months it quadrupled or doubled or something. I don't even know exactly what it did. But it went way, way up. What happened to your bill? It went up. It's dropped down. The bottom has fallen out this year. We hope it stays there, but we don't know.

Fuel and base rate do not go hand in hand.

They're not -- they're apples and oranges. In my test tube base rates are 40 percent. One of those separate cost through -- excuse me -- cost recovery pass-through elements is fuel. They pay a dollar, you pay a dollar.

Don't be misled by the fuel and adding in the base rates are going to come down. Because let me tell you right now, if Florida Power & Light was to withdraw their case today, right now, if their, if their fuel projection was accurate, then you'd be paying \$17 less and they'd still be making the same profit they are today, but you'd be paying \$17 less.

Going green. We all want to see renewable energy take a foothold in our state. Okay? There's no doubt about that. We're the Sunshine State. We hear it

over and over, solar, wind, geothermal, et cetera. We all want that. This base rate case we're talking about today, folks, has no effect on that. Florida Power & Light is to be commended, and I know you've read in the paper about their -- I think it's 110 megawatts of solar plants that they're currently building just up, just up the street, if you will, in Martin County, I believe.

Folks, that doesn't have anything to do with base rates. You're paying for that out of a separate pass-through. I believe that is the environmental cost recovery clause. So that doesn't have anything to do with base rates. They're still going to build it. They don't -- if the Public Service Commission didn't approve a dime in the base rate case, you'll still pay that. Anything about going green and so forth, they can come in and get that through a pass, pass-through cost recovery clause. So don't mistake if we don't give them anything in base rates, that means they won't invest in renewables.

And last I want to mention, Ms. Santos
mentioned they have not received a base rate increase
since 1985. Technically, folks, that is 100 percent
true. Ah, but the rest of the story. Years and years
ago, I'm going to turn to my test tube again, base rates
made up 100 percent of that test tube. All expenses

that the company had were in base rates. Over the years, through both legislation and orders from the Public Service Commission, as I said, base rates are now only 40 percent of the rates you pay every month.

Those other costs through, excuse me, cost recovery pass-through elements have yanked expenses out of base rates and put them somewhere else. Okay? Every time you take an expense, a dollar that's not in base rates and put it in a cost recovery, they get it dollar for dollar. There's no risk. They're going to get it. Okay? They're going to get it.

So to say they haven't had a base rate increase is not technically -- technically it's true, but realistically it's not. Because a lot of expenses that they used to pay for in the base rates are now paid for, like fuel, in a cost recovery clause. So don't be misled by that.

Now, what can you do today? Folks, please, please take this opportunity to come up here and speak. You don't have to worry about being an eloquent speaker. I'm certainly not. I try to speak from my heart. Come up here and just talk to these fine men and women behind me. They're the people that are going to make the decision. They need to hear from you. And they -- and, look, I don't want you to come up here and bash Florida

Power & Light. I want you to tell the truth. If you think they're a good company, come up here and say it, but also say how this rate increase can affect your lifestyle and your manner of living.

And I want to leave you with one last thing, that -- because a lot of folks feel like, well, if you don't give them any base rate increase or don't give them their 12.5 percent, golly gee, they're just not going to make any money and they're not going to be a good corporate citizen and the world is going to go flat.

Well, folks, let me just tell you, over the past 12 months -- this is the recent report they just filed with the Public Service Commission. Over the past 12 months they have received a rate of return of 10.88 percent, just under 11 percent. That was on \$11 billion in revenues. That transpires -- excuse me -- calculates into a \$1.1 billion profit they're making today.

Now are they going to be due any rate increase in this case? We don't know. But we think it's going to be significantly less than \$1.3 billion.

Please take this opportunity to come up here and speak to these folks and tell them how you feel.

Good, bad, whatever, you know, please get involved and

share your feelings. Thank you very much. 1 2 (Applause.) 3 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you, Mr. Kelly. Mr. Wright. 4 5 MR. WRIGHT: Thank you, Madam Chairman and 6 Commissioners. Good morning. My name is Schef Wright. I was 7 born down the road in Jackson Memorial Hospital in 8 9 January of 1950. Except for nine years when I was in graduate school, I had a little, a little work history 10 11 outside of the state, I've lived my whole life in 12 Florida. I moved to Tallahassee in 1980 to take a job 13 in Governor Graham's energy office, moved over to the Public Service Commission staff where I worked for about 14 15 seven years, and then got a break and went to law 16 school. I represent customers, I represent renewable 17 18 energy producers, I represent municipalities. I have 19 the privilege to be here before you today as the 20 attorney representing the Florida Retail Federation in 21 this billion dollar plus rate case. 22 The Retail Federation is a statewide --(Sound system technical difficulties.) 23 24 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Okay. Maybe those 25 technical people that out there are helping us, help us

again.

Go ahead, Mr. Wright.

MR. WRIGHT: Thank you, Madam Chairman.

The Retail Federation is a statewide organization of more than 9,000 members, from the smallest mom and pop commercial establishments to the largest chains of grocery stores, department stores, electronics, drugstores and other stores, the brands you know when you drive down the street.

I want to make one point. We're all in this together. We, the Retail Federation, and you, individual customers, small businesses, municipalities, we view this as all being in this together as customers.

Like your Public Counsel -- and by the way, y'all owe a tremendous debt of gratitude to Mr. Kelly and to Mr. Shreve. Mr. Shreve served as Public Counsel for the State of Florida for 25 years, after four years serving the state in the Legislature. They have done a marvelous job for you, and without them your rates would be higher than they are. So thank them. Here, here.

(Applause.)

Like your Public Counsel, we oppose FPL's rate increase. We're not 100 percent sure yet whether we oppose 100 percent of the rate increase. I'll come back around to that as we get down to the end.

The issue in this case is whether Florida

Power & Light Company needs another \$1.3 billion a year

of y'all's money and our members' money in order to

finance, own, operate and maintain its system, and to

provide quality, reliable, sufficient, adequate and safe

electric service. We don't think so, and I'm going to

give you some very specific examples of big dollar

amounts as to why we don't think so.

But before I do that, I want to touch on a couple of things. FPL hasn't had a general base rate increase since 1985. Why? They haven't needed one. In the last 24 years FPL has made base rate refunds, one-time refunds, \$10 million here, \$16 million there, totaling more than \$200 million. In 1999, led by Mr. Shreve, the consumer side extracted a base rate reduction, a settlement, a stipulated settlement agreement with FPL to reduce their base rates by \$350 million.

In 2002, again led by Mr. Shreve, with the Retail Federation's participation, the Attorney General's participation, and AARP's participation, they agreed to a further \$250-million-a-year reduction in their base rates.

Now there was -- they did -- I started to say they didn't get one because they didn't ask for one, but

that's not true. Four years ago, in 2005, they came to the Public Service Commission and asked for a \$430-million-a-year increase in their base rates.

Again, through the efforts of your Public Counsel, your Attorney General, the Retail Federation, we helped, AARP helped, the Industrial Power Users helped, through the efforts, the concerted efforts of those on the consumer side FPL agreed a zero base rate increase.

They haven't had a general base rate increase because they haven't needed one. During these 24 years they have made a lot of money. They have made high rates of return on their stockholders' investment. They have been highly profitable.

Again, the issue in this case, and you're going to hear this probably two more times, the issue in this case is whether FPL needs another billion dollars plus of y'all's money, our money to own, operate and maintain their system. We don't believe that they do. Why not? Here, here come the big dollar reasons that I mentioned.

First, they want a rate of return on their stockholders' equity, which is basically profit in this context, of 12.5 percent after taxes. Actually the number is -- before taxes when you gross it up, but you have to pay the income taxes to get back down to the

12 percent -- is about 20.3 percent.

We're not saying they ought to get 3. That's crazy.

That's inadequate. We're not saying they ought to get 6 for equity. That's inadequate. We think the number is probably between 9 and 10 percent. But to put dollar numbers on this for you relative to their billion-dollar-a-year increase request, if you use the national average authorized rate of return of 10.29 percent that Mr. Kelly cited to you a few minutes ago, the difference between that and 12.5 percent is about \$296 million a year. That's about \$300 million a year.

Frankly, we think that compared to the miniscule risks that FPL faces in terms of their revenue recovery -- and, remember, they recover 60 or 65 percent of their total revenues through pass-through clauses that are not part of this case at all. Compared to the miniscule risks that they face, we think 10 percent is generous. So \$300 million there.

Oh, and by the way, you know, they will talk about, well, if we have a higher return on equity, that will enable us to get lower interest rates. Well, folks, I used to be an economist and, you know, I have a full head for numbers, and I can't make that arithmetic

work. Why not? FPL's financing consists of about \$8.2 billion of equity, according to their documents filed in this case, and about \$5.4 billion of debt.

They want 12.5 percent after taxes on equity. They project their cost, all their cost of interest on their long-term debt at 5.55 percent.

Now, suppose if you could get the higher return on equity, you could get a lower interest rate.

Well, one, we're not sure at all that that's true. We went after, all of us, the consumers' counsels went after Tampa Electric Company's witnesses in the recent case that was tried this past January, and we said, "Can you tell us for sure that you'll save such and such amount of money?" "No, we can't really tell you that."

"Can you tell us what the interest rate will be if the Commission awards you an ROE of 12 percent," which is what Tampa Electric asked for. "No." "Can you tell us what your bond rating is going to be?" "Not exactly."

Now we'll see what FPL's witnesses say in this case. But leaving that aside, even if you assumed that you could actually save, or save costs, an extra 1 percent on the debt component, say from 5.5 to 6.5 percent if you went down from 12.5 to 10 percent, well, folks, 2.5 percent of \$8 billion is a whole lot more than 1 percent of \$5.4 billion. When I do the

arithmetic, I can't see any merit in that claim whatsoever.

Mr. Kelly mentioned depreciation surplus. To put a dollar number on that for you, flowing it back to you, who created it, soon, you know, while we're all still here, while we're all still FPL customers, is worth probably \$250 million a year to you. The storm reserve is another \$150 million a year. And to be very, very quick on this, as Mr. Kelly said, if FPL, if we, God forbid, if we have a storm and FPL incurs costs to restore service, they are fully entitled to get the reasonable and prudent costs of restoring service, and they will. Your Public Service Commission will give it to them.

We may say, well, we're not so sure about that \$5 million worth of poles or that \$22 million worth of conductor or whatever, but if they really spent the money and it is really prudent and reasonable for them to spend the money, we're not going to argue about it.

And to put this in context, in '04 and '05 FPL spent close to \$1.8 billion on storm restoration activities. They went into that with a reserve fund, I believe, of slightly less than \$400 million. It may have been a little more, but I think it was 396 is the number that sticks in my mind. Where did they get the

other money? They first borrowed it. They went to the Commission and got a short-term bridge storm surcharge approved, and then they got a longer term storm surcharge approved.

They have a rainy fund today, folks, that is pushing \$200 million, if it is not greater than \$200 million. Their filings in this case show that if -- again, God willing, we don't have a big storm this year and they don't incur significant costs this year, they'll have a rainy day reserve of \$215 million by the end of this year. They do not need to build another \$150 million a year into your rates to recover that.

So just add those three up. We're talking about \$700 million -- 300, 250, 150 -- \$700 million.

There are, as Mr. Kelly said, other issues. There's going to be issues on depreciation expense. There'll probably be some issues on executive compensation, although when it really comes down to it that's not, that's not zillions of dollars, it's millions probably, but it's not zillions. There will be other issues.

We doubt that they need any rate increase at all to own, operate, finance and maintain their system.

And I told you some of the things we're talking about in terms of what we think they shouldn't be allowed to recover for. Let me tell you what we're not talking

about going after in this case. We're not talking about cutting the pay of the linemen and the field workers who keep your lights on. We're not talking about cutting jobs of real live people who are out there working. FPL may even need more employees. If they need more employees in the field -- and we've actually had three FPL employees come talk at previous hearings like this to say "We need more apprentices. We need more worker bees." You know, if they need them and if they'll commit to really hire them, even though the jobs may not be filled, I at least am not going to oppose it, and I will advise my client accordingly.

We are not talking about cutting the amount that FPL spends on new power plants. We are not talking about cutting the amount that FPL spends on its storm hardening efforts. Those are legitimate investments. What we are talking about is how much they earn on those investments and the depreciation surplus and depreciation expense and the storm reserve. We're not talking about touching one cent of the money that FPL is already recovering from you to pay for their solar project. As Mr. Kelly told you, that's recovered through the environmental cost recovery clause through a special act of the Legislature in 2008. We're not talking about touching one penny of FPL's conservation

1 program efforts.

If the Commission approves the base rate increase, denies the base rate increase, gives them something in between, they're going to probably spend the same amount on energy conservation programs. The decision in this case is utterly irrelevant to those charges.

In conclusion, we strongly doubt that FPL needs a base rate increase, certainly not of a billion 300 million dollars a year to own, operate, maintain, finance its system and provide adequate, safe, quality, reliable service. The evidence will tell -- we've got nine days of hearings looking at us in August and September for the full evidentiary hearing in this case, and your Public Service Commissioners will decide. Please, like Mr. Kelly said, tell the Commissioners your views on this very important issue. Thank you very much for coming.

(Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Ms. Bradley.

MS. BRADLEY: Thank you.

I'm Cecilia Bradley, and it's my honor to work for the Attorney General for all of you. We work closely with Public Counsel to support you in these cases and try to see that you are guaranteed the fair

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and reasonable rate that Florida Statutes says you should have.

Now we've got a lot of people here today and we want to make sure that everybody gets heard. I can't tell you how important that is. We serve you better if we know what your concerns and your problems are. So we appreciate you coming out. I know people have had to take time off from work and things like that and are sacrificing to be here, but it is very important. And it gets tiring sitting for a while. But please stay with us. If you need to -- if you get tired and you need to take a break and just walk outside and walk around for a few minutes, do that, but come back in because we want to hear from you.

We got a lot of complaints last night because people were wanting to be able to tell the Commission their problems and their concerns, and they had to listen to a lot of flower -- Florida Power & Light -- I can't even talk this morning -- their witnesses and the people they brought in to talk about their charitable donations and this. They're to be commended for that. We appreciate that. In this economy we certainly need more of that.

But don't get frustrated. Please stick with us. If you have to go outside, you may want to let

Mr. Kelly know that you're back in case they passed over you because we want to hear from you.

And also I heard the other night on TV somebody was talking -- we appreciate all the press and letting you know about these hearings, but somebody said these hearings are open to the public. Well, they are, but that's not really correct. These are your hearings. This is your opportunity to be heard and have your say. And that's a very important thing.

And as I said before, we're not saying -- no one here is going to say Florida Power & Light is a bad company. But we're not going to say they shouldn't earn a profit. To the contrary, we want our utilities in Florida to be strong, profitable companies so they'll continue to provide you with good service. However, times are tough right now, a lot of people are suffering, and, as the Attorney General has said, this is just excessive. You know, we've got to look at something more reasonable.

Now there was comments about -- actually the other night we had people that came in and testified, some of Florida Power & Light's witnesses, about, you know, the good things they've done for the school districts and for the zoos and the other groups there. But your schools are on record as saying they've had

their budget slashed. They can't afford anymore. You know, they don't have a Public Service Commission that they can come to and say, "I need more money." They're 3 having to cut services and cut positions. And a lot of businesses are looking at that. It's a, it's a tough 5 time for everybody. So we know the effect it's having 6 on your local government and some of the services that 7 you depend on, and that's a concern to us.

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There was a comment made earlier about all the storm restoration work that had been done, and after some of the hurricanes that was an important thing. And we litigated some of that with Florida Power & Light and the other utilities, and the Public Service Commission required them to implement a number of these programs, to do a better job to be proactive, to make sure the poles were in good condition so they'd be more likely to stand up to bad weather and this type thing. They're requiring more efforts to trim shrubbery and trees so they won't get into the lines and short them out. And the Public Service Commission is to be commended for their efforts to work with the utilities to require them to make those efforts on your behalf.

Now some of the witnesses yesterday and the day before talked about, well, maybe they should get this increase because they're looking at the future.

They're looking at the needs of their children and 1 grandchildren, and that's always important. But if 2 Florida Power & Light doesn't get this rate increase, 3 you're still going to get the same services. You know, that's guaranteed. That's what the Public Service 5 Commission does is regulate the utilities and make sure 6 that you are provided these services. So if they don't 7 get the rate increase, you don't have to worry about 8 somehow losing services or coming home and suddenly, you 9 know, you won't have electricity or something. That's 1.0 something the Public Service Commission works to make 11 sure that you have these services and will regardless of 12 the outcome of these hearings. Your services will keep 13 going. That was a comment from some people. "I want to 14 15 make sure that my services keep going, so if it takes an increase" -- well, it doesn't. 16 17

There's also been comment about they need more money and a higher rate of return on equity, because if they get one, then they can get money, they can borrow money easier and their customers will benefit from that. We've heard that before. We heard it at the last hearing we had. And the experts did the calculations, and at one particular hearing the customers were going to get about a \$5 million benefit, but it was going to cost them \$30 million. And that's not a real benefit.

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You know, I put it in terms that I can understand. I said that's like if somebody came out and they gave you \$5. You'd say, "Well, thank you. I appreciate that." But if they turned to you then and said, "But you've got to pay me \$30," suddenly that wouldn't look like such a good deal. And that's kind of what we're looking here. You know, we're not saying when all the evidence is in that they won't get some type of increase, but our job is to try to work on your behalf to look at your concerns and to try to keep it down, because you're entitled to a fair and a reasonable rate.

We have a lot of people from AARP here today, and we appreciate them coming. They do a tremendous job in helping us hear about your concerns and your issues, and we appreciate that. We have a lot of people that we've heard from the last few days that are retired. One lady talked about she's been retired for 15 years and has not had an increase in those 15 years in her retirement benefits. You know, you can only squeeze that so many times. She also talked about this \$12 increase per month. That would pay for a copayment for her medicine for that month. That would pay for a copay for a doctor's visit for that month. That would help her go to the store and buy food for that month.

So some people don't think \$12 is a lot, but to a lot of people this is critical.

We also had people talk about the fact they know seniors, you know, that are in their neighborhood that they're concerned about. Because if it gets too expensive, they don't run their air conditioner as much, and they've found people that have succumbed to heat stroke, other conditions. We don't want to see that happen. We can work better to make sure that you get electricity at a more affordable rate, and that's what we're asking this utility and all the others to do.

I also wanted to mention the fact that -- I think somebody mentioned this earlier, but there's a huge trickle-down effect. Mr. Wright talked about his businesses. A lot of small businesses, they're having a tough time too. And that's jobs in the community.

Unlike Florida Power & Light, which is a monopoly, these people have to compete with other businesses to earn your respect and to earn your business. And if their electricity goes up, all of the sudden they're having a hard time making it too, and at some point they're going to raise the rates of their goods and services.

So not only are you getting hit with a higher utility bill, you're getting hit with higher groceries, higher pharmacy, you know, bills. A lot of goods and

services that you're buying now, they'll have to go up too. So that's another thing we're concerned about.

You know, we are here to hear from you and this is your time. Unfortunately, with the number of people and the time we have, don't get angry at the Commissioner when she says your time is getting short. It seems a lot shorter when you're doing the talking than when you're, you know, when you're out there listening. I appreciate you being patient with me and we'll try to be patient with you, and we want to hear from all of you.

Thank you.

(Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you, Ms. Bradley.

Okay. Very briefly, I've been asked to remind all of us to please double-check to make sure your phones and electronics are on vibrate. That's very helpful to everybody.

Also, very briefly, to all of the parties, all of the exhibits that have been marked through the hearings up to today, today and moving on, will be taken up as a group as a preliminary matter at the hearing before they're entered. So please note that and take advantage of that at that time.

And now, as I said earlier, everything that is

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said today is a part of the proceedings for the record, for this case. So as part of that, those of you who intend to speak, I need to swear you in. We will do it as a group. Please, all of you, stand up with me and raise your right hand.

(Witnesses collectively sworn.)

So, to get us started with the next part of this proceeding I would like to recognize and ask to come forward Representative Franklin Sands, Florida House of Representative member from District 98.

And to all of the speakers, we apologize.

This is a wonderful facility but we are a little cramped up here. The court reporter does need to be able to see the speaker.

Thank you, Representative Sands, and thank you for joining us.

REPRESENTATIVE SANDS: Thank you,

Commissioner. And good morning to you other

Commissioners. And welcome to beautiful Broward County.

And I thank you for your service and the expertise that

you bring to this issue. And, Commissioner Argenziano,

I certainly wish you a speedy recovery. I'm sorry

you're not here to have joined us.

I also at this moment would like to recognize a colleague of mine who's also in the room, and that

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1 would be State Representative Gwyn Clarke-Reed.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Absolutely. Thank you. Thank you for joining us.

(Applause.)

REPRESENTATIVE SANDS: Okay. Much has been said this morning that I had intended to speak about, so I'll be pretty brief.

We're here basically this morning to talk about a permanent base rate increase. And the base rate charge is the most expensive part of our electric bill, only after the fuel and purchased power recovery costs. And to talk about that, the base rate was explained very well in great detail, but I'm a pretty plain-spoken person and I like to try to simplify things. And that represents the charges to produce and deliver electricity, which also includes everyone's salaries and other attending costs.

But basically the other charges, the other cost recovery charges, which really offer little risk of not being paid and get back a dollar for dollar return on them, are the fuel purchased power cost recovery, which is the largest part of the bill, the energy conservation cost recovery, the environmental cost recovery, which goes to pay off the solar which I'll talk about in another moment, the capacity cost

recovery, which, among other things, pays for the nuclear plants, and storm damage cost recovery if, God forbid, we do have a hurricane, and the gross receipts tax.

So the base rate is actually less than half the bill. But charges like environment and conservation were formerly in the base rate and were subsequently taken out, and additional base rate charges that had been in there were absorbed through growth. So this is one of those very rare instances where I can speak to an issue that is not a partisan issue, because the requested rate hike will hurt struggling Democrats, Republicans and Independents right across the board.

So, having said that, you know, I also want to say that my appearance here is not in an adversarial position to FP&L. I think they're a very great company. I do find myself, however, at the intersection of political contributions and good public policy, and I will veer off in the direction of good public policy.

The -- I guess, you know, having been in business my entire life and gone through many negotiations of various different types, I look at this as kind of a game that's played, a very serious game, but nonetheless a game, where the FP&L folks come here with their list of dreams, wants and needs, and the

Public Service Commission has to respond to that by making sure that the folks don't get their dreams because they're just too expensive for us, and they get all of the needs, and the point of negotiation will be towards their wants. And I think that's, that is a very important thing.

So if you can consider the permanent base rate hike request and consider the history of these other FP&L requests, you'll see very quickly that twice FP&L filed papers to go through the full process and wound up with a stipulation to agree or disagree. And once Governor Crist as Attorney General intervened to freeze the rates, but certain costs that FP&L would incur during the next few years to create income became base rate plus recovery billed as a rate freeze, this really had built-in rate increases. And this expired in 2005.

But I think we also have to look at the return of equity, and over a five-year period we will see that sales at FP&L have increased by 11.2 percent, income by 12.9 percent, and the dividend rate was 8.21 percent.

And FP&L's stock is doing pretty good trading around 58, and that's great. And it's a testimony to how well managed the company is, and that's a very good thing, and none of that is at issue here.

The fact of the matter is FP&L is a monopoly

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or a quasi-monopoly. It's certainly not a free enterprise subject to being able to compete with a lot of other companies.

But one question that I have is whether or not an OPPAGA type study has been done to look at the base rate itself, to determine whether FP&L has truly tightened their belts just the way every other company in the State of Florida has been forced to tighten their belts? And I would have a greater comfort level about their request once I knew the answer to that question.

And the fact of the matter is that while I do feel that FP&L should be entitled to a, to a base rate increase, I, along with the Attorney General, the folks from the Retail Federation and certainly the Public Counsel, agree that perhaps it should be a smaller rate increase. After all, folks in Florida are really struggling, and they're struggling in the sense that we have over 10 percent unemployment in the state right now. We've got 1.2 million homes that are in some stage of foreclosure. And if you kind of relate that 1.2 number, it keeps popping up, they want a \$1.2 billion rate increase. We've got 1.2 million homes in foreclosure.

The fact of the matter is that we, we can actually really do a lot better than the request that

they're making, and I think we have the opportunity to scale it back and yet give them everything that they actually need.

We talked briefly about solar, and I had the folks, some of the good folks from FPL in my office a few weeks ago talking about the feed-in tariffs as they do in Europe, but they weren't having any of that because they said that it was more of a socialistic type thing, I believe, and it wasn't exactly what we should have in the State of Florida. And while I think possibly that is not the best model, because over the last ten years in Germany they've seen their electric bill go up by \$2.50, so that may not be the best rate, but -- the best method.

But what I did think would be a good method would be some sort of a hybrid which would allow people other than FP&L to be in the solar business, and individual citizens, if they desired, to actually have their own solar generating plant on their homes. The fact is that we are now in the solar business, and that is a very, very important thing. And the Legislature came up with a program where the initial 110 megawatts of renewable energy that would emit zero greenhouse gases, all the costs of just — with those, with that 110 megawatts would be recovered by the company or

companies doing that work. And lo and behold, FP&L has all the 110 megawatts under their umbrella.

And the fact of the matter is the reason they did that was that the projects would be allowed to show a feasibility and viability study under those environment recovery, environmental recovery costs. So FP&L took all those 110 megawatts off the table, and I would suspect that that was originally scheduled for them to have regardless. But I still think there is room for other companies, although we're a little bit off topic, in that same area.

The renewable energy portfolio was supposed to be ratified by the Legislature this year.

Unfortunately, although it was supposed to be a bridge until this, we just failed to act as a Legislature and we have basically a zero energy policy out of the last session, and that is not a very positive thing. I'm hoping the Governor will call us back into session so we can revisit those very important issues.

The things that we do here today are so important. And the opportunity for public input is, is critical to not only the process here today, but to our way of life as Americans. And I think that the fact that you've taken the time to be here, and you'll be in my district again tomorrow night in Plantation, and I

know we have an evening meeting. I think it's from 6:00 on. And I would hope people who can't make this today, and hope it will be reported in the press, that they will have an opportunity to come tomorrow evening to Plantation City Hall and address you at this point.

So I thank you very much once again for being here and for allowing me to make these remarks. Thank you.

(Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. Thank you.

Now I'd like to recognize Mayor Joy Cooper

from the city of Hallandale Beach. Mayor Cooper.

MAYOR COOPER: Good morning. Thank you very much for giving us the opportunity to share our thoughts on this very critical issue.

I wanted to start off, first of all, by thanking the PSC, and working with FP&L with net metering and those issues that are so important to sustainability throughout our state. And I also want to thank FP&L. I don't like to talk with my back to the audience. But I also wanted to thank them for their partnership. That's been, you know, resaid over and over again, that they're good community partners. They're there when we have issues with hurricanes. They're there when people have needs. So that's not,

you know, what we're discussing.

And it's interesting, as a mayor, and a lot of people might not be aware, I always get all your -- the hearing notices. So one of my colleagues, who I believe is going to speak next, said, "Boy, you come to every meeting." I said, "No. I come and do my job as a mayor," understanding that your work is very important.

But reading through the hearing notice, it was quite interesting, and everybody keeps bringing it up, that 12.9 ROI. And I'm sitting at my desk reading, going, wow, wouldn't I like that guarantee for my pension fund. Wouldn't I like that for my personal investment fund. And, you know, that's really dollars and cents, and that's what caught my eye to bring this forward to my commission and discuss it.

And I would like to submit a resolution that we passed in support of opposition of, you know, this rate increase. And I guess I'll give it --

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: If you could just hand it to Ms. Williams right here on the end, our staff counsel.

MAYOR COOPER: Great. Thank you.

You know, as a city we have cost of operations, and everybody is taking a look at their budgets and trying not to lay off people, trying to cut

corners and make do and do more with less, not do the same with more. So I think that's what I summarized, what -- you know, we're kind of doing the same. And in this economy, I know I'm faced with it every day, looking at possible police layoffs, costs for my residents on a daily basis, and can feel the pain of corporations, what they have to do, the same thing.

However, with that said, again, a return on investment in this economy, I'm sitting here and actually I think counsel has been very generous.

10 percent? I'm also on the advisory board of the U.S. Conference of Mayors, and, of course, we're facing pension issues. And, you know, we look at a return on investment in one of our pensions at 7.75 and at 8.

I cosponsored a resolution at the U.S.

Conference with Mayor Bloomberg and Manny Diaz to even just ask for maybe 8 percent. You know, wouldn't that be generous?

So I think that's what it, what it comes down to. But to put it more on a grassroots level, on my drive over here we talked a little bit about foreclosures in South Florida. My city actually has almost 40,000 residents. The majority of those residents live in condominiums. They are facing to have double assessments. One condominium just last month had

to assess over a half a million dollars to address their needs because of foreclosures and unkept bills. So we are seeing that trickle-down effect that's been related to earlier.

And my, one of my residents, I said, "Well,
I'm on my way." He says, "Tell them, please, do not do
this, not now. Now is not the time."

And in any corporation -- and I also thought over the past couple of weeks, we're looking at General Motors and a bailout and, you know, trying to come to grips with owning a company or shares in that company. But I keep thinking to myself, and, you know, what do you do when you have a corporation? It's part of the corporate structure to continue to reevaluate the future, to do the good things that corporations do, to tighten the belts, and looking at their business models that may not be working.

So it's all well and good, you know, to keep passing it on to the consumer. I think as a for-profit publicly traded corporation, they do have some responsibility to tighten their belt. And a return on investment, as I said, I think counsel is being generous, is even too high and now is not the time. We need to ask FP&L to do more with less, not the same with more. Thank you.

(Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. Thank you.

And, Ms. Williams, we will mark as Exhibit 17

Witness Mayor Joy Cooper's City of Hallandale Beach Resolution.

(Exhibit 17 marked for identification.)

Thank you. And now I'd like to recognize again Representative Clarke-Reed from District 92 --

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Point of order, Madam Chairman. Point of order. How long do we have to wait before the public can be heard?

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: We have --

Representative, please come forward. We have had our presentations stretch on. I did give a gentle request to all of our parties, and I would just note that having all of the parties speak to the customers I think is a very, very important opportunity and we all appreciate that, but we do have a tendency to, each time we do this, to get longer and longer and longer. So we will get to that here in just a few moments.

And, Representative Clarke-Reed, thank you so much for joining us. District 92. And we would like to ask you to make a few comments, please.

much, Madam Chair. I'll be very brief, because this a

public hearing and I do want to hear what the local residents, what the residents have to say.

But I would like to say that I wish you would take into consideration all that you hear this morning, particularly about the unemployment rate that we have in the state, our seniors who do not have increases yearly on their requirement income, also the economy and where we are at this time.

I'd like to note -- for you to know that in my district the foreclosure rate is probably one of the highest in this county, and I cannot see where at this time an increase from FP&L, although they're our service provider and, as others have said, they do a good job, this definitely is not the time to have an increase. Thank you very much.

(Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. Thank you for joining us.

And I have one more person that I'd like to ask come forward, and then, Mr. Kelly, I will turn to you. And that is Deputy Mayor Rosen of the City of Sunrise.

Mayor, thank you for joining us.

**DEPUTY MAYOR ROSEN:** Good morning, Madam Chair, Commissioners, staff.

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

I'm here to today to represent the 93,000 residents of the City of Sunrise. About a year ago we had a senior citizen population of about 13 percent. It has dropped below 9 percent. Cost is an extremely important issue to our senior citizens.

I had a lady come up to me yesterday after she saw that we had presented you with a resolution -- you already have it in your possession, we passed it Tuesday night, and basically saying we are against this rate increase of any type at this point, especially knowing that FP&L has made profit of over a billion dollars. A woman approached me yesterday, a senior citizen, and said, "\$12.40, that's almost \$150 a year to me. That's food on my table."

How do I turn around and say to her, "Well, you know, this is, this is what they want," when people are saying to me that that could make the difference of having food on their table for a week? I understand that business is business and we have to look at it from that perspective.

My city alone faces a \$14 million deficit this year because of ad valorem taxes going down. We still have to provide services, and I recognize the fact that FP&L has the same responsibility. But we have to look at two basic principles, and they both begin with the

letter M. It's been elicited by some of our more 1 2 eloquent speakers this morning that FP&L is a monopoly. 3 We can't go anywhere else. We have to purchase from them. And the second M is money. There's only so much 5 money you can pull out of that paycheck every week. What we are finding, just like Commissioner 6 Cooper talked about earlier, is that foreclosures have 7 gone up radically and that the people who still remain 8 9 are still being left with the burden. I beseech you on behalf of my community to 10 really consider that and look at how we can make it 11 12 through the next 24 to 36 months, knowing that it's 13 important to keep the economy flowing and food on people's table. I thank you so much. 14 15 (Applause.) 16 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. MR. WRIGHT: Madam Chairman? 17 18 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Just a moment. Ms. Williams, do you have a copy of the resolution? 19 20 MS. WILLIAMS: Yes, we do. COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Okay. We will mark it as 21 22 18. 23 MS. WILLIAMS: I believe we already have it. COMMISSIONER EDGAR: But we don't -- give me 24 25 just a second. You don't have it?

MS. WILLIAMS: Huh-uh.

commissioner edgar: Okay. I have it and I will give it to you, okay, in just a moment. So we will mark it as 18. You can go ahead and --

**DEPUTY MAYOR ROSEN:** I have an extra copy.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: We've got it. We're in good shape. Give us just a second to work through it.

I have a copy right here. Ms. Williams, I will give it to you and we'll mark it as 18. Witness Donald Rosen, description, City of Sunrise Resolution.

(Exhibit 18 marked for identification.)
And, Mr. Wright, briefly.

MR. WRIGHT: Madam Chairman, that was it. I just wanted to make sure that the resolution was admitted into the record. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Okay. Yes. Okay. We're in good shape. Okay.

Mr. Kelly, I am going to ask you to begin calling names here in just one second. As we have done before, I'll ask you to call two names at a time.

If you're the second name, then we would ask you to kind of move forward so you can be ready to step up. I know that we've had a lot we've had to work through. I hope you have found it worthwhile. And we do have a lot of people who have signed up. As everyone

has said, we want to hear from everybody. So please do 1 also be cognizant of the fact that there are many others 2 waiting to speak when you bring your points forward to 3 4 us. 5 Mr. Kelly. MR. KELLY: The first speaker is Ken Winter, 6 7 followed by Ken Reinardt. 8 Whereupon, KEN WINTER 9 was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 10 State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified 11 12 as follows: DIRECT STATEMENT 13 MR. WINTER: Thank you, Madam Chair. It's a 14 15 pleasure to be here today. My company is FL Energy and we market and 16 install solar energy systems, domestic hot waters, 17 swimming pool heaters, photovoltaic. I was going to 18 speak about the base rate increase, but something the 19 20 good counsel mentioned regarding the overcharge on 21 the --COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: Madam Chair, can you 22 23 hear me? 24 **COMMISSIONER EDGAR:** Commissioner Argenziano? MR. WINTER: -- the depreciation, the 25

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depreciation. Yes.

**COMMISSIONER EDGAR:** Just a moment. Just a moment.

Commissioner Argenziano, yes.

COMMISSIONER ARGENZIANO: I can tell with different speakers, if you're not speaking directly into the microphone, I just get every fourth word.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Okay. We will ask our witness if you could pull it a little closer to you. I know we've had some feedback, but help us work through it.

MR. WINTER: Sure. I want to, I want to change my focus and speak about the overcharge on their depreciation. That's all of our monies that FP&L has in their accounts. And all during the discussion so far I've not heard a disparaging word about FP&L. I've heard that they are a good company and they're involved in the community. I'd like to see them be a great company and a model for the rest of the nation. I have some suggestions as to how we might be able to take advantage of that money and use it to help all of us, not by getting a 22.5 cent one-time deduction in our bill, but something that might be able to help us and affect us forever.

Take that money, as the good counsel

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mentioned, it was \$1.2 billion, and we can use it, and I'd like to address four specific areas first of all.

inspectors to people's homes on request. They also charge \$30 for this inspection. And one of the things that the inspectors will look at is insulation. FP&L uses a gauge of R19, which is four inches of insulation in the attic. This falls far below the Federal Energy Conservation Code, which requests a minimum of 10 inches. Insulation in attics is the least expensive and most effective way of reducing energy costs.

The second area that I want to speak about is the Florida rebate. Several years ago the Florida

Legislature allocated \$5 million in a fund which would return \$500 in rebate to families who install domestic hot water systems, solar systems, and that \$5 million was depleted very rapidly. There are more people who have requested the refund than there is money, than there was money that was allocated.

Recently the Legislature allocated another \$6 million from the recovery program, from the federal government. That additional money is going to be used to pay the \$500 rebate to additional families, and it's been suggested that that \$6 million will be depleted within another 30 to 45 days.

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The third area is more local. Broward County just laid off about 400 schoolteachers. One of the ways that we can reduce the county's costs in relationship to our public schools is the installation of solar hot water systems in our public schools for our cafeterias. There's thousands and thousands and thousands of dollars being spent to produce hot water needlessly when the sun is free.

The fourth area involves international crises. I don't think it's a -- anybody is surprised that we have issues with Iran and now North Korea. When any kind of international incident occurs, oil spikes. Why don't we take this \$1.2 billion that is owed to us and use this money, at least in four of these areas, rather than allowing FP&L to pay down whatever their depreciation or however they were going to use it themselves? This would affect not only the county but the state. The goodwill FP&L would receive by doing something like this would be national. It would be an example for the entire country. That's how we can make and help FP&L become a great company.

(Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

Commissioner Skop.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Thank you, Madam Chair.

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Just a quick question for the gentleman.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: I'm sorry, sir. Could you, could you maybe step forward again for just a moment? My colleague here has a quick question for you.

**COMMISSIONER SKOP:** Just clarification to a point that was raised. With respect to the solar rebates that you mentioned --

MR. WINTER: Yes.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: -- it is true that currently for 2009, 2010 there is \$14.4 million available, of which the \$6 million, as you mentioned, are rebates that are pending payment, leaving \$8.4 million available for 2009 and 2010 rebates.

MR. WINTER: Does that include the \$4 per watt on the photovoltaic?

what I wanted to mention too. Although the rebates had been previously depleted -- as you mentioned, there was a backlog -- there is that new funding input that was made available in part by the economic stimulus package, and that combined -- the state rebate combined with the Commission's net metering and interconnection rule, which is recognized as being one of the best in the nation, as well as the potential availability to avail themself under convertible investment tax credits, which

would be a 30 percent payment from the Treasury once they get those rules hashed out, could do wonders in terms of stimulating solar in terms of what we have today.

I know there's been discussion about feed-in tariff and the Legislature taking further action. That would all be good things.

But in terms of dealing with what we have today, those three existing programs, the state rebates, the convertible investment tax credit that should be available under the federal stimulus package, the Commission's net metering interconnection rule, I think should provide sufficient stimulus for solar to the extent that consumers should be able to see a seven- to ten-year payback under the current incentives on the solar.

MR. WINTER: Thank you very much. One comment. \$14.5 million is still a drop in the bucket.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: I understand. And, again,
I tried to in the draft RPS --

MR. WINTER: If they put in \$50 million.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: I understand. The draft RPS proposal that my colleagues sent over as well as the one that I had prepared, again, I tried to address maintaining that rebate program to stimulate small solar

construction in the State of Florida, and I think that's an important thing, not only for our economy, but to encourage certainly solar generation throughout Florida.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you, sir. Thank you, Commissioner.

Mr. Kelly.

Thank you.

MR. KELLY: Ken Reinardt, followed by Melissa Aiello.

Whereupon,

## KEN REINARDT

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

# DIRECT STATEMENT

MR. REINARDT: Madam Chair, Commissioners, thank you for the opportunity to come and speak with you this morning.

What's in your wallet? We've all heard that on TV. As an income, a fixed income retiree, my answer is fewer dollars and more hands. I just learned recently the City of Coral Springs was forced to raise its property tax rate to pay for shortfalls. The Legislature approved the telephone company's rate increase of 10 percent a year for who knows how long.

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Their hand is in my wallet.

Healthcare is a biggy. With AARP, obviously we're very active and working in healthcare issues, and every day we hear more and more horror stories. Now with healthcare and with FP&L and utility rates, there are programs out there to help low income people as long as they pass certain asset and income tests. However, there's a large number of seniors who don't qualify for those programs who are still hurting nevertheless. They're just above those limits and sometimes substantially above, but still have a great deal of difficulty living month to month or day to day.

Homeowners insurance is another one. That's gone up in recent years obviously. We don't see any major relief there. Social Security is not expected to increase over the next couple of years too, so there's not going to be more of those dollars flowing into my wallet anytime soon.

So consequently I feel this rate increase is excessive and the timing is just not correct for it, and I consequently oppose it at this time. Thank you very much.

(Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

MR. KELLY: Melissa Aiello, followed by Gloria

1 Reinhardt.

2 Whereupon,

MELISSA AIELLO

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

## DIRECT STATEMENT

MS. AIELLO: Good morning. Thank you, Madam and Commissioners.

I'm the President of Junior Achievement of South Florida, and I'm here really to talk to you a little bit about investment. I heard a lot about investment today, and I want to share with you that Florida Power & Light is a very strong investor in the future of our kids in this community.

Junior Achievement is about to embark on a new program that will be reaching every single fifth and eighth grader in Broward County schools. Our mission being to teach our students, number one, financial literacy so that they as an individual can learn how to manage their own money and how to become financially sound, which is obviously something in our country that we really need.

And when I tell you that FP&L has been a terrific supporter, I say that with great pride. And I

know that many speakers have talked about the good work 1 that Florida Power & Light does in the community and 2 kind of dismisses it as, well, of course they would do 3 that and we expect that from a well managed company. But many of the challenges that we're hearing about 5 today in the community, I can guarantee you, beyond 6 Junior Achievement, Florida Power & Light is supporting 7 the needs of the families and the people in the 8 community that have been falling on some hard times. 9 But, again, our, our program is designed to 10 help build citizenry so that they're responsible and 11 12

help build citizenry so that they're responsible and able to help our community be a better community. So I, I salute Florida Power & Light for their commitment to our children. They do believe in investing now for a better future. And sometimes it's easy to forget that what is really good now, it may not stay that way, and we have to invest in the future. So I just wanted to make a note that they are taking care of our community.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

MS. AIELLO: You're welcome.

MR. KELLY: Gloria Reinhardt, followed by Cindy Burkett.

Whereupon,

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#### GLORIA REINHARDT

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the

State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

## DIRECT STATEMENT

MS. REINHARDT: Madam Chair and Commissioners, thank you for letting me speak today.

I can't probably add that much more to what has been said. I am representing AARP members as well as the retirees in this community. And one of the things that, that I, I guess I have a question for everyone — is who among us has seen a 30 percent increase in our revenue? Wouldn't that be swell? In fact, as many in this room and certainly across this country probably saw at least a 30 percent reduction or greater, maybe 50 percent of their investments. Those of us that are retired are living on less dollars and that's not going to stretch as far going into the future. We have less years to make up that money.

I wish that I could get an after-tax return of 12.5 percent risk free. But you know as well as I do, if you're investing, you're not going to get that return unless you're risking a lot. As an aged person, you have less years to make up the losses from the previous years.

I was -- as we were driving here today, I asked the question, "Why now? Why would FP&L be coming

for an increase when we're in the worst recession that I've ever seen, and so many people are hurting, losing their jobs, losing their health insurance, why would they do it now?" And I, I don't have an answer for that. But it's curious to me that in this Page 5 of this, this report, the proposal shows that we're going to be -- our FP&L bills are going to drop in 2010. And the way they put this out in the financial 

And the way they put this out in the financial page where they're using the reduction in the fuel cost to get us that drop, I find that disingenuous. And it's more like a bait and switch, and I'm offended by it. I would like for them to be truthful in their numbers and their needs, and I think it's unfair to the citizens of this, this county that they're not being factual. It may be technically factual, but they're using dollars that they don't know what will be to say that we're going to have a drop in our bills next year, and that's just untrue.

And, and I think that I've probably said enough, so thank you so much.

(Applause.)

MR. KELLY: Cindy Burkett, followed by Tom Kennedy.
Whereupon,

## CINDY BURKETT

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

### DIRECT STATEMENT

MS. BURKETT: Good morning, and thank you for the opportunity to speak.

I will be brief. I wanted to share that I have lived in South Florida for all of my almost 50 years now. Currently I'm living very far out west where we are frequently affected by the weather, by the way, many times, but I have always, always been pleased by the service that FP&L has provided to me and to my family. And, yes, we are definitely in financially difficult times. I have parents that are retired on fixed incomes that have medical problems. I have extended families that have lost jobs. So I feel this, this difficulty as well.

I'm not here or knowledgeable enough to discuss the amount of increase or the base rate or any of that, but what I am here for is to share that my belief that a quality and continually improved product in either personal life, relationships, family or business requires growth and improvement and a wise investment. Whatever the relationship is or business, it requires a wise investment of time and energy and

1 money. Thank you.
2 (Applause.)

MR. KELLY: Tom Kennedy, followed by Gen Harvey.

Whereupon,

# TOM KENNEDY

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

## DIRECT STATEMENT

MR. KENNEDY: Good morning. Welcome, Commissioners, staff. Thank you.

My name is Tom Kennedy. I am Comptroller of RL Schreiber. We're a food manufacturing company in Pompano Beach. I'm also Chairman of the South Florida Manufacturers Association.

Two of the issues that I'd like to speak to today, which will be very brief, obviously the portion related to the rate increase and the other to quality of service.

With respect to the rate increase, to determine the appropriateness, if any, of the rate increase is really -- even though I'm a CPA -- probably beyond my capabilities, given the facts that both of your sides will be discussing with your experts, the

validity and the amount by which they -- you feel appropriate. I know that there will be assumptions and estimates on both sides. Quite frankly, I think that 3 FP&L is well represented on their own right, and I look to the Commission to help us as taxpayers to determine 5 what is appropriate. And we can talk about the concept 6 of guaranteed rate of returns. I as a businessman do 7 not have that luxury, but there are reasons for public 8 policy that that was instituted. 9

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That being said, we are very, very cognizant of the cost of inputs into production. It is obviously something that I'm going to have to deal with, but I also am somewhat torn by the fact that as a businessman I report to shareholders. And my job is to maximize profits for my shareholders. I do not have to report to the public. So it is a very interesting situation in which we stand with respect to today's event.

The other aspect is quality of service. FP&L has been a tremendous partner with both the South Florida Manufacturers Association, the Manufacturers Association of Florida. They have initiated a number of green initiatives in which we are, in which we also contribute to. And we also -- they have been very instrumental in coming into our facility, doing an energy evaluation, which in terms of inputs, operating

costs have saved us substantial money. 1 So that being said, that's what I have. Thank 2 3 you very much. COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. MR. KELLY: Gen Harvey, followed by Sennetha 5 6 Desroches. UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Mr. Harvey stepped out. 7 MR. KELLY: Okay. When he comes back, if you 8 see him, just tell him to signal to me and I'll put him 9 back in line. 10 Sennetha -- if I'm pronouncing this right --11 Desroches, followed by Mark Haurde. 12 13 Whereupon, SENNETHA DESROCHES 14 was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 15 State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified 16 17 as follows: DIRECT STATEMENT 18 MS. DESROCHES: Good morning. Thank you for 19 the opportunity to speak here at the hearing. 20 First of all, I would like to say I'm here to 21 22 share my experience as a resident and my experience with 23 FP&L. My experience has been pleasurable. FP&L has 24 been efficient in providing me and my family with the 25 services that we need. And very simple and short, I

just trust that the Commission will make the best and the wise decision. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

MR. KELLY: Mark Haurde, followed by Alyce
Ritten -- or Ritter. I'm sorry. Ritter.
Whereupon,

# MARK HAURDE

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

## DIRECT STATEMENT

MR. HAURDE: Good morning.

First of all, I'm appearing on behalf of the Haurde family, and we are very pleased with our service. Although the timing of this request certainly is bad, if it is justified, it certainly should be approved, although the fact is it may be unpopular.

In my six years in my home, really I've not recognized any increase in my power bill. And at the same time, by making some improvements efficiency wise, my bill has actually gone down. I don't think we can say the same thing for other commodities out there.

Everyone seems to agree that FP&L is very well run, and based on having the lowest rates in the state, they seem to be due a certain level of trust to target a

required ROE to attract investors and maintain that efficiency.

Behind air and water there is nothing more important than efficiently delivered electricity for our and our children's future. So I wish the PSC good luck in making this decision. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

MR. KELLY: Alyce Ritter, followed by Joan Goodrich.

Whereupon,

### ALYCE RITTER

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

## DIRECT STATEMENT

MS. RITTER: Good morning, Commissioners,
staff members.

I'm here to say, number one, I appreciate

FP&L. That's number one. But due to the fact, as a retiree, I really can't afford this raise. It is almost impossible. But I was looking at the chart which she gave, and it said that FP&L was one of the lowest in Florida. In my household FP&L is one of the highest bills that I have. I can't afford it. Number one, when you're retired, when you're retired, you cannot raise

your salary, you can't go out and make a little overtime, so you have to work with what you have and it's not going up. So during the course of the years, I'll say insurance went up, tax went up, homeowners tax went up. That sets you behind. Your medication goes up. You're still not making any money.

So FP&L, I really would appreciate if you'll consider this and not do it right now, that we can get a little leverage, you know, to stay afloat. We're struggling. We like your service, but right now we can't really afford that. I'm speaking for, excuse me, I'm speaking for me personally, and I'm speaking for my community where there are a lot of elderly people. They can't afford it.

My question is, what, what do you want us to do? Not pay, not pay FP&L, ruin our credit, or cut off our air conditioner and die from heat stroke? It's like six in one hand, half a dozen in the other. We love your service, but we can't afford it. Thank you.

(Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

MR. KELLY: Joan Goodrich, followed by Steve Carbone.

Whereupon,

## JOAN GOODRICH

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

# DIRECT STATEMENT

MS. GOODRICH: Good morning. Thank you for the opportunity to speak to you today.

My name is Joan Goodrich, and I'm the Executive Vice President of the Broward Alliance, Broward County's public/private partnership for economic development.

and a strong supporter of strengthening and diversifying our economy here in Florida and in Broward County. I particularly appreciate the capital, major capital investments that FPL continues to make in retrofitting our -- their existing facilities with new technologies that are generating cleaner air emissions. I understand that FPL has invested almost \$100 million alone for our Port Everglades plant.

Why is this important to the economy? Well, because cleaner air leads to a higher quality of life. A world-class quality of life is a key factor to companies and businesses that are looking to make business investments and create jobs in our community. I support FPL's commitment and plans to provide

affordable, reliable, sustainable, quality, state of the art green energy which will meet the short— and long—term needs of our ever—changing economy. I hope you will give them a fair evaluation in their request. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

MR. KELLY: Steve Carbone, followed by Mike Moore.

Whereupon,

## STEVE CARBONE

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

## DIRECT STATEMENT

MR. CARBONE: Good morning, Commissioners.

Thank you for this opportunity.

My name again is Steve Carbone. I live in Ft. Lauderdale and I'm a business consultant. Some of my clients are Fortune 100 companies.

I'm here today because I believe we need to make FPL a better company, and the only way to begin doing that would be to deny this rate increase completely. When Lee Iacocca took over a very troubled Chrysler company, at his first annual meeting he was asked, "Who's more important to you, your shareholders

or your employees?" Without hesitating he said, "My customers are the most important thing to me, because if I take care of them, the shareholders and the employees will be happy."

I don't believe that FP&L is properly customer-focused, and I plan to present a little bit of evidence to that from my own personal experience.

Today we hold companies to higher standards:
ISO 9000, Six Sigma. To say, "Hey, most of the time
their service is great" -- would you fly an airline who
said, "Well, most of the time we hit the runway when we
land the plane?" I don't think so.

that was made public by them justifying and, you know, sort of talking about different points as to why they really need this, and one of the things they said was very interesting. They said, "Although we've added 200,000 new customers this year, our income is flat." So what are you telling us? That if we conserve electric, we're going to be punished through rate increases?

If they have more customers and our income is flat, that means people are conserving. Everyone is cutting back because they can't afford it, or businesses are out of business and there is no bill to send to

them. That should be a message to them that this rate increase is not timely and not warranted.

And the fact that they haven't raised their base rate since 1985 just shows no company should do that and make a profit each year. There's so much slush, so much other funding, so many other methods of income, they certainly didn't need to do that.

I believe FPL has poor service too often.

They're not reaching for the Six Sigma type company.

They're just being a probably better than adequate supplier of service but they're not striving for excellence.

And I'll give you -- just the seven years that I've been their customer, I'll give you a few things that have happened to me personally, which I'm sure they could verify. They record their conversations, so lately I've been recording mine.

I have several computer systems and a lot of electronic gear at the house and I was getting repeated power failures for a minute, 30 seconds, just enough that everything would shut down and everything needed to be restarted again. And when you're traveling like I do a lot and you call in to your computer, it's not on, uh-oh, now what? I have to call a neighbor, "Can you go over, can you turn it on?"

You know, I called up and I said, "What is causing this? This has been going on for months now."

They said, "Well, you know, there's a lot of trees that slap the wires. And when they do that, you get interruptions in power." I said, "Well, you know, you're supposed to have an infrastructure that provides reliable service. If that's the case and you know it, that has to be remedied."

Instead, they suggested I buy an uninterruptible power supply for my critical equipment, basically predicting their own poor service. They even went as far as to say they had vendors that could sell them to me cheaply so I would save money when I bought this device. Not customer-focused. That's not the answer.

New air conditioners now that go in rooms, room air conditioners, have a ground fault outlet. That's the only way they'll sell them anymore, and that's a safety feature. Well, when voltage fluctuates, ground fault outlets trip. They shut off. I happen to have one. That's how I found out. Shutting off continually throughout the night, in the morning, sometimes during the day. Not all the time, not intermittent, but constant.

So I called FPL. They said, "Well, there's

not much we can do. You go to check with your vendor, the air conditioner manufacturer." They said, after calling them, "You should have the power company come in, put a monitor on your, on your home and find out if that voltage is fluctuating enough that it's creating a problem." Because the only alternative is to cut the plug off and have a non-safe device, based on UL's recommendation.

Well, they don't install monitors in homes.

Other companies do. They don't. "We're not required to do that. We sent a guy out, he looked at your box. The service is good." I go, "Give me an idea of what my voltage is in a 24-hour period." "We can't do that."

So they're not customer-focused. They're not looking to solve the problem. They're looking for you to get off the phone and leave them alone. Okay? So that's not good, not customer-focused.

My resulting thing is I did have to cut the plug off, buy a plug that's not safety recommended, and use that. It's the only way it'll run continually.

During Wilma, I was without power for 12 days. Obviously it was a tremendous storm. No one anticipated it. But after the storm they recovered a lot of the money that they spent for that, and in a promise to improve infrastructure so that the next time we have

another storm we'll be ready. And that's not going to happen again. We will not have a repeat of Wilma. The infrastructure will be different, the systems will be different. We will use process controls that are going to make that a nonevent. It won't be as bad.

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Well, on Tuesday we had a minor thunderstorm go through town. I quess everyone was here. You know about it. I lost power twice that night for a brief period of time, and then at 8:00 a.m. power went off completely. For more than an hour I called them, as most people are required to do to let them know there's an outage. They said there was, it would be restored by a certain time. And the long and the short of it is after about 20 phone calls and talking to supervisors and everything else, we eventually were told, "Look, it's out and we don't know when it will be restored. We can't even give you a time." Well, it was out for 17 hours. It was out from 8:00 a.m. to 1:30, 2:00 a.m. the following day. So, again, not customer-focused, not responding.

Even though I mentioned that in this block there's many infirm people, not once did that person say, "Well, we have someone who could go out and check on them or some kind of backup like that." "You're causing the problem." "There's infirm people in the

building." "Well, I'm really sorry." You're sorry.

Not customer-focused.

maintenance they're supposed to do. And all I can do is tell you, if you want to prove it to yourselves, I call it count the trucks. When you're out on the road, have a little pad in your car, and every Ft. Lauderdale -- we live at Ft. Lauderdale -- every Ft. Lauderdale, count your truck you see, put a little line. Every Broward County truck, put a little line. Every police car, put a little line. And then every FPL truck, put a little line. There will be weeks, weeks go by, you don't have an FPL truck, because they're not out doing regular maintenance, in my opinion. I don't see them. If they're doing it, they must being doing it in the middle of the night.

I think we need to deny this rate increase, get their attention, make them customer-focused and make them a better company.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

MR. CARBONE: Thank you.

(Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Mr. Kelly.

MR. KELLY: Mike Moore, followed Dennis Myer. Whereupon,

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### MIKE MOORE

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

### DIRECT STATEMENT

MR. MOORE: Good morning, Commissioners.

As we sit at the onset of the hurricane season, we certainly think about the importance of FP&L to our community. They bring value and security to us in many ways. For example, we heard earlier about the millions of dollars that FP&L is investing in infrastructure. I am encouraged by their interest to invest in infrastructure for underground lines in communities with heavy foliage, such as Coconut Grove and Victoria Park.

Furthermore, FP&L has worked tirelessly to restore power after recent storms. I am confident that this Commission and in their ability to make an effective decision today and make the right decision. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

MR. KELLY: Dennis Myer, followed by G.L.

Lugo.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Mr. Myer.

Whereupon,

#### DENNIS MYER

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

### DIRECT STATEMENT

MR. MYER: Thank you for this opportunity.

Just -- I came here with the idea I was going to say "I oppose," and leave, but I realized that -- I started a nonprofit, Career Connection of Broward, to help the disabled people find work. And now I have some information that might be important to you, because all of my clients that are seeking work cannot live on their Social Security disability benefits. And to take 12 more dollars from their pockets would be astronomical. So I would like to oppose this for those people. Thank you.

(Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

MR. KELLY: G. L. (phonetic) Lugo, followed by Reed Smith.

Whereupon,

# GIL LUGO

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

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### DIRECT STATEMENT

MR. LUGO: Good morning, Commissioners.

My name is Gil Lugo. I have a small consulting company here in Hollywood, Florida. I work primarily with manufacturing companies. We try to help them reduce their costs and their operating expense so they can keep their people on the payroll and they can stay in business.

A couple of the benefits that we get out of FPL is that they have this energy survey. They come in and help the company reduce their energy costs. They also can help them with reducing the amount of sales tax they pay their manufacturer. So while nobody likes a rate increase, it's important to these small manufacturing companies who maintain a large workforce collectively throughout South Florida to stay in business and be able to have access to the services provided by FPL. Thank you.

(Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

MR. KELLY: Reed Smith, followed by Don

Whereupon,

Prince.

REED SMITH

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the

State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

## DIRECT STATEMENT

MR. SMITH: Hi. My name is Reed Smith. I want to thank the representatives from Florida Power & Light and the Office of the Public Counsel.

And everybody here who hasn't looked, we have a great system here where we have this Public Service Commission. You look at the resumé of these people, and I probably couldn't have put together a better Commission myself out of all of my personal friends that I know. So we're lucky to have you all representing us, so I want to thank you on behalf of the citizens.

But more importantly, I wanted to just kind of talk about the policies and the rate increase. First of all, it's kind of bittersweet for me, and why I say that is because I'm a solar contractor. So everything that I've been saying over the last couple of years to my clients has been coming to fruition, so it makes me look really good. When I start talking about, you know, possibly there could be rate increases, there are -- even by FP&L's own accounts, there's a lot of question marks as to the cost of fuel in the future, which is a pass-through.

I was at the meeting last night and somebody

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

brought up a very good point about these pass-throughs. I know in the past that -- I'm not sure about the regulation of these pass-throughs. In other words, are they just buying fuel at whatever rate it is out there, or is there a specific regulation and is that monitored,

or any of the other pass-throughs as well?

This is a -- this is great. This is what I like to see also, ensuring a clean energy future. And other states would do this, and rather than see a 25-megawatt facility, a 75-megawatt facility and a 10-megawatt facility, you'd see about 45,000 homes in those states each producing their own clean renewable energy with about a 2.5-kilowatt facility, which would produce a good amount of energy, but not take somebody off the grid. I don't want to mislead any homeowners or residents here.

And those states' policies and the solar industry, which that's kind of why I'm here, the solar industry is booming. And as we know, we even had a representative here a couple of minutes ago, maybe an hour ago, speak about our renewable energy portfolio, which, which didn't happen this year. And we were, we were promised -- I say we -- I'm a member of FARE, which is the Florida Alliance for Renewable Energy.

And I look at this like everybody is paying to

put up one gas station, and they're paying for the gas station and they're paying for all of the gas and that's the only one you can go to. Whereas — and you have to pay whatever they're going to pay because, make no mistake, there is a monopoly. But, again, like I mentioned, the Public Service Commission is here to protect our interests and obviously the Office of Public Counsel as well.

So my, my final note is just to say that pain is a great motivator. And now that the citizens or I guess the ratepayers of Florida Power & Light are feeling a little bit of pain, maybe this can help us to voice our opinions, not just for solar, for renewable energy, for alternative energy, anything else out there, even energy reduction. So let's just -- let's remember the pain that we're potentially about to feel if this Commission decides to approve this increase.

Thank you.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Mr. Smith, very briefly. Very briefly. Could I ask you quickly? As a solar contractor, are you aware of the net metering rule that this Commission adopted a little less than two years ago, I think, which was intended to facilitate, I think, the type of things that you're talking about?

MR. SMITH: I am. And clients ask me about

that all the time because that does get a lot of press. But rarely is there, unfortunately right now with the technology, enough roof space on a roof to really take somebody off the grid, unless -- like I'm working on a LEED Platinum project in the City of South Miami. So it is possible to design and construct a home and take it off the grid using renewable energy and the right construction practices.

But in reality, net metering -- yes. For everybody that's here right now, if your home is shut down and you have solar, your meter is probably spinning backwards, unless it's raining and cloudy. I don't know. I haven't been outside for a couple of hours. But in reality, when you get home, you're going to turn your computer on and you're going to use that energy.

So, yeah, I am aware of that and that is a great factor. In other words, none of the energy is wasted that's produced through solar. And for that -- and I can only imagine the work that went into developing those interconnection standards. From what I understand, it was before I got into the industry, and I appreciate all that work. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. I think that was an important step, but clearly we all agree there's more work to be done.

1 Mr. Kelly. 2 MR. KELLY: Don Prince, followed by Steve 3 Hickman. 4 Whereupon, 5 DON PRINCE 6 was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 7 State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified 8 as follows: 9 DIRECT STATEMENT 10 MR. PRINCE: Good morning, and thank you. I 11 just wanted to say that I personally feel FPL is a good 12 company that provides good services and programs to the 13 community. Thank you. 14 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. 15 MR. KELLY: Steve Hickman, followed by Samuel 16 Ringel. 17 Whereupon, 18 STEVE HICKMAN 19 was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 20 State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified 21 as follows: 22 DIRECT STATEMENT 23 MR. HICKMAN: Good morning. My name is Steve Hickman. I'm the President and CEO of a local community 24 25 bank here in Pompano Beach, Florida, and it's a new

small business. So I'm a small business owner, like many of the folks in this room.

First of all, I want to thank you, Madam Chair and the Commission, for allowing this event to occur, and the staff. I also want to -- and I empathize with what you had to go through looking at the -- I can just imagine -- I haven't seen it yet, but I can tell by the presentations that were made there's a tremendous amount of paper document support for both sides of this issue, and I can just imagine what you have to go through to evaluate that and then come to a decision. So I empathize with you for that. I'm glad I'm not sitting there trying to do that.

But I also want to say I empathize with all the fixed income people, the retirees of this community. Not just the folks who are here attending today, but also those in the community. And I'm hopeful that with all of the new things coming, all the new stimulus programs coming out of Washington, that we're able to take care of our fixed income folks and not allow this, what I, what I would consider, as I just look at this one document here, this blue document, to be a relatively meager personal increase at the individual level. It's a big, it's a big number, \$1.3 billion, when you throw out those numbers, that's a big, that's a

big number and it's a big -- to anybody that's a big number. But when you bring it down to the individual level, I'm hopeful that we are able to find ways to help these, these individuals that are on fixed income.

I also want to thank the audience today. When they, when they come up, it's very professional. I've been in various presentations in cities and counties around, and the discourse is combative oftentimes, and I applaud the audience here for being very professional in their approach on both sides of the issue.

I'm really not here to debate whether or not we should rate -- or allow this increase to occur or not. But I am here to say that I personally appreciate everything that Florida Power & Light does. And there's already been comments made about how effective they are in our communities and what they do for us, whether it be for the Junior Achievement or whether it be for schools or wherever. They're very effective in our community. There's no question about that.

But running a small business, I know, for example, in my business just to put the back room together, as in -- this is a bank now, and a brand-new bank, a small bank -- to put the back room together cost \$3 million of investment in equipment infrastructure just to put that together. Meat and potatoes compared

1 to what Florida Power & Light has. I do want to say that I appreciate the, what 2 they do from the standpoint of all the infrastructure 3 4 costs that they have to incur to make sure that when I 5 go into my office and I flip on a switch, I get power. 6 And that's important to me. So I support Florida Power & Light and 7 8 everything they do, I support their investments that 9 they make. And I'm hopeful as you evaluate everything 10 that you have in front of you, that it is an appropriate 11 thing to do. 12 Thank you for your time. I appreciate it. 13 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. 14 MR. KELLY: Samuel Ringel, followed by Frances 15 Lewis. 16 Whereupon, 17 SAMUEL RINGEL 18 was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 19 State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified 20 as follows: 21 DIRECT STATEMENT 22 MR. RINGEL: Thank you for your patience and 23 enabling me to hobble up here. I'm post-surgical 24 recovery. 25 There's been a lot said today, and I agree

with most of what's been said with respect to the negative aspects and the stroking in a sense of FP&L.

My presence here is not for that purpose, because I do agree with much of what has been said. Sometimes when I put on the switch the lights don't go on. When I have the switch on, the lights are on, they go down. Yes, we have these problems.

But I'd like to just indicate my own personal experience with respect to FP&L. I have been a resident in the Tamarac area for over 24 -- well, since 1984.

And I must say that anytime I've called FP&L, they've been tremendously responsive from the viewpoint of energy conservation. They also have been extremely civic-oriented in this direction, and I'll just exemplify for a few moments in that aspect.

With respect to the civic, I live in Section 22 where FP&L came in and at no cost to any of the homeowners added insulation to every attic.

Unfortunately I was out of town at the time, so I was not able to benefit by that. I inquired of and FP&L came to check my duct system. It was wonderfully refrigerated up in the attic. That's not where it's supposed to be. Had a lot of problems, loose, things had to be put together. FP&L took care of that, probably through state subsidization, but from whatever

aspect, it didn't cost me anything and it was done properly.

Continuing in the energy conservation area, I asked for a survey of my home structure. They came in, and I think there was a \$30 fee on my part, and they went through an entire checklist. And most all of the things that needed to be done had been done, so I benefited by that. And I can mention other things.

What I really want to say is that this is a customer service awareness. We -- irrespective of the rate increases, we can save money, and I have. I've been on the power option type thing that they have and it's saved me thus far close to \$1,000 over a number of years.

What I'm trying to say in conclusion is that we can, with FP&L's help, show how we can save money, make a smaller carbon footprint, and it would be to our advantage. Unfortunately there are too many of us senior citizens or otherwise that don't know how to ask, but those that do can be helped. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

Ms. Bradley.

MS. BRADLEY: Next is Frances Lewis, and then Georgi Celusnek. And I apologize if I mispronounced that.

Whereupon,

as follows:

# FRANCES LEWIS

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the

State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified

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DIRECT STATEMENT

MR. LEWIS: Good morning, Commissioners.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Good morning.

MR. LEWIS: I do sympathize with the decision that you have to make. I know it's a very tough one.

I'd just like to share some of my personal experience. I've lived in South Florida for many years and have experienced many hurricanes and storms. As a matter of fact, I am part of the first responders after a major hurricane or storm. And I can attest that while out there I have experienced and seen FPL crews out there analyzing, doing damage assessments in different neighborhoods and communities. So from a customer service point of view I think that they're topnotch.

When speaking about a monopoly, typically if you are -- if there is no other option, a company can treat you pretty much how they want. And I'm here to attest that on a personal note, in calling in with issues with my home and different things, that the customer service that I receive from FPL I would say is

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probably second to none.

Tying in to what the gentleman before me spoke about in terms of affording customers the opportunity to save and to do certain energy efficient, be exposed to certain energy efficient programs and probably do certain things to their particular homes in terms of air duct repairs, insulation in your, in your attic, I have personally participated in those.

So what I'm trying to say is even if, yes, there probably is going to be an increase in fees, there also are other options that we can use as citizens to reduce our monthly bills. So I endorse FPL wholeheartedly. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

MS. BRADLEY: Ms. Celusnek, and you can correct that. And then that will be followed by -- Whereupon,

## GEORGI CELUSNEK

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

# DIRECT STATEMENT

MS. CELUSNEK: The U is silent. It's Celusnek.

MS. BRADLEY: I'm sorry.

MS. CELUSNEK: But that's fine. 1 MS. BRADLEY: Followed by Joe Roberto. 2 MS. CELUSNEK: Okay. Hi. Good morning. 3 I'm a South Florida native, so I've been 4 through several hurricanes here and can remember back to 5 Hurricane Andrew. And I've seen FP&L's work after the 6 They always seem to work to get everybody's 7 power back on as fast as possible and with crews coming 8 from other states. And I understand that nearly all of 9 the FPL workers take on storm duty roles after 10 11 hurricanes, working overtime, when, when some of us get actually some paid time off because our offices aren't 12 13 running. So, but they really work together to, to get 14 the power restored. And I think that's just one shining 15 example of very good quality, high quality service. And 16 it's been my experience that you get what you pay for, 17 18 and I hope the Commission will remember that. 19 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. MS. BRADLEY: Joe Roberto, and that will be 20 21 followed by Sharon Ness. COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Mr. Roberto, give me just 22 23 a second. 24 How are you doing? THE COURT REPORTER: I'm fine. 25

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: A little longer?

THE COURT REPORTER: Yeah.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Okay. Mr. Roberto.

Whereupon,

# JOE ROBERTO

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

### DIRECT STATEMENT

MR. ROBERTO: Good morning. Thank you, Commissioners, for the opportunity to speak.

I have to just publicly say, both as the owner of a, you know, principal residence here in South Florida as well as a business owner, that I absolutely have no respect for FP&L. And let me just kind of cut straight to the chase. All right? This is a for-profit company, they are a monopoly, they've made \$1.8 billion. Okay. They've made 900 -- almost a billion dollars just in South Florida. All right?

As a company, as a good corporate steward, yes, they do charitable work, yes, they do surveys, yes, they do inspections. Quite frankly, folks, get out of the State of Florida and all utility companies do that. It's a PR campaign. And I think that they should help consumers to do that. So the mere fact of them offering

it, that's all wonderful, that's all well and good.

But, guys, think about this. 12.5 percent guaranteed return. They don't need that for investors. Investors know that they are a multi-billion-dollar company. That -- they're probably one of the strongest companies out there. They don't need a guaranteed 12.5 percent rate -- you know, what do you call it -- return to attract investors. Investors are going to them already. Where else are they going to go? The real estate market, the stock market, everything else is crumbling. So that's number one.

Number two is the fact that they cannot prove that in fact it's going to reduce rates. I actually -- you know, everyone keeps saying FP&L is a good corporate company and all this kind of stuff. Let's go back a second, guys. It was the State Attorney General's Office and the Public Service Commission that forced them to go in there and strengthen the lines. FPL didn't do that up front.

I think it's actually quite frankly -- we had a Category 1 storm a couple of years ago. How long did it take them to come and bring the power back?

Actually, quite frankly, it was pathetic in my estimation. Okay? I have lived in other states where they have ice storms, okay, where there's tornadoes.

Quite frankly, I lived in St. Martin. I have to tell you, St. Martin had more reliable electrical service, and those lines are on the ground, they lay on the ground, and I didn't have the situation that I have down here.

FP&L is quite frankly the laugh of South Florida. Take a look at the Sun-Sentinel, which is not the gospel. Okay? But every week there's an editorial, there's a comic strip. I think there are a lot of people here that are supporting FP&L because they do get company contributions, they are partnering. I respect that.

Quite frankly, though, I don't appreciate having a 30 percent rate increase. And me as a business owner, which, by the way, I handle foreclosures and short sells, and I'm making a commitment to spend two and a half hours here to state my case when in fact I've got people struggling. And it's not just the retired folks. It's the people, it's the schoolteachers, it's the 20-year-olds in their first apartment, it's everything, and they're getting hammered at their home, then they're going to get hammered by the county and the city who can't meet their budgets.

The profit is extravagant. Okay? I think they can do exactly what they're doing now, make the

same substantial profits, and still be able to contribute.

Okay, great, FP&L is the lowest in the State of Florida. Okay? I'd like to take a look at it compared to the nation. Remember, folks, FP&L is the electric company. They, they provide service to us 365 days. They're also getting our revenue for 365 days. Other electric companies do not get that amount of revenue the entire year. They have oil costs, so there's less electricity, more gas. Okay?

Let me give -- that's just in terms of the revenue and so forth. Let me give you some specifics. Okay? First of all, I absolutely applaud the Public Service Commission. If you folks ever have a problem with FP&L, you call the Public Service Commission up, they will return your phone call within an hour, unlike FP&L.

I've had, I've had -- this is -- and, guys, understand, I'm going to give you, now give you facts about FP&L in terms of my exact experience. I live in Oakland Park. My business is in Ft. Lauderdale. Look it up, FP&L, Joe Roberto. Okay? There's two public service complaints, okay, both on my home and my business. Three years at both locations. My power -- notice that there's no R in FP&L? There's no

reliability. This whole reliability coordinator stuff has got to stop.

Number one is in my home and my office -- and this is a true story. Okay? Every other week my power -- I, trust me, I have been trained by FP&L.

"Well, it's a momentary interruption. The definition of that is" -- look, give me a break. Okay? I have never -- I can go to my office and I have a crew of employees with computers. The power goes down, it comes back on. "Oh, well, that's not an outage. That's a momentary interruption." Well, it kicks my computers off. I lose data. Okay? And I'm in it to make business as well. If you can't supply the electricity that's reliable so I can conduct business, then get out of the area and let some other electric company come in and do it.

Then if I have a good week at work, I guarantee you -- and this is documented with the Public Service Commission -- maybe two weeks later I'll go home and all my, all my things, I have to reset all the clocks. There was a momentary interruption there. For three years you call customer service, "We'll have the regional engineer call you up." They never call you up. Never once has FP&L ever come out.

Finally I got them to come out and take a look

at vegetation that's on my neighbor's property. Twice

I -- no, three times I called them up. I finally get

the vegetation, it's blowing, the wind is blowing, the

palm trees are hitting the top of the transformer,

they're sparking. The vegetation coordinator says

that's not a problem. If they were so

customer-oriented, they would have just trimmed it and

tried it. Okay?

Now in my home they replaced, okay, after three years of problems — and this is a group of eight of our homes. Okay? In three years this has been going on and on. Finally, after I finally made a complaint with you guys, all of the sudden FP&L, they call me up now every three days. "Just want to let you know we're going to have vegetation come out there. Just to let you know we're going to replace the transformer, we're going to replace the telephone pole. We've cut back the vegetation."

You know what's interesting? Was before I filed the complaint with you guys, we get this -- again, FP&L is brilliant on public relations. Okay? We get a letter, all of us neighbors got letters, they're going to trim back vegetation. Nobody in Oakland Park up and down the Coral Isles area ever once saw an FP&L truck, and nobody ever could prove that there was vegetation

ever cut. It was a PR stunt. They never came to my backyard.

So we finally get there, they come out there and they trim it. They replace the lines. I swear, and this is again also documented with FP&L, there was tree limbs on the power line after they had even done their vegetation cutback. They replaced the line, put it right back up, a big tree of my neighbor's still sitting on the line. I called them up. "We don't know what you're talking about, Mr. Roberto." I have to sit there and take time off work and show them, "Look at the tree." "Oh, okay. I got you. We'll cut it down."

This is the kind of stuff that is just absolutely aggravating. So I'm absolutely against the rate increase. I want to see them struggle like everyone else. They'll still make profit. They'll still deliver electricity. They still will be a good company. They're a good company. There's no scandals. You know, they do deliver clean energy. I think that they're trying to get their power plants and so forth cleaner and cleaner, and I commend all that. Okay?

But maybe I'm a little asking too much. I kind of expect that. Okay? And I don't think that their customer service or any of that -- I'm here largely because I don't want another South Florida

resident to ever have to go through what I've gone
through by having to file a complaint with you guys,
talk with you, then talk with them, then all of the
sudden they come, they meet with me, they show me

pictures of the trees. It's enough.

If they have reliability coordinators and they're supposedly tracking the lines, I should never even have to call them and tell them my power is flickering. If they're such great companies and all this, all this technology and hardening, they should know without me even having to waste my time. I'm a business owner. I'm working 14 to 16 hours a day to be able to determine that.

At this point I say just absolutely deny it.

Let FP&L truly strengthen. Let them be in the

forefront. I mean, we're talking a look at depreciation

costs. Yeah, you know, they're talking about the fact

that the average bill will go down through the fuel

cost. That's a pass-through. Okay? It's a PR

campaign. They don't need to increase their operating

expenses, I mean, their revenue for their operating.

Period. Thank you.

(Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. Thank you, Mr. Roberto.

Mr. Bryan, I see you're taking notes. 1 MR. KELLY: Sharon -- I'm sorry. Sharon Ness, 2 followed by Lilly Gallardo or Gallardo. 3 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Ms. Ness. 4 5 (No response.) MR. KELLY: Lilly Gallardo. G-A-L-L-A-R-D-O. 6 7 (No response.) Ray Dettmann. 8 9 Whereupon, RAY DETTMANN 10 was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 11 12 State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified 13 as follows: DIRECT STATEMENT 14 MR. DETTMANN: I'm a landlord, and what I've 15 observed in the last couple of years really distresses 16 me and concerns me. Vacancy rates have gone up, and the 17 tenants themselves are, are really struggling. 18 And, you know, as far as running a, FP&L 19 20 running a business, you know, I would say a majority of 21 their base is the working class. And if you have high 22 vacancies, people are leaving the state, you're going to 23 have less revenue and you won't have the equity return 24 on your money. 25 So at this time I just don't see that, that

the public can afford the amount of increase that you're asking for. And, you know, what I've learned here is about the depreciation, the overcharge. I would say at the very least that should be returned or delaying the increase. I mean, I think it's gotten to the point for some folks that you're taking food out of their mouth because of the charges. And if you overcharge, if FP&L has overcharged, I think there's — it's unexcusable that they keep that at this time.

The world has changed. The returns on investment are not what they were in the past. And then for us to get back to that, you know, you have to work with your base, the customers.

And so I oppose an increase at this time and I think the depreciation should be returned. Thank you.

(Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. Thank you.

Mr. Kelly, we've been going for about two and a half hours. I think that our court reporter could use a break to stretch her fingers, and I could maybe use one. How about two more names and then we take a very short break? Does that work for you?

MR. KELLY: Yes, ma'am.

**COMMISSIONER EDGAR:** Okay.

MR. KELLY: Adam Kustin, followed by Chuck

1 Lanza. COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Mr. Kustin? 2 3 (No response.) And, I'm sorry, the next name, Mr. Kelly. 4 MR. KELLY: It was Adam Kustin. Chuck Lanza. 5 6 L-A-N-Z-A. (No response.) 7 Lee Rickels. 8 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Ms. Rickels. 9 MR. KELLY: Followed by Joyce Salomon. 10 Salomon. 11 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: And then we'll take a 12 13 very short recess. MR. KELLY: Okay. 14 15 Whereupon, LEE RICKELS 16 was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 17 State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified 18 as follows: 19 DIRECT STATEMENT 20 MS. RICKELS: Good morning, Ms. Commissioner, 21 members of the public. Thank you for being here. 22 First, I'm representing the Town of Southwest 23 Ranches, which is a small rural municipality amongst 24 urban small -- sprawl, rather, in Southwest Broward 25

County. We're not on a major grid out there and

99 percent of our homes are on well and septic. So when

we get a major storm event, of course, through the EOC

I'm there begging, "Please put our power back on because

we have no water, we have nothing to do our animals or

our own personal needs." They've been fairly

responsible with that.

I'd also like to say that we've requested underground wiring; however, that has not happened. And a lot of our residents have asked that. We're not a planned community. We're an older residential community. We have a dark sky ordinance in our town, and actually FP&L is pretty responsive to us in that. Being a rural community, we don't like lights on for our horses and livestock. They know now that the big box lights, which they sell, don't go over in our town, and they have partnered with us on that. So in their defense, I say thank you for that.

As a citizen myself, I am the only breadwinner in my family and a municipal employee. Budgets in our town, I'm sure, I know I'm faced with a cut in my personal income. Will this be more difficult? Yes. Do I take advantage of FP&L's cost savings things? Yes. When I go in my garage and see that little meter with the red or green light, I know I've tried to do my part.

1 I would like to see the company do more as far as alternative energy sources. I think we all would, 2 the solar, you know, water or wind. So, you know, it's 3 in your hands. I appreciate this opportunity. Thank 4 5 you very much. 6 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. 7 MR. KELLY: One more. Joyce Salomon. 8 Whereupon, 9 JOYCE SALOMON was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 10 11 State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified 12 as follows: DIRECT STATEMENT 13

MS. SALOMON: I'm one of the vertically
challenged.

(Laughter.)

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Thank you for hearing me today. As you can see, I'm with AARP.

I agree with Attorney General McCollum. This proposed rate increase is excessive, especially in these recessionary times with Florida's unemployment rate over 10 percent and climbing. Where are people supposed to get money for a 30 percent base rate increase? From their food budget? From the mortgage payments they're struggling with? Where is it supposed to come from?

It's not as if a person can shop around for the best utility rate. We're stuck with whichever company is the local supplier. It is a monopoly. FP&L is looking to raise their profits in a recession, and that's unconscionable.

I'm an FP&L stockholder, and I still think it's wrong. My father, who is 101 years old and an FP&L bond owner, also thinks it's a bad thing to do.

And now about these nice charts that the charming lady from FP&L was showing us, we didn't all fall off the turnip truck. Don't tell me about fuel cost savings. Those hikes you hit with us are supposed to be revenue neutral. I hope we don't find out down the road that you've been making money on this. When costs go down, we're supposed to get that money back.

Now if Intel builds a new chip plant, the money comes from operating capital funds, from stock offerings and bond sales, and then they don't go out and tell HP and Dell that chip prices are going up because they have competition, they have AMD. FP&L can build all the plants they want, they've got a pass-through, and yet Intel and AMD still manage to make a profit. I don't know how that works.

And charitable contributions. Well, they make charitable contributions to the community. They are a

good corporate citizen. They get a tax credit for that.

Depreciation. They want to pay this back over 30 or 40 years. Well, I'm with AARP. I don't know if I'm going to be here in 30 or 40 years. I paid the money out now, I ought to get it back now. Thank you very much.

(Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. Thank you.

Okay, folks, we are going to take a short recess of approximately ten minutes. I assure you that we will be coming back, and I hope that you will too.

Just a reminder. Should you not be able to stay, please take advantage of the blue sheets that are out there. Leave those with our staff. And we are on recess.

(Recess taken.)

We're going to get started here in just a moment, so I'm going to ask everyone to please take a seat. Or if you have a conversation, take it out into the entryway area. I think we, I think we have -- we have our court reporter, the most important part.

Mr. Kelly.

MR. KELLY: Pepi Dunay, followed by Peg -- it's either Buchan or Buchan.

D-U-N-A-Y?

1 (No response.) 2 All right. Peg Buchan. Is that correct, 3 ma'am? MS. BUCHAN: Buchan. 4 5 MR. KELLY: Will be followed by John Simon. 6 Whereupon, PEG BUCHAN 7 was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 8 State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified 9 as follows: 10 DIRECT STATEMENT 11 12 MS. BUCHAN: Good afternoon. It is afternoon 13 now. This is quite a process, and I thank you for serving us. This is a real service that you do for us. 14 I represent Port Everglades, and I'm here to 15 talk about quality of service. I think sometimes we use 16 those words and people don't understand what it might 17 mean to the community or to the business community. 18 Port Everglades is one of the leading economic 19 engines of the State of Florida, and we are 20 21 self-supporting. It's an enterprise fund. We are responsible for 15,000 direct jobs during cruise season, 22 23 11,000 direct jobs all year long. So when there is a 24 storm, it's very important for Port Everglades to get

back up and running.

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FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

One-fifth of the energy supplied to the entire State of Florida comes through the petroleum that comes through Port Everglades. We service 12 counties and three international airports. As such, the partnership that is given to Port Everglades when there is a hurricane or even a very, very large storm is incredibly important, not just to the people who are directly impacted at Port Everglades, but to the lower half of the State of Florida.

And so I stand here to tell you that we have never received anything but stellar cooperation and assistance. We cannot open the port until it's electrically safe. We cannot operate petroleum tanks without electricity because we need the pumps to pump the petroleum into the tankers. The tankers need to get to the hospitals, the schools, the generators, the nursing homes that we all depend upon and, of course, the gas stations.

So in order to keep the wheels turning literally, we need Florida Power & Light to give us a clean bill of health electrically so that the Coast Guard has the comfort to open up the port and we begin the process of starting business again.

And so from that perspective, I want people to understand how important it is, our partnership with

Florida Power & Light.

My only other comment is their commitment to be green has definitely affected Port Everglades. We have a great concern for air quality and so does Florida Power & Light. Florida Power & Light has partnered with us just recently. We're literally talking about the last couple of months.

One of the major cruise lines came to us and suggested that they would like to investigate the opportunity to have alternative shore power, sometimes called cold ironing, which means that instead of during the ten hours a cruise ship is in port burning fuel — it's about 10,000 gallons, incidentally, per visit — instead they would connect to the power grid, a much cleaner alternative. It's documented it would actually take 50 percent of the CO2 out of the air. Florida Power & Light has given us nothing but technical assistance and cooperation in the endeavor to explore this possibility.

And so I just wish to attest to the quality of service that the business community has received in Port Everglades in particular. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

Mr. Kelly.

MR. KELLY: John Simon, followed by Deborah

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John Simon?

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(No response.)

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Deborah Jones, followed by George Danz.

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Whereupon,

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DEBORAH JONES

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was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified

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as follows:

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DIRECT STATEMENT

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MS. JONES: Good afternoon, Madam Chair and

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Commissioners and all others present.

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I'd just like to say thank you for the service that I've received from Florida Power. I am a massage

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therapist, but I did 30 years of missionary duties in

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this country and in other countries abroad. I have been

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in countries where there was no power and the bartering

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system was the order of the day. And in this country,

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as my grandmother and my grandparents raised me from one  $% \left( x\right) =\left( x\right) +\left( x\right) +\left$ 

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year old, and they taught me that great empires rise and

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fall. God gave you two hands. If one fails, work with

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the other. He gave you two ears, two eyes, two feet.

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If one fails, work with the other.

He's thrown you alternatives. We as a people,

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as a nation, need to learn that great empires rise and

fall. Florida Power & Light is a monopoly in this state right now, but it can rise. It has risen. It can fall. What will we be and where will lean on, what will we do if we have no Florida Light & Power? God has given us alternatives.

We have heard already in this gathering of solar energy, which I'm a firm believer in that. We have wind energy. God gives wind, he sends us sun. He has created rivers that give us the power to harness them and have the water, hydropower. The elements in our soil, like the oil and gas, those are alternatives that we can use. There are many other elements that we can use as alternatives.

So as one rises, one empire rises and falls, we need to learn to develop our alternatives. We need to learn to reach out so just in case we have to turn to the bartering system, we can do that.

People need to learn survival skills. Some countries that I lived in, if the tailor could sew clothes for the teacher, his children were taught and her children were clothed. The banker would pay the farmer for his produce. The banker ate and the farmer received money to get more seeds to sow. It's the bartering system.

Maybe we could make an appeal to our mayors

and to our governors to lift every ban in every

municipality that would hinder solar energy panels from

being installed on homes or windmills to harness the

wind for energy, and then our citizens wouldn't have to

keep paying these increases because wind is free and the

sun is free.

And there are other things that we could turn to, but I'd just like to say, develop your survival skills. We don't know what this country is coming to. But one thing I do know, the light is growing darker. Because as businesses shut down and homes shut down, there's a darker area of every municipality, of every community is getting darker. And our people will need to learn survival skills. We cannot depend on one company, on one eye, on one member that can serve us.

The human brain may be one brain, but it consists of millions of cells, and each one of us has a talent that we can use and we can contribute with our personal talents through every community.

I was raised in a community where the whole community raised all the children. All the neighbors raised us. They cared for us. And it's coming to that, Americans, that we will have to help each other in this present evil time.

I would just simply like to encourage us again

1 to note that God is there. And as my grandmother said, "He'll make a way when there is no way." Thank you for 2 3 your service, and I'll continue to do my best. But I do 4 not want an increase because as things fail, we have to 5 realize that there are alternatives. In my own personal little business I have cut 6 7 my salary by 30 percent. My charges, my fees are 8 30 percent decreased. And do you know something? I 9 still make a profit. Because with every decrease that I 10 have cut, my costs, my charges, my clients are so 11 pleased they give me referrals. FPL could extend their 12 base, they could reach out to other areas. They could 13 extend their company to have more customers and they could decrease our costs. Thank you so much. 14 15 (Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. Thank you.

MR. KELLY: George Danz, followed by Joe

Schwartz.

Whereupon,

### GEORGE DANZ

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

### DIRECT STATEMENT

MR. DANZ: Madam Chairman, Commissioners, my

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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name is George Danz. I'm retired, so I represent myself, maybe some other citizens, but no other vested interest.

I might make a recommendation that in the future you might want to put a time limit on presentations so that more people can speak.

I applaud FP&L for the job they've done. They do an excellent job delivering electricity. I'm also aware of their community partnerships and charitable activities; right they should be with the revenues, the surpluses of our money that they have. If this Commission would direct all of these citizens to provide me a pot of money, I could also be more charitable in our community.

People are hurting, current conditions, businesses are cutting back, they're laying off people, they're cutting salaries, they're doing a lot of things. So I'm somewhat appalled of a 30 percent increase that they're requesting. Maybe the clue is shoot for the moon. We don't need that much certainly, maybe we don't need any, but certainly they'll get some. And if the Commission gives them some, 10 percent, 20 percent, whatever, the Commission may have a fuzzy feeling that they didn't give them everything. They can take the surpluses they got and continue to run on to the bank

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and deposit them.

I wish my portfolio would increase 12, 10, 12, 15 percent. It would be good. But certainly in this day and age a 30 percent and maybe no increase is warranted. Thus I don't think that they need a rate increase. Thank you.

(Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

MR. KELLY: Joe Schwartz, followed by Deborah Schwartz.

(No response.)

J. P. Newell, followed by Gary Hecker. Whereupon,

## J. P. NEWELL

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

# DIRECT STATEMENT

MR. NEWELL: Thank you. I appreciate you making time to come down here.

This is the first time I've ever got up out of my chair, got out of my truck to come and talk to people like yourself. Okay? But I'm getting a little aggravated, I'm getting a little stressed, because this thing is happening now that all of us are hurting.

not the only one.

I have done everything I know how to do. I've increased my insurance on the properties that I have, my liability, to, to lower the price. I have counseled the renters that I have. I have lost my average rental period from 3.9 months, I'm down to less than two years. Okay? And I'm losing two of those now, so that fallacy is now gone.

I have lost my own job that I had in addition to that which gave me some cushion, which now I no longer have. The percentage of increase that this, that y'all are having to deal with is the difference between I want a and I need a. Okay? They want something. They don't need it. I cannot make anymore money than — if I were making 10 percent, baby, I want to tell you right now I'd be the happiest client in the world. Okay? But I can't borrow, I can't borrow against my houses because — I've got six houses, and I cannot — and all of these were bought in '99 and 2000, so I'm not — thank the good Lord, I'm not upside down.

But the problem is, is that I've had to reduce my rates of my rental, even though I have a lease, to keep the people in the houses because turnover is going to cost me more money than it is to be able to keep them in there. So I've sacrificed, I've sacrificed my

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profitability on the houses and now put my own credit and my own professionalism at risk, because now I either have the choice to go bankrupt or take an empty house or find another way to do it.

Now we cannot support -- I don't have pass-through costs. My costs end with me. Okay? don't -- I don't get to come to you and just give you a bill and say, thank you, take care of it. Okay? we've got, if we've got -- if what they say is true, and I know everybody is trying to build their own boat, and I understand that, you know, bullshit is just as good as the shovel that you shovel it with, but the thing is, is that when you have \$130 million overcharges and you go for a 12.5 percent increase in profitability, I do not see how anybody as smart as you guys are on this Commission and with the educational background you've got on this Commission, okay -- that I'm looking at y'all's bios and I'm amazed at what y'all do, that I -have done, I just don't understand how you in any logical form can even consider -- I know you have to do the law, but I just can't see how you could sit there and consider anything such as like this. Okay? Thank you very much.

(Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

MR. KELLY: Gary Hecker. Next after him is Sharon Leslie Clarke.

Whereupon,

## GARY HECKER

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

### DIRECT STATEMENT

MR. HECKER: Good afternoon. My name is Gary Hecker. I'm here representing the Ecology Party of Florida.

There have been a lot of comments made today for FP&L and against FP&L. My big concern is a lack of innovation on the part of FP&L. It appears to me and to many people who live in South Florida that FP&L fights every piece of progress that might actually bring us into the 21st century.

A little bit earlier you talked about net metering. It took us forever to get net metering. And I don't think it was because FP&L was saying, "Yeah, let's go for net metering, let's go for net metering."

On the contrary, they were opposed to net metering.

They are opposed to feed-in tariffs. They are opposed to renewable energy dividends. They are opposed to burying power lines. So they are opposed to all of

these things.

And a lot of it, it kind of confuses me, because with a guaranteed rate of return and with the flow-through cost measures that we have in place, it's not costing them anything. So I don't really understand why they are opposed to some of these things.

I would like to see FP&L be an innovator. Putting a couple of small solar plants in place and cutting down trees to build these plants does not appear to me to be particularly innovative. Putting a bunch of solar panels on schools, companies, homes with no infrastructure required, no transmission lines, nothing like that, that seems to me to be innovative. That seems to me to be the wave of the future, and yet we're not getting anything like that.

A few years ago FP&L came out with a program where, for just a small surcharge of \$10 a month or something like that, you could buy renewable energy. Is that program still in place? And the reason why it's not in place? Because 80 percent of the money went to administrative costs. It was a misuse of the funds of people who were paying expecting a service that they did not receive.

So to ask for an increase when some of this money is going to pay lobbyists to try to stop the

innovation that I'm looking for, that a lot of these people are looking for, to pay management an increase when my rates where I work now, I'm working at 1992 rates -- I don't see too many upper level management people working for 1992 rates. I think it's just really, really outrageous.

You know, we need to look at other power companies and see what they're doing. Gainesville has a public utility, a true public utility. They have net metering — they have net metering. They have a feed—in tariff. Their solar panel business is booming, booming, booming, creating jobs, creating manufacturing opportunities, creating small businesses, and getting people off of the grid, becoming more self—sufficient, making it even easier for power companies to come in and repair the damage after a storm or after a power outage because the transmission lines are no longer there.

They're not required.

So rather than talking about an increase, we should be talking about a pay cut; a pay cut for their management and a pay cut for the corporation until they can start getting some of this innovation in to look to the 21st century, to get us clean energy, real clean energy, not another nuclear power plant that they're going to pass the costs on to the consumer, and God

knows what they're going to do with all the, the 1 radioactive waste. We don't know. 2 3 You know, there are a lot of renewable energy 4 outlets out there that FP&L is not pursuing in any meaningful way. It's all just a PR campaign and it 5 needs to stop. Thank you. 6 7 (Applause.) COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you, sir. 8 9 Mr. Kelly. MR. KELLY: Sharon Leslie Clarke, followed by 10 11 Joe Schwartz. 12 Whereupon, SHARON LESLIE CLARKE 13 was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 14 State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified 15 16 as follows: DIRECT STATEMENT 17 18 MS. CLARKE: Good afternoon. Thank you so 19 much for allowing me this time to speak. 20 I've learned a lot here this morning -- or, 21 yeah, this morning primarily. And I'm going to make 22 this very short and not so sweet. 23 I was laid off from a nonprofit organization, 24 the one I worked for, because of the economy.

really get anything meaningful, so my income consists of

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my Social Security and an occasional clerical job, which I get paid the same thing I was paid in 1984. My total monthly income, averaged out over the years, \$1,800. My total monthly expenses is \$1,156, a little bit more, of which 14 percent is my FPL bill, leaving me \$262 to buy groceries and buy gas, but I don't have to worry about that because I have no place to go. So this increase is just going to be impossible for me and for many others. Thank you.

(Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

MR. KELLY: Joe Schwartz, followed by Deborah

MR. KELLY: Joe Schwartz, followed by Deborah Schwartz.

Whereupon,

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### JOE SCHWARTZ

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

# DIRECT STATEMENT

MR. SCHWARTZ: Good afternoon, Commissioners.

I come here both as an FP&L consumer and also
representing AARP.

I've heard a lot of talk and a lot of facts and a lot of figures, but I think what we need to refocus our attention to right now is putting a human

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face on this issue. If you look around the room and look at those faces, you hear the stories. Remember those stories, remember the faces that went with those stories. There's a world of hurt out there right now.

As a volunteer for AARP, I'm a speaker for I speak to a lot of groups and organizations AARP. throughout the Broward County area, Miami-Dade and Palm Beach. And I got to tell you, people are reaching into their pockets and finding nothing. And when we say we need to get some more money up for FP&L, what do you do when it's not there? What do you do when you go to the grocery store and you've got to put stuff back on the shelf? What do you do when you don't pick up prescriptions anymore or you cut them in half because you can't afford to pay for them? What do you do when you go to the gas pump and you're filling up with half a tank because you can't afford to pay the full tank? What do you do when all other expenses are going up and you don't have any additional income coming in? This is a very serious problem.

Now as a corporation, FP&L has an obligation to its stockholders, and it also has an obligation to the consumers that it serves. And I'd like to orient us all back to the fact that we need to look at consumers that they serve. And we need to understand that there's

just no more stuff there to, to give back to FP&L right now.

Now perhaps down the road, things turn around, the economy looks different, we have more income coming in, that's a different story. And if they could justify it, that's a different story. But right now I do not support this increase at all. I hope everybody else agrees. Thank you very much.

(Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

MR. KELLY: Deborah Schwartz, followed by Rick -- uh-oh. Mur -- oh, God. M-U-C-C-I-A-C-C-I-O. Whereupon,

## DEBORAH SCHWARTZ

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

# DIRECT STATEMENT

MS. SCHWARTZ: Good afternoon, Madam Chairman and Commissioners, staff.

My name is Deborah Schwartz. I'm a Coral Springs resident, I'm a homeowner. Back a few years ago when the economy was good I came down to Florida to live and start a new life after a divorce. I purchased a home, had a great job, decided I'm hitting the glass

ceiling, it's time for me to go back to school. So now I'm a homeowner, a single parent, and full-time student with no income. Unemployment doesn't adjust to the fact that I'm unemployed (phonetic).

More than once today you've heard that the unemployment rates in Florida are at about 10 percent, except the unemployment rates don't just affect those that are unemployed. It affects people who are receiving child support from people who haven't had jobs. I am \$742 in the red every month. I don't say "about 740." 742. Every dollar counts. That's been since last September. Do the math.

So now here I am. It's the summer. I get to be here. I'm out of work. Can't find a paying job.

Anybody looking for a legal clerk to pay? I can volunteer all I want. There's lots of volunteer work out there.

So here I am. I've reduced my energy in my home, gotten fluorescent bulbs, make sure the fans are on, shut the lights. My son knows that if he walks out of the bathroom, the light's getting flushed -- the light is getting turned off. Sorry. We've really done everything we can in our house. I've managed literally penny by penny to reduce my electric down to under \$100 a month on purpose because every penny counts.

So here we are faced with only \$12 in 1 2 increases. Well, tell my son, you know, you can't have 3 a peanut butter sandwich today because we can't afford another jar of peanut butter. Well, thank God for Mom 4 and Dad, because Grandma and Grandpa are also on fixed 5 incomes and also taking care of my disabled brother, get 6 7 to buy Mom -- me -- a jar of peanut butter every once in 8 a while and so on so I can feed my son. \$12 and change 9 is just too much. Thank you. 10 (Applause.) 11 MR. KELLY: Again, I'm going to spell this. 12 apologize. Rick M-U-C-C-I-A-C-C-I-O. 13 (No response.) 14 Robert Perrotti. 15 (No response.) 16 Cara Campbell, followed by Bunny Brenneman. 17 Whereupon, 18 CARA CAMPBELL 19 was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 20 State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified 21 as follows: 22 DIRECT STATEMENT 23 MS. CAMPBELL: Hi. I have heard a lot of 24 people talk about how great FP&L is. I have to tell you that I don't have a lot of love for corporations, but 25

probably the corporation that I hate the most is FP&L. And I really wish the Public Service Commission would hold their feet to the fire. I feel that they've been given a huge pass over and over. It took forever to get the net metering, which really isn't true net metering, because at the end of year if you have a surplus, you only get paid half of it.

Now why would that be? I'm producing energy on my house and I'm feeding it into the grid, and they get to keep half of it and they need a 12 percent increase? It's outrageous. It is outrageous.

As far as them being good corporate citizens, that went down the tubes with me when I sat in a meeting with a bunch of commissioners of local cities and the Sierra Club and I was representing the Green Party at the time, and an official at FP&L sat there, and in response to one of the commissioners, who asked why they weren't doing more solar, had the unmitigated nerve to say, "Florida is not a good place for solar energy." This is the kind of company that we're thinking about giving them one penny more? All right.

So another thing a good corporate citizen would do, a good corporate citizen would be trying to reduce the amount of energy that people use. They would be supplying them with compact fluorescents, they would

be doing meaningful audits on their energy, they would be helping them pay for not just insulation, but also radiant barrier, which decreases the amount of heat that comes into your house.

They would not be trying to build a nuclear, two new nuclear power reactors in Turkey Point when if they would just institute the energy savings and energy efficient and energy, renewable energy measures, they wouldn't have to build those plants. They could take the money that they want to use to build those plants—but of course they don't care because they have been voted that all the money is going to come from us because of the early cost recovery, which is the biggest boondoggle, and I'm ashamed that I live in Florida and that was allowed. We are going to pay for those nuclear power plants whether or not one bit of energy ever comes out of it. It comes from our pockets. They have no risk involved.

But when they do build the plant, they get to increase their rates. Even before they build the plant they can increase their rates. They make their money by putting in new nuclear plants. But if they would spend that money to put solar panels on people's houses so that we could, we could produce our own energy, that money isn't taxable for them. The IRS says that when

you -- when they institute energy efficiency and conservation measures, that's not taxable.

Why are they not doing it? I think they're greedy, I think they're horrible corporate citizens, and I think I agree with the other person who said they should get a pay cut, not a pay raise.

(Applause.)

MR. KELLY: Bunny Brenneman, followed by Chris Chiari. Chiari.

Whereupon,

## BUNNY BRENNEMAN

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

## DIRECT STATEMENT

MS. BRENNEMAN: Good afternoon, Madam Chair, members of the Commission. We're delighted that you're having the five hearings here in the city of -- here in the area of South Florida.

My name is Bunny Brenneman. I am Chairman of the City of Ft. Lauderdale's Utility Advisory Committee. Part of our mission is to determine whether or not there are indeed complaints from our residents and people in our — in the area that Ft. Lauderdale covers. There are complaints, a lot of which I'm not going to go into

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because people have said things before.

Our residents were not happy about being out of power after Wilma. They were not happy and, in spite of what people think, they have long memories. Eighteen days without power. That's without basic human needs. That's without everything that is important to our lifestyles. Granted, we have some of the best lifestyles in the entire world. For that we should be grateful. But that doesn't mean that we should be made to suffer because we have these lifestyles.

I think it's important to note that people are unhappy. People are very unhappy because of the conditions in the country and in the world, and they feel trapped. They feel that they can't do anything. They feel powerless. They are concerned because things have overreached their pocketbooks, their ability to pay, their salaries, the work that they do each day for the wages that they are paid. They feel that it's no longer enough. They cannot meet the needs of their family. They're concerned about nearby family members. They're concerned about friends. People are worried.

If you looked at the television lately, you would think that we are almost in a Shangri-La, because things go on, life goes on, but that doesn't mean that these people who are awake at night who are worried are

any less so. They are working hard. They're working harder than they ever have in their lives.

It is now normal to have a two-income family, but we must at all times remember those people who only have one breadwinner, or maybe not a breadwinner, maybe somebody living on Social Security, a pension or retirement income. These people matter. I am here to state that I want to stand up for all of those people. I want you as Commissioners to consider the plight of every person in Florida. We all need power.

We are thankful and grateful for your service to our state. At the same time, we want to implore you to think of every single resident, even those not able to speak for themselves, even those not able to come here today because they are working hard, even those who cannot come to the hearings at all. I applaud you for making these additional methods available to communicate with you. Your outreach is good.

Florida Power & Light has great public relations, some of the best I have ever encountered. They are rewarded by a good public opinion in general. They are cooperative, they listen to the community and they partner with the community. But that does not mean that we approve of an excessive petition and request for basic rate change.

It's absolutely outrageous, given the time, what is happening. I cannot believe that they had the absolute audacity to file this petition at this particular time. Somebody wasn't doing the proper good public relations. Please help. I urge you to not reward them with this kind of a thing.

The people of Ft. Lauderdale do not ask for much. They're asking for reliability of power. We don't have reliability of power. We have flickering, we have the famous flashing 12s, we have power that goes off when you least expect it. And you're saying, "But you live in a hurricane zone." Yes, we know that we do, but this is not hurricane caused. This is a little bit of wind, maybe a tree branch brushing the famous cable.

The cables and the hardening that they are doing, Florida Power & Light is to be commended because the Public Service Commission, in combination with other folks, held their feet to the fire and said, "You will harden." That is a good thing. But that seems to be only on the lines.

The pole inspections came out. Absolutely amazing information. Some of these poles had not been inspected, documented or anything else. Nobody even knew which ones belonged to AT&T and which ones belonged to Florida Power & Light. But there's a little marker

on them. But, boy, you'd have to get out of your car and go up and walk all the way around the pole to find out what that is. Then you'd need an engineering degree to decipher what those little numbers and symbols mean. In the end, hardening is good and we are grateful, but that does not mean we're going to get any more reliable.

This is outrageous. I urge you to not grant this. We're not saying that they should not receive the amount of money that they put into something, the amount of effort. That's the American way. You should be rewarded for your efforts. But to be rewarded for not being reliable, to be rewarded for what has gone on and the amount of outages and flickering and things that we endure on a daily basis, this is not the American way. This is not what we need to encourage. This is not what we need to do to set an example to the rest of the world.

What is needed is telling Florida Power & Light, while we understand what your filing is and we appreciate the things that you have stated, you have not proven the need for this. Thank you very much.

(Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

MR. KELLY: Chris Chiari, followed by Celeste Ellich.

Whereupon,

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## CHRIS CHIARI

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

## DIRECT STATEMENT

MR. CHIARI: Hi, Commissioners. Thank you.

My name is Christian Chiari. I'm also a member of the Ft. Lauderdale Utility Advisory Committee.

We've heard a lot of discussion today. There's no question that when you compare FPL to other national energy providers, they are near the top of that list as far as reliability, service, low bills and integrating green initiatives into our grid. That's great. They're near the front.

But what we need here in Florida is leadership. What we need is a corporation that will step forward. And keep in mind what Mr. Schwartz said before, their obligation is to do right by their shareholders. But absent a commitment to the consumer, absent a commitment to providing reliability, absent a commitment to living up to the expectations of the \$9 that some people paid on the bill to support renewable energy that never materialized, consumers say, "We don't have a choice. I can only go through FP&L. I will get

an FPL bill every single month as long as I turn the lights on in my house. I have no choice."

So we're coming forward and asking you that at a time like this -- what a great conjunction of two things. We're watching dramatically falling energy prices, so the fuel cost surcharge that FPL is passing through is dramatically lower. At the same time they're asking for an increase. Looks great though because we're still getting a decrease.

But absent making a true commitment to the future of Florida, all this is is something that will put an undue burden on families across the state that are already struggling.

How about a different alternative? How about FP&L sits there and says, "Yes, rates are going to reduce by \$30 next year. We're not going to ask for the baseline increase this year, but we'd like to kick 10 more dollars per bill towards energy conservation and renewable to stimulate billions of dollars of new construction on renewable energy." Exactly the kind of thing that we need here in Florida right now: Jobs. Exactly the kind of thing that we need happening in our own backyards, and our own communities, on the roofs of people's homes.

FPL, they're leaders. But it's time they

shift that focus back to not just being near the top of the list, but working hard to get to the very, very top.

Now I have a question on the storm surcharge. I brought this up at our committee meeting on Tuesday, because we wanted to look at some of the numbers. FPL insures the grid. FPL collected insurance compensation after the storms. They came to you for recovery. They came to us to make sure they had the reserves in place. They used the reserves they had from prior billing cycles and they put the grid back together.

But are we any more prepared for a storm today than we were before? And I think the answer to that question is no. And I can give you local information that supports that.

In the end of March, I think it was

March 22nd, in my neighborhood, northeast Ft.

Lauderdale, we had seven blackouts, a couple of micro
outs, little brownouts, but one substantial that lasted
45 minutes. Elected officials in the city, the one that
I serve as their representative, experienced the same
thing.

Now ultimately our representative from FP&L, who I know is here, and we have a very good relationship, there is absolutely a commitment to working with local advisory boards and certainly having

a strong relationship with the Public Service Commission because they need to be effective, but it did take two months to get the answer. And the answer -- there were no real specifics. And the specific question that we asked was, here we were, years after these hurricanes hit, we've made a commitment, we've seen increases in our rates to harden the system, and we had seven blackouts in a rainstorm. There was no wind that night. It was a rainstorm.

Now I was originally born in New Jersey. I've been down here for a number of years. My grandfather retired in Pompano in 1968. So I've known about the weather situation very unique to South Florida my entire life. You don't need to tell me that there's a chance we could get hit by a hurricane this year. I don't think we need to tell anybody that. But if Ft. Lauderdale wants to play on the southeast coast of the United States where the likelihood that we could get hit by a hurricane is very high, well, then they need to make sure they invest in the infrastructure that's appropriate for where it's being applied.

You know, absent a discussion of decoupling the relationship between power production, service and transmission along lines, minus that discussion, which would be deregulation, we have no other choice but FP&L.

And I really do hope that you will make the ultimate determination to reject this rate increase at this time and encourage corporate citizens like FP&L to come forward not just with a request that benefits them, but a request that benefits the state as a whole with a commitment to renewable energy.

We're talking about a 30 percent increase on 40 percent of the bill, a 12 percent increase. FP&L's stock, since its 52-week low, is up over 75 percent. That's a substantial return. They're doing very well. Maybe it's time to go to their public to ask them to make another follow-on commitment to investing in the infrastructure and the capacity here in Florida. You know, maybe it's time that they open up and allow. I'm ready. I'll make the investment.

Look, if FP&L wants a nice place to put a solar panel, don't go up to Cape Canaveral. There are more of us living down here in Broward County. You're more than welcome to have my roof. I'll go, I'll go re -- I'll get a roofer to give you a 20-year commitment so that you know we both have a long-term relationship here. And I don't want anything else from that. Charge me the same bill every single month. But if you need the real estate and the ground to put it on, put it on my house. Don't put it on an empty field in the middle

1 of nowhere.

(Applause.)

Don't cut down on local property tax collection, because we know FP&L isn't paying property taxes on these large facilities. I'm already paying my taxes. Put it on my roof.

The biggest thing is photovoltaic needs to be used at point of consumption because transmission -- how much energy is lost on transmission? A significant amount. Renewable energy needs to be used and consumed at the point of production. That's on my roof. You're welcome to it.

We are well positioned in Ft. Lauderdale because we are right now four and a half months away from negotiating a renewal of a 30-year franchise agreement with FP&L. Thirty years. We got a once-in-a-30-year opportunity to do this. I think FP&L is ultimately going to end up with a new franchise. I think they will. Looking at the numbers, I think that's just the way we're going.

But we need room through the mechanism that you provide, reliability of service and our ability to interact, and through our municipalities. It's time -- we need a brand-new relationship with our electrical production. We're not trying to take away their profit.

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1 They're going to be healthy companies. We need them to 2 be profitable so that they're in business tomorrow so 3 they can keep moving forward. Thank you for your time. Thank you for being 4 5 here, and please do reject this rate increase. 6 (Applause.) 7 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. 8 MR. KELLY: Someone asked me. We're on number 9 44, to give you an idea of where we're at. 10 Celeste Ellich, followed by Roger Messenger. 11 Whereupon, 12 CELESTE ELLICH 13 was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 14 State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified 15 as follows: 16 DIRECT STATEMENT 17 MS. ELLICH: Good afternoon, Commission. 18 I agree with something one of the earlier 19 gentlemen said about trying to keep comments to three 20 minutes. I think that would help move this along where 21 people would have a chance to speak. 22 I've been an FP&L customer since 1984. So for 23 25 years I've been paying to FP&L. And I can tell you 24 their level of customer service to me has improved 25 greatly over the years. In the past few years I've had

some customer service issues at my house where there
were electrical issues that no one could figure out what
was going on, and I had troubleshooters from FP&L come
out and actually figure out what was wrong and help me

cure my issues on my house.

So I've had no issues with the customer service, the linemen. I actually wrote a letter to recommend that these people be commended because they went above and beyond. So I, I have a good relation with FP&L.

I put on the Wilton Manors 5K, which is a race in the City of Wilton Manors for the last four years.

FP&L has graciously been a sponsor, and the money has gone to the PACE Center for Girls, which is a school for at-risk girls. I've contacted FP&L in the past as a member of a neighborhood association, asked them to come in and do a presentation, believe it or not, on line clearing before a hurricane. We had people drive up from Miami, give us a speech, pass out, you know, things to the residents, and it was very well recepted and FPL's speakers were wonderful.

Just yesterday I had an issue with my electricity going off, believe it or not. Knowing that I was coming here today, it was kind of humorous. About 9:05 I hear the boom outside the back door. And I said,

"Oh, well, okay. I guess I'm going to have to go and do something" -- hold on.

(Interruption. Alarm sounding.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: I guess someone is working on it. I apologize. Go right ahead.

MS. ELLICH: That's okay. So, of course, I'm assuming my neighbor calls and he's assuming that I'm calling and I leave. And when I come back home, the power is still off. And he says, "Oh, well, I just called." And I said, "Okay. I'm "going to call, pick up my things, and I'm going to leave."

And so I called in to the FP&L service, the 1-800 line, which works great, and placed the service call, and the recording said they had reported the outage. It reflected only six houses were down, so I'm thinking this is not a major deal. It's not going to be fixed anytime soon. I find out at about 1:15, which was probably about two hours and a half, it was fixed. FP&L actually called me on my cell phone with the recorded message that the power transformer issue had to do with a small animal on the power line. So you can't blame FP&L for small animals being on the power line. So I was very pleased that it took less time. It was fixed two hours earlier. I've had no issues with them.

I heard somebody mention burying power lines.

I asked one of the FPL guys one day, "Why don't we bury 1 more power lines?" And he said to me, "Well, because if 2 there's a problem with a power line and it's 3 aboveground, I can tell you where the problem is. 4 it's underground, we've got to dig up everybody's 5 yards." So every time somebody brings that up to me, I 6 remind them it's very possible to bury power lines. 7 And, yeah, if you're going to have a problem, it's going 8 9 to cost even more to fix it. So on that note, Mr. Kelly made a comment in 10 his speech note that he thought FPL was a good company. 11 I totally agree. FPL is a good company. Thank you. 12 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. 13 MR. KELLY: Roger Messenger, followed by Dodie 14 15 Keith. 16 Whereupon, 17 ROGER MESSENGER was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 18 19 State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows: 20 21 DIRECT STATEMENT 22 MR. MESSENGER: Thank you. I don't know if 23 there are any retired people left here or not. UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I'm going to be in a 24 25 couple of years.

MR. MESSENGER: Maybe you remember the story of Charlie and the MTA and he didn't have that extra nickel. These proceedings today kind of remind me of that. The younger folk on the Commission, of course, wouldn't remember that. But back a long time ago when the MTA raised their rates from a dime to 15 cents, and Charlie didn't have his extra nickel, so he couldn't get off the train. And I'm sensing a lot of that in the room around us today.

And on the other hand, maybe they needed that nickel in order to make the train safer so that another train wouldn't, with older cars wouldn't run into the back end of it. So it's sort of what are they going to do with that nickel, I think, that it amounts to.

In any case, I happen to be a designer of solar photovoltaic systems. That's the way I make my second living. I retired as a professor of electrical engineering four years ago. And in any case, today I'm here just as a ratepayer, because I am a grandfather and I would like to leave the world a better place for my grandchildren, and I think Florida Power & Light and everybody in the room can help us to do that.

Life is full of tough choices. And this is really weird, by the way. I've never read a speech in a long time, so trying to read something is unusual for

me.

Two years ago I had to decide whether to replace my ten-year-old car or get my teeth fixed, and I decided to put my money where my mouth is.

(Laughter.)

And as Florida Power & Light asked for a rate increase, ratepayers face a similar choice, and, for that matter, so does Florida Power & Light. My concern is that if Florida Power & Light receives all or part of the requested increase, that they'll put their money where their mouth is, that they'll put it to good use. And, for example, after we bailed out Wall Street, Wall Street executives got big bonuses. And I think if Florida Power & Light were to do this, the ratepayers wouldn't be real happy about it. So let's take a look at what happens to salaries.

Certainly when schools are laying off teachers, the news coming out in the Sun-Sentinel about Florida Power & Light employees all get a 10 percent raise may not sit real well at this time in history. So let's make sure the money goes to where it's the most benefit to the ratepayers because, as someone prior to me mentioned, that's when the company itself will flourish best.

So let's see now. Obviously if Florida Power

Light can create new jobs with some of this money,
that would help the economy a whole lot. So some of the
repairs they're proposing to their system and bringing
the infrastructure up-to-date, that makes sense. And,
of course, if they use some of this money for a

7 see this as a pretty good investment in the future.

When I retired from Florida Atlantic
University four years ago, we had some students there
who were on scholarships based on need. So maybe some
of this money could go to some of these retired folks in
the form of some kind of scholarship based on need to
help them pay their electric bill. Now rather than
using that money to pay their bill, I'd much rather buy
them a fancy new energy efficient refrigerator or
something like that so they would actually lower their
bill and that makes sense, and maybe in the short-term
help them pay their electric bill. But then let's help
them reduce their electric bill with some of these
dollars.

transition to renewable energy and energy efficiency, I

And by the way, if Florida Power & Light is collecting these dollars to help people meet their energy needs, let's let them make a profit on it. Why shouldn't they be rate-based? I mean, I've been preaching that for about 30 years. I don't know if it's

ever going to happen. But I think that the utilities should be allowed to earn a profit on money they spend on energy efficiency and renewable energy. It shouldn't just be passed through.

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See, I can imagine a utility that has a smart grid and where the grid can ask my hybrid electric car, if I had one, I haven't bought it yet because of my teeth, but if the utility had a smart grid where the grid could buy electricity from the batteries that would plug in on an electric or hybrid car when it needs it, and if it could turn off loads, which they can already do when they need that electricity, and maybe there's a photovoltaic system out there that has battery backup just in case there's a hurricane and they need power for, say, the 15 or 20 minutes that their power is down after a hurricane. Maybe those batteries could be used to supply some people with electricity if the utility had a smart grid that would simply say, "PV system number 105677, please, how much electricity do you have to donate today and/or sell back at some reasonable price," and the system would -- I think you get the idea. But that's what a smart grid is all about, and I'm certain the Commission is very familiar with that. But I can envision that. And it may take a little money to invest in the future so that we have something like

that.

I can imagine a utility that provides a sustainable incentive program for energy efficiency and renewable energy, unlike the one we currently have that is not sustainable. The \$8 million or \$9 million currently available is not going to be available very long. And it's -- we're even afraid to promise people that they'll get any kind of a rebate because you just can't know for certain.

And so if we're going to be serious about renewable energy, we need some kind of sustainability in the incentive programs for a few years until we reach grid parity, which presumably is going to happen in 2017, according to the Department of Energy. And then when renewable -- well, and that's just for photovoltaics. We already have grid parity with solar water heaters and other renewable systems, and you've heard that story before, I'm sure.

I can imagine a utility that makes low interest loans to their customers that can be paid back with money saved on their electric bills because the money was used for energy efficiency improvements. I can imagine a utility that makes a low interest loan to the customer that can be paid back by the customer selling electricity from the renewable energy sources

that they made it from selling it back to the utility.

I can imagine a utility that recognizes that massive renewable energy deployment will require covering rooftops, walkways, parking lots, as well as large utility scale projects. In other words, that distributed generation is as important as central station generation. I can imagine -- I can't even read my own writing.

I can imagine where utilities and the renewable energy and energy efficiency industry could actually work together in cooperation to produce a healthier planet. And I hope that I don't have too much of an imagination here.

So, in any case, I can support investing for my grandchildren. All right? I'm not opposed to investing for my grandchildren's future so they'll inherent a planet that is healthier than the one that we're currently living on. And so I just encourage the Commission to incorporate the accountability that's necessary, and I would expect Florida Power & Light to demonstrate the public responsibility that's necessary in order to resolve this issue that's very complicated for everybody obviously.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

MR. KELLY: Dodie Keith, followed by Sam

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Whereupon,

Fields.

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## DODIE KEITH

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

### DIRECT STATEMENT

MS. KEITH: Good afternoon. My name is Dodie Keith. I am a long-time resident of Broward County and a business owner here in Pompano Beach. My business is an engineering and construction management firm, and in that we are in the development and redevelopment area. And as you know, our industry has had a good setback with the economy, and a lot of us are rocking with what's been going on.

One of the things that hasn't been brought up here today though is the partnership that we have with FP&L. The development that goes on in Florida, not just Broward County but statewide, requires FP&L and other providers to work with us to make -- get us through the process. No development or redevelopment process or roadway project can move forward without their involvement. They are key in their development teams' responsiveness to us in helping us stay on schedule, because schedule -- time is money. It truly is. And

it's vital to the private client that's got one unit they're doing, up to the government buildings, the schools, the roadways that affect the businesses throughout the whole length of the corridor. The quicker we can get the jobs completed and done and people in there operating, the better opportunity they have to be successful.

I am here to say in my experience and my years of working here in Broward County with FP&L, the development teams in FP&L are very responsive. They've been there to help us. We know and believe that this industry is going to come back and will be a vital part of our community for the future, and we need them to be there and be able to be responsive and continue to provide those services for us.

I trust this Commission, you understand what's going on in our community. I've had cuts in my business. I've had to reduce staff salaries. You know that. You're aware of what's going on around the entire country, what's happening to us. I trust that you can weigh what's going on with us economically as well as the need for those services from FP&L to be there and be able to be there two years from now when hopefully we're back ready to roll.

So I appreciate your time and I appreciate you

having me, allowing me input here. And, you know, I don't, I don't -- you've got a tough job. Thank you.

MR. KELLY: Sam Fields, followed by Donnie Carter.

Whereupon,

### SAM FIELDS

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

### DIRECT STATEMENT

MR. FIELDS: Good afternoon. Like a few people here, I wear two hats. I'm a shareholder in FP&L. And in regard to that, I want them to gouge every dime they can out of everyone because their one responsibility as a corporate is to the shareholders. And being a monopoly, it's arguable they shouldn't even be giving a dime to charity since they don't have to worry about the competition. But they do it and it takes it out of my pocket as a shareholder.

But I also wear another hat, and that's I'm a citizen of the State of Florida. And as a citizen of the State of Florida, I want to fight them, their rates down because I have to pay the rate.

Now I heard about the rates, but I don't think the answer lies directly with the rates. The real

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answer lies in efficiency. And I've done this on my own, and I don't think it's that difficult to do.

I went to FP&L and they sent out their people that did a, an energy analysis of my house. I think they're charging \$30 for that now. I think that's probably a mistake. It was free. And they told me, "You've got a problem here, here, and here." And I spent a reasonable amount of money. I guess I'm fortunate that I can afford to spend that money, but I have a solution for those who can't.

And I changed my air ducts. When I changed out my air conditioner, I spent a little -- about an extra thousand or so and got myself the 17 and 18 SEER instead of the 13 and 14 SEER. And I did the three most important things in the world you can do to reduce your energy consumption: Insulation, insulation and insulation. And as a result, although I have increased the number of items in my home that use electricity, some of them I think would be in many people's minds wasteful, the fact is -- and I'd make my own electric bills for the last ten years available to anyone -- I have not altered my lifestyle. I don't live like Ed Begley. I have cut my electrical consumption by 30 to 40 percent, and it's made no real great difference in the way I live. I live exactly the same. And I don't

think that anybody can't do the same thing that I have done.

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And I think there are some things that you should be mandating. The first thing is everybody should be required to be in the on-call system. I just don't understand why people have to worry about the fact that they might turn off your pool pump once every five or six years for 20 minutes on the hour. I think most people could survive that. And by putting everybody on the on-call system, we could avoid the peak watt production that's now got you building and they're wanting and you're approving new nuclear facilities. Because it appears that what's going on here is there is -- you'll pardon the pun -- the Oedipus complex. answer to everything is let's just build more buildings The fact is that we have no shortage of to do it. energy in this state. What we have is a shortage of efficiency.

Instead of building another Turkey Point, what if we just put the only thing that really is efficient, because -- let me just sidestep. The one thing I learned was it costs about five times as much to produce a watt of electricity as it does to produce the need for that particular watt of electricity, yet I don't think we're constructing an energy policy that way. The only

exception to that are hot water solar heaters. We could finance all of that to each individual.

While I'm fortunate enough to be able to pay for it in cash, I don't see why others and FP&L with the leadership of the Public Service Commission could not allow people to finance this through their electric bill. I believe that with the right amortization you literally could finance all the efficiencies to your home and actually reduce your monthly electric bill and, once it is paid off, have a whopping savings.

It's about \$4,000 for a hot water, solar hot water heater. You knock off the \$500 you get from the state, the 30 percent you get in a tax deduction, it's about \$2,300. You finance that over seven or eight years through your electric bill -- I believe your electric bill would decrease more on a monthly basis, because hot water is very expensive, than actually the cost of the financing. And I'm suggesting that we could use that. And FPL would charge interest. After all, we're not communists. I mean, let them -- to quote my favorite character, Don Barzini.

I mean, that is -- I believe that we could do it. I believe the leadership should come from the Commission, not from FP&L. Their motivation is not in that interest, and I accept that. That's the way it's

supposed to be. But the leadership should come from 1 you. And instead of building a Turkey Point, put .2 500,000 solar hot water heaters on in Dade -- in Broward 3 County, finance it through people's bills, and you wouldn't need a Turkey Point, you wouldn't need another 5 terrorist target, you wouldn't need tens of millions of 6 hot water gallons going into Biscayne Bay, and you 7 wouldn't need something that would be vulnerable. 8 I think you need to look in that directions of 9 savings of energy, savings of money and not building new 10 11 construction. 12 (Applause.) 13 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. 14 Mr. Jenkins. MR. JENKINS: We're looking for a Donnie 15 16 Carter. 17 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Carter? MR. JENKINS: Carter. Donnie Carter, followed 18 19 by Todd Hennen. 20 Whereupon, 21 DONNIE CARTER 22 was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 23 State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified 24 as follows: 25 DIRECT STATEMENT

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MR. CARTER: Good afternoon, Madam Chair, and Commissioners.

My name is Donnie Carter, and I'm the Chief Operations Officer for Broward County public schools.

Needless to say, based on our budgetary situation presently, we think that the current rate increase request comes at an inopportune time. We also think that when such increases are made by FP&L, that for the most part these increases come after the districts have already made their budgets.

As many of you know, the school district just laid off 393 teachers. The current rate increase is anticipated to be approximately \$6.6 million. Should that rate increase be allowed, that would cause us to potentially lay off another 133 teachers.

With the assistance of FP&L, the school district implemented a cost reduction program in our schools this year targeted at reducing our energy costs by \$5 million. What resulted from that program was, to date, a 34-million-kilowatt-per-hour rate -- I mean, reduction in usage, which will most likely increase to close to \$40 million by fiscal year end. That reduction in kilowatt-per-hour usage equates to approximately \$4 million. Our target was \$5 million.

The problem is although FP&L works very

closely with the district and although the district has 1 what is probably a model program certainly among school 2 districts, even though we have reduced our usage, the 3 rate increase voids the dollar reduction that goes with 4 5 it. So we don't think that the rate increase is, 6 is warranted at this time, given the nature of the 7 budget that affects the school districts across the 8 9 state. Thank you. COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you, Mr. Carter. 10 MR. JENKINS: Todd Hennen. 11 12 (No response.) Arthur Hazelwood. 13 (No response.) 14 15 Joshua? **UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER:** Otero? 16 MR. JENKINS: Yes, sir. That's exactly right. 17 18 Whereupon, JOSEPH OTERO 19 was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 20 State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified 21 22 as follows: 23 DIRECT STATEMENT MR. OTERO: I got it right. I want to thank 24 25 everybody for this opportunity to speak.

I do not come to praise FP&L. I come to bury FP&L's increase. As the -- as my -- the small history that we have with FP&L, I can say that in the 1970s when we came down, FP&L convinced Paula Hawkins that if we went to nuclear, more nuclear power plants, that we would have a decrease in the amount of electrical bill we'd be paying. But they did not factor in the maintenance of that nuclear plant, nor have we been rated at the high level -- I think a rating by the Commission is five. We've always been the average of three.

So if you ask me about the history of the faith I have in the service of FP&L -- and they mentioned hospitals that they have partnerships with as far as their, their -- they mentioned that as far as what they used for as competence in their program. I work for Memorial Regional Hospital, and their faith in FP&L is they bought and constructed their own power plant.

If we look at the complaint, the complaint —
am I a compliant consumer? I am. I put double the
insulation in my roof, I changed the air conditioners to
a split unit in order to save. Instead of repairing a
refrigerator, my wife said, "No. You have to go out and
get one that's energy efficient." I did that. So I am

a compliant consumer.

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When someone speaks to us about safety, and a young lady said earlier that, you know, burying the power lines, they'd have to dig up to know where the problems are. Well, with today's technology, they should be able to not only be able to tell where the problem is, but they should be able to say where the problem is within a few inches, because testing equipment and technology today is much more advanced than what we're being led to believe.

When we're talking about the older communities, yes, they've replaced power poles in my neighborhood twice. If they would have buried the lines, it would have been much safer for everyone. There would not have to be a redundancy of the cost factors that they're claiming. So I don't believe that that's the way to go.

When someone says to me, yes, they provide us with inspectors to come to our home -- yes, I asked for a gentleman to come to my home to inspect how I can do better with the fuel in my home. He drove up in a high-performance Trans Am Pontiac, black, wearing black clothes. My first impression was this gentleman cannot help me with the consumption of energy.

The AARP mentioned earlier that one of the

cost factors that we have that's consistent is health costs. Health costs, it's true, it is consistent. And if you want a reliable future, go into the health profession. But their increase that they get annually, if you want a raise for doing a good job -- not a good job, but an excellent job -- is a maximum of 4 percent. The average individual gets a pay raise of 2 percent.

12 percent? I'll take it annually to help my costs.

But the people who are on fixed incomes and those who are trying to struggle, I can't ask them to bear that.

They give to the community. This is true. I believe they do give to the community, but so did Al Capone, so did all the other mobsters. So I say to you, beware of those who stretch out their hand.

And I thank you very much again for this opportunity.

(Applause.)

# COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

Mr. Jenkins, just a moment. Before we go on, could I get from everybody in the room sort of just a show of hands as to how many have signed up and would still like to speak so I have a feeling for where we are time-wise, which is, I'm afraid, slipping away on us.

Okay. All right. I think we're good. We need -- just so everybody knows for planning purposes --

to break at 2:00ish in order for the room to be cleaned 1 and for us to be able to get on to the next hearing and 2 3 all of that. So I think we're in pretty good shape. I 4 just wanted to make sure. I appreciate, as do my colleagues, everybody's patience in working with us. 5 6 So, Mr. Jenkins, let's go on to the next name. MR. JENKINS: Mike Antheil, Antheil. 7 8 (No response.) 9 Okay. Barry Silver. 10 (No response.) Margaret Belcher. 11 12 (No response.) 13 Herbert Simpson. 14 (No response.) Okay. And I've got Barry Silver again on deck 15 from the first time. It'll be Mara Shlackman on deck. 16 17 Whereupon, BARRY SILVER 18 was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 19 State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified 20 21 as follows: DIRECT STATEMENT 22 The gentleman who's calling out 23 MR. SILVER: the names, Commissioners, staff, I thank you for your 24 25 service.

I'd like to address a question to the Chair. Is it true that FPL is asking for a 12.5 percent after tax return on equity?

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Mr. Willis?

MR. WILLIS: Yes, it is.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Our staff says yes.

MR. SILVER: Okay. I had completely other things to mention, but I'd like to address or talk about the rate of return that they're asking for and the purpose of a rate of return on equity.

My bona fides -- I'm a trader in the financial markets. I have to know what's going on, I have to know what's required, I have to know what's looked at as reasonable in order for me to not lose all my money.

About a year ago, last July, I had a complete physical collapse, and I just started working again last month. You can imagine I didn't have much money left, so I know the value of a \$5 bill or a \$10 bill or a \$20 bill.

Is there anyone in this room that has any kind of investment that returns them 12.5 percent after taxes? Because return on equity is a return on money that I put into the company. I can't believe that they're asking for 12.5 percent. The return on equity is used to make sure that they have -- oh, dear. I'm

1 losing it.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: That's okay.

MR. SILVER: A return on equity helps with the price of the stock, it keeps people interested in putting money into the company should the company need to raise money by issuing more stock. If we look at what is needed for getting loans at the lowest possible rate, that's the safety of the company. That's what the company says we are financially capable of providing you with extreme safety, and that's what FPL has.

So if the company needs money, which they do constantly, they borrow it. They don't dip into a fund to go to plant, repair, or whatever else they do. And they borrow it at the lowest rate that any company in this country borrows at. So that has nothing to do with their return on equity. It has to do with the safety and the ability of the company to repay the loan, and that is operational.

That is not -- it does have nothing to do with their giving to the community, with their fostering any kind of energy sustainability. It has to do with their ability to repay, and they're rock solid.

Now I look at rates of return on equity, and theirs is stratospheric at 12.5 percent. It's just not needed. It will not benefit the company, their

performance as a provider of electricity. The only thing it represents is what Gordon Gekko said, "Greed is good." 8 percent return on equity after tax. Is there anybody in this room who has any kind of money invested where they get an 8 percent return after tax?

expenses, aside from plant building, that sort of thing.

It's pass-through. So what does the company need this money for? To pay it out to their investors. 8 percent will get them what they need as a company, not

10 percent, not 9 percent. I'm not saying give them

7 percent or 6 percent. But 8 percent will accomplish what this company needs to thrive on. Right now, to get

10 percent, and I believe they're getting a little bit more return on equity after tax, it's almost too much.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

MR. SILVER: Thank you very much. Oh, and reliability. Gosh, I wish they could figure out how to keep my two- to three-week or week lack of electricity after a storm comes anywhere near my area out of my world. But that's what I suffer through almost -- not every year, but whenever we get a close call from a hurricane.

Thank you, folks.

(Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

Mr. Jenkins.

MR. JENKINS: Ms. Shlackman, followed by Kurt Thompson.

Whereupon,

## MARA SHLACKMAN

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

## DIRECT STATEMENT

MS. SHLACKMAN: I'm a lifelong South Florida resident, born and raised here in South Florida.

but FP&L is more about green washing than about true green. Let's not forget this is the company that wanted to build a coal-fired power plant in Glades County, which this Commission wisely turned down. This is a company that's building the West County Energy Center in western Palm Beach County, even though you have declining population in Palm Beach County and there's no need for this new plant that will spew out a high volume of greenhouse gases.

And in building these, wanting to build these plants, they keep arguing, well, sunshine in Florida, solar is not a reliable source of energy in Florida.

1 Germany is further ahead than us in solar energy 2 development, Vermont, Ontario, and these are hardly 3 places that are known for their sunshine. This Commission should take the next step beyond net metering and mandate feed-in tariffs, and

solar energy on every roof in the state.

Meanwhile, FPL is underperforming in the energy efficiency area. FPL's goal that it set for itself in terms of energy efficiency is less than half the achievable efficiency that a consulting firm has estimated. So this rate increase is not warranted. need more energy efficiency and we do not need this rate increase. Thank you.

that would, that would go a long way towards, towards

(Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

MR. JENKINS: Skipping Mr. Thompson and Mitch Howard. Maurice Lord, and following Mr. Lord will be David Camp.

Whereupon,

# MAURICE LORD

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

## DIRECT STATEMENT

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MR. LORD: Good afternoon, Madam Chairperson.
Good afternoon to all in attendance today.

My name is Maurice Lord. I'm an electrical engineer here locally. I work for a consulting firm.

And I work with FP&L on a day-to-day basis in developing new properties and new buildings, and I also am a resident here of Broward County. So to me I have a bottom line that I would like to protect.

But in my, in my day-to-day dealings with FP&L, I see what they do for the community. Whenever we're developing new projects, if the power is warranted, FP&L provides it at no charge. The monthly bills are based on the same rates that everyone gets. But if you need the power, you get it. And there's a lot, there's a lot that goes into bringing that power to each location.

And also as an engineer I see that in the past few years the cost of concrete, aluminum and other resources have gone up significantly. And I noticed that those costs are not always passed on to the consumers. There's, you know, I've seen FP&L tighten their belt in order to not pass some of these costs on.

I deal with the service planners on a day-to-day basis and I know that each service planner is responsible for hundreds of square miles. So I know

there's a need for additional service planners in the area. It's, you know, a difficult task for them as well.

In my design I noticed most of the buildings that were constructed in the '70s do not meet the power requirements for today's usage. I guess back in the day people had one television. People are now having three televisions in their home and a lot of other electronic equipment. They're charging up their cameras, their cell phones. So I've noticed there's a significant demand increase.

And whenever I am designing a building and I notice that there is a lack of infrastructure, if warranted, FP&L, I know, will come in and provide the power at no charge. If warranted.

I worked in the City of Hollywood where I know that they are suffering because they do not have enough power for what they need. I noticed that FP&L has gone out of their way to provide new services wherever required and the rates remain the same.

So in seeing a lot of these things, I want to be fair in, you know, adding, adding my input that there are a lot of costs that FP&L does incur that we don't see on a day-to-day basis.

And I'd like to add that in, you know, just so

1 that, you know, all points are addressed in making this decision. It's a very important decision and I applaud 2 3 your efforts. 4. COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. Mr. Jenkins, if you could go ahead and give us 5 6 maybe two to three names. MR. JENKINS: Next up would be Paul Ren --7 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Renneisen. 8 9 MR. JENKINS: Thank you, Paul. Appreciate 10 that. COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. 11 12 Whereupon, 13 DAVID CAMP 14 was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified 15 16 as follows: DIRECT STATEMENT 17 MR. CAMP: Good afternoon. The last time I 18 came to testify before a public service --19 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Tell us your name again. 20 21 MR. CAMP: David Camp, C-A-M-P. COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. 22 MR. CAMP: 27 years ago, in 1982, Florida 23 Power & Light had the audacity in the middle of a 24 recession to ask for a rate increase. And I went there 25

with evidence of the voltages that they were providing and asked the Commission when was the last time they had promulgated new rules for the quality of power, let alone the reliability of it, delivered to the grid.

And I was told, "Well, we're not really covering that. This is strictly a return on investment." I said, "Well, if you're not doing your job, and you're working under rules that were written at the time in 1958, how is it you need extra money?" That was the first time the Public Service Commission ever denied Florida Power & Light a rate increase based on new investment.

The next time I went to testify, I had all sorts of vice presidents of Florida Power & Light wanting to be my friend.

Anyway, getting back to the fact, this is a bottom line issue. It has nothing whatsoever to do with any public service, I mean, any goodwill that their PR people go out and drum up. I mean, how many shills did they have here today?

Anyway, what is at issue is what they need, as the man said, return on investment. They're already getting more than enough right now without any rate increase whatsoever to garner all the investors they'll ever want, need or desire.

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Now part of that reason is we've already allowed them to pass through all of their costs. There is no risk. What are they risking? You know, we have a hurricane. Well, our consumer is our insurer now. We don't have to go out and buy insurance. We have a storm, we'll just go hook up the wagon and send out another bill. I mean, basically you have taken all the costs and all the risk out of their business already and put it up here where they can just pass it through. There is no risk for them to be rewarded with or on.

They're already making more than enough money to attract investors. The idea that in a recession they're coming to ask for more return on their investment, this is absurd. Thank you.

(Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. Following

Paul call will be John Holmes, and then we'll have

Nadine Floyd and Mason Jackson. You can jump down here.

Whereupon,

#### PAUL RENNEISEN

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

#### DIRECT STATEMENT

MR. RENNEISEN: Commissioners, counsel, staff,

and our fellow South Florida citizens. The last time I spoke at one of these events was in Minnesota at the Dakota Electric Co-op. And the Minnesota co-op put me in their engineering committee to go see the Garrison project. And, like the previous gentleman, I'm not

interested in getting that kind of notoriety this time.

But I have come to stand in opposition to this rate increase. My name is Paul Renneisen and I live in Ft. Lauderdale, Florida. And my opposition is simply because it appears from all the testimony today and the presentations of staff that there's a great revenue shifting from the loss of great revenue over the big economic boom we've experienced to those that can least afford it, being the fixed base cost ratepayers.

So just to talk about the ratepayer and the rate dollars -- this is one example I'll give you to be brief today. In my community in Ft. Lauderdale, just south of Pompano Beach, we have one of the older grids. We're fortunate enough to be by the hospital so we have more reliability because of the initial design.

The transformers are either new, refurbished, or very old originals. And I'll just share this with you just to show you about many of the testimonies that we've heard today about infrastructure, inspection, risk -- what are we buying with the new rate dollars?

I take my King Charles spaniel, a small dog, for a walk, it's a slow moving animal, and I go down to the bike lane on Bayview Drive. I'm going down the bike lane and I get hit by a raindrop, but there's no clouds in the blue sky. I look up and I'm underneath a transformer. This transformer is dripping oil. You know the environmental impact of those transformers and the oil that's contained in them.

In bringing it to the attention of those rarely seen FPL guys that do a good job when they're there on a work order, these gentlemen indicate that they can't do anything about that transformer. Now we all know I can call on our streetlights when I see them broken, but not everybody is going to know if a transformer is out of service in terms of being an environmental hazard.

So, you know, I looked up, and then I looked down. There was an oil -- you could just see that oil had stained an area. And for those that aren't present that are listening to this from afar, it's about a 12-by-6-foot area, the size of what's in front of your panel of tables here today, of oil drops that are coming down on visitors to South Florida that come from Lauderdale by the Sea to jog through our community. It's coming down on kids and the families that go

underneath that. It's coming down on cyclists and all of us, those of us that just enjoy walking around our community.

That's just one transformer. I started to take a look at many others. You know, while the spray pattern is smaller, this is the area of where are those FPL people that inspect these communities and look for that infrastructure? And if you're going to talk about getting those things fixed, it's definitely an environmental hazard.

In closing, I'd just like to say again I stand opposed to the rate increase as structured, and I'd recommend having goggles anytime you're going to look up at a light pole. Thank you very much.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Thank you. Commissioner Skop would like to ask you a question, brief question.

MR. RENNEISEN: Yes, sir?

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Thank you, Madam Chair.

And if you don't mind, I'm going to call you by your first name. I won't attempt to pronounce your last name.

MR. RENNEISEN: Yes, sir. No problem.

**COMMISSIONER SKOP:** But, Paul, with respect to the transformer you mentioned, the transformers, do you have a service address or any information our staff

could take a look into on that? 1 MR. RENNEISEN: Commissioner, thanks for 2 asking that question. I meant to tell you that. 56th 3 and Bayview Drive. And that's the one that was dripping 4 on us. And we did try to get it in with your 5 technicians, so we don't know if they've addressed it 6 7 yet. COMMISSIONER SKOP: And then also too, I 8 believe FPL has customer service personnel here, and 9 10 hopefully they will address that if it is an operational 11 issue. MR. RENNEISEN: I'll check with them on the 12 way out. Thank you, sir. Anything else? Appreciate 13 14 the time. Thank you. 15 (Applause.) COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. 16 MR. JENKINS: John Holmes. 17 18 (No response.) Nadine Floyd, followed by Mason Jackson, and 19 then Gary -- we'll get to that in a minute. 20 21 Whereupon, 22 NADINE FLOYD 23 was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified 24 25 as follows:

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MS. FLOYD: Good afternoon. I just want to say what a wonderful venue this is, because I've learned a lot, you know, listening to the opposing sides, and really everyone has been very polite in all these proceedings and it's a testimony to your dealings here.

I'm a -- I own a business and I'm a consumer, obviously, and I've had nothing but good with FP&L. I mean, I've had rapid response. I live out west and my lines are buried. I do lose my power, maybe I get it back quick enough, but if it's wet, it may not. But, you know, that's the chances you take down here.

And I've had nothing but courtesy, prompt response when we've had outages. And one time when they came out it was our transformer. It was old. I mean, they came out, they got it working, they came back, fixed it. And they had cracked the sidewalk, fixed it immediately the next day. I own a business. We were out for 18 days. We used generators. It's an act of God.

I run a business. Everything is going up, it costs money. You know, you get what you pay for. If you go in the grocery store, everything has gone up.

I mean, if this is to keep the level of service, the biggest chunk is payroll and people.

You're paying for that. You're paying for trucks. 1 You're paying for -- I get the concept. I'm not in 2 favor of paying more for anything, but the reality is 3 sometimes you have to get what you pay for. 4 So I'm glad I'm not in your position to see 5 what kind of a raise, but I'm all for what FP&L is and 6 stands for and what they do for the community. Thank 7 8 you. MR. JENKINS: Gary Kaganowich? 9 MR. JACKSON: No, I'm Mason Jackson. I'm 10 after Nadine. 11 MR. JENKINS: Well, thank you, Mason. 12 13 appreciate that. 14 MR. JACKSON: Thank you. 15 MR. JENKINS: Thank you. MR. JACKSON: You're welcome. That's all 16 17 right. COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Sorry. And would you 18 19 state your name one more time, please. 20 Whereupon, 21 MASON JACKSON was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 22 State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified 23 24 as follows:

DIRECT STATEMENT

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1 MR. JACKSON: Yeah. I'm Mason Jackson.

**COMMISSIONER EDGAR:** Thank you.

MR. JACKSON: I'm with WorkForce One.

However, I'm here today as a private citizen. I want to make it clear that the board of directors of WorkForce

One has not considered or taken a position on the rate increase. I am -- and I'm not speaking for or against the rate increase. I am here to praise the quality of service that they provide and their community service.

Personally I've experienced a great quality of service in Pompano Beach where I live; very few power outages and very quick service when there is a problem. The lights may flicker, but they come back on almost immediately in the few times that it has happened.

One quick anecdote. About 40 miles,

40 minutes, rather, away from my home while driving, I
remembered that the previous morning I had noticed a
transmitter spitting near my home. So I got on my cell
phone, called the repair folks and told them about it.
When I got there, the truck was there. They beat me
home to, to check it out and do the repairs. It was
just incredible.

The last hurricane, I will say this as the head of WorkForce One, that my career centers were up and running very quickly after the hurricane so that we

could put people to work quickly doing humanitarian aid 1 2 and cleanup. They have been tremendously supportive in the 3 community, and I would urge you to make sure that they have the resources to continue their great record. 5 6 Thank you. 7 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. MR. WILLIS: Gary Kaganowich. 8 9 (No response.) 10 Tom Hall, with Pedro Monteiro on deck, and then Dan Lindblade. 11 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Come on down and we'll be 12 glad to listen to you. And if -- one of the people that 13 we've missed, we'll listen to them too. So go right 14 15 ahead, sir. 16 Whereupon, PEDRO MONTEIRO 17 was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the 18 State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified 19 20 as follows: DIRECT STATEMENT 21 22 MR. MONTEIRO: I'm Pedro Monteiro. 23 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. MR. MONTEIRO: Thank you for the opportunity 24 25 to speak.

I noticed that this is a daytime hearing, and I would like you to keep in mind which sections of the population are underrepresented today and which sections are overrepresented. A lot of people earn minimum wage and they are paid by the hour and they can't afford to be here, so their voice isn't being heard. It's probably also not being heard because Broward County increased the price of the bus fare and that probably adds to their hardship.

Now who might be overrepresented here? I notice that people in suits tend to be in favor of the rate increase and people without suits tend to be against it.

I'm truly impressed by the number of people here who have apparently no stated relationship with FPL other than a customer who are taking a few hours out of their weekday to come here and ask for a rate pay increase for FPL. It's truly amazing. And I can't help but wonder why they're being so good-hearted, unless perhaps they do have a relationship with FPL, either financial or political or otherwise, and they forgot to mention it because they didn't think it would be relevant. So when you weigh all the comments, I hope you take that into account.

One of the people here installs solar panels,

he stated, and he said he'd be for the rate increase
because financial hardship will encourage people to
become more efficient or maybe invest in solar panels.

I'm all for renewable energy, but the, the rate increase
will amount to a regressive fee that will be
disproportionately borne on the shoulders of the people
with the lowest income. And those people will not be
able to afford new refrigerators, let alone solar panels
on their homes. So that is not the way to encourage
people to buy renewable power generation.

Anyway, FPL, as you know, has been taking money out of our bill to be spent on encouraging energy savings. If you compare the return on investment for how much FPL spends on energy saving programs and how much energy savings you get per dollar spent on the energy saving program, all public utilities, sorry, all private, you know, utilities score at the bottom.

Obviously it's the hen, sorry, the fox guarding the henhouse. It's a very, very poor use of the money. But I don't blame FPL for doing so poorly in improving energy efficiency and lowering, lowering consumption.

FPL, as you know, deceived the public with the \$10-per-month fee that they said they were going to use to spend on solar in Florida, and then they spent it to line the pockets of administrators who weren't even in

the State of Florida. But I don't blame them for that either.

I was at a meeting with the League of Cities where we sat with FPL to try and see what they could do to reduce pollution and improve things for the community, and they told us that solar was not appropriate in Florida. Now, that's a bold-faced lie, but I don't blame them for that either.

So now FPL is asking for guaranteed, more guaranteed profits so they can line their pockets, and I don't blame them for that.

So who do I blame for this? Why don't I blame FPL? I don't blame FPL because they have a rule book and they're just playing the game and they're following the rule book. I don't blame them for being greedy. They have an obligation to their shareholders to be greedy. It's human nature.

You probably know before you even joined the Public Service Commission that the PSC had a very poor reputation and a long history of basically being in bed with the utilities, according to what we read in the papers. So it's the PSC and the legislators that wrote the rule book that FPL is playing by. And as a consequence of that, there is no incentive for FPL to do things like improve efficiency.

The energy that FPL generates comes primarily from fossil fuels. The conversion of that chemical energy into electrical energy is about one-third.

33 percent of that chemical energy gets converted into electricity. That's abysmal. In Scandinavia, that efficiency is double what it is here industrywide, nationwide.

Now why is that? The reason is there's a financial incentive -- the way, the way the rules were written, the incentive is for FPL to make money by building new power plants. There's no financial incentive for them to increase the power generation of their existing plants by improving efficiency. So I have some homework for the PSC.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Okay. I am going to have to ask you to kind of wrap it up and give your concluding thoughts.

MR. MONTEIRO: Okay. My homework for the PSC is to restore, restore the reputation of the PSC by rewriting that rule book to make it so that nonprofits, whose sole purpose is to improve efficiency, will collect the money from the ratepayers to improve efficiency. Because you can't have the plant -- the people who profit from selling electricity doing that. That's number one.

Number two is change the game so that FPL will profit from improving their generation efficiency rather than from building new power plants.

And another thing that I would like to see you do is structure things to promote distributed power generation. The public schools are used as hurricane shelters. During a hurricane when FPL power goes down, those public schools should have hot water and electricity. If they have photovoltaics and solar thermal on their roofs, it will save them money in the long-term and they'll have, you know, those facilities available for people in a hurricane shelter. That should happen throughout the state.

But I wouldn't stop there. Anyone who wants distribute -- anyone who wants to generate solar on their homes should be able to do it and they should be paid at the full rate that FPL receives and they shouldn't have to give away half of their, you know, at the end of year as it is now.

So, and finally I'd like to say that the FPL request for rate increase during these hard economic times is basically a cruel joke, and it's obvious that it's, it's something they don't expect to get and I don't expect you to give it to them, but it must be an excuse so that when things improve in a couple of years,

they can say, "Oh, look, you denied it to us last time, 1 so, you know, why don't you give it to us now."

> Don't fall for that. Deny it now, deny it next time, and change the rules so that their incentive is to improve efficiency rather than build new power plants. Thank you.

> > (Applause.)

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

Commissioner Skop.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Thank you, Madam Chair.

Just a quick -- Mr. Monteiro, just to your second and third points with respect to the Commission incentivizing generating efficiency. The Commission already does that, I believe. And, Marshall, please help me if I do -- but we have something called a generation performance incentive factor where we encourage facilities to have operational excellence in terms of their availability of their units to incentivize that efficiency.

Also, too, with respect to the comment for public schools, you know, we've heard through many of the service hearings that FPL is an outstanding corporate steward, does a lot of things for nonprofits, public schools. Each of our utilities in Florida has contributed towards bringing solar to the public

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1 schools. Certainly I think that's something that I would like to see continued. I think that that's a good 2 partnership, as well as promoting solar, an educational 3 basis for that. 4 So, again, I just wanted to briefly respond to 5 those two points. But we see some of those things in 6 7 place already. So I just wanted to, you know, heighten 8 your awareness. 9 And on a personal note, if my memory serves me correctly -- I'm going to go out on a limb, I could be 10 11 wrong -- but I think you may have been a classmate of mine. UF, 1985, Tolbert Hall. Does that ring a bell? 12 13 MR. MONTEIRO: Yeah. COMMISSIONER SKOP: All right. It's good to 14 15 see you again after all these years. Thank you. 16 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Mr. Jenkins. MR. JENKINS: We left off with Dan Lindblade. 17 18 (No response.) That's not Mr. Lindblade. Ira Silverman. 19 20 (No response.) 21 Jennifer O'Flannery Anderson. 22 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Come on down. 23 Mr. Jenkins, did you say that was the last 24 name you called? 25 MR. JENKINS: This is the last person that had

1 signed up.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Okay. You are our

3 concluding commenter.

Whereupon,

## JENNIFER O'FLANNERY ANDERSON

was called as a witness on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

#### DIRECT STATEMENT

MS. ANDERSON: I feel like I'm on a game show.

(Laughter.)

First of all, I want to thank each of you for your service to our state and our community. I'm very humbled to have the opportunity to speak before you, and I am grateful for your time taking. I know you're going to Miami, I think, tonight. So I very much appreciate it.

I am the president and CEO of United Way here for Broward County. I've served in the capacity for 11 months. Before that I was at Florida Atlantic University in Boca Raton. I'm here as a citizen, not on behalf of either organization or the boards. But because of the positions that I've had, I've been able to interact with FP&L on a very regular basis. And I am very struck by the professionalism, the staff, and the

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commitment to our community.

The United Way serves on the county's emergency operations center team, and we are responsible for providing donated goods and services and all the volunteers for after storms. So we've worked side by side with FP&L professionals, and it's quite humbling to see the commitment that they have to our community and to making things right. After a storm it's very difficult for all of us.

I also know firsthand for the past year, working with the results of our economy and the way it is hurting our citizens, how many people can't pay their power bills, how many people are struggling, and how FP&L has set up funds in our community that I can have people tap to help get their bills paid. And I think that's very important, a very important service that is provided to several agencies throughout our community.

And for Hurricane Wilma, FP&L was -- used the Boca Raton campus as its center to work from, and they were amazing to watch in the way that they were trying to get power restored and the organization that they used to do that.

So I know this is a difficult situation, nobody wants to have to pay more. I, I represent so many people who can't pay more. But I know that this is

a good company and I know that the need is great and the struggles to be more environmentally sensitive and to provide much more efficient power, you know, binds us all.

So I just wanted you to know that they have been very supportive of the organizations that I am associated with and the commitment to our community is very strong.

And the employees of FP&L personally give to United Way just in this community, Broward County, over a quarter of a million dollars from their paychecks each year, and I find that to be incredibly humbling.

So thank you for your attention, thank you for your service, and I wish you a good day.

# COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

Okay. It has been a long session but a good session. So let me just say on behalf of all of us up here, if I may, thank you to everybody for your patience and for your participation. We are on our way to another meeting in just a couple hours in Miami.

So once again, thank you all, and we are adjourned.

(Service hearing adjourned at 1:55 p.m.)

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1	STATE OF FLORIDA )  CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
2	COUNTY OF LEON )
3	
4	I, LINDA BOLES, RPR, CRR, Official Commission
5	Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was heard at the time and place herein stated.
6	
7	IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the same has been transcribed under my direct supervision;
8	and that this transcript constitutes a true transcription of my notes of said proceedings.
9	
10	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor
11	am I a relative or employee of any of the parties' attorneys or counsel connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the action.
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16	LINDA BOLES, RPR, CRR  FPSC Official Commission Reporter  (850) 413-6734
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