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PURENT NUMBER-DATE

1		BEFORE THE							
2	FLORIDA	PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION							
3	In the Matter of:								
4		DOCKET NO. 100330-WS							
5		NCREASE IN WATER AND							
6	WASTEWATER RATES IN ALACHUA, BREVARD, DESOTO, HARDEE, HIGHLANDS,								
7	BEACH, PASCO, POL	LAKE, LEE, MARION, ORANGE, PALM BEACH, PASCO, POLK, PUTNAM, SEMINOLE, SUMTER, VOLUSIA, AND WASHINGTON							
8	COUNTIES BY AQUA FLORIDA, INC.								
9		/							
10									
11		VOLUME 1							
12		Pages 1 through 185							
13	PROCEEDING:	HEADING							
14	COMMISSIONERS	HEARTING							
15	Part and	CHAIRMAN ART GRAHAM COMMISSIONER LISA POLAK EDGAR							
16		COMMISSIONER HISA FOLAR EDGAR COMMISSIONER RONALD A. BRISÉ COMMISSIONER EDUARDO E. BALBIS							
17		COMMISSIONER JULIE I. BROWN							
18	DATE:	Tuesday, November 29, 2011							
19	TIME:	Commenced at 9:30 a.m. Concluded at 1:15 p.m.							
20	PLACE:	Betty Easley Conference Center							
21	FLACE.	Room 148 4075 Esplanade Way							
22		Tallahassee, Florida							
23	REPORTED BY:	LINDA BOLES, RPR, CRR FPSC Reporter							
24		(850) 413-6734							

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPEARANCES:

2.2

D. BRUCE MAY, JR., and GIGI ROLLINI, ESQUIRES, Holland & Knight, LLP, Post Office Drawer 810, Tallahassee, Florida 32302-0810, appearing on behalf of Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc.

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Florida 32399-0850, Advisors to the Florida Public
Service Commission.

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CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Good morning, everyone. glad you all made it here safely, and hope you all had a fantastic Thanksqiving weekend. I know I did.

We are here for Docket No. 100330. Let the record show it is Tuesday, November the -- what's today's date?

MR. JAEGER: 29th. 29th.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: November the 29th, and it's about 9:30 a.m. We'll call the hearing to order. can get Staff to read the notice.

MR. JAEGER: Yes, Chairman. Pursuant to notice, this time and place was set for the technical hearing in the Docket No. 100330-WS, application for increased water and wastewater rates by Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: All right. Let's take appearances. Who do we have here?

MS. CHRISTENSEN: Patty Christensen with the Office of Public Counsel. I'm also putting in an appearance for Steve Reilly with the Office of Public Counsel.

MS. BRADLEY: Cecilia Bradley, Office of the Attorney General, for the Attorney General and the Citizens of Florida.

MR. RICHARDS: Joe Richards, Pasco County. 1 MR. CURTIN: Kenneth Curtin and Andrew McBride 2 for YES Communities. 3 MR. MAY: Bruce May and Gigi Rollino with the 4 Holland & Knight law firm on behalf of Aqua Utilities 5 Florida. 6 7 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: All right. MR. JAEGER: Ralph -- we've got staff over 8 here. Ralph Jaeger, and also Lisa Bennett, Larry Harris 9 on behalf of Commission Staff. 10 MS. HELTON: And Mary Anne Helton, Advisor to 11 12 the Commission. I'd also like to make an appearance for our General Counsel, Curt Kiser, as well as Samantha 13 Cibula. 14 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Is that everybody? Okay. 15 16 Preliminary matters? MR. JAEGER: Chairman, I'm not aware of any 17 pending motions. And the first thing I would go to is a 18 correction to the Prehearing Order, unless parties have 19 20 any pending motions. Due to my error, a change in the position for 21 Pasco County did not make it into the Prehearing Order. 22 For Issues 27, 28, and 29, they, they want their 23 position to be "The rate band structure may be unfairly 24 discriminatory to the customers of certain systems." So 25

that's 27, 28, and 29, the language is the same.

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And then Issue 31, Pasco County's position should read as follows: "The monthly rates should be set to avoid being unfairly discriminatory to the customers of certain systems to the benefit of others."

And at that -- at this time that's the only corrections I know of to the Prehearing Order, other than I'll go through all the excused witnesses and the time certain. We'll do that in just a minute. And -- but that was the, the first correction I had to the Prehearing Order.

MR. CURTIN: Mr. Jaeger, if I could just interrupt for a minute. With Issue No. 31, since we moved Issue No. 24 basically to Issue 31A, I do -- YES will change their position on Issue 31 because of that. I don't know when we want to address that. I know it was, it was changed in the pre -- by one of the motions, but we want to change our position on that. We can address it either now or later.

MR. JAEGER: Okay.

MR. CURTIN: And that's because of the, that's because of the change from Issue 24 to 31A.

MR. JAEGER: Yes. Chairman, basically Issue 24 was excluded or deleted, and Issue 31A was added by the Prehearing Officer. And that was done, you know,

last -- well, I mean, the order did not come out until last Wednesday, November 23rd. And so the parties, none of the parties have taken a position on 31A at this time. And if he wants to redo his position on 31, he can. And then if you want, we can see if the parties want to state their position on 31A.

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CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Do you want to see how all the parties take their position on 31A, and then see if that flushes itself out?

MR. JAEGER: Okay. Issue 31A reads, "Are the resulting rates affordable within the meaning of fair, just, and reasonable, pursuant to Sections 367.081 and 367.121, Florida Statutes?" And none of the parties have had a chance to take a position on that issue yet.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. Jaeger, are we doing that now?

MR. JAEGER: They may want to look at that and give that to us later. I wasn't -- was it Mr. Curtin or Mr. -- I'm sorry.

MR. CURTIN: We can do it a little later. I just want to reserve my right. And I think 31 needs to change YES's position, because 31A has been thrown into that. So it's kind of like a fallout issue. We were going to defer to OPC on 31, but now since 31 -- Issue 24 has been really thrown into 31A, my position will

change slightly on 31 and 31A because of that. But we can handle that another time. I just want to make sure that I reserve that right.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. Jaeger?

MR. JAEGER: We can handle it later as needed. I think it's -- I don't think it's really important. It's -- in the briefs they'll have to put in their position, and it'll come later in the briefs naturally. So whether we get it on the record, I don't think it's that important at this time. We just have added 31A and that will be a part of the issues that will be briefed.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay.

MR. MAY: Mr. Chair?

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. May.

MR. MAY: I've spoken to Mr. Curtin, and Aqua has no issues with respect to him changing his position on 31 or 31A. That's fine with us.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay.

MR. MAY: I did want to bring one minor that I think might have slipped by. In response to Staff's last tranche of discovery, I think there is one pending request for confidentiality that was filed very recently. Excuse me. It was in response to one of OPC's requests, but that's, I think that is pending.

MR. JAEGER: Okay. I didn't -- I don't

remember that. Okay.

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MR. MAY: I don't think, I don't think it's going to have any impact on our proceedings over the next couple days. But just for the record I think there is one outstanding request for confidentiality, and that's never interfered with the progress of the proceeding in the past, so.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Whose request was that?

MR. MAY: It was Aqua's.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay.

MS. HELTON: Mr. Chairman, that information that was requested to be confidential would just be treated confidential throughout the proceeding, and so that, that happens, unfortunately quite a bit sometimes because of the volume of confidentiality requests that we receive right before a proceeding.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay.

MR. JAEGER: The next thing I'd like to go to is we have two classes of stipulations that the Commission should review and approve. And if you'll turn to page 63 of the Prehearing Order, that's where the stipulations start.

The first type of stipulation is deemed stip -- are those issues deemed stipulated pursuant to Section 120.80(13)(b) because they were not put at issue

by any party. And those go from 63 through page 76, and 1 all the parties have agreed to these stipulations. 2 And if you want to, we can go issue --3 stipulation by stipulation, or however you wanted to 4 proceed, Chairman. 5 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Is it necessary to go 6 through all these stipulations one by one? 7 MR. JAEGER: I don't think so. All the 8 9 parties have agreed to these stipulations. 10 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Any of the Commissioners have any questions or concerns about any of these 11 12 stipulations? I'm not seeing a light come on. 13 Mr. Jaeger, how do we approve all these stipulations all at one time? 14 MR. JAEGER: Approve all stipulations on pages 15 16 63 through 76 deemed stipulated pursuant to Section 120.80(13)(b). 17 18 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Commissioner Edgar. COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 19 20 To put us in that posture, I would move that we approve 21 the proposed stipulations described as Type A, beginning 22 on page 62 in the Prehearing Order. CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: It's been moved and seconded 23 24 to approve all stipulations labeled as proposed stipulations A, starting on the bottom of 62 through 76. 25

Commissioner Balbis. 2 3 4 7 adjustments to it. 8 9 10 substantive change? 11 12 13 changes. 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 I'm not sure --23 24 if I can just clarify. 25 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM:

Any further discussion? It's been moved and seconded.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I just want to make sure that throughout this hearing process if there are questions asked of the witness that may affect some of these as it's a fallout issues, that we would still have the opportunity to make some

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: If you're saying fallout issues, just more a numerical number change and not a

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Correct. Just numerical

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: That is fine.

Mr. Jaeger, you look like you're --

MR. JAEGER: These were basically pretty set They were not in dispute, and all the parties have agreed. I mean, we still have all the issues on rate case expense, affiliate transactions, wages, salaries, and this was just -- these issues were not put at issue by any party and all the parties agreed. So

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Let me -- Mr. Chairman,

Sure.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: For example, on page 63 of the PAA, Issue 2, if we have other adjustments that aren't included as audit adjustments, we would still have that opportunity to do so. I just want to make sure we still have that.

MR. JAEGER: I believe all the audit adjustments were in except one, which all the parties agreed that it was not appropriate. And so everything that's in the audit that was from the audit has been agreed to. But --

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: I'll try one more time.

If the Commission comes up with additional adjustments that weren't picked up by the audit report, we can still have that ability to do so; correct?

MR. JAEGER: Yes. Yes, Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. That's all I had.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. We have a motion on the floor to accept all the items, all the stipulated items as indicated. Any further discussion? All in favor, say aye.

(Affirmative response.)

Any opposed?

(No response.)

By your action, you've approved those stipulation -- those stipulated items.

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Mr. Jaeger.

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MR. JAEGER: Okay. We have a Type B stipulation. That's where the utility and Staff agree and all the Intervenors take no position, and that's basically just that the leverage formula to be used in setting rates is the leverage formula in existence at the time of the Commission's final vote on the rate applications. That's the Type B stipulation that needs to be approved.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Any questions from the Commissioners on the Type B stipulations?

Seeing none, Commissioner Edgar.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

I move that we approve the stipulations described as Type B stipulations, beginning on page 76 of the Prehearing Order.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: It's been moved and seconded to accept the Type B stipulations on page 76. Any further discussion? Seeing none, all in favor, say aye.

(Affirmative response.)

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Any opposed?

(No response.)

By your action, you've approved the Type B stipulations.

Mr. Jaeger.

MR. JAEGER: Next, subsequent to the issuance of the Prehearing Order, ten more witnesses were excused from the hearing and some others were set for dates certain. If you will turn to page 5 of the Prehearing Order, I can run you through that real quick.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay.

MR. JAEGER: Okay. On page 5, OPC's first witness, Andrew Woodcock, he has been stipulated to, his testimony and exhibits. And then going down, you have Jack Mariano, which is Pasco County's witness, he's been set for a date certain, December 1st. Angela Chelette, the very next witness, has been excused. Jay W. Yingling has been excused. Catherine Walker has been excused. Ms. Daugherty was excused before, and Scott Harrison is excused. So the last five witnesses are all excused on that page.

Then going to page 6, Diane Loughlin, if you look at Schwarb, Lott, Piltz, those four have all been excused, that's the first four. And then Patricia Carrico has been set for a day certain, November 30th, 2011, and she'll be here at 9:30 tomorrow morning, unless we tell her to get here earlier.

Next witness, Tom Rauth, has been excused.

Caitlyn Eck has been excused. Then the next four, they have plus signs, Miller, Montoya, Penton, and Sloan,

they're are all set for December 1st. That's this
Thursday. And Miller and Sloan are coming from quite
some ways away, and they've been authorized to get here
at 10:45. And Ms. Montoya and Ms. Penton will be here
at 9:30 or earlier, if needs be.

Then Kimberly Dodson, which is the next witness after Sloan, has now been excused. Jeffery Greenwell, he's set for November 30th at 10:45 also. Blanca Rodriguez has been excused, and Rhonda Hicks and Kathy Welch are already designated as being excused.

And then on page 7, Frank Seidman, AUF's last witness on their rebuttal, he's been excused, and his testimony and exhibits have been stipulated to.

And what we will do is we will move their testimony into the record at the appropriate time when they come up in the order.

And we will in a minute be going over the Comprehensive Exhibit List and we can figure out how to do their exhibits at that time.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Do we want to wait or do you just want to do all that now?

MR. JAEGER: We can do all the stipulated exhibits. First of all, I'd like to get to the -- get the Comprehensive Exhibit List moved into the record, and then we can go through and I can go over which ones

have been stipulated.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Continue.

MR. JAEGER: Okay.

MR. CURTIN: Mr. Jaeger, if I could remind you that Ms. Kurz, I don't think you mentioned Ms. Kurz, that Ms. Kurz's mother -- remember, Ms. Kurz's mother is going into surgery tomorrow, and she has -- either her testimony needs to come in or, if her surgery goes well, she will try to be here on the 7th and 8th if we go to that. That was what we had agreed to.

MR. JAEGER: Yes. It's -- she is designated in the order, I skipped over her, but she is designated on page 5 as excused. But I think that's contingent -- I mean, if she can come, they may get her here, but she's been excused and stipulated to if she can't make it because of her mother.

MR. CURTIN: Exactly. Her mother goes to surgery tomorrow and she's in Colorado. And if the surgery goes well, she does have a flight here for the 7th or 8th. If this hearing goes that long, which I suspect it will, she will then be here if the surgery goes well. If not, I think we've all stipulated her testimony will come in then. So I will know better after the surgery.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay.

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MR. JAEGER: Okay. The Comprehensive Exhibit List, Staff usually does a composite exhibit, but in this case, because of all the controversy, we just listed, we listed our exhibits that we were wanting to get into the record separately, and then the parties said which ones they could stipulate to.

First of all, on the first page, service hearing exhibits, there were 51 numbered service hearing exhibits, up to 51. And 2 was the late-filed exhibit that AUF was given permission to file, to respond to the customer testimony, that one has not been stipulated to. But 3 through 51 have been stipulated to by all the parties. So that's every service hearing exhibit except the service hearing Exhibit 2.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: So you want to, you want to enter Exhibit 1, which is the Comprehensive List, and Exhibits 3 through 51?

MR. JAEGER: That's correct.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We will move Exhibit 1 and Exhibits 3 through 51 into the record.

(Exhibit 1 through 283 marked for identification.)

(Exhibits 1 and 3 through 51 admitted into the record.)

MR. JAEGER: Okay. The next ones that I see

are Ms. Kurz's exhibits. She's been stipulated. That's 1 2 3 stipulated. So we could move those in. 4 5 through 135 into the record. 6 7 8 record.) MR. JAEGER: The next are Staff's direct, 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 how did you want to do that, Chairman? 16 17 and 156 into the record. 18 19

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132, if you'll turn to it. That's where they pick up again. She had four exhibits, and those are listed as

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: So we'll move Exhibits 132

(Exhibits 132 through 135 admitted into the

starting on 147, Exhibit 147. Mr. Yingling's one exhibit has been stipulated, and Ms. Walker's two exhibits have been stipulated. They were right there together, 147, 148, and 149. And then Ms. Dodson's Exhibit 156 -- do you want to do them by groupings, or

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We'll move 147, 148, 149,

(Exhibits 147, 148, 149, and 156 admitted into the record.)

MR. JAEGER: Okay. Next is Rhonda Hicks. She had Exhibits 160 through 163, and Kathy Welch had Exhibits 164 through 168, and those have all been stipulated. 160 through 168.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We'll move 160 through 168 into the record.

(Exhibits 160 through 168 admitted into the 1 record.) 2 3 MR. JAEGER: Okay. Exhibit 171, it says AUF's 4 response to Staff's 24th data request, numbers 3 through 5 5, we -- Staff would like modify that to make that numbers 4 through 5. And Ms. -- the parties have said 7 that 4 through 5 may be stipulated, so that would be one to add. That happened this morning that we agreed to 8 that, and so we would have 171 through 176 stipulated. 9 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We'll move 171 through 176 10 into the record, with the change on 171 from 3 to 5 to 11 4 to 5. 12 13 (Exhibits 171 through 176 admitted into the 14 record.) 15 MR. JAEGER: That's correct. 16 Then 178 through 183, those have been stipulated. 17 18 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: 178 through 183 we will move 19 into the record. 2.0 (Exhibits 178, 179 through 183 admitted into 21 the record.) 22 What about 184? 2.3 MR. JAEGER: The -- I think -- well, YES had 24 an objection. They wanted all of their -- you know, 25 instead of piecemealing their discovery into the record,

they wanted to have all their discovery into the record. 1 And so they would not just -- they would not stipulate 2 to their discovery being piecemeal. And Mr. May and YES 3 were trying to work out an agreement about whether all 4 5 of AUF's discovery to YES and all of YES's discovery to AUF would be admitted, and I understand that, that an 6 7 agreement was not reached. CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: That's fair enough. Let's 8 9 go on. MR. JAEGER: Okay. Next is 187 and 188. 10 11 Those have been stipulated. 12 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We'll move 187 and 188 into the record. 13 14 (Exhibits 187 and 188 admitted into the 15 record.) 16 MR. JAEGER: And 189 has not been stipulated. 17 That was a production of documents that came in very late, and OPC just has not had a chance to review all 18 19 the PODs, and they want to look those over. 2.0 And so then we have stipulated Exhibits 190, 191, and 192. 21 22 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Move 190 through 192 into 23 the record. (Exhibits 190, 191, and 192 admitted into the 24 25 record.)

MR. JAEGER: Then the next ones are, again, discovery, either from AUF to YES or YES to AUF, and those are still in dispute.

Then on -- the next exhibit is 196. And it was the Steven E. Grisham deposition. It's 196, 197, 198, 199, and 200. Those are all depositions with some designated exhibits, but basically those have all been stipulated to.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Move 196 through 200 into the record.

(Exhibits 196 through 200 admitted into the record.)

MR. MAY: Mr. Chairman?

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Yes, sir.

MR. MAY: Just a matter of clarification.

I've spoken to Mr. Curtin. I haven't had a chance to talk with Ms. Christensen, but these depositions do not have the errata sheets. It's a technicality. At the appropriate time we have the errata sheets for the depositions and we have the appropriate exhibit numbers.

I just -- I didn't want -- I didn't know if you wanted to do that now or we could wait. That's up to you all.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Is that something we have do or is that something that Staff can handle later?

MR. MAY: I don't think it should be a problem

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with any of the parties, but --

MR. CURTIN: No objection by YES.

MS. HELTON: My recommendation, Mr. Chairman, would be to acknowledge that the errata sheets will be attached to each of the depositions and distributed to the parties to correspond with the exhibit numbers that have been designated.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: So noted.

MR. JAEGER: The last thing we have was the application and the MFRs of AUF, and those pick up -just a second. That starts with 228 and goes through
283, and that's basically the application and MFRs. And
I think Ms. Christensen had verbally advised me that she had no problems with the application and MFRs coming in, but I've never gotten that for sure, and I wanted to make sure. I didn't mark them as stipulated, but basically that's, that's all the exhibits that would encompass the MFRs and the application.

MS. CHRISTENSEN: We have no objection to the MFRs coming into the record.

MR. JAEGER: Okay.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. We will move Exhibits 228 through --

MR. JAEGER: 283.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: -- 283 into the record.

(Exhibits 228 through 283 admitted into the 1 record.) 2 MR. MAY: Mr. Chair? 3 4 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Yes. 5 MR. MAY: I believe that we might have overlooked Exhibit 227. It's the curriculum vitae for 7 Mr. Seidman, who has been stipulated in, so. MR. JAEGER: Okay. 227 was Frank Seidman, and 8 he has been a stipulated witness pursuant to an 9 agreement reached between the parties. 10 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Is there any problem with 11 12 227 going into the record? 13 MS. CHRISTENSEN: No objection. I do have a 14 question. Are we moving in the witnesses' exhibits at this time? Because Mr. Woodcock also would be, need to 15 have his exhibits moved in. 16 MR. JAEGER: I think for the rest of the 17 witnesses, the way we've done before is just at the time 18 that witness comes up to testify, and then we move the 19 rest of the exhibits, their exhibits in at that time. 20 MS. CHRISTENSEN: Right. But Mr. Woodcock has 21 been stipulated. 2.2 MR. JAEGER: Okay. Where is his? 23 MS. CHRISTENSEN: It's page 7 of the exhibits, 24 numbers 71 through 80. 25

MR. JAEGER: Okay. Mr. Woodcock had 71 1 through 80? 2 MS. CHRISTENSEN: That's correct. 3 MR. JAEGER: And he's been stipulated. He's 4 5 not going to be here. MS. HELTON: Mr. Chairman, if I could make a 6 recommendation, and this is also kind of a selfish 7 recommendation for purposes of having a very clean 8 record and easy to work with. If we could enter 9 10 testimony in the order that it's presented in the 11 Prehearing Order and enter the stipulated witnesses', or excused witnesses' testimony at that time too, and then 12 take up their exhibits, I think it will make for a 13 cleaner, smoother, easier process. 14 MR. MAY: I'm sorry. I've created this 15 16 nightmare. I apologize. 17 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: That's all right. Let's go ahead and enter 71 through 81 into the record because 18 we've already talked about it -- I'm sorry -- 71 through 19 80 into the record because we've already talked about 20 it, and we're going to put 227 into the record. 21 22 (Exhibits 71 through 80 and 227 admitted into the record.) 23 And, Mr. Jaeger, you have the floor. 24 25 MR. JAEGER: That's all Staff had. I'm aware

that a part of the stipulation for Woodcock and Seidman involved Staff's first set of interrogatories 1 through

14 to OPC, and I didn't know how we wanted to handle

that. And also I would hope that YES and AUF would work on a stipulation concerning their discovery and what can be stipulated in.

MR. MAY: Mr. Chairman, with respect to AUF

MR. MAY: Mr. Chairman, with respect to AUF and YES, I think Mr. Curtin and I certainly at the next break would be able to talk about that, and I don't see why we couldn't agree that all of our discovery responses to them would be entered in, and we would stipulate to all of your responses to us.

MR. CURTIN: And we've already talked about that. We can talk about that more on the break.

The only other issue, Mr. Jaeger, I'd like to point out just for the record that Exhibit 140 for Mallory Starling is the same as customer service hearing Exhibit No. 14. It's the same document. So I don't know if you want for the record just to enter that in, because 14 is in.

MR. JAEGER: That came in under the service hearings. Service Hearing Exhibit 14 was Mallory Starling, so it would be just duplicative to enter it again. So it came in under the service hearings.

MR. CURTIN: No problem.

MR. JAEGER: She adopted that in her testimony that she provided at the service hearing.

MR. CURTIN: I just wanted to make sure for the record that is in as 14.

MS. CHRISTENSEN: Can I ask, for purposes of clarification, Mr. Jaeger had said it was part of the -- and he's correct, it's part of the agreement for stipulating Woodcock and Mr. Seidman's testimony into the record. There was OPC's responses to Staff's first set of interrogatories. If that was -- I don't know if that's already been marked and identified as part of the Comprehensive Exhibit List. If not, I would request that we do that at this time and maybe make it Exhibit 284.

MR. JAEGER: It has not been. That was not Staff's wish list. That's basically what all these, the known exhibits and what Staff wanted as an exhibit. So, yes, we can mark that as an exhibit, if you want. And as you say, it would be 284, and it would be Staff's first set of interrogatories, OPC interrogatories 1 through 14.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Staff's first set of interrogatories, set -- I mean, you said 1 through 14?

MR. JAEGER: 1 through 14.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We enter 284 into the

1 record. (Exhibit 284 marked for identification and 2 admitted into the record.) 3 Mr. Jaeger, are we done with exhibits? 4 5 MR. JAEGER: I think so, Commissioner --Chairman. 6 7 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. What's next? 8 MR. JAEGER: I believe what I have showing is we -- the record and have opening statements, and each 9 10 party has been allowed ten minutes for opening 11 statements. 12 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We've already gone over all 13 the excused witnesses, the DEP, Department of Health, 14 and all these other people, we have done that already? 15 MR. JAEGER: Yes, we have. CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. This says the 16 17 Prehearing Officer is going to allow everybody ten 18 minutes each for opening statement. Thank you for that, 19 Mr. Brisé. 20 Let's get started. Where are we starting? 21 OPC? Who's starting? Aqua. 2.2 MR. MAY: Good morning, Mr. Chairman, 23 Commissioners. I'm Bruce May with the law firm of 24

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Holland & Knight appearing today on behalf of Aqua
Utilities Florida.

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This has been a long and winding process.

Since AUF filed for rate relief back in September of

2010, the Commission has conducted nine service

hearings -- service meetings and ten customer service

hearings around the state, my client has responded to

massive volumes of discovery served by OPC, and the

parties have filed pages and pages of testimony. We're

now coming to the end of that process, and I want to

take a moment to commend your Staff and the Office of

Public Counsel for the work they've done on this case.

Although I don't always agree with

Ms. Christensen and Mr. Kelly on many of the issues in
the case, I do have the utmost respect for their
professionalism, and I have the same respect for
Ms. Bradley, Mr. Richards, and Mr. Curtin.

Commissioners, as you begin to consider the evidence today, I would ask that you keep in mind that this is a rate case that you preside over just like any other rate case for electric or gas utilities. And just like an electric or gas utility, my client is only seeking the opportunity to earn a reasonable return on the investment in infrastructure improvements that's made around the state.

With respect to these investments, the evidence will show that since the last rate case Aqua

has invested over \$11 million in system improvements to address operational and service quality issues identified by you, the Commission, by DEP, and by the customers. Aqua has filed for approximately \$3.7 million in rate relief so that it can recover the cost of those system improvements.

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Commissioners, raising rates is not something that my client takes lightly, particularly in these, these current economic times. Aqua has done everything it can to tighten its belt before coming to you for rate relief. The evidence will show that the decision to seek additional revenues was one of necessity to allow my client to remain viable.

OPC's own witnesses don't dispute that my client needs rate relief. Rather, the disagreement between OPC and Aqua centers around the amount of that rate increase. As you know, this case has been handled through the PAA process, so the only issues to decide are those narrow issues that have been protested by the parties.

At the beginning of each of the customer service hearings, you'll recall that Mr. Kelly talked about some of those disputed issues. He mentioned affiliated transactions, used and useful calculations, pro forma plant additions, and quality of service.

With respect to affiliated transactions, what

Mr. Kelly did not tell you and what the evidence will

show is that Aqua's affiliate charges were found to be

reasonable in the last case and are every bit as

reasonable in this case. Indeed, the testimony of

Mr. Stanley Szczygiel will show that Aqua conducted a

Florida market study which demonstrated that the

services Aqua receives from its affiliates actually cost

less than if Aqua secured those services from outside

sources. Moreover, the evidence will show that Aqua's

management fees from its affiliates have actually

decreased since the last case.

With respect to used and useful calculations, the evidence will show that Aqua's used and useful percentages were closely reviewed and established by the Commission in the last case, and there is no valid reason to change those used and useful percentages now.

With respect to pro forma plant additions, these are capital projects that will be completed outside of the test year, but because their completion is imminent, they are properly included in rate base. The evidence will show that many of these capital projects that were imminent when you voted on the PAA order are now, in fact, complete. Thus, there's no valid reason to exclude those projects from rate base.

Moreover, the testimony of Mr. Preston

Luitweiler will show that most of the pro forma projects

that are part of this rate case are directly related to

the aesthetic water quality improvement initiatives that

was part of Phase II monitoring of quality of service.

Let me speak briefly on quality of service. In the last rate case the Commission found that the quality of service for the systems in this rate case were marginal. For almost three years now Aqua's customer service and its environmental compliance have been under the microscope and have been reviewed from almost every angle imaginable, including by your own staff. Based on that stringent and objective review, no one can credibly say that Aqua's overall quality of service has gone anywhere but up since the last rate case. Indeed, the overwhelming evidence will show that Aqua's quality of service has significantly improved since the last case and, in fact, is good.

Following the last rate case there was considerable discussion about how you measure customer satisfaction. To give some structure to this issue, the Commission directed OPC and Aqua to collaborate and agree on a program that would enable the Commission to evaluate Aqua's customer service in a cost-effective manner. Aqua and OPC met and agreed on a monitoring

program that used reports and Aqua's own internal quality goals to evaluate Aqua's customer service.

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Not only did Aqua and OPC agree on that plan, the Commission approved that plan. The evidence will show that Aqua complied in all respects to that monitoring plan and has initiated seven water quality improvements projects that it agreed to do. The evidence will show that the Chuluota system has also been the subject of substantial capital investment, which has significantly improved the water quality for that system.

The evidence will show that your Staff has independently reviewed the results of those monitoring reports and found that the company's meters and its bills accurate and that the company is committed to addressing customer satisfaction. Likewise, the testimony of FDEP witnesses in this case shows that the company is committed to environmental compliance and that AUF's water and wastewater product is satisfactory.

As you listen to OPC's testimony regarding these monitoring reports, I'd respectfully ask that you pay close attention to OPC's position. That position has changed. The evidence will show that OPC is now ignoring and disagreeing with the very metrics and monitoring reports to which it initially agreed and

which the Commission approved. The evidence will also show that OPC is now attempting to deflect attention away from the monitoring reports by focusing instead on a nonissue called back billing.

With all due respect, this is a tempest in a teapot. The evidence will show that back billing is not illegal and it's not improper, but instead it's an expected outcome and occurrence in the utility industry. The evidence will also show that back billing is rare on Aqua's system. And when it does occur, Aqua complies with the Commission rules.

Finally, I'd asking you to listen closely as OPC's witnesses discuss the disputed issues in this case. You will hear these witnesses try to distance themselves from fundamental cost of service ratemaking principles and regulatory precedent. You will also hear them attempt to marginalize the doctrine of regulatory certainty, which is a cornerstone of sound utility ratemaking. These actions have caused the parties to relitigate settled issues, which in turn has caused rate case expense to increase.

When we were last before you on May 24th, you warned that a protest of the PAA order would inevitably cause rate case expense to increase. Your warning has now come to fruition.

Only two parties protested the PAA order before the deadline, OPC and Ms. Wambsgan. Ms. Wambsgan has withdrawn her protest. Thus, but for OPC's protest, we would be operating under a PAA order, under which had rate case expense set at around \$78,000, far less than what has been incurred to litigate OPC's protest.

Although there are a number of standard issues in this rate case, this case also has its own unique aspects. Several people have intervened, but when confronted with discovery about what motivated their intervention, they've mysteriously withdrawn. We have a local governmental entity that by its own admission seeks to use this case as leverage to force the utility to sell some of its systems to the Florida Governmental Utility Authority.

We also have a national for-profit developer of mobile home communities intervene and contemporaneously sue the utility in circuit court. We also have special interest groups on the periphery that are using this rate case to advance their own political agendas.

However, at the end of the day, this rate case is not about political agendas and this case is not about a commercial dispute over a failing development project. This case is about what tariffed rate will

allow the company to provide safe and reliable services to its customers.

This case is about the rule of law, about a rate case -- a ratemaking process, one built on statutes, rules, and long-standing precedent that some would like to stand on its head.

Finally, Commissioners, this case is about competent, substantial evidence, which we are now prepared to put on to support our request for rate relief.

Thank for your time.

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MS. CHRISTENSEN: Good morning, Commissioners.

My name is Patty Christensen, and I represent the

Citizens of the State of Florida.

In these economic times where families, businesses, the State of Florida, and local governments are tightening their belts, the Commission needs to make sure that this company is only getting the dollar it needs to provide reliable service, not a wish list of projects and items they could make do without.

Aqua has asked for an increase of 4.1 million. This increase was requested less than two years after the 2008 rate case increase, which went into effect shortly after the final order was issued May 29th, 2009. The PAA order in this case approved a \$2.6 million

increase for Aqua. While the PAA order approved an increase less than what the company requested, Aqua's request is still grossly overstated and excessive in today's economy.

Citizens, through the witnesses Kim Dismukes, Andy Woodcock, Denise Vandiver, and Earl Poucher, have reviewed the company's minimum filing requirements, conducted and reviewed discovery, and reviewed the customers' comments in this case. And our close review of the company's proposal shows that the company has at most supported \$312,149 (phonetic) of the \$4.1 million it had requested.

Now you've heard for yourselves from Aqua's customers that they are unsatisfied with Aqua's product and the quality of service. Since the customers spoke so forcibly on this subject, I will not attempt to cover everything they said, but I would like to address a few points.

First, as you heard, these customers are the ones who are forced to buy this product. It is clear from their testimony that if they had a choice, they would stop buying Aqua's product. Some have already stopped using their product. If this was not a monopoly service, Aqua might well be going out of business due to their poor product and the quality of service.

Second, despite the ongoing monitoring plan, whatever the improvements are the company has made in the last two years, they are not enough to change customers' minds. The Commission should judge the company's quality of service based on its product and customer service, not based on recent changes that may not have proven over time.

Aqua has a record, starting before the last rate case, of providing poor quality service. Based on this poor quality of service, the Commission should find the overall quality of service unsatisfactory and reduce their ROE 100 basis points.

Now several adjustments deserve special attention and special discussion. First, Aqua's requested increase for its affiliate transactions is unjustified and should be denied. Citizens believe that these cost increases should be significantly reduced. Based on the shifting of affiliate costs from the miscellaneous account to management fee accounts, it was hard to tell what the percentage increase in affiliate costs were from the previous rate case.

However, management fees, where the majority of the affiliate expenses are charged, increased by more than 250%, and in one system by over 400%. But the miscellaneous account did not decrease by anywhere near

that percent, despite the company's claim that this was caused -- that this caused -- was caused by the management fee increase.

Aqua's total requested affiliate cost request was 3.2 million. Citizens' witness Dismukes analyzed the basis for the 3.2 million in affiliate costs. Based on her comparative rate analysis and comparative service analysis, Citizens believe that Aqua's request should be reduced by 977,000.

However, if Aqua is just held to the 2007 levels, plus customer growth and inflation, which range between 9% and 16%, depending upon the system, this reduction to affiliate costs would even be greater at 1.2 million.

Second, Aqua's rate case expense is overstated. Aqua has not supported all of its requests, and in some instances has caused additional rate case expense unnecessarily. And customers should only have to pay for a reasonable average attorney rate, not the more expensive attorney rate. And even though Aqua would like to blame Citizens for the rate case expense, Aqua was the one who chose to file back-to-back rate cases and to file this cause using the PAA process. So customers and stockholders should split rate case expense 50/50.

In the last rate case, this company was given two years of salary increases. Given the current economic environment where many people are losing their jobs and are having difficulty paying for their bills, no salary wage increase is warranted.

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Because of Aqua's billing problems, its bad debt expense should be adjusted to reflect good billing practices, and since Aqua has experienced lower than expected revenues due to its high rates and poor service, the billing determinants should be adjusted upward. Stockholders, not the customers, should bear the risk of lost revenue.

In addition to the adjustments I have discussed, Aqua has requested some pro forma plant adjustments to historic test year, but the utility has not stated -- or started, excuse me, construction on several of these requested pro forma plant more than 18 months after the close of the test year.

In addition, Citizens believe that Aqua has asked for some plant to be considered 100% used and useful when the actual used and useful percentage are significantly less. Citizens believe that the request violates ratemaking principles and the requirement of Florida Statutes that only property used and useful for public service be used for ratemaking purposes.

The Commission has the opportunity, based on the evidence presented in this case, to make a decision and a determination based on the facts and evidence presented in this case, and is not necessarily bound by precedent and the need to follow precedent blindly.

And last but not least, you've heard from Aqua's customers that this rate increase will create a hardship for them. You've heard from the customers that Aqua's rates were unaffordable, and that was before this request. These customers need and deserve to have all the fat and excesses trimmed from Aqua's rate of request.

Based on Citizens' recommended reductions to Aqua's request to remove the excesses I discussed, an overall reduction to Aqua's request of at least 2.3 million is warranted.

We are convinced that after hearing all the evidence the Commission will agree that these adjustments are not only warranted but appropriate, given today's economic circumstances, Aqua's unsatisfactory quality of service, and unaffordable rates. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Ms. Bradley?

MS. BRADLEY: Thank you. I'm here today on behalf of the Attorney General for the Florida customers

of Aqua.

The statute says that customers are entitled to fair and reasonable rates, and we think that's especially true when we're talking about something as basic as water. Now the water quality has been an issue for years with Aqua. This is not the first time we've been here.

At the customer hearings you heard many people that came to testify and they told you that they are simply afraid to drink the water. It's damaging appliances, it looks bad, it soils their clothes, their doctors have told them not to let their children drink it, and unfortunately some of these people can't afford the expense of bottled water. The ones that can are doing that, but many of them can't afford it.

They've talked about -- one lady in tears talked about her dog dying and the vet told her not to let the dogs, the animals drink the water.

Who knows what is in these? We know that there have been some notices, and boil water notices unfortunately. People have complained they don't get those in time, or they're left hanging on the door and they must have blown off, this type of thing. When they do find them, it's usually long after they've been using the water, and they wonder what they may have been

drinking.

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There was a well driller that came to testify in Gainesville. I believe it was Gainesville; one of the public service hearings. And he talked about the fact that he used to drill wells, and he talked about the sediment that he sees in Aqua's water and the fact that when he was drilling wells, if they got that kind of sediment out of the wells they were drilling, they would have to redrill them and make sure that there was not this type of sediment. That that's just not acceptable.

One of the other things, Mr. May referred to it, and with all due respect to him, we think back billing is an issue here. There were people that came and testified. One lady testified that she's had to move in with her parents and that they got a bill for \$20,000. Now they calculated, and her, I think, 90-year-old father, who's very feeble, and her mother would have had to drink something like 200 gallons of water per hour to have used that much water. And obviously that was an error. They finally, after repeated calls, got it fixed.

But it puts a burden on people. And sometimes people will get a bill for a few thousand or several hundred. And in this economy that's impossible for

these people to pay it. And they offer to put them on payment plans, which is nice, except we heard again and again, if you're a dollar late or a day short, then we'll turn off your water.

And when they're trying to pay high water bills and make up for what they weren't billed -- one lady that got a lot of attention at one of the hearings, that may have been in Gainesville as well, she said she called them repeatedly, she kept calling, and they wanted to argue her, and she kept calling until they finally sent her a bill. And that's the effort people are having to make to get timely bills. And that, you know, that may be legal, but it sure is a poor business practice, and it puts an unbearable burden on the citizens, who are trying, just trying to pay their bills.

We think affordability is an issue here.

Citizens are entitled to clean water and they're

entitled to water at a rate that they can pay. And I

know the economy is bad and I know that the economy is

not Aqua's fault, but we have to take that into account

when we're determining what's the appropriate rate for

them to be paid.

And a number of customers at every one of the hearings came in and said they simply couldn't afford

it. And these are not people that are filling swimming pools and water parks and various things like that.

These are people that are just trying to live.

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There were people that talked about they didn't participate, there was a young lady that came and said she didn't participate in a lot of exercises and things like some of her friends. She'd like to, but if she did that, then she'd have to bathe more and she couldn't afford to.

They talked about not flushing the toilet unless they just had to. One lady talked about helping another older person who would collect the water from her shower and use that to flush the toilet. Again and again we heard stories of all the drastic measures that people are taking in order to try to get by.

They're doing their best not to use water.

And to add insult to injury, when you have -- and I
brought some of the water they brought us. When you
have water that looks kind of like this, I don't think
any of us would want to drink that. That came out of
somebody's faucet.

We had another lady that took some water out of her water tank, and it's black stuff floating in it. When you have to look at water like that and pay these kind of rates for it, it's neither fair nor reasonable.

And it's certainly not affordable for these people.

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You know, they're struggling. These are people that have worked hard all of their lives, many of them retired. They just want a fair rate. They want to be able to drink water. They don't want to have to worry about what's in it or is it going to soil their clothes, is it going to make their children sick.

You know, there were people that talked about going and borrowing water from friends that lived across the street. I had a, I believe it was Mr. Dewey called me last week and told me that he compared his rates to one person on one side who paid about \$30, another person on the other side paid about 20 something dollars, and his was over a hundred because he was in the Aqua territory and the others were not.

You know, these people are bothered. Why are they having to pay so much for water that, one, is not as clean as their neighbors and, two, they can't afford?

And it's having an impact on the communities.

We had testimony about people that -- we also heard from small business people that had some rental property.

They can't keep it up because the renters can't afford to pay the water bills. One lady was very upset. She said she helped take care of some property and that she had to tell some customers they didn't have to pay the

rent, which put a burden on her to try to pay the taxes, because they were trying to pay their water bill.

You know, we heard stories everyplace we went that was very similar to this, about people were struggling to pay these bills. They want to pay the bills. They're not people that ignore bills or don't want to pay. They're just honest, hardworking people that want clean water at an affordable rate, and they're not getting it with Aqua.

They talked about the number of homes in their community that are in foreclosure now, or the neighbors that have moved, and frequently the excuse given was they just couldn't afford the water. Other people are kind of in a catch-22 because they would like to move someplace where they could get clean and affordable water, but when people hear that Aqua is their water supplier, they don't want to buy their homes. So they're stuck there.

You know, this is something that has to be considered. We're not trying to say don't give money to Aqua, don't -- make sure they're a solid, profitable company. But you have to take this in light of the fact that these customers are hurting. They're in dire circumstances and they can't afford an increase like this. They just had one a couple of years ago, and that

put a burden they're having, still having trouble with.

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The statute says that there is clean and affordable rates, and I never thought you'd -- you probably never thought you'd hear me agree with Mr. May, but he's correct. This is not about politics, it's not about anyone's interests other than that of the customers, the citizens of Florida who are Aqua customers, and all they want is clean and affordable water.

And we would ask in your deliberations that you keep that in the front of your mind. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you.

Mr. Curtin or Bernstein [sic].

MR. CURTIN: Good morning, ladies and gentlemen, Commissioners.

Myself and my client usually do not agree on Aqua. We do agree on Aqua on one thing, that all the attorneys, all the PSC Staff, Mr. Jaeger, Ms. Christensen, Mr. May, everybody on staff has been very highly professional in this long process, and I want to thank them for that professionalism and what they have displayed to me. It is a pleasure being -- having worked with them, even though we don't agree on everything.

Ladies and gentlemen, I have the pleasure of

representing YES Communities. YES Communities and Aqua have a lot of similarities. YES is a national company; aqua is a national company. YES is in many different states around the nation, so is Aqua in many different states. YES is headquartered in Colorado. Aqua is headquartered in Pennsylvania. Aqua provides an essential life service, water and wastewater. YES provides an essential life service, affordable housing for residents.

Aqua and YES both serve the same communities. They're vulnerable members of society. They're hardworking people, but are on the lower economic echelon of society. They are not highly educated for the most part, but we serve them, provide this life-essential service of affordable housing. Aqua serves them, providing another life-essential service of water and wastewater. That, ladies and gentlemen, are where the similarities end.

The differences between the companies are stark. If you read some of their depositions of their employees, using an old military term from the Marine Corps, the actual boots on the ground, the employees who go to the actual park. The employees that you will hear from here have never been to Arredondo Farms, not once.

Mr. Luitweiler, an environmental compliance agent, never

been to Arredondo Farms.

But the boots on the ground individuals who actually go there every day, how have they described the clients that they serve? They describe them as baby mamas living off of government checks. How does YES describe them? YES describes them as working families, single mothers, disabled veterans, retirees. That stark difference will show you the stark difference in how the quality of service, the quality of the water and wastewater that they provide is starkly different than the quality of affordable housing that YES attempts to provide, because YES treats their clients as clients. If they don't treat them well, treat them with good service, treat them with good, affordable housing, they won't have clients.

Aqua, on the other hand, they're stuck. Many of these people in our park rent only -- rent both the land and a mobile home. They can leave. Many of the people there own their own mobile home. They cannot leave, or it would be too expensive for them to hire someone to pick up their mobile home and leave. And many of these mobile homes are older. They may be called mobile homes, but a lot of times those built in the '80s, they can't be moved. Codes won't allow them to be moved.

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You actually, you actually heard, if you went to the Gainesville hearing, of an instance where a lady who wants to pay her bill, she only owes a couple hundred dollars a month to YES for the land, but she owned her mobile home since the '80s. She can't afford to live there because of the water. She cannot move her mobile home because of the age of it. She tore it down and threw it away and she had to move, because she didn't want to abandon her home and be sued by YES or have an abandoned house there on a property owned by YES, so she actually tore it down. That is the extent of what has happened by these water and wastewater rates. And not only the rates, but the quality of service and the quality of the water. When you're paying triple the amount of your neighbor next door but you are getting the service and water quality that you get here with Aqua, that is where it really comes into play.

And you will see consistent evidence of perpetual issues of lack of customer service, billing errors, excessive back billing, water quality and wastewater quality services. You'll hear from Aqua's witnesses, which say we meet every DEP regulation. But then you heard from, if you went to Arredondo Farms, you heard from the residents there that they cannot -- every

two, three weeks at times they have to replace their hot water heating elements because of encrustations, because of the calcification on them.

You heard from a lady who has an oxygen machine which she needs to breathe which has clogged up because of the water. You have heard from a mother whose ten-year-old son has a skin condition called eczema, which is you get can boils on your skin. And that is -- every time he takes a bath that condition comes out and those boils come out.

Those issues, while you drink the water and it may not kill you, but you use the water, you cannot use it the way water is meant to be used. You cannot take a shower in it, you cannot wash your car because it turns white, you cannot bathe your young children in it. Those are the type of issues that affect families, especially at this lower socioeconomical scale.

Now YES didn't have to intervene this case.

YES collects their rent. They don't provide the water

and wastewater. But YES took it on themselves to try to

protect the residents of this park, residents who both

own their own homes and only rent the land, residents

who rent both the home and the land, at enormous expense

to YES, expense they don't get back from their

ratepayers.

You will actually hear testimony where YES has lowered their rents to try to help people pay their water bill. You will hear testimony where YES has paid water bills because there've been issues of back billing where the residents just can't pay it, and they paid it for the residents to try to keep them there. That is what YES does as a company, as a good corporate citizen.

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Aqua, on the other hand, yes, they have a right to back bill. We know the Commission's rules as far as everybody else here, OPC knows them, Staff knows them. But the back billing is there for a reason; it's for a mistake. You will see consistent areas where Aqua has no -- they bill for water but they don't bill for wastewater for six, eight months. That's something a good company looking into their billing should know immediately. Someone is using water, they're flushing the toilet. You should be billing them for wastewater. And they bill them, back bill them six months later. These are just individuals who cannot pay that. It's as simple as that. You try to take another \$25, \$30 out of their paycheck, that is actually taking food off their table.

So while back billing is there for mistakes, meter issues, you will see that this is a consistent issue where if Aqua had looked into it, really just

looked into it and noticed that they're billing someone for water and not wastewater or for wastewater and not water, or they haven't billed someone for six months, eight months, a year. And consistently we only have examples of what the residents come to us, because when they have a problem with Aqua, they come to us because we have officers on site there, we have a management office, they think we are -- have something to do with it, and we help them. We don't have to help them, but we try to contact Aqua. Why? Because these individuals are afraid of Aqua. They're afraid to get their water cut off. They're afraid to call them. So we try to help them with that, and we have done that.

And only -- and Aqua has worked with us on certain issues, but only after this rate case. Only after we intervened have they helped, have they actually assisted with us. And even that is very sporadic. Aqua does assist and does try to show that they're doing something, but only in order to obtain a rate increase.

The last rate increase, what they did two years ago, they said they will improve quality. Only after that rate increase did they try to improve quality in three or four or five different areas, aesthetic quality. Well, I submit that the statute says this Commission needs to take in water and, and service

quality issues as they exist, not a promise to improve to get a rate increase.

If Aqua wants to come to this table to get a rate increase, they should show that they, their service and quality issues are up to par, not that they will improve it. Once the rate increase goes in, they have no incentive to improve it.

You will hear testimony that, and you've seen the prefiled testimony, that they talk about how Arredondo Farms would be in the second tier of aesthetic water quality issues. Well, it seems to be only if you complain enough, hire lawyers, intervene that you get into that. The other parks, I don't know where they're at. And I'm happy that Arredondo will be in there, but you'll also hear that will be part of the next rate increase too. After we improve your water, after we try to do that, we're going to do another rate increase to pay for it. Fine. But before you give this rate increase, let us improve the water and then move for your rate increase for improving it.

Aqua has demonstrated that they should not be trusted to improve service in wastewater. They should be told to improve it before they come to this rate increase. Yes, they probably deserve some rate increase, but I submit to you that their basis points

for quality of water service should be increased, the basis points you take off of their rate increase here today.

And you also see that --

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CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Sir, you've got a minute left.

MR. CURTIN: Thank you, ladies and gentlemen.

MR. RICHARDS: Good morning. I'm Joe
Richards. I'm an Assistant County Attorney with Pasco
County, and I'm here on behalf of the Board of County
Commissioners, who voted to intervene in this case
because they are the elected officials that are closest
to the customers.

Aqua has three systems in Pasco County, and they're frustrated and they're feeling desperate, and these Pasco County Commissioners are the closest elected officials, so they come to them. We've received scores of complaints, e-mails, and phone calls to the Commission's office, and they felt that if the county intervened in this action, they could provide some assistance, help their voices get heard in this matter.

They're frustrated that Aqua's people are in Pennsylvania, and they feel like they can't get in touch with them. They're tired of being put on hold, so they call the county commission office. And that's the

reason why the county commission intervened in this action.

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And we support the position of the Office of Public Counsel and the Attorney General and the statements that they made. We've heard numerous complaints that the people don't drink the water, the quality of service is bad, and we're trying to assist them in this.

Pasco County did contact its Florida

Governmental Utility Authority, of which it's a member,
to look at purchasing the systems, Aqua's systems in

Pasco County.

But we're here to help the customers that feel that the water quality service is very less than satisfactory, and they're hoping to get rate relief. There are low income residents of Pasco County that cannot afford these rates, which are more than double the rates of comparable systems in Pasco County, the systems provided by the city of New Port Richey in Pasco County. These rates are exorbitantly high, and we hope that you would reduce their rate increase.

Thank you.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Mr. Jaeger, are we completely done with all the exhibits for now?

MR. JAEGER: I believe so, sir. I do have one

point of clarification I want to make, if I can do that at the appropriate time.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Sure.

MR. JAEGER: I think Mr. May referred to an OPC POD request that they had requested confidential status for. Basically they requested a temporary protective order and then OPC, pursuant to the procedures, we issued a temporary protective order on November 23rd, so that document request POD 228 is protected by Order No. PSC-0543-PCO-WS.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay.

MR. JAEGER: So that was why I sort of gave you that blank stare. I couldn't think of anything that we hadn't covered. And so that, it is protected until OPC decides what it wants to do with that.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay.

MR. JAEGER: Other than that, I know of no other exhibits or any other preliminary matters except go to the testimony and swear in the witnesses.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: All right. I meant to do this at the beginning of the meeting. I think now is probably just as good a time as any to let you guys know what to expect this week. Every day we're starting at 9:30. Today we're probably going to go a little longer, probably going to go to about 6:30 or so. Both

Wednesday and Thursday we'll be finishing about 4:30 or 1 5:00, just so you guys can make your plans on how you need to do that. We'll probably be breaking for lunch about 1:00 all three days. And that being said, let's take a ten-minute I've got about 12 minutes 'til. So about two 'til, let's come back and we'll start swearing the witnesses in, unless there's some question or concern

that anybody's got before we go on break.

All right. Let's take a ten-minute break. (Recess taken.)

I guess one thing we need to make sure, I'll swear in all the witnesses that we have here now, but we need to make sure as we call the witnesses up that we ask if they have already been previously sworn and make sure that that's put on the record.

If I can get everybody that's a current witness now that's here to stand and raise your right hand.

(Witnesses collectively sworn.)

Okay. Mr. May.

MR. MAY: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. With your permission, Aqua would call its direct witness, Mr. Stan Szczygiel.

STAN F. SZCZYGIEL

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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was called as a witness on behalf of Aqua Utilities 1 Florida, Inc. and, having been duly sworn, testified as 2 3 follows: EXAMINATION 4 5 BY MR. MAY: Good morning. Mr. Szczygiel, have you 6 7 previously been sworn in this proceeding? Α Yes, I have. 8 Would you please state your name and business 9 address for the record. 10 My name is Stan Szczygiel. My business 11 address is 762 West Lancaster Avenue, Bryn Mawr, 12 13 Pennsylvania 19010. Mr. Szczygiel, did you prepare and cause to be 14 filed 18 pages of prefiled direct testimony in this 15 16 case? Yes, I have. 17 Do you have that prefiled direct testimony 18 before you today? 19 20 Α I do. Do you have any corrections or revisions to 21 22 your prefiled testimony? 23 Α No, I do not. If I were to ask you the questions that are 24 25 contained in your prefiled testimony today, would your

1	answers be the same?
2	A Yes, they would.
3	MR. MAY: Mr. Chairman, I'd ask that the
4	prefiled direct testimony of Mr. Stan Szczygiel be
5	inserted into the record as though read.
6	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We will insert
7	Mr. Szczygiel's prefiled direct testimony into the
8	record as if though read.
9	MR. MAY: Thank you.
10	BY MR. MAY:
11	Q Mr. Szczygiel, have you attached any exhibits
12	to your prefiled testimony?
13	A Yes, I have. Exhibits 1 through 3.
14	Q Do you have any corrections or revisions to
15	those exhibits?
16	A No, I do not.
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BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION 1 AQUA UTILITIES FLORIDA, INC. 2 DIRECT TESTIMONY OF STAN F. SZCZYGIEL 3 DOCKET NO. 100330-WS 4 5 6 Q. Please state your name and business address. 7 My name is Stan F. Szczygiel. My business address is 762 West Lancaster Avenue, A. Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania 19010-3489. 8 9 Q. By whom are you employed and what is your position? 10 I am employed by Aqua Services, Inc. as Manager of Rates and Planning for the 11 A. Southern and Midwest region. Aqua Services, Inc. is a service company subsidiary of 12 Agua America, Inc. 13 14 Please describe your duties and responsibilities in that position. 15 Q. I am responsible for all financial, rate, and business planning functions performed in 16 A. Agua America's Midwest and Southern regions, which includes all operations in 17 18 Florida, Texas, North Carolina, Virginia, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois. 19 Please describe your educational background and professional experience. Q. 20 I am a graduate of Drexel University with a M.B.A. in Finance. I received my Α. 21 undergraduate degree from Arizona State University with a B.S. in Accounting. In 22 addition, I passed my CPA examination and completed my experience requirements 23

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in Pennsylvania. Prior to my joining Aqua America, I held several senior financial

management positions, including the Chief Financial Officer of Apogee Inc., Abbey
Home Healthcare, Xyan, Inc., and Prescient Systems, Inc. After graduating college,
my first career position was on the audit staff at Coopers & Lybrand, a public
accounting firm at which I worked for four years.

Q. Have you previously appeared and presented testimony before state regulatory bodies?

8 A. I have testified before the Florida Public Service Commission (the "Commission") in
9 AUF's last rate case in Docket No. 080121-WS. In addition, I have testified before
10 the North Carolina Public Utilities Commission.

Α.

Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?

My testimony is filed for five primary reasons. First, I provide a general overview of AUF's request for rate relief. Second, I address the following issues in the Commission's Proposed Agency Action Order No. PSC-11-0256-PAA-WS, which the Office of Public Counsel ("OPC") protested in its petition filed on July 1, 2011: the appropriateness of affiliated transaction costs allocated to AUF from its affiliates; the appropriateness of the billing determinants set forth in AUF's MFRs; and, the appropriate amount of rate case expense to be recovered in this proceeding. Third, I address the appropriateness of the Corporate information technology ("IT") plant costs allocated to AUF, which AUF raised as an issue in its cross-petition filed on July 11, 2011. Fourth, I address the appropriateness of executive incentive compensation allocated to AUF, which AUF raised as an issue in its cross-petition filed on July 11, 2011. Finally, I address the appropriateness of the bad debt expense

1		set forth in AUF's MFRs, which issue was raised by YES Companies LLC ("YES")
2		in its cross-petition filed on July 11, 2011.
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4	Q.	Are you sponsoring any exhibits in this case?
5	A.	Yes, I am sponsoring the following exhibits, which are attached to my testimony:
6		Exhibit SS-1 - is the AAI Corporate Charges Allocations Manual, which was
7		previously provided to OPC and other parties in AUF's last rate
8		case in Docket No. 080121-WS.
9		Exhibit SS-2 - is the Florida-specific analysis which demonstrates that the charges
10		allocated to AUF from its affiliates are below market costs.
11		Exhibit SS-3 - is the three-year average calculation of AUF's bad debt expense.
12		
13	Q.	Were these exhibits prepared by you or under your direction and supervision?
] 4	A.	Yes.
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16	Q.	Are you the sponsor of any of the MFR schedules which may be in dispute in
17		light of the protests filed by OPC and other parties in this proceeding?
18	A.	Yes. I am the sponsor or co-sponsor of MFR Schedules B and E, as well as AUF's
19		Billing Analysis.
20		
21	Q.	Please summarize your testimony.
22	Α.	AUF projects that its achieved rate of return will fall significantly below the return
23		which the Commission previously established. Without rate relief, AUF cannot
24		realistically maintain a stable financial position and simultaneously meet its

customers' needs for safe and reliable services. In support of AUF's request for rate relief, my testimony shows that the methodology by which affiliated transaction costs are allocated to AUF was closely reviewed and approved by the Commission in AUF's last rate case. The costs allocated to AUF from its affiliates pursuant to that approved methodology (including the allocation of Corporate IT costs and incentive compensation) are reasonable, necessary and are either at or below market. Furthermore, my testimony shows that the rate case expense incurred by AUF in this docket is reasonable given the scope of the proceeding, and that the billing determinants used by AUF in its MFRs are appropriate. Finally, my testimony shows that the bad debt expense stated in the MFRs is reasonable and representative of the bad debt expenses expected to be incurred by AUF.

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Overview of the Proposed Agency Action Rate Case

Q. Please provide an overview of this rate case.

In early 2010, AUF projected that the overall return on equity ("ROE") from its Commission regulated systems would be approximately 1 percent, which was 875 basis points below the midpoint ROE of 9.75 percent that the Commission had previously established for our Company. Recognizing that it could not realistically maintain a stable financial position and simultaneously meet its customers' needs for safe and reliable services, AUF filed for rate relief on September 1, 2010. As part of its filing, AUF provided the Commission, its Staff and OPC with Minimum Filing Requirements ("MFRs") that supported its request for rate relief. To minimize the cost of the rate case -- which can be significant and is ultimately borne by our customers -- AUF

requested that the rate case be processed using the proposed agency action ("PAA") procedures provided in Section 367.081(8), Florida Statutes.

Over the following months, AUF participated in 9 customer meetings which were held in areas that AUF serves throughout the State of Florida. The Company also responded to extensive discovery requests from Staff, OPC and intervenors throughout the PAA process. After reviewing the information in AUF's MFRs, the information gathered from the customer service meetings, and the information received from AUF through various data requests and other discovery, Commission Staff prepared a detailed analysis of AUF's request for rate relief and provided that analysis and recommendation to the Commission on May 12, 2011. The Commission considered its Staff's recommendation at its publicly noticed Agenda Conference on May 24, 2011. After hearing from AUF's customers, the OPC and other stakeholders, the Commission voted to grant in part, and deny in part, AUF's request for rate relief. A proposed agency action order memorializing the Commission's vote was issued on June 13, 2011 -- Order No. PSC-110256-PAA-WS (the "PAA Order"). The PAA Order specified that it would become final unless a person whose substantially interests are affected by the order filed a protest on or before July 5, 2011.

Α.

Q. Did AUF initially challenge the PAA Order?

No. Although AUF found portions of the PAA Order objectionable, it initially elected not to protest the PAA Order in the spirit of compromise so as to avoid protracted litigation and minimize rate case expense. However, on July 1, 2011, OPC filed a petition which protested specific portions of the PAA Order and demanded that the

Commission conduct a formal evidentiary hearing. Also on July 1, 2011, an AUF
customer, Ms. Lucy Wambsgan, filed a petition which protested the PAA Order or
many of the same grounds as OPC.

A.

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O. Did the protests filed by the OPC and Ms. Wambsgan cause AUF to reconsider its initial decision to accept the findings in the PAA Order?

Yes it did. Even though AUF considered several findings in the PAA Order to be problematic, it initially elected <u>not</u> to protest the PAA Order in hopes that it could minimize rate case expense and avoid protracted litigation. However, the relief requested by OPC and Ms. Wambsgan in their protests, if granted, would cause AUF's rates to stay dramatically below the levels it needs to maintain a stable financial position and meet its customers' needs. Consequently, AUF had no alternative but to file a cross-petition on July 11, 2011, which protested what AUF believes to be specific material defects in the PAA Order that adversely affects AUF's interests. I would also point out that another AUF customer -- YES Communities -- filed a cross-petition on July 11, 2011, which protested the PAA Order on virtually the same grounds as OPC.

A.

Q. What are the next steps in this PAA rate case?

Unless the matter is settled, I understand that over the next several months the Commission will conduct a series of 10 service customer service hearings in the various AUF service areas, at which time our customers will have the opportunity to testify under oath about the case. Following those customer service hearings, the case will proceed to a formal technical administrative hearing before the full Commission. The issues in this case will be limited to the specific issues protested in the petitions

	filed by OPC and Ms. Wambsgan,	and in the cross-petitions filed by YES and AUF.
	Under Florida law, issues in the P	AA Order which were not protested are deemed
	stipulated.	
Ο.	Please identify the witnesses who	will provide prefiled direct testimony on behalf
	of AUF in this case.	
Α.	The witnesses who will provide pref	filed direct testimony on behalf of AUF are:
	Witness	Topic
	Stan Szczygiel	Affiliated Transaction Costs, Billing Determinants, Rate Case Expense, Bad Debt Expense
	Susan Chambers	Quality of Service
	Preston Luitweiler	Quality of Service, Pro Forma Plant Additions
	William T. Rendell	Used and Useful, Salary Expense, Leverage Formula, Regulatory Asset, Rate Structure
	Affiliated	Transaction Costs
Q.	How are affiliate transaction cost	s allocated to AUF?
A.	Affiliated transaction costs are allo	ocated in accordance with the policy set forth in the
	Aqua America, Inc. ("AAI") Con	rporate Charges Allocations Manual, which was
	previously provided to OPC and o	ther parties in AUF's last rate case in Docket No
	080121-WS, and is also attached t	o my testimony as Exhibit SS-1. AUF'S affiliate
	cost allocation policy ensures that of	costs are properly allocated to AUF's ratepayers.
	Similar to many other electric, ga	s, telephone and water utilities, AAI is a holding
	company that has a number of ope	erating subsidiaries, of which AUF is one. As ar
	Q.	Under Florida law, issues in the P stipulated. Q. Please identify the witnesses who of AUF in this case. A. The witnesses who will provide pref Witness Stan Szczygiel Susan Chambers Preston Luitweiler William T. Rendell Affiliated Q. How are affiliate transaction cost Affiliated transaction costs are allowed Aua America, Inc. ("AAI") Compreviously provided to OPC and of 080121-WS, and is also attached the cost allocation policy ensures that of Similar to many other electric, gas

1		affiliate of AAI, AUF has access to a full range of cost-effective utility related
2		services that enhance AUF's ability to provide water and wastewater services to its
3		customers. AAI makes those services available to AUF through two service
4		companies: Aqua Services Inc. ("ASI") and Aqua Customer Organization ("ACO").
5		
6	Q.	Please describe the services that AUF receives from ASI.
7	A.	ASI provides centralized management, accounting, engineering, human resources, IT
8		support, legal, and rate case support to AUF and other AAI operating subsidiaries.
9		AUF's relationship with AAI (and ASI) allows it to take advantage of economies of
10		scale provided by AAI's common ownership of numerous companies. For example,
11		AUF shares the cost of accounting software, asset software, and billing and customer
12 ·		information software with other AAI operating affiliates. This saves AUF from the
13		cost of purchasing such software on its own.
14		
15	Q.	Please describe the services that AUF receives from ACO.
16	A.	ACO provides customer billing and handles call center operations for AUF. Just as
17		with ASI, AUF's relationship with AAI (and ACO) allows it to take advantage of
18		economies of scale provided by AAI's common ownership of numerous companies.
19		For example, AUF shares the cost of Meter Operations, Call Centers, Billing and
20		Collection services and a customer inquiry and resolution department. This saves
21		ALIE from the cost of nurchasing such services on its own

ì	Q.	Please be more specific as to how the affiliated transaction costs from ASI and
2		ACO are allocated to AUF.
3	A.	ASI accumulates and allocates common payroll from AAI's corporate headquarters.
4		It also accumulates invoices that are common to all of the state operating subsidiaries.
5		These costs are allocated in two separate billings to AUF. The payroll is charged
6		based on time sheet hours, which are multiplied by a rate that includes payroll costs,
7		benefits, taxes, pension costs, and space costs. The invoices are charged through a
8		sundry allocation that assigns the costs based on the number of customers.
9		
0 ا		With respect to ACO, ACO accumulates all of its costs including payroll and various
1 1		invoices, and allocates charges to AUF and other operating subsidiaries that use the
12		Call Center and billing system based on the number of customers.
13		
14		In addition to allocating division costs, AAI assigns certain costs directly to its state
15		operating subsidiaries. For example, insurance is directly assigned from AAI because
16		each policy identifies costs attributable to specific states and, based on this
17		information, AAI directly assigns the costs. AAI and ASI also directly charge the
18		operating subsidiaries for some items paid on a consolidated basis (e.g., fleet charges
19		lock box charges, and health insurance) where the bills can be specifically identified
20		by state.
21		
22		All of the costs which I just discussed are charged to a headquarters cost center in
23		Florida, which is part of AUF. In addition to AAI's corporate costs, AUF
24		headquarters has its own payroll and office costs. Because AUF has systems in

1		Sarasota and Citrus Counties that are not regulated by the Commission, there is an
2		additional allocation among those regulated and non-regulated systems. The AAI
3		corporate and AUF headquarters costs are allocated based on one of two methods:
4		the payroll-related costs are allocated based on direct labor, and the other costs are
5		allocated based on number of customers.
6		
7	Q.	What is the standard by which the Commission reviews affiliate transactions?
8	A.	In Florida, the standard for reviewing affiliate transactions is "whether the
9		transactions exceed the going market rate or are otherwise inherently unfair." GTE v.
10		Deason, 642 So. 2d 545, 548 (Fla. 1994).
11		
12	Q.	Has AUF analyzed whether the affiliated transaction costs allocated to AUF
13		exceed the going market rate for the services provided?
14	A.	Yes. AUF prepared a Florida-specific analysis in December 2010 to address whether
15		the charges allocated to AUF's affiliates were below the market rate for the industry.
16		That Florida-specific study is attached to my testimony as Exhibit SS-2, and was
17		previously provided to Staff, the OPC and the other parties on January 3, 2011 as a
18		supplemental response to Staff's Second Data Request.
19		
20	Q.	What does the study in Exhibit SS-2 show?
21	A.	The study shows that AUF's customers clearly benefit by having centralized services
22		provided to it by AAI. Moreover, these services have been and continue to be
23		provided to AUF at a cost lower than AUF would incur to obtain these services from
24		outside, non-affiliated sources.

Q.	Has this study	been inc	dependently	reviewed	by	Commission	Staff?
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Yes. Commission Staff thoroughly reviewed the study regarding affiliate charges and concluded that AUF "has met its burden of proof by demonstrating that AUF's requested affiliate charges are reasonable and that customers are benefiting from the remaining allocated affiliate charges." Staff Recommendation dated May 12, 2011, at p. 87.

A.

Q. Has the Commission previously analyzed the affiliate transactions of AUF?

Yes. In the last rate case, Commission Staff actually performed an "audit" of AUF's affiliated transactions in strict accordance with the Commission's audit procedures. During that audit, Commission Staff obtained and reviewed the total expenses allocated to the individual systems by AAI and AUF. After reviewing the audit, the Commission expressly found that:

During the audit, our staff obtained and reviewed the total expenses allocated to the individual systems from AAI and AUF. Total AAI and AUF allocation expenses allocated to the individual systems were traced to the general ledgers. Our staff reviewed and recalculated the allocated expenses from AAI and AUF, and sampled allocated expenses for the proper amount, period, classification, and whether the expense was utility-related, non-recurring, unreasonable and/or imprudent. There was nothing found in the audit to suggest that the affiliate charges were unreasonable or imprudent. . . . In summary, based on our staff's audit and our review of the record, we find that no adjustment is needed for charges from affiliates.

Order No. 09-0385-FOF-WS,	issued May	729,	2009,	at p.	78.
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3 Allocation of Corporate IT Costs

- 4 Q. Please explain how Corporate IT costs have been allocated to AUF.
- As I previously stated, ASI provides AUF and other AAI operating subsidiaries IT software and software support services, which allow AUF and other operating subsidiaries to take advantage of the economies of scale provided by AAI's common ownership of numerous companies. Through this structure, AUF can share IT software and support costs with other affiliated companies, thus saving AUF from the cost of acquiring such IT software and support services on its own.

11

- 12 Q. Please describe the Corporate IT software and support services that AUF
 13 received from AAI.
- 14 A. The major IT systems which AAI (through ASI) provides to AUF include: required
 15 asset tracking, customer service, billing, collections, and service delivery
 16 management. During the past three years, AAI has made investments to help ensure
 17 that these functions are fully capable of effectively supporting AUF's customers. As
 18 I also previously stated, the cost of these Corporate IT services are allocated to AUF
 19 through a sundry allocation that assigns the cost based on the number of customers.

- Q. Have any Corporate IT costs previously allocated to other operating affiliates
 been reallocated to AUF?
- A. No. AUF is very aware of the Commission's policy, recently announced in Docket No. 090462-WS, that Corporate IT costs previously allocated to subsidiaries should

not be reallocated to the surviving utilities when those subsidiaries are sold. There appears to be some confusion about the issue of reallocation in the PAA Order.

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Q. Please explain.

In its PAA Order, the Commission notes that, following the filing of this rate case, AAI divested itself of 8 operating subsidiaries: Utilities Center North-W; Utilities Center North-WW; Woodhaven-WW; Cypress Bayou-W; Cypress Bayou-WW; Fountain Lakes-irrigation; and Fountain Lakes-WW. The Commission, however, mistakenly assumed that AAI had previously allocated Corporate IT costs to those "divested" subsidiaries, and thereafter "reallocated" those Corporate IT costs to AUF and other surviving operating utilities. The assumption that AAI reallocated Corporate IT is incorrect and appears to be driven by the mistaken belief that AAI follows the same allocation methodology as Utilities, Inc. ("UI"). Unlike UI, AAI's cost distribution method allocates project costs only to those subsidiaries that benefit from the project. Moreover, unlike UI, in the event one subsidiary sells a system, AAI does not reallocate the Corporate IT costs.

For the foregoing reasons, AUF does not agree with the Commission's proposal to reduce the amount of allocated Corporate IT costs, accumulated depreciation, and depreciation expense by \$50,058, \$20,461, and \$8,343, respectively. The Corporate IT allocations set forth in the MFRs should be restored. I would also point out that AUF does not disagree with the Commission's proposal to change in the depreciation life for Corporate IT assets from six to ten years.

Ī		Incentive Compensation
2	Q.	Does any of the executive compensation allocated by ASI to AUF include incentive
3		compensation?
4	A.	Yes.
5		
6	Q.	Please explain how that incentive compensation component provides benefits to
7		AUF's customers.
8	A.	First, I think it is very important to understand that AAI's executive compensation level
9		is at or below other utility benchmarks. Second, AAI's incentive compensation model
10		is a "pay for performance" program that rewards reliability and efficiency in water and
11		wastewater services. Third, that "pay for performance" program is a widely accepted
12		compensation method in the utility industry, and is an important component in AAI's
13		overall compensation model that is needed to attract and retain a qualified management
14		team.
15		
16	Q.	Why is it important to allow recovery of the "pay for performance" component of
17		AAI's executive compensation?
18	A.	As I stated, AAI's overall executive compensation level is at or below market. To
19		remove that incentive component from the overall compensation package would cause
20		executive compensation to fall substantially below market and make it difficult for AAI

to retain qualified management.

1	Q.	Has AAI taken any other steps to benchmark the incentive compensation
2		component of its executive compensation program?
3	A.	Yes. The Company has an outside consultant annually review its executive
4		compensation package. That review encompasses the overall competitive
5		benchmarking of the salaries, total cash component and total direct compensation fo
6		executives. That benchmark study shows that AAI's executive compensation is at o
7		below its benchmarks.
8		
9	Q.	Can you be more specific on how AAI's incentive compensation plan benefit
10		AUF's customers?
11	A.	Certainly. AAI has adopted compensation polices, practices and strategies that are
12		designed to provide compensation to employees and that is cost effective and serves a
13		motivation to attract and retain a highly qualified and diverse workforce. AAI's
14		incentive compensation model has specific objectives that are directed towards
15		improving customer service, enhancing environmental compliance, controlling costs
16		and improving efficiencies and productivity. These objectives are clearly designed to
17		benefit customers.
18		
19	Q.	What action are you requesting the Commission to take with respect to the
20		executive bonus and dividend incentive compensation included in AUF's MFRs?
21	A.	AUF included approximately \$22,623 in bonus and dividend compensation of AA
22		corporate management. As I explained, AAI's bonus and incentive compensation
23		structure is specifically designed to drive excellence in providing reliable and efficien

utility services to AUF's customers. In other words, AAI's incentive compensation

program encourages beneficial employee behavior that helps AUF's customers. The Commission has expressly recognized these benefits of incentive compensation. *See* Order No. PSC-09-0411-FOF-GU (June 9, 2009) ("We believe that an incentive compensation plan is an appropriate tool to motivate employees to work efficiently and effectively. The incentive portion of salary gives the employee the opportunity to earn the market average salary."). To disallow incentive compensation would discourage "pay for performance," which is bad regulatory policy. It is for these reasons that AUF is requesting that the full \$22,623 in incentive compensation be recognized as a legitimate management fee to be included in O&M expenses.

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Rate Case Expense

Q. Please address the rate case expense in this proceeding.

In its MFRs, AUF projected a rate case expense amount of \$670,269 using the Commission's PAA procedure, which represented AUF's best estimate of total rate case expense at the date of filing. As of June 30, 2011, the current amount of actual rate case expense incurred by AUF is approximately \$876,000. The difference between the original estimated amount of rate case expense and the current amount of actual rate case expense incurred is directly related to the expansive and unprecedented discovery propounded by OPC during the PAA phase of this proceeding, the intervention of three different customers prior to the issuance of the PAA Order, and extensive pleadings filed by customers during the PAA phase of this proceeding. The current amount of actual rate case expense does not include the additional costs of prospective rate case expense that will be incurred due to subsequent discovery, service hearings, the evidentiary hearing, filing of formal post-

hearing briefs, and the agenda conference. In addition, there will also be substantial expense related to the customer service hearing notices, evidentiary hearing notices, and the final customer notice on the final rates. For example, the cost of these noticing requirements will be approximately \$20,000 for each notice issuance. In addition, there will be additional travel expenses for attendance at each service hearing, as well as the formal evidentiary hearing. AUF reserves the right to submit an updated rate case expense estimate prior to the evidentiary hearing in this matter.

Α.

Q. Why did AUF request that its rate case be processed under the Commission's PAA procedure?

AUF elected to use the PAA procedure in order to mitigate the rate case expense that would be incurred using the formal hearing process. For example, in AUF's last rate case -- where a formal hearing process was utilized -- the Commission granted rate case expense in the amount of \$1,501,609. Clearly, the PAA process presented an opportunity to save significant costs.

Α.

Billing Determinants

Q. Are the billing determinants used by AUF in its MFRs appropriate?

Yes. The billing determinants utilized by AUF in its MFRs are reasonable and appropriate because they are based on an accurate and representative number of bills, ERCs, and consumption data for AUF's water and wastewater systems that are part of this rate case. The appropriate billing determinants to be used in this case are set forth in the E-Schedules in AUF's MFRs and the Billing Analysis filed in this case.

ł		Bad Debt Expense
2	Q.	Is the amount of bad debt expense reflected in AUF's MFRs reasonable and
3		appropriate?
4	Λ.	Yes. AUF recorded bad debt expense of \$389,420 for the test year. The
5		Commission's policy is to set bad debt expense using a three-year average. As set
6		forth in Exhibit SS-3, AUF's three year average calculation of bad debt expense is
7		\$386,221. Consistent with past Commission practice, that amount is representative of
8		the bad debt expense to be incurred by AUF.
9	Q.	Does this conclude your direct testimony?
10	Α.	Yes.
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BY MR. MAY:

2.2.

- Q Have you prepared a summary of your prefiled direct testimony?
 - A Yes, I have.
- Q Would you please provide your summary at this time?
 - A I will.

Good morning, Chairman and Commissioners. My name is Stan Szczygiel. I am the Manager of Rates and Planning for the Southern and Midwest regions for Aqua.

My direct testimony was filed for five primary reasons. First, I provided a general overview of AUF's request for rate relief. AUF projects that its achieved rate of return will fall significantly below the rate of return which the Commission previously established.

Without rate relief, Aqua Utilities Florida cannot realistically maintain a stable financial position and simultaneously meet the needs of its customers for safe and reliable services.

Since the last rate case, Aqua has invested over \$11 million in system improvements to address operational and service quality.

Second, I address the following issues in the Commission's proposed agency action order, which the Office of Public Counsel protested. My testimony shows

the methodology by which the affiliate transaction costs are allocated to AUF was closely reviewed and approved by the Commission in AUF's last rate case.

Since then, AUF also conducted a Florida market study to make clear -- that makes clear that AUF's customers benefit by having centralized services provided by affiliates such as Aqua America, Inc., or AAI. This study shows that the services AUF receives from its affiliates cost less than if AUF had secured these services from outside sources.

To minimize the case, the rate case expense, the cost of the rate case, AUF requested that the rate case be processed using *Florida Statute* proposed agency action, the PAA procedures. My testimony shows that the rate case expense incurred by AUF in this docket is reasonable, given the scope of the proceedings.

I also testified that AUF's billing determinants are reasonable and appropriate because they are based upon -- on an accurate representative number of bills, ERCs, and consumption data.

Third, my testimony demonstrates that the corporate information technology, the IT plant costs allocated to AUF are appropriate and reasonable.

Through this allocation structure, AUF can share IT software and support costs with other affiliate

companies, thereby avoiding the cost of acquiring such IT software and support services solely on its own.

Fourth, my testimony shows that executive incentive compensation allocated to AUF is a pay for performance program that rewards reliable and efficient -- reliability and efficiency in providing water and wastewater services. AAI's executive compensation is at or below other utility benchmarks.

To remove the pay for performance component from the overall compensation package will cause executive compensation to fall substantially below market and make it difficult for AAI to retain qualified management.

Finally, my testimony shows that the bad debt expenses requested by AUF is appropriate. AUF's calculation of bad debt expense is \$386,221. This figure is consistent with the Commission's practice of setting bad debt expense using a 3-year average and is representative of the bad debt expenses to be incurred by AUF.

That is all.

MR. MAY: Mr. Chairman, Aqua would tender Mr. Szczygiel for cross-examination.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. OPC.

EXAMINATION

1	BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:
2	Q Good morning, Mr. Szczygiel.
3	A Good morning.
4	Q Let me direct you to page 14 of your direct
5	testimony.
6	A Yes.
7	Q Lines 9 through 11. There you state that
8	AAI's incentive compensation model is a pay for
9	performance program that rewards reliability and
10	efficiency in water and wastewater service; correct?
11	A That is correct.
12	Q Is customer satisfaction included in any of
13	these factors?
14	A I would I believe there are customer
15	service metrics, but I would have to look at the prox
16	to see what exactly those words are.
17	Q Is customer satisfaction a benchmark?
18	A As I said, I could read the proxy and see.
19	MS. CHRISTENSEN: Okay. Permission to
20	approach the witness with an exhibit.
21	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Sure. Is this a new
22	exhibit?
23	MS. CHRISTENSEN: It should be part of the
24	composite exhibit.
25	

BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:

- Q Now as part of the proxy statement, does it list the criteria for the executive compensation program?
 - A I believe it's on page 25. Would you agree?
- Q Yes. Now in that list do you see customer satisfaction?
 - A No. I see customer service.
- Q Okay. On that -- okay. We'll set this aside for a moment.
- A May I also add a couple of other points to this -- these metrics that are here? I believe that some of these metrics, although they're not called customer satisfaction, lead to customer satisfaction, such as water quality, customer and revenue growth, operation controls, which would help reduce your rates. So I think there's many things that lead to customer satisfaction, besides the one that simply says customer service.
- Q Okay. But there's no -- you would agree that there's no actual separate criteria for customer satisfaction; correct?
- A I don't see the words customer satisfaction, but the other criteria lead me to that same conclusion.
 - Q And you would also agree that there's no

1 criteria regarding the number of DEP violations and consent orders that are included in these factors; 2 3 correct? Not for these individuals, other than perhaps water quality. 5 Okay. And you would also agree that there's 6 no specific criteria for items such as the number of 7 main breaks or other service disruptions included? 8 I would think water quality, operational 9 efficiencies, capital budget management would all lead 10 to the, to the same place, main breaks. 11 Okay. But it's not specifically listed as a 12 criteria; correct? 13 Your words are not specifically listed. 14 15 Okay. And is there any specific criteria that 16 lists precautionary water, boil water notices? 17 Again, the same question as before. I see the words water quality, operational efficiencies, and 18 19 capital projects, which equate to those words in my 20 world. Okay. And isn't it correct that the level of 21 2.2 revenue for the company is included in these factors? 23 Α Absolutely. 24 Okay. Now let's turn your attention to page 32 of this exhibit. You would agree that this schedule 25

shows the annual total compensation for the top five 1 executives for the company? 2 MR. MAY: Mr. Chairman? 3 THE WITNESS: Page 32 --CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Hold on a second. 5 Mr. May. 6 The exhibits that were distributed, MR. MAY: 7 we don't have a page 32 in the exhibit. 8 MR. CURTIN: This is YES. Also, if you look, 9 it appears the exhibit, 34, 36, pages are missing 10 thereafter. 11 12 MS. CHRISTENSEN: Yeah. It appears maybe we have a double-sided copying issue. It was included as 13 part of the Comprehensive Exhibit List and it is on part 14 of that disk. If I would -- could approach the witness 15 16 with the page that we are talking about. 17 MS. BENNETT: I could be of assistance. Staff 18 has copies that has both sides, if you would like to go ahead and have Staff's exhibits handed out, and they are 19 20 not part of the Comprehensive Exhibit List. We were going to identify it as Exhibit 285 or whatever the next 21 22 number is. So go ahead and pass that out. That's fine. Yes. 23 MS. CHRISTENSEN: would, that would facilitate. 24 Thank you. CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Does this get billed back to 25

1	OPC for expenses?
2	ms. CHRISTENSEN: I would have to defer to
3	Mr. Kelly for that.
4	(Laughter.)
5	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We will enter this as
6	Exhibit 285, and can I get a short title for this?
7	MS. BENNETT: It is titled Late-Filed Exhibit
8	9, AAI's Proxy Filed with the SEC. That's not very
9	short, is it?
10	(Exhibit 285 marked for identification.)
11	MS. CHRISTENSEN: Okay. Now that I is
12	everybody back?
13	BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:
14	Q Now that I think everybody has page 32, if we
15	could turn to page 32, you would agree that that is a
16	list of the top five executive salaries; correct?
17	A That is correct.
18	Q And you agree that these costs are allocated
19	to AUF customers.
20	A No, not all of them. Karl Kyriss performs no
21	work associated with AUF and charges none of his time to
22	any AUF entity.
23	Q Okay. So aside from Mr you said Crisis?
24	A Kyriss.
25	Q Kyriss. The other executives, remaining four
	I .

executives, would allocate a portion of their time to 1 AUF? 2 That is correct. 3 Okay. Would you agree that this chart shows 4 an increase for the last two years from 30 -- or 3.3% up 5 to 38%? 6 When you say the last two years and the 7 percentages, do you want me to get a calculator to prove 8 that? I'm not good --9 Would you take that -- would you agree, 10 subject to check, that there has been increase of up to 11 12 13 Oh, I will definitely agree there's an increase. I can't give you the exact percentages. 14 Okay. Now let's look at Exhibit No. 5 to your 15 deposition, which is an order from North Carolina. 16 17 Exhibit 5 deals with my rebuttal? No, I'm sorry. We're looking at -- we took --18 19 do you recall having your deposition taken? 20 Oh, absolutely. And do you recall being requested to provide 21 late-filed deposition exhibits to that deposition? 22 23 Α Yes, we did. Yes, we did. Do you recall as part of the request for 24 late-filed deposition exhibits that you were requested 25

to provide the order for North Carolina issued September 13th, 2011?

A Yes, I do.

MS. CHRISTENSEN: Permission to approach the witness.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Sure.

while this was also supposed to be copy double-sided, the page that we're referring to is present in the exhibit. So for purposes of our use here today, and I think Staff may have also got, had an exhibit that includes both sides, so for purposes of the questions, we can just use this for a demonstrative and -- or should we ask that Staff go ahead and pass out their exhibit that has both, all the pages, and just go ahead and move it in at this time?

MS. HELTON: And, Mr. Chairman, if I could make a recommendation, just with the concern that we have a clean and clear, an easy to understand record, if there is an exhibit that has an exhibit number, then that exhibit number should be mentioned at the beginning so we all are clear what exhibit it is that's being discussed at issue. And if it doesn't have an exhibit number, that it be marked with an exhibit number when the exhibits are distributed. I do believe that will

make the process go a little bit more smoothly and make 1 a much cleaner record. 2 MS. CHRISTENSEN: I don't believe --3 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Does this one have an 4 exhibit number, or is this going to be 286? 5 MS. CHRISTENSEN: I believe we would request 6 that this be marked for identification as 286. 7 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Do I have a title for this? 8 MS. CHRISTENSEN: The short title was Order 9 Issued by the North Carolina Utilities Commission on 10 September 13th, 2011, in Docket No. W-218(319). 11 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you for that short 12 title. 13 14 MS. CHRISTENSEN: I'm reading off the cover sheet. 15 (Exhibit 286 marked for identification.) 16 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: All right. Please continue. 17 BY MS. CHRISTENSEN: 18 Now that everybody has a copy of the exhibit, 19 20 I would like to refer you to page 13, paragraph 36. I'm there. 21 Okay. You would agree that the North Carolina 22 23 commission states that the level of executive compensation included in the regulated expenses for the 24 25 four top executives is unreasonable and overstated;

.

correct?

A That's, that's what's, that's how this reads.

Correct. They give four reasons for why they believe

that is a true statement.

Q Referring to those four statements, let's look at the last sentence of that paragraph. And it states that there's been dramatic increases in the compensation for the four top executives over the past three years.

A Of the four reasons, and generally one person is writing multiple reasons, they go in point of significance. This is the fourth, and it does say that.

- Q Well, let me go ahead and finish my question.
- A Uh-huh.

Q And let me ask that again. You would agree that the last sentence in the paragraph states that there has been a dramatic increase in the compensation for the four top executives over the past three years that has not been proven to be reasonably increased to be re -- has not proven to be a reasonable increase, excuse me, to be recovered from customers; correct?

A That is correct. And that is what is in this order.

Q Okay. Thank you. I would like to refer you to Volume 1, Appendix 1, of the MFRs. And I believe -- and I believe that that has been previously entered into

1	the record as part of the Comprehensive Exhibit List.
2	And if you'd give me a moment, I can find the exact
3	number for the MFRs.
4	MR. MAY: Mr. Chairman, could I inquire
5	whether the witness has that document before him?
6	THE WITNESS: I do not have that document in
7	front of me.
8	MS. CHRISTENSEN: I think we have a copy of
9	that, and I'm hoping that it's copied correctly.
10	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
11	MS. CHRISTENSEN: If everybody doesn't have a
12	copy of that, we can also pass out copies for everyone
13	else, even though it's already provided, or part of the
14	Comprehensive Exhibit List, if that would make I
15	think that might make it a little bit easier for
16	everyone to follow.
17	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Ms. Christensen, do
18	you have
19	MS. BENNETT: On the Comprehensive Exhibit
20	List it's Exhibit 277, if you
21	MS. CHRISTENSEN: Thank you.
22	BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:
23	Q Okay. Now that we all have a copy of the
24	exhibit, is this document referenced in the B12
25	schedules that you're sponsoring?

1	A These are underlying supporting schedules for
2	elements of the B12.
3	Q And are you sponsoring these documents?
4	A Yes.
5	Q Okay. And would you agree that these volumes
6	of the or this volume of the MFR addresses all the
7	allocations?
8	A It addresses allocations from affiliates, it
9	addresses direct costs that are charged to the state,
10	and some, and some items in here, they allocate them
11	amongst the state utilities.
12	Q But these are under the allocation summaries;
13	correct?
14	A They're under allocation summaries.
15	Q Okay.
16	A But the key point here is, is that they have
17	both affiliate allocations and in-state allocations.
18	Q Let me turn your attention to page 4. And
19	would it be correct to say that the pages this page
20	is labeled AUF Intercompany and Intracompany Allocation
21	Summary; correct?
22	A That is correct.
23	Q And it would also be correct to say that the
24	schedule behind the tab shows the various amounts of the
25	allocations; correct?

1	A Correct.
2	Q Okay. Now do you, do you have the MFRs with
3	you today?
4	A I have two.
5	Q Do you have the MFRs for the wastewater rate
6	band 2, pages 65 and 66?
7	A I could walk back to my box of data and see if
8	I have it.
9	MS. CHRISTENSEN: Permission to approach the
10	witness.
11	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Sure.
12	MS. CHRISTENSEN: And we would ask oh,
13	that's already 236 of the Comprehensive Exhibit List.
14	BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:
15	Q Okay. Let me have you turn to page 66.
16	A Yes.
17	Q Do you see the explanation provided for the
18	increase in Account 734, Contractual Services Management
19	Fees? Can you read that?
20	A "Shift in recording regional and corporate
21	administrative allocations from miscellaneous expense to
22	management fees and an increase in the annual management
23	fees."
24	Q Now this would mean that you moved the
25	expenses out of miscellaneous expenses and into

management fees; correct?

A We moved certain -- from miscellaneous expenses we moved in-state administrative distributions from the 675 to the 634 or 775 and 734.

Q Okay. Now let's turn to page 65.

MR. MAY: Mr. Chairman, could I ask counsel for the Office of Public Counsel to provide me the page in this direct testimony where this is, appears? It seems me that she's addressing issues that he --

MS. CHRISTENSEN: He's sponsoring the MFRs, and this is part of the MFRs.

MR. MAY: But to me I think she's approaching and addressing issues that he addresses in his rebuttal testimony.

MS. CHRISTENSEN: As I said, he sponsored the MFRs. We're asking questions about the MFRs. And the sponsoring of the MFRs would have been in his direct case, unless, of course, they're saying the MFRs were not provided until the rebuttal case, which means then I would move to dismiss the case for lack of substantial competent evidence.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: If this witness is the one that sponsored the MFRs, she's within her ability to question on this.

MS. CHRISTENSEN: Thank you.

1 BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:

- Q Let me turn your attention to page 65.

 Referring to the management fee account, that would be Account 734, you would agree that that is, shows an increase of 253.4%; correct?
 - A That is what it says, and I agree.
- Q Okay. And you would also agree that the miscellaneous expense appears to reflect a slight decrease of 3,974; correct?
 - A Which account is miscellaneous expense, 775?
 - O Correct.
 - A That is -- then that is correct.
- Q And then while -- and you would also agree that the management fee shows a dramatic increase of 230 -- excuse me -- \$232,540; correct?
 - A Yes.

MS. CHRISTENSEN: Okay. Now we have another exhibit. I would ask permission to approach the witness, and I don't believe this has been marked for identification. So I would ask that this be marked for identification -- I think we're up to 87.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Yes, we are.

MS. CHRISTENSEN: Or 287. I'm sorry.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Ms. Christensen, do you have, do you have many more of these to be passed out

1 for this witness?

MS. CHRISTENSEN: Exhibits? We have a few more. I mean, unfortunately he's the accounting witness, so we have quite a few exhibits and --

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: That's all right. Let's go ahead and take a five-minute recess so you can pass all those exhibits out, and then we can go through them one at a time.

MS. CHRISTENSEN: That's fine. We can do that.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Let's do that. (Recess taken.)

Okay. Is that all?

MS. CHRISTENSEN: I believe so for the direct examination. And at the Commission's pleasure, what we can do before each of the next witnesses is hand out in a stack any cross-examination exhibits we intend to use during that cross-examination before we start. And if that'll facilitate it, we'll just hand it out in a stack and we'll just then enter them in and try and get that sorted before we start the cross-examination. And we can try and accomplish that while we're at lunch and over the next couple of days, and hopefully we'll make it run a little bit smoother.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. The exhibits are in

front of us. Let's give them numbers. We've already 1 put 287, and that short title is Aqua 2010 Financial 2 3 Data. (Exhibit 287 marked for identification.) 4 There's four other ones in front of me that 5 you need to tell me which is which and what you want to 6 7 number it. MS. CHRISTENSEN: 288 would be the 8 9 Consolidated Group Summary. 10 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. (Exhibit 288 marked for identification.) 11 MS. CHRISTENSEN: 289 would be the Commission 12 13 Rule 25-6.1351, Florida Administrative Code. 14 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. (Exhibit 289 marked for identification.) 15 MS. CHRISTENSEN: Exhibit 290 would be the 16 2008 PCPS-TSCPA National Map Survey Commentary. 17 (Exhibit 290 marked for identification.) 18 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. And the last one 19 20 would be 2001 -- I'm sorry -- 291. MS. CHRISTENSEN: 291, the final one, would be 2.1 OPC Interrogatory No. 240. 22 And that would conclude all of our 23 24 cross-examination exhibits for direct, for his direct 25 testimony.

(Exhibit 291 marked for identification.)

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. You have the floor.

Q Okay. Let me refer you, now that we all have the exhibits, to Aqua's 2010 financial data report. Let me refer you to page 5 at the bottom. And there's a paragraph that discusses the performance measures considered by management.

Do you see the sentence that starts with "In addition"?

A I do see it.

BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:

- Q Can you please read that sentence into the record?
- A "In addition, we consider other key measures in evaluating our utility business performance within our regulated segment, our number of utility customers, the ratio of operations and maintenance expense compared to the operating revenue. This percentage is termed operating expense ratio or efficiency."

Do you want me to continue, since you stopped underlining?

Q That's fine. Now let's follow up on the operating expense ratio that was mentioned, and turn to page 7 of the report, and look at the operating statistics at the bottom of the page.

1	A	Yes.
2	Q	Do you see the operations and maintenance
3	expense r	atio of 38 and I think it's .6%?
4	A	For 2010?
5	Q	38.6%.
6	A	Yes.
7	Q	It's in column under 2010?
8	A	Yes, I do.
9	Q	Okay. And this 38% reflects all of AAI's
.0	systems;	correct?
.1	A	It reflects all of Aqua America.
.2	Q	Okay. And Aqua America is also known as AAI?
.3	A	Yes.
.4	Q	Okay. Now we also handed out a consolidated
.5	group sum	mary that was filed as part of the MFRs. Can
.6	you locat	e that handout, please?
.7	A	Consolidated group summary, that is being
_8	referred	to as Exhibit 288?
.9	Q	Correct.
20	A	Yes, I have that.
21	Q	Okay. Let me refer you to schedule B1 and B2.
22	A	Okay.
23	Q	Would you agree oh, I'm sorry. Are you
24	there?	
25	А	I'm on page 5. I'm at B1, not B2.
		FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1	Q Okay. And the following schedule on page 6 is
2	B2; is that correct?
3	A That is correct.
4	Q Okay. Would you agree that AUF's operation
5	and maintenance expense ratio for these two schedules is
6	over 50%?
7	A I would agree.
8	Q Okay. And would you agree that for the water
9	systems the operations and maintenance expense ratio
LO	would be 59%?
11	A I could get a calculator and prove it out, but
L2	it's
13	Q Subject to check?
L4	A Well, I would prove it out, but it looks like
L5	it's over 50%.
L6	Q Okay. And for the wastewater systems, subject
17	to check, would you agree that that operations and
L8	maintenance expense ratio also appears to be greater
L9	or 51%, greater than 50%?
20	A Yes, I would agree.
21	Q Okay. Now I also want to refer you to our
22	next handout, and are you familiar with a rule that the
23	Commission has now this would be Exhibit 289.
24	A 289 I have in front of me.
25	Q Okay. Are you familiar with the rule that the
1	

1	Commission has in the electric industry that addresses
2	cost allocations and affiliate transactions?
3	A Did you say for the electric industry?
4	Q Correct. Were you aware of that rule?
5	A I've actually seen this document before and
6	read it once in my past.
7	Q Okay.
8	A But I'm not familiar that it's electric
9	industry or however specific.
10	Q Okay. Are you aware that this rule addresses
11	direct cost and fully allocated cost?
12	A It appears to.
13	Q Okay. All right. That's all I have for that
14	exhibit.
15	Now let me ask you, in general, would you
16	agree that peer comparisons are used in utility rate
17	cases?
18	A Peer comparisons used in utility rate cases?
19	For what purpose?
20	MR. MAY: I'm going to object to that
21	question. It's vague.
22	MS. CHRISTENSEN: Let me move on.
23	BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:
24	Q Did you perform an analysis to determine
25	whether or not the affiliate charges from its affiliates

1	are below market cost?
2	A Yes. We performed a market study.
3	Q Okay. And those results were included in your
4	Exhibit SS-2; correct?
5	A That is correct.
6	Q All right. And you have that exhibit with you
7	as part of your testimony; correct?
8	A Yes, I do.
9	Q Okay. Let me have you turn to page 10 of your
10	Exhibit SS-2.
11	A Yes.
12	Q Okay. Would you agree that there are four
13	types of employees that you used in your comparison?
14	A Yes. We grouped our service company into four
15	groups.
16	Q Okay. And that would be accounting,
17	engineering, legal, and management professionals;
18	correct?
19	A Correct.
20	Q Okay. Let's start with accounting. Are you a
21	CPA?
. 22	A I am a CPA.
23	Q Okay. Can you tell us what's required to
24	become a CPA?
25	A I don't know what the current rules are, but

1	in the good old days you had to have a bachelor of
	in the good old days you had to have a bachelor of
2	science, two years of expert professional guidance under
3	a CPA firm specifically, and you had to pass a five-part
4	CPA exam.
5	Q Okay. And can you tell us what's required to
6	get an accounting degree?
7	A I would assume you'd have to go to a qualified
8	accounting school or university and complete the hours
9	required.
LO	Q Okay. So you would agree that there's a lot
L1	more required to become a CPA than just to receive an
L2	accounting degree?
L3	MR. MAY: I'm going to object to that
L4	question. It's compound and it's vague.
L5	MS. CHRISTENSEN: I can
L6	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I'll allow the question.
L7	MS. CHRISTENSEN: Thank you.
L8	THE WITNESS: I know a lot of great
L9	accountants that aren't CPAs.
20	BY Ms. CHRISTENSEN:
21	Q Well, let me go back, though, to my question.
22	You agree there's a lot of additional requirements to
23	become a CPA as opposed to just earning an accounting
24	degree.
25	A I definitely had to study more than I learned

1	in my undergraduate degree.
2	Q Okay. Let me refer you to our handout 290,
3	which I think which is the 2008 PCPS-TSCPA National
4	Map Survey Commentary.
5	A Uh-huh.
6	Q Did you use this map survey commentary to
7	compare the accounting rates charged by ASI?
8	A I don't specifically recollect, but I believe
9	it's similar to what we use, if not the same thing.
LO	Q Can you tell us who created this document?
L1	A I would have to look at who the author of this
L2	document is. Hold on. It appears that it's been
L3	created by the AICPA.
L 4	Q Okay. And that would be the American
L5	Institute of CPAs?
L6	A Institute of Certified Public Accountants.
L7	Q Okay. And can you tell me what kind of firms
-8	participated in this survey? And I think the page 1
L9	might help your response.
20	A I appreciate that help. Okay.
21	Q Okay. In looking at the first line, can you
22	tell me what types of firms participated in this survey?
23	A It appears that they're saying CPA firms.
24	Q Okay. Now let me refer you to page 8 of this
25	document. Could you please read the types of rates that
I	

1	were included in this survey?
2	A Page 8 or page 9?
3	Q Oh, it's page 8 and 9. Nine on one side and 8
4	on the other.
5	A Oh, I'm sorry. I see that now.
6	Q On the page 8 side of that document, can you
7	please identify the types of rates that were included in
8	the survey?
9	A For which year? There's three years here.
10	Q 2008.
11	A 2008. Then there's three categories, all,
12	small, and large.
13	Q Okay. Maybe I could facilitate this. Would
14	you agree that partner owners were included as part of
15	the survey?
16	A Correct.
17	Q Would you also agree that directors were
18	included as part of the survey?
19	A Correct.
20	Q Would you also agree that managers were
21	included as part of the survey?
22	A Yes.
23	Q And would you also agree that senior
24	associates were included?
25	A Yes.

1	Q And last, but not least, that associates were
2	included as part of the survey.
3	A That is correct.
4	Q Now do you know the educational qualifications
5	for each type of these employees?
6	A No. But it lists here their experience.
7	Q Okay. Would it be reasonable to assume that,
8	for at least these types of categories listed, that the
9	employees are also CPAs?
10	A No. I would definitely not assume that.
11	Q Okay. Do you know how many employees at ASI
12	are CPAs?
13	A I do not know the exact number, but I know we
14	provided that information in discovery.
15	Q Okay. We may we can probably come back to
16	that later if we can get a specific number for that.
17	A Sure.
18	Q Maybe we can address that in rebuttal and just
19	move on for now.
20	Now did you perform a comparison of the
21	duties, activities, and responsibilities of the
22	employees included in the survey to the accounting
23	employees of ASI that charged their time to AUF?
24	A We attempted to categorize our employees into
25	similar categories, as you see here, based upon our

knowledge and experience of how CPA firms work. 1 Did you provide that with your testimony or --2 I'm not sure if it was in the direct or in the 3 rebuttal, but there was a breakdown by category. I 4 believe it's in the rebuttal. 5 In the rebuttal? 6 Yeah. Okay. Well, we can address that in rebuttal 8 then, and I'll move on. 9 Let's turn to the engineering. 10 11 Sure. Did you compare the engineering rate billed 12 13 for ASI to two engineering firms in Florida? In direct we did. 14 15 Did you say directly? In direct. In the rebuttal we updated it for 16 some additional engineering firms. 17 All right. But in your direct testimony you 18 0 limited it to two engineering firms; correct? 19 That is correct. 20 Did you perform a comparison of the duties, 21 activities, responsibilities of the employees of the 22 23 engineering firms to the engineering employees of ASI that charged their time to AUF? 24 To the best of our ability, we tried. 25

1 Okay. Similar to the legal employees, did you 2 prepare a similar analysis for legal employees? 3 Yes. We did prepare a similar analysis for legal employees. 4 5 Okay. Let me turn your attention to page 12 of your direct testimony. Okay. You discuss the 6 7 allocation of computer costs; correct? 8 Α Excuse me. Could I just get there first? 9 Absolutely. 10 Yes, I am at page 12. Okay. Let me reask the question. On page 12, 11 12 you discuss the allocation of computer costs; correct? 13 Α That is correct. 14 Now you would agree that the corporate IT 15 costs are part of affiliate costs allocated to AUF; 16 correct? 17 Well, there's, there's -- no, I would not 18 agree with that. There is a portion of an allocation 19 that is the cost of the IT software of the operating 20 Those costs are capital, and they are allocated 21 based upon, as we've noted in our discovery, based upon 22 project by project specific to the beneficiaries or the 23 subsidiary beneficiaries of those projects, and then that cost is allocated appropriately. The cost of IT 24

operations is a subset of the service company, and it's

25

dependent upon how people charge their time.

Q All right. Well, let me, let me direct you to line 4 of your direct testimony, page 12. It's correct that it talks about -- the question you ask is, please explain how corporate IT costs have been allocated to AUF; is that correct?

A Yes.

Q Okay. And in that response, would it also be fair to say that there's no description of individual project's direct costs to AUF?

A Well, in -- again, are we talking about capital or expense?

Q This is your explanation and your explanation of how --

A In my explanation here I was discussing corporate IT costs from a capital perspective. So what is your question?

Q Well, let me ask you this. You recall taking your deposition; correct?

A Sure do.

Q And you testified that once a project was completed, it was allocated and those costs were recorded on the state's books. Now isn't it correct that these costs may be, may serve new systems but would never be allocated to those systems?

1	A When you make an investment, it's based upon
2	the participants of the investment at the time. And if
3	an entity continues to grow or shrink, just as in any
4	business you have your, your overhead cost to acquire
5	the assets.
6	Q So if I'm understanding your response
7	correctly, then the answer to my question would be, yes,
8	if there were new systems brought on board after a
9	system had been developed, it would not be reallocated
10	to those new systems; correct?
11	A Absolutely correct.
12	Q Okay. Let me turn your attention to pages 4
13	and 5 of your direct testimony.
14	A Okay.
15	Q And you agree that, on these pages of your
16	direct testimony, pages 4 and 5, you state that to
17	minimize the cost of rate case expense AUF requested the
18	PAA process; correct?
19	A That was our intention.
20	Q Okay. And isn't it true that in the last rate
21	case there were a lot of upset customers?
22	A For the few service hearings I attended I
23	would say there were upset customers.
24	Q Okay. And wouldn't you agree that it would be
25	reasonable to expect that customers would be upset in
	I .

	this proceeding?
2	A I don't think anybody is happy to hear that a
3	bill is increasing.
4	Q And you would agree that in the last rate
5	cases, for those service hearings that you attended,
6	they were well attended by customers; correct?
7	A I happened to attend a couple of well attended
8	hearings.
9	Q Okay. Would you agree that would you agree
10	that it would be reasonable to expect that customers
11	would want a full hearing in this process?
12	A I don't know how to answer that.
13	Q Did AUF attend a meeting with Staff at the
14	Commission on, in August of 2010 where Staff expressed
15	concern about the choice of the PAA process?
16	A I was not part of that meeting.
17	Q Were you aware that Commission Staff had
18	expressed concerns about the PAA choice of the PAA
19	process?
20	A No, I'm not.
21	Q Okay. Let me turn to page 16 of your direct
22	testimony, lines 13 through 16.
23	A 13 through 16?
24	Q Page 16, lines 13 through 16.
25	A Okay. Lines 13 through 16.

You address the amount of rate case expense 1 Q that the utility has requested. 2 Correct. 3 Isn't it true that part of this amount are the 0 4 5 charges for traveling between Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania, and Tallahassee during the preparation of the MFRs? 6 I am sure that there is at least a plane ticket between Bryn Mawr and Tallahassee, or perhaps 8 more appropriately, Tallahassee to Bryn Mawr. 9 And wouldn't it be true that if the company 10 was located in Florida, these costs would have been 11 eliminated or at least significantly reduced? 12 13 Α If we were all located in Florida, there might 14 be costs to travel from point A to point B. I mean, a 15 person still receives mileage when they travel, so just being in Florida doesn't mean you incur no cost. 16 But you would agree that it's likely to be 17 significantly less than it is the cost to fly back and 18 forth? 19 20 I honestly don't know that. I mean, I know 21 that I can get an airplane ticket to Orlando for less than 90 bucks on occasion. 22 23 Right. And that would require -- well, let me move along. Let's move to page 18 of your direct 24 25 testimony.

1	A Sure.
2	Q On page 18 you discuss bad debt expense.
3	A Yes.
4	Q If you back bill a customer for 12 months and
5	they are unable to pay the bill, is that amount charged
6	to bad debt expense?
7	A If a customer doesn't pay a bill because they
8	simply do not want to pay, it is charged to bad debt
9	expense. If there is a billing correction or error,
10	that is charged to revenue as an offset.
11	Q What if they want to pay but are unable to
12	pay, and then and due to their inability to pay,
13	wouldn't that lost revenue be
14	A If it results, if it results in a shutoff of
15	service and a placement with a collection agency, yes,
16	it does go to bad debt expense.
17	Q Okay. Let me turn your attention to
18	handout or hearing Exhibit 291, please.
19	A Sure.
20	Q Specifically referring to the company's
21	response to is that Interrogatory No. 240?
22	A Yes. I have it.
23	Q Sub A.
24	A On Page, on page 33?
25	Q On page 34.

1	A On page 34. Yes.
2	${f Q}$ Okay. Isn't it correct that Aqua states that
3	it budgeted budgets bad debt expense at 1.5% of
4	revenues; correct?
5	A That is correct.
6	Q Okay. Wouldn't you expect that due to the
7	fact that you have a deposit policy, that your bad debt
8	percentage would be lower than companies that offer
9	credit cards without deposit policies, such as credit
10	cards?
11	A Would you say that question again, please?
12	Q Wouldn't you expect that given the fact AUF
13	has a deposit policy, your bad debt percentage would be
14	lower than other companies that do not have a deposit
15	policy, such as a credit card company?
16	MR. MAY: I'm going to object to that. It
17	assumes facts that are not yet in evidence. I don't
18	think he's testified as to whether the company has a
19	deposit policy or not.
20	MS. CHRISTENSEN: Well, I can ask him that.
21	BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:
22	Q Does the company have a deposit policy?
23	A Yes, we do.
24	Q Okay. Given the fact that the company has a
25	deposit policy, would you expect that your bad debt
l	

percentage would be lower than other companies that do not have a deposit policy, such as a credit card company?

A And my response would simply be that that is looking at apples and oranges perhaps. I think you have to look at the customer profile, their ability to pay, to make a determination. The fact that you accept a credit card does not seem to answer the question of, the sole question of whether you have bad debt or not bad debt relative to deposits.

MS. CHRISTENSEN: I have no further questions.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Ms. Bradley?

MS. BRADLEY: Just a couple of questions.

EXAMINATION

BY MS. BRADLEY:

Q Sir, you mentioned something about the people at the, the hearing, and when you were asked about that, you said, well, no one is happy to see their rates go up.

A I said no one is happy to see the bill go up.
Yes.

Q Okay. Do you understand that there's a distinction between unhappy to see rates go up and an inability to pay increased rates?

A I can see that as a bill increases it's more

difficult to basically pay something if you live on a budget or you have certain limits to your means, yes.

- Q And as the cost of a necessary service goes up, would you agree that your bad debt expense is likely to go up?
 - A No, I don't necessarily agree with that.
- Q But generally speaking, if it's necessary people that -- a necessary service that people need, they're going to try to pay it rather than just giving it up, aren't they?
- A If a unit were to cost a dollar and suddenly costs \$3, and a certain number of units basically don't get paid, yes, when you're charged, when you have a \$3 charge for that unit versus a dollar, the dollars of bad debt expense definitely most likely would go up for those transactions.
- Q Now you talked about your, in your direct testimony you talked about your executive incentives.
 - A Yes.
- Q And the fact that you needed to pay them more to keep good people.
 - A That's generally the desire of many companies.
- Q I understand that. But do you realize that in this economy a lot of companies are decreasing those incentives until they can get through this bad time?

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A I don't know that myself, but I do know that every year we conduct independent performance and pay surveys for our key executives. And as I've mentioned, they are benchmarked at or below utility averages. So in the event that -- and as well as peer companies, I should state. So, in your case, I think that would come out in that survey that the independent company performs for our board of directors.

Q I wasn't comparing your company to other companies as far as you being at or below, but are you aware that other companies have decreased their incentives to get through this economy, this bad time?

A I don't have any specific knowledge of that.

Q You haven't heard anyone in your, in the country talking about that, or in the State of Florida talking about that?

A No, I haven't.

Q You haven't read that in the newspapers and seen it on TV?

A I've seen references to Wall Street bonuses, but I don't know anything about specific companies. I'm sorry.

Q Did you know that the State of Florida has been making cutbacks and laying people off and that type of thing?

A I am aware many governmental agencies have been having to deal with cutbacks and budget needs.

Q Okay. Would you be willing -- you've already talked about your bad debt expense, and would your company be willing to cut back on some of the executive expense in order to allow more of their customers to pay their bills and use their services?

A Well, I don't think I'm in a position to answer that. I believe why I'm here is representing what are the expenses, the reasonable and justified expenses of the company. And based upon the rules and regulations of how ratemaking is done in the State of Florida, we are entitled to recover all of our expenses that are reasonable and justified.

Q And can you say it's reasonable and justified when it causes people to be unable to afford your services, people that need your services?

A To be honest with you, I'm not a sociologist.

I don't think I could answer that question. I mean,
simply said, I'm here representing the MFRs.

Q And you don't make any consideration of the customers and their ability to pay when making those decisions?

A In the role that I am here for, I don't have to evaluate that and I do not evaluate that.

A The cost. Q And the customers' needs or ability to pay doesn't factor into that? A I believe that my job is to present what are the costs of the company, to request a fair return based upon the rules of ratemaking, and ultimately I believe it's the Commission's decision to determine what the right answer is. Q And presenting your case for fair and reasonable, what I'm trying to understand is, though,
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reasonable, what I'm trying to understand is, though,
how much factors in as far as the customers' ability to
pay and what is fair and reasonable to them?
MR. MAY: Mr. Chairman, I think this is the
fifth time this question has been asked, and I think
Mr. Szczygiel has answered it.
MS. BRADLEY: He actually has avoided it, Mr.
Chairman.
CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I was actually quite
impressed by your ability to let her ask the question
five times.
(Laughton)
(Laughter.)
I agree with the objection. I believe it was

1 MS. BRADLEY: It was asked. I don't believe 2 it was answered. But that's all I have, if I can't get 3 an answer. 4 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you. Next will be YES. 5 6 EXAMINATION BY MR. CURTIN: 7 Good morning, sir. 8 Good morning. 9 Α As I've stated before in private, if I 10 11 mispronounce your name Szczygiel, I apologize. 12 Α Szczygiel. And you've -- I've heard worse. 13 (Laughter.) That I will stipulate to. 14 Q Sir, I want you to turn to Exhibit No. 285. 15 That was your late-filed deposition No. 9. Do you have 16 that in front of you? 17 18 Α No. 285? 19 285. It was just proffered by OPC. 20 Α Oh, I'm sorry. I wasn't keeping score at that point. 21 22 Yeah. Late-filed Exhibit No. 9. Q I can go to Late-filed Exhibit No. 9. The 23 24 proxy? 25 That's it. Exactly. Can you turn to page 32. Q FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1	That's a summary of the compensation table.	
2	A Yes, we've been here before. Yeah.	
3	Q You mentioned that Mr. Franklin, nothing of	
4	Mr. Franklin excuse me, Mr. Kyriss.	
5	A Kyriss.	
6	Q Kyriss, Regional President for Northeastern,	
7	none of his salary would be charged to the customers of	
8	Aqua Florida here in Florida?	
9	A That is correct.	
10	Q The northeastern, is that the large	
11	Pennsylvania is where Aqua is headquartered; correct?	
12	A Pennsylvania is where Aqua is headquartered.	
13	Q And most of Pennsylvania most of Aqua	
14	America's customers are in Pennsylvania?	
15	A I believe somewhere in the vicinity of 50% of	
16	Aqua America's customers are located in Pennsylvania.	
17	Q And Mr. Kyriss on the northeastern, how many	
18	percentage of, approximately of Aqua America's customers	
19	are in the northeast division?	
20	A I would say approximately 55 to maybe a high	
21	50 percentage.	
22	Q And so then the rest would be in	
23	Mr. Franklin's division, the midwest and southern	
24	operations?	
25	A That is correct.	

1	Q Okay. And Mr. Franklin's salary between 2008
2	and 2009 increased about my math isn't as good as a
3	CPA but about a quarter of a million dollars?
4	A As a CPA, I don't trust my math without a
5	calculator. But his salary has increased from,
6	referring to Mr. Franklin, from 388 to 626?
7	Q Yes.
8	A That is correct.
9	Q And then Mr. Nicholas
10	A DeBenedictis.
11	Q Thank you. I'm terrible at last names, so.
12	A You passed Szczygiel pretty good, so.
13	Q And his increased by, if I'm reading it
14	correctly, by \$1.2 million between 2008 and 2010?
15	A Approximately.
16	Q Okay. And if you turn to page 25, that's the
17	individual objectives?
18	A Yes, sir.
19	Q And part of the individual objectives of
20	Mr. Nicholas DeBenedictis and Mr. Franklin are water
21	quality, customer service, and both of them have
22	customer revenue growth; correct?
23	A Correct.
24	Q Now the customer, the revenue growth in
25	Florida has declined. That's one of the reasons you're
- 1	

here.

A The customer growth has -- well, the customer growth has been negative unfortunately for the past few years in terms of our active connections. And our revenue has declined a little bit because of that, but primarily as a result of less usage by our customers.

Q Okay. So you've had less customers and less usage?

A And I would -- and in order of significance, it's less usage and less customers.

Q But yet their salary has increased by \$1.2 million and a quarter of a million dollars within that three-year period?

- A Yes, they did.
- Q Thank you.

Now has Aqua ever done any market surveys of affordability in individual regions that they practice, affordability of their water and wastewater services?

- A Not that I'm aware of.
- Q Have they ever done any market surveys, say, in Alachua County of the affordability of water and wastewater services in Alachua County?

A As I said before, I'm not aware of any surveys, and I'm not even sure what the definition of affordability would be.

Q Why don't you turn to Exhibit No. 287. That's the Aqua annual report, the 2010 financial data.

- A Hold on. 287 -- well, the annual report.
- Q The Aqua 2010 financial data.
- A Yes, sir.
- **Q** Okay. And turn to page 2, industry mission. Do you see that?
 - A Yes, sir.
- Q And I'll read it for you. "The mission of the investor-owned water utility industry is to provide quality and reliable water service at an affordable price to customers while earning a fair return for shareholders."

So in your mission statement, in the industry's mission statement, it has affordable price, at an affordable price. But you're telling me that, to your knowledge, Aqua has never done any surveys in any of the geographical areas where it provides water and wastewater services as to whether they're affordable?

A To my knowledge, we have not performed any surveys. And as I read the industry mission and I look at the word "affordable price," the challenge for the management team is to basically deliver the lowest cost and the most efficient cost that we can. And that's back to an earlier reference of operating efficiency

ratios. As you attempt to basically become more 1 efficient, you become more affordable. 2 But as the manager, you're the manager of 3 rates and planning for the southern and midwest region; 4 5 correct? 6 Α Yes, I am. 7 So as the manager of rates and planning for the southern and midwest region, you have never been 8 9 involved nor know of any sort of study that Aqua 10 America, Aqua Florida, or any other subsidiary of Aqua has ever conducted on affordability? 11 12 I do not know of any survey. 13 0 I want you to turn -- I've got my notebooks 14 I've got more notebooks than I know what to do with. 15 16 You've probably got more than me. 17 I want you to turn to your Exhibit SS-3, which Q I believe is Staff Composite 54. Do you have that in 18 front of you? That's the bad debt expense. 19 20 Α SS-3, the comparative year over year? 21 Q Yes. 22 Yes, I do have it. Α 2.3 Now just looking at the rate bands for water, 2W, 3W, 4W, your bad debt expense basically went for 2W 24 from 9,000 in 2008 to 24,000 in 2009 to 41,000 in 2010? 25

1	A Correct.
2	Q About doubled each year?
3	A Uh-huh.
4	Q And the same thing for rate band 3 and rate
5	band 4; correct?
6	A They're increasing year over year.
7	Q Would you agree with me that if Aqua does not
8	provide well, if any company in general does not
9	provide a quality service, that some the purchaser of
LO	that service may go away and may not pay for that
L1	service?
L2	A I believe that if I were to receive service
L3	that was not adequate, I might dispute the service. I
L 4	don't know that I'd go away. And unfortunately, the
-5	utility, I don't know that you can away.
L6	Q And you're right. Some, some people that Aqua
L7	is providing water and wastewater services for just
-8	cannot go away.
_9	A I agree.
20	Q Now, you know, most of the time you're
21	providing services with individuals who are at the lower
22	socioeconomical scale?
23	A We have several communities throughout many of
24	the states in the South and the Midwest that are at the
25	lower economic scale.

1	Q And would you agree with me, when Aqua back
2	bills someone at a social lower socioeconomical scale
3	for many, many months, six, seven, eight months to 12
4	months, that could be a hardship on someone paying that
5	back bill?
6	A I think receiving a large bill could be a
7	hardship on anybody who's trying to budget themselves.
8	And I do believe that Aqua offers the individual an
9	opportunity to have extended payment terms to basically
10	correct that situation.
11	Q Okay. But as a CPA, you understand the term
12	"living paycheck to paycheck"?
13	A Oh, yes, I do.
14	Q Okay. And someone at the lower
15	socioeconomical scale living paycheck to paycheck, even
16	a 25, 30, \$40 extra charge a month could be detrimental
17	to them?
18	A I imagine it could be.
19	Q Now as far as the rate case expense, would you
20	agree with me it is Aqua's burden to prove that their
21	rate case expense is reasonable?
22	A Yes.
23	MR. CURTIN: I have no further questions for
24	this direct testimony.
25	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you.

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Pasco County?

MR. RICHARDS: Thank you. I just have a few questions.

EXAMINATION

BY MR. RICHARDS:

- Now you just mentioned in response to Mr. Curtin's questioning that revenue is declining because of less usage in Florida.
 - Α That's correct.
- Have, have you studied the cause of that declining usage?
- I have looked into what was causing, what appeared -- what was an alarming decline in consumption in a period of time I believe around 2008, after, after we put in the rates from the last rate case. And what I saw was in a particular system called Scottish Highlands, we saw a significant decline. And when I queried to the operations team, they came back and explained to me that, I don't know the exact number, but more than 50 customers, maybe 100 customers had sunk wells and basically took that irrigation flow out of our consumption pattern.
- Was there any other examples of declining usage other than that one?
 - I have seen general consumption decline

year over year for the past three years throughout Aqua Florida. I've seen a lesser decline in other systems that we own in Florida that are not part of this rate hearing, such as Sarasota and Chuluota. But the, the decline has been higher in AUF than any other systems.

- Q And do you think your increase in rates has contributed -- contributes to that decline in usage?
 - A I believe that it could.

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2.4

- Q Have you looked at the, that issue in this current rate case as to what the effect will be on an ever increasing rate on consumption?
- A Well, I think, yeah, I think, I think what we're trying to do here is in terms of what the company recommended for a rate design was we felt that perhaps the rate design that came with the rate case, the last rate case, was very punitive to people that were going into -- the higher users, people above 5,000 gallons or above 10,000 gallons. Some of those rates -- I believe one of the bands had got actually up to over \$20 per kilo-gallon. That's pretty high.

What we tried to do in this case was to first of all establish the bands to conform to current logic, which is 6,000 kilo-gals, so 6, 12 and above 12, so first of all putting more people in the lower kilo-gal range. And we tried to keep the step increment to have

1	an incentive to conserve but not a, not as large of a
2	incentive perhaps or disincentive as was in the '07
3	case.
4	MR. RICHARDS: Thank you. No further
5	questions.
6	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay.
7	Staff?
8	MS. BENNETT: Mr. Chairman, we have four
9	exhibits and an order that I'd like to hand out to
10	discuss with this witness. Could we take maybe a couple
11	minutes to do that?
12	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We'll just wait. Go ahead.
13	MS. BENNETT: Okay.
14	(Pause.)
15	I would like to have late-filed deposition
16	Exhibit 1 marked as Exhibit No. 292.
17	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: You want this marked as
18	MS. BENNETT: Exhibit No. 292.
19	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: 292. Okay.
20	(Exhibit 292 marked for identification.)
21	MS. BENNETT: I'd like late-filed deposition
22	Exhibit 2, 13-month average AAI total corporate, marked
23	as Exhibit No. 293.
24	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: All right.
25	(Exhibit 293 marked for identification.)

1 MS. BENNETT: I would like late-filed 2 deposition Exhibit 4, allocation adjustments related to 3 acquisitions, marked as 294. 4 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. 5 (Exhibit 294 marked for identification.) 6 MS. BENNETT: And late-filed deposition 7 Exhibit 10 marked as 295. 8 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Done. 9 (Exhibit 295 marked for identification.) 10 MS. BENNETT: And the order is just the for 11 reference as we discuss some topics in the prior order. 12 So I don't need that marked as an exhibit. 13 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. 14 MS. BENNETT: And as a preliminary matter, my 15 understanding is that Exhibit No. 292 can be stipulated 16 into the record, that no party objects to that 17 deposition exhibit being put into the record, and so I 18 don't need to inquire of the witness about this document. 19 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: One more time. I missed 20 21 that. 22 I believe 292 can be stipulated MS. BENNETT: 23 into the record, if all of the parties agree. 24 MR. CURTIN: I just missed, what's 292? MS. BENNETT: 292 is the late-filed deposition 25

Τ	Exhibit I. It was Mr. Szczygiel's discussion of which
2	witness sponsors which MFRs.
3	MR. CURTIN: No problem. I just missed you
4	when you said which it was.
5	MS. BENNETT: And then another preliminary
6	matter, I wanted to I'm not sure I guess all the
7	parties agreed to the Exhibit 1 going into the record
8	or 292 going into the record.
9	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I see a lot of heads nodding
10	yes.
11	MR. CURTIN: YES has no objection.
12	(Exhibit 292 admitted into the record.)
13	MS. BENNETT: And then Ms. Christensen and I
L4	discussed by email the other day late-filed Exhibit 12
15	is the most updated rate case expense, and it consists
L6	of 800 pages of documents. If all the parties concur,
L7	we will bring this up in Mr. Szczygiel's rebuttal
L8	testimony rather than at this time. That will give OPC
L9	additional time to review that.
20	MS. CHRISTENSEN: And we would certainly
21	appreciate it.
22	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay.
23	MS. BENNETT: With that, I am ready to start.
24	EXAMINATION
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1	BY MS. BENNETT:
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16	copy, if you'd
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20	CHAIR
21	somebody a copy
22	you're asking t

r. Szczygiel, my name is Lisa Bennett.

the telephone.

R. MAY: Mr. Chairman, I was just going making sure I had the correct exhibits. at late-filed, I guess Exhibit No. 295, and t correspond with the late-filed Exhibit No. provided by Mr. Szczygiel. This is a, be a, an earlier version of that. It doesn't

S. BENNETT: Well, we will inquire on the ents and then at a break perhaps see if we the correct document for that one. It's the have.

HE WITNESS: I believe I have the correct u'd like to make copies of it.

S. BENNETT: We will do that. Probably on rebuttal, unless we take a break over -we do redirect.

HAIRMAN GRAHAM: I'm sure he can give copy. They can go make 25 copies or so while ng the questions.

They have it.

BY MS. BENNETT:

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Okay. The first document I want to talk with

1 you about is in relationship to Issue 10, rate base, and it's about some meter replacements. I want you to turn 2 3 to the, what I call the prior rate case, or the 2008 order. 4 5 Α Sure. Page 26. And let me know when you've gotten 6 0 7 to that page. 8 Α Meter replacements? 9 That would be the page I'm asking about. 10 Α Okay. And my understanding is that Mr. Luitweiler 11 and Ms. Chambers were asked these questions in 12 13 deposition, and they punted to you. So I want to talk 14 to you a little bit about this order in relationship to 15 what Aqua is asking for in this docket. In AUF's last rate case, the Commission 16 allowed \$605,724 in pro forma meter replacements; is 17 that correct? 18 I don't know. But I do know that they allowed 19 20 some meter replacement. 2.1 Okay. Are you aware of the amount that Aqua 22 requested, isn't it true that it was \$2,817,930 in pro 23 forma plant? I seem to recollect the number being 24 25 approximately \$3 million.

Q And the Commission removed an amount, and we've done the calculation, it's 2,212,206. Would you agree to that, subject to check?

A Subject to check, but my recollection is is that a large portion of the meters were not allowed in the last case, simply because our documentation was not in the best of condition at the time of basically the case coming to an end. The meters had all been installed and were working for all but the large, several large meters, but all the residential meters were completed unfortunately prior to the last rate case.

Q Okay. I think that might answer my next questions, but I'm going to confirm it. So has Aqua continued with its meter replacement program, or did you state that it's completed?

A Well, at the time of the last rate case the company had replaced the residential meters for all of our customers. And as a matter of fact, I know that that's been a sub point inside of the customer service reviews and seeing if they read properly. But they were all replaced.

The problem that we had in the last rate case was just simply putting it into a book appropriately.

And unfortunately, as I recollect, we mixed some

invoices for other type of work, maybe pipe replacement 1 and something, and appropriately we, we didn't have our 2 3 I's dotted and our T's crossed at that last filing, but they were all installed at that point. They were put 4 5 into service, I believe, in 2008, and then we continued to do large meters, so we did all the residentials. 6 7 anybody that had a larger than five-eighths-inch meter, those replacements were done, I believe, in 2009 and 8 9 then put into our, our asset records. So are the large meters included in the 10 historical test year for --12 Α This test year. 13 -- this rate case?

Α Yes.

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- Q But the residential meters --
- Α Are.
- Q Are?
- Are, yes. Because they were put into service Α in 2008 and 2009, and they're in this rate case with being put in service on those dates. And I do believe that they were a selection from the PSC audit staff when they performed their work in our Lady Lake office.
- Was any of the 605,724 pro forma meter -dollar pro forma meter replacements allowed from the prior order included in the historical test year?

1	A For this rate case?
2	Q Correct.
3	A Yes, they're all in there.
4	Q Has Aqua Utilities Florida performed a cost
5	benefit analysis to justify the meter replacement
6	program that was undertaken?
7	A Not one that I'm aware of.
8	Q Okay. I next want to speak with you a little
9	bit about another issue, Issue 18, which is the
10	corporate information technology charges allocated by
11	AUF to, from its parent, AAI.
12	A Uh-huh.
13	Q And I'm going to just ask you a couple
14	questions about this issue. We've talked about it in
15	the deposition, so I want you to refer to your direct
16	testimony, page 12, line 21, through page 13, line 16.
17	Let me know when you've gotten there and had an
18	opportunity to review.
19	A Page 12 and which lines?
20	Q Line 21.
21	A Uh-huh. To what line?
22	Q Through page 13, line 16.
23	A Okay. I'm there.
24	Q Is it your testimony that AAI does not
25	reallocate corporate IT costs allocated previously to

divested subsidiaries to AAI's surviving subsidiaries? 1 Corporate IT cost is not reallocated at any 2 3 time after the project is completed, whether the subsidiary grows or declines. 4 5 And when we discussed your testimony on corporate IT plant costs, we had a little bit of a 6 7 discussion on what the correct amount of corporate IT total was for a 13-month average; is that correct? 8 Well, I believe that Staff imputed a number 9 Α 10 that I honestly didn't know if it was right or wrong at that time, and I believe you asked me to secure for you 11 a late-filed exhibit of what the total company's IT 12 13 assets were, and then asked for it on a 13-month 14 average. And I'd ask you to look at Exhibit No. 293 and 15 16 confirm that that is the late-filed exhibit that you provided to your deposition. 17 Yes, it is. 18 Α 19 And so that first page of that document would 20 show the 13-month average, that would be the last column? 21 Uh-huh. 22 Α 23 Q And each of the prior columns would be the monthly? 24 Month end. The month end balances. 25 Α

Q And then the next two pages are, as I understand this document, examples of a project that was allocated; is that correct?

A No, not really. The first page is the 13-month average. The second page is the balances as of the end of the test year. So if you were to look at 430, 2010 on the first page, that is the total, under the grand total line, grand total, grand total.

Q Yes.

A So that's, that basically is just a year end accounting. And then the third page is an example of how we were explaining to you how we approach our IT projects, this being perhaps the largest single IT project that is on the Aqua Utilities Florida books. It was the conversion to our central -- CIS billing and call center systems.

Q And I think that project is the Meritage project; is that --

A That's what we called it, yes.

Q I next want to turn your attention to -- it involves Issue 16, which talks about adjustments to allocations, and specifically we talked about whether it's appropriate to make adjustments for customers that are added subsequent to the test year. Do you recall our discussion on that?

1	A Yes. You specifically asked us to consider
2	the customers that were acquired in the year 2010, I
3	believe, based upon a data request that we had given you
4	as to what those customers were.
5	Q Correct. And is your response to that data
6	request, AAI acquired 22 water and/or wastewater
7	customers, which included 5,894 customers, which were
8	subsequent to the April 30th, 2010, test year. Is that
9	correct?
LO	A That is correct.
L1	Q And in a subsequent data response the utility
L2	stated that there are no net increases incremental
L3	increases in overhead associated with these
L4	acquisitions; is that correct?
L5	A Right. Nothing we could directly associate to
L6	them.
L7	Q I'm sorry. I didn't hear you.
L8	A Nothing that we could directly associate to
L9	them. They're small these are very small
20	acquisitions.
21	Q And, again, we asked for a late-filed exhibit,
22	that would be Exhibit No. 4, which is your document
23	No. 293. No. 294.
24	A 294.
25	Q Would you take a look and let's make sure that

that's the correct document you provided as a late-filed exhibit?

A Yeah. I believe -- yeah, it is. I'm sorry.

The print on this is so small.

Q I agree.

A We actually had it on a legal page. You guys have successfully shrunk it down to a regular size, I guess.

Q And 294, can you briefly explain to the Commission what that document, late-filed Exhibit 294 is?

A Sure. What we attempted to do here was to take the customers that we acquired in 2010 and in essence pro forma them into the allocation percentages. In doing so, we first add in the customers that we acquired, which is the connections, we apply our customer count logic, which if you're a two-service customer, i.e., you have water and wastewater, you only are counted as .75, which is a convention that we adopted in 2008.

And in addition to that, I did take out the one divestiture of the sale of South Carolina for allocation, customer count allocation purposes. I then applied those reallocations to the same suballocation factors that the PSC Staff had, basically remimicked

their logic, and produced my results that said that
instead of a recommended reduction as a result of this
customer growth of 39,015, the company believes that th
reduction should be 5,972 to the Aqua Utility Florida
entities that are in this case.
Q Okay. My last set of questions are on the
late-filed exhibit that we are having a new copy made.
CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: So is this now going to be
No. 295?
MS. BENNETT: That's going to be 295.
CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you.
BY MS. BENNETT:
Q Mr. Szczygiel, during your deposition we
discussed whether adjustments should be made to
incentive compensation. Do you recall that discussion?
A I remember that conversation, and I think we
then morphed into total executive compensation.
Q Correct. We talked about the North Carolina
Public Service Commission order that the Office of
Public Counsel previously entered into the record.
A That is correct.
Q And as I recall, you stated you were very
familiar with that decision; is that correct?
A I participated in that case.
Q And you presented testimony in that case?

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- A I did present testimony in that case.
- Q And isn't it true that the North Carolina

 Commission reduced the executive compensation package by

 25%?
 - A That is correct.
- Q And during our discussion I requested a late-filed exhibit to show what the effect of a 25% reduction on executive compensation would do to the rate bands and standalone systems, and you provided that as late-filed Exhibit 10; is that correct?
 - A That is correct.
- Q And the document that we now have in front of us, 295, is that a -- is that the correct late-filed Exhibit 10?
- A Yes. This starts out with the four executives that were discussed in the North Carolina order and are four of the five executives that are in the proxy. It provides the amount of their billing rate that is allocated to AUF Florida in total, which includes both Sarasota and other entities that are not in this rate case. We presented across the full year.

Then we stepped it down to the amount that is associated with just this case, which is the thing called AUF Executive Compensation, the next to the last column on the, on the right, which totals 72,166. And

then we bring that down 25 percent at your request to 18,042. And then at your request we then applied the allocation factors of that amount that is in this case to each of the various rate bands.

In addition to that, we supplied what are the elements of this cost, just basically explain that this is not just incentive compensation, this is total billing rate, which includes base salary, all forms of incentive compensation, their healthcare benefits, their pension, the rent that they have. So all the elements are listed here, including payroll taxes.

And this mimics a logic that North Carolina applied for an amount to be excluded from their rate case, with the caveat that they gave us four reasons for their exclusion. We only covered one of them in earlier testimony from the OPC, but perhaps their -- in significance I think it was their second item, but actually in discussions with them they were simply recommending that we capitalize a portion of that excluded cost because they spent time on capital projects.

So they were, in addition to excluding something from expense, they were directing us to take a portion of that and put it to capital as an overhead.

O And wasn't it true that the North Carolina

staff recommended a 50% reduction?

A The North Carolina staff, to be clear, it's different than the Staff in Florida. They are, they represent the ratepayers, so they perform the duties similar to an OPC, and they are the ones that recommended the 50% reduction. There is a Commission and a Commission staff, they work closely together, and they decided that the answer should be 25%.

MS. BENNETT: I have no further questions of this witness.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioners, any questions of this witness?

Commissioner Brown.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you.

And good afternoon, Mr. Szczygiel. Earlier you stated that Aqua, AUF has experienced more declining consumption than any of the other subsidiaries; is that correct?

THE WITNESS: Absolutely.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: And the parent company as well as AUF has not implemented any programs to study that pattern?

THE WITNESS: I've studied it, but I have not looked at it from a point of view of affordability.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: And you're -- and you

provided some discussion about what your studies have revealed. Can you repeat that?

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THE WITNESS: Well, I mean, let's put it this way. What -- consumption obviously is a big driver to your revenue, so every single month I sit there and I basically pattern the consumptions, not only by the subsidiary but the underlying rate bands. I try to establish in my mind if there's any correlations that I can establish. But, I mean, you know, you hear stories of more efficient water using devices, toilets, showerheads, et cetera.

I don't have the ability to honestly get into what's causing that. I read a lot of studies, I see a lot of other utilities who have done some forms of side-by-side comparisons, Connecticut entities. But I have not done that other than to just make sure that I have a clear understanding of where the consumption changes are and what's happening and if they can be correlated to anything like improved efficiency devices, pricing, or weather. I try to, I try to make those honest guesses, because really there's not empirical evidence to get you to any one spot.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Okay. Has the company contemplated producing a survey to its customers on this issue?

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THE WITNESS: Not that I'm aware of.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Okay. Just a few more questions regarding allocation.

From an overall percentage standpoint, how does Aqua Florida utilize its parent company for the purposes of rate case expenses?

THE WITNESS: Well, we don't -- rate case expenses are direct charged. So when you say how do we utilize them, we have -- when we file a rate case in Florida, we try to use as much internal staff as possible, simply because they're more cost-effective. They direct charge their time to all rate cases. They're the only -- the rate group in Aqua is the only group that actually has a direct charge outside of an allocation. So the people that work on this do charge their time directly.

Trust me, the work in Florida is significant. And we also have certain consultants that we've used in the past two rate cases that assist us primarily in the area of the bill analysis with myself, as well as the overall consolidation and construction of the MFR.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Okay. With regard to the annual adjustment, your Exhibit SS-2, is it the regular practice of Aqua America to adjust its rate for its staff in accordance with this schedule?

1	THE WITNESS: Schedule SS-2?
2	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Uh-huh.
3	THE WITNESS: In SS-2 we're referring to a
4	market study.
5	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Uh-huh.
6	THE WITNESS: Right?
7	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Right.
8	THE WITNESS: And so how does could you ask
9	your question again for me, please?
10	COMMISSIONER BROWN: What I really want to get
11	at is has the company ever not adjusted its salaries on
12	an annual basis?
13	THE WITNESS: Well, we give merit increases,
14	or employees are eligible for merit increases on an
15	annual basis, and generally those merit increases are
16	upwards. There are people who receive no salary
17	increase, so they stay even.
18	And, again, we rate our people's performance.
19	And if someone is performing in an unsatisfactory way,
20	we encourage them to improve, but, if not, we actually
21	terminate them.
22	COMMISSIONER BROWN: I thought I read in one
23	of these exhibits that the company awards a CPI an
24	inflation adjustment annually; is that correct?
25	THE WITNESS: No. I would say to you that a

merit increase looks at a person's performance. But in the underlying, let's call it the range, I do believe that our HR department does look to market to see what other companies are doing. I don't know that it's actually off of CPI. I think it's more peer or competitive type evaluations.

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But ultimately it's the decision of our board of directors what that range should be, and ultimately the eventual increase that the individual receives is based upon their performance, more so than everybody gets a 3% or a 2% CPI.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Right. And we've seen that the executive compensation of those in the annual report have seen a significant increase over the past two years.

THE WITNESS: They have seen increases both in their base pay and in their incentive portions. If you -- trust me, I don't even profess to know all the rules of the proxy requirements that now are in front of our fine public accountants, but they're all-inclusive is all I can tell you. And you can see that there's elements in there where the company did perform well relative to the benchmarks and standards, and there was a good portion of incentive increase, as well as base salary increase.

1 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Okay. That's all. 2 you. 3 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioner Balbis. COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 4 5 And thank you, Mr. Szczygiel, for coming here and for correctly pronouncing your name. 6 THE WITNESS: Well, my mom would be proud; 8 more my dad. COMMISSIONER BALBIS: I have a few questions 9 for you, and hopefully you'll be able to answer them. 10 You stated that one of the primary reasons for 11 submitting this rate case was that your projected ROE 12 13 was below the acceptable range; is that correct? 14 THE WITNESS: They're below the range that we 15 were awarded at the last rate case. And, in my opinion, 16 they're below an acceptable range. 17 COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. And obviously there's several ways to increase the ROE. You can 18 either increase the revenues by increasing the rates or 19 20 decrease your expenses. 21 THE WITNESS: There's actually a -- not that I would say it's a third way, but there's a way to kind of 22 23 forestall it. You could also stop making capital investments in excess of depreciation. 24 COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Correct. Or just your 25

rate base.

So the question then -- so focusing on your expenses, the largest percentage of your expenses are in O&M for -- let's just focus on water. Would you say that's true?

THE WITNESS: Sure.

an example, rate band 1 on your Schedule B5, the largest -- you have your usual suspects, if you will, on O&M expenses. You have salaries and wages. You have purchased power. And then normally you have chemicals, but since these systems do not really treat water, your chemical expenses are low.

THE WITNESS: Well, we do treat the water with chemicals, but --

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Most of the treatment is adding --

THE WITNESS: Chlorine.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: -- hydrochloride --

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: -- and aeration in some cases. But the question then comes on the other items, which are almost 40% of your O&M expenses, which are your contractual services management fees and then your contractual services other.

THE WITNESS: I, as I looked at the expense increase, first of all, what we -- and this is, this is an area of confusion I think in this case. The affiliate charges, the charges that are the service company, what we call ASI, Aqua service company, and ACO, which is the customer service company, those charges have actually declined in dollars from the last rate case. So what you're left with is to say, okay, well, then what's increasing here? And the things that are increasing are items like the healthcare benefits that we give our employees, not that we're giving a premium plan, it's just that the price of the healthcare is going up. The price of insurance based on our claim history has gone up, and other operating costs.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. Thank you. But that wasn't really my question.

THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. I'll be happy to try it.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: No. I just want -- I have several specific questions that if you could answer would help me out.

What is included in your contractual services management fees, which in the case of rate band 1, the test year adjusted amount is \$430,000 out of the \$1.4 million O&M expense?

THE WITNESS: In this test year -- in the account 634 or 734?

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: 634.

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THE WITNESS: 634. There's three elements.

One is the management fees from the corporate office,
which is ASI. That's the first element. The second
element is a thing called regional management fee, which
is really nothing more than certain individuals from
other affiliates that spend some time assisting Florida.

And the third thing in this case is between the '07 case
and this case, we took the in-state administrative cost
that gets distributed throughout the state, took it out
of the 675 account, reclassified it up into the 634.

And the reason we did that was for our operators. We want our operators to be fiscally responsible people, understand the P&Ls, and help us become more efficient. So we felt that if we put all of the, in essence, the costs that they're not directly associated to manage into one account grouping, it would be easier for them to understand the financials. And unfortunately I believe it's caused quite a problem in this case, because a lot of people are having a hard time with the 675/634 reclassification.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: I agree. And I'm glad you went in that direction. Because, again, if you look

at the backup as to what is the other expense, it just points back to miscellaneous expense. And then if you go to your Exhibit 277, which has the flow chart of intercompany and intracompany expenses.

THE WITNESS: Yes. If you don't mind, I'll get that. Volume 1, Appendix 1?

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: I believe --

THE WITNESS: On page 3?

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Yeah. Page 3 of that exhibit.

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: And then if you go to page 5, it lists the table of the amounts for all of Aqua's costs associated with those segments. And the -- is the largest majority 18, \$18.8 million sundry distribution? What is sundry distribution?

THE WITNESS: Sundry is the service company.

18 million is the entire company. On a customer count basis, the State of Florida, the Florida subsidiary is about 3.6% of our customer count. But to really appreciate how things get charged to the subsidiary of Florida, every employee charges their time to what they believe are the appropriate subsidiaries they're supporting.

A general, general accountant might charge it

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to all utilities. An executive like Nick DeBenedictis charges 50% of his time to Pennsylvania and 50% of his time to all utilities. So in essence Florida for Nick DeBenedictis is only receiving approximately half of that 3.6 or 1.8% of his salary.

But -- so there's a very stringent logic inside the service company. It's not just take the 18 million or 25 million and just spread it on some single percentage.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: So then the ASI charges would be included in the sundry?

THE WITNESS: The ASI charges are included in the -- there's two elements. There's a thing called service, that's the 18 million. That's the salaries of the employees. And the sundries would be the other costs, like us perhaps having a consultant, us having a compensation survey done or something of that nature.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: And then the ACO charges, where are those?

THE WITNESS: The ACO charges appear on a separate line item. They appear in the 636/720 account.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. And then, again, just to be specific here, so if you go to your Exhibit 1, SS-1, the corporate charges allocation manual.

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: One of the concerns I have is that, you know, it seems like you have an accurate way to track the time spent on an appropriate division or cost center. I cannot find in this exhibit any mention of, or any way to track that they're efficiently charging their time.

So, for example, if you have a task, and you expect the task to take ten hours, that employee would code that ten hours into the appropriate cost center.

But if that task takes 20 hours, there's nothing in here that I can find that assures that those hours are being spent efficiently. So couldn't an employee just code 20 hours for a ten-hour task and your accounting system captures that, and it gets passed along to these rate bands with no, that I can see, no accountability in this manual on how you budget for the time and pass those on effectively and efficiently?

THE WITNESS: You're absolutely in your statement. What I can tell you is, is that our company measures everybody's performance, and it's the individual managers', my job to evaluate my employees, that they're being effective and efficient when I do their performance review.

To sit there and say that I have time-studied every task they do and I measure it and I say this is

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the standard cost and this is the variance, no, we don't do that.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: So how do you benchmark it then?

THE WITNESS: Well, I would say to you what I, what I attempt to do personally is I have expectations of how long a task should take somebody. How long it should take to build a budget, how long it should take to perform a financial analysis. I set a deadline. And if somebody can't make that deadline, I try to ascertain what the issues are and make my own judgment as to is this person, do they have the skill set necessary to do the job, to do it effectively and efficiently, and if not, can I train them or do I unfortunately have to replace them.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: But the ultimate repercussion for the company would be your expenses would go up, your ROE would go down, and you could find yourself in a position of submitting for a rate case to have an appropriate level of ROE.

THE WITNESS: If there were inefficiencies, you could come to that conclusion.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. Just one or two more questions.

You mentioned, I believe it was in your next

exhibit on the market studies for engineers --

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

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COMMISSIONER BALBIS: -- and accountants.

When you compared the engineering costs, you listed the duties of the engineers as preparing RFPs, reviewing responses to RFPs. Are they performing any actual design services?

THE WITNESS: I don't know specifically. I could -- I don't know.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. Because what I'm afraid of is that the comparable salaries listed from a consultant, that they may be performing actual design services as a professional engineer, rather than a more administrative duty, and I don't know if that's clarified in your exhibit or not.

THE WITNESS: I guess if I were to take that the one step -- take it to a different pew, but a similar -- your concept. Like our internal attorneys, you might argue that they're more administrative, because they're not actually practicing in the various jurisdictions where the issues are, because they're not qualified or of good standing. So I can definitely say that to you for attorneys. I can't answer for the engineers.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. And two more

questions. The pro forma plant additions or any other capital improvements made to the AUF systems, are there any others like the meter replacements that were performed without a cost benefit analysis that are included in this rate case?

THE WITNESS: Well, first of all, I answer that I'm not aware of a cost benefit analysis. That doesn't mean that there wasn't one. So, please, if you could, just understand the limitations of my knowledge.

But I do believe that our engineering group tries to look at what is necessary to either continue the good operating condition of the system or to remedy an issue that may come up. I get to punt one time, I'm told, in this case, and I'll punt that perhaps to Mr. Luitweiler, who may be able to address that a little better than me, sir.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioner Brisé?

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

I have a few questions, and I'll begin with the analysis described in Exhibit SS-2 where it shows analysis of whether AUF's expenses are in line with going market rate and are otherwise inherently fair or unfair.

Does this analysis consider any difference in

the amount paid by government agencies or regulated industries as opposed to unregulated free market industry? So in your analysis did you all take that into consideration?

THE WITNESS: No. I believe we only looked at what I would call for profit or free market companies.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Okay.

THE WITNESS: And, again, those companies may be performing services for the municipal markets. You know, accounting firms have all kinds of clients, engineers have all types of clients, but I couldn't answer that question for you.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Okay. So then from that perspective, would the ROE that would be looked at as, say, an average or so forth, would that be appropriate when comparing to what would be appropriate in this case, considering that it's a regulated industry?

THE WITNESS: Well, again, in this element of the ROE, this is the expense side. We're doing things in the most cost efficient -- the least costly manner, below cost or market. I think by looking at this what we're demonstrating or attempting to demonstrate is that by basically having our employees who are billed out at cost, there is no profit margin, there's nothing other than just the cost and, again, the ability for them to

work at our organization and really learn the business.

If you went to the open market and just secured similar services, there's generally a profit margin included in that vendor's evaluation or price that they give you, but also they may basically have a higher priced individual, or even a same priced individual, but they don't have the technical knowledge or in-depth expertise that really gives the benefit to this company, which goes to the previous Commissioner's question about efficiency perhaps.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Okay. I'm going to go to the incentive compensation, which has been talked about a little bit.

I know this question has been posed, but I don't think it's clear for me as far as what factors are really taken in to impact the decision whether to incentivize in a compensatory fashion or not, and so I'll just throw it out there.

As was -- AUF was rated marginal, for instance, from our perspective.

> THE WITNESS: Correct.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: What type of impact does that have in the incentive compensation for those who are incentivized?

THE WITNESS: Well, there is an element of --

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and, again, are we focusing on the four executives or are we focusing on every single person that gets some form of an incentive compensation?

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: And that's a good question. I was trying to figure out which way would be the easiest approach to take that. So I guess we'll start with the four in question, and then we'll do the next layer.

THE WITNESS: Okay.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: If that makes sense.

THE WITNESS: Oh, I can step you down to the lowest level of incentive compensation.

Our executives, clearly in the proxy it lists out what their measurements are. Some of the measurements are just financial performance, some of them are items like customer satisfaction, water quality, items like that.

To the extent that a single state of someone's responsibility who might have seven states it would probably weigh a little more, i.e., someone like Chris Franklin. To someone like Nick DeBenedictis, who is responsible for 10 or 13 states, probably a little less is my answer.

Now as you start to go through the organization, when you now get into, let's say, what

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I'll call the service company employees, myself, as incentive compensation, I have goals and objectives that are based upon both stated goals, you know, filing business plans, being accurate in our projections, filing rate cases unfortunately. And to the extent that it also affects potentially the bottom line of the company, I am, I am, I do have an impact -- it does impact my compensation.

As you step down into the employees of Florida, there's two elements, two types of employees that are in Florida. One has got an element of the financial performance of the state plus specific measurements and goals. Yes, it does impact them directly. And if you go to the lowest level, which are just goal-oriented, if their goals cover the area of customer service, again, a, a facility operator probably wouldn't have it impact them, but somebody in meter operations certainly would have an impact.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Okay. So I guess we can both agree that there is, if it were to be weighted, financial impact of their decision-making versus pure customer service impact, then the, the heavier side of that would fall on the financial side in terms of the bottom line, rather than the perception that the customers are, are happy with, with the service that

they're receiving.

THE WITNESS: I -- I'll give you my answer.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Sure.

THE WITNESS: I don't know that, you know -it's, again, the utility industry, and I've worked in a
lot of industries, this is a very basic business model.
You execute certain things in a timely and consistent
fashion and your cost hopefully stays somewhat flat, to
the extent that they are in your control. And so in my
world, if you follow and you do your P's and Q's
properly, your financial results follow.

So to say that the financial results is the leading incentivizer, that would lead to people perhaps deferring expenses or not doing everything they need to do, and that's absolutely wrong.

We have -- when we, when we basically give our employees the key goals and strategies of the company, the customer-centric approach is critical. I wish I actually could remember all four strategic goals that we in fact recite to all our of employees, but they're highly customer-oriented, quality-oriented type goals. You know, we, we don't lead with the financial performance. That should be a by-product, in all honesty.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Okay. And the final

question that I have for you at this time, do you think that any billing or meter reading issues have contributed to the bad debt expense?

THE WITNESS: I mean, I could build scenarios.

I think I heard one today where surely if you back bill somebody for a period of time and they simply don't have the wherewithal to pay the bill, they may sit there and say it's better for me just to pull up stake and leave.

And that, in all honesty that could contribute to it.

Our billing issues, trust me, I'll let the next witness, Ms. Chambers, talk more to how it is. But I can tell you that our bad debt write-offs have been at a very, very consistent level for four years, adjusted for any rate changes or stuff like that.

So, you know, I don't see the exact correlation to bad billing. Unfortunately I think it may be our customer base, maybe it has something to do with the economy, but this -- I mean, we've been in this economy doldrums for years now. But as I look at three years up to the test year, and even the time after the test year, which now is almost a year and a half, our bad debt expense has remained relatively flat and the same, unfortunately at a pretty high level.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Thank you very much.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioner Balbis.

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COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

I have two quick questions that Commissioner
Brisé teased out of me, and it goes back to your Exhibit
SS-1. I believe it was SS-1, on the method of tracking
appropriate charges either to the ASI or ACO.

THE WITNESS: Right. The allocations manual.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: The allocations manual. And going back to how can we as a Commission be assured that it's being allocated correctly, one of the things that was entered into the record was the audit report that was agreed to by all parties and stipulated into the record, that there were several discrepancies found in the small sampling that our audit group did.

THE WITNESS: That is correct.

commissioner Balbis: So, again, they took a small sample of costs, if you will, and they found some irregularities. How can we be assured that those irregularities aren't consistent throughout the remaining costs that were not sampled?

THE WITNESS: Right. First of all, I would not say to you absolutely that they were the only errors. I don't know that.

Again, when you look at the service company, let's just call it \$25 million total. 18 million is basically salaries and associated cost benefits and

items like that. And there -- it's really the responsibility of the individual and an individual's supervisor to make sure that they're distributing their time appropriately. I know I personally take that very seriously, as I know other people in the company. When I say I'm supporting seven states, I make sure that I'm not sending my time to 13 states. So the timekeeping is really, again, the individual and their supervisor.

where the Staff auditor found some coding errors, and they were -- it's like a vein of issues. It had to deal with some legal bills was the primary area. They primarily dealt with the fact that they were for a specific subsidiary; I believe it was primarily New York. And the individual who was coding the bills and the individual that was approving the bills just wasn't up to their -- wasn't -- they weren't as thorough as they should have been. It was a mistake.

I can tell you that in -- because, again, other, other states come to our, come to our facilities, work on-site in a fashion similar to Florida. These include North Carolina, which we reference a lot in the, this, this hearing so far, as well as Virginia. And to be honest with you, they all will occasionally catch what I will call a random miscoding, but it's not rampant and it's not large by any imagination.

commissioner Balbis: Okay. Thank you. And one last question. And I have to draw on my experience both in the private and public sector, where a lot of my biggest battles were challenging other groups allocating their costs to either my project or my cost center.

So the question for you, is there any ability for the employee that's in charge in Florida or, you know, AUF, to question the charges that are passed along as affiliated charges?

THE WITNESS: Absolutely. First all, on a monthly basis, a detailed listing of every employee that -- every employee in the service company, the hours that they charge, in honesty they can't argue the billing rate. The billing rate is my salary, my particular benefit program, my incentive compensation, and a portion of my rent, so they can't argue that. But they can definitely pick and say, hey, why did Stan charge me ten hours when I think it should only be two? They can clearly do that.

In the sundry area, they receive a complete listing of all the bills, and I can tell you that I as well as the state controllers, because we have a state controller in every subsidiary, have challenged our corporate office on certain bills or have wanted to gain a better understanding of what the charge was.

1	COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Have they ever
2	eliminated?
3	THE WITNESS: Have I ever made corrections?
4	Yes.
5	COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Has AUF Florida, have
6	they had affiliated charges removed or reduced?
7	THE WITNESS: Or reduced. Yes, they have.
8	COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. Thank you.
9	That's all I have.
10	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: All right. We have
11	redirect. We have it's about a quarter after 1:00.
12	So if you don't mind, we're going to break for lunch and
13	come back to your redirect.
14	MR. MAY: That would be fine, Mr. Chairman.
15	Thank you.
16	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Let's take an hour.
17	Let's get back here at quarter after 2:00.
18	(Recess taken.)
19	(Transcript continues in sequence with Volume
20	2.)
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1	STATE OF FLORIDA)
2	: CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER COUNTY OF LEON)
3	
4	I, LINDA BOLES, RPR, CRR, Official Commission
5	Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was heard at the time and place herein
6	stated.
7	IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the
8	same has been transcribed under my direct supervision; and that this transcript constitutes a true
9	transcription of my notes of said proceedings.
10	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor
11	am I a relative or employee of any of the parties' attorneys or counsel connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the action.
12	DATED THIS The day of December.
13	2011.
14	
15	Bunda Boles
16	LINDA BOLES, RPR, CRR FPSC Official Commission Reporter
17	(850) 413-6734
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