1		BEFORE THE	
2	FLORID	A PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION	
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4	In the Matter of	DOCKET NO. 100338-WS	
5	INITIATION OF DIT		
6	INITIATION OF RULEMAKING TO AMEND RULE 25-30.0371, F.A.C., PERTAINING		
	TO ACQUISITION ADJUSTMENTS FOR WATER AND WASTEWATER UTILITIES.		
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9	PROCEEDINGS:	AGENDA CONFERENCE ITEM NO. 4	
10	COMMISSIONERS		
11	PARTICIPATING:	CHAIRMAN NANCY ARGENZIANO COMMISSIONER LISA POLAK EDGAR	
12		COMMISSIONER NATHAN A. SKOP	
13		COMMISSIONER ART GRAHAM COMMISSIONER RONALD A. BRISÉ	
14	DATE:	Tuesday, September 14, 2010	
15	PLACE:	Betty Easley Conference Center	
16		Room 148 4075 Esplanade Way	
17		Tallahassee, Florida	
18	REPORTED BY:	LINDA BOLES, RPR, CRR Official FPSC Reporter	
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PROCEEDINGS

CHAIRMAN ARGENZIANO: Now if staff would come back and we'll move on to Item 4.

Good morning.

MS. CHASE: Good morning. I'm JoAnn Chase with ECR.

Commissioners, Item 4 is staff's recommendation on a rule proposal to amend Rule 25-30.0371 pertaining to acquisition adjustments for water and wastewater utilities. Staff is recommending changes to the rule as shown on Attachment A in the recommendation in order to address concerns raised by the Commissioners at an Agenda Conference and a later workshop that the current rule may provide too much of a benefit to a purchasing utility in cases where the system is being purchased at a large discount and that the rule language is overly complex and confusing.

The main substantive revisions to the rule affect the treatment of negative acquisition adjustments. The proposed changes are designed to give more of a benefit of the negative acquisition adjustment to the customers by increasing the amortization period of the acquisition adjustment, especially for those cases in which the systems are purchased at a

significant discount. Staff is available to answer any questions the Commissioners might have.

Yesterday we received a letter from a representative of Aqua Utilities Florida stating that they were unable to attend the Agenda Conference today, but are in agreement with staff's recommended rule changes. In addition, Mr. Charlie Beck is here from the Office of Public Counsel. And Marty Friedman on behalf of Utilities, Inc. would like to address the Commission on this item.

CHAIRMAN ARGENZIANO: Good morning.

MR. FRIEDMAN: Good morning. Thank you, Madam Chairman, Commissioners. My name is Marty Friedman, Law Firm of Rose, Sundstrom & Bentley. We represent Utilities, Inc. and have some comments with regard to this proposed rule change.

As the staff has pointed out, the adoption of an acquisition adjustment rule has been a long and winding road and an arduous one. It started back in 1999 was the first time that a workshop was actually held on the acquisition adjustment rule. The issue was raised years before by OPC. We finally started some, some real rulemaking in '99 that ended in 2002 with the existing acquisition adjustment rule.

The instant proceedings to amend the

acquisition adjustment rule appears to have been the result of a unique situation where a utility system was purchased at a substantial discount. And I would suggest to you that it's not necessary nor appropriate to amend the rule to attempt to resolve what I think is an anomaly. And in fact, as, as staff has pointed out, the proposed rule amendment goes beyond, goes beyond correcting the anomaly that the staff, that the Commission found that was the reason for starting this proceeding, and that is that somebody bought a system at a substantial discount. I believe it was probably less than 50 percent.

So instead of just dealing with that issue, and I would suggest to you that, you know, every time an anomaly comes up, the Commission doesn't need to open a workshop and try to correct the problem if one doesn't exist. But what happened in this proceeding is that the staff has gone beyond the concern that the Commission raised in dealing with these purchases at a substantial discount and also increased the amortization period in those systems where the purchase price is 80 percent of rate base. So the staff has gone, the current rule is five years, and so the staff in their recommendation have gone beyond the concerns that, that caused the initiation of this docket.

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I would suggest to you that the proposed changes deincentivize acquisitions. And the purchase -the purpose of the, of the acquisition adjustment rule is to encourage the consolidation and takeover of small, poorly run, poorly financed utility companies. And I would suggest to you that the rule has worked very well, as did the policy, frankly, before you even adopted a The rule worked well, it's simple, the current You amortize those, those, the acquisition adjustment over the five years, and if you don't file a rate case in that five years, then the acquisition adjustment goes away. You know, that has worked well in the industry. And merely because there's an anomaly created doesn't, shouldn't mean let's open a docket and try to correct it and then go ahead and go farther than what the intent was.

I would also point out that, that, you know, in my 30 years of practicing before the Commission, I've always tried to say let's, let's look at things — what's good for the goose is good for the gander kind of argument. And this rule is not that way. I mean, this rule allows, if you buy a utility company at, at less than rate base, you're going to amortize that over some period of time. It doesn't take into consideration those, those times when you may have to pay in excess of

rate base, a small amount in excess of rate base.

Basically positive acquisition adjustments are impossible as a practical standpoint. But there are those situations, I would suggest to you, that, that it may be in the public interest for a company to, to pay more than rate base for a system. If it needs to be taken over and you have a recalcitrant seller, sometimes you have to do that, and this rule doesn't take that into consideration.

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So my point is, is that there are anomalies This rule, the acquisition adjustment rule out there. as it currently exists takes care of 99 percent of the, of the, of the problems. The rule has been in effect This issue arose in '09, as I understand it. since '02. All during that time I don't think there have been any issues with the, with the acquisition adjustment rule. It's worked well, it's worked very simply. And the position of Utilities, Inc. is that, is if it ain't broke, don't fix it. And I would suggest to you that it's not necessary to create these, to adopt these rule amendments merely to resolve what, what I believe is an anomaly. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN ARGENZIANO: Commissioner Skop.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Thank you, Madam Chair.

Mr. Beck, do you want to add to that before I

begin?

MR. BECK: No, Commissioner. I'm here to answer any questions you might have.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Okay. All right. Madam Chair, to Ms. Chase and Mr. Willis, with respect to the proposed rule that resulted from the acquisition of a new system at approximately 20 percent of book value, if my memory serves me correct, the intent of the original rule was to incentivize and encourage the acquisition of dilapidated properties, not necessarily the instance which got us into the instant docket, and I just wanted staff to speak specifically to the rule, the proposed rule.

My understanding is for negative acquisition adjustment purposes, that when a utility purchase, purchases a system at less than 50 percent of book value on a forward-going basis, 50 percent of the negative acquisition adjustment would then be amortized over seven years, with the remaining 50 percent over the useful life of the assets, which would be equivalent to contribution in aid of construction. And I just want to make sure that's my understanding of staff's proposed rule to address my concern that I previously raised.

MS. CHASE: Yes, Commissioner. That is how the proposed rule would work.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Okay. And then for over 50 percent of book value acquisition that was made, say, of a dilapidated system, if you will, then that amortization period would be over seven years instead of the current five; is that correct?

MS. CHASE: That's true. It would work exactly the same as it does now. It's just a small increase in the amortization period.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Okay. And then with respect to positive acquisition adjustment, I believe that staff has noted in its analysis Public Counsel's comments to clarify the rule. And I just wanted to mention, and, Mr. Friedman, if you want to elaborate. Again, my perspective of positive acquisition adjustments is addressed by the rule, which are typically not allowed by the Commission.

But if an out-of-state utility wanted to enter the market in Florida and acquire properties in Florida at a premium because, again, when you want to enter a market, sometimes you have to pay a premium for the assets, that typically or historically the Commission has not allowed such a positive acquisition adjustment to book value. It seems to be consistent with, with past practice. And I'm not sure why, you know, unless there was some extraordinary circumstance, which I

really was trying to run through the analysis in my mind based on Mr. Friedman's comments but I couldn't get there.

So, you know, I just wanted to make sure on the positive acquisition adjustment the rule stays as is, typically not afforded, and the typical situation is that of a utility wanting to enter the market and paying a premium for existing assets so it can grow its market share, if you will. And that shouldn't be passed on to ratepayers.

MS. CHASE: That's, that's correct,

Commissioner. We made very few changes to the positive.

The concept is the same.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Okay. All right. All right. Very well.

MR. FRIEDMAN: And if I might address that, I don't, I don't think that necessarily accurately reflects what happens in Florida. The positive acquisitions in the systems in which we have been involved were systems that there were utilities that were already in business in Florida. Now obviously you're right that there are some times when somebody comes into the state and if they decide to pay a premium, that's one thing. But I think most of the acquisitions that we've been involved in, certainly by

my client, Utilities, Inc., have occurred, and we paid a premium, have occurred after Utilities, Inc. has already been in business in this state.

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And my second point is that, is that I want to reiterate that this goes beyond the concern of Aqua buying a system at 25 percent. It also increases that amortization period and I don't know why. The current rule with the five-year amortization period was a rule that was negotiated with the staff, Public Counsel and the industry after, after three years of workshops. And it was -- and I participated in that proceeding and it was, it was a give and take all the way around. don't like the rule as it exists today. But it's something that was negotiated, and with the negotiated rule you give and take. It's got some pluses and minuses, and I'm sure that Mr. Beck is going to tell you the same thing. It isn't exactly what they wanted in 2002 either, but they were willing to live with it. And so, and that was the five-year amortization.

And now all of the sudden because we're dealing with an anomalous situation where somebody got a heck of a deal, and I don't, I wasn't involved in that case, I don't know why they got such a good deal, but you ought to applaud them for getting such a good deal, that also you're changing the five years that was, that

was negotiated back in '02 to seven years without any real explanation other than, gee, let's increase it to seven years. And I don't think that's, I don't think there's really any basis to change what was, that five-year amortization period that was negotiated. And the very least, I would, I would -- if you're going to adopt these changes, I would ask that you not adopt that change.

CHAIRMAN ARGENZIANO: Staff, to address the amortization, the change.

MS. CHASE: Yes. The, the increase from five to seven years, that was actually suggested by a member of the industry when we went to a workshop.

But we did start this rulemaking to address that specific concern that was, that the Commissioners had at that Agenda Conference. But in doing so, we just realized that the rule has been in effect since 2002, that maybe it is time just to look at how it works and could it work better. And when we look back on it, I mean, it has been working fine, but there isn't any -- we started looking at ways to maybe the customers can share a little bit in the negative acquisition adjustment a little bit more.

Now by increasing the amortization from five to seven years, it does add an extra incentive for the

purchasing utility to stay out of a rate case for an additional two years. However, they're not forced to. They can come in. It's just that whatever is left of that amortization would be considered in that rate case. So we don't believe that's an onerous change to make, and it just, it is a way to try to share the negative acquisition adjustment a little bit more with the customers of that utility being purchased.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Madam Chair.

CHAIRMAN ARGENZIANO: Commissioner Skop.

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Thank you, Madam Chair.

And thank you, Ms. Chase, for that explanation.

Just to Mr. Friedman's point about the positive acquisition adjustment, under the provisions of the proposed rule before us, the opportunity still exists for a utility, if it shows good cause, to request a positive acquisition adjustment, is that correct, on a case-by-case basis?

MS. CHASE: Absolutely. Absolutely. And I'm glad you brought that up. Because it's true that what they have to show is that the customers would get a benefit from it, and that would be either environmental compliance or better quality of service or more rate stability. They would have to show those kinds of -- and certainly it's something they could endeavor to do.

then, Madam Chair, to Mr. Friedman's comment, I agree that the, the existing rule worked very well for utilities to incentivize the purchase of dilapidated systems. In the instant case, however, there was a loophole that somehow, you know, got exploited or attempted to -- you know, there was a glitch in the rule. And I think that the instant proceeding is an attempt to address that to prevent its reoccurrence, while also being fair and at the current state take that and take comments to make the rule better, as Ms. Chase has alluded to.

CHAIRMAN ARGENZIANO: Mr. Friedman.

MR. FRIEDMAN: And one of my concerns is that the staff went farther than that. I mean, it seems like to me that increasing the amortization period, it seems like they just arbitrarily said let's go to seven years and see what happens, see if that disincentivizes the industry. And I think that's, I think that's wrong. I don't think they should change something that was, that was negotiated between the industry, the OPC and the staff in 2002 and just arbitrarily say increase it to two years. And if they said somebody in the industry did it, then, then that's something that they may have done. And I don't know what their motivation for doing

it is, but that's certainly not the industry's position 1 2 that it should be increased from five to seven years. CHAIRMAN ARGENZIANO: Commissioner Skop. 3 COMMISSIONER SKOP: Thank you, Madam Chair. 4 5 To Ms. Chase, with respect to the comments 6 received at the workshops that were held by staff, and I 7 think we had a Commission workshop also, what were the comments specifically in relation to the amortization 8 9 period, and did Utilities, Inc. raise concerns at that 10 time? 11 MS. CHASE: Yes, they did raise concerns at 12 that time. The only other participants we had in our 13 workshop was Aqua Utilities and the Office of Public 14 Counsel, and they were both in agreement with the 15 changes, so. 16 **COMMISSIONER SKOP:** Okay. All right. 17 you. 18 CHAIRMAN ARGENZIANO: Mr. Friedman. 19 MR. FRIEDMAN: My final comment would be just 20 because Aqua said it was so doesn't mean that it's in 21 the best interest of the industry. 22 (Laughter.) CHAIRMAN ARGENZIANO: Do you find, does 23 24 Utilities, Inc. find it particularly onerous? 25 MR. FRIEDMAN: Particularly onerous. I think

it disincentivizes the purchase of utility systems and trying to, to negotiate the best deal you can. Whether, whether it's particularly onerous, I'm not sure that, how that standard fits in there. My suggestion is and my argument is that there's no reason to change it from five to seven years just arbitrarily because we want to give the customers a little more benefit. I don't think that's a good enough reason to do it.

MS. CHASE: Commissioners, can I, can I just add, on page 20 of the recommendation there's an Attachment C that shows the, the transfers, the acquisitions that have been done since the rule was adopted.

And there are only six negative acquisition adjustments since that time, and Utilities, Inc. has had none of those. They've had three -- they've been involved in three positive acquisition adjustments. So, you know.

CHAIRMAN ARGENZIANO: Okay. Any other questions? Commissioner Edgar.

commissioner EDGAR: Thank you. I would like to ask Mr. Beck to respond to the concern or the point raised by Mr. Friedman about the proposed changes to the rule disincentivizing acquisitions. Do you have any thoughts or comments on that?

MR. BECK: No. I, I disagree with that. I think the changes, first of all, are very modest, extending the, the amortization of the negative acquisition adjustment from five years to seven years. And don't forget, when you extend it, you also lessen the impact too. So there's two things. The lessening of it cuts in favor of the utilities. You know, they, they don't like it extending to seven years. But I think the changes are modest and we support them.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN ARGENZIANO: Mr. Friedman, I think, I think, I think what I heard you a few times saying is that I think what you're really concerned with is that the rules have changed. There was an agreement and now it's changed, and I'm trying to figure out really if it does disincentivize, because that's not what I think any of us want to do.

MR. FRIEDMAN: Well, and the problem is we may not know that until it goes into effect. I mean, that's the problem is that, is that nobody can sit here today and say, and tell you whether it's going to change their philosophy on acquisitions in Florida because you changed it from five to seven.

But I want to, I want to reiterate that while you corrected the problem that you saw with that, with

that situation, I understand that. And philosophically if you saw the problem and you think it ought to be corrected, correct it.

What I really don't see is the changing of the amortization from five to seven years. That wasn't, that wasn't a problem, hadn't been an issue with, with, with the industry, with acquisitions, it just hasn't. And all of the sudden we take, not just correcting the problem, but going farther than that. And I would suggest to you that that may not be appropriate.

CHAIRMAN ARGENZIANO: Just another question for staff. What brought about the change for amortization? What, what sparked that if it did not address the anomaly that was found?

MS. CHASE: Well, I think what we were looking at is just in general what changes can the rule make to make it more, to make it more even between the purchasing utility and the customers? And we thought this additional two years was just not that great, and

CHAIRMAN ARGENZIANO: Okay.

MS. CHASE: -- we believed more of a sharing
with the customers is appropriate.

CHAIRMAN ARGENZIANO: Okay. Thank you.

Any other questions? Commissioner Skop.

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COMMISSIONER SKOP: Thank you, Madam Chair. And also too with respect to the change in the amortization period, which really was not at issue for me in this but I guess something that staff addressed, the practical effect of the amortization, I think as you mentioned, Ms. Chase, is that the utility can stay out for a longer period of time to gain the benefit of the negative acquisition adjustment or accrue that benefit. If it comes in earlier, it'll lose only that small portion that's not yet been amortized. For instance, if it was seven years and they came in at year five, I mean they would have captured the majority of the negative acquisition adjustment already at that time; is that correct?

> That's correct. MS. CHASE:

COMMISSIONER SKOP: Okay. All right. just a little bit matter of semantics. But if I heard staff correctly, it's a matter of equity between the incentive to the utility but also fairness to the customers.

CHAIRMAN ARGENZIANO: Which, and, you know, I mean, that's probably a very good thing in many cases. But my concern and I guess a little bit of a concern that I have is that if you have an agreement, then how does anybody ever rely on an agreement? And I don't

know if the agreement is supposed to never change or not, but how do you enter agreement in the future if it changes a few years down the road? And maybe you can help me with that.

MR. WILLIS: Commissioner Argenziano, let me, let me try and address that. I was directly involved in that rule process. And it was a rule process. It wasn't a, it wasn't really a settlement.

CHAIRMAN ARGENZIANO: Okay.

MR. WILLIS: Back when this rule was originally adopted, it was a long, tortuous process, it took many, many years, close to 17 to actually come up with a rule. The Commission was very desirous of pushing a rule through because a lot of the acquisitions at that time were very litigious.

CHAIRMAN ARGENZIANO: I remember.

MR. WILLIS: It was costing customers a lot of rate case expense, costing companies a lot of rate case expense, they were being protested left and right. And it was thought that if we could come up with a rule that satisfied everyone, then that litigation would go away and it could just be applied.

We finally sat down and reached not really a settlement on it, but what we reached was a rule that Public Counsel said we won't protest and the industry

said, okay, we can live with it too. We had nothing in writing that said we all agree on this, we all settle this. The Commission adopted the rule and no one protested the rule and it went forward.

What we have now is just a refinement. If you look from the five- to seven-year amortization, if a company came in in the third or fourth year, you might end up with a phasing in of much higher rates. Because what we've seen in the past is that companies that purchase these things will usually be in within that fifth year to raise rates. But it would provide the customers with some benefit by having more of a phase in of a higher rate.

CHAIRMAN ARGENZIANO: Okay. Thank you. That helps. I understand the angst by Mr. Friedman, but I do know that rules change.

Mr. Friedman.

MR. FRIEDMAN: I was just going to say it's a matter of semantics as to whether we agreed to it or the staff adopted it and we both agreed not to protest it.

I don't know why he tried to make that distinction. I don't, I don't think there is a distinction there between what you agreed to and how you ended up evidencing that agreement.

CHAIRMAN ARGENZIANO: Commissioner Skop.

1	COMMISSIONER SKOP: Thank you, Madam Chair.
2	If there are no further questions, I'd like to be
3	recognized for a motion.
4	CHAIRMAN ARGENZIANO: Any other questions,
5	Commissioners? Okay. You're recognized.
6	COMMISSIONER SKOP: Thank you. With respect
7	to the disposition of Item 4 before the Commission, I'd
8	respectfully move staff recommendation on Issues 1 and
9	2.
10	CHAIRMAN ARGENZIANO: Do I have a second?
11	COMMISSIONER GRAHAM: Second.
12	CHAIRMAN ARGENZIANO: I have a second. All
13	those in favor, say aye.
14	(Unanimous vote.)
15	All those opposed. The motion passes. Thank
16	you.
17	(Agenda item concluded.)
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1	STATE OF FLORIDA)			
2	: CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER COUNTY OF LEON)			
3				
4	I, LINDA BOLES, RPR, CRR, Official Commission			
5	Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was heard at the time and place herein stated.			
6				
7	IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the same has been transcribed under my direct supervision; and that this			
8	transcript constitutes a true transcription of my notes of said proceedings.			
9				
10	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor			
11	<pre>am I a relative or employee of any of the parties' attorneys or counsel connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the action.</pre>			
12	DATED THIS Deptember,			
13	2010.			
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