1		BEFORE THE
2	F'LOI	RIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
3		DOCKET NO. 120015-EI
4	In the Matter o	f:
5		VOLUME 7 Pages 732 through 892
6	BY FLORIDA POWE	R & LIGHT COMPANY.
7		VOLUME 7
8		Pages 732 through 892
9		N (
10	PROCEEDINGS:	HEARING
11	COMMISSIONERS	CHAIRMAN RONALD A. BRISÉ
12	PARTICIPATING:	COMMISSIONER LISA POLAK EDGAR COMMISSIONER ART GRAHAM
13		COMMISSIONER ART GRAHAM COMMISSIONER EDUARDO E. BALBIS COMMISSIONER JULIE I. BROWN
14	DATE:	Wednesday, August 22, 2012
15	TIME:	Commenced at 9:32 a.m.
16		Concluded at 12:00 p.m.
17	PLACE:	Betty Easley Conference Center Room 148
18		4075 Esplanade Way Tallahassee, Florida
19	DEDODÆED DV.	
20	REPORTED BY:	LINDA BOLES, RPR, CRR Official FPSC Reporter (850) 413-6734
21	ADDEARANCES.	(As heretofore noted.)
22	AFFEARANCES.	(AS herecorote hoted.)
23		
24		
25		

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

DOCUMENT NUMBER - DATE

05823 AU027≌

1	INDEX
2	WITNESSES
3	
4	NAME: PAGE NO.
5	MARLENE SANTOS
6	Direct Examination by Mr. Rubin 745 Direct Prefiled Testimony Inserted 747
7	Cross Examination by Ms. Kaufman 776 Cross Examination by Ms. Purdy 779
8	Cross Examination by Mr. Rehwinkel 790 Cross Examination by Mr. Saporito 805
9	Cross Examination by Mr. Hendricks 834 Cross Examination by Ms. Brown 835
10	Redirect Examination by Mr. Rubin 843
11	ROXANE KENNEDY
12	Direct Examination by Mr. Donaldson 850 Prefiled Direct Testimony Inserted 852
13	Cross Examination by Ms. Kaufman 881 Cross Examination by Mr. Rehwinkel 884
14	crops mammacron by hir. heliwinner
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
	FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

**EXHIBITS** NUMBER: ID. ADMTD. FPL Interrogatory Response Regarding Smart Meters FPL Interrogatory Response Regarding Change in Usage Behavior Due to Smart Meters and Demand FPL's Response to OPC's 12th Set of Interrogatories No. 254 Supplemental 

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(Transcript follows in sequence from
3	Volume 6.)
4	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Good morning. We are
5	reconvening the hearing on Docket Number 120015-EI.
6	Today is Wednesday. It is 9:32 a.m.
7	Mr. Young, are there any issues that we need
8	to deal with this morning prior to continuing with
9	testimony?
10	MR. YOUNG: Yes, sir. In light of
11	Mr. Butler's comment yesterday about the possible
12	pending storm, and the request to take their operational
13	witnesses up in relatively short order, the parties have
14	agreed, pending Commissioners' approval, that Witnesses
15	Santos, Kennedy, Hardy, Miranda be taken up before Kim
16	Ousdahl, Robert Barrett and Robert Barrett and
17	Jeff Jerry Pollock.
18	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. I think that that is
19	reasonable. It is something that I think we can
20	accommodate.
21	MR. YOUNG: And that will be their direct
22	testimony.
23	<b>CHAIRMAN BRISÉ:</b> Okay.
24	MR. YOUNG: And I think Mr. Litchfield has a
25	request.

MR. LITCHFIELD: Mr. Chairman, we did meet with the other parties last night, and I felt like we made some progress in terms of accommodating the operational witnesses in this case. We, we didn't get all the way, I think, in terms of determining how we would complete their rebuttal testimony as well.

And in terms of the uncertainty of the storm that we're looking at, and obviously it's still early, we can hope that it continues to move further west, I guess very, very west, but, you know, chances are it's going to hit Florida in some, in some way somewhere.

And even if it misses Florida Power & Light's territory, our folks would be in a support role of sending folks to the other parts of the state to help restore power.

So we, again, met with the operational folks and they strongly encouraged us again to, to make the request that if it is at all possible, that we put them on for their direct today as scheduled, but if we could find a way to bring them back for their rebuttal before Thursday, if we go late Thursday, that they could be cleared from the hearing and move back to South Florida to, to prepare either to handle the storm in our service territory or support a storm in someone else's service territory.

And we, we are distributing an exhibit, I

think, that shows the, the number of pages of rebuttal testimony that they have, and you'll see that we've highlighted these folks in yellow. The rebuttal testimony is, is relatively minimal, 14 pages, 10, 10, and 6, respectively, and just a combined total of four exhibits among the four witnesses.

2.0

So we're hopeful that that could be worked out, and would ask the Chair's help and the parties' cooperation in that.

And we, one of the issues that we talked about last night that I think was a bit of a sticking point in reaching a resolution on this was, was FIPUG's witness, Jeffry Pollock, and Mr. Moyle's desire that Mr. Pollock appear on Thursday. And we have talked also about that last night and have concluded that we will not ask Mr. Pollock any questions and be willing to stipulate him into the record.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay.

FIPUG?

MS. KAUFMAN: I certainly appreciate

Mr. Litchfield's offer to stipulate Mr. Pollock, and

it's Jeffry rather than Jerry. But Mr. Pollock is

already on his way here. He addresses critical cost of

service issues to FIPUG.

And so, while we appreciate Mr. Litchfield's

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

offer, we certainly would like to have him take the 1 stand to provide his summary. And other parties may 2 have questions of him. I don't know. 3 MR. LITCHFIELD: May I respond to that? 4 Mr. Moyle specifically asked us if we would consider 5 stipulating him. We did. 6 7 MS. PURDY: Mr. Chairman, this is Lisa Purdy of the South Florida Hospital and Healthcare 8 9 Association. It's my understanding that SFHHA will have some questions for Mr. Pollock, so we'd appreciate it if 10 he could take the stand. 11 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. We've dealt with the 12 13 first part of the issue in terms of having Ms. Santos, Ms. Kennedy, Mr. Hardy, Mr. Miranda in the order as 14 15 described here. Whatever issues with respect to rebuttal, I want the parties to, to work a little bit 16 more and see if you all find a resolution. If not, then 17 I will find a resolution for you. 18 19 MR. REHWINKEL: Mr. Chairman, if I may be heard on this. 2.0 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Sure. 21 22 MR. REHWINKEL: We asked -- I, I don't -- I could not find whether it was in an e-mail or it was 23 expressly asked in the Prehearing Conference. We asked 24

about a combination of direct and rebuttal, and the

company insisted on separating it. Okay. We lost three to four days of critical preparation time because of the filing on August 15th. I am not trying to reopen that issue today.

2.0

But our witnesses, they, they have other obligations. They have, they are a critical part of assisting us in preparing cross-examination, and it was expressly understood and it was expressly reinforced about the order of witnesses at the Prehearing Conference. we have relied upon that and there is no way that we can be prepared to conduct cross-examination on rebuttal.

This doesn't mean a thing. The rebuttal is directed to concepts and issues and discovery related to rebuttal of our witnesses. So quantity is nothing.

It's, it's the quality of the issue that's there.

I certainly would be glad to reexplore if there are one or two witnesses that could be done earlier, but I'm not prepared to do that right now. And while I appreciate the logistical concerns of the company, I can certainly say this unequivocally, is that the Public Counsel would not have any objection to these witnesses coming back, we would not move to strike or have any objections to their testimony being taken at a time other than the currently scheduled time frame.

I mean, I think if the storm hits, we don't know where or if it's going to disrupt the proceeding, we will certainly be willing to accommodate the

Commission and the company on that regard.

2.0

But after everything we've been through, to ask us now to put on a half-baked rebuttal effort is, is, I think, unreasonable. I understand the reason for the request, but we cannot agree to accommodate it at this time.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Understood. That's why I said I want the parties to, to continue to work this, and you all will come with a proposal. If the proposal is not suitable to me, I will present what we will do. Okay?

Mr. Young, are there any other issues that we need to address?

MR. YOUNG: Yes. I think Mr. Garner has a request.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Sure.

MR. GARNER: Mr. Chairman, I apologize, given, given all that's gone on, for taking additional time.

In the interest of trying to be more efficient and less disruptive of the proceeding, I would like to ask your permission, and Algenol has said that I could, I could speak for them to some extent in this matter.

For parties such as Algenol and the Village of Pinecrest who have not participated as fully as some of the others, we would like to ask your permission, as has been done in past proceedings, to be allowed for some parts of the hearing proceeding to, to not be present without being dismissed.

We understand that some things need to happen contemporaneously in terms of objections, that there will be documents passed out and things of that nature. We're willing to bear the risk, our clients are willing to bear the risk that we, we lose certain rights when we can't raise issues contemporaneously and so forth, and we're willing to accept that.

And so in the interest of efficiency for this proceeding and economy and efficiency for our clients, we would ask for, for your permission to do that.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay.

MR. LITCHFIELD: Mr. Chairman, it's an interesting situation for FPL. We have two Intervenors here, one of whom supports the settlement agreement and one of whom does not. And so from that standpoint we would be indifferent, but we're not for this reason.

We think that for Mr. Garner's motion to be granted, it would set a rather poor precedent for this Commission and for proceedings going forward that people

can intervene and take positions and then show up day 1 one and not be dismissed, but then make the motion and 2 then be permitted to go home for two weeks, but yet 3 preserve their positions and be able to brief a 4 proceeding that they didn't participate in, which has 5 questionable value in itself. 6 7 So we think it would set a poor precedent if this motion were granted, although, as I say, in terms 8 9 of substance, we would be indifferent. But procedurally 10 in terms of the precedent it would set, we think it would not be a good idea. 11 MR. GARNER: There is in fact precedent. 12 13 was done in the last rate case for, for a qualified representative who was here on behalf of, of an 14 individual customer. 15 16 the motion? 17

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. Any other comments on

MR. LAVIA: Good morning, Mr. Chairman. J. Lavia on behalf of the Retail Federation. We don't object.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay.

Ms. Cibula.

18

19

2.0

21

22

23

24

25

I, my opinion is that they should MS. CIBULA: be allowed to leave, if they would like to. However, they bear the risk, if their witnesses, it's time for

their witness to come onto the stand and they're not here, then they bear the risk that we might pass them up and we're not going to go back to their witnesses, or if they have to do cross-examination and they're not here to do cross-examination, they bear that risk.

But I think that they're in the position, if they want to waive their rights that way, they can.

They were here for the first day of the hearing, and I think you have the discretion to let them leave and then come back.

### CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay.

2.0

MR. GARNER: Just to be clear, Mr. Chairman. I'm not suggesting that I'm just going to disappear and that's the last time you're going to see me. I will, I will probably be -- I will be here today and I will be here on other days. It's just that, that there, there is -- it's, I think it's clear to the Commission that based on, on participation I've had so far that we will be more limited than some of the other parties. And so it's just a request to be able to utilize our time more efficiently and to, to not burden the, the Commission with having to check with us every time there's, there's a question where we may not have meaningful input.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. From my perspective, I don't think that -- whether asking you if you have a

question adds two seconds to the process, you know. 1 I do understand that you are willing to take the risk 2 of, you know, giving up your right to, to cross-examine 3 and so forth, and I could understand that you may be 4 called between two places at once. 5 And so, therefore, it may be better use of 6 7 your resources, understanding the risk that exists, so I'm willing to grant the, the request. 8 9 MR. GARNER: Thank you. And would that also apply to Algenol as well? 10 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Absolutely. 11 MR. GARNER: Okay. 12 Thank you, sir. CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: You're welcome. 13 Are there any other preliminary things that we 14 need to deal with? 15 MR. YOUNG: None that staff is aware of. 16 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. Are there any other 17 preliminary things that staff is not aware of that we 18 need to deal with at this time? 19 2.0 Okay. You may proceed. MR. RUBIN: Thank you, Chairman Brisé. 21 first witness this morning is Ms. Marlene Santos, and 22 she has not yet been sworn. 23 24 (Witness sworn.) 25 MR. RUBIN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1 Whereupon, MARLENE M. SANTOS 2 was called as a witness on behalf of Florida Power & 3 Light Company, and, having been duly sworn, testified as 4 follows: 5 DIRECT EXAMINATION 6 7 BY MR. RUBIN: Would you please state your name and business 8 9 address for the record. My name is Marlene Santos. 9250 West Flagler 10 Street, Miami, Florida. 11 And by whom are you employed and in what 12 capacity? 13 I'm employed by Florida Power & Light as Vice 14 President of Customer Service. 15 Ms. Santos, have you prepared and caused to be 16 filed 28 pages of prefiled direct testimony in this 17 proceeding on March 19th, 2012? 18 19 Α Yes. Did you also cause to be filed errata to your 2.0 21 testimony on August 16th, 2012? 22 Α Yes. Do you have any further changes or revisions 23 24 to your prefiled direct testimony?

25

Α

No.

1	${f Q}$ With the changes on your errata at page 5, if
2	I asked you the same questions contained in your
3	prefiled direct testimony today, would your answers be
4	the same?
5	A Yes.
6	MR. RUBIN: Mr. Chairman, I ask that the
7	prefiled direct testimony of Ms. Santos be inserted into
8	the record as though read.
9	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. If there are no
LO	objections, the prefiled testimony of Ms. Santos will be
L1	entered into the record as though read.
L2	MR. RUBIN: Thank you.
L3	BY MR. RUBIN:
L4	<b>Q</b> Are you also sponsoring any exhibits to your
L5	testimony?
L6	A Yes.
L7	<b>Q</b> And are those exhibits identified as Exhibits
L8	MMS-1 through MMS-6, consisting of six pages that are
L9	also shown as Exhibits 161 through 166 on staff's
20	exhibit list?
21	A Yes.
22	MR. RUBIN: Mr. Chairman, I would note that
23	those exhibits have been premarked as Exhibits
24	161 through 166.

1		I. INTRODUCTION
2		
3	Q.	Please state your name and business address.
4	A.	My name is Marlene M. Santos. My business address is 9250 W. Flagler
5		Street, Miami, Florida, 33174.
6	Q.	By whom are you employed and what is your position?
7	A.	I am employed by Florida Power & Light Company ("FPL" or the
8		"Company") as Vice President of Customer Service.
9	Q.	Please describe your duties and responsibilities in that position.
10	A.	As Vice President of Customer Service for FPL, I have responsibility for
11		developing and implementing programs and services that optimize the level of
12		customer service provided to FPL's customers.
13	Q.	Please describe your educational background and professional
14		experience.
15	A.	I have a Bachelor's Degree and a Master's Degree in Business Administration
16		from the University of Miami. I have been Vice President of Customer
17		Service since January 2005. Since joining FPL in 1981, I have held numerous
18		positions of increasing responsibility in several functional areas, including
19		Finance, Marketing, and Customer Service, and have participated in various
20		special projects as assistant to FPL's President. I joined Customer Service in
21		1990 and have served as Manager of Marketing, Manager of Commercial
22		Services, Director of Revenue Recovery, and Director of Customer Care.
23		

1	Q.	Are you sponsoring any exhibits in this case?
2	A.	Yes. I am sponsoring the following exhibits: MMS-1 through MMS-6, which
3		are attached to my direct testimony.
4		• MMS-1, Summary of Sponsored MFRs
5		MMS-2, Customer Service Awards
6		MMS-3, Customer Care Center Satisfaction Research
7		MMS-4, Field Organization Satisfaction Research
8		MMS-5, Online Energy Dashboard
9		MMS-6, Complaints for Florida Investor-Owned Utilities
0	Q.	Are you sponsoring or co-sponsoring any Minimum Filing Requirements
1		("MFRs") filed in this case?
12	A.	Yes. Exhibit MMS-1 shows my sponsorship and co-sponsorship of MFRs.
13	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony?
14	A.	The purpose of my testimony is to describe how FPL provides a superior level
15		of service to our customers while at the same time maintaining low cost and
16		efficient operations.
17	Q.	Please summarize your testimony.
18	A.	We're very proud that our many efforts to provide efficient and outstanding
19		service to our customers have helped to keep FPL's typical residential bill the
20		lowest of Florida's 55 electric utilities and approximately 25 percent below the
21		national average. We have worked hard to control costs by ensuring that our
22		operations continue to be improved with additional functionality that allows
23		us to serve customers as accurately and efficiently as possible.

FPL has been recognized with several awards for providing superior customer service. In 2011, FPL received the ServiceOne Award from the worldwide consulting firm PA Consulting Group for an unprecedented eighth consecutive year. In PA Consulting's benchmarking study, FPL performed better than the benchmark in key indicators and cost per customer for customer care, billing, and payment processing functions. We have also received a number of additional awards from other leading industry associations further validating the extremely high level of FPL's customer service. A summary of recent customer service industry awards and recognitions is attached to my testimony as Exhibit MMS-2.

Our superior customer service is achieved through continuous process improvement in our operations. FPL has designed its care centers to ensure customer inquiries are answered promptly and accurately. We have developed a "Best-In-Class" Interactive Voice Response ("IVR") system which provides customers with the option to complete their interaction in a fully automated manner for many general inquiries. Our field operations group provides face-to-face services to both residential and business customers and has been recognized nationally for providing excellent customer service. Our customers are offered a variety of billing, payment and other options that provide added convenience and flexibility in receiving and paying their bills or performing general inquiries.

FPL believes it is critical that the Company continue to invest today in order to secure benefits for our customers in the future. To further that objective, we are investing in smart grid technologies to create a smarter and more efficient system for the delivery of electricity. Smart meters serve as the initial step. FPL's smart meter project was reviewed and approved by the Commission in FPL's 2009 Rate Case. The smart meter project provided the foundation for FPL to apply for a Department of Energy ("DOE") Smart Grid Investment Grant. The \$200 million grant awarded to FPL by the DOE has funded several significant projects that allow us to provide many incremental benefits of the smart grid to our customers at no additional cost to them.

The smart grid technology is already providing benefits to FPL's customers. Customers with activated smart meters have access to an online energy dashboard that provides information that allows them to see how much energy they are using by the hour, day, and month, and help them manage their energy consumption. They can see what they are spending for electricity during those time intervals and they are also able to obtain a projection of their next bill. This project is providing additional benefits for our customers through reduction in estimated bills and improved theft detection.

We are particularly mindful of the impact of these uncertain economic times on our customers. The Company has responded by reaching out into the communities we serve to provide programs for seniors and low-income customers. FPL staff members work closely with social services agencies to assist customers in need. In 2011, we coordinated nearly 182,000 assistance payments received from numerous agencies, representing approximately \$49 million toward low income customers' electric bills. In addition, FPL has a referral process that helps notify customers who may be eligible for assistance. Through this program, we reached nearly 217,000 customers in 2011, providing contact information for the specific agencies that offer assistance services in their areas.

My testimony also demonstrates that the excellent performance in Customer Service and the benefits provided to customers mentioned above have all been achieved while keeping our O&M expenses below the Commission benchmark. The spending in Customer Service is reasonable and necessary and supports FPL's need to increase base rates to a level that would allow us to continue providing high quality and value of service while at the same time keeping FPL's typical residential bill the lowest of Florida's 55 electric utilities.

#### II. OVERVIEW OF CUSTOMER SERVICE

A.

### 3 Q. Please provide an overview of the Customer Service organization.

A. FPL's Customer Service organization is responsible for the development and execution of policies, processes and systems related to contacts with our customers. This includes customer care centers; customer service field operations, which is responsible for account management for large commercial/industrial and governmental customers; complaint resolution; billing and payment processes; development and implementation of FPL's Demand Side Management ("DSM") programs; field meter activities including implementation of smart meters; and credit and collections activities.

### Q. Has FPL been recognized for providing superior performance in the area

of Customer Service?

Yes. FPL is recognized as an industry leader in terms of customer service performance. As I mentioned previously, FPL was awarded the ServiceOne Award last year by the PA Consulting Group for the eighth consecutive year, an unprecedented achievement in our industry. PA Consulting Group is a leading management, systems and technology consulting firm with worldwide operations in more than 35 countries. The ServiceOne Award recognizes utilities that provide exceptional service to their customers as determined by a set of 27 objective measures of excellence in customer care developed by a panel of industry experts. These measures were selected to provide

comprehensive, quantitative measurement of the service attributes that matter to customers. The measures include meter reading, billing, call center, field service, credit and collections, theft protection, and self service.

In addition to receiving the ServiceOne Award, FPL was also awarded four PA Consulting Balanced Scorecard Achievement Awards in 2011. These awards recognize excellence on the part of specific functional areas within customer service. FPL received Balanced Scorecard Achievement Awards in the areas of customer care, meter reading, billing, and field meters.

Our field operations group has also been nationally recognized for its service to business customers. FPL received the Edison Electric Institute's ("EEI") 2011 National Key Accounts Award for Outstanding Customer Service. More than 700 of the nation's leading chain and multi-site businesses voted in the awards program. EEI is the association of U.S. Shareholder-Owned Electric Companies that provides public policy leadership, critical industry data, market opportunities, strategic business intelligence, and other services. In addition, FPL earned first place in the national 2011 E Source Gap and Priority Benchmark Survey of Utility Large Business Customers in recognition of their satisfaction with the utility and the value provided by account representatives. E Source provides independent research, advisory, and information services to utilities, major energy users, and other key players in the retail energy marketplace.

### III. CUSTOMER CARE CENTERS

A.

- Q. Please describe the operation of the customer care centers.
- A. Our customer care centers have been designed and are continuously enhanced using state-of-the-art technology with the objective of ensuring that all customer inquiries are answered promptly and accurately. There are three care centers and numerous remote agents that have been configured to act as one virtual contact center that handles inbound and outbound calls, as well as faxes, letters, and emails.
- 10 Q. How do FPL's customer care centers compare with other call centers in the industry?
  - FPL participates in an annual benchmarking study conducted by PA Consulting Group. The 2011 benchmarking study, based on 2010 year-ending data, consisted of 15 electric and gas utilities. As part of this study, many individual performance measures that are typical industry indicators were benchmarked. The following metrics are indicative of FPL's outstanding performance compared to other participants. In four key areas, FPL's performance is significantly better than the industry average: calls answered in 30 seconds, call abandonment rate, calls answered by the IVR, and cost per customer. FPL's percentage of calls answered in 30 seconds was 87 percent compared to the benchmark average of 68 percent. Our call abandonment rate was 3.2 percent compared to the benchmark average of 6.5 percent. In addition, FPL's percent of calls answered by the IVR was 62.4 percent versus

the benchmark average of 40.8 percent. Finally, our strong emphasis on process management and leveraging of technology resulted in a cost per customer of \$7.58, which is \$2.22 less than the industry benchmark average of \$9.80.

Α.

As mentioned previously, FPL's customer care center was awarded the PA Consulting Balanced Scorecard Achievement Award in 2011. Of the participating utilities, FPL was the only company to receive the Balanced Scorecard Achievement Award for care centers, reflecting FPL's superior performance in this area.

## Q. How has FPL been able to achieve such high customer acceptance for its use of the IVR system?

FPL's industry-leading IVR customer acceptance is the result of the development of many applications that allow customers to easily complete general inquiries through the IVR without the need to speak to a representative. Capabilities have been created that provide interactive customer applications for disconnecting service, power outage reporting, billing inquiries, bill payment, payment extensions, reconnection of service, requesting duplicate bills, and obtaining general information on many other services we provide. In 2011, business conducted through our self-service telephone applications exceeded 12.6 million transactions. These transactions account for 64 percent of all phone calls received by FPL. In 2011, E Source ranked our IVR system among the best (No. 3) in the electric power industry.

1	Q.	Why is FPL's Care Center cost per customer so much lower than the
2		average of companies that participated in the study?

- A. FPL has created an efficient and cost-effective care center operation. Our strong emphasis on process management results in enhanced accuracy and consistency, which in turn lowers our cost per customer. In addition to continuously monitoring these processes, the leveraging of technology has enabled FPL to keep its cost per customer low. As previously described, FPL has maintained an intense focus on improving and expanding the automated services offered through its IVR.
- 10 Q. Does FPL measure customer satisfaction for customers who contact the customer care centers?
- 12 A. Yes. Ongoing surveys are performed to measure overall satisfaction with the way calls are handled.
- 14 Q. Please describe the results of these surveys.

A. The surveys are conducted using a random selection process and are performed on an ongoing basis. The surveys measure overall satisfaction with the call, the ease of contacting FPL, the representative, and the IVR. The percent satisfied score is based upon the number of customers who scored the process as a six or seven on a seven point scale. Seven indicates the highest satisfaction rating and one indicates the lowest satisfaction rating. Using this scale, overall satisfaction with the call, ease of contacting FPL, satisfaction with the IVR, and satisfaction with the representative were all at or above 83 percent for residential customers and 80 percent for business customers for

year-end 2011. These scores demonstrate FPL's strong performance in these measures. Additionally, a key design of the surveys is to provide a means of identifying improvement opportunities. FPL continuously monitors the results of the surveys in order to identify those areas of concern where we can proactively take action. FPL's residential and business care center satisfaction research results are attached to my testimony as Exhibit MMS-3.

### IV. CUSTOMER SERVICE FIELD OPERATIONS

Α.

10 Q. Please describe how FPL provides service through its field operations11 group.

FPL provides additional services to our customers through its field force of residential, small/medium business, and commercial/industrial representatives. This group of employees is dedicated to serving individual customers at their home or place of business. Services provided to our residential and small/medium business customers include DSM programs such as on-site personalized analysis of business or home energy use, high bill investigations, or investigation of any other concerns that a customer may have about their electrical service. Commercial/industrial representatives provide a personalized level of service to our larger commercial/industrial customers. A dedicated account manager serves as a single point of contact for all energy-related and customer service issues for these large, complex energy users. A dedicated account team supports the efforts of the account manager in the

1	areas of reliability, new construction, new energy technology, billing, energy
2	efficiency, and other innovative solutions.

### Q. Does FPL measure customer satisfaction for customers who interact with the field organization?

Yes. Similar to how we conduct surveys with customers that contact our care centers, ongoing surveys are performed to measure satisfaction of residential and business customers with the way field services are handled. The percent satisfied score is the percent of customers who scored the satisfaction with the field representative a six or seven on a seven point scale. Seven indicates the highest satisfaction rating and one the lowest. Survey results for these customers have been exceptional. For example, in 2011, business customers rated their satisfaction with the account manager as a six or seven 98 percent of the time for small/medium business customers, and 100 percent of the time for national accounts customers. Residential customers rated their satisfaction with the field representative at 90 percent or higher. FPL's field organization satisfaction research results are attached to my testimony as Exhibit MMS-4.

A.

As mentioned previously, our business account management team has been recognized nationally for its performance. FPL earned first place in the national 2011 E Source Gap and Priority Benchmark survey. The E Source Gap and Priority Benchmark is based on survey responses from more than 1,300 U.S. utility large business customers. FPL received high scores in all categories, including satisfaction with the utility and with their account

representative, as well as the value provided by the utility relative to the price paid for energy. In addition, FPL received the EEI 2011 National Key Accounts Award for Outstanding Customer Service. More than 700 of the nation's leading chain and multi-site businesses voted in the awards program.

### V. BILLING, PAYMENT AND INTERNET OPTIONS

22.

A.

A.

### Q. What billing and payment options does FPL provide its customers?

FPL recognizes that our customers want options in terms of billing and making payments. The Company strives to enhance its service to customers and provide such choices by offering a variety of billing and payment options. These options are designed to make it easier for customers to do business with the Company, and at the same time reduce costs which benefits all customers. For billing options, customers may choose to receive their bill electronically or as a paper bill. Customers then have the option of paying bills by mailing the payment to FPL, paying at a pay station, or paying electronically by phone or online.

# Q. How do FPL's costs for billing and payment functions compare to other utilities?

FPL has worked hard to control these costs over the years by maximizing postage and paper discounts and providing customers with lower cost billing and payment options that meet their needs. Our success is demonstrated by the results of the 2011 PA Consulting benchmarking study. FPL's cost per

customer for billing expense is \$4.84, which is \$2.08 less than the benchmark average of \$6.92. FPL's cost per customer for payment service expenses is \$0.61, which is \$0.78 less than the benchmark average of \$1.39.

## Q. Would you elaborate on the customer services that FPL provides to its customers over the Internet?

FPL recognizes that many customers appreciate the ability to use interactive self-service to do business. FPL continues to focus on developing and expanding its self-service applications so that its customers can conduct business with FPL on the Internet. Customers can use FPL.com to update their account information, make billing inquiries, request payment extensions, report power outages and status updates, report street light outages, order duplicate bills, and connect, disconnect or transfer service. As previously discussed, customers may also view and pay their monthly bill online. Customers can visit FPL.com to enroll in email bill, budget billing, and online Customers have the option to request to be automatically enrolled for online services when they connect their service on the telephone. Customers can also take an Online Home Energy Survey to better manage their consumption. In addition, customers whose smart meters have been activated can view their energy usage information by the hour, day or month online and see a projection of their next bill.

21

22

23

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

A.

The number of transactions performed on FPL's website continues to grow at a steady pace. In the 2011 PA Consulting benchmarking study, FPL ranked

first quartile, reporting an average of 5.6 automated Web transactions per customer compared to an average of 3.4 for the 14 reporting companies. Our Internet applications allow customers to conduct business with the Company 24 hours a day, an option preferred by many customers and a means by which FPL can continue to reduce operational costs.

#### VI. SMART GRID AND SMART METERS

A.

### 9 Q. Is FPL deploying Smart Grid technologies, including Smart Meters?

Yes. As part of our Energy Smart Florida initiative, FPL is deploying smart grid technologies that are helping to build a stronger, smarter, cleaner, and more efficient electrical infrastructure. Smart meters serve as the initial step in the development of our smart grid initiative and support the established federal policy to modernize the nation's electric infrastructure. FPL's smart meter project was reviewed and approved by the Commission in FPL's 2009 Rate Case, as reflected in Order No. PSC-10-0153-FOF-EI, issued on March 17, 2010 in Docket Nos. 080677-EI and 090130-EI ("2010 Rate Case Order"). The smart meter project provided the foundation for FPL to apply for a DOE Smart Grid Investment Grant. The Commission's approval of FPL's smart meter project allowed us the opportunity to receive a \$200 million grant from the DOE.

1	Q.	Please explain the benefits received by FPL's customers as a result of the
2		DOE grant.
3	A.	The \$200 million grant has funded several significant projects that allow us to
4		provide many incremental benefits of the smart grid to our customers at no
5		additional cost to them. The installation of intelligent devices on our grid will
6		allow us to help reduce, shorten, and lessen the impact of power outages for
7		customers, while preventing many potential outages before they occur.
8		
9		The grant also funded our In-Home-Technology Project which is designed to
10		test emerging in-home technologies and dynamic pricing associated with
11		smart meters. This program will help FPL to better understand its customers'
12		needs and some of the potential products and services that could be offered to
13		customers to better manage their energy usage.
14		
15		In addition, the grant has provided FPL the opportunity to partner with Miami
16		Dade College to develop a program through the Florida College System that
17		will help customers create personal energy plans using face-to-face training
18		and hands-on participation.
19	Q.	What is the current status of the DOE grant?
20	A.	FPL has satisfied the requirements to receive full reimbursement of the \$200
21		million. We plan to complete all of the initiatives associated with the grant by
22		the end of 2012.
23		

### Q. What is your role in the deployment of smart grid technologies?

1

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

A.

2 A. The deployment of smart grid technologies spans various departments within 3 FPL. I am responsible for overseeing the administration of the DOE grant for 4 FPL and the implementation of the smart meter project. FPL's smart meter 5 project includes the deployment of state-of-the-art integrated solid-state smart 6 meters and associated network equipment to the over four million residential 7 and small/medium business customers we serve. The meters are equipped 8 with secure two-way communications; remote reading and connection 9 capabilities; and the ability to collect data regarding consumption at 10 predetermined intervals. The meters also include "flags" which are useful for 11 the determination of outage, restoration, and theft.

### 12 Q. What is the current status of FPL's smart meter deployment?

As of March 1, 2012, FPL has installed more than 3 million smart meters in its service area. FPL continues to anticipate that it will achieve full deployment by the end of 2013.

### 16 Q. What benefits are customers seeing as a result of smart meters?

Customers are beginning to see the benefits associated with the installation of smart meters. Customers with activated smart meters have access to more detailed information about their energy consumption. Instead of having to wait until the end of the month to see how much energy has been consumed, customers with smart meters have access to an online energy dashboard where they can see how much energy they are using by the hour, day, and month. They can also see what they are spending for electricity during those time

intervals and obtain a projection of their next bill. In addition, the average temperature for each day is available so that customers can correlate the impact weather has on their energy usage. Customers can also compare their past energy consumption information to see trends or patterns in their energy use. All of this information allows customers to make informed choices and better manage their energy usage. An example of the information available on FPL's online energy dashboard is attached to my testimony as Exhibit MMS-5.

Customers who do not have access to the Internet can also benefit from the energy usage information now available through smart meter technology. Customers can call FPL to speak to a customer service representative who will be able to review their usage on the phone and answer questions. Customers can also use the recently enhanced IVR to get energy usage and other smart meter information.

Smart meters offer our customers more convenience by providing readings without the need to access customer property. Remote readings are being utilized to regularly bill our customers and to complete orders associated with opening and closing accounts, reducing the number of estimated and prorated bills. In areas with activated smart meters, we currently see an estimated-bill rate of 0.36 per 1000 meters, compared to areas where legacy meters are still in place where the rate is 14 per 1000 meters. Additional information

1		captured by the meters has also assisted in the identification and reduction of
2		theft of electricity. The success rate of the leads generated by the smart meter
3		is twice that of previous processes.
4		
5		We plan to continue to improve our service by leveraging smart meter
6		technology. For example, FPL witness Hardy describes how we are
7		integrating smart meter data with our Trouble Call Management System. This
8		will provide real-time outage information/visibility and improve the outage
9		experience for the customer. In addition, the future implementation of the
10		remote connect service functionality will allow us to remotely perform move-
11		in, move-out, and emergency reconnects, improving our response to
12		customers. This service will also allow us to take quicker action on accounts
13		where there is unaccounted usage.
14		
15		These initiatives will continue to help keep our operating costs low. As the
16		deployment of smart meters and the supporting technologies continues, we
17		expect the process improvements and automation to result in a reduction in
18		O&M expenses.
19	Q.	Will FPL continue to provide updates to the Commission on its
20		deployment of smart meters?
21	A. 1	Yes. As reflected in FPL's 2010 Rate Case Order, the Commission has
22		ordered FPL to provide annual progress reports on implementation of smart
23		meters in the Energy Conservation Cost Recovery docket. Consistent with the

1		Commission's order, FPL filed its first annual report in March 2011 and is
2		filing its second annual report in March 2012.
3		
4		VII. ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FOR CUSTOMERS
5		
6	Q.	Please discuss the energy affordability initiatives associated with payment
7		assistance.
8	A.	FPL has been working diligently to find ways to increase payment assistance
9		funding to eligible households in need. This has been achieved in great
10	~	measure through partnerships with various social services agencies in the
11		communities that FPL serves. This process is known as ASSIST and it
12		involves referring customers who are experiencing financial difficulty to an
13		appropriate social services agency. FPL staff members work closely with the
14		agencies to assist customers while resources are allocated and secured for
15		those in need. In 2011, customers received nearly 182,000 assistance
16		payments from numerous agencies, representing approximately \$49 million
17		toward low income customers' electric bills.
18	Q.	What other initiatives has FPL worked on to increase payment assistance
19		to customers?
20	A.	FPL has been leading several other initiatives with a focus on growing
21		available energy assistance resources, including identification of new funding
22		sources. FPL was a co-founder of the Coalition for Affordable Energy for
23		All, in partnership with Entergy, TXU Energy, Atmos Energy, Centerpoint

Energy, and other utilities. These partners have been working together to influence congressional funding of the federal Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program.

To ensure that customers in need are aware of the availability of assistance funds, we have identified opportunities to provide customers with the contact information of local social services agencies that partner with FPL's ASSIST program. We provide a specific agency name and phone number to customers in need through the billing process, based on the customer's ZIP code. Our Customer Care representatives also have access to information at the ZIP code level, and offer the same information to callers when appropriate. Customers who attend our neighborhood energy conservation and bill management seminars also receive this information. In addition, FPL has a referral process which helps notify customers who may be eligible for assistance. Through this program, nearly 217,000 customers in 2011 received personal contacts by mail and by phone, providing contact information for the specific agencies that offer assistance services in their area.

### VIII. COMPLAINT RESOLUTION

### 21 Q. How does FPL handle customer complaints?

A. FPL's goal is to ensure that every customer is satisfied with the handling of their inquiry. While it is not practical to expect 100 percent satisfaction, we

have developed a process that is designed to maximize the opportunity to successfully address customers' concerns. Customers who contact the care center and want their inquiry escalated are offered the option of speaking with a care center account supervisor. Account supervisors are a group of employees with more experience and broader authority who are dedicated to resolving customer issues quickly and efficiently. They are able to resolve the majority of calls directly. However, if the call requires follow-up with a department outside of the care center, the customer is provided the department name to which their matter is being referred, as well as a timeframe in which the appropriate representative will contact the customer for resolution. Additionally, the customer is given the care center account supervisor's name and telephone number in the event they need further assistance. A ticket for follow-up is then created, and the matter is monitored for completion in a timely manner.

In the event that a customer complaint is not resolved, the customer may choose to contact the Florida Public Service Commission ("FPSC"). As part of our complaint handling process, FPL participates in the Transfer-Connect and E-mail processes established by the FPSC to help resolve disputes between regulated companies and their customers as quickly, effectively, and inexpensively as possible. These processes involve transferring the customer call or email directly from the FPSC to a specialized group of FPL customer advocates for expedited handling if the customer agrees.

Q.	How has the number of FPL customer contacts to the FPSC changed in
	recent years?

FPL has been successful in reducing the number of complaints as a result of the efforts described above, as well as other initiatives aimed at improving customer satisfaction. When looking at the complaints that are recorded as "logged" with the FPSC company-wide, FPL has shown a reduction in complaints per 1,000 customers in 2011 from 2010 of 19 percent. FPL recorded 0.0615 complaints per 1,000 customers in 2011 compared to 0.0765 complaints per 1,000 customers in 2010. Attached to my testimony is Exhibit MMS-6, Complaints for Florida Investor-Owned Utilities, which is a summary of logged complaint data per 1,000 customers for the five Florida Investor-Owned Utilities. The data shows that in 2011 FPL had the second lowest level of logged complaints when compared to the other utilities.

A.

#### IX. CUSTOMER SERVICE O&M EXPENSE

A.

# 17 Q. Please provide an overview of Customer Service's O&M expenses.

Customer Service O&M is driven by several key activities including meter reading, billing, payment processing, customer care, credit and collections, and various field and support activities to serve our customers. In addition to these activities, uncollectible expense (the sum of bad debt and the provision adjustment for uncollectible accounts), and deployment of smart meters, are cost drivers for Customer Service O&M.

ì	Q.	How do the Customer Accounts functional area O&M expenses for the
2		Test Year compare to the Commission's O&M benchmark (MFR C-41,
3		O&M Benchmark Variance by Function)?
4	A.	The Customer Accounts functional area Test Year O&M expenses are below
5		the Commission's O&M benchmark threshold.
6	Q.	How do the Customer Service functional area O&M expenses for the Test
7		Year compare to the Commission's O&M benchmark (MFR C-41, O&M
8		Benchmark Variance by Function)?
9	A.	The Customer Service functional area Test Year O&M expenses are below the
10		Commission's O&M benchmark threshold.
1	Q.	How do the Sales functional area O&M expenses for the Test Year
12		compare to the Commission's O&M benchmark (MFR C-41, O&M
13		Benchmark Variance by Function)?
14	A.	The Sales functional area Test Year O&M expenses are below the
15		Commission's O&M benchmark threshold.
16	Q.	How has Customer Service effectively managed its costs when compared
17		against the Commission's O&M benchmark?
18		Customer Service has continued to focus on productivity improvements to
19		help keep operating and maintenance expense down. For example, through
20		the continued efforts of our billing department to increase customer adoption
21		of electronic billing, we expect postage and paper expense to be
22		approximately \$7 million lower when compared to our 2010 rate case decision
23		adjusted for inflation and customer growth. Our customer care department

1 expense is expected to be approximately \$4 million lower when compared to 2 our 2010 rate case decision adjusted for inflation and customer growth. This 3 difference is primarily attributable to a reduction in call volume driven by 4 continued efforts to increase usage of self service options offered through the 5 IVR system and FPL.com and ongoing process improvements. In addition, 6 uncollectible accounts expense is expected to be approximately \$15 million 7 lower when compared to our 2010 rate case decision adjusted for inflation and 8 customer growth. This will be accomplished through a focused effort in the 9 credit and collections management group to improve deposit, field collections, 10 telephone collections, and recovery processes.

## 11 Q. How does FPL forecast its bad debt expense?

- A. FPL uses regression analysis to forecast bad debt expense. Bad debt expense is modeled using historical and projected data such as the price of electricity, kWh sales, and other economic factors. This data has a strong correlation with bad debt expense and provides a means of measuring and accounting for factors that contribute to non-payment.
- 17 Q. What is FPL's projected bad debt expense for the 2013 test year?
- 18 A. FPL's forecast of bad debt expense is \$16.6 million which results in a bad 19 debt factor of 0.166 percent as shown on MFR C-11.
- 20 Q. How does FPL's bad debt expense compare to other utilities?
- A. FPL has worked hard to minimize bad debt through the use of standardized processes and fair and consistent policies. In the 2011 PA Consulting benchmarking study using 2010 data, FPL ranked first quartile in lowest

- percent of bad debt as a percent of revenue with a rate of 0.2 percent
- compared to the benchmark average of 0.7 percent. Bad debt as a percent of
- 3 revenue is an industry standard for measuring bad debt performance.
- 4 Q. Does this conclude your direct testimony?
- 5 A. Yes.

1 BY MR. RUBIN:

2.0

**Q** Have you prepared a summary of your direct testimony?

- A Yes, I have.
- **Q** Would you please provide that summary to the Commission.
  - A Yes. Good morning, Commissioners.

We're very proud that FPL provides a superior level of customer service, while at the same time maintaining low costs. As shown on Exhibit MMS-2 behind me, FPL has received several awards recognizing the company's superior customer service. In 2011, FPL received the ServiceOne Award from the worldwide consulting firm PA Consulting Group for an unprecedented eighth consecutive year. In the benchmarking study, FPL excelled in cost per customer, for customer care, for billing and payment processing functions.

We have also received additional awards from other leading industry associations, further validating the extremely high level of FPL's customer service. Our superior customer service is achieved through continuous process improvement in our operations.

FPL has designed its care centers to ensure customer inquiries are answered promptly and accurately. We have developed a Best-In-Class Interactive Voice

Response system, which frequently allows our customers to complete their inquiry in a fully automated manner.

2.0

Our field operations group provides face-to-face services to both residential and business customers, and has been recognized nationally for providing excellent customer service.

In addition, our customers are offered a variety of billing, payment, and other options that provide added convenience and flexibility in receiving and in paying their bills or performing general inquiries.

FPL believes that it is critical that the company continue to invest today in order to secure benefits for our customers in the future.

To further that objective, we are investing in smart grid technologies to create a smarter and more efficient system for the delivery of electricity. Smart meters serve as the initial step.

approved by the Commission in FPL's 2009 rate case. The smart meter project provided the foundation for a \$200 million grant awarded to FPL by the Department of Energy. This grant has funded several significant projects that allow us to provide many incremental benefits of the smart grid to our customers at no

additional cost to them.

The smart grid technology is already providing benefits to FPL's customers. We have installed more than 3 million smart meters. Customers with activated smart meters have access to an online energy dashboard that provides information that allows them to see how much energy they are using by the hour, day, and month, and helps them manage their energy consumption. This project is providing additional benefits for our customers through reduction in estimated bills and improved theft detection.

We are particularly mindful of the impact of these uncertain economic times on our customers. The company has responded by reaching out into the communities we serve to provide programs for seniors and low income customers. We work closely with social services agencies to assist customers in need.

As an example of this type of effort, in 2011 we coordinated nearly 182,000 assistance payments received from numerous agencies representing approximately \$49 million toward low income customers' electric bills.

My testimony also demonstrates that the excellent performance in customer service has been achieved while keeping our O&M expenses below the

Commission benchmark. The spending in customer service 1 is reasonable and necessary and supports FPL's need to 2 increase base rates to a level that would allow us to 3 continue providing high quality and value of service 4 while at the same time keeping FPL's typical residential 5 bill the lowest of Florida's 55 electric utilities. 6 7 This concludes the summary of my direct testimony. 8 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Thank you, Ms. Santos. 9 MR. RUBIN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 10 tenders Ms. Santos for cross-examination. 11 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: All right. FIPUG. 12 MS. KAUFMAN: Good morning, Commissioners. 13 Vicki Gordon Kaufman. I'm here on behalf of FIPUG. 14 CROSS-EXAMINATION 15 BY MS. KAUFMAN: 16 And, good morning, Ms. Santos. 17 18 Good morning. 19 You're so far away. Q I just have a very few questions for you. 2.0 mentioned in your summary, and you also talk about in 21 22 your direct on page 4, lines 14 through 16, FPL's superior level of service to our customers. Do you see 23 24 that?

25

Α

Yes, I do.

1	<b>Q</b> Would it, would it be your opinion that FPL
2	has provided that superior level of service since its
3	last rate case and the last rate case order in
4	March 2010?
5	A Yes, it would.
6	Q You also mentioned that you received a number
7	of FPL has received a number of awards, and you spoke
8	kind of fast. One of them you said you had received for
9	eight consecutive years. Which one was that?
10	A Yes. That's the PA Consulting award. It's
11	called the ServiceOne Award.
12	Q Okay. So you received that I guess since 2003
13	or 2002?
14	A Somewhere in that neighborhood. Uh-huh.
15	<b>Q</b> Somewhere in that neighborhood? Okay. So,
16	again, you received that, that award during a period of
17	time even before the last rate case order was in effect;
18	correct?
19	A That is correct.
20	<b>Q</b> You also talk, I think, on pages 8 and 9,
21	toward the bottom of 8 and over to the top of 9, about
22	some other awards that Florida Power & Light has
23	received. If you look at page 9, line 6, you talk about
24	the Balanced Score Card Achievement Award.
25	A Yes. The Balanced Score Card Achievement

1	Awards were received in 2011. They're also they're
2	given by the same company, PA Consulting. It's based on
3	the same benchmarking assessment. But those are given
4	on a functional basis, and so we actually received those
5	for a couple of our functions, which are customer care,
6	meter reading, billing, and field meters.
7	<b>Q</b> So what period of time was covered by the
8	award that you received in 2011?
9	${f A}$ They're usually a, the data is usually a year
10	behind. So the 2011 award would have been using 2010
11	data.
12	${f Q}$ And would the same be the case for the, the
13	award mentioned on line 13, page 9, the 2011 National
14	Key Accounts Award, was that for 2010?
15	${f A}$ Well, that award is, it's very different the
16	way that that award is done. That one is actually about
17	700 customers that attend the EEI National Accounts
18	Group.
19	<b>MS. KAUFMAN:</b> Excuse me, Chairman Brisé. I'm
20	really just
21	THE WITNESS: I'm trying to explain it to you
22	because it's really different.
23	MS. KAUFMAN: I'm just asking her for the time
24	frame that it was covered, and if she
25	THE WITNESS: It was awarded in 2011, and the

customers voted in 2011 for that award.
BY MS. KAUFMAN:
<b>Q</b> And it would still be your view as you sit
here today that Florida Power & Light, regardless of the
outcome of this case, will do its very best to provide
superior service to all its customers; correct?
A We will do our very best.
MS. KAUFMAN: Thank you. That's all I have.
CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Thank you very much,
Ms. Kaufman.
South Florida Hospital Association, would it
be Ms. Purdy?
MS. PURDY: Yes. Good morning, Mr. Chairman
and Commissioners.
CROSS-EXAMINATION
BY MS. PURDY:
Q Good morning, Ms. Santos.
A Good morning.
Q You might have heard me earlier. My name is
Lisa Purdy and I'm one of the attorneys for SFHHA. How
are you?
A Good.
${f Q}$ I'm going to be talking a little bit about
smart meters this morning. I think you mentioned
earlier in your summary as well as page 19 of your

1	direct testimony that you are responsible for the
2	implementation of FPL's smart meter project; is that
3	right?
4	A That's correct.
5	<b>Q</b> Okay. And just for convenience's sake, would
6	you agree that the advanced metering infrastructure,
7	also known at AMI, can also be referred to as smart
8	meters?
9	<b>A</b> Can you say that again, because there was a
10	lot of noise?
11	<b>Q</b> Sorry. The rustling?
12	<b>A</b> Yeah. Go ahead.
13	<b>Q</b> So would you agree that advanced metering
14	infrastructure is also known as AMI or smart meters?
15	A Yes.
16	<b>Q</b> So for convenience's sake, I'm going to just
17	refer to the topic as smart meters this morning.
18	A That's fine.
19	<b>Q</b> Okay. Were you involved in FPL's rate case
20	immediately prior to this one?
21	A Yes, I was.
22	<b>Q</b> And you submitted written testimony in that
23	case regarding smart meters?
24	A Yes, I did.
25	<b>Q</b> How many people report to you in your position

1	as Vice President of Customer Service?
2	A A little bit over 2,000.
3	<b>Q</b> Of that vast number, did any of those people
4	draft discovery responses on behalf of FPL with respect
5	to smart meters?
6	A Yes.
7	<b>Q</b> Okay. With respect to those discovery
8	responses that were specific to your testimony and smart
9	meters, did you review the discovery responses prior to
10	FPL's serving them upon the participants in this
11	proceeding?
12	A Yes, I did.
13	MR. RUBIN: Mr. Chairman, can I just ask for
14	clarification? Counsel started with the 2009 rate case,
15	and I'm not sure if she's referring to discovery now in
16	that case or this case.
17	MS. PURDY: To clarify, I'm referring to
18	discovery in this case now.
19	MR. RUBIN: Thank you.
20	BY MS. PURDY:
21	<b>Q</b> Okay. So going back, have you reviewed all
22	the discovery responses provided by FPL that were
23	directed to or otherwise concerned smart meters?
24	A Yes, I have.
25	<b>Q</b> The smart meter project involves the

installation of smart meters for over 4 million of FPL's 1 customers; is that about right? 2 That's correct. 3 Okay. And you mentioned in your summary 4 earlier today that FPL has installed more than 3 million 5 smart meters in its service area? 6 7 Α Yes. Okay. And is it also true that you estimate 8 9 that FPL will achieve full deployment of those smart meters by the end of 2013? 10 By the end of 2013 probably. Most likely 11 earlier than that. Uh-huh. 12 13 Okay. That's fine. Thank you. You previously testified, both in the prior 14 case and in part today, that the installation and use of 15 smart meters would result in certain operational 16 efficiencies due to capabilities such as remote reading 17 and indications of outage or theft. 18 19 Α Uh-huh. Yes. Okay. With respect to the ability of smart 2.0 meter to assist in the identification in and reduction 21 22 of the theft of electricity, isn't it true that FPL does not project any O&M savings associated with this 23 benefit? 24 25 MR. RUBIN: Mr. Chairman, I object. Counsel

for all the parties have indicated that they were not prepared to cross on rebuttal, on the rebuttal issues.

Issues 112 and 113 are the specific rebuttal issues for Ms. Santos, and they deal with the appropriate amount of expense associated with the smart meter project and the appropriate amount of savings associated with the smart meter project.

2.0

Ms. Santos' rebuttal specifically responds to the Hospital Association's witness Kollen and OPC's witness Ramas on that very issue. That is not part of her direct testimony and really should not be the subject of any cross-examination today.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. Is that the subject of rebuttal?

MS. PURDY: In our position I think it addresses both, but we're happy to defer it if FPL so chooses.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Let's go ahead and defer it.

MR. SAPORITO: Mr., Mr. Chairman, just very

quickly. I just want to make sure the, the Chair is

clear on FPL's response earlier. I did not as a party

in this proceeding agree with, not to engage in that

type of cross-examination with this particular witness,

and I, I sent Ms. Klancke an e-mail to that, to her

response in that area that I was sent by staff.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. Ms. Purdy, you may 1 2 proceed. MS. PURDY: Sure. So just, just to be clear 3 then, so long as our rights are not prejudiced to 4 explore this topic further on rebuttal. 5 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Absolutely not. 6 7 MS. PURDY: Okay. BY MS. PURDY: 8 9 Q In your direct testimony at page 20, Ms. Santos, you confirm that remote readings are 10 currently being utilized to bill FPL's customers and 11 complete orders associated with the opening and closing 12 13 of those customer accounts; is that right? What, what line, I'm sorry, did you say? 14 Α Let's see. I believe it is line --15 Q Okay. 18 or 19? 16 Α 17 -- 18 through 21. Q 18 Okay. Uh-huh. Yes. Α Okay. And, in fact, wasn't FPL reading and 19 2.0 billing those accounts, some accounts with smart meters remotely during the prior rate case period? 21 22 During the prior rate case period we had, Α subject to check, I think it was about 50,000 smart 23 24 meters that we had deployed that we were using that 25 technology with. So it was a very small number that we

1	were using to, to learn about the technology and figure
2	out how best to, to change our processes.
3	<b>Q</b> Okay. According to my records, I believe you
4	testified that FPL had approximately 100,000 smart
5	meters in place since 2007.
6	A A hundred
7	<b>Q</b> Would you agree with that?
8	A A hundred yeah.
9	<b>Q</b> Okay. Sorry. Two items. So just to be
10	clear, you said you would agree then that FPL did have
11	approximately 100,000 smart meters in place since 2007?
12	A Subject to check, I would, yeah. Uh-huh.
13	<b>Q</b> Okay.
14	MS. PURDY: And then, Mr. Chairman, the next
15	couple of questions I had did deal with some of the net
16	savings, so I think, with FPL's prior comment, we'll be
17	saving those for rebuttal.
18	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Perfectly fine.
19	MS. PURDY: Okay. Just give me one moment to
20	read through.
21	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Sure.
22	(Pause.)
23	BY MS. PURDY:
24	<b>Q</b> Ms. Santos, in your direct testimony as well
25	as in your summary this morning, you mentioned that one

of the benefits of smart meters is that customers have 1 access to more detailed information about their energy 2 consumption via sort of online energy dashboard. 3 That is correct. 4 And you also believe that that information 5 that's available will allow customers to make informed 6 7 choices and better manage their energy usage; is that correct? 8 9 Yes. Uh-huh. Okay. Of all the customers that currently 10 have smart meters installed, I believe the number is 11 approximately 3 million; is that right? 12 That was the number when I filed my direct 13 Α testimony. The number is much higher now. 14 15 0 Okay. Okay. Do you know about how many of those customers have gone online to view their usage 16 17 data and potentially use that information to modify their energy usage? 18 I can tell you that through April of this year 19 2.0 we had about 312,000 customers that accessed our energy dashboard. So I don't know how many have actually used 21 22 it to reduce their energy consumption. Do you know what percentage that would be of 2.3 the overall monthly visitors? 24 I do not have that data with me. 25 Α

	Mg. FORDI. Oray. Mr. Chairman, i d like co
2	mark an exhibit.
3	<b>CHAIRMAN BRISÉ:</b> Sure. We are at 511.
4	(Exhibit 511 marked for identification.)
5	MS. PURDY: So this exhibit is FPL's response
6	to OPC's 9th set of interrogatories, interrogatory
7	number 177.
8	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. Are there any
9	objections to
10	MR. RUBIN: No, no objections.
11	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: No objections? Okay.
12	MR. SAPORITO: Mr. Chairman, is this 511; is
13	that correct?
14	<b>CHAIRMAN BRISÉ:</b> Yes. 511.
15	MR. SAPORITO: Thanks, sir.
16	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. You may proceed,
17	Ms. Purdy.
18	MS. PURDY: Okay.
19	BY MS. PURDY:
20	<b>Q</b> Ms. Santos, if you could just turn past the
21	cover sheet to what I would refer to as the first page
22	of the exhibit, and in looking at the second paragraph
23	there.
24	<b>A</b> Hold on. The second paragraph? Okay.
25	<b>Q</b> Yes. Of the, of the answer.

1	A Of the answer?
2	Q The recently implemented.
3	A Yes.
4	<b>Q</b> Could you just read those two lines?
5	A The recently implemented IVR smart meter menu
6	functionality has been selected by customers 18,000
7	18,023 times through May 14th, 2012.
8	Do you continue?
9	<b>Q</b> Yes, please.
10	<b>A</b> Of these, 4,980 customers received energy
11	information related to the production of their next bill
12	and highest peak usage.
13	<b>Q</b> Thank you. And if you could just turn to the
14	next page. I think you were right on the mark when you
15	said about 312,000 visit the website. But in the far
16	column on the very bottom, would you agree that that's
17	about 1.9% of the overall monthly visitors?
18	A Yes, that is. I didn't, I didn't remember
19	that number.
20	<b>Q</b> Sure. Thank you.
21	A Uh-huh.
22	MS. PURDY: Mr. Chair, I'd like to mark one
23	more exhibit.
24	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Sure. That would be 512.
25	MS. PURDY: Actually, I'm sorry, Mr. Chairman.

1	I guess we can mark it, but I believe this does fall
2	into the rebuttal category, so if we could, I guess,
3	mark it and save it, or at your preference
4	<b>CHAIRMAN BRISÉ:</b> You can withdraw it
5	MS. PURDY: I can withdraw it now?
6	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: and bring it back at
7	another time.
8	MS. PURDY: My apologies.
9	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay.
10	MS. PURDY: In its place then I'd like to have
11	a different exhibit marked.
12	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Sure.
13	MS. PURDY: So this next exhibit coming should
14	be 512; is that correct?
15	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: That's correct. Any
16	objections?
17	(Exhibit 512 marked for identification.)
18	MR. RUBIN: No objection.
19	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. Seeing none, you may
20	proceed.
21	BY MS. PURDY:
22	<b>Q</b> Okay. So, Ms. Santos, this is FPL's response
23	to interrogatory number 182 from OPC's 9th set of
24	interrogatories. And do you recognize the document?
25	A Yes, I do.

1	<b>Q</b> Okay. To the best of your knowledge, was the
2	response accurate at the time it was made?
3	A Yes.
4	<b>Q</b> And so you would agree with me that this
5	reflects that FPL did not conduct any studies to
6	evaluate the usage behavior of their customers due to
7	the activation of smart meters; correct?
8	A That is correct.
9	MS. PURDY: Okay. Thank you, Ms. Santos. I
10	have no further questions.
11	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Thank you very much,
12	Ms. Purdy.
13	FEA.
14	LIEUTENANT COLONEL FIKE: Thank you, Mr.
15	Chairman. FEA has no questions for this witness.
16	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: All right. Thank you very
17	much.
18	I'm out of loop here. Office of Public
19	Counsel.
20	MR. REHWINKEL: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
21	CROSS-EXAMINATION
22	BY MR. REHWINKEL:
23	<b>Q</b> Good morning, Ms. Santos.
24	A Good morning.
25	<b>Q</b> Can I get you to turn to page 19 of your

direct testimony, please, and direct you to pages -- to lines 3 and 4. And this may have been a question that you answered to Ms. Purdy, but I just want to make sure I understand.

You indicate there that you're responsible for overseeing the administration of the DOE grant for FPL and the implementation of the smart meter project?

A That is correct.

2.0

- **Q** Were you also involved in the initial phase of selecting the smart meters that FPL ultimately chose to install in this round?
  - A Yes, I was.
- **Q** This round meaning the project of AMI smart meter installation that the company is in now.
  - A Versus what other round?
  - **Q** I mean --
- A The smart meters that we have today is what I'm assuming you mean.
  - Q Yes.
  - A Okay.
- Q And on lines 7 through 10 on that same page, you indicate that these meters are equipped with secure two-way communications, remote reading and connection capabilities, and the ability to collect data regarding consumption at predetermined levels; is that correct?

At predetermined intervals, that is correct. 1 Α Okay. Is it also correct that the smart 2 Q meters that are being installed for residential and 3 small commercial customers, while they are equipped with 4 secure two-way communications, are not capable of 5 providing residential time-of-use rates for residential 6 7 customers? We have, we have not done yet the back office 8 9 type of programming that is required in order to get that to happen. 10 Okay. So is the answer to my question yes, 11 12 they are not so equipped? We haven't equip -- we haven't made the 13 Α changes that are required to do that as of today. 14 15 Q Okay. I just need for you to say yes or no. Yes or no. 16 17 Is the answer yes? Q I think the answer is yes. 18 Α 19 Okay. Q 2.0 IJh-huh. Α 21 Isn't one of the potential benefits of, to 22 residential and small commercial customers from time-of-use meters the potential for shifting customer 23 24 electricity usage from peak demand periods to offpeak 25 periods?

1	<b>A</b> Can you repeat the question, please?
2	Q Yes. Let me rephrase it.
3	A Yeah.
4	Q Isn't one of the potential benefits of
5	residential and small commercial time-of-use meters the
6	potential for shifting of customer electricity usage
7	from peak demand hours to offpeak hours?
8	A My, my direct testimony does not cover
9	anything related to time-of-use metering or time-of-use
10	rates, so I'm not sure that I am the appropriate witness
11	to answer that kind of a question.
12	<b>Q</b> Okay. But we did just review on page 19 your
13	description of what the meters that the company is
14	asking rate recovery for do; is that correct?
15	A That is correct. And I don't mention anything
16	about time-of-use rates in that statement.
17	<b>Q</b> Okay. So is, is your answer to my question
18	you don't understand whether time-of-use capability of
19	smart meters would have a benefit of allowing customers
20	to shift usage from peak demand to offpeak hours?
21	<b>A</b> If you're asking whether if we provided
22	time-of-use metering to our customers, if that would
23	allow them to shift their demand, yes. I mean, we do
24	that today. We do that today with the meters that our,
25	our time-of-use customers have. So I'm not sure that I

understand your question.

Q Okay. I think you answered my question.

Is it also possible that if time-of-use meters are successfully deployed, such that it causes residential and small commercial usage patterns to shift from peak demand hours to offpeak hours, it would put downward pressure on the need to build additional future generation to serve peak loads?

MR. RUBIN: Mr. Chairman, I object. This is outside of the scope of this witness's testimony.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay.

MR. REHWINKEL: Mr. Chairman, this witness is the witness for the company that is asking for -- that is to provide justification for the installation and recovery of the smart meters. And part of what I'm asking her about is the value that the customers get in an exchange for the investment of over \$500 million that they are paying return of.

So I'm trying to understand and make, make a case for the record about the, the benefits or lack thereof of these meters. So I want to find out from the witness and the company executive who was in charge of the deployment of this program. So I think she is the right person to ask.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. Is there another

2.0

witness that could address the issues that are being --

MR. RUBIN: The question really is a resource planning question, and that's, that is not Ms. Santos. I'm not sure who the proper witness would be on it. Mr. Silva perhaps. There's, there's others that will address those issues, but Ms. Santos is the customer service representative and she is not the resource planning witness.

## CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay.

MR. REHWINKEL: I think it's fair to add, if she knows the answer to the question, she can answer it. It's certainly within the, the ambit of what smart meters do and don't do. And, you know, I'm -- if she doesn't know, if she's at the level she is within the company and doesn't know, that's fine with me.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. I think, based upon her prior answer, she may not know, but I'll allow you to ask it and see if she knows.

#### BY MR. REHWINKEL:

- Q Would you like me to reask the question?
- A Yes, please.
- Q Okay. Isn't it possible that if time-of-use meters are successfully deployed such that it causes residential and small commercial usage patterns to shift from peak demand periods to offpeak hours, it would put

1	downward pressure on the need to build additional future
2	generation to serve peak loads?
3	A Generally speaking, I would say yes, that that
4	would be true.
5	<b>Q</b> Okay. Isn't it also true that effective
6	deployment of time-of-use meters could push back the
7	timing of when new generation facilities would need to
8	be added on FPL's system?
9	MR. RUBIN: Same objection, Mr. Chairman.
10	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Yeah. I think that that goes
11	beyond the record that she
12	MS. SANTOS: That's not my area, that's not my
13	area of expertise.
14	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: that her that she's
15	prepared to testify on. So if we can move on to the
16	next question.
17	BY MR. REHWINKEL:
18	Q I'll ask my next question. Could you please
19	explain why FPL chose not to implement smart meters to
20	the residential and small commercial customers that were
21	capable of providing the option of time-of-use rates?
22	A So the deployment that we are underway with is
23	a very large deployment, and we right now have about, I
24	think it's less than 200 customers that are on
25	time-of-use rates. So, you know, just like any

1	deployment, you sort of, you know, you start with doing
2	all the residential and small business customers that
3	are on the, you know, the standard types of rates, and
4	then our plan was to phase in the time-of-use customers
5	later, because there are, it is such a small percentage
6	of our customers.
7	MR. REHWINKEL: Mr. Chairman, at this time I
8	would like to offer an exhibit for cross-examination.
9	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Sure.
10	MR. REHWINKEL: And I guess this would be
11	given the number 5
12	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: 513.
13	MR. REHWINKEL: 513? And a short title is
14	supplemental response to OPC number 254.
15	(Exhibit 513 marked for identification.)
16	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. Are there any
17	objections to this exhibit?
18	MR. RUBIN: No objection.
19	BY MR. REHWINKEL:
20	<b>Q</b> Ms. Santos, before I ask you questions about
21	this, are you familiar with this document other than me
22	having provided it to your counsel prior to your cross?
23	<b>A</b> I need to take I need a little bit of time.
24	Q Yes.
25	(Pause.)

1	f A I believe that my, that I provided input to
2	this document, but this is not one that I fully
3	prepared. This has a lot of accounting related issues
4	that are not under me.
5	Q Let me ask you my questions and we'll see. I
6	just have one question about one or two numbers on this
7	page.
8	A Okay.
9	<b>Q</b> On this response. Can I ask you to turn to
10	the attachment number 1, page 4 of 6, please, and I'm
11	going to ask you a question relating solely to line 14,
12	columns 8 and 9.
13	A Okay.
14	<b>Q</b> Do you see those?
15	A Uh-huh.
16	<b>Q</b> Okay. Would you agree with me that, pursuant
17	to this supplemental response, that the smart meter
18	investment at the end of the test year is \$573,000,885?
19	A That is what this document shows as the plant
20	balance for the end of the year.
21	<b>Q</b> Okay.
22	A I did not produce this document or that
23	number. I provided the inputs, the capital expenditures
24	that we would be doing, you know, throughout. So I did
25	not provide I don't know if there were any changes to

1	this furthermore. So, you know, subject to all those
2	things, that's what is on, on this piece of paper.
3	<b>Q</b> Do you have any reason to disagree with this
4	being the amount of smart meters?
5	<b>A</b> It looks reasonable. It looks reasonable.
6	<b>Q</b> Okay. And do you have any reason to disagree
7	with the amount of 563,000,285 in column 9, line 14, the
8	13-month average?
9	<b>A</b> I would say the same answer.
10	<b>Q</b> Okay.
11	A Uh-huh.
12	Q Would, would it be based on the witness that's
13	identified on this document as Robert E. Barrett, Jr.,
14	would it be appropriate, more appropriate to ask him for
15	specific verification of the accuracy of these numbers?
16	A Yes. Uh-huh.
17	<b>Q</b> Okay. Did are you aware of whether the
18	company revised upward or downward the, the smart meter
19	investment amount subsequent to the filing of the case?
20	A Yes. I know that, that we did do that. I'm
21	not the witness that sponsored that.
22	<b>Q</b> Okay.
23	A That's why specifically I was saying that I
24	wasn't sure there were any changes to that number
25	because I know that, that we did make some changes, but

1	I'm not the witness.
2	<b>Q</b> Fair enough. Thank you.
3	<b>A</b> Yeah.
4	MR. REHWINKEL: Mr. Chairman, I would like to
5	also now ask, ask questions of the witness with a
6	demonstrative exhibit. This is a, an excerpt from the
7	staff's composite exhibit 40. But for ease of
8	questioning, I would like to pass this, this out. But
9	it will not be needed it will not need a number.
10	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Sure.
11	MR. REHWINKEL: Nor will it need to be entered
12	into the record again.
13	While the document is being passed out, Mr.
14	Chairman, if I could just ask the witness.
15	BY MR. REHWINKEL:
16	<b>Q</b> Ms. Santos, are you familiar with the response
17	to staff's interrogatory number 52?
18	A I would need to see it. I would need to see
19	that.
20	<b>Q</b> Okay.
21	<b>A</b> I don't know what you're referring to.
22	(Pause.)
23	Okay.
24	<b>Q</b> Have you had a chance to review it?
25	A I'm sorry. Yes.
	· <b>I</b>

1	<b>Q</b> Okay. Are you familiar with this response?
2	A Yes. Uh-huh.
3	<b>Q</b> Would you agree with me that the first
4	paragraph of this response indicates that smart meters
5	are being, that the smart meters being installed are not
6	capable of providing time-of-use rates?
7	A Yeah. I'm just having trouble with your word,
8	the capable word. But, yes, in general I would agree
9	with that.
10	<b>Q</b> In the second paragraph, could you please read
11	the first sentence aloud?
12	<b>A</b> Sure. Sure. We said, therefore, FPL will
13	still be required to install a different smart meter for
14	the, for the residential time-of-use customer that is
15	I'm sorry a different smart meter for the residential
16	time-of-use customer than is installed for the non-TOU
17	customer.
18	<b>Q</b> Thank you. Isn't it also true that that
19	paragraph indicates that FPL's current deployment plans
20	are focused on the non-time-of-use residential smart
21	meters, and that the time-of-use smart meters will not
22	be deployed until the non-time-of-use smart meter
23	deployment is completed?
24	A Yes.
25	<b>Q</b> Am I also correct in assuming that if at some

future time it is decided that FPL should switch to 1 time-of-use rates for residential customers, it would 2 have to replace the smart meters that are currently 3 being deployed with new smart meters that are 4 time-of-use capable? 5 I think in general that is correct. 6 7 Okay. Now, in the final paragraph of this response, could you please read aloud the second to last 8 9 sentence that begins with the words, "the customer charge, " just kind of halfway down? 10 I can do that. But just to clarify, that 11 would be under Witness Deaton's area. 12 13 Okay. Q So I'll read it. 14 Α 15 Q Okay. The customer charge worksheet on page 35 of 16 Attachment 2 to MFR E-14 shows that the per unit costs 17 for residential TOU meters is \$11.19 versus a per unit 18 cost of \$7.21 for the RS-1 non-TOU meters. 19 Isn't it true that in your role within the 2.0 21 company you are generally aware of this differential of 22 about \$4? 23 Α Yes. 24 Okay. And you would agree with me that it's 25 approximately \$4, exactly \$3.98?

1	A Yes.
2	<b>Q</b> Okay.
3	A That's what the math says. Yes.
4	<b>Q</b> Okay. And you testified earlier to Ms., in
5	response to Ms. Purdy that there are approximately
6	4 million smart meters that will be deployed no later
7	than the end of the test year; is that right?
8	A Over, yes, over 4 million. Uh-huh.
9	<b>Q</b> Okay. And assuming 4 million or more smart
10	meters are installed and there is a cost differential of
11	\$4 per unit, the incremental cost to install time-of-use
12	capable meters instead of non time-of-use capable meters
13	would be somewhat around \$16 million?
14	f A I'm not sure that that's the way that we would
15	have to look at it, so I haven't done that analysis.
16	Q Okay. Well, my question
17	A I'm not sure that that's how, that you would
18	use that customer charge and multiply it. I'm not sure
19	that that's the right way to do that analysis. And I
20	have, I have not done that analysis, so I don't want to
21	agree with you on something that I haven't thought
22	about.
23	<b>Q</b> Okay. Well, the per unit cost that's
24	referenced in the sentence that you read aloud is, is
2.5	

1	<b>A</b> Uh-huh. No. I understand, I understand that
2	that is the per unit cost.
3	<b>Q</b> Okay. What, what
4	A But that's based on a customer charge, and a
5	lot of things go into that. So I'm just not sure that
6	that would be the right way to look at things.
7	<b>Q</b> Okay. Would Mr. Deaton be the right I
8	mean, would Ms. Deaton be the right
9	A No. I think that we would really need to, to
10	look at that and address it and go through our, you
11	know, a full analysis of what that would entail.
12	<b>Q</b> Okay. Is there anything well
13	<b>A</b> We haven't, we haven't done that.
14	<b>Q</b> Okay. You would agree that if you do switch
15	residential customers and small business customers in
16	the future from the non-time-of-use smart meters
17	currently being deployed to the, to smart meters that
18	are time-of-use capable, the total cost of the meters
19	would be higher?
20	A There will def there will be a cost
21	associated with that initiative.
22	<b>Q</b> Okay. Can you tell me who at FPL made the
23	final decision to deploy residential smart meters that
24	are not time-of-use capable?
25	A It was, it was a decision made by our

1	management team.
2	<b>Q</b> Including yourself?
3	A Yes.
4	MR. REHWINKEL: Okay. Thank you, Ms. Santos.
5	Those are all the questions I have.
6	Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
7	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Thank you, Mr. Rehwinkel.
8	Mr
9	MR. LAVIA: Lavia.
10	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Lavia.
11	MR. LAVIA: The Retail Federation has no
12	questions. Thank you.
13	<b>CHAIRMAN BRISÉ:</b> All right.
14	Mr. Saporito.
15	MR. SAPORITO: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
16	CROSS-EXAMINATION
17	BY MR. SAPORITO:
18	<b>Q</b> Good morning, Ms. Santos.
19	Ms. Santos, at page 4, lines 14 through 16 of
20	your prefiled testimony, you state that the purpose of
21	my testimony is to describe how FPL provides superior
22	level of service to our customers, while at the same
23	time maintaining a low and efficient low cost and
24	efficient operations.
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li></ul>	efficient operations.  Is that correct, yes or no?

A

Yes.

**Q** Ms. Santos, can you please describe to this Commission your understanding of exactly what superior means to FP&L?

A Sure. To me superior means being better than what your customers expect. It means being better than what other utilities provide. We have lots of data that provides evidence of that through all the benchmarking that we do. As an example, the PA Consulting ServiceOne Award, which does exactly that amongst 24 different measures of all the functions that I provide to our customers.

So it's truly around benchmarking ourselves to others, and through data and key metrics being able to show that we are providing a superior level of service.

**Q** Thank you. And does a superior level of service also mean that FPL will provide its customers with safe and reliable service at an affordable price, yes or no?

A Superior level of service? I'm not -- it -- can you say that again?

**Q** Yes. Please, and I would, you know, just preface all my questions, I'm looking for a yes or no response, as required by the Prehearing Officer's order in this proceeding.

Does a superior --

MR. RUBIN: Excuse me, Mr. Chairman. I just object to that comment. If the witness can't answer it yes or no, she should have the freedom to be able to say that and then to provide obviously any brief explanation.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Right. We've stated that if, if a question goes beyond just a simple yes or no, that there is the ability of the witness to provide an explanation to the answer, but specific to the question, but specifically to the question.

MR. SAPORITO: Yes. Yes, Mr. Chairman. I'm aware of that. I'm just asking for that preliminary yes or no.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Understood.

#### BY MR. SAPORITO:

- **Q** Ms. Santos, does a superior level of service also mean that FPL will provide its customers with safe and reliable service at an affordable price, yes or no?
  - A Yes.
- **Q** Ms. Santos, do you understand that I am an FPL customer and a shareholder of stock in FPL's parent company, NextEra Energy, Inc., yes or no?
  - A Yes.
  - Q Ms. Santos, I live in an apartment complex

located in Jupiter, Florida. If I am not satisfied with 1 FPL's superior service, can I switch my electrical 2 provider to another utility, yes or no? 3 No. 4 Ms. santos, would you agree with me that FPL 5 is a monopoly utility which has a protected service 6 7 territory in Florida, yes or no? I think you, you asked these questions 8 Yes. also to Mr. Silagy, so I don't know if they're 9 10 repetitive. I don't believe I asked you to make that 11 evaluation. 12 13 Α Okay. Ms. Santos, would you agree with me that as a 14 Q 15 monopoly utility FPL has a duty to provide me with safe, reliable, and affordable electric power, yes or no? 16 17 Α Can you repeat that, please? CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: I'm going to --18 19 **THE WITNESS:** Yeah. Those are the same 2.0 questions he asked Mr. Silagy. CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Thank you. I'm going --21 22 yesterday we talked about being duplicitous and, and asking the same question. Today is Wednesday and we are 23 24 on witness four. So in an effort to, to be efficient, 25 if, if the information that is sought has already been

put into the record, then if we could move on to other 1 issues, and that would be greatly appreciated. 2 MR. SAPORITO: And I understand, Mr. Chairman. 3 I would just like the record to reflect that my specific 4 question is not duplicative because it specifically 5 applies to me as an independent customer of FP&L. 6 7 MR. RUBIN: Mr. Chairman, I think he asked that question yesterday. 8 9 CHAIRMAN BRISE: The question that you did not ask yesterday, if I recall properly, was the one about 10 11 having an apartment at -- what, what did you say, 12 what --MR. SAPORITO: It was in Jupiter, Florida, 13 sir. 14 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Within Jupiter, Florida. 15 That was not posed yesterday. But the other questions 16 were posed yesterday. So if you have questions that 17 were not posed yesterday, you can ask those questions. 18 19 MR. RUBIN: And we'll stipulate that 20 Mr. Saporito lives in an apartment in Jupiter. There's no need to question the witness on that. 21 BY MR. SAPORITO: 22 And, Ms. Santos, as a customer of FPL living 23 in an apartment complex in Jupiter, Florida, does FPL 24 25 have a duty to provide me with safe, reliable, and

affordable electric -- excuse me. I'll withdraw that question. I already asked that one.

Ms. Santos, would you agree with me that because I'm an FPL customer living in an apartment complex in Jupiter, Florida, that FPL has a duty to provide me with safe, reliable electric service, yes or no?

MR. RUBIN: Objection. Asked -- objection.

Asked and answered of Mr. Silagy and of this witness a couple of times now.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: I would agree with that.

MR. SAPORITO: I'll withdraw it.

Q Ms. Santos, at page 4, lines 18 to 21 of your prefiled testimony, you state that we are very proud that our many efforts to provide efficient and outstanding service to our customers have helped to keep FPL's typical residential bill the lowest of Florida's 55 electric utilities and approximately 25% below the national average. Is that correct, yes or no?

A Yes.

BY MR. SAPORITO:

2.0

Q What was the dollar amount the national average residential bill, which was relied upon by you or FPL in formulating your testimony that FPL's typical residential bill is approximately 25% below the national

average?

MR. RUBIN: Objection. Asked and answered of Mr. Silagy for quite a bit of time yesterday, and Mr. Reed as well.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: I would agree with that.

That same question was posed.

MR. SAPORITO: I don't -- it wasn't posed by me. I didn't ask him the exact dollar amount of the national average electric bill, as I recall.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Maybe if you restate the question.

### BY MR. SAPORITO:

**Q** What's the dollar amount relied upon by you or FPL in formulating the opinion that FPL's typical residential electric bill is 25% below the national average?

MR. RUBIN: Mr. Chairman, I object. I think that very line of questions was covered ad nauseam with a couple of different witnesses.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: I'll allow this one question.

THE WITNESS: I do not have that information with me, but I believe it may have been in one of the exhibits in another witness's testimony. I'm not, I'm not sure. But I don't have that with me.

# BY MR. SAPORITO:

**Q** Ms. Santos, what was the amount of FPL's typical residential bill which was relied upon by you or FPL in formulating your testimony that FPL's typical residential bill is approximately 25% below the national average?

MR. RUBIN: Mr. Chairman, asked and answered.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: That has been asked and answered.

# BY MR. SAPORITO:

Q Ms. Santos, at page -- excuse me.

Ms. Santos, at page 7, lines 13 to 17 of your prefiled testimony, you state that the spending in customer service is reasonable and necessary and supports FPL's need to increase base rates to a level that will allow us to support, allow us to continue providing high quality and value of service while at the same time keeping FPL's typical residential bill the lowest of Florida's 55 electric utilities. Is that correct, yes or no?

A Yes.

**Q** Ms. Santos, you made similar statements at FPL's last rate case where FPL was requesting to raise rates by approximately \$1.3 billion, yes or no?

MR. RUBIN: If the, if the witness is going to be asked about her prior testimony, she should be able

to have an opportunity to review it. 1 MR. SAPORITO: I'm just asking her if she made 2 similar statements. I'm not asking for her exact 3 testimony here. 4 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Well, I think it's relatively 5 fair that if you're asking her to refer to prior 6 7 testimony, that she could maybe take a look at it. BY MR. SAPORITO: 8 9 Q Okay. Absent a direct review of your 10 testimony in the prior rate case, Ms. Santos, do you have a recollection of your prior testimony in this 11 12 area? I would need to review it. 13 And over the years following the Commission's 14 Q decision in FPL's last rate case, FPL has been 15 recognized with several awards for providing superior 16 customer service, yes or no? 17 Α Yes. 18 19 MR. RUBIN: Mr. Chairman, he keeps prefacing 20 the question with yes or no, yes or no, and you've already ruled that that is not the restriction on the 21 witness. 22 MR. SAPORITO: It's in the Prehearing Order, 23 Your Honor. 24 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: We have asked the, the 25

witness, or any witness, that if a question requires a 1 yes or no, that they offer the yes or no, and then move 2 forward with a statement to clarify specifically what, 3 what is entailed by that yes or no. 4 MR. RUBIN: Yes, sir. 5 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: So the statement of requiring 6 7 a yes or no is probably not necessary to preface the question, and I think it might be more efficient that 8 9 way. MR. SAPORITO: Well, that would make me 10 rephrase all my questions, Your Honor, and I'm not 11 prepared to do that at this time. 12 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: You just remove the "yes or 13 no" and then just ask the question. 14 BY MR. SAPORITO: 15 All right. In 2011, did FPL receive the 16 17 ServiceOne Award from the worldwide consulting firm PA Consulting Group for an unprecedented eighth consecutive 18 19 year? MR. RUBIN: Objection. Asked and answered. 2.0 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Yes. That was asked by South 21 22 Florida -- by FIPUG this morning. BY MR. SAPORITO: 23

24

25

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

rate case, FPL has received a number of additional

Since the decision was issued in the last FPL

Τ	awards from other leading industry associations, further
2	validating the extremely high level of FPL's customer
3	service; correct?
4	MR. RUBIN: Mr. Chairman, this is exactly the
5	same line of questions that we heard this morning.
6	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: It is. FIPUG asked those
7	same exact questions.
8	BY MR. SAPORITO:
9	<b>Q</b> Since the Commission decision in the last FPL
10	rate case, FPL's superior customer service was achieved
11	through continuous process improvement in FPL's
12	operations; correct?
13	MR. RUBIN: Mr. Chairman, we're happy to talk
14	about our excellent service, but we've talked about it
15	and it's been indicated this morning in response to a
16	number of questions.
17	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: But I think he can ask the
18	customer service person that question.
19	THE WITNESS: Can you repeat it?
20	BY MR. SAPORITO:
21	<b>Q</b> Absolutely. Since the Commission decision in
22	the last FPL rate case, FPL's superior customer service
23	was achieved through continuous process improvement in
24	FPL's operations; correct?
25	A Yes.

	1
	2
	3
	4
	5
	6
	7
	8
	9
1	0
1	1
1	2
1	3
1	4
1	5
1	6
1	7
1	8
1	9
2	0
2	1
2	2
2	3
2	4
2	5

Q And in the time period following the Commission's decision in the FPL, in the last FPL rate case, FPL has designed its care centers to ensure customer inquiries are answered promptly and accurately, and developed a best-in-class interactive voice response system which provides customers with the option to complete their interaction in a fully automatic manner; correct?

A I, I need to clarify that. My testimony is not that we've only done those things since the last rate case. You know, several of those things were already in place and we've improved upon them and have continued to improve upon them.

So your -- you say since the last rate case you did these things. I mean, you know, it's not really that way.

**Q** Is it true that all pen -- all spending by FPL in customer service following the Commission's decision in FPL's last rate case was reasonable and necessary?

MR. RUBIN: Let me just object. If he's asking about customer service, that's one thing. I think his question was much broader than that.

MR. SAPORITO: My question is related to FPL spending in the customer service.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. Then, then you need to

1 2 3 question. 4 5 6 7 BY MR. SAPORITO: 8 9 service department; true? 10 Α Yes. 11 12 13 14 Yes. 15 Α 16 17 18 that true? 19 2.0 21 22 23 properly. 24 Absolutely. Subsequent to the settlement, 25

state that the spending within customer service was. think you failed to mention that as you asked your MR. SAPORITO: I'm not clear, sir. CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Restate your question referring to Ms. Santos' area that she's dealing with. Ms. Santos, you head up the FPL customer Okay. And in that department is it true that all spending by FPL in customer service following the Commission's decision in FPL's last rate case, it was, it was reasonable and necessary; is that correct? FPL's spending -- excuse me. FPL's spending in customer service, in customer service was done without any additional increase in FPL's base rates; is It you're talking about the last rate case, you are ignoring the fact that we did have a settlement agreement after that rate case. So my -- I would need a clarification to that question in order to answer it

which I believe was \$75 million, if I'm not mistaken, 1 subsequent to that settlement agreement --2 You are mistaken. The settlement was not 3 \$75 million. 4 Excuse me. I didn't, I didn't ask you a 5 Q question, I don't think. 6 7 Α Sorry. MR. RUBIN: And I'd like to move to strike, 8 9 for the record. CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Yeah. I think that that is 10 probably --11 THE WITNESS: It's not appropriate. 12 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: -- incorrect information with 13 respect to, to the 75 million, and that comment should 14 be stricken from the record. 15 BY MR. SAPORITO: 16 Let me ask you this way, Ms. Santos. 17 the settlement in the prior FPL rate case was completed, 18 from that point on, FPL's spending of the customer 19 service was done without any additional increase in 2.0 FPL's base rates; is that correct? 21 22 MR. RUBIN: Objection. The question really doesn't make any sense. He just asked the question 23 after the settlement which resolved that rate case. 24 25 just doesn't make any sense.

MR. SAPORITO: I just defined a period of time 1 for, for the witness to focus on, Your Honor. 2 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: I'm trying to process your 3 question myself. If you could restate it, then it might 4 help me in my ruling. 5 MR. SAPORITO: Okay. 6 7 BY MR. SAPORITO: Ms. Santos, I'm going to give you a specific 8 9 time period, which would be from the conclusion of settlement in the prior rate case to today. In that 10 period of time, was FPL spending in the customer 11 service, was that done without any additional increase 12 in FPL's base rates? 13 MR. RUBIN: Same objection. 14 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: I'll allow the response. 15 THE WITNESS: After the settlement we did not 16 have a base rate increase, if that's what you are 17 talking about. 18 BY MR. SAPORITO: 19 2.0 Yes. But --I don't understand the question. 21 Even absent, absent any additional base rate 22 Q increase, FPL continued to spend in the customer service 23 area to meet, to meet its needs; true? 24 25 MR. RUBIN: And that question was just asked

1	and answered.
2	<b>CHAIRMAN BRISÉ:</b> It was.
3	BY MR. SAPORITO:
4	<b>Q</b> Ms. Santos, is it, is it true that FPL
5	believes it's critical that the company continue to
6	invest today in order to secure benefits for its
7	customers in the future?
8	A Yes.
9	Q And to further that objective, FPL's investing
10	its smart grid technologies to create a smarter and more
11	efficient electrical system for delivery of electricity;
12	is that correct?
13	A Yes.
14	MR. RUBIN: Objection. That whole line of
15	questions was asked and answered, Mr. Chairman. I think
16	maybe that exact question.
17	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: I don't know if that exact
18	question was, was posed, so I'll allow a little bit of
19	latitude here.
20	THE WITNESS: Yes.
21	BY MR. SAPORITO:
22	<b>Q</b> And smart meters are equipped with two-way
23	communications, remote reading, and connection
24	capabilities, and the ability
25	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: That was asked and answered.

OPC asked that question.

### BY MR. SAPORITO:

2.0

Q And I believe you testified in response to some of OPC's questions related to smart meters about an energy dashboard that allows interaction with, by the customer with FPL's smart meters; is that true?

A I believe it was with South Florida Healthcare and Hospital Association.

Q And customers with activated smart meters can, can see what they are spending for electricity during those time intervals and obtain a projection of their next bill the average temperature for each day and correlate the impact of weather has on their energy uses; is that correct?

A That's correct, and that's also shown on one of my exhibits. The energy dashboard specifically is shown on one of my exhibits.

Q All right. Thank you. And would you agree with me that FPL customers without smart meters can simply look at the meter installed on their property and compare that usage against past bills to obtain a projection of their next bill?

MR. RUBIN: Let me object to the question.

I'm not sure if, if Mr. Saporito is asking about

somebody looking at the dial on their electromechanical

meter or -- I'm just not sure what he's asking about.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18

19

2.0 21

22

23

24

25

MR. SAPORITO: Your Honor, I think I was quite

clear. You know, it's understood here, it's a given fact that every FPL customer has a meter on their property.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: I will allow the question. Go ahead and reask the question so Ms. Santos can hear it.

# BY MR. SAPORITO:

Ms. Santos, would you agree with me that FPL customers without smart meters can simply look at the meter installed on their property and compare that usage against past bills to obtain a projection of their next bill?

If a customer understands how to read a meter and is willing to go outside of their home and do that and do the mathematics associated with that, it's possible that someone could do that. I think it's very unlikely that customers would do that.

Well, Ms. Santos, are you aware that within the last approximately week or maybe two weeks that FPL, upon my request, removed my smart meter and replaced it with another usage meter which is digital, it gives a digital display of my usage? Are you aware of that?

Α I am partly -- I am aware of that, that you

had requested that, yes.

**Q** So I can just go look at my FPL meter and it's going to tell me my usage immediately; isn't that not true?

A It's going to tell you your usage. But for you to calculate your, how much your next bill is going to be, you'd have to know the number of days that we're going to bill you, you're going to have to know information, you know, that -- you'd have to, you know, do all the calculations and things like that, so --

Q Well, are you complete? Well, let me ask you this, you know. I, you know, I'm not a college graduate but I do have a lot of reasoning capability, and I, I can -- can't I just look at my smart meter -- my digital meter, which is not a smart meter, take the number off of that, compare it to my past bills, because they, at FPL --

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: You've asked that already.

BY MR. SAPORITO:

**Q** Ms. Santos, would you agree with me that FPL customers with smart -- with -- without smart meters can simply obtain the average temperature for a day during a billing cycle from any means and correlate the impact that weather has on their energy usage?

A Can you say that again?

Q Sure. Would you agree with me that FPL customers without smart meters can simply obtain the average temperature for a day during a billing cycle from any means and correlate the impact that weather has on their energy usage?

A They could do that, and I would mention that I think that it would be inconvenient, difficult to keep track of. Our energy dashboard provides all that information to our customers in a very convenient, simple way. We've adjusted the temperature to make sure that it's the temperature in their zone, and it just makes it very convenient for our customers.

Q Ms. Santos, customers who do not have access to the Internet or a smart meter can call FPL to speak to a customer service representative who will be able to, who will be able to review their usage on the phone and answer questions; is that correct?

A Yes, that is correct. That is information and functionality that we put in specially for our customers that do not have access to, to websites or are not inclined to use the Internet.

**Q** Ms. Santos, would you agree with me that in order for FPL customers to benefit from FPL's online energy dashboard, the customers would have to have Internet access at their homes?

4 5 6

8 9

10 11

12 13

14 15

17

16

19

18

2.0

21

22 23

24

25

That is correct. They can call us and we can Α provide them with that information.

And prior to FPL's decision to spend money in connection with the company's smart meter -- smart grid program, did FPL contact its customer base to ascertain whether or not customers had Internet access at their homes or businesses?

MR. RUBIN: Mr. Chairman, I object to this line of questions. Now he's getting into the question of the prudence of this program. This Commission found the program to be prudent in the last rate case and directed FPL to proceed without delay in installing smart meters.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Yeah. I believe that the, the Prehearing Order dealt with those type of issues going back into whether, either a need determination or whether a decision, a prior decision by the Commission made sense or not. So if you can move on to the next question.

# BY MS. SANTOS:

Ms. Santos, is it true that FPL smart meters have the ability to interact with a customer's smart appliances to turn those appliances off or on so as to compensate FPL's load demand during peak operations?

They have that ability, but that has to be a Α

functionality that needs to be turned on. And so it's 1 2 not something that happens automatically. Prior to FPL's decision to spend money in 3 connection with the company's smart meter program, did 4 FPL contact its customer base to ascertain whether or 5 not customers had smart appliances at their homes or 6 7 businesses? MR. RUBIN: Mr. Chairman, I object. 8 9 getting into the prudence determination that has already been decided by this Commission. 10 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: I would agree. 11 BY MR. SAPORITO: 12 13 Ms. Santos, to the best of your knowledge, Q approximately how many FPL residential customers have 14 15 agreed to allow FPL to remotely control smart appliances in their homes via the FPL smart meter installed on a 16 17 customer's property? We do not have that functionality available 18 today. We do have a pilot of, I think it's about 250 19 2.0 homes that we are conducting now where our customers have allowed us to do that, and we will be providing 21 this Commission with the analysis of that pilot sometime 22 23 next year.

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Ms. Santos, FPL's customer service

organization is responsible for the development and

24

25

execution of policies, processes, and systems related to 1 contacts with its customers, including implementation of 2 smart meters; is that correct? 3 MR. RUBIN: Let me object again. He is going 4 down that same road of asking if there's a requirement 5 to contact customers to install smart meters, when this 6 7 Commission has already ordered FPL to do so after finding that the program was prudent. 8 9 MR. SAPORITO: No, that's not what the 10 question was, Your Honor. I was just merely asking if -- she's in charge of the customer service, and I'm 11 asking is part of that responsibility is contacts with 12 its customers related to the, the policies, processes, 13 and systems of their smart meters. It had nothing to do 14 with any prior decision by this Commission. 15 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. So if I'm 16 understanding your question right, you're asking if her 17 department is responsible for managing customer 18 relations. 19 MR. SAPORITO: Yes. 2.0 CHAIRMAN BRISE: Is that your question? 21 22 MR. SAPORITO: Yes, sir. CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. I will allow that 23 question. 24 BY MS. SANTOS: 25

Т	can you answer that question, Ms. Santos?
2	A Yes. My department handles customer
3	relations.
4	<b>Q</b> And how many FPL customers have contacted FPL
5	and requested to have the FPL smart meter removed from
6	their property?
7	MR. RUBIN: Mr. Chairman, I object to this
8	entire line of questioning. You made it very clear in
9	the quality of service hearings that issues related to
10	smart meters, including this question of opting out and
11	many other questions, would be addressed by this
12	Commission, not in the rate case, but in, at least
13	initially in a workshop that has been set for
14	September 20th. So I would object to any questions on
15	this issue.
16	MR. SAPORITO: Mr. Chairman, this question
17	goes to FPL's rate request in this docket because it
18	goes to the amount of revenues either saved or expensed
19	by this Company that they're requesting to continue
20	their program.
21	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: And restate your question for
22	me.
23	BY MR. SAPORITO:
24	<b>Q</b> How many FPL customers have contacted FP&L and
25	requested to have the FPL smart meter removed from their
	II

property? 1 MR. RUBIN: And I voice the same objection. 2 This directly is related to what has been called an 3 opt-out request, and it is the subject of a workshop 4 coming up and not the subject of this case. 5 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: I would agree. 6 7 BY MR. SAPORITO: Ms. Santos, how many FPL customers have 8 9 contacted FPL and requested that FPL not install a smart 10 meter on their property? MR. RUBIN: Mr. Chairman, it's the same 11 12 question. CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Same question, different --13 it's the same question, different issue. If you can 14 15 move on. BY MR. SAPORITO: 16 17 Ms. Santos, I'm going to ask you some questions in a different area now. 18 Ms. Santos, is it true FPL staff members work 19 2.0 closely with social services to assist customers in need? 21 22 Yes, that is true. In fact, would you agree with me that in 2011 23 24 FPL coordinated nearly 182,000 assistance payments 25 received from numerous agencies, representing

approximately 49 million toward low income customer electric bills?

A Yes.

2.0

2.3

**Q** Ms. Santos, is it true that FPL coordinated, coordinated assistance payments of approximately \$49 million following the Commission's decision in the last FPL rate case?

A I, I don't understand your question. We, that \$49 million is for 2011, what we coordinated. I thought that's what you had asked earlier, so I'm not sure that -- can you clarify?

Q I think you answered my question.

Would you agree with me that if the Commission had ordered FPL to lower base rates during FPL's late, last rate case, that FPL's coordinated assistance payments would have been less than \$49 million?

MR. RUBIN: Objection. It's purely speculative. There's no foundation to the question.

MR. SAPORITO: Your Honor, I think I laid a proper foundation, because this witness testified that FPL coordinated the activities of these organizations to provide 40 million, \$49 million of assistance to low income customers. And so the question posited is, well, if the Commission had required FPL to lower its base rates at the last FPL rate case, those customers would

have had more money in their pockets. They may not have needed that assistance.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: I think I will agree with, with FPL on that, that that requires a lot of speculation on her part as to what customers would do with their money.

### BY MR. SAPORITO:

2.0

Q Ms. Santos, is it reasonable for this

Commission to believe that any increase in FPL's base

rates at this time would increase the dollar amount of

assistance payments to FPL customers coordinated by FPL?

A Not necessarily. The, the monies that we are coordinating to help our customers get are monies from, mostly are monies from the federal government. So there are monies that are available through the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program. So it really depends, a lot of it depends on the funding that is available by the federal government.

Q Thank you, Ms. Santos, for that response.

Ms. Santos, on page 16 of your prefiled testimony, at lines 6 through 20, you were testifying in response to a question which was posited to you that you elaborate on the customer services that FPL provides to its customers over the Internet; is that correct?

A Which lines are you talking about? I'm sorry.

On page 16, lines 16 to 20. Were you -- in 1 Q 2 your testimony in that area were you responding to a question that stated, would you elaborate on the 3 customer services that FPL provides to its customers 4 over the Internet? 5 So on the Internet our customers can connect 6 their service? 7 No. No, ma'am. I'm asking you --8 9 I thought you said to elaborate. -- a specific question here. I'm saying, if 10 you would turn to page 16. 11 12 Α Okay. 13 Look at lines 6 through 20. 14 Α Okay. Those, that specific testimony, you were 15 Q responding to the question just ahead of that testimony, 16 which states, would you elaborate on the customer 17 services that FPL provides to its customers over the 18 19 Internet? Isn't that what your testimony was for? 2.0 Α Yes. 21 Okay. Thank you. Would you agree with me 22 that only FPL customers who have access at their homes or businesses would benefit from any FPL customer 23 24 services that FPL provides to its customers over the

25

Internet?

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Asked and answered already. 1 MR. SAPORITO: Well, that related, Your Honor, 2 from my recollection -- my prior question was with her 3 dashboard. But her testimony in this area talks about 4 many services. 5 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Your prior question asked 6 7 about access to the Internet and whether customers could access their services --8 9 MR. SAPORITO: All right. CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: -- via the Internet. So this 10 is the same question. 11 MR. SAPORITO: Okay. 12 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: I'm going to take a 13 ten-minute break at this time. I'm going to ask that we 14 do that at this time. I need a ten-minute break. Okay? 15 So we will reconvene in ten minutes. 16 (Recess taken.) 17 All right. We're going to reconvene at this 18 time. We are still on Docket Number 120015-EI, Witness 19 Santos, and Mr. Saporito was in the process of 2.0 cross-examination. 21 22 MR. SAPORITO: Ms. Santos, I have no further questions for you. Thank you. 23 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: All right. Thank you. 24 Mr. Hendricks. 25

MR. HENDRICKS: I will be brief.

### **CROSS-EXAMINATIONS**

# BY MR. HENDRICKS:

2.0

**Q** I just wanted to ask you a couple of clarifying questions about the smart meter dialogue that you had with Public Counsel here a few moments ago.

I understood in one of your first responses that you indicated that the limitations on the smart meter usage for time-of-day billing was related to the back office systems. Is that correct?

A I'm glad you're giving me the opportunity to, to clarify.

So the smart meters themselves are capable of doing the time-of-use -- giving us the time-of-use information required for our customers to be on the time-of-use rate. However, we would need to change our back office systems to be able to do that. We have not done an assessment of, as to how much that would cost or what that would entail.

If we -- another option would be to install a different smart meter that could do that functionality without us having to do anything to our back office system.

So there's really two different ways that we could handle it. We have not done an assessment as to

which one is the most cost-effective, so we have not 1 2 done that analysis. Okay. Thank you. I understand your position 3 4 now. MR. HENDRICKS: That's all. 5 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. Thank you, Mr. 6 7 Hendricks. Staff. 8 9 CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. BROWN: 10 Just one question, Ms. Santos. 11 Historically during a rate case proceeding or 12 after a rate increase does FPL experience an increase in 13 customer complaints? 14 15 Α What customer complaints are truly tied into are when, if bills go up, customer bills go up 16 significantly. So usually, you know, a couple of a 17 percent increase in customer bills will not, we won't 18 see an increase in customer complaints with that. But 19 if there is a significant increase in our customers' 20 bills, be it because of weather or rate changes or 21 22 whatever may be the cause, we usually do see an increase in customer complaints for that. 23 24 MS. BROWN: Okay. Thank you. That's all we

25

have.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Thank you. Okay. Thank you, staff.

Commissioner Brown.

2.0

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you.

I just have one question for you, Ms. Santos, and thanks for appearing here today and for your testimony. I think it is excellent that FPL offers its customers a variety of billing and payment options, especially in these hard times, but I just wanted to hear a little bit more about your payment options that FPL deploys, other than the location of, of payment centers, things like that.

THE WITNESS: Okay. Sure. So our customers can pay online, which is a wonderful option. They can pay by phone. If they pay by phone, they can also pay with their -- they can pay with their checking account. We also offer a credit card option for our customers.

We have several payment plans that we can put our customers on, like budget billing, where we average out their billing amount for the last 12 months so that they receive a levelized bill and don't get, you know, in the summer don't get bigger bills than the rest of the year. So for budgeting it's good.

For our low income and senior customers we have, also have a program called 62 Plus, where our

customers can choose to pay their bills closer to, like, 1 their Social Security payments and things like that, so 2 that we can help them with the timing of when they pay 3 their bills. 4 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you. I think 5 that's great. 6 7 THE WITNESS: Okay. Thank you. CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Commissioner Balbis. 8 9 COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 10 And good to see you again, Ms. Santos. 11 THE WITNESS: Thank you. COMMISSIONER BALBIS: We were all part of the 12 13 traveling road show, so we're all familiar faces. I have a few questions for you. I'm not sure if you were 14 here for Witness Reed's or Silagy's testimony. 15 THE WITNESS: I watched them. Uh-huh. 16 17 COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. I had a few questions for each of them concerning costs, et cetera. 18 19 THE WITNESS: Uh-huh. COMMISSIONER BALBIS: So my question for you 2.0 is that you indicate in your testimony that costs for 21 several functional areas, customer accounts, customer 22 service and sales, are below the PSC benchmark. 23 question is how do those costs compare to last year and 24

the year before? Are they trending up, are they going

25

down, or are they staying the same?

2.0

THE WITNESS: I really -- I would need to take a look -- I don't have -- let's see. So some of those costs have been trending up and some have been trending down. So depending on which functional area we're talking about, I would have a different answer. So, for example, our meter reading costs are trending down as a result of our smart meter deployment project.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: I'm sorry to interrupt.

Is that, would that be within the customer service functional area?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. Go ahead.

THE WITNESS: Am I answering, am I going down the right path?

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Yes. No. That's, that's good. I'm sorry.

THE WITNESS: I just want to be sure. So meter reading costs are going down. The customer billing costs also have been trending down. We have been doing a whole lot of work there with getting our customers on e-mail bill, as an example. We've been saving a lot of money for our customers in that area by doing that, savings in postage, savings in paper. So in that area our customer -- our costs are coming down. In

the area of customer care, they're probably close to 1 flat, maybe increasing a little bit. 2 So does that give you an idea? 3 It does. But if you can COMMISSIONER BALBIS: 4 focus on the functional areas, because in the C-41 5 document in the MFR --6 7 THE WITNESS: Oh, if you tell me where to look at specifically, yes. 8 9 COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Well, you referenced C-41 of the MFR, and in that schedule it indicates 10 customer accounts for the test year is 150,260,000. 11 THE WITNESS: I need, I need that schedule, 12 13 if, if you could, please. COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. Well, and I 14 don't, I don't think the schedule is that important. 15 mean, if you have it, that'd be great, but --16 THE WITNESS: Okay. 17 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: I think Mr. Butler is on his 18 19 way to provide the schedule. THE WITNESS: Sure. And I'd like -- I'd 20 rather know what I'm looking at. 21 Okay. So this is just for the projected test 22 So this doesn't show the historical data that 23 you're talking about. 24 25 COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Right. And that's my

question to you. For each functional area is it trending upwards in total? And I understand there's, there's individual costs, and you're using a projected test year of 2013. So maybe it would be easier to ask you for 2012 or 2011, are your costs below that, above that, or the same?

2.0

THE WITNESS: Commissioner Balbis, I would be happy to provide you that information. I don't have that data with me.

These are not -- just so that you know, these functional ways of looking at data is not the way that we do our budgets. So, so that's --

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. So then as far as your budget, is your budget going to be increased in 2013 or decreased or the same?

THE WITNESS: It's increasing.

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. And, and what is the cause of those increases and what are customers getting for that increased cost?

THE WITNESS: Sure. Well, that's what I
was -- so for, as an example, from 2011 to 2013, as far
as my budget is increasing by about \$13 million. And of
that \$13 million, \$11 million is related to
uncollectible accounts. So it's a bad debt and the
provision adjustment associated with those. There's

about \$7 million for the smart meter project, about 1 \$3 million for customer service field operations, and 2 then I've got some \$10 million reduction in meter 3 reading, as I was talking to you about earlier. I have 4 close to a \$2 million reduction in customer billing. 5 COMMISSIONER BALBIS: You indicated the 6 7 \$13 million increase, and 11 million of that is unrecoverable accounts? 8 9 THE WITNESS: Eleven. COMMISSIONER BALBIS: What is the other 10 2 million? 11 THE WITNESS: There's things that are going up 12 and down. 13 **COMMISSIONER BALBIS:** Okay. 14 15 THE WITNESS: So, so, for example -- so, for example, I've got over \$12 million that are going down 16 between meter reading and customer billing. And then 17 I've got a smart meter project that's going up 7, over 18 19 \$7 million, and a couple of other items that are also 2.0 going up by several million dollars. So there's moving parts. It's, it's not one 21 thing that I can tell you, oh, this thing is the one 22 that's \$2 million. It's, it's a combination of things 23

going up and going down.

24

25

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: And is there an increase

in salaries and benefits for your employees included as one of those items that are going up?

THE WITNESS: Yes. Based on our company assumptions on salary increases.

2.0

COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. And I asked

Mr. Silagy this question and he gave a good general

overview of the culture of FPL as far as cost savings.

Can you give me a specific example of what has been done

in your departments to control costs?

THE WITNESS: Yes, definite. So a couple of examples in our area, one of the key things that we have focused on to reduce cost is customer self-service. And so with that as an example, our interactive voice response system, which handles customers' inquiries in an automated fashion, we calculated, we calculate has saved our customers, based on 2011, about \$16 million.

Our billing and payment options, programs like e-mail billing, which is a very cost-effective method, has also saved our customers -- hold on, I've got it here -- has also saved our customers about \$6 million. So that's something that I think it's great.

And I can tell you from a customer satisfaction perspective, these are things that not only reduce costs but also increase satisfaction. So it's a, it's a real win-win for our customers.

Another example is our web applications. 1 the fact that we've been able to automate several of our 2 services and transactions on the website have also saved 3 our customers. We're estimating that that has saved our 4 customers in a conservative manner close to \$3 million. 5 COMMISSIONER BALBIS: Okay. Thank you. 6 7 That's all I had. CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Any further questions from 8 9 Commissioners? Okay. Redirect, Mr. Rubin. 10 MR. RUBIN: Very briefly. Thank you, Chairman 11 Brisé. 12 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 13 BY MR. RUBIN: 14 Ms. Santos, let me just ask you a few 15 Q questions. Mr. Hendricks asked you just now about the 16 17 smart meters, and I just want to make sure we're clear on the record. 18 19 The smart meters that FPL is installing are 20 capable of supporting the time-of-use rates if we were to change the back office systems; correct? 21 22 Α Yes. Okay. You were asked a few times about the 23 smart meters and the numbers. When you filed your 24 25 testimony, we had installed approximately 3 million.

Could you just update the Commission on where we stand 1 now in terms of your installations? 2 We're at about 3.7 million. 3 The Hospital Association asked you some 4 questions regarding Exhibit 511, which is OPC's 9th set 5 of interrogatories, number 177. Could you find that and 6 7 take a look at it for me, please. You said 177? 8 9 Yeah. It was OPC's 9th set of interrogatories, number 177. 10 Yes. Uh-huh. 11 Α All right. And I believe you were asked by 12 13 the Hospital Association's lawyer to read the last paragraph that addressed the recently implemented IVR; 14 correct? 15 16 Yes. 17 Can you just explain to the Commission what the IVR is and how that differs from the dashboard that 18 19 you talked about. Sure. Our interactive voice response unit is 2.0 a system that, when our customers call our care centers, 21 22 it's a system that answers the call. And so what we did

with the smart meter information was that we put into

key information that we are now able to give to our

that system the projected bill amount and several other

23

24

25

1	customers that we're getting as a result of having smart
2	meters so that customers that do not have access to the
3	website or just want to very quickly call us and get an
4	estimate of what their next bill is going to be, based
5	on very accurate daily readings of their usage, will be
6	able to do so.
7	<b>Q</b> So that what you've just described is
8	something that's available, somebody could pick up the
9	phone and call and get that information; correct?
10	A That is correct.
11	<b>Q</b> Now separate and apart from that, you've
12	talked about the online energy dashboard and we've,
13	we've blown up from Exhibit MMS-5, which is in,
14	identified as 165, a couple of pages. Could you just go

A Sure. So the --

MS. PURDY: Mr. Chairman, we're not sure which specific question this relates to on redirect.

MR. RUBIN: Should I respond?

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Sure.

ahead and walk us through what that online energy

dashboard makes available to the customer?

MR. RUBIN: Counsel asked about the IVR and then asked about the percentage of people that were using the online energy dashboard. It goes directly to the online energy dashboard.

CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. I think I'll allow it.

THE WITNESS: Okay. So the energy dashboard displays for our customers their energy usage. This one in particular is doing it by the day, so that's what these bars are. They can also choose to see by the month or by the hour. And here is the temperature, so we're actually plotting the temperature for their area so that they can get a feel for whether temperature is impacting their bill.

And so, and also we're also telling them how much it's costing them every day for their energy that they're using.

And this is the section that I was talking to you about the estimated, estimated bill. So it says estimate my next bill, and we're giving the customer a projection of how much their bill will be next month, so no more surprises when they open up the envelope. And we think this is a wonderful function, functionality for our customers.

And then here we just have the typical things that we normally have as far as the details of their account. And then they can also do comparisons of their usage. They can compare the, you know, last month, they can compare, you know, different days, hours. So lots of comparison functions also.

1	MR. RUBIN: Thank you. I have no other
2	questions.
3	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: All right. Thank you.
4	At this time we'll deal with exhibits.
5	MR. RUBIN: FPL would move Exhibits 161
6	through 166 into the record.
7	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. Any objections?
8	Okay. Seeing none, 160
9	MR. RUBIN: 161 through 166.
10	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: 161 through 166.
11	(Exhibits 161 through 166 admitted into the
12	record.)
13	MS. PURDY: SFHHA would like to move in
14	hearing exhibits marked numbers 511 and 512.
15	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay.
16	MR. RUBIN: No objection.
17	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: All right. 511 and 512 would
18	be moved into the record.
19	(Exhibits 511 and 512 admitted into the
20	record.)
21	Office of Public Counsel?
22	MR. REHWINKEL: Public Counsel moves 513.
23	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. 513 from Office of
24	Public Counsel will be moved into the record.
25	MR. RUBIN: No objection.

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

(Exhibit 513 admitted into the record.) 1 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. I don't think there 2 were any other exhibits for this witness at this time. 3 MR. YOUNG: No, sir. 4 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: All right. Thank you very 5 much. 6 7 MR. RUBIN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Thank you, Ms. Santos. 8 9 THE WITNESS: Thank you. MR. REHWINKEL: Mr. Chairman, before the next 10 witness is called --11 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Sure. 12 MR. REHWINKEL: -- I just want to state that 13 the Public Counsel is exploring a resolution to 14 15 facilitate the request that the Chair made with respect to the operational witnesses of FPL. So we will 16 17 continue to work on that. I would ask if perhaps we could be given just a few more minutes for lunch to talk 18 about that with the other parties. 19 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Sure. 2.0 MR. REHWINKEL: We also would be asking the 21 parties to consider allowing the Public Counsel's 22 witnesses who have to travel from around the country to 23 start no -- on -- at a no sooner than time, and we would 24 25 like to discuss that with the parties. I don't want

1	to
2	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Sure. Sure.
3	MR. REHWINKEL: I just want to alert you that
4	we may ask that as part of these discussions. Thank
5	you.
6	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Understood. Thank you. And,
7	you know, those are you all's discussion and at some
8	point you all will provide me an update and then we'll
9	go from there. But thank you for, for the update.
10	Our next witness is Roxane Kennedy.
11	MR. RUBIN: Mr. Chairman, counsel to my left
12	reminded me that I did not ask for the witness to be
13	excused for her direct.
14	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Yes. The witness may be
15	excused for her direct.
16	MR. RUBIN: Thank you very much.
17	<b>CHAIRMAN BRISÉ:</b> All right.
18	MR. RUBIN: Thank you.
19	MR. DONALDSON: Kevin Donaldson on behalf of
20	Florida Power & Light.
21	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay.
22	MR. DONALDSON: I don't believe the witness
23	has been sworn, Mr. Chairman.
24	<b>CHAIRMAN BRISÉ:</b> All right.
25	(Witness sworn.)

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Whereupon,was calledLight Comp

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

2.0

21

22

23

24

25

#### ROXANE KENNEDY

was called as a witness on behalf of Florida Power & Light Company, and, having been duly sworn, testified as follows:

### DIRECT EXAMINATION

#### BY MR. DONALDSON:

- **Q** Can you please state your name and business address.
- A My name is Roxane Kennedy, and my business address is 700 Universe Boulevard, Juno Beach, Florida.
- **Q** And by whom are you employed and in what capacity?
- A I'm employed by Florida Power & Light. I'm the Vice President of Power Generation Operations, the nonnuclear section of generation.
- **Q** Are you the same Roxane R. Kennedy that prepared and caused to be filed 29 pages of direct prefiled testimony in this matter?
  - A Yes, sir, I am.
- **Q** Do you have any changes or revisions to that direct prefiled testimony?
  - A No, sir, I do not.
- Q If I was to ask you the same questions that were articulated in your direct and prefiled testimony,

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1	would your answers be the same?
2	A Yes, sir, they would be.
3	MR. DONALDSON: Chairman Brisé, I would ask
4	that Ms. Kennedy's direct prefiled testimony be entered
5	into the record as though read.
6	<b>CHAIRMAN BRISÉ:</b> Okay. We will enter
7	Ms. Kennedy's prefiled testimony into the record as
8	though read.
9	Any objections?
10	Okay. Seeing none.
11	BY MR. DONALDSON:
12	<b>Q</b> Ms. Kennedy, have you also attached exhibits
13	to your direct prefiled testimony?
14	<b>A</b> Yes, sir, I have.
15	<b>Q</b> And those exhibits consist of ten pages
16	entitled RRK-1 through RRK-10, which are identified on
17	staff's exhibit list as 167 to 176; is that correct?
18	A Yes, sir.
19	MR. DONALDSON: Mr. Chairman, I'll just ask
20	that these exhibits have already been premarked for
21	identification purposes.
22	
23	
24	
25	

1		I. INTRODUCTION
2		
3	Q.	Please state your name and business address.
4	A.	My name is Roxane R. Kennedy, and my business address is 700 Universe
5		Boulevard, Juno Beach, Florida, 33408.
6	Q.	By whom are you employed and what is your position?
7	A.	I am employed by Florida Power & Light Company ("FPL" or the
8		"Company") as Vice President of Power Generation Operations.
9	Q.	Please describe your duties and responsibilities in that position.
10	A.	I am responsible for the overall management and direction of the non-nuclear
11		power plants for the Company. This fleet consists of more than 20,000
12		megawatts ("MW") of electric generating capability including traditional
13		fossil fuel fired steam boilers, and combined cycle, aero-derivative and large
14		frame simple cycle combustion turbine ("CT") technologies.
15	Q.	Please describe your educational background and professional
16		experience.
17	A.	My professional background with FPL involves technical, managerial and
18		commercial experience in progressively more demanding assignments over 25
19		years. I received a Bachelors degree in Chemical Engineering from the
20		University of Florida in 1985. I am a Registered Professional Engineer in
21		Florida and have held my license for over 14 years. Between 1985 and 2008,
22		I held various staff, technical, maintenance, operating and business
23		management roles at several FPL and NextEra Energy Resources' sites. In

1		March 2009, I became the FPL Power Generation Division ("PGD") Director,
2		and subsequently Vice President of Production Assurance and Business
3		Services where I was responsible for providing production standardization and
4		commercial management of PGD's generating fleet. In January 2010, I
5		assumed my current position as Vice President of FPL's Power Generation
6		Operations with more than 700 employees.
7	Q.	Are you sponsoring any exhibits in this case?
8	A.	Yes. I am sponsoring the following exhibits:
9		RRK-1, Summary of MFRs Sponsored and Co-sponsored by Roxane R.
10		Kennedy
11		RRK-2, FPL Fossil Generating Capability and Mix Changes
12		RRK-3, FPL Fossil Performance Improvements
13		RRK-4, FPL Fossil Net Heat Rate Comparison
14		RRK-5, FPL Fossil Availability Comparison
15		RRK-6, FPL Fossil Forced Outage Rate Comparison
16		RRK-7, FPL Fossil Total Non-Fuel O&M Production Cost Comparison
17		RRK-8, FPL Fossil Emission Rate Reductions
18		RRK-9, Drivers of 2013 Base O&M Benchmark Variance
19		RRK-10, FPL Fossil Capacity-Managed per Employee Improvements
20	Q.	Are you sponsoring or co-sponsoring any Minimum Filing Requirements
21		("MFRs") filed in this case?
22	A.	Yes. Exhibit RRK-1 contains a listing of the MFR schedules that I am
23		sponsoring or co-sponsoring.

### Q. What is the purpose and key points of your testimony?

A. The purpose of my testimony is to communicate FPL's fossil fleet performance in providing efficient, reliable and cost-effective service for our customers. My testimony addresses three major areas: (1) FPL's fossil generating fleet performance; (2) FPL's fossil fleet non-fuel operating and maintenance ("O&M") expenses and (non-construction) capital additions; and (3) the construction cost and Test Year non-fuel O&M costs of placing an additional nominal 1,200 MW of generating capacity into commercial operation in 2013, with the completion of the Canaveral Modernization Project.

The Power Generation Division is responsible for the operation and maintenance of FPL's fossil power plants. Through its leadership, management systems and processes, the Power Generation Division has helped successfully defer the need for new generating units and avoid costs by improving the operating performance of FPL's existing fossil fleet for the benefit of FPL's customers. Additionally, FPL's fossil fleet performance has consistently exceeded fossil industry performance averages and frequently ranked "Top Decile" or "Best-in-Class" among our large electric utility fossil fleet peers.

## 21 Q. Please summarize your testimony.

A. In just over 20 years, FPL's fossil fleet capacity will have nearly doubled from 10,700 MW in 1990 to 20,800 MW in 2013 with the completion of the

Canaveral Modernization Project, and evolved from older conventional steam technology to primarily modern combined cycle technology. Based on the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission's ("FERC") Electric Power classifications of fossil Steam Production (e.g., conventional boiler based units) and Other Production (e.g., combustion turbine based units), FPL's fossil capacity will have been distinctively transformed over the same period from approximately an 80:20 mix to a 20:80 mix of "Steam" vs. "Other" (see Exhibit RRK-2).

It's worth noting that FPL's fossil generation fleet is managed as a combined portfolio of units for availability, reliability and cost with centralized support from technical services (engineering/environmental/quality), maintenance planning/execution, production assurance and business services. This streamlined approach allows FPL to manage the fleet more efficiently as opposed to the less efficient system of managing separate FERC Steam Production vs. Other Production functions.

The doubling of FPL's fossil generating capacity to serve FPL's long term customer electricity needs and the dramatic transformation of its generating mix to cleaner and highly efficient combined cycle units are both key drivers of FPL's fossil fleet trends in non-fuel O&M expenses and capital expenditures.

Since 1990, as FPL transformed the fossil generating fleet, we substantially improved our operating performance across key factors integral to generating electricity for our customers. These performance factor improvements include the reduction of heat rate, forced outage rate, total non-fuel O&M costs and carbon dioxide ("CO<sub>2</sub>") emissions (see Exhibit RRK-3).

The impressive performance of FPL's fossil fleet is also evident in FPL's consistent industry-leading results. As illustrated in Exhibit RRK-4, FPL's fossil fleet net heat rate, a reflection of generating efficiency, improved almost 24 percent over the 1990 to present timeframe and by 19 percent over the last ten years (2001-2011). As a result, the Company has been able to cut fuel costs by a cumulative \$5.5 billion since 2001. Such excellent performance results in significantly lower fuel costs and reduced emission rates for the benefit of FPL's customers.

To put this in perspective and in simple terms, a 19 percent heat rate improvement in FPL's fossil generating fleet with \$3.5 billion in fossil fuel cost in 2011 would represent more than \$650 million in fuel cost savings. Furthermore, this 19 percent cumulative improvement in fuel efficiency that FPL's fossil fleet has achieved will continue to benefit customers by providing an equal percentage in fuel cost savings regardless of fuel prices. FPL's fossil fleet fuel efficiency is expected to improve even further with the

full year of operation of West County 3 in 2012 and again with the completion of the Canaveral Modernization Project in 2013.

As shown in Exhibits RRK-5 and RRK-6, over the past decade through 2011, FPL's fossil fleet demonstrated excellent plant availability, averaging more than 92 percent Equivalent Availability Factor ("EAF") and reliability performance of approximately 2 percent Equivalent Forced Outage Rate ("EFOR"). These results are impressive when compared to fossil industry averages of approximately 87 percent EAF and 7 percent EFOR over the last ten years through 2010. This outstanding plant availability and reliability performance allows FPL to continue to provide customers with the cleanest, most fuel-efficient generation that can be produced from its fossil fleet and pass along the resulting fuel savings to its customers. Further, the high availability and reliability of FPL's fossil fleet have helped FPL avoid or defer the need to add additional capacity to the system.

What makes FPL's fossil fleet performance more noteworthy is that, in addition to significant improvements in its operating performance, FPL was able to reduce fossil "Total" (i.e., Base Rate plus Environmental and Capacity Clauses) non-fuel O&M cost per unit of installed capacity by 41 percent, from \$18.5/installed kilowatt ("kW") in 1990 to \$10.9/kW in 2011 (see Exhibit RRK-7). Another indication of FPL's superior performance is that this \$10.9/kW cost was more than \$20/kW lower than the 2011 Consumer Price

Index ("CPI") adjusted fossil industry average cost of \$33.4/kW and FPL's 2011 fossil cost of \$31.9/kW if escalated at CPI from 1990 to 2011. This \$20/kW difference (about two-thirds less) represents significant annual fossil non-fuel O&M cost avoidance (more than \$400 million in 2011) for an FPL fossil fleet of more than 20,000 MW.

In addition, since 1990, FPL significantly reduced its CO<sub>2</sub> emission rate by 31 percent, resulting in less greenhouse gas emissions, as well as reduced its sulfur dioxide ("SO<sub>2</sub>") and nitrogen oxides ("NO<sub>x</sub>") emission rates by 92 percent each (see Exhibit RRK-8) contributing to a cleaner environment. FPL's fossil fleet fuel cost savings and emission benefits from efficiency improvements will continue to grow as new and modernized units are placed in service.

FPL has historically provided its customers with excellent cost control and plant operating performance, while continuing to transform and grow its generating fleet with highly efficient combined cycle generating capacity (e.g., West County Energy Center). This new technology/growth transformation is shifting FPL's FERC Production O&M cost category from "Steam" to "Other" beyond a Florida Public Service Commission ("FPSC" or "Commission") benchmark that is purely based on CPI. FPL's fossil 2013 Base non-fuel O&M request of \$246.5 million, which includes more than 2,400 MW of new highly efficient combined cycle capacity since 2010 (West

County 3 and Canaveral Modernization Project), is \$12.1 million more than the adjusted 2013 benchmark of \$234.4 million. However, this benchmark calculation has no allowance for fossil capacity growth. The drivers of the \$12.1 million benchmark variance are new units (\$17.4 million) and planned maintenance overhauls (\$18.1 million), partially offset by unit retirements and miscellaneous reductions (-\$23.4 million) as shown in Exhibit RRK-9. Moreover, through 2013, FPL's \$13.1/kW Total fossil non-fuel O&M cost is projected to remain more than 60 percent lower than what the cost would have been (i.e., \$33.2/kW) if FPL's 1990 fossil cost were escalated by CPI since 1990, and almost 30 percent lower than even FPL's un-escalated 1990 fossil cost of \$18.5/kW (see Exhibit RRK-7). This further demonstrates FPL's long term efforts and success in controlling and containing costs.

Contributing to this excellent performance is PGD's consistent improvement in resource management. From 1990 and through 2013, the level of fossil capacity-managed per employee is projected to improve from less than 5 MW/employee in 1990 to 19 MW/employee in 2013 (see Exhibit RRK-10).

Lastly, the construction estimates and non-fuel O&M costs for the Canaveral Modernization Project remain reasonably consistent with the estimates provided to the Commission in Docket No. 080246-EI. This project will allow for the modernization of FPL's less efficient, 1960s-era Cape Canaveral plant into a nominal 1,200 MW clean and 33 percent more fuel efficient state-

1 of-the-art generating plant. The Canaveral Modernization Project will benefit 2 customers in many ways. It will provide additional base load firm generating capacity necessary to maintain system reliability, while reducing customers' 3 fuel costs and FPL's system air emissions, all without using new land or water 4 5 resources. 6 7 II. FPL's FOSSIL GENERATION FLEET PERFORMANCE 8 9 Q. What indicators does FPL use to measure the operating performance of 10 its fleet of fossil generating units? The Power Generation Division's mission is to: Deliver Certainty - the 11 A. 12 certainty that its generating units are efficient, available, reliable and cost-13 effective to meet the needs of FPL's customers. FPL uses a number of indicators to measure the performance of its fossil fleet to deliver certainty. 14 15 These indicators include net heat rate to measure efficiency, EAF to measure 16 availability, EFOR to measure reliability, and non-fuel operating and 17 maintenance cost (O&M \$/installed kW of capacity) to measure the 18 effectiveness of resource management and utilization. 19 20 As shown in several exhibits within this testimony, FPL's fossil fleet 21 performance in these measures is compared against both FPL's own long-term 22 historical performance as well as that of the fossil industry.

23

1	Q.	Please define FPL's indicator used to measure the efficiency of its fossil
2		fleet.
3	A.	FPL's indicator of fossil fleet efficiency is net heat rate in British Thermal
4		Units/kilowatt hour ("Btu/kWh"), which is calculated by dividing the total
5		heat input in Btu, from fuel burned by FPL's fossil fleet, by the net kWh of
6		electricity produced from those units. The lower the heat rate, the more
7		efficient the generating fleet is and the greater the fuel savings are for the
8		benefit of FPL's customers.
9	Q.	Please show how the efficiency of FPL's fossil generating fleet has
10		improved over time.
11	A.	The trend in efficiency of FPL's fossil fleet is provided in Exhibit RRK-4.
12		Since 1990, FPL has improved the net heat rate of its fossil fleet from 10,214
13		Btu/kWh to 7,803 Btu/kWh in 2011, representing an almost 24 percent
14		improvement in efficiency. With the completion of the Canaveral
15		Modernization Project in 2013, the net heat rate of FPL's fossil fleet is
16		expected to drop further, providing greater fuel savings for the benefit of
17		customers.
18	Q.	How does FPL's fossil fleet net heat rate performance compare to that of
19		others in the industry?
20	A.	As shown in Exhibit RRK-4, FPL's fossil fleet net heat rate is extremely
21		favorable compared to the industry. The industry average for all
22		representative fossil plants has exhibited little long-term improvement and has
23		remained above 10,000 Btu/kWh. By comparison, over the ten year period

1		between 2001 and 2011, FPL's fossil fleet average net heat rate improved 19
2		percent from 9,635 Btu/kWh to 7,803 Btu/kWh. FPL's fossil fleet net heat
3		rate performance has also been either "Top Decile" or "Best-in-Class" over
4		the last ten years.
5	Q.	Please provide an example of how an improved net heat rate benefits
6		FPL's customers.
7	A.	In simple terms, a 19 percent heat rate improvement in FPL's fossil fleet with
8		\$3.5 billion in fossil fuel cost in 2011 would represent more than \$650 million
9		in fuel cost savings.
10		
11		Furthermore, this 19 percent improvement in fuel efficiency that FPL's fossil
12		fleet has achieved will continue to benefit customers by providing an equal
13		percentage in fuel cost savings regardless of fuel prices. FPL's fossil fleet
14		fuel efficiency is expected to improve even further with the full year of
15		operation of West County 3 in 2012 and again with the completion of the
16		Canaveral Modernization Project in 2013.
17		
18		Another benefit of an improved net heat rate is the reduction of FPL's fossil
19		fleet air emission rates. Since 1990, FPL has reduced its fossil CO <sub>2</sub> emission
20		rate 31 percent, as well as reduced fossil SO <sub>2</sub> and NO <sub>x</sub> emission rates by 92
21		percent each resulting in less greenhouse gas and other pollutant emissions
22		and contributing to a cleaner environment (see Exhibit RRK-8). FPL's fossil
23		fleet fuel cost savings and emission benefits from efficiency improvements

1		will continue to grow as new and modernized units are placed in service. The
2		Canaveral and Riviera Modernization Projects further exemplify FPL's
3		commitment to both fuel cost reduction and environmental sustainability.
4	Q.	What actions has FPL taken to improve overall fossil fleet efficiency
5		performance (i.e., improvements in system heat rate)?
6	A.	In the power generation industry, the natural course of events is for power
7		plants to suffer deterioration in performance as they age and experience wear
8		and tear. The ongoing challenge is to minimize the rate of heat rate
9		degradation and restore it when possible. So, restoring performance actually
10		represents an improvement in an operating environment that otherwise would
11		result in decline. FPL works diligently to minimize degradation of, and to
12		restore, this lost generating unit performance. This has been accomplished
13		through practices such as condition-based maintenance.
14		
15		However, the major step-change system heat rate performance gains have
16		been achieved through plant modernizations (conversions of conventional
17		plants to combined cycle technology) and the addition of new, highly efficient
18		generating technology. FPL is a leader in converting older power plants to
19		modern combined cycle technology, which significantly increases the
20		efficiency of these plants, providing significant fuel cost savings to customers
21		and reduced emissions while reutilizing existing sites.
22		

, 1	Q.	Please define the indicators used to measure plant availability and
2		reliability.
3	A.	EAF represents plant availability and is a measure of the percent capacity
4		available from a generating unit to provide electricity throughout the year,
5		regardless of whether the generating unit is actually called upon to operate.
6		Planned and Forced outages are the main components typically associated
7		with measuring FPL's fossil fleet EAF. EAF is reported in terms of the hours
8		in a given period (e.g., a year) that a generating unit is available to deliver
9		electricity, as a percentage of all the hours in the period. FPL strives for and
10		has achieved a high fossil fleet EAF.
11		
12		EFOR represents plant reliability and is a measure of a generating unit's
13		inability to provide electricity when required to operate. EFOR is reported in
14		terms of the hours when a generating unit could not deliver electricity as a
15		percentage of all the hours during which that unit was called upon to operate.
16		Since a lower EFOR also results in greater availability of the most-efficient
17		generating capacity serving customers, FPL strives for and has achieved a low
18		fossil fleet EFOR.
19	Q.	Has the EAF of FPL's fossil fleet improved over time?
20	A.	Yes. As shown in Exhibit RRK-5, FPL has improved the EAF of its fossil
21		fleet from less than 82 percent in 1990 to almost 92 percent in 2011.
22		

i	Q.	How does the EAF of FPL's fossil fleet compare to that of others in the
2		industry?
3	A.	FPL's fossil fleet has maintained an industry-leading position in EAF. As
4		shown in Exhibit RRK-5, FPL's fossil fleet has performed significantly better
5		than the fossil industry. Over the decade ending 2011, FPL's fossil fleet
6		demonstrated excellent plant availability, averaging more than 92 percent
7		EAF. These results are impressive when compared to the fossil industry
8		average of approximately 87 percent EAF over the last ten years ending in
9		2010. FPL's fossil fleet EAF performance has also been either "Top-Decile"
10		or "Best-In-Class" for eight of the last ten years.
11	Q.	Has the EFOR of FPL's fossil fleet also improved over time?
12	A.	Yes. As shown in Exhibit RRK-6, the EFOR of FPL's fossil fleet has been
13		exceptionally low. Even at this excellent performance level, FPL's fossil fleet
14		EFOR has improved from an average of approximately 3 percent during the
15		1990s to an average of approximately 2 percent during the decade ending
16		2011.
17	Q.	How does the EFOR of FPL's fossil fleet compare to that of others in the
18		industry?
19	A.	FPL's fossil fleet EFOR performance has significantly outperformed the fossil
20		industry, as shown in Exhibit RRK-6. Over the decade ending 2011, FPL's
21		fossil fleet EFOR averaged approximately 2 percent compared to the fossil
22		industry EFOR average of approximately 7 percent. FPL's fossil fleet EFOR

1	performance has also been either "Top Decile" or "Best-in-Class" for eight of
2	the last ten years.

# 3 Q. What is the significance of FPL's fossil fleet EAF and EFOR performance

### 4 to this case?

A.

During the early 1990s, FPL's fossil fleet EAF and EFOR improvements helped defer the need for new capacity additions. Currently, with the progressive transformation of its fossil fleet to cleaner combined cycle units, FPL's excellent fossil fleet EAF and EFOR performance results in more opportunity for this highly efficient capacity to be operating, thus minimizing customer fuel costs and emissions.

# 11 Q. Are there other actions FPL has taken to help avoid or defer the need for new generating capacity?

Yes. In the early 1990s, PGD implemented a program known as Perfect Execution of Peak Operations ("PEPO"). The PEPO program was designed to systematically assess the peak generating capacity of units within their design capabilities. This program allowed PGD to operate its fossil fleet at peak capacity during high load demand periods. The PEPO program raised FPL's level of confidence in the reliability of these peaking MWs to the point that they could be included in the rated capacity for the FPL fossil fleet when determining the need for new generating capacity. In the mid-1990s, PEPO was integrated into the normal operation and rating of the fossil fleet and made more than 600 MW available to FPL. Over the last 15 years, FPL has been able to utilize this philosophy of providing peak capacity, amounting to

1	more	than	2,000	MW	of	cumulative	additional	generating	capability
2	benefit	ting cu	ıstomer	s throu	ıgh t	oday.	· ·		

### Q. Please summarize your position on the performance of FPL's fossil fleet.

A. Since 1990, as FPL transformed its fossil generating fleet, it significantly improved its operating performance across key factors (see Exhibit RRK-3) integral to generating electricity for our customers by reducing heat rate by almost 24 percent, forced outage rate by 51 percent, total non-fuel O&M costs per kW by 41 percent (see Section III below) and CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by 31 percent, resulting in industry-leading performance and frequently achieving "Top Decile" or "Best-in-Class" performance.

### III. FPL's FOSSIL FLEET NON-FUEL O&M EXPENSES AND CAPITAL

### 13 EXPENDITURES

A.

### Q. What has been FPL's experience with non-fuel O&M cost performance?

FPL has worked aggressively to reduce and contain expenses. Over the decade 2001 through 2011, FPL's fossil fleet total non-fuel O&M expense, measured in actual dollars per installed kW of generating capacity, has remained essentially constant despite a 27 percent cumulative increase in CPI during the same period. Over the longer period from 1990 to 2011, FPL reduced fossil fleet total non-fuel O&M cost per kW of installed capability by more than 41 percent (from \$18.5/kW to \$10.9/kW) as shown in Exhibit RRK-7. This is exceptional performance considering this \$10.9/kW cost was

1 more than \$20/kW lower than the 2011 CPI-adjusted fossil industry average 2 cost of \$33.4/kW and FPL's 2011 fossil cost of \$31.9/kW if escalated at CPI 3 from 1990 to 2011. For an FPL fossil fleet of more than 20,000 MW, this 4 \$20/kW difference represents a significant non-fuel O&M cost avoidance of 5 more than \$400 million in 2011. Also, over the last decade, FPL's fossil fleet 6 has been "Top Decile" or "Best-in-Class" in total non-fuel O&M per kW. 7 Contributing to this excellent performance is PGD's improving resource 8 management trends since 1990 (see Exhibit RRK-10) showing that by 2013, 9 FPL's fossil fleet capacity-managed per employee is projected to be almost 10 four times better than the rate achieved in 1990 (from less than 5 11 MW/employee to 19 MW/employee). 12 Q. What steps has FPL taken to reduce fossil fleet non-fuel O&M expenses 13 associated with maintaining the fleet? To control costs, FPL has leveraged contracts for goods and services during 14 A. 15 overhaul seasons to reduce pricing, improved efficiencies by introducing Lean 16 Six Sigma techniques, and utilized the skilled resources of its fleet equipment 17 experts to optimize maintenance recommendations for critical equipment. 18 19 FPL applies a centralized maintenance concept which adds efficiency to the 20 process by planning and allocating resources at a fleet-wide level, instead of 21 having each site determine its requirements independently. The team then uses Lean Six Sigma concepts during overhaul planning and execution to 22 optimize the outage duration, with input from the fleet equipment experts, 23

who also provide engineering support from a centralized location. This "Fleet Team" approach organizes its technical support groups around major plant components such as boilers, steam turbines, combustion turbines and generators. The Fleet Teams contain experienced subject matter experts ("SMEs") who provide technical recommendations during an outage and, based on the condition of the equipment, determine if the equipment can operate safely and reliably until a future maintenance interval. Programs to assess and monitor the condition of the equipment allow the team to lower costs by safely extending the maintenance requirements to a future date, using data to support the recommendation.

The data needed to monitor and support condition-based maintenance decisions comes from physical inspection of the equipment, as well as from the FPL Fleet Performance and Diagnostic Center ("FPDC"). Here, critical fossil fleet operating parameters are monitored "24/7" online using advanced statistical techniques. Automated statistical applications detect change in performance and alert employees. FPL can also analyze the equipment's ability to perform according to its rated specifications and evaluate ways to improve efficiencies. The goal is to identify equipment degradation far enough in advance of a failure so corrective measures can be put in place. These initiatives and efforts are focused on preventing or mitigating failures and optimizing efficiency.

Q. Comparing the 2013 Test Year to the 2012 Prior Year, are there any accounts in which the change to PGD's non-fuel O&M expenses exceed the threshold defined in MFR C-8?

FPL has two Fossil FERC accounts (512 and 553) which exceed the defined threshold referenced in MFR C-8. In account 512 (Maintenance of Boiler Plant) the decrease of \$8.3 million is primarily associated with an anticipated lower level of boiler work in fiscal year 2013 relative to fiscal year 2012. Scherer Unit 4 boiler overhaul maintenance is scheduled every two years, and the current cycle places a boiler outage in 2012, while no boiler outage is planned for fiscal year 2013. The jointly-owned Scherer Unit 4 operator (Georgia Power Company) is contractually obligated to operate and maintain the facility in a manner consistent with prudent utility practices. With respect to account 553 (Maintenance of Generating and Electric Plant), the \$18.7 million increase is primarily driven by \$17.4 million of planned overhaul work at Ft. Myers 2, Turkey Point 5, Martin 3, 4 and 8 and West County 1 and 3 and \$1.1 million for 7 months of daily-maintenance work at the new Cape Canaveral combined cycle plant starting in June 2013. The increase is required to repair, refurbish and overhaul plant equipment necessary to sustain the reliability and availability of this highly fuel efficient fleet.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

A.

2 2013 fossil fleet Base non-fuel O&M for the FERC Steam Production and 3 Other Production functional areas to the Commission's benchmarks (on

Please discuss the comparison of FPL's January 2013 through December

- 4 MFR C-41) using 2010, as adjusted based on FPSC Order No. PSC-10-
- 5 0153-FOF-EI, as the benchmark year.

1

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

A.

Q.

Comparing FPL's projected 2013 fossil fleet Base non-fuel O&M expenses to the Commission's benchmarks for the FERC functional areas indicates that FPL's Steam Production expenses are approximately \$50.4 million below the 2013 Steam benchmark. Conversely, FPL's Other O&M Production expenses are approximately \$62.5 million above the 2013 Other Production benchmark. However, as shown earlier in Exhibit RRK-2, FPL's fossil fleet portfolio has distinctively evolved from approximately an 80:20 mix to a 20:80 mix of "Steam" vs. "Other" units operated and maintained as a generating fleet for availability, reliability and cost considerations; not managed at a FERC function level (Steam Production vs. Other Production). If one were to compare FPL's fossil fleet Base non-fuel O&M for the combined Steam Production and Other Production functions to the CPI inflation benchmark of \$234.4 million at the portfolio level, FPL's projected fossil Base non-fuel O&M request of \$246.5 million for 2013 is a net \$12.1 million above the benchmark with the addition of more than 2,400 MW of clean and fuel efficient combined cycle capacity for West County Unit 3 in 2011 and the Canaveral Modernization Project in 2013. The drivers of the 2013 CPI-based benchmark variance for FPL's fossil production fleet are planned maintenance

overhauls (\$18.1 million), unit retirements and miscellaneous reductions (-\$23.4 million), and new units (\$17.4 million) as shown in Exhibit RRK-9.

A.

These results are not surprising considering both the dramatic growth of FPL's Other Production generating capacity and the transformation of FPL's fossil fleet from predominantly Steam Production to primarily highly efficient Other Production capacity and the fact that the Commission's benchmark calculation has no allowance for fossil capacity growth. FPL's fossil fleet Base non-fuel O&M cost is a reflection of both the increase in planned CT outages associated with the expanded combined cycle fleet and the addition of O&M costs for the new, high efficiency West County Unit 3 and the Canaveral Modernization Project.

# Q. What actions has FPL undertaken to reduce non-fuel O&M costs in light of the economic downturn?

FPL reviewed its operating fleet and determined that some of its older, less-efficient units should be placed into Inactive Reserve status. This enabled specific units, given adequate notice, to return to service when needed while allowing FPL to reduce the operating and maintenance costs for these units. This action, along with FPL's plan to retire its three oldest and least efficient 1950's vintage steam units (Cutler 5 & 6 and Sanford 3) by the end of November 2012, permit FPL to reduce steam plant operations and maintenance costs and allow FPL to redeploy its skilled workforce within the business unit and reduce contractor usage for unit outages. FPL will be

examining other potential uses for these sites, including their potential use as sites for new renewable energy facilities. In addition, FPL reduced spending plans at the Cape Canaveral and Riviera sites by retiring them in 2010 and 2011 respectively, for the FPSC-approved modernizations. FPL also plans to retire the four steam units at its Port Everglades site by the end of January 2013 pending FPSC approval of FPL's petition to modernize these units into a nominal 1,200 MW clean and approximately 35 percent more fuel efficient state-of-the-art generating plant. The modernized units are scheduled to return to service in June 2013 (Canaveral), June 2014 (Riviera) and June 2016 (Port Everglades). The unit retirement initiatives are expected to reduce non-fuel O&M costs on FPL's fossil steam units by approximately \$20.4 million in 2013 when compared to the 2010 rate case adjusted benchmark.

Q. What assurance can you provide that FPL's 2012 and 2013 forecasts for non-fuel O&M expenses are reasonable?

First, the Company's historical performance demonstrates its ability to costeffectively manage its resources while achieving industry-leading performance in availability, reliability and net heat rate.

A.

Second, throughout the 2011-2013 timeframe, FPL's fossil Total non-fuel O&M cost in \$/kW is expected to remain more than \$20/kW lower (or almost two-thirds less) than what the cost would have been if escalated by CPI since 1990. Even by 2013, FPL's Total fossil fleet non-fuel O&M cost of \$13.1/kW is projected to remain almost 30 percent below even FPL's un-escalated 1990

1 fossil cost of \$18.5/kW (from Exhibit RRK-7). This further exemplifies 2 FPL's long term efforts to control and contain costs.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

13

21

Third, FPL has the processes, procedures and structure in place, such as condition-based maintenance, a centralized maintenance organization, overhaul services contract leveraging, Lean Six Sigma techniques, the Fleet Performance and Diagnostic Center, and Fleet Teams to continue to manage, assess, and sustain the outstanding performance of FPL's fossil fleet. FPL's team is committed to maintaining the industry-leading performance it has achieved with excellent availability, reliability, efficiency and low cost.

- Please summarize FPL's fossil fleet Base capital difference when 11 Q. comparing the 2013 Test Year to the 2010 actual. 12
- A. FPL's annual fossil Base capital expenditures are projected to increase \$164.8 14 million from \$206.6 million in 2010 to \$371.4 million in 2013. The primary 15 drivers of the increase are investments in CT hot end component upgrades 16 (\$95.6 million), CT planned maintenance overhauls (\$41.1 million), work being done on Martin Unit 1 (\$12.7 million) while the Electrostatic 17 Precipitator ("ESP") outage is performed, and maintenance work at West 18 County 3 (\$11.3 million) and Canaveral Modernization Project (\$2.7 million) 19 20 units which were not in operation in 2010. In addition to capacity and efficiency improvements, the CT hot end component upgrades will extend hot 22 gas path parts life by 33 percent from 72,000 to 96,000 hours and extend the

1		hot gas path maintenance interval also by 33 percent from 24,000 to 32,000
2		hours.
3	Q.	Has FPL undertaken any steps to control or reduce capital expenditures
4		in light of the economic downturn?
5	A.	Yes. As explained previously, FPL reviewed its operating fleet and
6		determined that some of its older, less efficient units should be placed into
7		Inactive Reserve status. This would enable the units to return to service when
8		needed in the future to satisfy load growth, as well as, with adequate notice,
9		meet FPL's reliability needs. In addition, FPL has been able to reduce the
10		spending plans for the Canaveral and Riviera plants by retiring them in 2010
11		and 2011 for the FPSC-approved modernizations. There are no capital dollars
12		in the 2012 fiscal forecast to operate the modernized units.
13		
14		IV. CANAVERAL MODERNIZATION PROJECT
15		
16	Q.	Please provide a brief description of the Canaveral Modernization
17		Project.
18	A.	The Canaveral Modernization Project is an integral part of FPL's long term
19		infrastructure investment effort to meet the growing resource needs of its
20		customers and reduce the emission of CO2 and other substances in the most
21		cost-effective manner and thereby continue to deliver electricity at a
22		reasonable cost, while complying with existing and currently anticipated
23		environmental requirements. Therefore, in June 2010, FPL removed its two

400 MW 1960s-era oil and natural gas steam generating units from service at the Cape Canaveral plant in Brevard County to replace them with a modern, nominal 1,200 MW highly efficient combined cycle power plant beginning service in June 2013. The new unit will be configured with three of the latest generation advanced combustion turbines and three heat recovery steam generators ("HRSGs") combined with one steam turbine. The project will use natural gas as the primary fuel and will be capable of burning ultra low sulfur light oil as a backup fuel.

## Q. What are the benefits of the Canaveral Modernization Project?

A.

The Canaveral Modernization Project will benefit customers from multiple generating perspectives: capacity, reliability, efficiency, environmental, aesthetics and resource utilization. This investment will provide additional firm electric generating capacity necessary to maintain system reliability while reducing customers' fuel costs by utilizing 33 percent less fuel for an equivalent amount of electricity production. These fuel savings will begin flowing directly to FPL customers through the fuel clause as soon as the modernized plant enters service. The new unit will also reduce CO<sub>2</sub> greenhouse gas and other air emissions, benefiting FPL customers through lower environmental compliance costs and all Florida residents through better environmental quality. The modernized unit also has other benefits. For example, the aesthetics will improve significantly since the old stacks will be lowered from approximately 400 feet to 150 feet. In addition, the modernized plant will be able to receive light oil backup fuel from water born deliveries

1		which provides flexibility particularly in emergency situations. Furthermore,
2		all these benefits will be obtained without the use of additional land or water
3		resources.
4	Q.	What is FPL's forecasted annual non-fuel O&M expense for the first full
5		year of operation for the Canaveral Modernization Project?
6	A.	The first full year of operation (June 1, 2013 through May 31, 2014) non-fuel
7		O&M expense (FERC account 546 through 554) for the Canaveral
8		Modernization Project is expected to be \$10.5 million.
9	Q.	Is the non-fuel O&M expense reasonable for the first full year of
10		operation for the Canaveral Modernization Project?
11	A.	Yes. The non-fuel O&M expense is reasonably consistent with the cost
12		estimates provided to the Commission with FPL's petition for a determination
13		of need for the Canaveral Modernization Project taking into consideration that
14		the current estimate includes additional costs mainly due to an increase in
15		skilled labor personnel, the inclusion of plant start-up costs which traditionally
16		are not included in the project bidding process and the change in the ammonia
17		(used in the NO <sub>x</sub> emissions reduction process) to a different type due to
18		environmental and safety reasons.
19	Q.	Is the currently forecasted cost of the Canaveral Modernization Project
20		consistent with Docket No. 080246-EI and the Commission's Final Order
21		(No. PSC-08-0591-FOF-EI issued September 12, 2008) granting FPL's
22		petition for a determination of need for the proposed unit?

- 1 A. Yes. It is reasonably consistent but lower. In FPL's approved 2013 forecast, 2 the construction cost for the Canaveral Modernization Project is \$976 million. This is \$139 million lower than the estimate of \$1.115 billion reflected in the 3 4 Final Order. FPL has been able to achieve this reduction by taking advantage 5 of favorable market conditions, including negotiation of the Engineering, 6 Procurement and Construction ("EPC") contract for the Canaveral 7 Modernization Project at a substantially lower cost than originally estimated. 8 FPL customers will benefit directly from FPL's initiative in reducing 9 construction cost by \$139 million because the Canaveral Step Increase that 10 FPL is seeking in this docket is based on the approved forecast of \$976 11 million rather than the original estimate of \$1.115 billion reflected in the Final 12 Order.
  - A. Yes.

Does this conclude your direct testimony?

13

14

Q.

29

## BY MR. DONALDSON:

- **Q** Ms. Kennedy, have you prepared a summary of your direct prefiled testimony?
  - A Yes, sir I, have.
- **Q** Would you please present that to the Commission.
  - A Yes, sir.

Good morning, Commissioners. My name -- thank you for the opportunity to testify before you today. My name is Roxane Kennedy, and I am the Vice President of Power Generation Operations of FPL's nonnuclear generating fleet.

For two decades, FPL generating capacity investments have been transforming its fossil fleet from conventional steam technology to cleaner, efficient combined cycle technology. A current example of these investments is our Cape Canaveral modernization project. This project is expanding and modernizing a 1960s era plant into a cleaner, 33% more efficient, more fuel efficient generating plant, all without new land or water resources.

With investments like these, Florida Power & Light fossil generating efficiency, measured as net heat rate or fuel used per kWh generated, improved almost 24% since 1990, as shown in Exhibit RRK-4, and 19% over the

last ten years, representing more than \$650 million in fuel savings just last year, and a cumulative \$5.5 billion in savings since 2001.

2.0

Essentially, the lower the heat rate, the less fuel used and the greater the savings to our customer, regardless of fuel price.

These investments have also helped FPL significantly reduce its emissions rates and achieve fossil plant availability and reliability, consistently exceeding industry averages and frequently being top decile and best in class, allowing for more opportunity for FPL's highly efficient units to operate, minimizing fuel use.

The doubling of FPL fossil fleet capacity and the transformation to cleaner, efficient technology are key drivers to FPL's nonfuel O&M and capital expenditures. However, FPL has also worked aggressively to reduce and contain costs. In fact, FPL reduced its fossil total nonfuel O&M costs per installed KW by 41% since 1990, as shown in Exhibit RRK-7, representing a cost avoidance of more than \$400 million just last year, in addition to the \$650 million in fuel use avoided in 2011.

Furthermore, FPL is managing this larger fleet with half of its 1990s workforce. FPL nonfuel O&M and

capital requests is mainly needed to operate, maintain, 1 and overhaul plant equipment to sustain the reliability 2 and availability of more than 10,000 megawatts of 3 combined cycle capacity added since 2001, including the 4 Cape Canaveral modernization project. 5 Capital costs are also driven by investments 6 7 to extend combustion turbine hot end component part life and their maintenance intervals by 33%, and provide 8 9 further capacity and efficiency improvement. This concludes my direct testimony. 10 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Thank you. 11 MR. DONALDSON: Thank you, Ms. Kennedy. 12 I tender the witness for cross-examination. 13 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Ms. Kaufman? 14 15 MS. KAUFMAN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. CROSS-EXAMINATION 16 BY MS. KAUFMAN: 17 It's still morning, so good morning, 18 19 Ms. Kennedy. 2.0 Good morning. I am here on behalf of the Florida Industrial 21 Power Users Group, and I just have a very few questions 22 for you. 23 My first question is, it's correct, is it not, 24 25 that, that you are in charge basically of the nonnuclear

1	fossil fleet for FPL?
2	A Yes, ma'am, as I stated earlier.
3	<b>Q</b> Okay. How long have you been I know that
4	your position title has changed, but how long have you
5	been involved with the management of the nonnuclear
6	fleet?
7	A I have been involved in my position since
8	2010, but I've been in power generation since 1976.
9	Q If you would take a look at your prefiled
10	direct testimony on page 9, at line 15.
11	A Yes, ma'am.
12	<b>Q</b> Okay. And you say that FPL has historically
13	provided its customers with excellent cost control and
14	plant operating performance while continuing to
15	transform and grow its generating fleet.
16	When you are talking about historically, what
17	time period did you have in mind there?
18	A As you can see from Exhibit 7, or really from
19	our heat rate graph, excuse me, Exhibit 3 4, up
20	here let me find it. Excuse me.
21	As you can see from the Exhibit 4 up here on
22	heat rate, the transformation is mostly concentrated in
23	the year 1990.
24	MS. KAUFMAN: Excuse me, Mr. Chairman. I
25	think I asked a pretty simple question. I didn't refer

1	her to her exhibit, so could I restate it and try to get
2	an answer?
3	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Sure. Sure.
4	BY MS. KAUFMAN:
5	<b>Q</b> Ms. Kennedy, if you look at line 15 on page 9,
6	you use, you say that FPL has historically provided
7	customers with excellent cost control and plant
8	operating performance.
9	And all I'm asking you really is what period
10	of time are you referring to when you say that FPL has
11	historically done these things?
12	A I think it's best representative by the 2000
13	time period forward.
14	<b>Q</b> 2000 forward?
15	A Yes. That's when we made our most significant
16	capital investments.
17	MS. KAUFMAN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. That's
18	all I have.
19	<b>CHAIRMAN BRISÉ:</b> All right.
20	South Florida Hospital Association.
21	MS. PURDY: The Hospitals have no questions
22	for this witness.
23	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: All right. FEA?
24	LIEUTENANT COLONEL FIKE: FEA has no questions
25	for this witness.

1	CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: All right.
2	Office of Public Counsel?
3	MR. REHWINKEL: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
4	CROSS-EXAMINATION
5	BY MR. REHWINKEL:
6	<b>Q</b> And good morning, Ms. Kennedy.
7	A Good morning.
8	<b>Q</b> My name is Charles Rehwinkel with Public
9	Counsel's office.
10	I asked your counsel prior to your testifying
11	if you would have MFR B-15 with you. Do you have that?
12	A Yes, sir, I do.
13	<b>Q</b> And also I would like to, after you turn to
14	that MFR page, to turn to your Exhibit RRK-1 as well.
15	And this exhibit indicates that you are a cosponsor of
16	Exhibit B-15; is that correct?
17	A That is correct. That's what it indicates.
18	$oldsymbol{Q}$ Okay. And the title of that MFR is Property
19	Held for Future Use - 13-month Average; correct?
20	A Yes, sir.
21	${f Q}$ And the, in the sponsorship column of RRK-1,
22	it says data for steam and other production. Do you see
23	that?
24	A Yes, sir.
25	<b>Q</b> Okay. So my question to you with respect to

those two documents is, is if you could tell me what aspect of that MFR schedule you are sponsoring here today as part of your direct testimony.

2.0

A Since the filing in January, there has been a -- I need to redirect this to Witness Silva, because I am, my only input into this is the aspect of the operations and maintenance of the power plants, and is not involved in the direct what is involved in, where land is to be purchased or what is to go on that particular property.

**Q** Okay. Let me see if, if I understand by asking you a few questions and, and see if I can understand that relationship.

Are you involved in selecting or evaluating the solar or photovoltaic technology that either already has been or will be acquired by FPL?

A My -- no, I am not directly responsible. We provide input into, to Witness Silva's organization in terms of the different technologies that are selected, the cost to operate and main those different technologies.

**Q** Okay. In, in that role, are you involved in evaluating whether or not solar generating facilities or photovoltaic units should be added at either existing or future generation plant sites?

	A No, Sir, I do not. Again, those are
2	determined by Witness Silva in terms through the
3	forecasting needs.
4	<b>Q</b> Okay. Are you involved in selecting or
5	evaluating the vendors that would be used to provide
6	solar panels or other assets needed to add solar
7	generating facilities?
8	A Our technical service department has input
9	into the technologies that are selected. And, again,
10	they are evaluated independently from a perspective of
11	their operating and maintenance costs, and that is
12	provided too as an input.
13	<b>Q</b> So would the answer be, yes, in that that unit
14	that you reference is, is under your management chain?
15	<b>A</b> It is within the power generation
16	organization. Those individuals do not directly report
17	to me.
18	Q So would I be correct in concluding from your
19	testimony so far that the numbers that are in lines 10
20	through 15 of MFR B-15 are not part of what you sponsor
21	or your contribution to this MFR page?
22	A I did not provide input to these numbers.
23	That is correct, yes, sir.
24	Q Okay. I'm done with this.
25	Can I ask you to turn to Exhibit RRK-9,

please. This exhibit is intended to support the 1 company's explanation of your performance or your 2 projected performance relative to the O&M benchmark; is 3 that correct? 4 Yes, sir. 5 Α Okay. And the 17.4, that's in millions; 6 7 correct? The third item on that schedule relates to new units? 8 9 Yes, sir, it does. Okay. And that includes West County Energy? 10 11 West County 3, yes, sir, and Cape Canaveral 12 Energy Center. Okay. You reference, I believe, on page 10 of 13 Q your direct testimony -- I apologize -- page 9 of your 14 15 testimony, on lines 15 through 21 -- or 15 through 18, the West County Energy Center; is that right? 16 You're on page 9, line 15 through 21? 17 Well, 15 through 18. 18 19 Α 15 through 18? Yes, sir. 20 Okay. And you again reference West County on line 9, page 23, through line -- through page 10, line 21 22 2; is that right? Yes, sir. That is correct. 23 24 Okay. And this part of your testimony, 25 beginning really on page 9, line 15, through page 10,

1	line 12, relates at least in part to the explanation of
2	the O&M benchmark variance that is discussed in RRK-9?
3	A Slightly incorrect, in that it would be
4	through line 6 on page 10. That's what it where it
5	would end.
6	$oldsymbol{Q}$ Okay. So the \$17.4 million, and that, that is
7	a variance of over the benchmark?
8	A Yes, sir.
9	<b>Q</b> Okay. That variance is driven by the two
10	units you referenced earlier, Canaveral and West County;
11	correct?
12	A Yes, sir.
13	<b>Q</b> Okay. Can you tell me what the O&M for West
14	County is that contributes to this O&M benchmark
15	variance?
16	A The West County is 10.5 million.
17	<b>Q</b> Okay. Is that, is that the overall O&M, or is
18	that the amount that contributes to the amount that's
19	over the benchmark?
20	A I'm not sure I follow your question.
21	Q Okay. 10.4 represents O&M for the unit for
22	the test year?
23	A It represents Unit 3 for the test year in
24	terms I need to if you're asking if it's daily
25	work and overhaul work, I would need to reference some

different documents to confirm that. 1 2 Okay. Here's my question, is what is the Q amount of nonfuel O&M for West County Energy Center 3 3 that's included in the test year? Do you have that 4 number? 5 Yes, sir. You'll have to give me just a 6 Α 7 second. Okay. Thank you. 8 Q 9 (Pause.) The total request, and I do not -- it's only 10 Α as West County as a total site. The total site for West 11 County is 29,978,795. Let me look further in here and 12 see if I can find a breakout for you. 13 (Pause.) 14 I don't have it to the detail that I think 15 you're looking for. I can talk about the non-overhaul 16 costs associated with West County 3, which is 8,447,205. 17 But there are overhaul expenses that I do not have those 18 broken out in this table in front of me. 19 Okay. Would you just give me that --20 8 million what? 21 22 8,447,205. Α And that number is included in the 29.9 23 24 number? 25 Α Yes. Yes, sir.

1	Q Okay. And can you tell me from what you know
2	or what you're referring to whether all of the
3	\$29.9 million is included as O&M for recovery in the,
4	the test year?
5	A Could I ask you to clarify that or ask that in
6	a different way?
7	<b>Q</b> Yes. Is all of the \$29.9 million of nonfuel
8	O&M, is that what it is?
9	A Yes, sir.
10	<b>Q</b> Okay. Is all of that included in the test
11	year request?
12	A That is all included in the test year, but
13	that is all of West County, not just West County 3.
14	<b>Q</b> Okay.
15	A Yes, sir.
16	<b>Q</b> Okay. But West County 3 would be included in
17	there?
18	A Yes, sir.
19	Q And this 29.978 no. Strike that and let me
20	ask it this way.
21	The West County 3 component of the
22	\$29.9 million would represent all of the nonfuel O&M for
23	West County Energy Center 3, is that correct, for the
24	test year?

A For the test year, yes, sir.

25

MR. REHWINKEL: Okay. Mr. Chairman, those are 1 2 all the questions I have. Thank you, Ms. Kennedy. 3 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Thank you very much, Mr. 4 Rehwinkel. 5 At this time it is exactly 12:00, so we will 6 7 take our lunch break at this time. As requested, some additional time. 15 minutes works? Okay. So we will 8 9 reconvene at 1:15. MR. YOUNG: Mr. Chairman? 10 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Yes. 11 MR. YOUNG: Before we do that, I think the 12 Office of Public Counsel wanted to state something. 13 MR. REHWINKEL: Mr. Chairman, as it's 12 noon, 14 15 we did file our response --CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Okay. 16 MR. REHWINKEL: -- as we stated probably a 17 couple minutes before noon, so we did make the morning 18 obligation. I do have copies and I'll pass them out to 19 the, to the -- I can give these and pass them out. 2.0 Thank you. 21 22 CHAIRMAN BRISÉ: Thank you very much. Okay. See you all at 1:15. 23 24 (Recess taken.) 25 (Transcript continues in Volume 8.)

1	STATE OF FLORIDA )
2	: CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER COUNTY OF LEON )
3	
4	I, LINDA BOLES, RPR, CRR, Official Commission
5	Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was heard at the time and place herein stated.
6	
7	IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the same has been transcribed under my direct supervision; and that this
8	transcribed under my direct supervision; and that this transcript constitutes a true transcription of my notes of said proceedings.
9	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative,
10	employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative or employee of any of the parties'
11	attorneys or counsel connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the action.
12	DATED THIS Day of August,
13	2012
14	
15	Sinda Boles
16	LINDA BOLES, RPR, CRR  FPSC Official Commission Reporter
17	(850) 413-6734
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	