1	BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION	
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4	DOCKET NO. UNDOCKETED	
5	LIFELINE SERVIC	/
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9	PROCEEDINGS:	LIFELINE WORKING GROUP MEETING
10	TAKEN AT THE INSTANCE OF:	The Staff of the Florida Public Service Commission
11		
12	DATE:	Wednesday, April 18, 2012
13	TIME:	Commenced at 9:35 a.m. Concluded at 10:34 a.m.
14 15	PLACE:	Betty Easley Conference Center Room 140
16		4075 Esplanade Way Tallahassee, Florida
17	REPORTED BY:	LINDA BOLES, RPR, CRR Official FPSC Reporter
18		(850) 413-6734
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1	PARTICIPANIS:
2	Terry Bleistein - TAG Mobile
3	Floyd Self - Messer, Caparello & Self, P.A.
4	Bruce Belrose - DCF
5	Woody Simmons - Verizon
6	Greg Follensbee - AT&T
7	Adam Teitzman - PSC
8	Susan Berlin - Virgin Mobile/Sprint
9	Sandy Khazaraee - CenturyLink
10	MaryRose Siranni - AT&T
11	Lisa Steffens - OPC
12	Stephen Howey - TAG Mobile
13	Bob Casey - PSC
14	Beth Salak - PSC
15	Cindy Muir - PSC
16	Jim Polk - PSC
17	Catherine Beard - PSC
18	Curtis Williams - PSC
19	Bev DeMello - PSC
20	
21	(Via Telephone):
22	Debbie Nobles - NEFCOM
23	Art Hardwood - DCF
24	Susan Fennell - Townes
25	Kevin Donnelly - Verizon

1	Pam Hankins - CenturyLink
2	Amanda Maleno - NEFCOM
3	Ann Coffaro - Verizon
4	Jong Park - Nexus
5	Jorge Chamizo - TracFone Wireless
6	Debbie Ticcirilli - Verizon Wireless
7	Linda Wood - Fairpoint Communications
8	Connie Riblett - DCF
9	Cathy Forbes - AT&T
10	Tommy Allen - Telecircuit
11	Lynn Hall - Smart City
12	June Thomas for Ava Parker - Linking Solutions
13	Gina Jasman - TracFone Wireless
14	Robert Williams - Link-Up Telecom
15	Javier Guell - TracFone Wireless
16	Rhonda Thomas - T-Mobile
17	Tristan Handlin - Assurance
18	Robert Priebe, Jr Verizon Wireless
19	Tom Armstrong - Express Phone Service
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PROCEEDINGS

2 MR. CASEY: Okay. We'll go ahead and get started.

The first thing I'd like to do is have Mr. Teitzman read the notice.

MR. TEITZMAN: Pursuant to notice issued

April 2nd, 2012, this time and place has been set for a

meeting of the Lifeline Working Group. The purpose of

this meeting is for the Lifeline Working Group to

discuss the Lifeline ideas presented to the

Commissioners at the March 27th Agenda Conference and

solicit input for development of procedures for Lifeline

participation.

MR. CASEY: For those of you who were at the agenda where we had to change some things for the Lifeline program, you're well aware that both Commissioners and staff are concerned about what's going to happen after June 1st when there's no more self-certification for Lifeline applications. There will probably be at least a year and a half before a national database is up and running. It may be five years. We don't know. What we are, what we are concerned about is what's going to happen after June 1st to the applicants. Is that going to chase applicants away by having to produce documentation now after

June 1st? Years ago that was the problem, that was the roadblock. People didn't want to go back and get copies of documentation and that's why the self-certification was started.

So what are we going to do after June 1st?

So what are we going to do after June 1st?

And that's why we called this meeting. We need some ideas. Anybody want to start out?

(No response.)

You've got to have some ideas in here somewhere, all these people.

MS. SALAK: Mr. Follensbee, if I recall, you had some ideas at the Agenda. Would you like to share those?

MR. FOLLENSBEE: Well, I did.

MR. CASEY: And please, please announce who it is so the court reporter will know, and the people on the phone.

MR. FOLLENSBEE: This is Greg Follensbee.

Using a website to fill out an application totally could still be done. The difference is you have to then have proof of your eligibility set somewhere.

The tricky part, of course, becomes marrying up that application that may sit for weeks with the actual receipt of the documentation. I don't know what a good way to do it is. I always feel that it's better

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to have an agency try to do something like that. wouldn't, you know, be out of the realm of possibility to have the form be downloaded from a person. Clearly if they can get to a printer, you -- to a computer, you'd hope they could get to a printer, print out -- you know, maybe it could be a form to fill out, you print it out, and then you just fax both pieces somewhere. could be faxed together then to the Commission, they could be faxed to any other agency we want to identify, they could be faxed to the actual company that they're applying with. To me, that's about as simple as you're going to be able to make it. If you're going to have somebody fill out a form that way without using the processes we have in place today, i.e., sending something to the Public Counsel based on income or using the, the form that sits on the DCF's, DCF's website, that pretty much if they qualify for something there, the DCF already has that documentation.

So, you know, it's really a question of just how to make it that simple. But the tricky part, like I said, is making sure that you can mirror as close in time as you can the application to the receipt of the information. And I know it's going to be an issue, as you said, Bob, of people trying to come up with that information. But you would think for the most part that

people are going to have something these days that's more handy than maybe what we were looking at five or six or seven years ago.

MS. SIRIANNI: Just -- this is MaryRose Sirianni with AT&T also.

The important key to what Mr. Follensbee just said is to make sure that the application and the documentation are sent to the same place. I mean, you can't have the application on the Commission's website, have them send it to you, then have them send the documentation to us. Trying to pair up from two different places, I'm afraid, it just -- too many risks that things don't get, get matched up.

So I think important to that is to ensure that you have them send the documentation where the application is so it's kept in one place, and let's just assume, let's just say it's at the Commission. Then y'all could do a list on the secure website, just like DCF does, where we dip into it, get the applicants, add them.

MS. SALAK: Do you use the website interface
that DCF has?

MR. FOLLENSBEE: We don't currently today. I mean, we've looked into it. We'll continue to look into it. But now with the FCC announcing they're doing a

national website, we're still investigating that. 1 our reluctance is to have 22 different state websites 2 set up across the nation. That's probably a couple more 3 because we have some wireless properties that are not in our wireline footprint, to have to then dip into those 5 with all the IT costs along with having to dip into the 6 7 national. So we're still looking into it. It's still a 8 preferred way to do that kind of a dip rather than try 9 to receive them manually. So that's still our 10 preference, but we aren't using it currently today. 11

MS. SALAK: And you don't do it for verification anymore. Do you still do it, use DCF

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resources for --

MS. SIRIANNI: No. We do statistical methodology.

MS. SALAK: That's what I thought.

MS. SIRIANNI: But, however, the FCC's order will change that back to --

MR. CASEY: Verification, 100 percent verification.

MS. SIRIANNI: 100 percent verification. So that will be changing also as part of the order.

Just looking, and I don't know the numbers for other companies, but for AT&T I pulled the numbers that

we have received applications through the PSC's website, and the numbers are fairly low on applicants that actually submit through the PSC. I mean, obviously the big numbers are at DCF. So I don't know in changing that process and having them send the documentation, you know, to wherever you decide, would be too much of a burden on anybody. I mean, I don't know what everybody's numbers are. I'm only speaking for AT&T's. I mean, they're fairly low.

MR. FOLLENSBEE: They're single digit, the stats is what we're looking at, (inaudible) we get each month.

MS. SALAK: From the PSC website on self-certification.

MR. FOLLENSBEE: Right. Right.

MS. SALAK: So what do you get in-house?

MR. FOLLENSBEE: Even less than that.

ms. sirianni: I don't know. We don't, don't
really have a breakdown, but it's, but it's, it's very
few. The majority come through DCF.

MR. CASEY: DCF. Okay. Let me, let me review the process. I know there's a number of people here who may not be familiar with it. The PSC and DCF have set up a process whereby an applicant who goes in to apply for a program from DCF, which will either be Medicaid,

Food Stamps, or TANF, will have a question -- there will be a question on the application asking if they are interested in getting, receiving a Lifeline discount on their monthly phone bill.

questions. There will be a drop-down box so that they name the telephone company, their provider. And if that person is approved for a DCF program, the DCF computer automatically sends a message to the PSC computer saying this person has been approved for this -- for a DCF program and requested Lifeline. The PSC computer in turn will take that, find out which company that applicant named, and send an e-mail to that company saying there is an application on the PSC secure website ready for retrieval. And the ETC will go retrieve that application and put that person on Lifeline.

Now in addition to that, DCF came up with a portal to check verification or certification that a person is actually participating in a DCF program. Now you can go into that portal and put the person's name, address, birth date, and last four digits of their Social Security number, and hit enter and the DCF computer will kick back a numerical, a 1, 2, 3, 0, I think it is, 1, 2, 3, 4, or 0. Is that it?

MS. SIRIANNI: I think it's something like

1 | that.

MR. CASEY: Something like that. Indicating, yes, they are participating in a program; no, they aren't; or we don't have enough information.

Now in order to do that with the computer portal to check that verification, you have to do a few things. You have to make sure that the ETC computer is compatible with DCF. There's a number of procedures you have to go through.

And if an ETC is interested in doing that, they should send an e-mail to me. What I do is verify that they are an ETC in the State of Florida, and then I send that information on to DCF. And then DCF will contact you as far as setting things up and what you need to do.

Okay? Did I get that right, pretty right, Bruce?

MR. BELROSE: Right on, Bob.

MR. CASEY: Okay. Thanks.

MS. SIRIANNI: 0, 4, 5.

MR. CASEY: Okay. How about some other ideas?

MS. SALAK: May I ask the question of the companies, is your experience similar to AT&T's where the majority are coming through the automatic enrollment, your new customers? Is that fairly true

across the board?

MS. KHAZRAEE: I would say for CenturyLink, yes, the majority of our Lifeline subscribers come through the download that we get from the Commission. And I would say the majority of them are the DCF enrollment requests.

And we would have the same issue that AT&T does. If -- we, we do not currently participate in the DCF portal. Programming issues, you know, we've combined some billing systems and we're still doing that in our company, and so we would have to do some IT things in order to participate in the portal, which we have chosen not to do because the other process was working so well. And now that we know a nationwide database is coming, we really don't want to have to do 37 different state databases and be working on a national database at the same time, which is where we would be because we are a LEC in 37 states. So that's our issue.

MS. SALAK: Have the other states indicated that they might do something similar to this? I mean, we already have it up and going. So I was just curious, are they going to go through the effort to do that? Do you hear news of --

MS. KHAZRAEE: I have not heard news. In

fact, we talked briefly internally yesterday about this. You know, there are a couple of states that had things already in place that we participate in. Texas is one with Solex (phonetic), but, you know, that's a pretty large cost there.

MS. SALAK: Okay.

MS. KHAZRAEE: I think Wisconsin is one.

And -- but that's an issue where we have reps
specifically assigned who interface with Wisconsin. We
have to pay a license fee every year or every other year
for however many reps we have to participate. I
understand there's been a lot of issues with that
database not being up. So we're kind of dead in the
water when that database is not working. Just a lot of
different issues there.

As far as other states, you know, the ones I'm familiar with, Alabama is struggling with the same issue right now too: Don't have a database, they're trying to figure out what to do. I can't think of any others off the top of my head that I know are looking at it.

MR. CHAMIZO: I think Washington State has something like that. This is Jorge Chamizo from TracFone Wireless.

MR. CASEY: Jorge, you're representing TracFone SafeLink. Where does the vast --

MR. CHAMIZO: Right.

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MR. CASEY: How are the vast majority of applicants certified through SafeLink TracFone?

MR. CHAMIZO: I think the vast majority of ours are coming in through our website. And, you know, we, we do use the portal. So the vast majority of our clients are coming in either as SNAP or Medicaid, both with verifiable databases through the interface.

MR. CASEY: So they're self-certifying and then you're checking the portal?

MR. CHAMIZO: Correct. So it's really a, it's really a full cert once you're able to verify. It's about a three-minute -- and Gina is on the phone, she can correct me -- but my understanding is it's about a three-minute delay from the time that we give them an initial approval to the time that we actually get a confirmation back from the, from the portal.

MR. CASEY: That's pretty good.

MR. CHAMIZO: So it's pretty close to real time. Yeah. It's pretty, pretty good. And from -- in the other states that have something similar, we find that Florida is light years ahead in terms of ability (phonetic) to verify.

MS. SALAK: Have you -- Jorge, this is Beth Salak. Have you had ever had an issue where you've had

too many customers going through and there was a holdup? 1 MR. CHAMIZO: That's a good question. Maybe 2 3 Gina or Javier Guell can answer that. Are you all 4 familiar with that, what happens? MS. JASMAN: Yes. This is Gina Jasman with 5 TracFone. Yes. It's about two-minutes delay for the 6 7 response time for the DCF, but we never experienced any issues with DCF or any time delays. 8 MR. CHAMIZO: So -- okay. So we've never had 9 it crash or anything because we've had too many 10 applicants pinging the system at the same time? 11 MS. JASMAN: No, not at all. 12 MS. SIRIANNI: Is there, is there still a 13 limited number of dips that you can do in a, in a time 14 15 There was when it initially came out. period? MS. SALAK: Right. I don't know. 16 17 MS. SIRIANNI: I don't know. 18 MR. CASEY: Bruce or maybe Art would know. there, is there a maximum number of dips that you can do 19 at one time or where you reach capacity? Are, are you 20 familiar with that? 21 22 MR. BELROSE: Not that I'm aware of. 23 Connie Riblett is on the phone. 24 MR. CASEY: Oh, Connie is on. That's right. 25 Hey, Connie. How you doing?

MS. RIBLETT: Good. No, there isn't -- we 1 have not established one because we have not hit full 2 3 capacity yet. MR. CASEY: Okay. And if I'm not mistaken, isn't SafeLink the only one that is using it presently? 5 6 MS. RIBLETT: Correct. 7 MR. CASEY: Even though all ETCs were invited to back in 2009; right? 8 MS. RIBLETT: Correct. 9 10 MR. CASEY: Okay. 11 MS. SIRIANNI: This is MaryRose Sirianni with 12 AT&T. MR. GUELL: (Inaudible) that is correct. 13 14 MS. SALAK: Thank you. 15 MS. SIRIANNI: I just, I had a question for Jorge. I wanted to make sure I understood. 16 17 Were you saying that most of yours come from your website or from the interface with DCF? 18 MR. CHAMIZO: I think that most of our 19 20 applications come directly from our website and, subject 21 to check, I think that's correct, and then we verify 22 each one through the DCF portal. 23 For those that obviously are, you know, 24 indicating a program that DCF administers, like, for example, if it's, if they indicate Section 8 or LIHEAP, 25

you know, those are not programs that there is a state database for.

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MS. SIRIANNI: So the majority of -- I'm sorry. The majority of ours are already coming from the DCF website, so I'm sure there may be others that the portal, you know, we may be able to use. But when they come from the DCF, they're already --

MR. CASEY: They're already approved.

MS. SIRIANNI: -- they're already approved.

And so we're not experiencing what TracFone is in terms of having a lot that we would really even use the portal for just because of the setup of, you know, how, how we're doing it. I mean, just, it's just kind of a lot --

MS. SALAK: I was thinking, it will help, it obviously would help with those applications that you get through the PSC website. But also I was thinking that when the, when you do your verification process that it might be useful for that instead of sending consumers -- I mean, they can send them self-certified, can't they, verification?

MR. FOLLENSBEE: Say that again.

MS. SIRIANNI: Yeah. No, I -- yeah, I see what she's saying, when we do the 100 percent verification, I mean, you could use that to, you know,

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but you would have to, you'd have to put in information for every, you know, every single customer and sit and wait for it to come back unless, unless they, you know, put something where we could send, you know --

MS. SALAK: We can send batches.

MS. SIRIANNI: -- send batches.

MS. SALAK: We can do that now is my understanding from the interface.

MS. SIRIANNI: I mean, that's something that, like Greg said, that, you know --

MR. FOLLENSBEE: That's why we're looking -more interested in it now. But if you have to do a 100

MS. SIRIANNI: Right. Still talking but --

MR. FOLLENSBEE: -- it becomes more of an interest to us to say, well, that would be an easy way to do it is just take our list and set it against that portal, and those that fall out, now we're going to have to do something different to contact them to say, okay, where's your -- we need something to show you're still eligible for the program.

MS. SIRIANNI: Because I think that's a, I think that's a change since it was initially put into place. Because I know when we initially talked to DCF,

-1	it was kind a one at a time kind of
2	MS. SALAK: It's been in batches.
3	ms. sirianni: It's been a couple of years,
4	so, I mean, I'm sure it's been approved.
5	MR.CASEY: They're capable of doing batches
6	now.
7	MS. SIRIANNI: Well, something was still, you
8	know, like
9	MR. FOLLENSBEE: Yeah. That would be helpful
LO	then.
11	SPEAKER: Thank you.
L2	MR. CASEY: Jorge, what is SafeLink planning
L3	on doing for annual verification? Are they going to do
14	it by batch or are you going to be sending text messages
15	or
16	MR.CHAMIZO: Well, Gina, have your I think
17	we're doing
18	MR.GUELL: Yeah. We already do that
19	actually. We send customers, you know, text messages
20	or, you know, we also use some other communication
21	methods to get them to verify yearly. We do that for
22	the whole base already.
23	MS. JASMAN: This is Gina with TracFone also.
24	We are planning for verification, in our verification to
25	do a batch (inaudible) thing with DCF, but we haven't

1	discussed anything yet. But that's what we would like	
2	to do.	
3	MR. CASEY: Okay. Assurance Wireless is on	
4	the phone, I believe. Where are the vast majority of	
5	applications coming in to you from Florida? Are they	
6	coming in through DCF or through your website?	
7	MS. BERLIN: I didn't actually hear her join.	
8	Tristan Handlin is supposed to be on. Are you on,	
9	Tristan?	
10	MR. HANDLIN : Yeah. This is Tristan Handlin	
11	from Assurance Wireless.	
12	The majority of the applications that we	
13	receive are paper copies of applications that include	
14	backup documentation.	
15	MR. CASEY: So you're already almost set up	
16	for the June 1st date.	
17	MR. HANDLIN: Correct.	
18	MR. CASEY: Another question. DCF is here	
19	or not DCF, I'm sorry OPC, Lisa Steffens, and you do	
20	income verification for certain ETCs.	
21	MS. STEFFENS: Correct.	
22	MR. CASEY: Could you do you remember the	
23	ones that you do it for?	
24	MS. STEFFENS: AT&T, Verizon, CenturyLink,	
25	SafeLink Wireless, and Assurance Wireless.	

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MR. CASEY: Okay. For those of you that didn't hear, it's AT&T, CenturyLink, Verizon, Assurance Wireless, and SafeLink.

MS. STEFFENS: Uh-huh.

MR. CASEY: Okay.

MS. KHAZRAEE: I have a question. This is Sandy Khazaraee with CenturyLink. Back to the DCF world. I remember back when it was first implemented there was a lot of discussion about what you were able to save as proof that the customer really participated in DCF so if we got audited by USAC, we'd have something to show USAC, which probably wasn't as big of a deal then as I think it will be after June 1st because doesn't the new rules require some sort of attestation or certification that you saw, that somebody saw that they were required? Is there something through the DCF portal that can be saved or -- that shows that, you know, we did contact the DCF portal and this is the answer we got back?

MR. CASEY: Maybe Connie can answer that. Connie, when somebody does use that portal, do they get kicked back something that they could save?

MS. RIBLETT: Just a response 0, 4, or 5.

MR. CASEY: Okay. 0, 4, or 5.

MS. SIRIANNI: It's an email. In an email

response?

MR. FOLLENSBEE: Is it an email or is it just on the screen and you'd have to print out the screen each time?

MS. SIRIANNI: We should ask Jorge since he -- since they use it. What do they kick back?

MR. CHAMIZO: I'm sorry. MaryRose, can you repeat that? I didn't hear the question.

MS. SIRIANNI: Sure. Maybe one of your folks on the phone can answer. When y'all use the portal, what do you get back? Do you get an e-mail, like a, you know, an e-mail back from the system that has a 0, 4, or 5 on, on it, or just a number on the screen and you can't print it out anywhere?

MR. CHAMIZO: Gina, do you know the answer to that?

MS. JASMAN: Yes. I'm not sure -- I think it's just an XML response that we get through XML, but let me confirm that with my IT team.

MR. FOLLENSBEE: We need to check to see if that could be printable for that becoming the record then.

MR. CASEY: I'll have to go back and review the order, but it was my understanding that all you would have to do is write down where you check. You

wouldn't have to keep something physical. In other 1 words --2 MR. CHAMIZO: I think, I think that's right, 3 4 Bob. MS. SALAK: That's what I thought too. 5 That's what the order says. MR. FOLLENSBEE: 6 Now, do you honestly think a lot of companies are 7 necessarily going to rely on their own people taking 8 notes? Probably -- we may, but we don't know yet. 9 We're not sure we're going to be that comfortable with 10 it that we may want something else in the record. 11 MR. CASEY: Have faith in your people. 12 MR. FOLLENSBEE: Well, we have faith in them, 13 but sometimes they get in a hurry to move on to other 14 things and --15 MR. CASEY: Or they may have 100,000 to check 16 17 or something. MS. SIRIANNI: But it does seem like that 18 could be something -- I mean, if people do want proof, 19 that that could be worked through, that you could print 20 screen or something. I don't know. I'm not an IT 21 22 person. MS. SALAK: Well, you would have to have it 23 have the name, I mean, some kind of identifier on it 24 to -- I mean, you couldn't just have it --25

MS. SIRIANNI: Well, right. Right. 1 MS. SALAK: I mean, if you're really talking 2 auditing, you would have to have the number and some way 3 to hook it up to the name. 4 MS. SIRIANNI: Yes. 5 MS. SALAK: So -- and I don't know if it just 6 comes back because I don't know what comes back either. 7 MR. FOLLENSBEE: Bruce, do you know what 8 9 actually -- or, Connie, do you know what's displayed on 10 the screen? 11 MS. RIBLETT: I believe it, the information comes in and is marked with an identifier and we send it 12 back as the identifier. Now I've never seen what 13 14 SafeLink, what it looks like when it comes back to 15 SafeLink, so I really can't speak to that. MR. FOLLENSBEE: Okay. 16 17 MS. BERLIN: Yeah. It says an ETC shouldn't 18 retain copies of the documentation, for what it's worth. MS. SIRIANNI: Oh, really? 19 MR. CASEY: In the order? 20 MR. FOLLENSBEE: Yeah. 21 22 MS. SIRIANNI: Oh, in the FCC order. thought you were saying on the DCF site. 23 24 MS. BERLIN: No. No. 25 (Inaudible. Simultaneous conversation.)

MR. CASEY: No. In the FCC order. 1 MS. SIRIANNI: No. You're right. It does say 2 3 that. MR. FOLLENSBEE: Well, but I would, I would surmise it goes hand in hand. If they have a national 5 database that qualifies people, why would you need to 6 retain something that says they're qualified? I mean, 7 it has some logic to it. It's just --8 MS. SALAK: And when they have that, that will 9 have logic to it. Yes. 10 MR. CASEY: I think everybody agrees the 11 national database is the solution. It's just what's 12 going to happen between June 1st and when that national 13 database is up and running? And do we have faith it's 14 going to be in 18 months? 15 MR. DONNELLY: Bob, this is Kevin Donnelly 16 with Verizon Wireline. 17 MR. CASEY: Hey, Kevin. How you doing? 18 MR. DONNELLY: Hi. Good. Our intention is to 19 have customers fill out an application, and here's our 20 rationale. 21 The FCC order spent a significant amount of 22 space dedicated to the certifications that the customer 23 has to make that they agree to abide by the program's 24 rules. So our intention is to collect the last four 25

digits of the Social Security number, the date of birth, and for the customer to attest on -- or to all of those rules, such as they'll notify us within 30 days if they move, they'll notify us within 30 days if they're no longer eligible, et cetera.

So I know a significant amount of time has been spent this morning talking about electronic verification, but how do you see it addressing all of the FCC order's rules regarding the attestations that the customer needs to make? Who would be responsible for that? My interpretation of the order is that we would be responsible for collecting those attestations.

MR. CASEY: That's correct. Like the head of household and things like that?

MR. DONNELLY: Correct.

MR. CASEY: Uh-huh.

MR. DONNELLY: So the intention is that they would fill out an application. They could either mail it to us or fax it to us. We would retain the application. We would not retain the supporting documentation proving eligibility according to the FCC order, but we will require an application in order for them to certify that they agree to abide by the rules.

MR. CASEY: Okay. And the supporting documentation, would you send that back to them or just

destroy it?

MR. DONNELLY: No. What will happen is when the application is either faxed or mailed, it's scanned into a database. We will only retain the application and we will purge the supporting documentation.

MR. CASEY: Okay. Thank you.

MR. PRIEBE: Bob, this is Bob Priebe with Verizon Wireless. We're basically going to be doing the same thing.

But one thing I wanted to bring up, and I don't know if you've addressed it yet or not, the rules, the FCC's new rules make a fundamental change in that now it says that the consumer, one of their big dependents or one of the member of the household has to receive benefits from a program before they can qualify.

So now you have a situation where, you know, a child might be the participating benefit enrollee; whereas, the parent may be the applicant. And so when you do your database lookup, there could be a mismatch, and some people might possibly be denied because, because of that mismatch.

MR. CASEY: There definitely could be.

There's -- I'm sure there's going to be a lot of problems.

SPEAKER: I'm about to add to that.

Footnote 157 in the order lists the federal 1 programs that are eligible as part of the Lifeline 2 program. Does the state database include federal 3 4 programs as well? MR. CASEY: The Florida database, the Florida 5 6 database is only for three that the DCF handle, which is Medicaid, food stamps, and TANF is the only three 7 8 programs --MR. DONNELLY: For the other programs listed 9 in the FCC order, electronic verification would not be 10 11 possible; is that correct? MR. CASEY: At this time, that's correct. 12 13 MR. DONNELLY: Okay. 14 MR. FOLLENSBEE: This is Greg Follensbee. I 15 want to make sure I understood because the nuance I don't think I grasped in the order. 16 17 Is Verizon saying that even if they get a download from the DCF list from the PSC, they're going 18 19 to send out an application to everybody to have --20 MR. DONNELLY: That's correct. Right. We 21 will require an application due to the attestations that 22 are required by the FCC. 23 MR. FOLLENSBEE: Which --24 MR. DONNELLY: Unless someone could -- will 25 verify for us or certify that all of those program rules

have been discussed with the customer. You know, I have no idea how this works as far as the customer comes into an agency and applies for this benefit, but I don't know if it would be incumbent upon that person to go through these rules and to get those certifications from the customer that they agree to abide by the rules. But the order has made it clear that the ETC is responsible for making sure the customer certifies.

MR. CASEY: Now there may be some additional questions we may need to ask DCF to put on that Lifeline application, such as "Are you head of household?"

MR. DONNELLY: Well, right. We've identified eight attestations that the customer needs to make. So we have a page within the application dedicated to those eight. And of course a signature is required as well.

Now the order does state that the electronic signatures are acceptable, but it's our idea to have the applicant actually sign the application and date it.

MR. CASEY: Woody just handed me a Verizon application. I appreciate that.

MR. DONNELLY: Sure. Sorry. It's on page 2, Bob.

MR. CASEY: Right. I see that.

MS. SIRIANNI: Is this one you've come up with since the order has been released?

SPEAKER: Uh-huh.

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MS. SIRIANNI: Okay.

MR. DONNELLY: What I did was I took what was in place today and modified it to adhere to the FCC's order.

MR. FOLLENSBEE: This is Greg Follensbee. know that we have asked the FCC for clarification of the rules to find out if somebody qualifies to, for instance, DCF programs, does that relieve us of all the other obligations we have by us using that? We haven't heard back. We're hopeful that they will say, well, yes, in that case you have a state agency that has a well-defined program. You don't need to do additional steps over and above what that agency has done.

We'll see if they give us a clean bill of health. But until they do, Verizon is right, the rules are pretty strict in saying what an ETC has to do. We are still hopeful the FCC will have some flexibility or clarification, given that they've touted Florida being the best in the nation on a process.

MR. DONNELLY: Right. Certainly our preference is to go --

MR. FOLLENSBEE: We hope they would endorse it by saying, right, our rules need to clarify that.

MR. DONNELLY: Right. And our, certainly our

preference is to go with full electronic verification of eligibility. But until such time, we plan on using the application to meet the order.

SPEAKER: The other difficulty with the, utilizing the state database is one -- if the customer is part of a separate household of the same residence, you know, there's some additional steps you have to step through. And then also the temporary requirements, which I understand OMB has tentatively denied that piece of it, but I haven't seen anything official yet.

MR. CASEY: OMB has denied what portion?

SPEAKER: They turned back and did not approve the requirement to do the 90-day verification on temporary residence, and also the additional auditing for low income programs with subsidies over \$5 million.

MR. CASEY: Okay. I haven't heard anything
on --

SPEAKER: I haven't seen anything official on that yet, but that's just what we're hearing through our grapevines right now.

MR. CASEY: Appreciate that.

How about some other ideas from other companies? How could we make it easier for the applicant?

MR. FOLLENSBEE: I'm just brainstorming, not

suggesting it's a good idea, but --

MR. CASEY: That's what we're here for.

MR. FOLLENSBEE: -- is there anything we can try to do with the libraries? I mean, everybody -- a lot of people that don't have access to computers will use computers at libraries. Is there anything we can do statewide, I don't know what agency you'd even be dealing with because you're dealing with all the counties, 67 county libraries, but to try to work through if there's a simple drop-down on the libraries that they simply click on and can fill out and do what they've got to do? Again, you're still into the point of having to have the form printed out and stuff mailed in. But, again, I don't know. It may be overwhelming, but to me that's one of the best sources for people that don't have access to computers to get it so you do it online.

MR. CASEY: That's a good idea.

MR. FOLLENSBEE: I just don't know how it would work out trying to deal with 67 different county agencies to do it. But maybe that's something we can do in conjunction with the Department of Education or something like that so we can do it electronically.

MR. CASEY: I know the last time we checked, over 90 percent of the DCF applications have come in

online, not in person. So people are using computers 1 2 out there. MR. FOLLENSBEE: Makes sense. Now they've --3 MR. DONNELLY: And, Bob, this is Kevin 4 Donnelly again with Verizon Wireline. One of the -- you can see on the application, 6 excuse me, on page 1, to simplify the process for the 7 consumer is we are allowing for our, an official 8 government stamp. The order appears to allow for that. 9 So the customer doesn't have the burden of providing a 10 11 photocopy if a state agency will actually verify through 12 this stamp that they have viewed whatever documentation 13 or certified through a database, whatever the case may We will certainly accept that in lieu of 14 documentation to make it easier for the customer. 15 16 MR. CASEY: Okay. Thank you. MR. DONNELLY: Uh-huh. 17 MS. SALAK: Mr. Follensbee, can I just ask you 18 19 a follow-up on your library? MR. FOLLENSBEE: Sure. 20 MS. SALAK: So you -- they go to the library 21 and they fill out the application. Then you said they'd 22 print it out and then mail it to the company or --23 24 MR. FOLLENSBEE: It depends on whether it's 25 better to go to the company or to go to a central

government agency. You know, have it come to you since you seem to be a clearinghouse for what DCF is doing.

It just may be something we want to investigate to look into doing.

The point being that, as we stated up-front, you want the two pieces of the documents to flow together wherever they're going. If it becomes that they simply can print it out and mail it to the company at that point -- as long as the two are together is what makes it essential. Because otherwise you're sitting with an application waiting for documentation and you don't -- it may come, it may get lost. You hope not, but that becomes the tougher part.

MS. RIBLETT: This is Connie Riblett. We have, the customers have "My Account" where they can go in at any time from any computer and log into their account and print something for you showing that they are eligible for benefits.

MS. SALAK: So if a customer came in and got on your computer and showed your person that was signing them up, would you accept that?

MS. SIRIANNI: Sure, if it was from the -- I mean --

MS. SALAK: I mean, they got on their account
and --

MS. SIRIANNI: If it was from the DCF, an official -- I mean.

MR. FOLLENSBEE: Yeah.

MS. SIRIANNI: But, I mean, there isn't anywhere they could come and, I mean, at least in AT&T. You know, we don't have like kiosks in our lobby where they could come in and do it, just to clarify.

MS. RIBLETT: They could print it off and send it in with the application.

MS. SIRIANNI: Right. I mean, I would think
-- I would have to, you know, just check with our folks,
but to me that would be an eligible piece of
documentation because it would say that it was, you
know, it would have -- it would be no different than
them making a copy of what they have at home and sending
it to us. I mean, it's not going to be an official
raised seal or anything from DCF, but it's going to
still have all the information on it.

MR. FOLLENSBEE: I mean, I don't know what capabilities libraries have to scan documents, but it may be if there's a way to mirror the two and have it with a form that sends it to you all electronically so you aren't getting fax paper in. Maybe -- again, this may be pie in the sky, but maybe there's a work out, a way to work out an application where if they fill it out

and they can print out, or get access to what's in DCF for their qualification, mirror the two, and it gets sent in an e-mail or something to, to you all that it's in a database that you've got, it's the same as you getting it from DCF kind of.

MS. SIRIANNI: I know that the staff, and

MS. SIRIANNI: I know that the staff, and Cindy's raising her hand back there, already does a lot of work with the libraries. But also the workforce, the workforce agencies is another one because they --

MS. MUIR: Yeah. We have contact -- we have a library outreach program, and send them.

MS. SIRIANNI: Right. Right.

MS. MUIR: They're very familiar with the Lifeline information anyway. I don't know -- Bev suggested the Department of State is the head of libraries. I'm not really sure. But we'd be happy to, the Office of Public Information would be happy to try and contact the libraries and work something out.

We also, we have worked with, we've done several events with Workforce Florida and would be happy to help assist in that too.

MS. SIRIANNI: Right. They're very familiar with it, the Workforce, because one year one of our programs with Linking Solutions was to (inaudible) with all the Workforce agencies throughout the state. So

they're very familiar with it. And I think that they actually sign up a lot of their applicants using y'all's website. So that's going to be a little bit of a change for them however we, you know, decide to go with that, so.

MR. CASEY: The application that's on our website is self-certification.

MS. SIRIANNI: Right. I mean, so --

MR. CASEY: So that's got to change first.

MS. SIRIANNI: It's got to change. It's got to change. But, you know, hopefully it'll change such that they can continue to use it. It'll just have to be with the documentation somehow. So, I mean, it's already out there. We just have to revise that self-cert form in some way to still make it not too difficult for the customer to be able to use that online form. However, in conjunction with that, they're going to have to still send the documentation.

From what Connie is saying, if they could also go electronically and print out their DCF eligibility information, then maybe that's -- they could print out both. It's easy for us to sit here and say when they have to go find somewhere to fax it or scan it or send it.

MR. FOLLENSBEE: Yeah. I don't know what it

would take to have your application process be able to 1 also have a document attached to it that will save -- it 2 saves the document as well, which is the one-page proof 3 that they're in a program. 4 MS. SIRIANNI: Yeah. I don't know what Connie 5 6 is talking about, if it has the capability for them to save the document or if it just can print it out. 7 MR. CASEY: Connie, could you answer that? 8 Can an applicant print out that information or is it 9 just printed out or can they save it? 10 MS. RIBLETT: I would have to check. I think 11 they can only print it out. 12 MS. SIRIANNI: If they could save it, then 13 they could attach it to an email in both forms and email 14 it in all electronically and not have to do -- another 15 one, you have to get into the faxing or sending it in 16 That's where you run into issues because it's 17 the mail. an extra step and obviously it takes more of a --18 **SPEAKER**: (Inaudible.) 19 MS. SIRIANNI: Well, right. They may not want 20 to, you know, mail it, although, I mean, prior to 21 self-certification that's what we did. 22 MR. FOLLENSBEE: I'm going to suggest 23 something else again. I'm just brainstorming. 24 MS. SALAK: No. That's good. 25

MR. FOLLENSBEE: What would happen if the person sent in the application like you have today, change this form that's it's not self-certified, you all get that application and you go into DCF and put in the information to get whatever DCF would normally give you the code and then now it's done?

MR. CASEY: That's something to think about.

(Inaudible. Simultaneous conversation.)

MR. FOLLENSBEE: I mean, I don't know how many you'd be dealing with to know, and maybe you want to test how many you'd be dealing with. Because, again, given our experience, we're not seeing thousands for us coming in a month, we're seeing tens coming through your application. So it may not be that much for you all to do that lookup at DCF.

MR. CASEY: She was just mentioning, we could probably do a batch too.

MR. FOLLENSBEE: There you go.

MR. CASEY: Maybe once a week or something.

MS. SALAK: Right. If it comes still to us, we could batch it and then send it on to the FCC maybe. I mean, that's something to think about.

MR. CASEY: Right. Something we have to look at.

MR. FOLLENSBEE: And it may be a discussion

again we have with the FCC directly, or you all do it, saying "Are you okay for us to do this process?" And that relieves the ETCs of having to do their own chasing down all this information. If we have to add some of these questions that Verizon has done on that questionnaire, it makes it kind of easier too to have it all in one place.

MR. CASEY: We have -- I'm proud of this now.
We've been asked to join the task force for the national database, Florida has.

MR. FOLLENSBEE: Excellent.

MR. CASEY: So we will be in on that.

MS. SALAK: That will be both DCF and the PSC.

MR. CASEY: Right. DCF and the PSC.

MS. SIRIANNI: That's great.

MS. SALAK: And we have had conversations with the FCC already --

MR. CASEY: We had one conference call already.

MS. SALAK: -- where they've asked us questions about how it works and follow up on it, get a further understanding of what we do. They seemed fine with it all. I mean, they seemed happy with it.

MS. SIRIANNI: I mean, ultimately if they could be, you know, at a federal level, you know, be

dipping in if states have something like this and they could be dipping into it, that, I mean that ultimate, you know, but see if you get there.

MR. CASEY: What would you think of a streamlined application which would just have three programs on it, the DCF programs? Would that, do you think that would mix up applicants if we had a regular application that had to provide proof and another streamlined application if you are on a DCF program?

MS. SIRIANNI: I don't know that it's a terrible idea. I just don't know if from the requirements -- I'd have to go back and talk to our folks. I mean, because I know that the way that the order lays out right now, we're required to have all those other programs. So, I mean, I think what you're saying is you'd still have them on a full application, but for purposes of streamlining --

MR. CASEY: For streamlining.

MS. SALAK: Actually separate, we could do it two separate applications or just one -- two applications, one that's limited and one that's more fleshed out.

MR. FOLLENSBEE: We can take a look because I don't, I don't think we get a lot from the other programs anyway, so you're dealing with the outliers.

SPEAKER: Well, I think the majority we don't.

MR. FOLLENSBEE: And so it's really a question of not putting a lot of cost for, you know, ten a month or five a month that you're doing. And I don't know what it would be statewide. Maybe it's a little higher than that. But for us it's probably looking at a couple a month that aren't in one of the four programs, including the income. That's the fourth one.

MS. SALAK: From the three.

MS. SIRIANNI: I would think as long as there's still something out there that shows all the programs so that we would be meeting all requirements as far as offering them those programs --

MS. SALAK: Right. Right. Right.

MS. SIRIANNI: -- I think we would be okay, but I would have to go back and get verification from our SMEs.

MR. CASEY: When the applications do come into our database, we keep track of what qualifies them, whether it's food stamps, TANF, and 90 percent of them are on one of the DCF programs.

MR. FOLLENSBEE: That's what we think too.

That's why we're --

MR. CASEY: Now they, they might check three programs, but at least 90 percent of them are on at

least one DCF program.

MR. FOLLENSBEE: Right.

MR. CASEY: How about some other ideas that people can throw out? We're brainstorming. Don't be shy. Anybody on the phone?

(No response.)

Well, let me ask this question. We were offered -- we offered the DCF portal to all the ETCs back in 2009. SafeLink is the only company that took advantage of it. Why aren't the other companies taking advantage of it? I know the ILECs, you know, gave their version of it. Is it too hard or too complex to get hooked up or what? Can you give me some ideas?

MR. ALLEN: Bob?

MR. CASEY: Yeah.

MR. ALLEN: This is, this is Tommy Allen with Telecircuit.

MR. CASEY: Uh-huh.

MR. ALLEN: Yes. We've been trying to get on the DCF website since December. I hear -- you're talking about it like it's something everybody can use. But we've been -- you know, I've contacted my state representative, the DCF, and everybody else to try to get us signed up. We can't get the help to get on it. I mean, we've been attempting since the middle of

December.

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MR. CASEY: Okay. Is it, is it something that the computers are not compatible or --

MR. ALLEN: No. We're waiting for the information from DCF. But because of the, you know, security certificates and stuff, my IT guy, he keeps asking when are they going to contact me? We've talked to Connie and she's given us somebody else's name, but my understanding is they don't have the personnel to, you know, help us tie into it. We're ready to go on our side, but we need somebody on their side to bring us in. So it's not as simple as it sounds because we've been trying.

MR. CASEY: Okay. I appreciate that.

SPEAKER: Bob? Bob?

MR. CASEY: Hang on just a second. Hang on just a second. Bruce from DCF would like to say something.

MR. BELROSE: One -- to answer Telecircuit and some of the others, one of the issues at our end has been, if you follow the news, there's been a lot of reorganization within the state, and it includes DCF. So a lot of these requests come in and they go to someone and then that person is not there anymore. And so we've recently reorganized, for lack of a better

term, so all these requests for access to what's called the Client Verification Web System, or CVWS, are now coming to me. I have a list of I think six or seven of the ETCs who have been asking for access on my desk right now. It includes Telecircuit. And in the next day or so they'll get an e-mail from me.

One of the upfront things that has to take place is there has to be a confidentiality agreement signed between the company and the department so that we can make sure everyone understands what's going on in terms of the information.

MR. CASEY: And that's by law we have to do that. Yeah.

MR. BELROSE: By law. And so I'm going to be sending out these e-mails to those who have indicated an interest in being part or getting access through the CVWS.

Now as I understand from listening to some of the conversations, some of those companies are going to reply back that, well, we're just going to wait for the national database, and that's fine. I just want to make sure that those who have been asking for Telecircuit get this agreement in their hands and get the agreement signed, and simultaneous with all that we can supply them with any of the technical information the IT

departments might need to start working on the interface 1 2 3 5 see something soon. MR. CASEY: That is great. 6 7 8 Is it months or weeks or days? 9 MR. BELROSE: Once the signed agreement comes 10 11 12 13 14 15 couple of weeks. 16 17

issues. And Connie and I will work together on that. But I've got the list. We now have a contact person. It's being acted on in the next day or so, so expect to

How long a period of time will it take from when they sign the confidentiality and get back to you?

back to me, I would say roughly two weeks to get it signed by whoever is going to sign it at the DCF end, and that's not clear whether we can, we in our program area, can sign or whether it's got to go to the Secretary. We're digging into that. But I would say a

MR. CASEY: That's good news. I appreciate it.

Okay. Somebody else had a question on the phone.

MR. ARMSTRONG: It wasn't a question so much, This is Tom Armstrong, Express Phone Service.

MR. CASEY: Yeah.

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MR. ARMSTRONG: The -- we looked into the DCF portal back when it was first offered and, you know, we

had to sign a confidentiality.

Our, our challenge was when we got the technical requirements, and somebody earlier was talking about the whole XML, you know, it wasn't a screen shot, it wasn't an email. Our IT guys got with our network guys and they decided, you know, for the time and money they would invest for small CLECs to have to set up their network and set up their computers to be compatible with DCF to exchange these files, it wasn't worth it. You know, that's, you know, when I say small, you know, 5,000 customers or so. That's, that was our challenge was the technical requirements were beyond the small companies' capabilities to have, you know, a return.

MR. CASEY: That's good to know. That's the information I'm looking for.

How about anybody else? Has anybody else experienced problems or reasons why they don't want to get on the portal?

MR. DONNELLY: This is Kevin Donnelly with Verizon. That offer preceded when I became responsible for the program, so I'll be glad to look at it, if someone can provide me with a contact.

MR. CASEY: Sure. If, if you could email me, and what I will do is send the email on to DCF verifying

that you are an ETC in the State of Florida, and then they will get in contact with you.

MR. DONNELLY: Okay. Very good. Thank you.

MR. CASEY: Anybody else?

(No response.)

Okay. The last thing I wanted to ask is is there anything else that we could streamline in this process, streamline for the ETCs or streamline for the applicant to make it easier, or either one?

(No response.)

We're that good? I didn't think we were that good. I knew we were good, but I didn't think we were that good.

MR. CHAMIZO: Hey, Bob, this is Jorge.

MR. CASEY: Yeah.

MR. CHAMIZO: You know, having, having been working on this now for a little over a year and seeing what the other states are doing, you guys are pretty darn good. I mean, this is, this is light years ahead of what the other states are doing. So it's pretty good.

I was going to suggest, you know, DCF is capturing most of the, most of the programs now, but I know, I think a year before last the Legislature passed a bill that brought all the free and reduced lunch

applicants under the umbrella of the Department of Agriculture. I know that Ag actually has that list now. Historically it had been kept down at the school district level.

I mean, to the extent that that information is capturable, I think that might help, although I don't think we get a huge volume of applications for people receiving free or reduced lunch. But just something to put out there.

MR. CASEY: Now what you're saying is DCF captured that information?

MR. CHAMIZO: No, no, no. DCF captures -- the vast majority of programs are, you know, Medicaid, TANF, and food stamps. Those are the vast majority. But we do get some, and I imagine all the other companies get some folks that are qualified based on free or reduced lunch. So what I'm saying is before we didn't have -- there was no central repository where that information was kept. It was school district level. Now Ag has that, those, those names and addresses.

MS. SIRIANNI: I didn't know that. That's good to know.

MR. BELROSE: But they get them from us.

MR. CASEY: And by law they have to --

MS. SIRIANNI: They get it from --

1 MR. BELROSE: They get it from DCF. MS. SIRIANNI: Wow. 2 MR. CASEY: Could you explain that a little 3 bit? 4 MR. BELROSE: If I could expand on this a 5 little bit because we just --6 MS. SALAK: Please do. 7 MR. CASEY: This is Bruce from DCF. 8 I'm sorry. Bruce Belrose, DCF. 9 MR. BELROSE: We just signed off on a new MOU between the Department 10 of Education and Agriculture. 11 Basically what happens is we send to the 12 Department of Agriculture -- it goes to DOE, they do 13 some IT stuff with it, and then it goes over to Ag. 14 Basically we supply them with a list of all of the 15 children who are qualified for Medicaid, TANF, or food 16 assistance. And then they use, they send that list down 17 to the school boards to use to bounce against their 18 population, student population to see who's eligible for 19 free or reduced lunch programs. 20 So basically the list starts from us, goes to 21 Ag, and then they work with the local school boards. 22 MR. CASEY: That's very interesting. Very 23 24 interesting. MR. FOLLENSBEE: But does it now go from the 25

local school boards back to Ag to say these are on the program? Where is it that -- where is the list at a state agency that says these are on the school program, school lunch program, or is it still at the local level?

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MR. BELROSE: I don't know that the local school boards send their list back up to Ag. But I do know that not all the school boards participate in the matching program. And that's one of the issues they've got right now is the data we send to Ag that gets sent down to local school boards, not all local school boards have sufficient staff or the ability to take those lists and do the match. They've got some folks working on some, quote, unquote, marketing to get more people to do that, but not all school boards participate.

So if even -- for those who do do it, they may or may not send the list back to Ag, but you've got a bunch of school boards out there who may not necessarily be doing a matching, so they may not be sending a list at all back to Ag.

well, that underlying thing is the issue we ran into when we tried to get a way to get the school lunch, free school lunch participants was we were basically told by the Department of Education there was -- they didn't -- nobody could give it to us, so.

MS. SIRIANNI: Right. When we met with them 1 years ago. That's interesting. 2 MS. KHAZRAEE: Yeah, it is. 3 MS. SIRIANNI: I don't believe we have any or very few applicants on Lifeline under the free lunch 5 program at AT&T. 6 MR. CASEY: When you did your -- years ago you 7 did that outreach. 8 MS. SIRIANNI: We did, and it was not very 9 successful. I mean, we put a lot of effort and work and 10 had a task force to, you know, hit the schools, and it 11 just -- I think the forms don't make it home with the 12 kids to the parents. 13 SPEAKER: Yeah, I think that's right. Mary 14 Rose, I agree with that. 15 MS. SIRIANNI: Yeah. 16 MS. KHAZRAEE: We've done something a little 17 -- I'm sorry. Go ahead. 18 SPEAKER: They stay in the book in the 19 backpacks and never make it out. 20 MS. SIRIANNI: Right. Well, we've also done 21 some work with, over the last, well, maybe not this past 22 year but the year before, targeting certain school 23 districts and going from the board down and trying to 24 engage them. But I still don't think that we've had 25

much of a success rate with it.

MS. KHAZRAEE: Yeah. We did down in the Okaloosa, Walton County area, and I know because I personally delivered to all the schools, and some of the -- because what they were going to do was actually target the kids that they know don't have a phone and qualify for free lunch and, you know, that's what we were promised. But when I actually took them, the packs to each individual school, a lot of schools were kind of like, "What," you know. And I got this whole thing about how much, "Do you know how much we have to do?"

And so even though we had the buy-in, I'm not really sure how much of it actually ever got done. And we don't have a way to track them, you know, when people sign up, what -- how, how they heard about it, where it came from.

Bob, I have a question, just, let's go back to the beginning again and let me, let me see if I know what's, understand what's happening here.

So the ones that currently we get from the Commission that you guys got from DCF, as of June 1st, are we still going to get those?

MR. CASEY: Yes. Yes.

MS. KHAZRAEE: Okay. So we're only talking about the ones who went on your website and applied.

MR. CASEY: Correct, using self-certification. 1 MS. KHAZRAEE: Okay. That's -- I thought 2 that's what we were doing. 3 MR. CASEY: Sure. Okay. Any other ideas to 4 streamline for the applicant or the ETC? Last call. 5 Okay. Any other comments finally? You know, 6 let's wrap this up. Any other comments you'd like to 7 make about the Florida program or how we can improve it? 8 MS. KHAZRAEE: I just want to share with you 9 because Pam emailed me way back ago when we were talking 10 about what other states are doing, that Oregon, Idaho, 11 Montana, and Colorado are other states who currently 12 have some sort of a process similar to what you guys do, 13 and that none of them yet know what they're going to do 14 to fix it. They are, they are having the same issue we 15 are. So I just wanted to, you know, if there's any --16 if you want to touch base with them, but that's the 17 18 states we know of. MR. CASEY: What are they? Oregon? 19 MS. KHAZRAEE: Oregon, Idaho, Montana, 20 Colorado, and then Washington had been mentioned 21 earlier. 22 MS. BERLIN: Yeah. When I solicited input 23 from our folks, they went through a litany of things we 24

don't like, which I, you know, didn't really want to go

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1 into today. But I will say that Colorado and Oregon's processes are something we don't like. I didn't get a 2 whole lot of detail about it. They have a unique 3 process to interface with the state database is all I really got. 5 6 MS. KHAZRAEE: Yeah. That's like Wisconsin. 7 and we don't like that one. 8 MR. CASEY: You don't like Wisconsin? 9 MS. KHAZRAEE: No, we do not. MS. SALAK: No to Wisconsin and no to 10 Colorado. 11

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MR. CASEY: No. And I believe, if I'm not mistaken, FCC says they're going to be on the task force, Wisconsin.

MS. SALAK: I'm sorry. You said that you got a lot of feedback on negative things about programs. Did you get some about Florida?

MS. BERLIN: No. No. No. I think, I think they're pretty pleased with the Florida process.

SPEAKER: Yeah. You guys are --

MR. CHAMIZO: Well, I think. I'm sorry. is Jorge. I think with Wisconsin, I think part of the problem is you have to manually input every person's name and then it pings their database; whereas, ours is -- y'all's is pretty automated, which is kind of

nice. Otherwise, you're going to be typing in John 1 Smith/social/date of birth for each individual 2 applicant. It would be a little tedious. And I think 3 they charge like a thousand dollars a year, so. I 4 5 believe in Florida it's free. SPEAKER: That is per person that accesses the 6 7 database. MS. SIRIANNI: Don't say it, Greg. 8 MR. FOLLENSBEE: He had to say that. 9 MS. SIRIANNI: Don't say it, Greg. 10 MR. CHAMIZO: Per operator it's a thousand 11 dollars. 12 MR. BELROSE: Now there's an idea. 13 Thanks for that idea, Jorge. MR. FOLLENSBEE: 14 (Laughter.) 15 MR. CASEY: DCF thinks that's a good idea, 16 Jorge. The PSC too probably. 17 MR. CHAMIZO: Well, (inaudible) 18 grandfathering, I think (inaudible) fine with that. 19 MR. CASEY: Yeah. Okay. Any other ideas or 20 comments? 21 MR. FOLLENSBEE: This is Greg Follensbee. Ι 22 guess the only thing we would ask is if there's 23 something we can do to help you in your conversations 24 with the FCC so we're in lockstep. Because I think, 25

everything I've heard, we are in synch with this state and what we're trying to do. So anything we can do to continue to support your efforts and vice versa would be appreciated.

MR. CASEY: I've heard your comments, the AT&T comments to the FCC, and Verizon, CenturyLink. And we're all in the same boat, it's just how to get there.

MR. FOLLENSBEE: Yes, it is.

MR. CASEY: And what we're worried about is after June 1st up until the national database is up and running, that's what we're concerned about.

MR. FOLLENSBEE: Yes.

MR. CASEY: Okay. I'd like to thank everybody for participating. If there's anybody on the phone that I didn't get their name, you could email it to me and I'll make sure you get on the list.

And for those people here, we do have a sign-up list. If you didn't sign up, we'd appreciate it, if you would.

Thank you very much.

(Proceeding concluded at 10:34 a.m.)

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1 2 3	STATE OF FLORIDA) : CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER COUNTY OF LEON)
4	I, LINDA BOLES, RPR, CRR, Official Commission
5	Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was heard at the time and place herein stated.
6	IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically
7	reported the said proceedings; that the same has been transcribed under my direct supervision; and that this transcript constitutes a true transcription of my notes of said proceedings.
8	
9	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative,
10	employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative or employee of any of the parties' attorneys or counsel connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the action.
11	
13	DATED THIS day of <u>KPUL</u> ,
14	\mathcal{L}
15	LINDA BOLES, RPR, CRR
16	FPSC Official Commission Reporter (850) 413-6734
17	(030) 113 0/31
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