1	BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION		
2	LPOKIDA LOBUIC SEKAICE COMMISSION		
3	In the Matter of: DOCKET NO. 100330-WS		
4			
5	APPLICATION FOR INCREASE IN WATER/ WASTEWATER RATES IN ALACHUA, BREVARD, DESOTO, HARDEE, HIGHLANDS,		
6	LAKE, LEE, MARION, ORANGE, PALM BEACH, PASCO, POLK, PUTNAM, SEMINOLE,		
7	SUMTER, VOLUSIA, AND WASHINGTON COUNTIES BY AQUA UTILITIES		
8	FLORIDA, INC.		
9	VOLUME 2		
10	Pages 186 through 400		
11	rages 100 chrough 400		
12			
13	PROCEEDINGS: HEARING		
14	COMMISSIONERS PARTICIPATING: CHAIRMAN ART GRAHAM		
15	COMMISSIONER LISA POLAK EDGAR COMMISSIONER RONALD A. BRISÉ		
16	COMMISSIONER RONALD A. BRISE COMMISSIONER EDUARDO E. BALBIS COMMISSIONER JULIE I. BROWN		
17	DATE: Tuesday, November 29, 2011		
18	TIME: Commenced at 2:18 p.m.		
19	Concluded at 6:45 p.m.		
20	PLACE: Betty Easley Conference Center Room 148		
21	4075 Esplanade Way Tallahassee, Florida		
22	REPORTED BY: JANE FAUROT, RPR		
23	FPSC Reporter (850) 413-6732		
24	APPEARANCES: (As heretofore noted.)		
25			
	DECRMENT MI WELLS TO VALLE		
:	FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION () 8824 DEC-8=		

FPSC-COMMISSION CLERN

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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(Transcript follows in sequence from
3	Volume 1.)
4	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. May, redirect.
5	MR. MAY: Is everybody ready?
6	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Yep.
7	MR. MAY: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Just a
8	couple of questions on redirect.
9	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
.0	BY MR. MAY:
.1	Q. Mr. Szczygiel, Commissioner Brown asked you
L2	several questions regarding the drop in consumption for
L3	Aqua Utilities Florida. Do you recall that line of
L 4	questioning?
L5	A. Yes, I do.
16	Q. Have you studied the drop in consumption in
L7	Florida?
L8	A. I have studied the drop in consumption in
L9	Florida.
20	Q. Based upon your own opinion, what are the
21	causes for that drop in consumption?
22	A. As I stated earlier, and I will reemphasize
23	perhaps the second point. The first item I mentioned
24	was the sinking of irrigation wells and its affect on
25	just our overall consumption. That was in Scottish

Highlands.

2.2

The second point I mentioned was what I will call the blocking structure, the structure where as you use more consumption your rate per kilogal increases significantly. In the last case, the blocking consumption went from a factor of 1 for the first block, to 1.5 for the second block, to 3 in the next block. In this case, and I believe in other cases, the more traditional approach is to go 1, 1.25, and then 2. And that had an effect of dropping a lot of consumption out of the higher block activity.

Finally, the third point that I'd like to introduce that I didn't before was that the rates that we installed with the first rate increase that most customers in that filing had had a rate increase in the past 15 years, some maybe even longer. So you were dealing with multiple factors coming to the table to create perhaps this large drop in consumption.

Q. Thank you, Mr. Szczygiel.

I want to refer you back to a line of questioning that Commissioner Balbis presented to you.

And I'm going to paraphrase this, and excuse me,

Commissioner, I think I'm going to refer to my notes. I may have missed exactly the question, but the gist of the question from my perspective was that Commissioner

Balbis asked how you could be assured that AAI employees were efficient. Do you recall that question?

A. Yes, I do.

- Q. Do AAI employees only work a 40-hour week?
- A. Absolutely not. We work -- and I'm not going to make it sound like a slave shop, but the majority of the professional staff, which is the majority of the service company employees, works a significantly greater amount than 60 hours. To put a number -- or 40 hours, I'm sorry. To put a number on it, I can't be exact, but it is not uncommon for both our professional staff in the corporate office as well as in our state subsidiaries to work maybe a 50 to 60-hour work week.
- Q. Under your allocation methodology, how would AAI allocate those employees' time to AUF or other operating subsidiaries?
- A. I don't know if I mentioned this, but I think I did. We only allocate out the worked hour. So, again, you would say, well, there is a lot of worked hours. However, we limit the charging only to 40 worked hours a week. So if I was on vacation this week and took eight hours off, I would be limited to 32 charged hours at my billing rate versus perhaps the 48 or 50 hours that I physically worked. We did not consider any of that we call it free time that is given to the

ratepayers in our market study. Our market study simply 1 2 looked at an individual's billing rate, and what is the cap on worked hours, which was approximately 1,835 3 worked hours per employee. 4 MR. MAY: Thank you, Mr. Szczygiel. 5 6 And I apologize, I don't have the exhibit 7 number, but it's the -- I would like you to refer to the, what I call the May 29, 2009, order. It's the 8 9 order that Ms. Bennett questioned you on regarding --CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We actually didn't give that 10 11 an exhibit number. MR. MAY: That's fine, but it's an order of 12 the Commission. 13 14 THE WITNESS: The order itself, correct. BY MR. MAY: 15 16 Can you turn to Page 26. I think that was the 17 area of the order that Ms. Bennett questioned you on? 18 I'm at Page 26 for meter replacements. 19 0. Yes. 20 Α. Yes. 21 Under the Paragraph Number 1, can you read for 22 the record the last sentence in that paragraph starting 23 with based on? 24 Based on this analysis, \$2,212,206 shall be 25 removed for undocumented pro forma meters. All

adjustments for pro forma meter replacements are reflected in Schedule 3C of each system.

- Q. Thank you, sir. Now, subsequent to that rate case, have all those meters now been installed?
- A. Actually, prior to the competition of this rate case the physical installation of all the meters, except the large meters, have been installed. And we subsequently went back and installed all the large meters to complete the project 100 percent. What gave rise to this \$2.2 million exclusion, as I may have mentioned earlier, was simply our documentation at the last minute as we pulled it together, it didn't support as clear as it should have the rate case for pro forma additions. Subsequent to that, we have completed all of that documentation.
- Q. So, Mr. Szczygiel, are all the RF meters installed in Florida properly documented at this time?
 - A. Yes, they are.
- Q. And has that documentation been audited by the Florida Public Service Commission staff?
- A. That was audited in the field audit that was conducted by the public staff's audit team at our Lady Lake office.
 - Q. Can you turn to Page 18 of the order?
 - A. I'm there.

1	Q. At the bottom of the paragraph there is a
2	heading starting with the Number 3.Billing, do you see
3	that?
4	A. Yes, I do.
5	Q. Could you read the first paragraph under that
6	heading, please?
7	A. Sure. The utility implemented a new billing
8	system at the end of 2006. To improve the billing
9	process, AUF is replacing all manually read meters with
10	remote telemetry meters. Fewer estimated bills and more
11	accurate readings are expected. As of September 2008,
12	14,597 meters have been changed out with the remaining
13	2,213 remaining meters being budgeted for replacement.
14	Q. Thank you, sir. The 2,413 remaining meters
15	that you just read about, have they now been installed?
16	A. Yes, they have.
17	Q. And are they now properly documented?
18	A. All meters are properly documented, yes, they
19	are.
20	Q. And they have been audited?
21	A. And they have been audited.
22	Q. Has there been any efficiencies achieved or
23	realized as a result of the installation of these RF
24	meters?
25	A. Yes, there were. In efficiencies that I can

definitely isolate and pinpoint, there were six full-time employees that were Aqua employees that we were able to reduce our workforce by as a result of this. In addition to that, several of the systems, the meters were being read by contractors, and all of the cost relative to contractor meter reading has been eliminated. All meter reading is done by internal employees with a workforce of six less than it was before.

- Q. Thank you, sir. One final line of questioning. I want to go back to the questions by Ms. Bennett, and she was questioning you regarding -- excuse me, I think it was questions by Ms. Christensen, I apologize, and it was regarding Exhibit Number 277, Hearing Exhibit 277. It's the fat one.
- A. I don't think I was numbering exhibits at that point.
- Q. Okay. The title of this is Volume 1, Appendix1.
 - A. Okay. Yes, sir, I have it in front of me.
- Q. And do you recall Ms. Christensen asking you a series of questions that addressed tying some of the allocated charges back to the MFRs in Appendix Number 1?
 - A. Yes.

1	Q. Were you asked similar questions by			
2	Ms. Christensen at your deposition?			
3	A. I was.			
4	Q. Do you have your deposition with you?			
5	A. Yes, sir, I do.			
6	Q. Can you turn to Page 102 of your deposition?			
7	A. Yes, sir.			
8	Q. Do you recall the dialogue between Ms.			
9	Christensen and I regarding some of her questioning may			
10	be leaking into your rebuttal?			
11	A. Yes.			
12	Q. Ms. Christensen asked you a question at your			
13	deposition, did she not, regarding reconciling the			
14	allocated charges back to the MFRs and particularly			
15	Appendix Number 1, correct?			
16	A. Yes, Appendix Number 1 needs it's not			
17	readily reconcilable.			
18	Q. Were you asked to provide as a late-filed			
19	exhibit to your deposition a reconciliation of the			
20	allocated charges back to the MFRs?			
21	A. Yes, we were. Specifically, what we had			
22	prepared in the rebuttal testimony was an exhibit called			
23	SS-4, I believe, that demonstrated that the affiliate			
24	charges as well as the in-state charges had decreased			
25	per book rate case from a previous rate case to this			

rate case, so there had been a demonstrated decrease. When you went to this Volume 1, you couldn't see it clearly because this Volume 1 lists every single system in Florida, both systems in the rate case and systems that weren't in the rate case. So I was asked appropriately can you just prove to us that the schedule that shows the decrease in affiliate costs, as well as in-state costs declining reconciles -- I think I was asked to reconcile it to the B7 Schedule, as well as to the Volume 1, Appendix 1. We did so. We have it shown in Late-Filed Exhibit 20 and 21.

MR. MAY: Mr. Chairman, may we provide that late-filed exhibit to Mr. Szczygiel and the staff and the parties and have him explain it?

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Sure.

MR. MAY: Ms. Rollini will be delivering this.

Mr. Chairman, I believe this would be Exhibit

296 based upon my list.

THE WITNESS: Thank you.

MS. CHRISTENSEN: Can I ask, for the sake of clarification, if I'm understanding correctly, this is a reconciliation from an exhibit in his Rebuttal Testimony back to an MFR. And I think it would probably be more appropriate to talk about it as part of his rebuttal, because we haven't talked about Exhibit SS-4 yet, which

is attached to his rebuttal testimony. I mean, our questions were specifically limited to the MFRs which were sponsoring as part of his Direct Testimony, and this was specifically requested to reconcile a rebuttal exhibit to the MFRs. And I think it may be just plain premature to discuss this exhibit at this time, since SS-4 hasn't been introduced into the record.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I will allow it. I know we started talking about the MFRs, and as far as I'm concerned it doesn't matter if we talk about it today or if we talk about it on Wednesday. It sounds like we are going to talk about it, so I will let him bring it up.

BY MR. MAY:

- Q. Mr. Szczygiel, do you have that -- what has been designated as Exhibit 296 before you?
 - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Can you briefly summarize what this exhibit does?
- A. Yes. The top part of the exhibit is the first requested reconciliation which takes the Exhibit SS-4 from the rebuttal. That shows basically the cost in this rate case broken down between service and sundry regional management fees in-state distribution totaled across and agreeing to the MFR to show what are the components of the 634 and the 734 accounts. And they

reconcile to the penny or within a dollar of rounding here.

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The bottom half of the schedule then goes forward and gets to earlier questions that I was asked, which is how do you get Volume 1, Appendix 1, to reconcile to the MFRs or even to SS-4, if you wish to. And in that case, what I have done here is I have taken the SS-4, again, by rate band, and took the Volume 1, Exhibit 1, and simply filtered on the systems that are in the case, and was able to reconcile the service and sundry to the penny. The regional management fees, unfortunately, were off \$400, and I explained what that The ACO reconciled to the penny, as well as the in-state administrative costs. So everything basically supporting our point of view that affiliate charges case to case have declined are supported now by reconciling both to the MFR B7 or B5, if you wish, as well as to the underlying Volume 1, Appendix 1.

MR. MAY: Thank you, Mr. Szczygiel.

That concludes my redirect, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Do you have some exhibits you want to put into the record?

MR. MAY: The only exhibit we would like to put in -- well, we don't oppose any of the exhibits that have come through. The one exhibit we would like to

1	move into the record is Exhibit 296, which Mr. Szczygiel
2	just described.
3	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay.
4	Ms. Christensen, do you have any exhibits you
5	want to move into the record?
6	MS. CHRISTENSEN: I would move Exhibits 287
7	through 291. Hold on, my colleague is telling me I have
8	to go back to 285, or 284, I'm sorry. 284 through 291.
9	MR. MAY: Mr. Chairman, I think that I was
10	referring to redirect exhibits. There are exhibits
11	attached to Mr. Szczygiel's Direct Testimony. Those are
12	SS-1, SS-2, and SS-3. We would ask that they be moved
13	into the record, as well.
14	MS. BENNETT: Those would be Exhibits 52
15	through 54 on the Comprehensive Exhibit List.
16	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: 52, 53, 54.
17	Ms. Bennett.
18	MS. BENNETT: Staff would move Exhibits 292
19	through 295 into the record.
20	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Let the record show we are
21	moving Exhibits 52, 53, 54 and 284 through 296, all into
22	the record.
23	Are there any objections to any of those
24	exhibits going into the record?
25	(Exhibit Numbers 52, 53, 54 and 284 through

296 admitted into the record.) 1 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. I believe that we are 2 currently done with this witness. 3 Sir, thank you. 4 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 5 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioner Brown. 6 MS. BROWN: I just have a follow-up question 7 to his redirect. 8 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Sir, one question. 9 THE WITNESS: Sure. 10 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you. 11 Real quickly, and this is just a follow-up to 12 the redirect by Mr. May. How many meter readers does 13 14 AUF currently have? THE WITNESS: I don't know that answer. 15 16 **COMMISSIONER BROWN:** Okay. THE WITNESS: But it's very few. 17 COMMISSIONER BROWN: I just want to know in 18 19 comparison to the last rate case, how many meters 20 readers, because you said six were --THE WITNESS: Well, six positions were 21 eliminated. And, as I said, there were outside 22 contractors. There was -- the six positions that were 23 24 actually eliminated were maintenance type employees, and we pushed the maintenance work to the facility operators 25

and utility techs who used to assist in the meter reading function. So it's not like one of those -- I can just say Joe, he was a meter reader, and he got eliminated. It was a little bit of a cascading of job duties and responsibilities to allow us to realize the efficiencies of the six FTEs as well as the contractors that were performing meter reading.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Would there be another

AUF witness that would be able to accurately answer the

question?

THE WITNESS: I think I could answer it on redirect.

MR. MAY: I think we can have that information when he comes back for rebuttal.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Hold on a second, sir.

Commissioner Balbis.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

And I think if we have another chance with this witness on rebuttal, although my question may pertain to this testimony, hopefully, I will be able to ask the question at that time.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. And, sir, there was a question that OPC had asked you that you were going to get so you would have that answer for redirect,

1	something about the number of CPAs provided.		
2	THE WITNESS: The number of CPAs that the		
3	company has?		
4	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Yes, I guess. I just want		
5	to make sure so you have it when you come back.		
6	Thank you, sir.		
7	THE WITNESS: Thank you.		
8	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. May, your next witness.		
9	MR. MAY: Mr. Chairman, with your permission,		
.0	Aqua would call its next witness, Mr. Preston		
.1	Luitweiler.		
.2	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Sir, welcome.		
.3	PRESTON LUITWEILER		
.4	was called as a witness on behalf of Aqua Utilities		
.5	Florida, and having been duly sworn, testified as		
-6	follows:		
.7	DIRECT EXAMINATION		
.8	BY MR. MAY:		
.9	Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Luitweiler.		
20	Have you been previously sworn in this		
21	proceeding?		
22	A. Yes, I have been.		
23	Q. Would you please state your name and business		
24	address for the record?		
25	A. Preston Luitweiler. Business address, 762		

1	West Lancaster Avenue, Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania.		
2	Q. Did you prepare and have caused to be filed 23		
3	pages of Prefiled Direct Testimony in this case?		
4	A. Yes, I did.		
5	Q. Do you have that prefiled testimony before you		
6	today?		
7	A. Yes, I do.		
8	Q. Do you have any revisions to your prefiled		
9	testimony?		
10	A. No, I do not.		
11	Q. If I were to ask you the questions that are		
12	contained in your Prefiled Direct Testimony today, would		
13	your answers be the same?		
14	A. Yes.		
15	MR. MAY: Mr. Chairman, we would ask that the		
16	Prefiled Direct Testimony of Mr. Luitweiler be inserted		
17	into the record as though read.		
18	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We will insert the prefiled		
19	testimony into the record as though read.		
20			
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25			

1		BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
2		AQUA UTILITIES FLORIDA, INC.
3		DIRECT TESTIMONY OF PRESTON LUITWEILER
4		DOCKET NO. 100330-WS
5	Q.	What is your name and business address:
6	A.	My name is Preston Luitweiler. My business address is 762 W. Lancaster
7		Avenue, Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania 19010.
8		
9	Q.	By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
10	A.	I am Vice President and Chief Environmental Officer of Aqua Services, Inc.
11		
12	Q.	Please describe your education and business experience.
13	A.	I have a B.S. degree in Civil Engineering and an M.S. in Environmental
14		Engineering from Drexel University. I am a licensed Professional Engineer in
15		Pennsylvania. I have worked for Aqua (and its predecessor, Philadelphia
16		Suburban Water Company) for 27 years in various capacities, including Design
17		Engineer, Research Engineer, Manager of Research, Vice President of Water
18		Resources, and presently Vice President and Chief Environmental Officer.
19		
20	Q.	What are your duties as Vice President and Chief Environmental Officer?
21	A.	I am responsible for water quality and environmental compliance for Aqua
22		facilities in 12 states, including Florida. I supervise Aqua's corporate
23		environmental compliance staff and central laboratory in Bryn Mawr, and
24		provide indirect supervision to state and regional environmental compliance
25		personnel who report to state and regional presidents

1	Q.	What is the purpose of your direct testimony?
2	A.	The purpose of my testimony is to address the overall quality of service
3		provided by Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc. ("AUF"). More specifically, my
4		testimony addresses the water quality and operating conditions of AUF's
5		water and wastewater facilities, AUF's efforts to address customer satisfaction
6		with respect to water quality, and AUF's compliance with environmental
7		regulations.
8		
9		My testimony also addresses the following pro forma plant additions that have
10		been protested in this case: (1) the Breeze Hill Wastewater Inflow and
11		Infiltration (I&I) Project; (2) the Lake Josephine and Sebring Lakes AdEdge
12		Water Treatment Project; (3) the Leisure Lakes AdEdge Water Treatment
13		Project; (4) the Peace River Water Treatment Project; (5) the Tomoka Twin
14		Rivers Water Treatment Plant Tank Lining Project; and (6) the Sunny Hills
15		Water System Water Tank Replacement Project. I collectively refer to these
16		projects in my testimony as "AUF's Protested Pro Forma Projects."
17		
18	Q.	Are you sponsoring any exhibits to your direct testimony?
19	A.	Yes.
20		Exhibit PL - 1 - is a list of water and wastewater systems included in this
21		case.
22		Exhibit PL - 2 - is AUF's Final Phase II Quality of Service Monitoring
23		Report.
24		Exhibit PL - 3 - is pro forma support documentation for the Lake Josephine

and Sebring Lakes Project.

1		Exhibit PL – 4 -	is pro forma support documentation for the Breeze Hill
2			Project.
3		Exhibit PL - 5 -	is pro forma support documentation for the Tomoka Twin
4			Rivers Project.
5		Exhibit PL - 6 -	is pro forma support documentation for the Leisure Lakes
6			Project.
7		Exhibit PL – 7 -	is pro forma support documentation for the Peace River
8			Heights Project.
9		Exhibit PL – 8 -	is pro forma support documentation for the Sunny Hills
10			Project.
11			
12	Q.	Please summariz	e your testimony.
13	A.	The water quality	from AUF's water and wastewater facilities is good, and the
14		facilities are in	good operating condition. AUF complies with Florida
15		Department of E	invironmental Protection ("FDEP") and applicable water
16		management distr	ict ("WMD") regulations, and has a clearly defined strategy
17		to maintain comp	liance. AUF has a strong commitment to customer service
18		and is dedicated t	to attempting to address customer satisfaction as shown by,
19		among other thin	gs, its ongoing efforts to improve the aesthetic quality of
20		water for its cust	omers. No further action by the Commission is needed to
21		ensure quality of s	service.
22			
23		AUF's Protested	Pro Forma Projects have been fully documented and
24		supported by AUI	with appropriate cost and design information in accordance
25		with Commission	requirements. In addition, the projects at Tomoka View,

Peace	River	Heights	and	Sunny	Hills	are	required	by	environmenta
regulat	tory age	encies. Th	nese p	orojects a	are eith	er co	mpleted o	r wi	ll be completed
prior to	o the fo	rmal adm	inistr	ative hea	aring to	be l	neld in this	cas	e. Accordingly
AUF's	Protest	ted Pro Fo	rma l	Projects	should	be in	ncluded in	A U	F's rate base.

Q. Please describe in general the water and wastewater systems that are part of this rate case?

A. AUF operates 60 water systems and 27 wastewater systems that are the subject of this rate case. Many of these systems were constructed 40 to 50 years ago. The majority of AUF's water systems are small systems that serve primarily residential customers, utilizing basic chlorination for treatment. AUF's wastewater systems vary in size and complexity but generally employ traditional wastewater treatment methods such as screening, extended aeration, clarification, disinfection, and effluent disposal by spray irrigation of percolation ponds. Attached to my testimony as Exhibit PL-1 is a listing of the water and wastewater systems, by county, that are under the Commission's jurisdiction and are included in this rate case filing.

Q. Please describe AUF's policy with respect to compliance with environmental, health department, and water management regulatory standards?

A. AUF is committed to operating its water and wastewater systems in compliance with all applicable standards of FDEP, the various health departments, and the WMDs. Most of the systems have recently been inspected by the applicable regulatory agencies and have no outstanding

compliance issues. There have been no Notices of Violation issued for any of the systems since the final order -- Order No. PSC-09-0385-FOF-WS -- was issued in AUF's last rate case.

Q. Has AUF made progress in addressing the environmental compliance issues identified in the Company's last rate case?

A. Yes, as outlined in my Exhibit PL-2, AUF has taken aggressive steps to resolve all of the environmental compliance issues identified in the last rate case. For example, at the close of the evidentiary record in the last rate case, AUF had five open consent orders for the following systems: Chuluota Water System, The Woods Water System, Zephyr Shores Water System, Village Water Wastewater System, and South Seas Wastewater System. All of those consent orders have now been closed with the exception of the Village Water consent order, which I will explain later in my testimony. While AUF is proud of its environmental compliance accomplishments for all of its systems, it is especially proud of the significant improvements to the Chuluota water system.

Q. Please describe the improvements to the Chuluota water system?

A. The Commission excluded the Chuluota water and wastewater systems from rate relief in the last rate case because it found that the quality of service for those systems was unsatisfactory. That finding was based primarily on water quality compliance issues involving disinfection byproducts (TTHMs), which were ongoing with the FDEP at the time of the last rate case.

Since the last rate case, AUF has made significant improvements to the Chuluota system and, to date, has invested over \$2.1 million dollars in an ion exchange system to address the TTHM issue. As a result of those improvements, the Chuluota system has been in compliance with TTHM standards for all of 2010. After successful test results, FDEP closed the consent order for the Chuluota system in December 2010. A follow up inspection in January 2011 noted that the plant was in good operating condition with no deficiencies. In addition to significantly reducing TTHMs and achieving compliance, the new ion exchange treatment process has greatly improved the aesthetic quality of the water to the point where the number of water quality complaints and inquiries from Chuluota customers has dropped dramatically.

Q. Is AUF seeking rate relief for the Chuluota Systems in this case?

A. No. The Chuluota water and wastewater systems are not part of this rate case.

Q. For the systems that are part of this rate case, please describe AUF's compliance with the relevant environmental standards.

A. AUF is in compliance with the applicable FDEP, county health department, and WMD standards for the vast majority of its water and wastewater systems. AUF has no outstanding Notices of Violation. Currently, there are three outstanding consent orders related to (1) effluent disposal at the Village Water wastewater system, (2) storage capacity at the Sunny Hills water system, and (3) Gross Alpha Particle Activity at the Peace River water system.

Q. Please describe those consent orders?

Village Water Wastewater. FDEP issued a consent order in May 2009 related to the Village Water wastewater system and the long-term effluent disposal capacity of the percolation ponds. The owner prior to AUF constructed the ponds below the ground water table. Pursuant to the consent order, AUF has executed a long-term lease with a nearby property owner for land for a spray field for effluent disposal, and has completed the soils evaluation and the preliminary design of the spray fields. The findings of the soils evaluation prompted AUF to negotiate with FDEP an extension of the deadlines in the consent order in order to take one last look at an alternative involving use of the effluent disposal system operated by the City of Lakeland. Discussions with the City of Lakeland have been cordial and are continuing. However, without at least partial funding from the WMD, this alternative is not likely to be economically viable. The WMD has advised that funding is not likely to be available. AUF is continuing to pursue both options simultaneously while apprising FDEP of progress on both fronts.

A.

Sunny Hills. The consent order was issued in December 2010 and involves FDEP's determination that the existing storage capacity for the water system is not sufficient, and FDEP is requiring AUF to increase its current storage capacity. Consistent with the consent order, AUF submitted plans and a permit application to FDEP for a new storage tank and related piping. The project is being put out to bid. AUF expects to award a contract in September 2011. As I explain later in my testimony, AUF is requesting inclusion of the new storage tank in rate base as pro forma plant.

Peace River. AUF signed an FDEP consent order for the Peace River water system in June 2010 that requires AUF to perform bimonthly sampling for Gross Alpha Particle Activity and Combined Radium for 24 consecutive months. AUF has also conducted a pilot study to evaluate possible treatment methods. Although the facility is currently in compliance with the MCLs for Gross Alpha Particle Activity and for Combined Radium, results of the bimonthly sampling triggered a requirement under the consent order to begin to design radium removal treatment. Design was completed and a Permit application was submitted to FDEP in June 2011. AUF will be executing a contract with the supplier of the treatment equipment and bidding the construction in September 2011. AUF expects to complete construction within 180 days of issuance of the FDEP permit, which is a condition of the consent order. As explained later in my testimony, AUF is requesting that the costs of this project be included in rate base as a pro forma project.

Q. Does AUF have a policy regarding coordinating with environmental regulators?

A. Yes. AUF's policy is to be as responsive as possible to inquiries from environmental regulators. This is achieved by closely coordinating its infrastructure operations with FDEP and keeping lines of communication open. For example, on June 23, 2011, AUF received correspondence from FDEP regarding operational issues at its Jasmine Lakes and Palm Terrace wastewater facilities. AUF moved quickly to respond to the issues identified by FDEP and met with FDEP on July 28, 2011, to discuss all actions taken.

Furthermore, AUF has provided FDEP thorough written responses which document that the issues identified by FDEP have been resolved.

The most substantive issue related to the installation of a replacement force main at Palm Terrace to convey treated wastewater effluent to a spray field. The prior main had been installed by a previous owner before the system was acquired by AUF, and traversed a concrete apron conveying storm water to a Pasco County storm water pond. AUF applied to Pasco County for a permit to replace the main on June 1, 2011, and finally received the permit July 20, 2011. Construction was completed on August 3, 2011. FDEP was present to witness the completion and testing of the new force main.

A.

Q. In your professional opinion, how would you rate AUF's environmental compliance record in Florida?

By all accounts, AUF's environmental compliance record in Florida is excellent. As I explained earlier in my testimony, AUF operates 60 water systems and 27 wastewater systems located throughout the state of Florida. Many of these systems were constructed 40 to 50 years ago. As with any type of aging infrastructure, there will be maintenance and repair requirements which, at times, will present environmental compliance challenges. The fact that virtually all of AUF's systems are in compliance with environmental requirements is clear evidence that AUF is committed to environmental compliance. The water quality from AUF's water and wastewater facilities is good, and its plants and facilities are in good operating condition. No further action by the Commission is needed to ensure the quality of AUF's water and

wastewater product and the operating condition of its facilities.

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- Q. Has AUF taken steps to attempt to address customer satisfaction with respect to the quality of the water it provides?
- A. Yes, AUF has taken significant steps to address customer satisfaction, particularly in the area of aesthetic water quality.

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Q. What do you mean by "aesthetic water quality"?

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") National Primary Drinking Water Regulations set enforceable Maximum Contaminant Levels ("MCLs") for drinking water to protect the public from contaminants that might present some risk to human health. An MCL is the maximum allowable amount of a contaminant in drinking water that is delivered to the consumer. EPA National Secondary Drinking Water Regulations set non-mandatory Secondary Maximum Contaminant Levels ("SMCLs") for other constituents based on "aesthetic" considerations such as taste, color and odor. EPA and FDEP do not enforce these SMCLs. They are established as guidelines to assist public water suppliers in managing their drinking water systems. Such constituents are not considered to present a risk to human health at or below the SMCL. The raw water source for some of AUF's water systems contains naturally occurring "aesthetic" constituents like those I just discussed. Such constituents include iron and sulfides, which at times can cause undesirable color, taste, and odor. Some of these raw water sources also contain calcium and other minerals, which can lead to hard water. Environmental regulators do not consider these aesthetic qualities to cause health issues and, as such, they are considered secondary standards. These constituents can often be difficult and expensive to remove.

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- Q. Please describe the steps that AUF has taken to address customer satisfaction in the area of aesthetic water quality.
- AUF initiated its Original Aesthetic Program in 2008 to address customer comments related to aesthetic water quality made during the last rate case. Although aesthetic water quality standards are not typically enforced by environmental agencies, AUF proactively developed its Original Aesthetic Program as a plan to effectively address its customers' aesthetic water quality concerns. As part of its Original Aesthetic Program, AUF reviewed: comments from customers at the public hearings; complaints dealing with aesthetic water quality issues; aesthetic water quality sampling data; and, feedback from area coordinators. AUF also surveyed customers on aesthetic water quality. As a result of this process, AUF identified seven (7) water systems where customers had expressed the most concern regarding aesthetic water quality issues: Lake Josephine, Leisure Lakes, Sebring Lakes, Rosalie Oaks, Tangerine, Tomoka View, and Zephyr Shores. OPC and AUF agreed that these same seven (7) systems would be the focus of the Phase II Monitoring Plan's aesthetic water quality component. The scope and results of this aesthetic water quality improvement initiative are set forth in detail in AUF's Final Phase II Quality of Service Monitoring Report dated February 28, 2011 ("Final Report"), which I have attached as Exhibit PL-2.

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Q. What is the status of AUF's Phase II Aesthetic Water Quality Improvement

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A. After meeting twice with customer representatives and OPC at each of the seven system locations, AUF has developed and is implementing real improvements to aesthetic water quality in those areas. Work has been completed at the Rosalie Oaks (flushing hydrants and blowoffs), Zephyr Shores (flushing hydrants, blowoffs, and installation of sequestration treatment), Tangerine (pipe replacement and looping, and installation of sequestration treatment) and Tomoka View (chloramination) systems. Work on permitting and installation of AdEdge treatment to remove hydrogen sulfide is currently ongoing at Leisure Lakes, Lake Josephine and Sebring Lakes.

A downward trend in the number of water quality complaints from customers in these systems shows that our customers are seeing the benefits of these improvements. AUF's efforts to improve aesthetic water quality clearly demonstrate its commitment to customer service and to addressing customer satisfaction.

- Q. Does AUF intend to continue to address aesthetic water quality issues beyond the 7 systems included in its Aesthetic Water Quality Improvement Initiative?
- A. Yes. In selecting the systems to be part of the first phase of AUF's Aesthetic Water Quality Improvement Initiative, priority was given to systems with SMCL exceedences for taste and odor (due mainly to hydrogen sulfide, iron, manganese). Priority also was given to systems that could have issues with

1		primary drinking water standards. While work on some of the projects in the
2		first phase is continuing, AUF is developing the next tier of systems to be
3		included in the second phase of the aesthetic improvement project. The
4		Arredondo Farms water system, along with Hermit's Cove, River Grove and
5		Arredondo Estates, have been selected for this second phase.
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7	Q.	Why wasn't Arredondo Farms included in the first phase of the aesthetic
8		improvement initiative?
9	A.	As I mentioned, Arredondo Farms water system had no SMCL exceedences
10		and no issues related to primary standards. Thus, it was placed in the next tier
11		of systems.
12	,	
13	Q.	Please describe the quality of the water at Arredondo Farms.
14	A.	The quality of AUF's water product at the Arredondo Farms water system is
15		good, as is the operational condition of that system. Furthermore, AUF has
16		made, and continues to make, concerted attempts to address customer
17		satisfaction at the Arredondo Farms System. The water quality in the
18		Arredondo Farms Water System meets all state and federal drinking water
19		standards.
20		
21		AUF is required to regularly monitor for primary and secondary standards.
22		Since AUF acquired the Arredondo Farms water system in 2003, the system
23		has provided water meeting all primary and secondary federal and state
24		drinking water standards. This is clearly shown in AUF's Responses to YES'
25		First Request for Production of Documents Nos. 1, 2 and 8. There is no

SMCL for hardness. There is an SMCL for total dissolved solids (TDS) at 500 mg/L, and is based largely on taste when the TDS is comprised mainly of salt (sodium and chloride). The TDS of the water at Arredondo Farms is 306 mg/L, well below that SMCL. Neither sodium nor chloride is a significant component of the TDS in the water at Arredondo Farms. The hardness of the water in Arredondo Farms is around 320 mg/L as a result of calcium carbonate. This is hard water, but not exceptionally hard for Florida.

A.

Q. What is the Commission's policy with respect to hard water?

The Commission has consistently recognized that it is not unusual for Florida water utilities to experience water "hardness" issues, and the Commission has not taken punitive actions against utilities that do.¹ Indeed, in the 1996 rate case involving the Arredondo Farms Systems (which were then owned by Arredondo Utility Corporation), the Commission expressly found that, while the water at the system was hard, it did not present a health hazard. *See* Order No. PSC-96-0728-FOF-WS at 2-3. The Commission went on to conclude that the "treated water provided by Arredondo meets or exceeds all requirements for safe drinking water" and that the utility had satisfactory water quality. *Id.* The Commission also warned that a system-level solution to the "hard" water issue at Arredondo would not be cost-effective or prudent:

Those customers who attended the customer meeting were primarily concerned about mineral deposits on their kitchen and bath fixtures. This situation is generally treatable by lime softening. However, the cost to

¹ See, e.g., Order No. PSC-00-2054-PAA-WS (Oct. 27, 2000); Order No. PSC-96-0728-FOF-WS (May 30, 1996); Order No. PSC-93-0027-FOF-WS (Jan. 5, 1993).

\$80,000 to \$140,000 for each of the two water treatment plants. This cost would be passed on to the customers through their rates. We find that this solution would not be cost effective or prudent for this customer base. We note that customers who find the scaling problem to be intolerable have other options. They could either have a local water softening company install a water softening unit at a variable price, or they could purchase a whole house filter system for less than \$50.00. Filter cartridges are replaced as necessary and can be purchased to screen for a variance of compounds, including excessive minerals. . . . All things considered, we find that the utility's quality of service is satisfactory.

Id. at 3 (emphasis added).

Although the Commission has previously warned that a system-level solution to the "hard" water issue would not be cost-effective or prudent, I want to be clear that AUF continues to try to actively address its customers' concerns regarding hard water. AUF's service technicians advise customers that the effects of hard water can be mitigated by a variety of household products or by homeowners softening their water. Furthermore, for customers who consider obtaining water softeners, AUF recommends softening only the hot water to maximize benefits and minimize the cost of softening.

Q. Has AUF considered possible actions to cost-effectively address the hard water issue at Arredondo Farms?

System-level alternatives to address the hardness at Arredondo Farms will be evaluated and presented as soon as the first phase of the aesthetics improvement projects has been completed. Options under consideration currently include softening processes other than lime softening (still very expensive), or adding a sequestering agent similar to those recently added to the Tangerine and Zephyr Shores water systems in the first phase of the secondary water quality project but tailored to address the effects of calcium and magnesium instead of iron and manganese. AUF's ultimate goal is to find a balanced solution that will maximize benefits to customers and minimize upward pressure on rates.

A.

Q. What is the quality of the treated wastewater product at Arredondo Farms?

A. The quality is good. Arredondo Farms Wastewater Treatment Facility ("WWTF") is currently operating in accordance with all applicable environmental standards, and there are no outstanding enforcement issues. Subsequent to AUF's last rate case, AUF has made significant upgrades to the WWTF which were completed and placed into service in August 2010 at a cost of \$291,870.² (In addition, it should be noted that during the construction of the WWTF upgrade, AUF's contractor advised the potential development of a sinkhole. AUF hired Devoe Engineering to perform a site assessment and the sinkhole was stabilized. However, another sinkhole developed, which AUF stabilized at a cost of \$47,137.) FDEP issued a clearance letter regarding this project on August 27, 2010. AUF has also completed a pond rehabilitation

² The factual details and the costs associated with the WWTF upgrade are set forth in AUF's Sixth Supplemental Response to Staff's Second Data Request dated February 28, 2011.

project at the Arredondo WWTF to improve percolation rates. This project was completed in November 2010 at a cost of \$127,765. Clearly, AUF's actions demonstrate that it offers good quality wastewater service at Arredondo Farms and is committed to maintaining that good quality of service going forward.

A.

Pro Forma Plant

Q. Please explain why you are providing testimony to support inclusion of certain pro forma plant addition projects in rate base.

AUF provided detailed information regarding its various pro forma plant addition projects as part of its MFRs. When the Commission issued its PAA Order, it recognized several of AUF's pro forma projects for inclusion in rate base but disallowed all or portions of the following projects: (1) the Breeze Hill Wastewater Inflow and Infiltration (I&I) Project; (2) the Lake Josephine and Sebring Lakes AdEdge Water Treatment Project; (3) the Leisure Lakes AdEdge Water Treatment Project; (4) the Peace River Water Treatment Project; (5) the Village Water Wastewater Disposal Project; (6) the Tomoka Twin Rivers Water Treatment Plant Tank Lining Project; and (7) the Sunny Hills Water System Water Tank Replacement Project. After reviewing all of the relevant support information, AUF believes that, under the Commission's standards for proforma plant additions, the full amount of all but one of these projects (Village Water) should have been included in rate base. I refer to those 6 pro forma projects collectively as "AUF's Protested Pro Forma Projects."

Q. What is the Commission's practice for including a pro forma project in

rate	base?
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A. In order to include a pro forma project in rate base, the Commission requires the utility to provide documentation supporting the purpose, design and price of the project so that the Commission can sufficiently evaluate the prudence and the cost of the project. Such documentation could include executed contracts, work orders, and current price quotes.

Q. Please explain why the Lake Josephine and Sebring Lakes AdEdge Water Treatment Project meets the Commission's standard for inclusion in rate base?

A. The Lake Josephine and Sebring Lakes AdEdge Water Treatment Project has been designed, permit applications have been submitted to FDEP, and equipment has been ordered. We expect to bid the construction work by September 5, 2011, and complete construction by December 2, 2011. Detailed design, permit application, and executed equipment supply proposal documents are attached to my testimony in Exhibit PL-3.

Q. Please explain why the Breeze Hill Wastewater I&I Project meets the Commission's standard for inclusion in rate base?

A. As demonstrated in the MFRs, the Breeze Hill wastewater system previously had a high amount of I&I in its system. AUF proposed an I&I rehabilitation project in its rate case filing to address the excessive I&I. This project was completed in March 2011. Attached to my testimony in Exhibit PL-4, is an invoice from Williams Testing LLC, dated March 18, 2011, in the amount of \$64,755. On May 31, 2011, this project was closed from Construction Work In

Progress ("CWIP") into plant in service. The total amount of this now-closed project is \$78,164.65, including overhead. Also included in Exhibit PL-4 is the internal AC290 report verifying the closing date and total amount of this project. Thus, \$78,165 for the in-service plant should be included in rate base.

Q. Please explain why the Tomoka Twin Rivers Treatment Plant Tank Lining Project meets the Commission's standard for inclusion in rate base?

A. The need for this project was identified in a Volusia County Department of Health (VCHD) letter, dated February 2, 2010, which pointed out the age and condition of AUF's concrete block tank at the Tomoka Twin Rivers plant. The previous owner failed to coat the tank, which exposed its walls to corrosive chlorine. The project to reline the tank was completed in May 2011. Attached to my testimony in Exhibit PL-5 are invoices totaling \$41,046. On June 30, 2011, this project was closed from CWIP into plant in service. Also included in Exhibit PL-5 is the internal AC290 report verifying the closing date and total amount of this project. The total amount of this now-closed project is \$48,065.70, including overhead. Thus, \$48,066 for the in-service plant should

Q. Please explain why the Leisure Lakes AdEdge Water Treatment Project meets the Commission's standard for inclusion in rate base?

be included in AUF's rate base in this rate case.

A. The Leisure Lakes AdEdge Water Treatment Project has been designed, a permit application has been submitted to FDEP, and equipment has been ordered. We expect to bid the construction work by November 7, 2011, and construction to be completed by December 30, 2011. Detailed design, permit

application, and executed equipment supply proposal documents are attached to
my testimony in Exhibit PL- 6.

Q. Please explain why the Peace River Water Treatment Project meets the Commission's standard for inclusion in rate base?

A. The Peace River Water Treatment Project has been designed and a permit application submitted to FDEP. AUF expects to receive a permit by September 2, 2011, and to order the treatment equipment the same week. AUF expects to bid the construction work by October 3, 2011, and have the treatment equipment delivered by November 9, 2011. The project is expected to be completed by December 16, 2011. Copies of the design and permit application documents, and an executed proposal from the treatment equipment supplier, are attached to my testimony in Exhibit PL-7.

Q. Please explain why the Sunny Hills Water System Water Tank Replacement meets the Commission's standard for inclusion in rate base?

- A. AUF has completed design for a new water tank and associated piping. The design and an application for a construction permit was filed with FDEP on June 6, 2011. The tank will be ordered in August 2011, and the construction of the tank foundation and piping is expected to be put out to bid by August 15, 2011. Construction is expected to be completed by December 15, 2011. Copies of the AC290 report and supporting invoices, along with copies of the design, permit application, and proposal for the tank are attached to my testimony in Exhibit PL-8.
- Q. Are there other reasons why AUF's Protested Pro Forma Projects should

be included in rate base?

A. Yes. The costs for most of these pro forma plant addition projects include environmental compliance costs. AUF is entitled to recover those costs pursuant to Section 367.081(2)(a)(2.)(c.), Florida Statutes, which provides "the commission shall approve rates for service which allow a utility to recover from customers the <u>full</u> amount of environmental compliance costs. . . For purposes of this requirement, the term 'environmental compliance costs' includes <u>all</u> reasonable expenses and fair return on any prudent investment incurred by a utility in complying with the requirements or conditions contained in any permitting, enforcement, or similar decisions of the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the Department of Environmental Protection, a water management district, or any other governmental entity with similar regulatory jurisdiction." (Emphasis added.)

Q. Please describe AUF's Protested Pro Forma Projects which include environmental compliance costs.

A. The projects with components undertaken as a result of current consent orders issued by the FDEP are: (1) Peace River Gross Alpha Treatment; (2) Sunny Hills Additional Storage; and (3) Tomoka Twin Rivers Tank Liners. The projects undertaken as a result of the Commission-approved Phase II Aesthetic Water Quality Improvement Initiative are: Lake Josephine/Sebring Lakes AdEdge Treatment, and Leisure Lakes AdEdge Treatment.

1	Q.	Does this conclude your direct testimony?
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- Q. Mr. Luitweiler, have you attached any exhibits to your Prefiled Direct Testimony?
 - A. Yes, I have. There are eight exhibits.
- Q. Do you have any corrections or revisions to those exhibits?
 - A. No, I do not at this time.
- Q. Have you prepared a summary of your Prefiled Direct Testimony?
 - A. Yes, I have.
- Q. Would you please provide a brief summary at this time?
- A. Okay. Good morning, Chairman and

 Commissioners. My name is Preston Luitweiler. I am

 Vice-President and Chief Environmental Officer of Aqua

 Services, Inc. I am responsible for water quality and
 environmental compliance for Aqua Utilities Florida's

 water and wastewater systems.

As you know, Aqua Utilities Florida operates 60 water systems and 27 wastewater systems that are the subject of this rate case. My Direct Testimony addresses AUF's overall quality of service relative to water quality in these water and wastewater systems.

Specifically, my testimony focuses on AUF's compliance with environmental regulations and our

efforts to address customer satisfaction with respect to water quality. First, AUF has taken aggressive steps to resolve the environmental compliance issues identified in the last rate case. Due to AUF's efforts, there have been no notices of violation issued for any of these systems since the final order. Likewise, all open consent orders identified in the last case have been closed, save for one which AUF and DEP continue to actively discuss to seek a viable solution.

AUF is especially proud of its accomplishments at the Chuluota water system since the last rate case in which Chuluota was excluded from rate relief. AUF has invested over \$2.1 million in an ion exchange treatment system. The Chuluota system has been in compliance with the total trihalomethane standard since the beginning of 2010, and in December of 2010 the Chuluota consent order was closed. The new ion exchange treatment process has also improved aesthetic water quality and number of water quality complaints from Chuluota customers has dropped dramatically.

After the last rate case, with concurrence from the OPC, AUF undertook secondary water quality projects at seven other water systems. Projects at Rosalie Oaks, Tangerine, Tomoka View, and Zephyr Shores have been completed. Projects at Sebring Lakes, Lake

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Josephine, and Leisure Lakes are well on the way to completion. And Arredondo Farms, Arredondo Estates, Hermits Cove, and River Grove have been selected for the second phase of AUF's secondary water quality improvement projects.

I also discussed the water quality at Arredondo Farms, which meets all state and federal drinking water standards. As the Commission found in the 1996 rate case involving this system, which was then owned by Arredondo Utility Corporation, while the water in the system is hard, it presents no health hazard. While there is no primary or secondary drinking water standard for hardness, AUF is committed to exploring with YES and other customer representatives options to address concerns about hardness.

My testimony also discusses the protested pro forma capital projects. Such projects have been completed at Tomoka View and Breeze Hill. Filtration equipment has been installed at Lake Josephine and Sebring Lakes, and start-up will be completed this week. Similar equipment has been ordered and fabricated for Leisure Lakes and a construction permit has been issued. At Sunny Hills, a contract has been executed for construction of piping improvements and a tank. And at Peace River Heights design has been completed, a

construction permit issued, and treatment equipment ordered for radium removal treatment. The contract for construction has been awarded, executed, and a copy has been provided to the Commission. AUF is, therefore, requesting the documented cost for these projects be included in rate base as pro forma plant.

That concludes my summary. Thank you.

MR. MAY: Mr. Chairman, Aqua would tender Mr. Luitweiler for cross-examination.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you. OPC.

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:

Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Luitweiler.

Can I have you turn to Page 12 of your Direct Testimony?

- A. I'm there.
- Q. Okay. On Line 6 you state that AUF initiated its original aesthetics program in 2008 to address customer comments related to aesthetic water quality made during the last rate case. Is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. Now, let's -- do you have, I think everyone else has a copy the last rate case order.
- MS. CHRISTENSEN: Permission to just approach the witness with the page that I want to discuss out of

1 that. I don't know if he still has a copy. 2 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Sure. THE WITNESS: I do not have a copy with me. 3 BY MS. CHRISTENSEN: 4 5 Let me direct your attention to Page 20 of the 6 order issued in the last rate case, PSC-09-0385-FOF? 7 A. Okay. Okay. Now, isn't it correct that the 8 Commission stated that AUF must continue to work on 9 10 improving the water product quality? Can you direct me to the specific paragraph or 11 Α. section of this document you are referring to? 12 13 0. That would be the third full paragraph, last 14 sentence. If you could read that out loud, please. Nonetheless, other AUF systems have issues 15 16 with taste, odor, sediment, and color similar to other water utility systems in Florida. AUF must continue to 17 work on improving the water product quality. 18 So you would agree that the initiative to 19 20 improve water quality was not entirely voluntary, correct? 21 22 I would agree with that. Okay. Let me turn your attention to Line 15 23 24 on Page 12 of your testimony. And on that line you talk 25 about the seven water systems that were included in the

program. Now, isn't it correct that priority was given to the systems that exceeded secondary maximum contaminant levels?

- A. There were a variety of criteria used to select these seven systems that included violation of secondary standards, the potential violation of primary standards, and level of customer complaints, and the geographic distribution of those systems.
- Q. Okay. Well, let me direct you to Page 13 of your Direct Testimony, Lines 19 through 25. Now, it's correct that you posed the question does AUF intend to continue to address aesthetic water quality issues beyond the seven systems included in the aesthetics water quality improvement initiative.

And you respond: In selecting the systems to be part of the first phase of AUF's aesthetic water quality improvement initiative, priority was given to the systems with SMCL exceedances for taste and odor due mainly to hydrogen sulfide, iron, and magnesium, is that correct?

- A. That's part of the testimony, yes.
- Q. Okay.
- A. I go on to say that priority was also given to systems that could have issues with primary drinking water standards, and while work on some of those

1	projects in the first phase is continuing, AUF is
2	developing the next tier.
3	Q. Okay. But you haven't started the next tier
4	of systems, correct?
5	A. We have identified the systems as I describe
6	on Page 14.
7	Q. Okay. But you haven't actually taken any
8	action at this point?
9	A. We have not.
10	Q. Let me turn your attention to Page 21 of your
11	Direct Testimony, Lines 17 through 24. Are you there?
12	A. Yes.
13	Q. You talk about the Sunny Hills pro forma
14	plant. And in your deposition, you discussed that you
15	may not have the bids for the project yet. What is the
16	current estimated date for the bids to be awarded?
17	A. Not only do we have bids, but we actually have
18	a signed contract, and have authorized a contractor to
19	commence work, and the tank has been ordered.
20	Q. Okay. What is the estimated date for
21	completion?
22	A. The estimated date for completion, based on
23	the schedule submitted by the contractor, is the first
24	week in February.
25	Q. Okay. Now, you would agree, though, that this

project is not going to be completed until well past 18 months after the end of your test year, correct?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. Let's turn back to Page 20 of your Direct Testimony. On Line 22 you discuss the Leisure Lakes adage water treatment project, and in your deposition you stated that you had not bid this project yet. What's the current estimate date for the bids to be awarded?
 - A. Around the middle of December.
 - Q. Okay. December of 2011?
 - A. Yes, December 2011.
- Q. Do you have an estimated date for completion of this project?
- A. Based on the time it took to complete the Sebring Lakes and Lake Josephine projects, we are anticipating mid-January for completion.
- Q. Okay. And you would agree with me that -assuming at this point that you actually get a bid and a
 contract signed in December, which has not occurred yet,
 that that would still be well -- the project is not
 going to be completed until well past 18 months after
 the end of your test year on this, for this project,
 correct?
 - A. That is correct.

Q. Okay. Let me turn you back to Page 21, where you talk about the Peace River pro forma plant on Lines 6 through 13. Again, in your deposition I asked you why the estimated cost is 371 percent higher than it was in the MFRs. Do you remember answering that the estimate in the MFRs was a placeholder?

A. It was a very rough estimate, and I described it as, basically, a placeholder, yes.

Q. Okay.

A. I also went on to describe that at the time we were not sure that we were going to be required to install this treatment. We were working only with the probability that we might have to install the treatment, because we were under a monitoring program which required that we take two years of samples every two months. And if any two of those samples exceeded a level, a drinking water standard level, that triggered the prompt initiation of design and installation of treatment.

- Q. Okay. Then it would be fair to say that when you filed there was probably a 50/50 probability that you would not have to do anything at all?
 - A. We felt that was the case, yes, uh-huh.
- Q. Okay. And in your deposition you also stated that you had to rebid the project because AUF awarded

that rebid?

- A. Yes, we have.
- Q. And do you have an estimated date for completion of this project?
- A. It will be completed before February 15th, 2012.
- Q. Okay. And you would agree with me that that is also well past the 18 months of -- well past 18 months after the end of the test year, correct?

MR. MAY: I'm going to object and inquire as to -- I think that this line of questioning assumes that there is a 18-month limit somewhere in the statute, and I don't think that has been established.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I'm going to overrule the objection. I'm sure she's trying to lay some groundwork for her conclusion, coming towards the end. And that has got to be something along that you want this included in your test year, and it's 18 months out. We get it.

MS. CHRISTENSEN: Yes. And it's the last question along this line.

BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:

Q. You would agree that this is well beyond your -- or 18 months past the end of your test year, correct?

- A. I would agree with that.
- Q. Okay. Moving on to a different topic, let me take you to Page 10 of your Direct Testimony, Lines 4 through 11. And in there you discuss operational issues identified by DEP for the Palm Terrace system.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And you also testified that the most substantive issue related to the installation of the replacement force main that conveyed the wastewater treatment effluent that had been installed by the previous owner, is that correct?
- A. The replacement of that force main was the most substantive issue in the notice from DEP, yes.
- Q. Okay. How long had it been since AUF purchased the Palm Terrace system from the prior owner?
- A. I believe Palm Terrace was one of the AquaSource systems, so that would have been acquired in 2003.
- Q. Okay. So the force main issue would not be a new problem, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And you would agree that this is something that Aqua would consider or should consider and be aware of when they purchased the system, correct?
 - A. I would not agree with that, no. The force

main was functioning. The only issue with the force main is that it was laid over a concrete apron which was an entrance of stormwater into the stormwater pond. That may not be best engineering practices, but it had not been cited as a problem or a violation prior to that time and would not necessarily have been the kind of thing that would have been found on due diligence.

- Q. That is not something you would notice on a visual inspection of where the force main was going and that it went under a concrete apron?
 - A. Went over a concrete apron.
 - Q. I'm sorry, over a concrete apron.
 - A. Not necessarily, no.
- Q. All right. Well, let me turn your attention to Page 6 of your Direct Testimony, and you comment that at the close of the last hearing AUF had five open consent orders. They were all closed now except for one, is that correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. Now, isn't it true that since the last rate case you have had consent orders for the Twin Oaks and Tomoka View systems for exceeding MCL for trihalomethane?
- A. I know there was a consent order relative to trihalomethanes exceedances at Tomoka View. I know that

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we addressed disinfection by-products or total trihalomethane issues at both Twin Rivers and Tomoka View within the last two years with chloramination treatment.

- Q. Okay. And haven't you also had a consent order for the Peace River system for exceeding gross alpha MCLs?
- A. Yes, that's true, and that's described elsewhere in my testimony.
- Q. Okay. And is it also true that you had consent orders for the following systems: Jasmine Lakes wastewater, Rosalie Oaks wastewater, Fairways wastewater, Silver Lake Oaks water, Sunny Hill water, River Grove water, and Arredondo Farms wastewater?
- A. I am not aware of -- specifically, you are saying consent orders?
 - Q. Yes.
- A. Consent orders for each of those issues. I know that for Sunny Hills there is an open consent order, which is addressed elsewhere in my testimony. I know for South Seas we had a consent order which we have closed.
 - Q. Okay.
- A. If we had consent orders for the other systems that you mentioned, they have all been closed.

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- Q. Okay. And would you also agree that not all violations result in consent orders, that you can sometimes be in violation of DEP rules and regulations without it resulting in a consent order?
- A. Yes, if by violation you mean anything that can be noted on an inspection report or a warning letter, yes.
- Q. Okay. Well, let's discuss warning letters.

 Is it correct that AUF received a warning letter and a consent order for not timely submitting the results of the quarterly arsenic testing for Zephyr Shores water system?
 - A. I don't recall.
- Q. Okay. Do you know or are you aware that AUF received a warning letter for failing to notify DEP of a positive well test for E-coli for the Interlachen Estates water system?
 - A. Yes, I am aware of that.
- Q. Okay. And would it be also correct that AUF received a warning letter for failing to submit timely results of samples for nitrates and nitrites for the following systems: Orange Hill, Sugar Creek water, Gibsons Estates water, and Rosalie Oak water?
- A. Yes, I'm aware of that. I addressed them in my deposition, and I provided a late-filed exhibit that

-	Included a crose-out e-mail for the intract bampies.
2	Q. And are you aware that I believe she is a
3	DEP witness, but she may also be a water management or
4	health department witness, Katherine Walker testified
5	that, in general, Aqua does not submit compliance
6	submittals in a timely manner. But once the data is
7	requested, the utility is able to provide it. Are you
8	aware of that testimony?
9	A. I saw that testimony and discussed it with our
10	staff. I understand that there were some delays in
11	submission of a couple of EN50s, which subsequently have
12	been submitted, and that issue has been addressed and
13	resolved and those reports are being submitted on time.
14	MS. CHRISTENSEN: We have no further
15	questions.
16	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Ms. Bradley.
17	CROSS EXAMINATION
18	BY MS. BRADLEY:
19	Q. Sir, I just have a few questions. Did you
20	attend the service hearings?
21	A. I did not.
22	Q. Have you had an opportunity to read those?
23	A. I have read some of the testimony from some of
24	the service hearings.
25	Q. Okay. Did you read the one where the customer

testified that in about a year's time he had had two 1 instances of sewage backing up in his toilet and in his 2 tub? 3 Could you refresh me with the name of the 4 person who --5 I don't have the name. I believe it was in 6 ٥. Gainesville. 7 The name of the system. 8 I believe it was in Gainesville. That would 9 have been in the Arredondo Farms or the other Arredondo. 10 I think it was Mr. Waters. 11 Mr. Waters. I don't recall that. 12 You don't remember reading that? 13 I don't remember reading that testimony 14 15 specifically, no. You wouldn't call that an acceptable 16 Q. wastewater system if people are having sewage -- and he 17 also testified that he had had a plumber come out and 18 19 they had traced it all the way past his home into your 20 pipes. MR. MAY: I'm going to object. I would 21 appreciate counsel providing us the service hearing 22 23 transcript page and line that you are referring to. MS. BRADLEY: It was in Gainesville, the 24 Arredondo Farms I believe it was. 25

I'm

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Ms. Bradley, let's hold off 1 until we find the actual testimony so we can put it in 2 front of the witness. 3 MR. MAY: You said Mr. Waters? 4 MS. BRADLEY: I believe that was the one. 5 checking right now. 6 MR. JAEGER: That testimony seems to be on 7 Page 70, 71, in that area of the service hearing. 8 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: If somebody can give a copy 9 of that to the witness. 10 MS. BRADLEY: I will give him Page 71. 11 12 THE WITNESS: Okay. I don't know the specifics of this particular case. I do notice in the 13 testimony that when Mr. Waters was asked whether he had 14 contacted Aqua, his answer was that he had not. 15 presume if there was a blockage in our service we found 16 out about it in some way, but obviously he didn't call 17 18 us. 19 BY MS. BRADLEY: You would consider sewage backing up into the 20 tub and the toilet to be a problem, wouldn't you? 21 22 Any sewage blockage causing an SSO, or a backup of sanitary sewer, overflow, or a backup in 23 somebody's home is regrettable. It is a situation that 24 25 does occur. And when it occurs, we try to address it by

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clearing the line and looking into whether the line needs to be televised or fully cleaned. I'm not sure what we did in this particular situation.

- Q. But you saw where he testified it had happened twice?
- A. I don't know whether the second time had anything to do with him not notifying us the first time.

 I don't know what we did the first time.
- Q. But having two sewage block-ups into your tub within a year's time, that would be an issue, wouldn't it?
- A. I would say if he had notified us, and we had responded and responded improperly so that the same thing happened again, that would be an issue, yes.
- Q. Just having a sewage block one time to that extent, would you agree that would bother most people?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. Did you see the water that some of the customers brought to the hearings?
- A. When you gave your opening statement today was the first time that I saw that particular exhibit.
- Q. All right. The picture of this is in Exhibit 37, one of the pictures in there. Would you agree that most people would find that water quality to be unacceptable?

- A. I would agree that most people would find that water unacceptable. I would also say that that is not representative of the water that we supply our customers most of the time, most of our customers. Discolored water does occur. It is one of the things that we track. We track lab service orders for discolored water, and discolored water can occasionally occur as a result of line breaks, flushing activities, somebody operating a hydrant. There are many potential causes.
- Q. Did you see that there were a number of people in different areas that testified similarly that they had similar problems, even though they didn't bring their water to the hearing with them?
- A. As I said, we track discolored water calls, and we treat them seriously. We treat them as one of the indicators of whether customers are satisfied with water quality, or in this particular case dissatisfied with their water quality, and it's actually one of the metrics that we use to assess the effectiveness of our secondary aesthetic water quality improvement programs where one of the drivers for that program may have been discolored water, discolored water occurrences.

I really think -- I take exception with two things. One of the exhibits that you provided you identified as a sample from a customer's water heater.

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And it's not unusual for customers, if they drain their water heater, to be able to find discolored water in the water heater. That's not always the water utility's responsibility, and to represent a sample taken from a customer's water heater as representative of what is being delivered to the water -- to the customer, I think is misrepresentation. I would also like to --

Q. I did not say, did I not, that that was from a wastewater -- from a hot water heater?

MR. MAY: I think the lawyer is arguing with the witness here. I object.

MS. BRADLEY: I'm just asking a question. He said I was misleading, and I want to make sure that he understood and heard me say that that was from a wastewater -- I mean, a hot water heater.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I will allow the witness to editorialize until you object. And he was just talking, and you can stop him from just rambling on, if you would like to do that. If you like to ask him another question, you can do that, as well.

MS. BRADLEY: Thank you, sir. I'm glad to know you will sustain those objections.

BY MS. BRADLEY:

Q. Sir, you talked about discolored water. Do you also track -- I mean, it looks like -- I don't know

whether you can see it from where you are sitting, but stuff floating in there. Do you track that, as well?

A. I cannot. I can't see what you are -- what's in the bottle.

MS. BRADLEY: May I approach?

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Sure.

MR. MAY: Mr. Chairman, I'd like to register,
I guess, an ongoing objection here. I don't think any
groundwork has been laid as to where the water came from
or where the water has been since it was obtained and
placed in a bottle. And for her to continue to question
the witness without providing some kind of background
and foundation so that he can respond intelligently and
accurately, I'm not sure where this line of questioning
is really advising or informing anyone.

MS. BRADLEY: I'm terrible sorry,

Mr. Chairman. I thought Mr. May was at the hearing when
we took those. And I know Commissioner Brown and

Commissioner Brisé and I believe Commissioner Balbis was
at the same hearing. That was water that is part of

Exhibit -- I believe it is 37. That we also entered
pictures of in the water -- I mean, in the exhibits.

And they were produced by a customer who testified she
had taken them, as I indicated, one from the hot water
heater and the other two from faucets.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Well, I guess the question I have, and I was going to let the witness answer questions as long as Mr. May was going to let him answer the same questions. The problem I have with the examples that you have, the exhibits that you have is you don't know if this came from standing water out of somebody's driveway or wherever they happened to scoop it from.

So unless our staff went out there and took the sample, or unless your staff, or you went out there and took the sample -- he can answer the questions as long as he chooses to answer the questions, but for him or for you to represent that this is actually from his system, you know, you guys are taking that on faith.

MS. BRADLEY: Well, actually, it was from a witness who was sworn before the hearing started and testified under oath that she took that from her faucets.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: My next door neighbor, the five-year-old, has promised he has never kicked my dog. I mean, ma'am, I'm just telling you that unless somebody grabbed the sample -- unless you grabbed the sample, you can ask the questions all day long and he can answer them all day long, but if he says I don't know that that is my water sample, then he is saying he doesn't know

that is his water sample. He hasn't said that yet.

Mr. May made that objection, and that's where we
currently are.

Now, that objection on the floor, he says there is no proof that that is his water sample. Now, you can go and show him this and say does this look like something you would serve, and he could say that's not something I would serve, but I would say this is not something that I have served. I heard him say that once already. I don't know what point you're trying to get to.

MS. BRADLEY: I'm just trying to ask him if he considers that acceptable. And if they track that, I believe was my question, if they tracked the incidents of material floating in the water?

asked -- not necessarily that sample you put in front of him, but he has already answered the question that he doesn't see it is acceptable, and that is not representative of something that we provide to our customers on a regular basis. And he also spoke to the sample that came out of the hot water heater. Is there a point that you need to get to?

MS. BRADLEY: I asked him about the first sample. He made the comment that you have emphasized.

He said that they tracked discolored water. I asked him if they also tracked sediment or material floating in the water, and that's what he was looking at, the water, and I was waiting for an answer from him.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: And that's when the objection came from Mr. May saying that we don't know that that is water that actually came out of our system.

MS. BRADLEY: Well, I think --

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: You can ask the question do you track things floating in your water? And, sir, you can answer that question.

provided to me to examine appears to have in it a brown flock, we would call it. It looks like it would be consistent with iron oxide or rust. We would call this a discolored water sample, and it would be representative of something that a customer might complain about, would complain about discolored water, and we would try to address this. This would not be considered to be acceptable for water that we would provide to customers.

I can tell you that, from our experience, there are many things that can cause discolored water within somebody's home. If somebody has galvanized piping, they can get a water sample very much like this.

It has nothing to do with the water that is provided at 1 the street. 2 BY MS. BRADLEY: 3 Did you read enough of the hearings to know 4 whether or not there were a number of people that 5 complained about sediment and discolored water at the 6 7 service hearings? Yes, I did. I also track the lab service 8 orders on a monthly basis for all of Florida, and I know 9 that there are people that complain about discolored 10 water. I also know that those -- the number of those 11 complaints has gone down. And when I hear you say in 12 your opening statement that there has been no 13 improvement in water quality, after what we have done 14 with the secondary water quality, aesthetic water 15 quality improvement program and the tracking that we 16 have done, I find that objectionable. 17 MS. BRADLEY: Did you -- I'm not going to 18 argue with you. I think the record speaks for itself. 19 20 I have no further questions. 21 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you. YES. 22 23 CROSS EXAMINATION 24 BY MR. CURTIN: Good afternoon, sir. You're a licensed 25 Q.

- [engineer in Pennsylvania:
2	A. Yes, I am.
3	Q. You have no licenses in Florida, correct?
4	A. That's correct.
5	Q. You live in Pennsylvania?
6	A. Yes, I do.
7	Q. You work in Pennsylvania?
8	A. Yes, I do.
9	Q. And you have worked for Aqua for 27 years?
10	A. Yes.
11	Q. You had never visited the Arredondo Farms Park
12	once in those 27 years?
13	A. As I said in my deposition, I have never been
14	there. I am actually planning to go there this week,
15	depending on when these hearings end.
16 •	Q. So after our deposition where we asked
17	questions about whether you have ever visited there, and
18	you said no. Then when did you plan your planned trip
19	to Arredondo Farms?
20	A. I am planning to make the most out of the
21	couple of days that are between Friday and the
22	restart of hearings next week, if I can, to visit as
23	many of these places as I can.
24	Q. And you have never tasted the water or
25	actually seen the water at Arredondo Farms?

A. I have not.

Q. Now, you talked a lot in your five-minute summary of your speech and in the cross-examination that has already been taken about the secondary water quality program, the aesthetic water quality program. That started in 2008, correct?

A. Correct.

Q. That started as part of the first rate case, correct?

A. That's correct.

Q. It was actually compelled by the first rate case, correct?

A. Yes.

Q. Prior to that you had no aesthetic or secondary water quality program?

A. That's not true. As I said, we had a mechanism for tracking water quality complaints. We would react to water quality complaints. It was not a formalized program, as was developed through the aesthetic water quality improvement program. But decisions about installation or improvement of water treatment, modifications of wells, replacement of wells, replacement of distribution system piping are always influenced by water quality complaints from customers and the record of water quality complaints from

1 customers.

- Q. Well, tell me specifically, what secondary aesthetic issues had you attempted to address at Arredondo Farms prior to 2008?
- A. For the drinking water program, none, because there have been no exceedances of even secondary standards at Arredondo Farms. There is no iron; there is no manganese; there is no hydrogen sulfide. There have been no THM exceedances. There is no exceedance of the SMCL for fluoride.
- Q. The answer is, no, you haven't addressed any aesthetic or secondary problems prior to 2008 at Arredondo, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And since 2008, since that first rate case, you haven't -- you put Arredondo on the second tier, but you haven't done anything with that second tier of your aesthetic program, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. So when you say -- if you turn to your Direct Testimony at Page 4, Line 18 to 21, AUF has a strong commitment to customer service and is dedicated to attempting to address customer satisfaction as shown by, among other things, its ongoing efforts to improve the aesthetic quality of water for its customers.

Other than the 2008 aesthetic water program, which is part of the first rate case, as far as

Arredondo Farms, you can't point to anything you have done to address aesthetic or secondary water quality issues?

- A. That's absolutely not true. One of the drivers for everything that we did at Chuluota was the secondary water quality in addition to the total trihalomethane primary MCL exceedance.
 - Q. Chuluota is not Arredondo Farms, is it?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Now, when Arredondo Farms was put on the second tier, you haven't figured out -- you have no funds to pay for that second tier of your aesthetic water quality program?
- A. We don't have a budget for a specific project, because it is premature to determine whether exactly what it is that we are going to do here.
- Q. Well, any improvements that you do to

 Arredondo Farms for the second tier of your aesthetic

 water program to address hardness issues and other

 secondary issues that Arredondo Farms may have will be

 paid for by a future rate case, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. So you are asking this Commission to give you

a rate increase for your quality, and then you are planning to come back for another rate increase to pay for that quality program?

- A. We are asking this Commission to allow us recovery of capital expense that we have incurred to address issues at all of the systems, the 60 water systems and 27 wastewater systems that are part of this case. We have not invested any capital yet at Arredondo Farms. If there is a capital investment in the future to address hardness, specifically at Arredondo Farms, we would expect it to be covered in a future rate case.
- Q. And you knew about hardness issues when you purchased the system at Arredondo Farms?
- A. Well, as a matter of fact, I testified at the last rate case, and I don't recall the issue of hardness at Arredondo Farms coming up at all. So there would have been no way for me to know prior to our acquisition of the Arredondo Farms system in 2003 as part of a large AquaSource acquisition that hardness was an issue in 2003 if it wasn't even brought up in the rate case in 2008.
- Q. So in your summary, your five-minute summary, when you talked about the 1996 water, about complaints for hardness, you didn't look at the prior orders of this Commission prior to purchasing Arredondo Farms?

1	A. We did not look at the rate order of 1996 at
2	that time.
3	Q. And you didn't do any testing of the water for
4	aesthetic issues prior to purchasing Arredondo Farms?
5	A. We did not.
6	Q. Now, at Arredondo Farms you inject sodium
7	hypochlorite into the water, correct?
8	A. That's correct.
9	Q. That's basically a bleach solution, correct?
LO	A. That's correct.
L1	Q. Do you inject it right as it comes out of the
12	well and into the pipes? Where do you inject it?
13	A. We injected it from between the well and the
L 4	distribution system.
15	Q. And then it goes directly into the
16	distribution system?
17	A. Yes.
18	Q. So it's a closed point of application?
19	A. Yes.
20	Q. Okay. Now, isn't it true that sodium
21	hypochlorite when you use that, that can increase the pH
22	of the water, because it is made of caustic soda,
23	basically, sodium hydroxide?
24	A. It is not made up of sodium hydroxide. It is
25	actually a co-product of the production of sodium

1 .	hypochlorite and sodium hydroxide from the electrolysis
2	of salt.
3	Q. A sodium hypochlorite solution is at a high
4	pH, correct?
5	A. That is correct.
6	Q. And that high pH can promote scaling, calcium
7	carbonite formations if it's hard water, correct?
8	A. Not in the system, but it can actually at the
9	point of injection, where the concentration of the
10	hypochlorite that is added is highest, cause scaling at
11	the injector.
12	Q. And it could cause scaling at the injector,
13	especially when it's in a closed point of application
14	instead of an open point of application, correct?
15	A. It really doesn't make any difference.
16	Q. It doesn't make any difference. Have you ever
17	smelled water when you inject this when we are
18	talking about a hardness issue and the calcification
19	encrustations that are caused by hardness, that is
20	because the minerals are in the water and it
21	precipitates out of the water, correct?
22	A. The minerals are in the water as it occurs
23	naturally in groundwater. The groundwater is actually
24	supersaturated with calcium carbonate.
25	Q. And the injection of sodium hypochlorite could

as it occurs er is actually pochlorite could FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

biologically and chemically change the water and make that a higher pH, which would promote the precipitation of those chemicals out of the water.

- A. The application of bleach or sodium hypochlorite would not have -- would only have a beneficial biological effect by killing any bacteria that were in the water. It can increase the pH very, very slightly. And what I tried to explain is that you are adding three or four milligrams per liter of -- that's parts per million of bleach. It has a very, very small impact on the pH and the saturation of the bulk water. But at the point of application, where the concentration is highest before it diffuses into the pipe, it can cause scaling.
- Q. And that scaling could cause clogs in the pipes?
- A. No, the scaling will cause clogs in the injector which will have to be removed, cleaned, and put back in.
- Q. Well, how about when it reaches the ultimate consumer, could there would be scaling issues on, say, their plumbing fixtures, their hot water heater fixtures, their coffee machines, things of that nature?
- A. Any water that has a hardness composition that is supersaturated with calcium carbonate has the

potential to cause scaling on all of those things you just described.

- Q. And have you seen that scaling at Arredondo Farms?
- A. I have not. I have seen pictures of some of the scaling.
- Q. And do you realize that some individuals may have medical issues where they may have an oxygen machine or other medical device that needs water in order to breathe or otherwise provide them medical assistance, and that water could clog up those devices?
- A. If somebody were to have a medical device that needed water to operate, where scaling could be a problem, that hard water supersaturated with calcium carbonate could cause that kind of an issue.
- Q. And do you know if that has happened at Arredondo Farms?
 - A. I do not.
 - O. Now --
- A. Let me just say that I don't know how much water such a machine would use, but there are rather simple solutions in a rather critical application like that that would allow that machine to be used with the water that exists. A small demineralizer or a softener just for that particular instrument would solve that

issue.

- Q. And you, as a water engineer may know that, but individuals living at the mobile home park may not know that. Do you know their level of education, what they may know or not know, and what they may have to add to their oxygen machine to keep it from being clogged?
- A. No. We wouldn't mind at all, we would encourage any customer with a specific issue like that to call us and we could share with them whatever expertise we have.
- Q. Now, have you ever attempted to put any sort of sequestration agent into the water?
 - A. Have we ever -- excuse me. Have we ever --
- Q. Have you ever attempted or looked into putting any sequestration agent into the water?
 - A. At Arredondo Farms specifically?
 - Q. Yes.
- A. It is one of the options that we are considering among several that we would be discussing as part of the secondary water quality improvement program, the second tier. That is one option.
- Q. Okay. And that could be what is called hexametaphosphate? Am I pronouncing that correct?
 - A. Sodium hexametaphosphate.
 - Q. And that agent could -- it doesn't take the

1	hardness out, but it mitigates the effects by preventing
2	the hardness, the calcification from precipitating out
3	of the water?
4	A. Depending on the distribution of minerals and
5	the properties of the water, it could provide some small
6	mitigating effect of the effects of hard water.
7	Q. As we sit here today, you haven't done any
8	analysis or attempted to use hexametaphosphate or any
9.	other sequestrating agent to see if it would mitigate
10	the effects of the hardness at Arredondo Farms?
11	A. We have not.
12	MR. CURTIN: No further questions for this
13	witness.
14	MR. RICHARDS: Thank you.
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15	CROSS EXAMINATION
15 16	CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. RICHARDS:
16	BY MR. RICHARDS:
16 17	BY MR. RICHARDS: Q. I just want to talk to you briefly about the
16 17 18	BY MR. RICHARDS: Q. I just want to talk to you briefly about the Palm Terrace system. On Page 10 of your prefiled
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16 17 18 19 20	BY MR. RICHARDS: Q. I just want to talk to you briefly about the Palm Terrace system. On Page 10 of your prefiled testimony, you mentioned this force main pipe that traversed a concrete apron. Have you been on site at
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1	replaced.
2	Q. Right. Do you remember when that was, when it
3	was replaced, placed under ground?
4	A. August of this year.
5	MR. RICHARDS: Okay. No further questions.
6	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Staff.
7	MR. JAEGER: Staff has just a couple.
8	CROSS EXAMINATION
9	BY MR. JAEGER:
10	Q. Were you here and did you hear Ms. Bennett
11	questioning Mr. Szczygiel this morning and this
12	afternoon?
13	A. Yes.
14	Q. And I think she asked him a question about a
15	cost study, what cost analysis study was done for meter
16	replacements. Do you remember that question?
17	A. I do remember the question.
18	Q. Do you remember that he either said he didn't
19	know or he might punt that to you?
20	A. I don't believe that was the one he was going
21	to punt to me.
22	Q. Okay.
23	A. It's not my area of expertise.
24	Q. But you don't know if there has been a cost
25	study analysis done for meter replacements, then?

1	A. I do not.
2	MR. JAEGER: Mr. Chairman, I have an exhibit
3	number I would like to have identified. I think the
4	next one is 297.
5	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Sounds good. Do you have a
6	short title for it?
7	MR. JAEGER: Yes. It is Luitweiler Deposition
8	Exhibits 1 through 8.
9	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay.
LO	MR. JAEGER: And the parties have all
L1	stipulated to all of these exhibits coming into the
L2	record, so I don't believe I really need to
L3	cross-examine or do anything more. I just want to have
L 4	that moved into the record, when we are done with
L5	Mr. Luitweiler.
L6	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay.
L7	MR. JAEGER: That's all staff has for
L8	Mr. Luitweiler.
L9	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioners, questions for
20	this witness?
21	Commissioner Brown.
22	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Yes. Thank you, Mr.
23	Chairman. I have a few questions.
24	Regarding boil-water notices, what is the
25	current policy that the company employs?

THE WITNESS: We comply with the DEP, the Florida DEP, or the Department of Health requirements for issuing precautionary boil-water notices. These are usually required when there is a loss of pressure, either a complete loss of pressure or a loss of pressure down to below 20 psi. In most cases, these are related to things like localized main work, replacing a valve or a main break. And if the break or the work can be isolated, it's limited to a small number of customers, and that's handled with door tags, door hang tags.

In other cases, if there is a large water main break affecting many hundreds or thousands of customers, notification is a little bit more difficult, and we may do that either with door tags, if there's enough manpower available. We also have available a call campaign, a telephonic campaign system called Swift Reach, where we can pull the phone numbers from our customer information system and launch phone campaigns. We can reach thousands of phone numbers in a matter of a couple of minutes.

As I have said in my testimony, and I think in my rebuttal testimony, no single notification system is perfect. When you are trying to do notifications with door tags or with 8-1/2 by 11 sheets of paper, and it's storming they can get wet, they can blow away, although

there was some insinuation, you know, that that is a myth. But, you know, think about it. It does happen. We post notices sometimes on what appears to be somebody's front door, and it turns out that they come in through their garage, and they don't see the notice for two or three days, and they are angry because they weren't notified.

So we really found that the phone system is probably the best way to reach people, but we don't have phone numbers for everybody, and everybody isn't home, and not everybody has an answering machine. So there are people who do not get notified when we use the phone system.

So we use -- in some cases we have used a combination of both. We have lists. We can pull a list of the number, the accounts for which we do not have phone numbers and hand-deliver notices to those people, and then call all of the other people. We still miss a few, but that's probably about the best way that we have for notification of these precautionary boil-water notices.

I would like to say that there were in some of the opening statements some implication that notification of these precautionary boil-water notices, if it was not perfect, if we missed somebody, left in the minds of a customer who had consumed some of the water the potential that they had consumed contaminated water. And I just want to emphasize again that these precautionary boil-water notices are precautionary. There is no actual evidence of contamination. They are not arising out of actual contaminants found in the water, but just the fact that there is a remote possibility of contamination.

The way they are lifted is we have to take two sets of samples on two consecutive days, and it takes 24 hours to process the samples. So it always takes a minimum of two days before we can lift a boil water notice. And in almost every case the results of that sampling have shown that there is no contamination. So you'd like to be able to say that the notification is perfect, but people need to get a grip on what the real risk is from a precautionary boil-water notice.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Who determines the notice mechanism, which type of notice will be provided to the customer?

THE WITNESS: Well, if we have time we will try to consult either the Department of Health or the Florida DEP and tell them what our options are, the area that is affected, and try to work with them. We will usually suggest a method of doing it. That's not always

Sometimes a water main break occurs at 7:00 or 8:00 o'clock at night, or we find -- you know, we think we can isolate a break. We can't isolate the break. Now we know there is a larger area affected. That decision is made at 8:00 or 9:00 o'clock at night. We can't always reach somebody to consult, so we'll make that decision based on availability of manpower, availability to get the notices out, and availability to make the telephonic notification, if that is an option. COMMISSIONER BROWN: Is it Aqua's position

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that it has complied with DEP rules regarding boil notices during the test year?

THE WITNESS: I can't say that we have complied completely 100 percent of the time in every I think our compliance has been very good. Many times these decisions are made at the operator level. The operator is out there, you know, in the middle of the night trying to fix a break. He has got a bunch of boil-water tags. He tags the homes. Can I say for sure that in every case where there has been a water main break we have gotten a tag on every home, I can't say that.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: During those service hearings we heard a lot about meter-reading issues, various complaints from different segments. Is the

company aware of any technical or flawed meter equipment 1 2 issues with its meters? 3 THE WITNESS: I'm not, but I'm really not the person who would be best to testify to that. 4 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Who would? 5 THE WITNESS: Probably Sue Chambers or Troy 6 7 Rendell. 8 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you. I'm getting Regarding the pro forma plant additions that were 9 a result of the Phase II Monitoring Plan, I'm assuming 10 11 that there are pro forma plant additions that the 12 company is requesting recovery in its rate base, is that correct? 13 14 THE WITNESS: That's correct. 15 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Can you go through those in terms of dollar amounts? 16 17 THE WITNESS: I'll be glad to do that as best I will go through, if it's all right with you, 18 the ones that are protested, rather than all of the pro 19 forma. 20 21 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Yes. 22 THE WITNESS: Okay. For Lake Josephine, we 23 are requesting \$177,679.89. For Sebring Lakes, \$195,079.61. For Leisure Lakes, \$105,799.04. Those are 24 25 the three protested pro forma additions that relate

specifically to the secondary water quality projects.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Okay. Thank you. And also, regarding Jasmine Lakes, during the service hearing we heard customer testimony about red water that occurred in September of 2011 in the Jasmine Lakes area. Can you possibly address this issue?

THE WITNESS: I would have to consult our records to see exactly what was going on, but I recall that there was an issue with either flushing or somebody using a hydrant in that community that caused a cluster of discolored water calls in September.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Did the company incur a warning letter as a result of that event from DEP?

THE WITNESS: No. DEP did not require a warning letter. That is not the kind of situation that would require a warning letter.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: In sum, I guess, how many warning letters has the company received from environmental compliance regulatory authorities during the test year?

THE WITNESS: I don't have that number. I have testified to specific ones. There have been a few others mentioned here that I would have to go back and look through our records to give you an accurate number.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Okay. Thank you.

MR. MAY: Commissioner Brown, I think he'll be back up for rebuttal, and he will certainly have that information for you at that time.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you, Mr. May.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioner Balbis.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

One or two quick questions.

In the information that was provided and entered into the record and, also, the testimony that was given during the customer meetings, would you agree that most of the water quality issues were what you would expect with water that has a high hardness?

THE WITNESS: No, not necessarily. I really think from what I have seen of the testimony from Arredondo Farms that is the case, but not in general. The other complaints are, you know, discolored water calls, taste and odor calls. Those really are mostly associated with iron, manganese, or hydrogen sulfide.

a little bit on those utility systems that did have high hardness. And the question is Aqua as a whole nationwide, although there aren't primary water quality standards for hardness, there is an aesthetic issue that customers can deal with and not deal with. Do you establish your own standards, if you will, where

although there may not be a requirement, this is something that Aqua would like to move forward with correcting, or is it based solely on customer complaints?

THE WITNESS: Well, we do not have an internal standard or goal for hardness. We operate 1,400 water systems across the country. The hardness varies tremendously. The expectations of the customers relative to hardness varies tremendously, so we do not have a one-size-fits-all policy or solution as to when we soften water and to what level we soften water, if we do soften water. But we do respond to customer complaints and concerns regarding hardness. And if there is an issue, we will work with the customers, the affected customers, with engineers, both in-house and consulting engineers to try to come up with the most cost-effective solution.

In Florida, and really Florida is the only place where we have developed this secondary water quality initiative process of really trying to engage the customers in coming to the optimum solution. In many other places it is more of a, you know, we will make the engineering decision and do what we think is the right thing and expect recovery from the commissions.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: And then for Arredondo Farms, which has had complaints about high hardness, at least the customers there have, how does that hardness level compare to the other 1,400 systems?

THE WITNESS: It's probably in the upper 10 percent, but it's definitely not at the top.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. And my last question. There were several customers that testified that the water quality has decreased over the past several years. Have you seen any indications that the water quality has decreased?

THE WITNESS: I have not. Actually by tracking our water quality complaints, I have seen pretty convincing evidence that the water quality has improved. We know where we have made treatment changes, made changes in our flushing protocols that we have achieved substantial and demonstrable improvements in water quality.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. And one last follow-up question. In the previous order that was referenced, the '08 order, there are listed pro forma plant additions that were approved by the Commission. Are there any of those pro forma plant additions that have not been performed?

THE WITNESS: In 2008. No, not to my

knowledge.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I have a quick question for you. Since we're talking about Arredondo Farms, is there a reason why hypo is used as your selected biocide for that?

THE WITNESS: Well, the alternative is gaseous chlorine. Gaseous chlorine is less basic, so it could have the advantage of not causing scaling on the injectors, but it is also more dangerous. And generally as a company we have tried to move away from gaseous chlorine and used sodium hypochlorite wherever we can.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Are you using hypo in all of your systems throughout the State of Florida?

THE WITNESS: No, there are still some that have gaseous chlorine.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Are you using chlorine dioxide anywhere?

THE WITNESS: We are not using chlorine dioxide anywhere in Florida.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: What is the cost difference between the chlorine dioxide and the hypo?

THE WITNESS: Chlorine dioxide is more expensive. There is two problems with chlorine dioxide -- well, three problems. It's operationally a

little bit more difficult to manage. It produces a byproduct in the water of chlorite and chlorate, both of which are regulated by EPA and have to be monitored very closely. There is an actually an acute MCL for chlorate, I believe, which if it is exceeded would require 24 hours notification of the public that that level has been exceeded.

The other thing is that chlorine dioxide doesn't leave a residual disinfectant in the distribution system, and it's imperative that you have a residual disinfection. So it's a little bit like ozone in that ozone is a great oxidant, it's a great disinfectant, but there is no residual disinfection effect. So anybody who is using ozone for disinfection also has to use either chlorine, or chlorine gas, or sodium hypochlorite for disinfection in the distribution system.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: So for the most part the most cost-effective thing to be using in these systems would be hypo?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Do you have any problems with that stuff flashing off in the tanks, in the holding tanks?

THE WITNESS: No. It does decay over time,

and in very hot weather it does sometimes cause degas in the injection pump. And, again, the design and selection of the injection pump to try to minimize that is an important consideration. But, other than that, we don't have any problem with sodium hypochlorite.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: And if you guys were trying to -- well, let's go back to Arredondo Farms -- add something else to sequester the scaling, how much would that add to the price of the system?

THE WITNESS: Well, we haven't even done preliminary cost analysis of adding sodium hexametaphosphate or another sequestrant, a polyphosphate sequestrant. It wouldn't be terribly expensive, but there are considerations. First of all, how effective would it really be. And I'm not aware of many systems that are really effectively treating the effects of hardness with sodium hexametaphosphate. It also adds phosphorous to the treatment plant.

And, as you know in Florida nutrients are a big issue, and anything that increases nitrogen or phosphorous to a wastewater treatment plant will cause a treatment issue downstream. Since we operate the wastewater plant also, we have invested a tremendous amount of money in upgrading that wastewater plant, we wouldn't want to undo the work that we have done there

unknowingly to try to address the scaling issue. Those are all considerations that would go into selecting an optimum solution for the hardness of Arredondo Farms.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: One last question. Those other 1,400 facilities that you have, are there any regulatory agencies that have a standard for hardness?

THE WITNESS: None that I'm aware of.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Commissioner Brisé.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

I have a couple of questions for you. I will start with The Village water and wastewater system out in Lakeland, and I sort of want an update of where you are with that whole situation, and then that will lead down a path of questions depending on your answer.

October, Tricia Williams and our state president, Rick
Fox, met with Jeff Greenwell and his staff to discuss
where we were with Village water. This is a very
intractable issue. We are dealing with a small system
with 48 industrial customers with ponds that have been
used for disposal of the treated effluent. There is a
wastewater treatment plant there, it is performing well,
performing good quality effluent. The effluent is going
to ponds. The ponds are cut -- they are old phosphate
mines, so they are cut into the groundwater table, so

they are not constructed to the new -- the newest standards for percolation or high rate infiltration ponds.

Florida DEP would like us to find an alternate means of effluent disposal for this system, and we have actually identified two alternatives. One would be a force main for the treated effluent to go into a main operated by the City of Lakeland to the TECO electric generating station where the water would be used for cooling water for evaporative cooling. A very expensive solution, and the City of Lakeland has not given us firm terms on what they would charge us for capacity fees and commodity charge fees for using that.

We know that they are allowing another system to do that. We have suggested that we might be interested in those same terms. They have said, well, for you guys it might be a little more. That's kind of where we are in the negotiations. But we are talking about a quarter of a million dollars in capital expense, and probably -- well, a significant increase in operating expenses to be paid to the City of Lakeland for use of that line.

The other alternative, we have actually entered into a lease with a nearby property owner. We had an engineer evaluate the feasibility of putting a

spray field on that site. We originally thought we might be able to use a ten-acre portion of that site. The land was so bad for spray irrigation use and infiltration that it looks like we would have to use 30 acres. We would be paying a very high land lease fee, and spending, again, upwards of three or \$400,000 on developing -- clearing and developing a spray field here.

This is for 48 customers. The environmental impact of the status quo is negligible. We have treated effluent going into two ponds. We have made -- we have done several studies of those ponds which we have submitted to DEP. We have made several improvements on those ponds, all in the spirit of cooperation with DEP to try to get to a solution that would minimize any potential environmental impact. And DEP has recognized that work in granting a five-year permit to us a little more than a year ago. So we did get a permit for the status quo, but DEP wants us to continue to work down the path of coming up with an alternative solution.

At the meeting on, I think it was

October 25th, several of the -- these two alternatives

and their costs were presented to DEP, and several

suggestions were made by some of the DEP staff

including, you know, get an engineer to estimate what it

would cost to raise the berms of the ponds to increase the volume of the ponds so that there would never be a discharge. Never when you are in Florida where it can rain 10 or 15 inches in a day is a difficult standard, but we are going to take a look at that option. They also made a suggestion that we use some of the treated effluent for wash-down water on the plant. We actually thought that was a pretty good idea, but when we looked at how much water that was, it's 50 gallons a day. So we are going to do that, but it's a drop in the bucket.

So we are continuing to work with DEP on trying to find what would be a cost-effective solution here, but it is almost beyond comprehension spending 10,000 or \$15,000 per customer to try to deal with a situation that really is not an environmental threat in the status quo.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Did you say 48 customers?

THE WITNESS: Forty-eight industrial customers.

commissioner BRISÉ: That's really one of the reasons I asked the question, because there is such a high cost there for the number of customers. But moving on to another issue, since AUF has implemented or begun to implement its Phase II aesthetic water quality improvements, have you seen the number of complaints

with respect to aesthetics go down in the seven systems that have been looked at?

THE WITNESS: The seven systems are Phase I of the secondary water quality improvement programs, and, yes, we have seen a decrease in the number of water quality complaints from those systems.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Okay. The last question

I have for you has to do with the 300,000, or roughly
\$300,000 that was spent on wastewater treatment efforts
at Arredondo Farms when the system was, I guess,
initially purchased. I guess my question is was there
an awareness of the aesthetic issues there, and were the
wastewater issues more pressing than the aesthetic
issues at that time so that that investment was made in
that direction versus in the other direction?

THE WITNESS: Well, this is interesting. It's almost like deja vu. This reminds me, I was here two years ago testifying in the 2008 case. I think there were hearings then, and there was discussion about Chuluota, and the exact same question was made. Why did you spend so much money on the wastewater plant and not on the water system? And I testified at that time that I was very proud of what we did at the wastewater plant. The wastewater plant was in terrible condition. And from an engineer's perspective, if you are going to fix

one thing first and then the second, I think that was the right decision.

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It is always easy to second quess those kinds of decisions, but remember where we were in 2008. were no water quality issues for Arredondo Farms being raised in that 2008 case. The wastewater plant was cited by DEP, and we were -- if we didn't get an administrative order or consent order, we were very close -- I think they actually did issue us an administrative order for that system as we were in the process of completely rebuilding that wastewater system. It was undersized, underdesigned, very poorly designed. Many engineering problems associated with that. An engineer back in Bryn Mawr who works for me, Mark Bubell (phonetic), really was instrumental in, kind of, trying to make maximum advantage of all of the tankage and equipment that was out there at the Arredondo Farm system to try to keep the cost under control.

You know, rebuilding or replacing a small wastewater system like this can be very expensive on a per gallon basis, and he's kind of an expert at trying to make the best out of what you have. We have done it on several other systems in other states. So to answer your question, in short, that was a system where we decided that the wastewater, the condition of the

1	wastewater plant was our first priority to fix, and we
2	fixed it.
3	COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Okay. Thank you.
4	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. May, redirect.
5	MR. MAY: I was going to ask Mr. Luitweiler
6	about the wastewater plant, but he took the words out of
7	my mouth. So I have no redirect.
8	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Any exhibits to
9	enter?
10	MR. JAEGER: Staff would move 297.
11	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Move 297.
12	Mr. May.
13	MR. MAY: We would move
14	MR. JAEGER: It's 55 through 62 in the
15	Comprehensive Exhibit.
16	MR. MAY: it's Mr. Luitweiler's Exhibits
17	PL-1 through PL-8, which are designated as Hearing
18	Exhibits 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, and 62.
19	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We will move Exhibits 55
20	through 62 and Exhibit 296 into the record.
21	MR. JAEGER: 297.
22	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Which one was 297?
23	MR. JAEGER: 297 was the deposition exhibits
24	for Luitweiler, and 296 was Szczygiel's Late-filed
25	Exhibits 20 and 21.

1	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: 297. Okay.
2	(Exhibit Numbers 55 through 62 and Exhibit
3	Number 297 admitted into the record.)
4	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Sir, we are currently done
5	beating up on you for right now.
6	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
7	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. May.
8	MR. MAY: Mr. Chairman, can you give me one
9	minute to get my things in order?
.0	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Sure. This sounds like a
.1	good time. Let's take a five-minute break.
.2	(Recess.)
L3	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. May.
_4	MR. MAY: Thank you, Chairman Graham. With
L 5	your permission, Aqua Utilities Florida would call its
L6	next direct witness, Ms. Susan Chambers.
L7	SUSAN CHAMBERS
L8	was called as a witness on behalf of Aqua Utilities
L9	Florida, and having been duly sworn, testified as
20	follows:
21	DIRECT EXAMINATION
22	BY MR. MAY:
23	Q. Ms. Chambers, have you previously been sworn
24	in this proceeding?
25	A. I have.

,	O And would you please state your name and your
1	Q. And would you please state your name and your
2	business address for the record?
3	A. Susan Chambers, 762 West Lancaster Avenue,
4	Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania 19010.
5	Q. And, Ms. Chambers, did you prepare and cause
6	to be filed 19 pages of Direct Testimony in this case?
7	A. Yes, I have.
8	Q. Do you have that Direct Testimony before you
9	today?
10	A. Yes, I do.
11	Q. Do you have any corrections to your testimony?
12	A. No, I do not.
13	Q. If I were to ask you the questions that are
14	contained in your Direct Testimony today, would your
15	answers be the same?
16	A. Yes, they would.
17	MR. MAY: Mr. Chairman, I would ask that the
18	Direct Testimony of Ms. Chambers be inserted into the
19	record as though read.
20	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We will insert Ms. Chambers'
21	Direct Testimony into the record as though read.
22	MR. MAY: Thank you.
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BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

2		AQUA UTILITIES FLORIDA, INC.
3		TESTIMONY OF SUSAN CHAMBERS
4		DOCKET NO. 100330-WS
5	I, <u>I</u> 1	ntroduction.
6	Q.	Please state your name, position, and business address.
7	A.	My name is Susan Chambers. I am the National Customer Service Manager for
8		Aqua America ("Aqua"). My business address is 762 W. Lancaster Avenue, Bryn
9		Mawr, Pennsylvania 19010.
10		
11	Q.	What are your duties and responsibilities as the National Customer Service
12		Manager?
13	A.	I am responsible for serving the customers of Aqua Utilities Florida, Inc. ("AUF"
14		or the "Company") in the areas of customer service and Call Center operations,
15		including quality control.
16		
17	Q.	Please describe your educational background and work expertise.
18	A.	I have worked for Aqua for 24 years. I have recently been appointed to the
19		position of National Customer Service Manager. Prior to this appointment, I was
20		the National Customer Billing Manager and took on that role in 2005. Prior to
21		that, I have held several positions in Aqua's billing and accounting departments
22		and became Aqua's billing manager in 2001. I have a B.S. degree in Accounting
23		from Cabrini College in Radnor, Pennsylvania.
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II. Purpose and Summary of Testimony.

- 2 Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?
- 3 A. I appear on behalf of AUF to discuss the Company's good customer service and
- 4 its strategy for continuing to enhance customer service. I also discuss the
- 5 Company's continuing commitment to address customer satisfaction.

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- 7 Q. Are you sponsoring any exhibits to your direct testimony?
- 8 A. Yes. I am sponsoring the following exhibits:
- 9 Exhibit SC-1 is a compilation of AUF's actions taken in response to
- customer comments made during prior hearings in this
- 11 proceeding.
- 12 Exhibit SC-2 is AUF's detailed response to issues raised by a customer
- receiving service from AUF's Arredondo Farms system.
- Exhibit SC-3 is AUF's Final Phase II Quality of Service Monitoring Report.
- 15 Exhibit SC-4 is AUF's Report on Commission Complaints 2011.
- Exhibit SC-5 is AUF's Report on Commission Complaints 2009-2010.

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- Q. Please summarize your testimony.
- 19 A. AUF has a strong commitment to customer service. The Company is dedicated to
- anticipating and meeting the needs of its customers by effectively utilizing
- customer service representatives ("CSRs"), field technicians, and technology to
- 22 enhance the quality of the service that AUF provides to its customers. AUF
- continues to listen attentively to the concerns of its customers and has
- implemented a number of significant proactive measures to address customer
- 25 satisfaction.

Since AUF's last rate case in Docket No. 080121-WS, AUF's customer service has been the focus of a rigorous and unprecedented monitoring review by the Commission, its Staff and the Office of Public Counsel ("OPC"). The results of that monitoring clearly show that AUF has good customer service and is committed to improving that service. No further action by the Commission is needed to ensure quality of service.

III. AUF's Commitment to Customer Service.

10 Q. Please describe AUF's commitment to customer service.

11 A. AUF's mission is built around a strong commitment to customer service. We
12 have a Customer Field Services Manager in Florida who manages all customer
13 service functions between the Call Center, Billing and Customer Service. This
14 includes service orders, billing issues, water quality issues, meter reading and
15 customer interface. We have a Call Center dedicated to AUF-related calls, and we
16 are committed to making sure that our CSRs are well trained to respond to
17 customers in an effective, prompt and courteous manner.

- Q. Has AUF taken steps since its last rate case to enhance the services it provides to customers?
- 21 A. Yes. Since the last rate case, AUF has implemented a number of proactive 22 measures to improve its customer service. For example:
 - To identify trends or potential problem areas, and to appropriately resolve customer concerns, AUF has formed a "Complaint Analysis and Remediation Team" ("CART"), which consists of all Call Center

1	supervisors and their managers, as well as the Supervisor of Compliance
2	The team meets on a monthly basis to address all escalated calls and to
3	identify areas where further coaching and training are needed. When I us
4	the terms "escalated calls" I refer to calls and communications received
5	from customers requesting further review by either a supervisor o
6	manager.
7	AUF has refined the tracking of customer on-site meter and bench tes
8	procedures to make those tests more timely and efficient.
9	• To enhance customer responsiveness and efficiency, AUF ha
10	standardized its processes for its field technicians to improve th
11	interactions between the field technicians and the Call Center.
12	AUF prepared and provided an informational brochure to remine
13	customers about contacting the Call Center when they leave or return to
14	their Florida home. This proactive measure is helpful because many o
15	AUF's customers use their Florida home as a second residence in the
16	winter. The brochure was designed to encourage customers to contact th
17	Call Center when they leave for the summer so that their account i
18	properly noted as "seasonal."
19	AUF developed a water conservation and leak detection informational
20	section on the website. This can be found at
21	http://watersmart.aquaamerica.com.
22	These are just some of the measures AUF has taken since the last rate case to
23	improve its customer service. AUF is constantly looking for ways to enhance

customer satisfaction.

1	Q.	Has AUF attempted to address proactively customer concerns raised at the
2		customer meetings that previously took place in this proceeding?

A. Yes. Between October 14, 2010, and November 18, 2010, AUF attended and participated in 9 customer meetings, at which time the customers were allowed to ask questions and provide input regarding AUF's quality of service. AUF listened attentively to all of those customer comments. AUF customer representatives reviewed every single issue raised during the public input hearings. Depending on the nature of the issue, AUF followed up with meetings, phone calls, meter tests, field visits and follow-up letters. In addition, AUF filed with the Commission a formal response to the customer comments from each of the meetings and from the May 24, 2011 Agenda Conference. Attached to my testimony as Exhibit SC-1 is a compilation of all of AUF's responses to the customer comments, which AUF has previously filed with the Commission.

Q. Has AUF attempted to proactively address customer concerns raised in other forums?

Yes. AUF filed a detailed response to concerns raised by a customer receiving service from AUF's Arrendondo Farms system, which is attached to my testimony as Exhibit SC-2. In addition, AUF has contacted this customer and will be meeting with the customer in the near future to discuss specific issues which the customer has raised.

Q. What other steps has AUF taken to address customer concerns?

A. Customer input is extremely important to AUF and the Company continues to take steps to address issues raised by customers at customer meetings. For

example:

•	AUF has taken significant steps to address customer concerns with respec
	to the aesthetic quality of water. This is explained in detail in Mr
	Luitweiler's direct testimony,

- Furthermore, in order to address customer requests for online payment options, AUF has developed a new program - Aqua Online - that allows utility customers to view and pay bills online. This new program is currently available to AUF's customers.
- AUF listened attentively to those customers who expressed concerns that their water service had been "shut off" for nonpayment. AUF is sensitive to these concerns and has a termination of service policy that is more consumer friendly than the service termination regulations set forth in Commission Rule 25-30.320(2), F.A.C.

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A.

Q. Please compare AUF's service termination policies with those set forth in the Commission's Rules.

Under the Commission's Rules, a customer has 21 days to make a payment before being considered delinquent. Once an account becomes delinquent, those rules authorize the utility to terminate service for nonpayment for <u>any</u> amount past due, provided that the utility supplies the customer with at least 5 working days written notice in advance of termination. Under AUF's policy, the customer is provided at least 10 days advance written notice indicating that service will be discontinued if payment is not received. In addition to providing more advanced written

shutoff notice, AUF also attempts to call the customer prior to discontinuing service, which is not required by the Commission's Rules. Furthermore, unlike the Commission's Rules which allow for service to be terminated for failure to pay any amount of an outstanding bill, AUF's policy is to proceed with service termination only in those instances where the outstanding amount owed exceeds \$100. Furthermore, although not required by Commission Rules, AUF routinely offers a payment plan for outstanding bills for qualified customers. Qualified customers are customers who have not broken previous payment agreements more than twice. Finally, where service is terminated for failure to pay, AUF's policy is to reinstate service within the next business day following the date of payment confirmation.

- Q. Other than customer service meetings, are there other means by which the Company measures and monitors the quality of its customer service?
- 15 A. Yes, AUF closely monitors the types of calls coming into its Call Center as well
 16 as the complaints filed at the Commission. AUF also utilizes its own quality of
 17 service metrics which are part of its robust quality assurance program.

- Q. Please provide examples of changes that were implemented as a result of the
 Company monitoring calls coming into its Call Center.
- 21 A. Certainly. Since the last rate case, AUF has implemented a process where an alert
 22 message is placed on a customer bill if a customer has a high bill or the bill covers
 23 a period longer than 35 days. The high bill alert prompts the customer to
 24 investigate for potential leaks and visit Aqua's website for more detailed

1		information. The long period bill afert advises the customer that they can request a
2		payment arrangement upon contacting the Call Center.
3		
4		In addition, in order to improve the CSR responsiveness and make sure that
5		escalated calls coming into the Call Center are responded to in a timely fashion,
6		AUF has developed an electronic work queue ("EWQ") that is used to monitor
7		and track supervisor customer call backs. The EWQ is audited by the Quality
8		Assurance Team, which is compromised of Senior CSRs.
9		
0	Q.	Please explain how AUF monitors the complaints filed with the Commission
1		in order to ensure quality of service.
2	A.	AUF closely monitors the complaints coming into the Commission and
3		categorizes the complaints in order to track and respond to root cause trends. For
4		the first seven months of 2011 AUF averaged 10 complaints per month. By
5		comparison, the average number of complaints filed regarding AUF in 2009 and
6		2010 were 18 per month and 13 per month, respectively. This is shown in my
7		Exhibit SC-5. As shown in my Exhibit SC-4, 56 out of 71 (79%) complaints in
8		2011 were related to a high bill or billing dispute.
9		
20		AUF has acted promptly and properly to resolve the complaints filed at the
21		Commission's Call Center. Indeed, all of the complaints filed during the Phase II
22		monitoring period have now been closed.
23		
14		

1	Q.	Have you identified any trends in the volume of complaints that have be	en
2		filed regarding AUF since 2007?	

A. Yes. In 2007 AUF averaged receiving 20 Commission complaints per month. In 2011, that average has dropped to 10 complaints per month, which equates to a 50% reduction in complaint volume. This decrease in complaints during this period is significant, particularly when one considers that over the same time frame AUF had initiated two rate cases, and customer complaints and inquiries typically increase around the time of a rate case. Although AUF is proud that the number of complaints has decreased over the last 4 years, AUF recognizes the importance of tracking formal complaints and will work hard to see the number of complaints continue to decrease even further.

Q. You mentioned that AUF measures and monitors its service quality using its own metrics. Why doesn't AUF use the Commission's metrics?

A. The Commission has not adopted its own standards to monitor or measure a water or wastewater utility's quality of service.

Q. How does AUF employ its metrics to monitor and measure quality of service?

A. AUF has been proactive in establishing its own quality of service metrics as part of a robust quality assurance program. A detailed discussion of those quality of service metrics and how AUF utilizes those metrics to improve service and address customer satisfaction is set forth in my Exhibit SC-3.

It is important to note that AUF did not establish these self-imposed metrics at easily attained levels so that it could simply justify the status-quo. Instead, AUF designed its metrics to challenge employees to stretch their customer service performance toward excellence. AUF's operations are guided by challenging targets which take into account that, while 100 percent perfection is not always achievable or cost effective, AUF's customers expect 100 percent reliability. AUF strives to provide 100 percent reliable customer service in all service categories. However, as with any water, gas, electric or telecommunications utility, 100 percent perfection is not always attainable. The fact that AUF has been proactive in adopting its own quality of service metrics, illustrates AUF's commitment to quality of service. Moreover, as shown in Exhibit SC-3, the results of those quality of service metrics demonstrate that AUF's service quality has steadily improved since its last rate case.

A.

Q. You state that the quality of AUF's customer service has been the subject of rigorous monitoring by the Commission and others since the last rate case.
Can you elaborate on that monitoring process?

Yes. AUF last sought rate relief from the Commission in 2008. After conducting a formal hearing, the Commission determined that AUF's quality of service was marginal for all systems except the Chuluota System, which was found to be unsatisfactory. The Commission thereafter granted AUF rate relief for all of its systems, except for the Chuluota water and wastewater systems. In addition to granting rate relief, the Commission established a monitoring plan ("Initial Monitoring Plan") to enable it to monitor AUF's customer service in three areas: the general handling of customer complaints, the specific handling of complaints

at AUF's Call Center, and the accuracy of AUF's metering readings and resulting bills.

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Initial Monitoring Phase

The Commission's Initial Monitoring Plan required AUF to file monthly reports on customer complaints, Call Center sound recordings, and meter reading logs and route schedules for the six-month period from May 2009 through October 2009. Every call from an AUF customer that came into the Call Center during this time period was recorded and provided to the Commission Staff for review. AUF complied with the Commission's Initial Monitoring Plan in all respects. AUF timely submitted extensive complaint logs and Call Center sound recordings for each month, which allowed Commission Staff to objectively review first-hand all customer calls to determine the quality of service provided by AUF's CSRs. AUF also provided Commission Staff with all of its meter reading route schedules for the entire six month monitoring period along with the actual meter reading logs for all of those systems. This allowed Commission Staff to personally visit AUF systems soon after AUF's meter readers had completed their reads and documented the usage on the meter. Commission Staff compared its volumetric reads to the AUF meter reading log to independently test for meter and billing accuracy.

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At the end of that intensive independent review process, Commission Staff filed a detailed report and recommendation on March 4, 2010, which concluded that AUF's handling of customer complaints, meter reading, customer billing and environmental compliance was adequate.

On March 16, 2010, the Commission considered Staff's recommendation and observed that its Staff had spent an extraordinary amount of time objectively reviewing the quality of AUF's customer service and further found that Staff's review of the actual CSR sound recordings was the most reasonable means to determine if AUF is performing adequately. The Commission went on to affirm that of the 738 total sound recordings reviewed, its Staff had independently determined that "the majority were handled in a courteous and professional manner and the representatives were taking the appropriate action to resolve all issues in the call." Order No. PSC-10-0218-PAA WS (April 6, 2010) at p. 6. The Commission also acknowledged that AUF had implemented a number of other measures to improve its customer service with respect to its Call Center, its field technicians and its customer outreach.

The Commission ultimately concluded that the results of the Initial Monitoring Plan showed "substantial improvement in AUF's customer service, [but that] additional monitoring was required to ultimately render a determination as to the adequacy of AUF's quality of service." *Id.* at 12 (emphasis added).

Phase II of Monitoring

Recognizing that its Initial Monitoring Plan had imposed substantial cost and time requirements on utility Staff and Commission Staff, the Commission directed its Staff to continue to monitor AUF's customer service through the end of 2010 on a more limited basis. The Commission also ordered AUF to collaborate with the OPC and other parties to "develop a cost-effective, efficient, and meaningful"

monitoring plan, and to bring the supplemental monitoring plan to us within 45 days." *Id.* at 13. Thereafter, AUF, OPC and the parties ultimately agreed to a proposed Phase II Monitoring Plan which eliminated the requirements that AUF produce sound recordings, meter reading information, and complaint logs, but continued a more limited monitoring of customer service and certain aesthetic water quality issues. To ensure that this Phase II Monitoring Plan was cost-effective and efficient, the reporting requirements specifically agreed upon by OPC and AUF were structured around (i) non-proprietary reports that AUF was already using internally to monitor and ensure quality of service (with the exception of one report that was created specifically for the Phase II Monitoring Plan), and (ii) an aesthetic water quality improvement program that AUF already had underway.

The Phase II Monitoring Plan required AUF to provide on a monthly basis the following customer service-related reports:

monthly basis the reasons for customer calls. This report is used by AUF management to understand recent performance and identify any adverse

A Management Quality Performance ("MQP") Report, which tracks on a

trends.

 A Florida Complaint Support Information Report, which provides nonproprietary information for each of the complaint-related calls that underlies the MQP Report for each month.

 A Florida Scorecard, which includes quality of service metrics for each month and is used by management to incentivize its employees to provide excellent quality of service to customers.

- A Call Center Monitoring Statistics Report, which tracks the key
 performance indicators of AUF's Call Center on a monthly basis, and is
 used by AUF management to ascertain whether it is meeting its targeted
 service performance levels.

 A Call Quality Report for AUF's Call Center, formatted such that monthly
 data can be tracked for each of the individual call center separately.
 - A Service Order Status Report, which tracks AUF's service order log and the timeliness of closing service order requests.
 - An Estimated Read Report, which allows for the tracking of the number of estimated reads and the investigating any adverse trends.

By Order No. PSC-10-0297-PAA-WS, dated May 10, 2010 ("Phase II Monitoring Order"), the Commission approved the Phase II Monitoring Plan agreed to by the OPC and AUF. In so ruling, the Commission acknowledged that many of its customer service concerns regarding meter reading, meter accuracy and billing that led to the Initial Monitoring Plan had been addressed. Pursuant to the Commission's directives, AUF filed a final report on February 28, 2011, summarizing the results of AUF's Phase II reporting requirements. *See* Exhibit SC-3.

A.

Q. What did the results of Phase II Monitoring Reports show?

The detailed results of the Phase II Monitoring Reports are set forth in AUF's Final Phase II Quality of Service Monitoring Report, which is attached as Exhibit SC-3 to my testimony. The results of that report show that AUF has been proactive in adopting aggressive quality control methods and has done an excellent job in meeting those service quality goals. The results of the Phase II

Monitoring Report also show that AUF has made steady improvement in the quality of customer service since the last rate case. For example, the CSR Call Quality scores improved dramatically when compared to 2008. See Exhibit E to Exhibit SC-3. Also, the Estimated Read Report shows that the estimation rate for Florida has been consistently below the target goal of 1 percent. See Exhibit G to Exhibit SC-3. This steady improvement is also reflected in the downward trend in complaints filed with the Commission that I previously discussed.

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Q. Since the last rate case, have the Commission and its Staff made any findings with respect to the quality of AUF's customer service?

Yes. As I mentioned above, the Commission and its Staff have closely monitored the quality of AUF's customer service for over a period of almost two years, and not once has the Commission or its Staff found that the quality of AUF's customer service was unsatisfactory. In fact, as far back as March 4, 2010, Commission Staff found:

Based on staff's review of AUF's processes for handling customer complaints, meter reading, and customer billing, as well as its environmental compliance, staff recommends that AUF's performance as specified in the Monitoring Plan detailed in the Final Order is adequate.

Staff Recommendation, dated March 4, 2010, in Docket No. 080121-WS, at 13. (emphasis added). Furthermore, when the Commission decided to continue to monitor AUF's quality of service through the end of 2010, it expressly found that "preliminary results show <u>substantial improvement</u> in AUF's customer service." Order No. PSC-10-0218-PAA-WS (April 6,

ł		2010) (emphasis added). More recently, after reviewing AOF's rinar rhase
2		II Monitoring Report, Staff found that:
3		A comparison of performance data from January 2007 through
4		December 2010 indicates that AAI has improved many of its Call
5		Center performance measures, and generally maintained the
6	•	improved performance measurements since October 2008. Also,
7		Staff did not note any recurring negative performance trends in the
8		Phase II Reports.
9		Staff Recommendation, dated May 12, 2011, in Docket No. 100330-WS and
10		080121-WS, at 32.
11		
12	Q.	What steps has AUF taken to ensure that its employees are efficiently and
13		effectively providing top quality customer service?
14	A.	A CSR's demeanor and tone on a customer call are very important. Our CSRs are
15		often the first point of contact between the customer and the Company. AUF
16		management utilizes the CSR Call Quality Scores Report to evaluate performance
17		in answering customer calls at the Call Center. AUF randomly samples CSR calls
18		and evaluates them on a monthly basis. The evaluation includes the CSR's soft
19		skills such as tone and demeanor, and focuses on whether the CSR has fully
20		satisfied the customer's inquiry.
21		
22	Q.	Have you taken any steps to upgrade the training of the Company's CSRs?
23	A.	Yes. Since the last rate case, the Company has had thirty-five customer service
24		professionals complete the full three-course customer service training program
25		developed by the AWWA for utility company CSRs. Aqua America was the first

1		utility in the country to have its employees complete the full range of the
2		AWWA's courses demonstrating again our commitment to CSR training and
3		improving customer service.
4	Q.	Does this conclude your direct testimony?
5	A.	Yes.
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BY MR. MAY:

- Q. Ms. Chambers, have you attached five exhibits to your Direct Testimony, SC-1 through SC-5?
 - A. Yes, I have.
 - Q. Do you have any corrections to those exhibits?
 - A. No, I do not.
- Q. And, Ms. Chambers, have you prepared a summary of your Prefiled Direct Testimony?
 - A. Yes, I have.
- Q. Would you please provide your summary at this time?
- A. Good afternoon, Chairman and Commissioners. I am Aqua Americas' national customer service manager, and I have been with the company for 24 years. I appreciate the opportunity to be here today. This is the first time I have been asked to testify.

explain Aqua Utilities Florida's strong commitment to customer service and to describe actions taken since the last rate case to address customer satisfaction. Those improvements include the formation of a complaint analyst and remediation team, CAR, to address escalated calls at the call center and to identify areas where further CSR coaching and training are required. We have also made improvements to our on-site meter and bench

test procedures, which enable us to test the meter in the field in front of the customer, which reduces turn-around time and enhances customer confidence in the process.

We enhanced the interaction between our field technicians and our call center through a program called project field goal. We designed a seasonal bill insert to encourage customers to contact AUF before they leave for the summer so their account is properly noted as seasonal. We have also developed a leak detection and water conservation section on our website to provide helpful information to our customers.

My Direct Testimony explains AUF's delinquency and service termination policies which are more customer friendly than those required by the Commission's rules. My testimony also describes how AUF monitors complaints filed with the Commission. Since the last rate case, there has been a 50 percent reduction in complaint volume. While AUF is proud that the number of complaints filed with the Commission has decreased over the last four years, my testimony shows that AUF remains committed to seeing the number of complaints decrease even further.

Finally, my testimony describes in detail the intense monitoring AUF's quality of service has

1 undergone since the last rate case. The results of that 2 monitoring shows that AUF has been proactive in adopting aggressive quality control methods and has done a good 3 job in meeting its own internal service quality goals. 4 5 That concludes my summary. Thank you. 6 MR. MAY: Thank you. 7 Mr. Chairman, Aqua would tender Ms. Susan 8 Chambers for cross-examination. 9 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you. 10 OPC. 11 CROSS EXAMINATION BY MS. CHRISTENSEN: 12 13 Good afternoon, Ms. Chambers. You have your 14 Direct Testimony in front of you? Yes, I do. 15 Α. 16 Okay. Let me direct you to Page 5 of your Direct Testimony, Lines 21 through 25. 17 18 I'm there. 19 Okay. And in that portion of your testimony 20 you discuss the CART team that was formed, which is the complaint analysis and remediation team, correct? 21 22 Α. That is correct. 23 Okay. Now, would it be true to say that the 24 first meeting of this CART team was September 15th, 25 2009?

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- A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. Now, let me take you to Page 6, Lines 2 and 3. You state that the team meets monthly to address all escalated calls, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Are you aware that some customers have testified that they have asked for supervisors and been refused?
 - A. I'm not aware.
- Q. Okay. Would it be correct that if a customer service representative refuses to transfer a customer to a supervisor, these calls would not show up in your statistics?
- A. If a customer refuses to be transferred, that is correct.
- Q. Okay. Let me take you to Page 10 of your Direct Testimony, Lines 7 and 8. Are you there?
 - A. Yes, I am.
- Q. Okay. And in that portion of your Direct
 Testimony you discuss the electronic work queue,
 correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. And isn't it true in your deposition you testified that the EWQ is basically a work order to a service representative requiring them to return a

phone call to a customer?

- A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. And in your deposition you also testified that the work order is closed when a supervisor calls and is able to speak with a customer, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. And you also testified that if a supervisor calls once and is unable to reach the customer, but leaves a message, then the work order is also closed, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. And it would also be correct that you testified if a supervisor calls once and is unable to reach a customer, and is also unable to leave a message, that the work order is also closed?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. Now, also on Page 10 at Lines 7 and 8 of your Direct Testimony, you comment that the electronic queue or work queue is audited by a quality assurance team, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. And when you mean -- when you use the term audit, what you mean is that the term -- the team, excuse me, reviews the report to check that all the EWQs

2	A. No, that is not correct.
3	Q. Is that one of the functions of the audit?
4	A. The audit is to review the reasons for the
5	call-backs in the first place. We have a separate
6	report that we review for the closures of the EWQs, so
7	there's two different functions.
8	Q. Okay. In your deposition you stated that
9	other than the review, no other action was taken on the
10	EWQs, correct?
11	MR. MAY: Could we get a reference in the
12	deposition where you are tracking, Ms. Christensen?
13	MS. CHRISTENSEN: Certainly. Page 109.
14	MR. MAY: Ms. Chambers, do you have your
15	deposition before you?
16	THE WITNESS: Yes, I do.
17	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Have you found it?
18	THE WITNESS: Yes, I have.
19	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Please continue.
20	BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:
21	Q. Okay. So looking at the question, it says do
22	you, based on the discussions that you have of the EWQ
23	reports, excuse me, what type of follow-up is done based
24	on those discussions. Do you recall that question?
25	A. Yes. This is referring to the EWQ report that
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are closed, correct?

1	we track that monitors that all call backs are handled
2	within a 24-hour time period.
3	Q. Okay. And then your response? I'm sorry, go
4	ahead and finish your answer.
5	A. No, that's fine.
6	Q. And your response to that question was we
7	discuss if there is any outstanding issues, but not
8	all but not all EWQs, we review the report to make
9	sure that all EWQs are being closed in a timely manner,
10	is that correct?
11	A. We review that they are closed in a timely
12	manner, that is correct.
13	Q. Okay. Let me direct you to Page 8 of your
14	Direct Testimony. Are you there?
15	A. Yes, I am.
16	Q. Okay. At Lines 5 through 8 in your Direct
17	Testimony you discuss that AUF has developed an on-line
18	program to allow customers to pay bills on-line, is that
19	correct?
20	A. That is correct.
21	Q. Okay. Would it be correct to say that the
22	only way a customer can pay using the Aqua on-line for
23	free is to allow Aqua to withdraw the money from their
24	customer's checking or savings account?
25	A. That is correct, and that is free to the

1 customer.

- Q. Okay. Now, would it also be correct to say that to pay on-line for free the customer must sign up to receive the bill on-line and not through the mail?
- A. Well, actually the customer can enroll to receive their bill electronically and make a one-time payment that day, and the very next day they can unenroll. So they can still technically receive a paper bill during the billing period.
- Q. But the intent of the on-line program is that the customer will sign up. And when signing up, one of the things that you agree to is to receive your bill electronically, correct?
- A. Well, when you enroll you do agree to receive your bill electronically, but you certainly do not have to pay through that method.
- Q. Okay. And would it also be true that if a customer wants to pay their bill with a credit card that there is a \$3.20 charge associated with that?
- A. That is correct. We use a vendor, it's an approved vendor, SpeedPay, that collects the convenience fee. That convenience fee does not go to Aqua. It's an authorized vendor, SpeedPay, that we use to provide that service.
 - Q. And that fee is charged any time the customer

3	Q.	Okay. Attached to your Direct Testimony you
4	had Exhib	it SC-3, and I would like to direct your
5	attention	to Page 41 out of the 183. Let me know when
6	you have :	reached that.
7	A.	Page 41?
8	Q.	Correct.
9		MR. MAY: I think, Ms. Chambers, the page
10	number is	in the upper right-hand corner.
11		MS. CHRISTENSEN: In your header.
12		THE WITNESS: I have it, yes.
13	BY MS. CH	RISTENSEN:
14	Q.	Okay. The fourth line of the chart is a
15	metrics t	itled, "Accounts Estimated for Over 90 Days,"
16	correct?	
17	A.	Yes. That is long-term estimates.
18	Q.	Okay. And your target for this is
19	.15 perce	nt, correct?
20	A.	That is correct.
21	Q.	And your average for the accounts estimated
22	greater t	han 90 days is slightly over .1 percent,
23	correct?	
24	A.	.1. I'm not sure what the average is.
25	Q.	Subject to check, would you agree that's the

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wants to make a payment by credit card, correct?

A. Yes, that is correct.

That

1 average based on the accounts that are listed? 2 Subject to check, I would. 3 Q. Okay. Which is lower than what your target is, correct? 5 Α. That is correct. Can you explain why an account would need to 6 7 be estimated for greater than 90 days? 8 Well, I can explain that. I can also explain why in July that had occurred. We provide sewer service 9 10 to some customers where we are not the provider of the 11 water. We are not the water provider. So as a result, 12 we get those readings from the water provider. 13 meter has been exchanged and we don't have the meter 14 exchange information, then the reading that was supplied 15 wouldn't coincide with how we are billing the account. 16 So we would have to wait until we get the meter reading 17 information from the water provider before we could 18 issue a bill on an actual reading. 19 Now, would that -ο. 20 That was the case in July. There was a large A. 21 meter exchange program in Sarasota. 22 Would that account, though, for all of those 23 90-day greater estimates? 24 Α. That would not account for all of them. 25 is one example of what would cause an account to be

1	estimated for up to 90 days or more.
2	Q. Okay. And when an account is estimated in the
3	first month, what action, if any, does AUF take to
4	investigate that?
5	A. Well, it depends on why it is estimated. If
6	it is estimated because of a misreading, then as soon as
7	we upload the meter reading file, a misreading report is
8	produced and service orders are generated to go out and
9	obtain readings on the accounts.
10	Q. Okay. And if you determine that it's a
11	misread, what action would occur in the second month?
12	A. The same process.
13	Q. Do you take any
14	A. And our target for reading accounts is on that
15	same chart; it's 99 percent. That is our read rate.
16	Q. Okay. Assuming that you identify the problem,
17	could you explain why an account would still require an
18	estimated read after 90 days?
19	MR. MAY: Objection, that has been asked and
20	answered.
21	MS. CHRISTENSEN: I'm not sure that has been
22	asked and answered.
23	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I'm not quite sure I heard
24	it yet, either. Please restate it.
25	

BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:

- Q. Well, my question was -- I think the witness explained that she could identify in certain instances like a mis-meter read what had happened, and once the problem has been identified, the question I'm asking is can you explain why there would still need be an estimated read after 90 days?
- A. And I would say the majority of the accounts that are estimated for long-term estimates are caused by an unprocessed meter exchange. And maybe let me clarify. That means that we physically went out to the property and exchanged the meter. Now, it could have been done by the water provider or it could have been done by an Aqua employee, but physically the meter is exchanged in the property.

We go out, we get a read. And the reading is on the new meter, but our billing system still contains the old meter information. So the actual reading that is obtained in the field does not correlate or correspond with the current information in the billing system. That would cause a customer to get an estimated bill, because we cannot use the actual reading.

And that is the majority of your long-term estimates. They are unprocessed meter exchange, and the majority of the ones in Florida are from the water

provider. It is when we are not responsible -- when we are receiving the reads from another utility.

- Q. Well, if I understood your earlier testimony, I think what you were saying was that you might have an estimated bill greater than 90 days because you haven't been able to indicate the meter exchange in your billing system within 90 days, is that correct?
- A. That's correct. But a misread is normally not a long-term estimate. A misread is normally you go out to read it, and it could be missed because you didn't get a reading because the ERC didn't alert. And normally a misread is not a read that ends up -- it's not normally an account that ends up on the long-term estimation report. The long-term estimation report normally means that you got a read, but that read didn't correlate with the information on the account and you couldn't use it.
- Q. Okay. So you're saying that for those accounts it can take longer than 90 days to fix your billing accounts to match what the actual reads are, is that correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. Okay. Now, in your deposition we talked about back-billing, right?
 - A. That's correct.

1	Q. Now, was it correct that you testified that
2	Aqua has a new process to review back-bills to make sure
3	that they are not for a period over 365 days, correct?
4	A. Well, we always had a process to review
5	accounts.
6	Q. Right. But I'm talking about you have just
7	recently put in a new process, correct?
8	A. We did put in a new process to ensure that we
9	did not back-bill anybody for longer than 365 days, yes,
LO	and that was in my late filing.
11	Q. All right. And your new process is basically
L2	an automated coding system that will now alert and
L3	ensure that somebody reviews that account to make sure
L4	that a bill doesn't go out for greater than 365 days,
L5	correct?
L6	A. That is correct, that the credit is applied
17	appropriately.
L8	Q. Okay. And prior to that, you were having
19	that was done by a person?
20 .	A. Yes.
21	Q. Okay. And I believe I recall that in your
22	deposition you acknowledged that due to human error
23	sometimes bills would go out greater than 365 days,
24	correct?
25	A. That is correct.

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- Q. Okay. And that new automated coding program, that just went into effect recently in October or November of this year, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Now, I think you in a previous answer discussed ERTs. And just so we are clear, ERT is what, estimated read -- what is that, electronic reading telemetry? What does that stand for?
- A. An electronic reading transmitter or transmission, I'm not sure. I always refer to it as an ERT, I'm sorry.
- Q. And that's fine, I just wanted to make sure I understood it. So it's basically the electronic reading transmission?
 - A. Transmitter, I believe. I'm sorry.
- Q. And that's fine. We can refer to them as ERTs. That's fine.

And I think you had discussed earlier today in your testimony that one of the problems that you have estimated bills for is when you have a problem with the ERT, correct?

- A. That is correct.
- Q. And you also testified that after a meter read cycle, the utility runs a missed read report to identify those meters with bad ERTs, correct?

1	A. Where we did not get a reading at all.
2	Q. Okay. And isn't it true that you testified
3	that based on this report that the utility generates
4	orders with a goal for a service technician to go out
5	and check the meter within seven days?
6	A. Yes, that is our goal.
7	Q. So based on your testimony, you would agree
8	that there really should be no reason that an account
9	would continue to have a missed read or no read for an
₋0	ERT for more than one month in a row?
.1	MR. MAY: I'm going to object to that
_2	question. I think that is about three questions jumbled
L3	into one.
L 4	MS. CHRISTENSEN: I don't see how that's three
.5	questions in one, but
L6	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Break it down a little bit,
L7	if you can.
L8	MS. CHRISTENSEN: I will try.
L9	BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:
20	Q. Okay. You have testified that a missed read
21	report is generated at the end of the month, correct?
22	A. That is correct.
23	Q. And that based on that report, a technician is
24	sent to a service order is generated basically within
4	

identify or correct the ERT problem, right?

- A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. So you would agree that there is no basis or no reason if you have a missed read why that problem should persist more than a single month, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. Now, we also talked, I think, about a major problem with back-billing was due to zero consumption, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Now, isn't it also true in your deposition you testified that you have a monthly report that identifies every zero consumption meter, or meter that identifies zero consumption?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. And is it also correct that you testified in your deposition that you worked this report by sending out field representatives to investigate whether it's a valid zero consumption?
- A. That is correct. Due to the nature in Florida of the seasonal customers, we have a larger volume of zero consumption accounts than most of the other states.
- Q. So based on your prior testimony that, you know, you investigate every zero consumption, you would

agree that there is no reason why an account should have zero consumption that is not generated by a seasonal customer or a valid zero consumption for more than one month, correct?

- A. That is not correct. There is a big distinction between a misread and a zero consumption account. A misread, you're not getting a read, and you are issuing an estimated bill, and that is where your long-term estimations are. But a zero consumption, you are sending out a bill, you are billing a customer on zero consumption. You are getting a read, and you are sending out a bill on zero consumption.
- Q. Okay. So even if you had zero consumption, you would be sending out a bill for base facility charges, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. And I think you testified that if you have otherwise zero usage, maybe zero usage is a better way to put it, you would also generate a service order, correct?
- A. When you work the zero consumption report.

 The zero consumption report doesn't generate accounts that have been zero for only one month.
- Q. Okay. So how long does it take before an account would show up on a zero consumption report?

- A. It is a six-month report that is run every month.
- Q. Okay. So an account could show zero consumption for a period of five months and they still would not show up on that zero consumption report?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. So it is possible that customers could be charged for base facility charges and not charged for usage and not be aware that they weren't being charged if it didn't go longer than the six months, correct?
- A. Well, the customer would be aware that they are being charged for zero consumption because there is many indications on the bill. There is a meter data section of the bill that shows the zero consumption, there is a graph that would indicate that all of a sudden they weren't using any water, and the customer would be getting a bill for just base facility charge. So the customer would know that they were getting charged for zero consumption when they reviewed their bill.
- Q. Well, assuming the customer came from another water system with a much lower rate and they were paying Aqua's base facility charge, if they didn't look very closely at their bill, it is possible, would you not agree, that the customer might not notice that they had

zero consumption?

- A. Well, the fact that it indicates in three different sections of the bill -- I guess it's possible if they are a brand new customer, but we do send out a welcome kit that shows the customer how to read their bill, and there is a section in our welcome kit that explains our bill and how to read it.
- Q. Okay. Now, I think you stated that you have -- that the zero consumption report is generated on a six-month period. When you do investigate the zero consumptions, and let's say you find a customer that just was not being billed for usage for a six-month period and should have been billed during that six-month period, do you consider the weather in the estimated consumption?
 - A. I guess I don't understand your question.
- Q. Well, when you have a customer that has had zero consumption, do you provide an estimated consumption for that customer?
- A. No, we don't, because the actual consumption is registered on the meter. So when we fix the problem, we actually get a reading off of the meter. So there is no estimation. We know exactly how much consumption has been used. It's recorded on the meter. There is no quesswork.

- Q. So let me make sure I'm understanding it. If you have zero consumption, or if they showed up on the zero consumption report, in all cases there is an actual read on the meter, or are there some cases where there is no actual usage showing up on the meter, or do you consider those two different events?
- A. There is two different events, but the majority of the time there is an issue with the ERT. So the meter is functioning correctly at the property, it is registering the water, there is an issue between the communication of the ERT device and the meter. So we are reading the ERT, the ERT is saying there is no usage, but the meter is still registering all of the usage.
- Q. Okay. That's what you would call a misread, correct?
- A. Not a misread. A misread is we physically go out to the property and we don't get any read at all.
- Q. Okay. And for the customers where the meter actually shows -- there are those cases, though, where the meter actually shows no usage, correct?
 - A. That is a stuck meter.
- Q. Okay. And in the stuck meter case, let's make sure that we are all on the same terminology -- in the stuck meter case, do you consider whether when you -- do

you estimate consumption on a stuck meter?

- A. On a stuck meter we do have to estimate the unused consumption. And normally the process is that you exchange the meter, and that same month that you exchange it for, you go back and you get another read, usually within 15 days of the exchange, and you calculate the unused consumption based on the average, the 15-day average of the new meter.
- Q. Okay. Do you consider any weather -- do you consider weather in that 15-day estimate?
- A. We normally don't, but there have been cases where a customer has called in to the call center and has indicated that they actually had a leak and we have made some adjustments in the past.
- Q. Okay. Well, let me ask you this. In your deposition you testified that the current percent for back-billing for AUF is .07 percent, correct?
- A. That is correct. So it's less than three-quarters of one percent of our bills are back-bills, .07 percent.
- Q. And you also were asked what would be an acceptable level for back-billing, and you testified that it was greater than 1 percent would be unacceptable, correct?
 - A. That is correct.

1	Q. Okay. Now, I think as part of that packet
2	that we previously handed out was Production of
3	Documents and I'm going to be using actually four of
4	those documents. The first one is 129 through 131.
5	A. Oh, okay.
6	Q. And then OPC POD Number 131, and then 131
7	sorted by month, and 131 sorted by system. And I guess
8	we need to identify these and provide numbers for these.
9	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Let's go ahead and put
10	exhibit numbers on the stack that you passed out. This
11	first one would be the Aqua Response 129 through 131, is
12	that correct?
13	MS. CHRISTENSEN: Correct.
14	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: And that is going to be
15	staff, we are at 289? 298, rather.
16	MS. CHRISTENSEN: 298 is what I have got.
17	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay.
18	MS. CHRISTENSEN: And then the next one would
19	be OPC POD Number 131, and that would be 299. The
20	following one would be OPC POD 131 monthly, and the
21	following one would be that's 300.
22	MR. JAEGER: I'm sorry, Patty, you have lost
23	me.
24	MS. CHRISTENSEN: I'm sorry, 300 would be OPC
25	POD 131 sorted by month.

1	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. I'm with you.
2	MS. CHRISTENSEN: And then the next one would
3	be 301, which would be OPC POD Number 131 sorted by
4	system.
5	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay.
6	MS. CHRISTENSEN: And I think that's all of
7	them that we have to identify.
8	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: All right. So for the
9	record we have 298, which is Aqua Response to OPC's
10	Fifth POD, Numbers 129 through 131; then OPC POD 131 is
11	299; and then OPC POD 131 sorted by month is 300; and
12	OPC POD Number 131 sorted by system is 301; is that
13	correct?
14	MR. MAY: Ms. Chambers, do you have that?
15	THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. Yes, I do.
16	MR. MAY: Do you have those numbers?
17	THE WITNESS: Yes.
18	MR. MAY: Okay. You're better than I am.
19	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Ms. Christensen, is that
20	correct, those numbers I read aloud to you?
21	MS. CHRISTENSEN: Yes, I believe so.
22	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay.
23	MS. CHRISTENSEN: All right.
24	(Exhibit Numbers 298 through 301 marked for
25	identification.)

BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:

- Q. Let me ask you this. Okay, 298 that specifically was Aqua's response to our billing question. And looking at specifically 131, you were asked to provide a spreadsheet with formulas intact to support the work-papers and calculations that justified your billing adjustments, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Okay. Let me move on to 299.

MR. MAY: Just so the record is clear with respect to OPC POD 131, in order to understand and to complete the record, that request for production of documents refers to Interrogatory 193. So I think you are going to have to read both of those together.

MS. CHRISTENSEN: Well, I specifically want to refer to the Excel file that was provided. So let me change you to Exhibit 299, and at the top of that spreadsheet it says OPC POD 131, AUF back-billed information for January 2009 through March 2011, correct?

THE WITNESS: That is correct.

BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:

- Q. And this spreadsheet shows a total of --
- A. I believe it's 461 accounts.
- Q. I'm sorry, what?

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1	A. I believe it's 461 accounts.
2	Q. Okay. And it shows
3	MS. CHRISTENSEN: One moment, please.
4	(Pause.)
5	BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:
6	Q. All right. I think by our calculation we were
7	showing 426 back-bills.
8	A. Yes, I misspoke. Right.
9	Q. Okay. And these 426 back-bills equates to
10	your .07 percent number, correct?
11	A. That is correct.
12	Q. And then as part of Exhibits 300 and 301 you
13	provided a sort of those back-bills. You did the sort
14	based on a monthly basis sorry, we did a sort based
15	on a monthly basis and a sort by system. So let me
16	refer you first to the monthly sort.
17	A. Okay.
18	Q. Okay. Now, would you agree, subject to check,
19	that 97 of these back-bills occurred in 3 months,
20	January through March 2011?
21	A. Subject to check, okay.
22	Q. Okay. And 187 of these back-bills occurred in
23	2010, correct?
24	A. Subject to check.
25	Q. And 142 occurred in 2009, correct?
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- A. Subject to check.
- Q. Now, would you agree that your number of back-bills have increased each year?
 - A. Can I have those numbers again, please?
- Q. Certainly. In 2009, the total back-bills was 142. And I think you agreed to that subject to check. And then in 2010, the total back-bills was 187, and you also agreed to that subject to check. And then for the first three months of 2011, which is, I think, all the data that we were provided in this POD response, for the first three months of 2011 the total back-bill was already 97. So if you were to extrapolate that number to the remainder of the year, it would be an increase.
 - A. No, that's through --
- Q. Somewhere north of 300, if it was continuing on the same trajectory, right?
- A. Right. But you don't know if it has or has not.
- Q. Well, based on -- well, let's just look at the difference between 2009 and 2010. You would agree that there was an increase in back-billing, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. All right. Now, let's take a look at the exhibit sorted by systems. Okay. Now, are you familiar with Jasmine Lakes?

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- A. Yes, I am.
- Q. Okay. It appears on this chart that there are 76 back-bills in 2010 for Jasmine Lakes, is that correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. And you would agree -- well, let me ask you this. Are you aware that Jasmine Lakes has approximately 1,600 customers?
 - A. Yes, I am.
- Q. Now, if you take the 76 back-bills for Jasmine Lakes in 2010, and divide them by the 1600 customers, would you agree, subject to check, that that would be about 4.75 percent of all the customers receive back-bills?
- A. I would agree, subject to check. There was an issue with the streetlight billing in Jasmine Lakes. It was a computer glitch that caused a one-time back-billing issue.
- Q. Okay. And you would agree, though, that that was substantially larger than your .07 percent, correct?
- A. Right. And I would agree, again, it was a computer -- a computer glitch, and it was a one-time. We stopped billing streetlights in Jasmine Lakes, and it caused a portion of the customers not to receive a sewer and water bill.

1	Q. Okay. Well, let's take a look at Lake Gibson
2	Estates. It appears that there were eight back-bills
3	already in 2011, correct?
4	A. Subject to check.
5	Q. Okay. And you would agree that there are
6	approximately 190 customers in Lake Gibson Estates,
7	correct?
8	A. Well, subject to check.
9	Q. Okay. And if you take the eight back-bills
LO	that have already occurred and divide them by the 190
11	customers, you would have a 4.3 percent of the customers
L2	in Lake Gibson Estates have received back-bills for the
L3	first three months in 2011, correct?
L 4	A. Subject to check.
L5	Q. Okay. And you would agree that that
L6	percentage could increase if the number of back-bills
L 7	continue in 2011, right?
L8	A. Can you repeat your question?
.9	Q. Absolutely. Based on the first three months
20	of 2011, the back-billing percentage for Lake Gibson
21	Estates is already at 4.3 percent, correct?
22	A. Correct, subject to check.
23	Q. Okay. And if there were additional back-bills
24	issued to the customers in Lake Gibson Estates in 2011,
25	you would agree that the percentage of back-bills would

1 only increase, correct? Well, unless I knew the root cause of what 2 3 caused the back-bills in Lake Gibson, or Lake Gibson Estates, I really can't answer that. 4 Okay. Well, mathematically would it not be 5 correct? 6 Well, just like there was a one-time computer 7 8 glitch in Jasmine Lakes that caused a one-time back-billing occurrence, right. 9 Well, holding all -- let's say, for sake of 10 argument, there are additional back-bills. Just as a 11 matter of mathematics, if you add additional back-bills 12 13 in 2011, that would increase that percentage, correct? 14 You would be increasing the number of back-bills divided by the same number of customers. 15 16 A. Well, again, unless I know what the root cause is, I'm not sure I can answer that question. 17 Okay. Well, let's look at 2010. There were 18 20 -- yes, there were 20 back-bills in 2010, correct, 19 for Lake Gibson Estates? 20 21 A. Subject to check. 22 MR. MAY: Could you point out where you are 23 calculating that from, Counsel? 24 MS. CHRISTENSEN: Page 3 of the exhibit, and

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it says, starting with Line 143 down through -- I'm

T	sorry.
2	MR. MAY: 143 is 2009. I think 2010 starts on
3	Line 155, doesn't it?
4	MS. CHRISTENSEN: Well, hold on. Well, let's
5	do this we will just move on from there.
6	BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:
7	Q. Let's try looking at Lake Suzy. In 2010,
8	starting at 181 and flipping over to 199, there are 21
9	back-bills in 2010, correct, if my math is correct?
10	A. I think I counted 20, but subject to check.
11	Q. All right, 20. And if you take that, and then
12	there are also five additional ones for the first three
13	months in 2011, correct?
14	A. Correct, which actually shows a decrease, I
15	believe.
16	MS. CHRISTENSEN: Can you just give us a
17	moment, please?
18	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Sure.
19	MS. CHRISTENSEN: Thank you.
20	(Pause.)
21	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: How about let's move forward
22	to the Attorney General, and we'll come back to you.
23	MS. CHRISTENSEN: (Inaudible; microphone off.)
24	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Sure.
25	MS. CHRISTENSEN: Thank you for indulging me

1	for the moment.
2	BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:
3	Q. Okay. Looking at Silver Lakes Estates,
4	starting around Line 301, I think that is January 2010.
5	Do you see that?
6	A. 301, yes. In 2010 you're looking at?
7	Q. Correct. For 2010 there were, subject to
8	check, 39 back-bills, correct?
9	A. Subject to check.
10	Q. Okay. Yes, the 2010 ends on Line 339.
11	A. It's 38.
12	Q. Now, looking at the next one, it starts at
13	340, is that correct?
14	A. It starts at 340 in 2011.
15	Q. Correct, and then March 2011 ends at Line 374,
16	correct?
17	A. That's correct.
18	Q. And that appears, subject to check, to be 35
1,9	back-bills for the month for 2011, correct?
20	A. That is correct.
21	Q. So for 2011, based on this report, there is
22	almost as many back-bills in the first three months of
23	2011 than there were for all of 2010 for Silver Lakes
24	Estates, correct?
25	A. That is correct.

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- Q. Okay. Now, would you agree that when a customer is billed there is a price signal sent to the customer that is used to predict future consumption?
 - A. Can you repeat the question?
- Q. Sure. Would you agree that when a customer is billed, there is a price signal sent to that customer that is used to predict future consumption?

Well, let me try this again. Would you agree that the customers' current consumption will influence their future consumption?

- A. I guess it's a possibility that it may or may not.
- Q. Well, the cost of the current water use will influence how much water they use in the future, correct?
 - A. I really don't know the answer to that.
- Q. Well, would you agree that if customers do not know -- let's assume for this question that a customer doesn't know that they are being billed incorrectly.

 Would you agree that if they don't know that they are being billed incorrectly that may send the wrong price signal to the consumer and they may have a higher consumption level than if they had been billed correctly?
 - A. I really can't answer that question. I don't

know what's in a customer's mind.

- Q. All right. Well, let me turn you to Page 6 of your Direct Testimony, Lines 12 through 18. In there you discuss seasonal customers, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. And are seasonal customers billed monthly while they are out of state?
 - A. It depends on how they wish to be billed.
 - Q. Okay.

- A. Some customers will continue to be billed while they are out of state, other customers do not wish to be billed while they are out of state, so when they return back to the state we will issue them a long bill for the period of time that they were not residing in the state, unless they have left the state for 12 months or more.
- Q. Okay. So you would agree that AUF allows customers not to pay the base facility charge during the time that they are out of town, correct?
- A. If they wish to not be billed, yes, that is correct. But when they return, then we issue them a long bill for that period of time and we issue them a base facility charge.
- Q. Okay. And just so that I'm clear, you offer the customers the choice of suspending the billing, and

then when they come back they would have to pay all of that missed base facility charge, that long bill?

- A. That is correct. We would issue a long bill, and we would offer the customer payment arrangements.
- Q. Okay. Now, if there were any leaks or some other unexplained usage during the time that they were out, they would also have to pay the usage charge on that consumption when they came back on that long bill, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Would you agree that this practice of allowing these long bills can create a problem for some customers to pay that large amount of bill when they come back?
- MR. MAY: I'm going to object to the characterization of her testimony. She never said this was a practice. She said it was an option provided to the customers. The customers could either have their bill suspended, or during the course of the time when they were out of the state they could be billed on a monthly basis for base facility charges. She did not say it's a practice.
- MS. CHRISTENSEN: Well, I'm not sure, otherwise, how we would characterize it, since the company allows the customer the option. But let me rephrase the question, if I can.

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CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Please.

BY MS. CHRISTENSEN:

- Q. Has Aqua considered the fact that these large bills can create a problem for customers to pay all at once when they come back?
- A. It's the customer's wish to be billed in this fashion. It's not Aqua's wish. Aqua's wish, and what we would prefer, is that we continue the billing of the base facility charge all year-round. It's the customer's wish, so we offer payment arrangements.
- Q. All right. Well, let me change topics and turn your attention to Page 5 of your Direct Testimony, Lines 15 through 17. And in there you say you have a call center dedicated to AUF-related calls?
 - A. That is correct.
 - Q. Okay. Where is that call center located?
 - A. That is located in Cary, North Carolina.
- Q. And in your testimony you say this is a dedicated center. You would agree, though, that the call center in North Carolina is not used for just AUF Florida customers, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. How many other states does that call center serve?
 - A. I believe four.

1 Okay. And on the same Page 5, starting at 2 Line 3 and then going over through Page 6 -- I'm sorry, 3 that's rebuttal, so we will have to skip those. 4 Let me turn your attention back to Exhibit SC-3, Page 43 of 181. Or 183, I'm sorry. 5 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Which exhibit? 6 7 MS. CHRISTENSEN: SC-3, Page 43 of 183. THE WITNESS: Okay, I'm there. 8 BY MS. CHRISTENSEN: 9 10 Okay. The sixth line of this chart is a metrics entitled calls answered in greater than 90 11 seconds, is that correct? 12 That is correct. 13 Α. Okay. So when a customer calls the 800 14 15 number, they enter into an automated system, correct? 16 MR. MAY: I'm sorry, that metric does not 17 saying calls greater than 90 seconds. It says calls 18 answered in less than 90 seconds. 19 MS. CHRISTENSEN: I stand corrected. 20 BY MS. CHRISTENSEN: 21 So let me -- with that correction, that it's a 22 metrics titled calls answered in less than 90 seconds, 23 when the customer calls the 800 number, they enter an 24 automated system, correct?

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That is correct.

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- Q. How many choices does a customer have before they choose to -- before they can choose to talk with a customer service representative?
 - A. I don't know off the top of my head.
- Q. Would it be correct to say that the 90 second measure in the metrics is only -- it only begins after the customer makes the selection to talk with a customer service representative?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. I think you also testified in your deposition that you have done research when developing your customer service metric, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. And in your deposition, I think you testified that that decision of what to provide as far as customer service was, in part, based on your decision as to what the customers were willing to pay?
- A. Well, I thought I said in my deposition that we did a survey, and based on the results of the survey we staffed our call center accordingly.
- Q. Okay. And in part that was based on what the customers responded to as being willing to pay, based on that customer survey, correct?
- A. Well, I believe the survey showed, and I think it is in my late exhibit, 81 percent of the customers

surveyed said that they we were meeting their expectations or exceeding their expectations on speed of answer, of answering the phone.

- Was that just Florida customers, or was that a nationwide survey?
- No, it was actually a survey conducted at the time for all our customers. I believe it was prior to the Florida conversion. It was in 2005 and 2006, so it was actually to gear us to the Florida conversion, the
- So was that prior to the Florida systems being added to your customer service?
 - That was in expectation of the Florida.
- Did you add additional staff to cover the additional Florida systems?
 - Yes, we did.
- All right. Let me direct your attention to
 - Okay, I'm there.
- Okay. In the first full paragraph you state that any calls related to water quality complaints, boiled-water notices, or an emergency repair is immediately addressed by a customer service technician through the issuance of a service order, is that correct?

1 A. I'm not sure. Am I on the right page, Page 2 14? Oh, I'm sorry. CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Bottom of Page 10. 3 THE WITNESS: Okay. Can you repeat it? 5 BY MS. CHRISTENSEN: Certainly. In the first full paragraph you 6 state that any calls related to water quality complaint, 7 boiled-water notice, or an emergency repair is 8 immediately addressed by a customer service technician 9 through the issuance of a service order, is that 10 11 correct? That is correct. 12 Okay. Now, in your deposition you testified 13 that you don't create a service order for a call on a 14 boiled-water notice, that you only provide information, 15 correct? 16 17 A. That is correct. Okay. Now, on Page 17 of your Direct 18 Testimony, Lines 16 through 20, you quote the 19 Commission's staff finding that the audit performance 20 was adequate, correct? 21 22 Α. Page 17? 23 Yes. On Page 17 you quote the Commission staff as finding that AUF performance is adequate, 24 25 correct?

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- A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. Do you have a copy of that order in front of you? Okay. And I think we provided this as part of the handouts that we had. We have not marked it for identification since it's an order, and I guess I would refer you to Page 12 of that order. It is Order 10-0218-PAA-WS.
 - A. Page 10?
 - Q. Page 12.
 - A. Oh.
- Q. Could you read the last paragraph of that sentence starting with based on?
- A. Based on all the above, we find that while preliminary monitoring results show substantial improvements in AUF's performance, additional monitoring is required to ultimately render a decision as to the adequacy of AUF's quality of service. However, the utility states that the six-month monitoring plan that we have implemented in the final order has cost approximately \$100,000 and many hours of both utility staff and the Commission staff time.
- Q. I think we read the sentence that we needed to. Thank you.
 - Okay. Let me turn your attention to Page 18

1 of your Direct Testimony. Ms. Chambers, I'm sorry, Page 2 18 of your Direct Testimony. 3 A. Yes. Lines 3 through 8. 4 0. 5 Yes. 6 Okay. Again, you quote the staff regarding 7 AUF's performance measures. Would you agree that none 8 of this language appears in the Commission order? 9 Yes, it's the staff's recommendation. 10 Okay. Also on Page 18 at Lines 14 through 20, 11 you discuss the demeanor of customer service 12 representatives. Now, is it correct that in your 13 deposition you discussed an evaluation process you used 14 to evaluate the soft skills for the CSRs, correct? 15 That is correct. 16 Okay. I think we have passed out as part of the packet Late-filed Deposition Exhibit 3. We can 17 18 either identify it for the record, or it was also part 19 of Staff's Composite Exhibit on late-filed exhibits for 20 Ms. Chambers. And if you want, we can just refer to 21 this, and then enter it into the record in Staff's 22 Composite Exhibit. 23 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. MS. CHRISTENSEN: So I'm not sure if we need 24 25 to identify it with a number, or just use it for

reference in here, and it will be entered as part of the 1 2 Composite Exhibit from staff. CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Staff, which would you 3 prefer? 4 MR. JAEGER: Commissioner, staff is going 5 introduce all the late-filed exhibits for Ms. Chambers, 6 and I think what Ms. Christensen is saying is we are 7 going to do all 14 of them in one composite exhibit 8 9 Instead of having hers being 1 and 4, just refer to it now, but then when we move all of our exhibits at once, 10 have just that one exhibit number. And so we could go 11 ahead and identify our exhibit number, if she wants, to 12 make it 302, and it would be Deposition Exhibits 1 13 through 14 for Ms. Chambers, if you wanted to make that 14 15 simpler. That works. 16 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: MR. JAEGER: Then she can use these as she 17 But 302, then, will be Staff's Late-filed 18 Exhibits 1 through 14 for Ms. Chambers. 19 MS. CHRISTENSEN: Thank you. 20 (Exhibit Number 302 marked for 21 identification.) 22 23 BY MS. CHRISTENSEN: All right. Let me refer you to your 24

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Late-filed Exhibit Number 3 that was just marked for

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1 identification as part of Exhibit 302. 2 Α. I have it. Okay. And this shows the items that are 3 scored as part of your evaluation of your CSRs, correct? 4 5 They are called evaluations, yes. 6 Q. Okay. Can you identify on this evaluation how 7 many items are scored? 8 A. There are 12 items scored. 9 Okay. Are all these given equal weight? Q. 10 A. No, they're not. Okay. Can you identify how these items are 11 Q. 12 weighted? Yes, I can. 1A is worth 10 points, 1B is 13 14 worth five points, 1C is worth five points, 1D is worth 15 15 points, 1E is worth 5 points, for a total of 40 in the first section. 16 17 Q. Okay. 18 2A is worth five points, 2B is worth five points, C is worth 10. C through G are all worth 10 for 19 a total of 60. 20 21 Okay. Now, are those points indicated on the 22 evaluation form itself, or do you just answer yes or no? Because the evaluation form that was provided in 23 response as a late-filed deposition exhibit only 24 indicates yes or no. Does the form that's used for 25

evaluations actually have the points indicated on it?		
A. It's automatically calculated on it. No, it		
is not displayed on the form. It's used in the grading.		
Q. Okay. Let me ask you this. The first five		
criteria are soft skills, correct?		
A. That is correct.		
Q. And the second set of seven skills you would		
agree are analytical?		
A. Yes.		
Q. And would you characterize the first set of		
five skills as presenting a friendly demeanor to		
customers?		
A. I would characterize D and E as those items.		
Q. Okay. So, basically, half the points on the		
first		
A. Twenty of the 40 points are the demeanor.		
Q. Okay. So the majority of the criteria or the		
points are awarded for following company procedures,		
correct?		
A. That's correct.		
Q. Okay. And would it be correct to say that in		
your deposition you identified a score of 85 as a		
requirement before coaching is required?		
A. Correct. So if the demeanor of the call is		
worth 20 points, they would automatically if they		

were rude, they would automatically lose 20 points and 1 be scored an 80. 2 3 Well, let me ask you this. I know you have said that it has certain point values. Is it an 5 all-or-nothing score, meaning that either you meet the 6 criteria or you don't? 7 Α. Yes. 8 Okay. And you indicated that if you don't 9 meet the 85 percent, that you would be coached, correct? Α. Correct. 10 11 In your deposition you were asked how many Q. times a CSR could provide rude customer service before 12 13 termination, and I think you indicated that they would 14 be coached, is that correct? They would be coached. If they continued --15 Α. if their quality scores did not continue to improve, 16 eventually they could be terminated. 17 Do you know how long it would take before they 18 would be terminated? 19 They would have to have -- I believe it's 20 three straight months of below quality scores. 21 All right. Let me take you to Page 9 of your 22 testimony, 21 through 24. And in there you discuss bill 23 alerts used for high consumption, correct? 24 Α. That is correct. 25

- Q. And you mentioned that you provide a message that prompts a customer to investigate for potential leaks and to visit Aqua's website, correct?
- A. That is correct. We have a high bill alert message that we print on any bill where the consumption is two and a half times higher than the customer's normal consumption, and we direct them to our website where we post leak detection information as well as water conservation information.
- Q. Do you have any statistics on how many of your customers are likely to use the Internet?
- A. We don't have statistics on how many of our customers are likely to use the Internet, but we could pull statistics on how many times a customer or anyone went to that particular page of our website.
- Q. Okay. In your deposition you asked -- or I asked you questions on your leak detection and pool credit policy, and is it correct that you testified the customers are made aware of these policies only when they talk with the call center, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. And it is also correct that you testified in your deposition that these policies are not provided to customers through any sort of bill inserts?
 - A. I'm not aware that they are provided to the

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customers through bill inserts.

- Q. And is it also true that you testified that these policies are not provided on your website, either?
- A. No, they are not provided on our website, leak adjustments or pool credits.
- Q. Let me refer you back to Page 6, Lines 7 and 8 of your testimony. You discuss your refinement of customer on-site meter and bench testing procedures.

 Isn't it true that you testified in your deposition that a part of this was buying your own meter reading equipment so that you can perform these procedures in front of customers, correct?
- A. Yes. In the field we could do the meter testing instead of pulling the meter out and having it tested off-site. That was one of the improvements that we made.
- Q. And you would agree that you stated at the deposition that not each field technician has this equipment?
- A. No, not each field technician has the equipment, but we have four units, one for each region.
 - Q. Okay. Can you define what the region is?
- A. Our operating regions. We have one in the north, one in central, so we have a testing unit for each of our operational regions.

1	Q. Okay. Well, let me ask you about Sunny Hills.
2	If you know, do you know how Sunny Hills would have that
3	equipment made available to them?
4	A. Well, their FSR within Sunny Hills would make
5	arrangements to pick up the unit.
6	Q. From where?
7	A. Well, all of the FSRs within a particular
8	region share the equipment. So before they go out to
9	the property, they would make arrangements to pick up
10	the meter testing unit.
11	Q. Where would the meter testing unit be located
12	for them to pick it up from, if you know?
13	A. I do not know.
14	Q. Okay. And Greenacres service area, do you
15	know who would provide that equipment for the Greenacres
16	service area?
17	A. I do not know. The units are shared within
18	the FSR technicians.
19	MS. CHRISTENSEN: I have no further questions.
20	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Ms. Bradley.
21	MS. BRADLEY: Thank you.
22	CROSS EXAMINATION
23	BY MS. BRADLEY:
24	Q. Ms. Chambers, is your customer service set up
25	so that certain operators routinely take calls from

certain areas, or how is that set up?

A. Well, the calls come into our main customer service line in Bryn Mawr. There's 116 dedicated lines. And based on the 16-digit account number, the call would be routed to the appropriate center. We have three customer service centers. So for the Florida calls, the calls would automatically be routed to the Cary call center. If a CSR is not available in the Cary call center to answer that phone, then it would go into the queue for it to be answered in one of the other call centers. So the majority of the calls would be answered in Cary, but not all of the calls.

- Q. The reason I'm asking, did you go to the service hearings?
 - **A.** I did not go to the service hearings.
 - Q. Have you had a chance to review them?
 - A. I have, yes.
- Q. The reason I was asking about that is it seems like there were more complaints in some areas about customer service than in others. And since the service hearings, have you been able to isolate if it's a person just happens to get those calls from that area, or what the problem is with that?
- A. No, I have not. But the majority of the Florida calls are answered by the Cary call center.

- Q. Since the customer service hearings, have you had a chance to look into why certain areas had the most complaints about customer service?
 - A. No, I did not.
- Q. Okay. I noticed, particularly in one area, we heard the expression that they testified that they were told they could go on a payment plan, but if they were a penny short, or a day late, or language kind of similar to that, you kept hearing the day late and a penny short, or terms several times during that hearing. Is that something that you would have put on a script or someone would have put on a script for them?
- A. No, it's not. And when somebody defaults on a payment arrangement, it still goes through the normal delinquency process.
- Q. And that doesn't go through the regular call center?
- A. No. I'm sorry, I mean the customer being shut off. If you default on a payment plan, we don't immediately shut you off. You still go through the delinquency process, meaning that we would have to send you a shut-off notice call, because our delinquency process is that we send you a shut-off notice, we follow up with a phone call before we actually create a service order to go out and shut off the customer. We shut off

the customer as a last resort. 1 2 3 short and a day late? 5 6 policy. 7 8 Q. several people said that, didn't you? 9 I did see it, yes. 10 11 0. have been? 12 13 Α. No. 14 service calls? How long are those kept? 15 16 Α. 17 Q. 18 have told customers that? 19 20 A. 21 22 some of the calls. 23 24

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Have you had a chance since the service hearings to look into who might have been telling people that they were going to be cut off if they were a penny I can't imagine. I mean, that's not our But you saw in the testimony hearings where But you haven't looked in to see who it might Do you have a way to go back and listen to Yes, we keep them up to six months. Could you isolate from the testimony when this might have occurred and try to go back and see who might I did review -- monitor some of the calls from the hearings, but I did not hear that verbiage in any of the calls that I monitored. I did go back and listen to Did you see in the testimony where several people complained that they felt the customer service

people had been very rude with them?

- (Indicating affirmatively.)
- Is that something that since the hearing you have taken any action about to try to --
- Well, actually, when we review our monitoring quality scores, our quality scores actually show an overall quality for all CSRs on average to be scoring a 91. And our number one or highest score is actually empathy with the customer. So if you listen to our calls, they are not -- the CSRs are not rude.
- Have you listened to customer language or the way they were talking to customers to see why the customers might have felt they were being rude?
- Well, again, our highest score, 98 percent of the calls that we monitored, that we evaluated shows that the CSRs were very empathetic to the customers.
- I understand. You said that the first time I asked, but what I'm trying to get at is have you gone back and listened to those calls to see what they are saying that the customer would have felt or perceived they were being rude about?
- MR. MAY: I'm going to object. I think she said she went back and listened to some of the calls to verify whether the CSRs were rude.
 - MS. BRADLEY: And I asked if she had gone back

to see what that customer service agent would have said that that many customers would have said they felt that the customer service agent was being rude to them.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I think it was asked and answered. She didn't listen to all the calls, but the ones she did listen to she didn't get that indication.

If I may, I have a quick question. When these calls come in, do they have to enter their billing number or their account number.

THE WITNESS: Yes.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Can you sort the calls that are recorded based on that account number?

THE WITNESS: We can pull the calls by the actual date that they came in, so we can go to an account, see exactly -- actually, the date the customer called in. And then, yes, your answer is -- I'm sorry, yes, you can sort it by account number.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: So the people that came and testified before us specifically, and you know the person's name because they were sworn in, and you know what their account number is, you could go back and pull the specific calls?

THE WITNESS: Yes, we could, as long as it was within the six-month period.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: And have you done that

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specifically?

THE WITNESS: We did -- we have pulled some calls, and I have reviewed some calls of people that came to the hearings, yes.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: And you have not heard the testimony as it came across as far as some of the things that were said to them?

THE WITNESS: As being rude, no.

BY MS. BRADLEY:

- Q. What would you consider being rude?
- A. What would I consider as being rude. Raising your voice, talking down to the customer, not being sympathetic.
- Q. Did you see in the testimony that a few people testified that they were very frustrated because they got hung up on when they were trying to talk to people?
 - A. Yes, I saw that in the testimony.
 - Q. Have you looked into that?
- A. We can detect if our CSRs hang up on a customer.
- Q. And did you find any of that in the ones you went back and listened to?
 - A. I did not find that.
- Q. Okay. Do you have any idea of what kind of sampling you did on that?

1	Α.	On the I listened to, I think, I want to
2	say about	20 calls.
3	Q.	And what areas were those from?
4	А.	A large portion of them were from Arredondo
5	Farms.	
6	Q.	And did you listen to Greenacres or Lakeland?
7	A.	I'm not sure.
8	Q.	Did you keep any records of what you listened
9	to?	
LO	A.	Yes, I did.
L1	Q.	So are you coming back to testify later?
12	A.	I am.
13	Q.	If I asked you that, could you tell me at that
14	time?	•
15	A.	I will.
16	Q.	All right. I appreciate it.
17		MS. BRADLEY: I don't have any further
18	questions	•
19		CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you.
20		YES.
21		CROSS EXAMINATION
22	BY MR. Mc	BRIDE:
23	Q.	Good evening.
24		You testified that you have live in the state
25	of Pennsy	lvania?

1	A. I do.
2	Q. And you work in the state of Pennsylvania?
3	A. I do.
4	Q. So you are not a customer of Aqua Utilities
5	Florida?
6	A. I'm not a customer of Aqua Utilities Florida,
7	but I am a customer of Aqua Pennsylvania.
8	Q. Have you ever visited Arredondo Farms?
9	A. I have not.
10	Q. Have you ever spoken with customers at
11	Arredondo Farms other than YES Communities?
12	A. I have not spoken to customers of Arredondo
13	Farms other than YES Communities, but I am on the YES
14	Communities Task Force.
15	Q. You testified that you did not attend any of
16	the customer service hearings, including the Gainesville
17	customer service hearing, is that correct?
18	A. That is correct, but I have read the hearings,
19	the transcript of the hearings.
20	Q. And why did you not attend?
21	A. I did not attend because the AUF management
22	staff attended those hearings.
23	Q. You just stated that you did read the
24	transcripts of the hearings, including the Gainesville
25	hearing, I presume?

Q. Pursuant to the prehearing order, I would just ask for a yes or no answer to the yes or no question before you provide an explanation.

A. Okay.

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1	Q. So is it yes or no?
2	A. Can you
3	Q. I'd be happy to.
4	Customers of AUF residing at Arredondo Farms
. 5	are in a good position to evaluate the quality of
6	service provided by AUF to Arredondo Farms?
7	A. I don't understand what it means to be in a
8	good position. I don't know how I can answer that
9	question yes or no, if I can't clarify.
10	Q. I'll move on.
11	A. Okay.
12	Q. I want to ask you about the task force that
13	you mentioned. When was that task force formed?
14	A. Well, I believe the first meeting was in
15	August.
16	Q. That was after YES Communities intervened in
17	this case?
18	A. I'm not sure when they intervened in the case
19	Q. Okay. Is it Aqua's position that the
20	testimony taken at the Gainesville hearing was
21	insincere?
22	A. Was insincere?
23	Q. Yes.
24	A. No.
25	Q. Are you aware that a deposition was taken in

1	this action of an AUF employee, Steven Grisham, who
2	works as a technician at Arredondo Farms?
3	A. I know that there was a deposition, yes.
4	Q. Are you aware that in that deposition
5	Mr. Grisham testified that in speaking to his boss,
6	Mr. Paul Thompson, that Mr. Thompson stated to Mr.
7	Grisham that he believed that customer testimony was
8	rehearsed? Do you agree with Mr. Thompson?
9	MR. MAY: I think she first needs to be asked
10	whether she is aware that that was said.
11	MR. McBRIDE: I have a copy of the transcript
12	I'd be happy to provide to her.
13	MR. MAY: Well, I think you're assuming that
14	she has read the transcript. Maybe you should ask her.
15	MR. CURTIN: If I can approach the witness?
16	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Please.
17	MR. McBRIDE: Here you go, ma'am.
18	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
19	BY MR. McBRIDE:
20	Q. Have you read the transcript, Ms. Chambers?
21	A. No, I have not read this transcript.
22	Q. If you would kindly turn to Page 88 starting
23	on Line 16. And I read from the transcript beginning on
24	Line 16.
25	"Question: That they were being insincere in
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1	any way?
2	"Answer: They may have said it sounded
3	rehearsed."
4	Question on Line 18, "Who told you that?"
5	And then it actually continues onto Page 89
6	beginning on Line 16. "What is his name?"
7	Answer, Line 17, "Paul Thompson."
8	Do you agree with Mr. Thompson's testimony
9	or, excuse me, Mr. Grisham's testimony about what Mr.
LO	Thompson has stated to him that the testimony at the
11	Gainesville hearing was rehearsed?
L2	A. Well, I wasn't at the Gainesville hearing, so
L3	I don't know how I could give that input.
L4	Q. You read the transcripts?
L5	A. Yes, I did.
L6	Q. From your reading of the transcript, is it
L7	rehearsed? Does it appear to you to be rehearsed?
18	A. I don't know if I can answer that question,
L9	based on reading of a transcript.
20	Q. If the answer is no, that's okay.
21	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I think the answer is no.
22	THE WITNESS: I guess that's no.
23	MR. McBRIDE: I will move on. Thank you.
24	BY MR. McBRIDE:
25	Q. Beginning on Page 4 of your Direct Testimony,
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Lines 29 (sic) through 23, you state that AUF has a strong commitment to customer service. You go on to state AUF continues to listen attentively to the concerns of its customers. You do not believe that AUF customer service representatives are rude?

- A. No, I don't. Based on the quality scores and the monitoring of calls that I have done, I do not.
- Q. Do you disagree, then, with the testimony of Aqua customer Michael Burke who resides at Lot 131 in Arredondo Farms who testified at the Gainesville hearing, "I have never, ever in my life encountered people as rude as AquaSource has working for them, and the only thing I can surmise from that is that they are doing it just to make you mad enough to get off the phone and they don't have to deal with your problem." I would be happy to provide a transcript of the Gainesville hearing.
- A. No, I read the Gainesville hearing transcript, but I didn't listen to that call, so --
 - Q. Was he being insincere in that testimony?
- A. I don't know. I couldn't tell you that unless I listened to his call, then I could tell you yes or no whether the CSR was rude or not. All I can testify is to the calls that I personally listened to.
 - Q. Why didn't you listen to his call?

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- A. Why didn't I?
- O. Yes.
- A. I don't know.
- Q. You didn't file rebuttal testimony as to Mr. Burke, did you?
 - A. No.
- Q. Do you have any reason to believe the quality of service provided by -- excuse me, the quality of customer service, specifically customer service representatives is worse than what is provided by other major businesses?
 - A. Can you repeat the question?
- Q. Yes. Do you have any reason to believe that the quality of customer service, and specifically the quality of service provided by customer service representatives is worse than other major businesses, say, businesses in the computer industry or businesses in the cable industry?
 - A. No, I do not.
- Q. Do you disagree, then, with the testimony of Aqua customer Mitchell Young residing at Lot 2417 at Arredondo Farms who also testified at the Gainesville hearing saying, "I have worked customer service for both DirectTV and Dell Computers, and if I talked to the customers the way we get talked to when we call in, I

would have been fired on the spot." You must disagree 1 with his testimony, then? 2 Α. Yes. 3 But you didn't file rebuttal testimony as to 4 Mr. Young? 5 I'm sorry, can you repeat that? 6 A. Did you or did you not file rebuttal testimony 7 Q. as to Mr. Young? 8 MR. JAEGER: Chairman, if he's going into 9 rebuttal or supplemental -- actually, I think that's 10 supplemental rebuttal, we're not there yet. I'm not 11 12 sure. It's not my intention to MR. McBRIDE: Yes. 13 go into either rebuttal or supplemental, so subject to 14 check you did not, but I can move on. 15 BY MR. McBRIDE: 16 How does AUF view the customers residing at 17 Q. 18 Arredondo Farms? We believe that there is a uniqueness to the 19 customers in Arredondo Farms, because of the large or 20 the high volume of turnover. And it is difficult for 21 the utility to find out who the customer of record is. 22 23 And due to that high turnover, it's very difficult for us to avoid issuing long bills. So if a customer moves 24

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out of the property and doesn't alert us, and a new

customer moves in and doesn't alert us, then that first 1 bill is going to be a long bill. 2 Let me ask it --Q. 3 And then it will make it more difficult for 4 the customer to pay that long bill. And it was through 5 the task force that we were able to adjust that --6 If I can cut you off, please, and just proceed 7 Q. with my next question. Thank you. 8 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: The way the rules are you 9 can answer yes or no and then give a brief explanation. 10 It's well within his right if you start editorializing 11 to cut it off. 12 THE WITNESS: Okay. 13 BY MR. McBRIDE: 14 Do you agree or disagree with the testimony of 15 16 your employee, Steve Grisham, when he stated that 17 Arredondo is full of crackheads and drug people? that is on Page 19 of the deposition transcript. 18 I disagree. 19 Is it appropriate for an AUF employee to be 20 using those sorts of the terms to refer to AUF 21 customers? 22 No, it is not appropriate. 23 Is this the sort of attitude that AUF would 24 Q.

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want its employees to exhibit towards its customers?

- A. No, it is not.
- Q. If I could direct you to Page 8 to 9 of your Direct Testimony, please. This testimony beginning on Line 17 of Page 8 and continuing to Line 11 of Page 9 refers to Aqua's water termination policies. And you testified, if I can summarize, that they are more consumer friendly than what the rules require.
 - A. Yes, they are.
- Q. Okay. In your deposition I asked you whether this was consistent with a written policy of AUF, and you answered yes, is that correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And you provided a late-filed exhibit, Exhibit 14, which was titled, "Florida Delinquency Process Summary," this was actually handed out by staff. It's the last page on Exhibit 302, which is now in evidence. Do you have a copy of that in front of you?
 - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Ms. Chambers, where did this document come from?
- A. Where did this document come from? It is the -- it came from our collections department.
- Q. This document was e-mailed to me on Wednesday afternoon as a Word document.
 - A. Uh-huh.

Did you draft the Word document?

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1	this case, to your knowledge?
2	A. Has
3	Q. Has the tariff been filed in this rate case,
4	to your knowledge?
5	MR. MAY: I think the tariff is on file with
6	the Florida Public Service Commission.
7	MR. McBRIDE: But in the docket on this rate
8	case?
9	BY MR. McBRIDE:
10	Q. Is it your testimony that all of the specific
11	provisions listed on this Florida Delinquency Process
12	Summary are contained verbatim in the tariff?
13	A. I don't know. I know that the penalties that
14	we apply to the customer's accounts are included in our
15	tariff.
16	Q. What do you mean by the penalties you apply to
17	the customer's accounts?
18	A. Well, the first step of the delinquency
19	process is you apply a late penalty after six days after
20	the due date. So that is included in our tariff, the
21	fact that we are allowed to assess a late penalty
22	charge.
23	Q. How about the statement in your testimony that
24	you will not issue a water termination unless the
25	balance is over \$100, is that contained in the tariff?

- A. That is not contained in the tariff.
- Q. So there is no requirement that AUF do so?
- A. No. In fact, the Commission rules that you can shut off somebody's service if they owe any dollar amount. We, in AUF, choose to make it more customer friendly so we don't shut off for anything less than \$100 on the water accounts and \$110 if it is a combination water and sewer account.
- Q. But AUF would be free to change its policy starting tomorrow if it wished?
- A. They would be able to change their policy regarding a dollar amount, yes. The threshold, yes.
- Q. So to summarize, this benefit, as it may be described, of not turning off water unless the balance is over \$100 is not certain to continue into the future?
 - A. Well, I really can't answer that question.
- Q. How about the statement on Lines 1 and 2 of
 Page 9 that AUF also attempts to call the customer prior
 to discontinuing service, which is not required by the
 Commission rules. Are you aware whether that is
 mandated by the tariff?
- A. I'm not aware that that is mandated by the tariff. That is our internal policy that we do -- we handle for all states. We attempt to call the customer prior to shut off.

1 But if it were not mandated by the tariff, you would be free to change that policy unilaterally? 2 We would be free to, but I don't see why we 3 would do it. That's our normal standard policy. We 4 find it very effective to call that customer prior to 5 shutting off. 6 Let me move on. Similarly, you state in your 7 testimony on Lines 22 and 23 of Page 8 that under the 8 rules you must only provide five days, but you provide 9 10 ten days. That is correct. 11 Α. Are you aware whether your --12 Well, can I backup? It's not ten days, it's 13 10 to 14 days. Because if the shut off falls on a 14 Friday, we do not shut the customer's service off. 15 16 we would shut it off on the next business day, which 17 would be Monday. But, again, you're not bound by that? 18 Again, it is our internal processes that we 19 It's our standards. 20 Are you aware of how many customers testified 21 22 at the Gainesville hearing on September 12th? I read the transcripts. 23 Subject to check, I read through it a little 24 0. while ago and counted 40 names that testified at this 25

1	hearing, three of which were from YES Communities, who
2	is also a customer of AUF. But are you aware of how
3	many customers testified at the customer service hearing
4	during the last rate case in 2008?
5	A. At the nine customer meetings?
6	Q. At the Gainesville hearing from the last rate
7	case in 2008. Do you have a copy of Order Number 090385
8	that was previously handed out by one of the other
9	parties to this case? I don't recall who. But if you
10	turn to Page 16, it references the customers in
11	attendance and the customers who spoke.
12	A. What was the order number? I'm not sure I
13	have that.
14	Q. 090385 issued May 29th, 2009.
15	MR. McBRIDE: I have an extra copy.
16	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Is it necessary just to get
17	to the point you are trying to get to?
18	MR. McBRIDE: No.
19	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: It says nine customers
20	spoke.
21	MR. McBRIDE: It says nine customers spoke.
22	BY MR. McBRIDE:
23	Q. Would you agree that if nine customers spoke
24	at the customer service hearing in Gainesville in 2008,
25	and 40 customers spoke at the customer service hearing

1	in 2011, that that would belie your argument that
2	customer service has improved in Gainesville provided by
3	AUF?
4	A. I can't come to that conclusion.
5	MR. McBRIDE: No further questions.
6	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. Richards.
7	MR. RICHARDS: I have no questions.
8	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Staff.
9	MR. JAEGER: Just a very few, Chairman.
10	I think we have already discussed Exhibit
11	Number 302 that was passed out. I'm going to be passing
12	out Exhibit 189. While I pass out Exhibit 189, that's
13	from the Comprehensive Exhibit List, could you review
14	the 14 exhibits attached to the 302? I want to make
15	sure that we got the latest ones in there. That's the
16	Late-filed Exhibits 1 through 14 proffered by staff. It
17	should be all white, no yellow sheet attached to it, and
18	it's thicker.
19	CROSS EXAMINATION
20	BY MR. JAEGER:
21	Q. Have you completed your review?
22	A. Yes.
23	Q. And do those appear to be the exhibits that
24	you gave to staff?
25	A. Yes.

Q. Thank you. Also, we have just handed out
Exhibit Number 189, and that is Aqua Utilities'
responses to Staff's Fifth Request for Production of
Documents. That is a Comprehensive Exhibit, and I have
just a few questions on that.

Did you assist in these Documents 17 through 22, providing these documents?

- A. Yes.
- Q. I'd like to note that POD Number 17 did not -we could not find any electronic file of that, but,
 basically -- anyhow, POD 17 does not appear to be there,
 but most of that POD 17 was included in an exhibit to
 your rebuttal testimony, so we don't need to get 17.

But what we would like to do is would it be possible for you to provide the remaining call center monitoring statistics reports from May 2010 through October 2011 as a late-filed exhibit?

A. Yes.

MR. JAEGER: I think that would be 303, a late-filed exhibit for the May 2010 through October 2011 Call Center Monitoring Statistics.

(Late-filed Exhibit Number 303 marked for identification.)

BY MR. JAEGER:

Q. Turn to that POD Number 18 attached to the 189

exhibit, if you would? 1 2 Okay. A. We note that there are several months missing 3 Q. from this electronic file. Would it be possible for you 4 5 to provide as a late-filed exhibit the management quality performance reports for the following months, in 6 2010 we need September and October, and in 2011 we need 7 January, February, June, July, August, September and 8 October? 9 For the complaint? 10 A. It's the management quality performance 11 Q. 12 reports. Oh, okay. Yes, we can do that. 13 A. Somehow some documents, some months just got 14 Q. left out. 15 16 A. Okay. MR. JAEGER: And that would be a late-filed 17 exhibit. We would like to have that identified as 304. 18 (Late-filed Exhibit Number 304 marked for 19 20 identification.) CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Which one is that, I'm 21 sorry? 22 MR. JAEGER: Okay. It's 304, a late-filed 23 exhibit, and it's the Management Quality Performance 24 Reports for the months September and October of 2010, 25

and then January and February of 2011, and then June through October of 2011.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I don't know if I have that in front of me.

MR. JAEGER: The Quality Performance Report was provided and it's POD 18, which is a part of that 189. And what we got -- we start out with May, and we got the June, and then July and August, but then we didn't have September and October. So we are missing two months in October -- I mean two months in 2010, Quality Performance Reports. We would like to get those two months. And then in 2011, we were missing the ones that I stated, January and February, and then June through October. So we are just wanting to get the complete Quality Performance Reports from May 2010 through October 2011.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: So this is just a placeholder?

MR. JAEGER: Yes, sir. They are a late-filed exhibits. The one before and this one, we did not get.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. All right. I've got to back up because I have got to ask staff a question.

This sheet that was just passed out that says Exhibit

189 at the top, is this Exhibit 189?

MR. JAEGER: Yes, that is Exhibit 189. That

is a Comprehensive Exhibit that was not stipulated to by the parties. That came in so late that they just did not have time to review it.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Please go ahead.

MS. CHRISTENSEN: Can I interject a concern here? I have a concern with late-filed exhibits, especially when they get produced after the hearing that we be given our opportunity to review them and note any objection for the record. Now, I know Ms. Chambers is scheduled to come back up to the stand for rebuttal testimony, and I was wondering if since we have a few days in between then and now, if the company could endeavor to produce these missing reports prior to then, and then we might be able to have an opportunity to look at them, review them, and object during her rebuttal testimony. And it would save us the headache of having to deal with late-filed exhibits and not making an objection for them coming into the record without seeing them.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I think that's fair, if the company can produce it before the end of the technical hearing. And if not, then you just have to cover it in your briefs at the end.

Mr. May.

MR. MAY: That's very fair, and I understand

counsel's concern. We're looking into it, and I think there was an electronic transmission issue. A couple of things dropped out. We will try to get that, if we can, tomorrow or the next day. We will certainly get it before the end of the technical hearings.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Mr. Jaeger.

MR. JAEGER: Okay. I'm just making sure I've got my notes here.

BY MR. JAEGER:

- Q. Turning to POD 19. It's a part of 189.
- A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And looking at the row for September 2011, and it shows a total calls of 5,811, which was sort of a peak, and that of those calls, 1,172 customers spoke to a customer service rep, which is also significantly higher than most, except for the November of 2010. Is that correct? September, the next to the also row at the bottom shows 5,811 quality performance report calls, and a customer contact report, 1,172. And is that significantly higher than almost every other month?
 - A. That is.
- Q. Can you tell us what triggered the higher number of customer contacts during September of 2011?
 - A. No, I cannot.

Q. So without reviewing every one of those calls you don't know why it would have peaked in that month?

MR. MAY: Mr. Jaeger, I'm lost on the --

MR. JAEGER: This is POD 19.

MR. MAY: Okay.

MR. JAEGER: And you are looking at -- it starts out May 2010, the two columns are quality performance report and customer contacts report. And if you go down you get to January 2011, and then the next to the last row is September, which is 2011, and it shows 5,811 quality performance reports, and 1,172 contact reports. And I'm just trying to figure out what happened in September to make that month sort of stand out.

THE WITNESS: Well, I know in September it was Hurricane Irene, and it had affected some of the other areas, but without taking a further -- you know, without looking further, I really can't comment.

BY MR. JAEGER:

- Q. Okay. If you will turn to POD 20, and that has to do with the Florida score card reports for January 2011 through October 2011.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. It notes at the bottom of the page that well accounts are AUF company accounts. Just help us

understand the chart better. Can you tell us why a company account would be reported as an unbilled account in certain months?

- A. Yes. If we don't get a read on a well account, the account doesn't get estimated. So it's an account that we are tracking the consumption on, but not necessarily issuing a bill. But it's still incorporated in our unbilled report.
 - Q. Okay.
- A. So it is an internal account that we read and we calculate the consumption on, but we don't necessarily issue a bill. But it still appears in the report if we don't get a read and we don't issue a zero dollar bill.
- Q. Thank you. Turn to the POD 21, and that is the estimated read report from May 2010 through October 2011. And it appears that the estimated read rate during 2011 has remained between 0.2 and 0.3, is that correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. I believe these columns are sort of messed up.
 Okay. And going to the last POD 22, and that's the CSR
 call quality scores for January 2008 through
 October 2011.
 - A. That is correct.

- Q. Is it correct that most Florida calls are handled by two teams at the Cary, North Carolina call center designated as South CS and South COLL, is that correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. And can you just tell me a little about what these two teams are?
- A. Well, we used to distinguish between the collection team and the customer service team. And the collection team would only be dedicated to taking collection calls, but now we have trained all CSRs to handle all types of calls. So even though it's distinguished as two separate types, they are actually all handling all types of calls now.
- MR. JAEGER: That's all the questions staff has.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Thank you, Mr. Jaeger.

Ms. Chambers, I have a couple of questions for you. The first question, if we had somebody that came before us and testified in Gainesville, let's just say Customer Smith, and he said that he spoke to somebody that was rude, and it was in the last three months, and it was three times in the last three months. Would you be able to pull Mr. Smith's recorded -- Mr. Smith's recording talking to the customer service person?

THE WITNESS: Yes, we should able to pull it.

There are some circumstances where if we listen in on
the call at the same time that we might not be able
to -- we might not get the recording, but on most calls
we would be able to pull the recording.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: If I had asked you to pull Mr. Smith's three recordings in the three months, in 90 days, could you pull that for me?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Have you been asked by any of the intervenors to pull any of those calls that we have heard testimony about?

THE WITNESS: No, I have not.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay.

A question I have, one of the intervenors brought up the last rate hearing, which I think was '08, and specifically he was talking about Gainesville where it says there were 11 people that showed up and nine people spoke. I'm assuming that all the people that spoke, spoke negatively. I will just that assumption out there. So that is roughly about 81 percent of the people that showed up complained. I had staff pull in 2011 that just happened, there was 51 people that showed up and 40 people that spoke, which is just slightly lower than 80 percent. So does that show that you guys

1	are doing better, or worse, or does that say anything to
2	you?
3	THE WITNESS: It says that we are doing
4	better.
5	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Why so?
6	THE WITNESS: Because the lower percentage of
7	the customers.
8	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. That's all the
9	questions I have.
10	THE WITNESS: Overall customers.
11	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioner Brown.
12	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you.
13	Are the costs associated with coaching the
14	CSRs who are classified, I guess, as rude as you earlier
15	indicated, to customers included in O&M costs or
16	elsewhere, the coaching?
17	THE WITNESS: The coaching, it's in our
18	salaries. I guess it's in operational
19	COMMISSIONER BROWN: O&M?
20	THE WITNESS: Yes. Sorry.
21	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Is the company aware of
22	any technical or flawed meter issues in Florida?
23	THE WITNESS: No.
24	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Okay. With regard to the
25	back billing issue and the exhibits that are presented

were offered by Aqua, do you happen to have an average number of the months back billed for the test year?

THE WITNESS: I do not, but we probably could calculate it. I could get it to you.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: I would be interested in having that maybe on rebuttal.

THE WITNESS: Okay.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you. That's all.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioner Balbis.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I only had two questions, and the first one you had already asked. I'm glad you did that. And I, too, was surprised that one response to the customers that indicated they had rude customer service wasn't provided in SC-1 where other responses to customer complaints were made. And I'm surprised that any of the intervenors did not ask for that or it wasn't provided into the record.

But the question I have for you is concerning billing periods.

THE WITNESS: Uh-huh.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Are there any instances where a greater than 30-day billing period is included in the bill?

THE WITNESS: Yes. Our days of service that

we calculate bills for a monthly period is between 26 1 and 35 days. 2 COMMISSIONER BALBIS: And does that vary per 3 customer? So, in other words, their October bill may be 4 5 26 days and their September bill before that was --THE WITNESS: Yes. So we consider a monthly 6 7 bill any bill between 26 and 35 days of service. COMMISSIONER BALBIS: So you have a --8 9 THE WITNESS: A monthly period, I'm sorry. COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. So you have a 10 nine-day spread there could be, right? 11 12 THE WITNESS: Yes. COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Do you make any 13 considerations as to -- since you have a declining rate 14 block structure for consumption, that if on one bill 15 they are at 26 days, which puts them under the rate 16 block, and then the next month it's at 35 and it kicks 17 them into the other rate block? 18 THE WITNESS: No, we don't, because we define 19 a monthly billing period between 26 and 35 days. 20 COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. Thank you. 21 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Ms. Chambers -- I'm sorry, 22 Commissioner Brisé. 23 COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 24 I have a couple of questions. 25

Looking at Exhibit SC-5, which looks at your root cause, primary root cause.

THE WITNESS: Yes. These are customer complaints.

interested to how the scores are determined. So it says primary root cause, so if a customer calls for a billing dispute, and that is their primary reason for calling, but then the customer then talks about poor service quality, or water quality, would the water quality go down as one of the issues that is looked at, or is the issue that is scored or taken into account or recorded at that time only the billing dispute?

THE WITNESS: Well, let me just clarify. This particular chart is based on the complaints that actually went to the Commission, and then our compliance department actually reviews the complaints and then determines what the root cause was, and they are the ones that actually score the cause. So it's actually the cause of the complaint. And I believe you can only have one cause, so they would have to figure out what the root cause that caused the complaint in the first place. You couldn't have multiple root causes.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Okay. So you are saying that these are the complaints that come into the

Commission, and then from the Commission, the Commission relays that to you --

THE WITNESS: Yes.

COMMISSIONER BRISE: -- and then there is a determination as to which --

THE WITNESS: Yes, what was the strongest root cause that caused the complaint in the first place. So you can only have one.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Okay. So then that nullifies the next question I was going to pose.

Thank you very much.

Chairman Graham: Ms. Chambers, Ms.

Christensen asked a very good question, I thought. I

want to drill down a little further on this. As we

traveled the state and went to the different service

hearings, there were some areas where you didn't hear

people complain about customer service, or if they did

it was very few. And there were some places you went

where it seemed like almost everybody was complaining

about customer service.

If someone were to call in the big areas, let's just say the panhandle and central Florida. If somebody calls from the panhandle, does that get directed specifically to Operator Number 5, or does it go to Operators 1 through 5?

1 THE WITNESS: No. It goes into the queue in the Cary call center, and any CSR, whether it's a 2 collection CSR or a customer service CSR, has the 3 ability to answer that call. So it is whoever is 4 available. If there is no one available in the southern 5 call center, then it will go to the next available 6 representative in any of the other two call centers. 7 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: And that is for the entire 8 9 State of Florida? THE WITNESS: That is the for the entire 10 11 state. CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Just because it is in the 12 13 panhandle, it doesn't go anywhere else? THE WITNESS: Yes. 14 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Well, then I'm going to ask 15 you a question, and I guess you can just kind of give me 16 your hypothesis, if you have one or not. Why is it that 17 some areas are like that, some areas are irate and some 18 are just -- you know, some are happy with the customer 19 20 service? You don't have to answer. I don't know, and I 21 don't know if maybe you have drawn some conclusion or 22

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioner Brisé.

THE WITNESS:

I don't know.

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not.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Thank you. And you went down a line that I think is very important.

Your IVR, when the customer calls in and they interact with that initial IVR, will that IVR identify the customer by the number they are calling? So, therefore, there is sort of information that is tracked already, so it predetermines where the call should go, whether it should go to the collection service section or if it should go to the regular customer service. So then that may also play a role in how the customer interacts with whoever is on the other line, based upon what the predisposed thought might be based upon what the need is going to be for that particular call?

So if you can describe the IVR process for me, that may help me determine a little bit.

THE WITNESS: Well, if they are calling about a collection activity, then it's going to go to a collection service order. I mean, a collection CSR. So if they are calling about they received a shut off notice, and they are calling to make payment arrangements, that's going to go to a collection CSR. If -- again, we now train our CSRs to handle both types of calls, so we have CSRs that are handling both customer service related calls as well as collection calls.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Is that determined by the CSR when they actually talk to the individual, or is that determined or prerouted?

THE WITNESS: It is prerouted.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: Okay. So I think that that makes a huge distinction in how the customer service person interacts with the individual, and that may play a role in the discussion with the customer as they interact with the customer based upon how the call is routed.

THE WITNESS: Right. But we do quality monitoring on all types of calls, and they are all scored based on those quality scoring. So whether it's a collection call or a customer service call, it's still scored on those 40 points of soft skills and 60 points of how the call was handled.

COMMISSIONER BRISÉ: All right. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I have to ask another question, because the telecom language is a bit above me. So if I were to call and I put in my phone number or my account number, regardless if I said I want to speak to somebody about, I don't know, adding a second service, it's automatically going to send me to collection if I'm already in collections?

THE WITNESS: No, it's going to send you to

1	customer service.
2	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. That's what I didn't
3	understand.
4	THE WITNESS: And the calls get routed I
5	didn't clarify this, but the calls get routed by the
6	16-digit account number, not the phone number.
7	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Mr. May, redirect.
8	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
9	BY MR. MAY:
10	Q. How are you doing, Ms. Chambers?
11	A. Okay.
12	Q. The first time to I'm not sure I will get
13	back down here. But, seriously, I have two questions.
14	Just quick follow-ups.
15	You had a series of conversations with Ms.
16	Christensen regarding, I think, leak adjustments?
17	A. Yes.
18	Q. I wanted to follow up a little bit on that.
19	Are leak adjustments required by any Florida Public
20	Service Commission rule?
21	A. No, they are not.
22	Q. Are pool credit adjustments required by any
23	PSC rule?
24	A. No, they are not.
25	Q. And are these credits or adjustments provided

as benefits to customers? 1 2 A. Yes, they are. Are your CSRs trained to advise customers who 3 0. call, to discuss with them leak adjustments? 4 Yes, they are. 5 Α. And how do you train them? 6 It's part of our call center standards that we 7 A. train them. So we have -- in Florida, we have a state 8 tipsheet or fact sheet, and it lists pool credits, the 9 availability of pool credits, and the availability of 10 11 leak adjustment credits. So those policies are written policies that 12 your CSRs have? 13 14 A. Yes, they do. Have you got your calculator with you? 15 0. Yes, I do. 16 You're going to kill me about this, but I'm 17 going to -- Ms. Christensen was throwing around some 18 numbers regarding Jasmine Lakes, and I'm not the best 19 mathematician in the world, but I can add, and I can 20 divide. And I wanted to walk you through a little bit 21 of some numbers that she was throwing around I'm not 22

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A. Yes. It was due to a computer glitch when we

sure I understood. Do you recall the discussion about

back billing in the Jasmine Lakes area?

Т	stopped billing the streetlights.
2	Q. And Ms. Christensen said there were
3	approximately 76 back bills in 2010?
4	A. Yes, 76 out of was it 1,400 customers?
5	Q. I think she said 1,600 customers.
6	A. Okay.
7	Q. So if you had 1,600 customers and each
8	customer receives a monthly bill over a year, how many
9	bills would be issued for the Jasmine Lakes
10	neighborhood?
11	A. 1,600 customers?
12	Q. Times 12 months would render what?
13	A. 19,200.
14	Q. And if 76 was your denominator and 19,200
15	excuse me. If 19,200 was your denominator and 76 was
16	your numerator, what would be the percentage of back
17	bills?
18	A. Well, it's less than it's less than it's
19	.003.
20	Q. So Ms. Christensen was throwing around a
21	4.8 percent, right?
22	A. Right.
23	Q. So what is the actually percentage of back
24	bills for that neighborhood over that year?
25	A. Well, in my calculations it wouldn't even be

	it is not even .or percent.
2	MR. MAY: Thank you, ma'am. That's all the
3	questions I had.
4	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Exhibits.
5	MR. JAEGER: Chairman, I'll start. Staff
6	would move the 302 and the 189, and I think we are just
7	going to hold on 303 and 304. Those were the
8	late-filed. They might get those before the end of the
9	hearing.
10	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: That's 302 and 189 entered
11	in for staff.
12	(Exhibit Number 189 and 302 admitted into the
13	record.)
14	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. May.
15	MR. MAY: Aqua would move Exhibits SC-1
16	through SC-5.
17	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: What's that for exhibit
18	numbers?
19	MR. JAEGER: 63 through 67.
20	MR. MAY: I apologize.
21	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Exhibit 63, 64, 65, 66, and
22	67, move those into the record.
23	(Exhibit Numbers 63 through 67 admitted into
24	the record.)
25	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Ms. Christensen.

MS. CHRISTENSEN: Office of Public Counsel would move in 298, 299, 300, and 301.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Whose exhibit was 297? That's Late-filed Exhibit 1 through 8.

(Exhibits 298 through 301 admitted into the record.)

MR. JAEGER: That was Luitweiler's, and it was moved in under Luitweiler's testimony.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We did that last time.

Okay. All right. Any other exhibits that need to be moved in?

We're getting ready to recess for the day.

Any questions on what is going to happen tomorrow or the rest of this week?

MR. CURTIN: Just briefly, Mr. Chairman.

Myself and Mr. May, and I talked to staff and OPC, just to put it on the record for YES's Witnesses Jeremy Gray, Mallory Starling, and Mike Green, we have come to an agreement that their testimony could just come in, their exhibits can come in, and they can be excused from testifying. I believe their exhibits are already in and their testimony is already in, because all they did was reincorporate their testimony at the Gainesville hearing. So there's no exhibits to be put in, no testimony to be put in. But I just wanted to put it on

1 the record that they will not be here to actually 2 testify, Mr. Gray, Ms. Starling, and Mr. Green. So the only two witnesses YES will have will be Mr. Harpin and 3 4 Ms. Kurz, depending on her mother's situation. CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Any other questions 5 6 or anything before we adjourn for the day? 7 MR. JAEGER: Nothing from staff, Chairman. 8 MR. MAY: One thing, Mr. Chair. On some of the DEP witnesses, is there going to be a time certain 9 10 for them? 11 MR. JAEGER: We have one at 9:30 and one at 10:45 tomorrow. I mean, he will be here at 10:45, and 12 13 we will just work him in as convenient to the process. 14 But we believe that Ms. Carrico will be here at 9:30. MR. MAY: So is the Chair's preference to take 15 16 those witnesses first? 17 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: If we were scheduled to take 18 them at a time certain, especially the beginning of the 19 meeting, we will go ahead and take those first. If we 20 have somebody that's currently on the stand, we are not 21 going to stop somebody's testimony to weave them in, but 22 we will do what we can to accommodate a sister agency. 23 MR. MAY: Thank you, sir. 24 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I thank you all for playing 25 nice today. And we've got two more days of this this

1	week, and I think two more days next week. That being
2	said, please travel home safe, and I will see y'all
3	tomorrow.
4	MR. MAY: Thank you.
5	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: We're adjourned.
6	(The hearing adjourned at 6:45 p.m.)
7	(Transcript continues in sequence with
8	Volume 3.)
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1 2 STATE OF FLORIDA 3 CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER 4 COUNTY OF LEON 5 I, JANE FAUROT, RPR, Chief, Hearing Reporter 6 Services Section, FPSC Division of Commission Clerk, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was heard 7 at the time and place herein stated. 8 IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the same has been transcribed under my direct supervision; 9 and that this transcript constitutes a true 10 transcription of my notes of said proceedings. 11 I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor 12 am I a relative or employee of any of the parties' attorney or counsel connected with the action, nor am I 13 financially interested in the action. 14 DATED THIS 8th day of December, 2011. 15 16 17 cial FPSC Hearings Reporter 18 (850) 413-6732 19 20 21 22 23

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