FLORIDA	BEFORE THE A PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
In the Matter of:	
	DOCKET NO. 140186-W
APPLICATION FOR S	
RATE CASE IN BREV BREVARD WATERWORK	
	/
PROCEEDINGS:	COMMISSION CONFERENCE AGENDA
	ITEM NO. 22
COMMISSIONERS	CHAIRMAN ART GRAHAM
FARITCIFATING.	COMMISSIONER LISA POLAK EDGAR
	COMMISSIONER RONALD A. BRISÉ COMMISSIONER JULIE I. BROWN
	COMMISSIONER JIMMY PATRONIS
DATE:	Tuesday, July 21, 2015
PLACE:	Betty Easley Conference Center
	Room 148 4075 Esplanade Way
	Tallahassee, Florida
REPORTED BY:	LINDA BOLES, CRR, RPR
	Official FPSC Reporter (850) 413-6734

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L	PROCEEDINGS
2	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. We are now moving on
3	to Item No. 22. Let's take about a two-minute break
1	just to kind of get reseated.
5	(Recess.)
5	Okay. We are now on Item No. 22. If, staff,
7	if you can take us through it.

MS. THOMPSON: Good morning, Commissioners.

Kelly Thompson on behalf of Commission staff.

Item 22 is Brevard Waterworks' request to increase water and wastewater rates in Brevard County. Brevard Waterworks is a Class C utility that has been providing water service since 1971. They serve approximately 236 residential customers and one general service customer.

Erik Sayler and Denise Vandiver on behalf of OPC and Mr. Rendell and Mr. Deremer on behalf of the utility are present and wish to speak. Staff is prepared to answer any questions.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Thank you, staff.

I guess we'll hear from the utility first.

MR. RENDELL: Good morning, Commissioners.

Troy Rendell and Gary Deremer here on behalf of Brevard

Waterworks. I appreciate the opportunity to come speak

before you. We're specifically addressing Issue 1,

which is the quality of service, and its related adjustment which is in Issue 6 for the purchased water of unaccounted for water.

I've handed out -- I have a couple of handouts to kind of briefly go through, and I have discussed these with both staff and OPC. I supplied it to OPC yesterday and have discussed it. But it kind of gives you a perspective that the utility is in a difficult position, that the staff recommendation has put it between a rock and a hard place. And we're here to -- to explore the different options that we have available to us that we believe we're kind of being pushed into, and also kind of discuss, you know, where do we go from here?

The two subdivisions are Oakwood and
Kingswood, and they were developed in 1963 and '64.
They're very old systems. The utility was certificated
in 1971, and it was sold to Southern States Utilities in
1987. I don't know if any of you remember Southern
States Utilities, but they were a very large one -- a
utility that owned throughout the State of Florida.

In a rate case in 1992 they filed MFRs, and the Commission issued an order, which is 93-0423, which states that in the MFRs the utility estimated there were approximately 1,200 pipe joints leaking at a rate of

120,000 gallons per minute. I bring that to your attention to illustrate that it is a very old system, and it's been in this condition for at least 23 years, dating back to 1992.

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The current owners have probably done more on this system than any of the previous owners. We've done more maintenance, investigations, looked at different evaluations. It is a highly disadvantaged, financially disadvantaged system. We have difficulty turning the water off. The distribution mains are located in the back of the homes that -- they're actually trailers. Over those 30 some odd years the homeowners have put in fences, outbuildings, maintenance sheds, swimming pools, and we have a very difficult time even turning off the water. I mean, some of these customers, we have to go back month after month after month and we cannot get in because they lock the gates. They have pit bulls. One of our operators was attacked by a pit bill recently. We had to have the sheriff's office come out and assist us in turning this off.

So we all acknowledge, the utility, I believe staff and OPC acknowledge, you know, this is a very difficult situation and a problematic utility.

So I bring to your attention Rule 25-30.4325(10) that basically lays out that in order to

determine whether to make an adjustment for excessive unaccounted for water, the utility -- the Commission will consider all relevant factors, including whether a solution to correct the problem has been implemented or whether the proposed solution is economically feasible. The staff's recommendation -- recommended, sorry, adjustment for unaccounted for water is \$30,511.

So what are the possible solutions? Well, the one solution that the utility originally sent in to staff in documentation was to replace all the mains and services, but also move them to the front of the house, put them down the roads where they're supposed to be. I believe there's a similar docket before the Commission for City Gas who's looking at doing that as well.

A utility back in the '90s did it. It was

Park Water. I did cite that order in one of my

responses back to staff. But they had about a one -- I

think a \$1.5 million loan from DEP.

The difficulties in that is then the homeowners would have to hire a plumber to put in a new service line from the house to the meter. And these customers are financially disadvantaged; they have difficulties paying their water bill now. So that would place an additional burden to them. The estimated cost is over \$835,000, and the estimated revenue requirement

increase would be over \$98,000.

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So we looked at other options. Mr. Deremer looked at -- his first thought was, well, the cheapest route is to replace just the services; leave them in place and replace the services. Unfortunately that's not viable, and that's Option No. 3. And I'm going to get back to No. 2.

Mr. Deremer was out there last week. He physically went out, looked at the mains, and he can discuss that a little bit further. But the mains are in very bad shape. They're AC pipe, and they over the -- over the years have been become waterlogged. They're very soft. The services were not installed correctly. So that unfortunately is the least-cost alternative, which is about \$200,000, with an increase of revenue requirement of 23,000. But, again, it's just not viable.

So the next option we're looking at is, well, we could replace the 4-inch mains with a 2-inch main. That'll reduce some of the cost and would leave them in place in the back of the homes. But that too -- we've got several estimates from several different companies, including US Water, and they're all about the same. And when you add in the engineering, design, permitting, and any contingencies, it's about -- it's over \$500,000.

You're looking at half a million dollars to spend for 200 customers with an increase of revenue requirement of about 66,000. But the difficulties, again, is there's fences, there's buildings, there's swimming pools, and we would need to go out there and physically move them to -- to access our easement.

We do have an easement, a recorded easement.

I went back and looked, and we have a 5-foot easement on both sides of the property line. But you're talking about, you know, moving or destroying people's property, you know, with their fences and buildings and whatnot.

So it is difficult.

So what other options are we looking at?

Well, we could abandon the utility. We could, you know, go through the abandonment process, which is allowed by statutes and rules, and the County could take over. I did talk to Brevard County yesterday morning and discussed this as well as another option, which isn't on here because it was such a late thing, but -- and said that, you know, we explained the situation and said but we don't want to just turn it around -- to turn it over and walk away. You know, we have a reputation. We do work with cities and counties and governments, and we would like to assist them if that -- if that happens because either -- they're going to inherit the same

problems. Either they can't get to the meters, they still have that difficulty, they're still going to have the leaks and excessive unaccounted for water, or they're going to have to replace it. So there's no guarantee that — either they're going to put on a capital recovery surcharge, which they do have several in Brevard County, or keep them separate and charge the rates higher. So it's a difficult situation.

Now, one of -- one of the items that came up recently, which I'm in discussions with the County, is let's look at the rate that's being charged. And that was the second handout. And, again, I apologize it didn't make it in, but this was something that happened yesterday morning.

We currently have a 4-inch compound meter, and included in that is certain tiers. You're familiar with inclining blocks, but it's very aggressive tiers. Like, at four inches we're allotted 85,000 gallons in the base, and then the tiers, you know, you can see them here, but Tier 4 is \$12.64 per thousand. Brevard does go into that tier several months out of the year. So the customers of Brevard are being charged this \$12.64 per thousand gallon charge when they can't conserve anymore. Their usage, as indicated in Issue 8, is about 3,400 gallons. There's just no possible way

for them to conserve, but they're being hit by this very high rate.

So I've discussed with the County, I said, well, we really should have a bulk rate. We're not a retail customer. This is designed for a commercial customer. And so I'm exploring with them if we can get just a bulk rate on a per thousand gallon basis without tiers and no allotment included in the base, that would help this utility significantly, and it would help fund the requirements that we're going to have to do for the lines, the replacements of the lines. Because something has to be done. It's been like this for over 20 years, and the lines are falling apart. They're very old.

really quick. I know I'm getting long in the tongue, but -- okay. What I wanted to give you is kind of an overview. And I got this off of Google Earth, and I had to hand draw the mains. I tried -- I'm not that technologically advanced, so I drew it by hand. But it kind of gives you a sense of where the mains are. And you can see that it runs behind these trailers in this -- in this park, pictures 1 and 2.

And then I have just an example of, you know, a couple of the customers' homes in here and the fences that's involved. And then I kind of zeroed in on just

one area that shows -- in the bottom it has the -- I

guess it's kind of a red roof and some trucks in the -
in the driveway and then a swimming pool at the top.

And then I kind of -- and then the next two pictures are

just those homes. Just to kind of give you an idea of

the difficulties -- and the mains are behind these

homes -- that we're facing.

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And then the last two pictures are the actual services. And the services are actually ductile iron, and over time ductile iron, it accumulates rust. And as you can see on the last picture, it actually accumulates within the services and it restricts the flows, reduces the pressure, and it's prone to breaks.

And with that, I think Mr. Deremer would like to speak, but I'd also like to reserve the right to respond to any issues that OPC might bring up.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. Deremer.

MR. DEREMER: Yes. I just wanted to say a couple of words, and I'll be brief. At the last meeting there was discussion about is it in the best customer's interest to abandon a utility, something that we've considered on this utility and have been considering for some time.

This utility is an orphan from the Aqua systems. I've personally spent a lot of time trying to

determine what is in the best interest of these customers and this system. Certainly we've, we've looked at many options. We've spent many hours in the field, including myself, looking at various ways to try to reduce the cost for these customers.

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The fact of the matter is this, simply stated. These customers can barely afford the water bill that they're getting now, let alone any increases, you know, in these -- in these rates.

Ultimately we thought if the County system was large enough that this system could be absorbed, it would be in the best interest of the customers to have it absorbed into the system. But further research in Brevard, the water system there is not very large, and it looks like they have independent rate districts. So we're furthering our discussions with Brevard to see if that is in the system's best interest or the utility customers' best interest.

Certainly if we were to -- to fund this -- and a bank loan is probably, based on the condition of the system, unlikely. We'd probably have to loan the company money to try to reduce the amount of equity to try to bring the revenue requirement down slightly. But even at a ratio of a 40 percent equity and, you know, a half a million dollars or possibly more, you're talking

about rates that are getting close to \$100 a month for water, and that's just not affordable for these folks.

So what we want to -- I guess what we want to -- to let the Commission know today is that we're -- we're looking at further alternatives with the County. It may be in the customers' best interest to abandon it. We may be able to help the County get some kind of grant money to cover the service issues also. We're not sure at this point. Certainly we would not be in a position to invest these kind of funds in the system without a buyoff from staff and the Office of Public Counsel.

So, you know, these folks need our help. And we don't have all the -- everything fleshed out. We do believe that the rates that are charged by Brevard County to these folks are discriminatory. We, as utility owners, have taken governments to task in the past. We're currently engaged in a lawsuit right now with the City of Lake Worth on another Aqua system that we believe those rates are discriminatory. That goes to court in the next couple of months. Certainly these are just as egregious, these rates for these folks. They can't use any less, but they're being -- they're paying at the highest tier.

So we just wanted to bring the Commission up

to speed on it. We do not feel that the unaccounted for water adjustment is appropriate in this case. All solutions result in a higher revenue requirement.

Further penalizing the utility, we believe, is not equitable. We're certainly doing all we can possibly do. Keep in mind this thing has been leaking water and had this problem since 1992 as far as we can see in the documents.

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So we would ask the Commission to not have an adjustment for unaccounted for water really for a period of one year. Give us one year to see if we're going to be able to abandon it or what the ultimate outcome of the system will be. And with that, I appreciate your time.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Staff, thoughts?

MS. BUYS: We don't believe the customers ought to be paying for the 5 million gallons of water that they're losing. And --

MS. KING: Commissioners, I think the utility is correct. This is a very difficult situation. It's been an ongoing situation for many, many years. And staff believes that at some point we have to come up with a solution, and the solution should be to not hold the utility accountable for excessive unaccounted for water in perpetuity.

This is the first time we're hearing of some of these proposals, and some of them sound like they may be reasonable, but we just haven't really had time to discuss them or digest them.

MR. RENDELL: Well, Commissioners, I guess that puts us, again, in a bad situation where we -- we do know what solutions are going to be, but it's more costly. So, you know, if we're forced to do it, then, you know, we'll do it. And we are going to move forward and try to find a solution, but, you know, everyone needs to know upfront and we need to have a buy-in that every one of these options is going to result in higher rates than not making the adjustment.

And all we're asking is that, you know, give us time. You know, even if there's some middle ground at least for a period, a year, that -- you know, this utility can't afford not to recover \$30,000 a year. It's just not financially, you know, viable at that point. And then that is going to kind of limit our options, and that may limit it to abandonment, and I don't think that would -- may not be in the best interest of the utility -- of the customers.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioner Edgar.

COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

I would just say generally I agree with what you're

saying. This is a very difficult situation. Our staff 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

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certainly acknowledges that. This is not a situation where I think there is, you know, clear blame or the need to place blame. It's a situation that, as you have stated and as was discussed with our staff, we collectively need to figure out what is the best path forward for customers and for the delivery of the product to customers going forward.

The situation now certainly is not financially sustainable and is not serving the customers well. the question of a one-year period to -- to look at options, I'm certainly interested in hearing more about that, discussing it, thinking through with staff. But I would like to hear from OPC specifically on some of these proposals, both the staff recommendation and some of the comments and suggestions that the utility has raised today, recognizing that none of us want to raise rates, but clearly improvements to the system need to be made in a path forward more long-term.

> CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Hold on just a second. Commissioner Brown.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: She said everything I was going to say, literally everything.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. OPC.

MR. SAYLER: Thank you, Mr. Chairman,

Commissioners. My name is Erik Sayler with the Office of Public Counsel on behalf of these customers.

We understand the difficult situation that the utility is in and the tough choices staff has to make when it makes its recommendation. And we do support staff's recommendation. We also agree that customers shouldn't be paying for a product that they're not being delivered.

We did learn about some of these options yesterday from the utility, and we wouldn't be able to sign off on any of these options until we've actually talked to the customers on the ground to see if they have buy-in. We need to find out where our customers are at. We will certainly explain to them this situation, and also -- and I know the utility has offered to even meet with us and the customers to kind of give them, you know, the hard facts.

We all understand this is a 40-, 50-year-old system. The pipes are going to fail eventually, so we certainly understand that quandary. But we -- we can't commit to one of these options at this time without consulting with our client.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Well, my -- you know how I like for you guys to go back to the drawing board and negotiate this stuff.

I guess the first question is to staff, if -if there is a -- how time sensitive this is, and if we
need to get agreement from both sides to -- well, I
guess from the utility to push it back until the
September meeting.

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MR. MURPHY: Commissioner, yeah, it looks like one solution would be to defer this, maintain the status quo, hear the proposals, and then come back with a new recommendation. I don't know if that can all happen by September, but I think it would require the utility to waive the clock.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I guess back to the utility.

Or, well, back to staff, how long would you think

that -- before OPC to get out to their customers, the

utility to come back, and for us to work out some sort

of proposal?

MS. KING: I would ask Mr. Sayler how long he thought they needed to reach out to customers.

MR. SAYLER: I believe 90 days, three months. The difficulty, and I had this discussion with Mr. Rendell, is that this is not an organized utility, so we will have difficulty reaching out and finding our clients. And we would certainly rely upon the assistance of the utility to reach out to them to send them a notice to say, hey, meet with your

representative. And then we would like, of course, a

client/customer meeting first and then potentially a

follow-up meeting with the utility and our side. And

staff would be welcome to attend as well so we're all on

the same page. But we would certainly need help from

the utility as far as reaching out to the customers to

set that up.

And given the -- given the calendar going forward with all the other dockets that Ms. Vandiver and I are involved in, I think three months, we would work really hard to get it done.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. Murphy.

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MR. MURPHY: Keino has pointed out that the statutory clock is the end of February, so we wouldn't require a waiver. We'd still be within the time parameters.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. Rendell.

MR. MURPHY: So we can come back any time before then and vote it out.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Mr. Rendell.

MR. DEREMER: I believe the utility's position on this is that, you know, it's in severe financial problems. There's been related party loans to the utility. I think at this point we'd like to see the rates that are before you approved, and then circle back

around, you know, in the next two to three months with all these alternatives, including the County alternative for either some reduction in rates or abandonment of the system.

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So I would think, you know, if -- it's going to take a fair amount of work together. I would certainly like OPC or staff to be involved at any -- any level they see appropriate with dealing with the County or the customers. We'll certainly help accommodate any of those arrangements.

So what we as the utility would like to see is these rates be approved today, and then, you know, maybe in, say, three months we can come back. And maybe one of those options may include some kind of relief in my mind of the unaccounted for water if there's an agreed-upon clear solution to move forward. Any kind of construction here is at least 12 months, so we're talking about something that's going to take a period of time. So if we could get a consensus of all parties, I think at that point it would be appropriate for some relief for the unaccounted for water during that period of construction.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Well, the dialogue that I hear going on so far all sounds reasonable from all three sides. It doesn't sound like we have clear

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ten-minute break by that clock back there, that would be 11:00, and see if you guys can figure out a time frame and interim solution. And then bring that back to us, and then we'll make a decision from there. So we'll take a, by that clock, a nine-minute break.

direction. I think we should take probably about a

(Recess.)

So now that we've got it done quickly, staff, give me some suggestions.

MR. MAUREY: Chairman, Commissioners, staff, talking with the utility and Office of Public Counsel, we've come to an understanding to, as was suggested, vote out this recommendation. The company will extend the 15-month clock for processing this SARC. And after these rates go into effect, the company will approach Brevard County regarding the rate structure issue that was discussed by Mr. Rendell.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Andrew, start over again for me, please.

MR. MAUREY: Sure. Vote out the recommendation that's before you today as is, move staff. The company will extend the 15-month clock on the SARC. We will leave it open for a potential Phase 2 consideration.

For Phase 2 there will be a number of

evaluations made. The utility will approach Brevard

County about addressing the rate structure that its

customers are presently under, a retail versus a

wholesale rate. The utility will also develop and cost

out certain proposals for dealing with the unaccounted

for water issue.

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After that step, meetings will be held with the customers. OPC, the utility, and staff will participate, get feedback from the customers on -- on these possible solutions, and understanding that one of the possible solutions might be abandonment.

The utility will come back before the Commission with a proposal. We will evaluate it and bring it back before the Commission. It's possible there could be a Phase 2 in this docket. It's possible it's a recommendation to abandon. It's --

MR. MURPHY: Commissioners, if I could take one small exception there. It really isn't voting it out as it is. It would be voting out the substance of the numbers here and how we get there, but this would be as Phase 1. And it would remain open for a Phase 2 to address ongoing issues. So it would -- it would -- there would need to be some adjustment and, again, some latitude to effectuate that purpose in the language of this to have Phase 1 and Phase 2.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Do we have a -- any suggestions on a time frame for the solutions for the meeting and when it comes back? Because my fear is a year from now we're sitting here pointing fingers at each other.

MR. MAUREY: 90 days to six months.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: 90 days for the solution, six months for the meetings?

MR. MAUREY: It was suggested that the solution for Brevard County might not -- would be outside of the control of how quickly we could get -- how quickly they could get a solution from them. But it's their intent, and they can speak to this as well, they want to bring back proposals to the Commission sometime within 90 days to six months.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Well, now, remember, from what you said, they're bringing solutions first, then they're meeting with the customers to see, I guess, what solutions are more palatable or which ones make more sense, and then they're bringing all that package to us. So I'm looking at three different things and I'm -- what I'm trying to do is make sure when we hit that first timeline, if we're not there, then we need to make sure that we're making phone calls and we're energizing.

Because I don't want to be here looking back saying, you

know, it wasn't my responsibility. They didn't return 1 2 my phone call. I didn't know. 3 MR. MAUREY: I apologize for not being clear. A lot of the work on some of these solutions has already 4 been done. 5 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. 6 7 MR. MAUREY: They're going to be working to meet with the customers within 90 days. 8 9 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. So the customer 10 meeting is going to be within 90 days. 11 MR. MAUREY: That's my understanding. 12 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. 13 MR. MAUREY: And now the solution with Brevard 14 County for all this to fit together, because if they can 15 get some rate relief from Brevard County, that could 16 make some of these other solutions more palatable from a 17 cost standpoint to the customer. 18 Now, as the utility mentioned earlier, this 19 \$30,000 a year adjustment is -- it puts them in a loss 20 situation. So that's not a sustainable model for this 21 utility, so there is a natural incentive for them to 22 come in sooner rather than later. And I think that was the suggestion for the 90 days to six months on their 23 24 part to come back before us. 25 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Is that clear?

everybody on board with that? So say you all, so to speak?

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MR. DEREMER: Yeah. We're in agreement with that. I mean, we -- we want to try to stay within the 90 days. Obviously we're incentivized by the loss that we would be accepting for that period. And at that point, you know, hopefully all involved can come with a solution that would address that as a more global solution going forward so that -- my, my feeling is that the construction may take as much as 18 months. can see the importance of the unaccounted for water adjustment on this utility. We wouldn't want that to carry forward for, you know, now -- you know, if you add that to the 90 days, it would be 21 months. We'd want part of that solution that we would come back -- once it's determined and we're all in agreement -- would be an adjustment to the unaccounted for water once we've all agreed on an ultimate solution.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Well, it sounds to me probably like the biggest -- the thing that's going to take the most time is going to get the County on board, because that's going to -- that's going to be something that needs to be proposed and approved, and that's a slow process.

MR. DEREMER: Right. And the County, you

know, the County's incentive is if, if they want to drag 1 their feet, then they're going to own the system. So 2 3 they're going to be encouraged to --4 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I'm glad you said that and I didn't. 5 Well, it's the -- here's what we MR. DEREMER: 6 7 have to speak is the truth; right? Because that's --MR. RENDELL: Yeah. I -- yeah, I actually 8 9 told them that yesterday. 10 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I was -- I was thinking it 11 very loud, but I didn't say it. 12 MR. DEREMER: So the County will be 13 incentivized to move. I -- I think everybody should be 14 incentivized to move. We're in the best position to 15 help these folks, but we have to stay focused on it. 16 And I like -- I like the 90-day time frame. I don't 17 want to go out much further than that. I want this revisited. I want it to be dealt with. 18 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioner Patronis. 19 20 COMMISSIONER PATRONIS: Thank you. What --21 what extent of the dialogue -- give a little more 22 details of what's been spoken to between you and Brevard 23 County and where it stands. How -- how long has it

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been, this dialogue been going on? What do they realize

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the gravity of and --

MR. RENDELL: Well, I spoke to them yesterday morning before I drove up. I've worked with this gentleman in the past. He's helped us on another billing issue for this same meter. But I kind of explained to him the situation, kind of went over all the options that we're looking at, and also the option that, you know, if we can't get some type of relief, they may end up owning it, which they've gone through the abandonment before and inherited some. They made comment that we're actually in the wastewater business, but we have these little wastewater -- I mean, these water systems.

So he asked for the information. I explained to him about the consumption. I emailed it to him. He had one follow-up, and he's going to get back with me. But he typically will get back to me pretty quick. I don't know if he has the capability of doing that, or it might have to go before the commission for a board vote, so they -- if they come up with a -- with a bulk rate.

His -- his concern was if we reduce the rate for you, then the other rates may have to go up to cover, you know, bond covenants and capital structure -- capital improvements. So I'm hopeful it's going to be in a relatively short period of time I'll know either way.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Okay. Staff, help me craft -- help my colleagues craft a motion. So what needs to be in the motion?

MR. MAUREY: Well, with some help from my friends, we can vote the recommendation that's before us except for Issue 14, which -- "Should this docket be closed?" There is language here for it to be closed administratively once certain actions are met. We would continue to say no, but the docket is not going to close simply when the proposed agency action protest period expires. It will be left open for further consideration.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Do we have to say that we are waiving that, that timeline or --

MR. MURPHY: Yes, sir. We -- the company would need to waive the timeline. I believe you would characterize our approval of the recommendation as Phase 1, and that you would be leaving it over -- open for Phase 2.

There's been some discussion of a 90-day clock. The question would be does that clock run from today, or does it run from the end of the protest period, or does it run from the issuance of the PAA order? Somebody needs to decide when we start the clock. And the clock is merely for them, as I

understand it, to get back with us for information. And then you had mentioned there are several other things that have to occur. Are those similarly on a clock, or are those more open-ended?

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Now, do we need for that 90 days to be a -- just a guideline or for it to be hard fast?

MR. MURPHY: There were discussions with the company that -- that there's some possibility -- they seem to want the 90 days. But they're motivated, and it's a 90-day clock to get them to do something. I don't know that you need a clock at all. They're going to do something because they're motivated.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I guess the question I have to the utility, if you have it hard fast, it makes it easier for you to negotiate on your -- on your end saying, look, it's got to be done now. You know, tell me something today.

MR. DEREMER: I think in our opinion we want some time frame because we want -- and we want OPC's involvement, too. We want -- we want some -- we want some definite time for closure. I mean, you know, you know, as a businessperson, I like to have a date, a finite date that we all work towards versus something open-ended. So we'd prefer it.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I guess the question to OPC, 1 you guys -- Mr. Sayler, you actually mentioned the 90 2 3 days. So you guys are on board, your office is on board 4 to make sure that your end of it is going to be there as well? 5 MR. SAYLER: When it comes to this, OPC will 6 7 do its part to meet with the customers to explain what's going on and attempt to make contact, and I think that 8 9 can be accomplished within 90 days. It might even be 10 less. 11 The Brevard County solution might take longer 12 than 90 days. But having a 90-day clock, as you 13 mentioned, might provide the utility a little bit of 14 leverage in discussing with Brevard County. CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Anything else? 15 MR. MURPHY: Does it run from the end of the 16 protest period to the PAA? When -- what starts the 17 clock? 18 19 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: I would suggest issuance 20 of the order for Commission discussion. 21 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Is that the start of a 22 motion? COMMISSIONER EDGAR: If -- if you are so 23 24 inclined, Mr. Chairman, I'll give it -- I'll give it a

2.5

whirl.

CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: Commissioner Edgar, I would 1 2 love for you to give this a whirl. COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Okay. Thank you. 3 And, Commissioners, per the discussion that we 4 have had here today, I move that we approve the staff 5 recommendation for items -- or for Issues 1 through 13; 6 7 that for Issue 14 we leave the docket open; that Issues 1 through 13 be termed as a Phase 1 proposal; and that 8 9 we use -- excuse me -- and that we leave the docket open 10 for Phase 2 review and consideration, Phase 2 devoted to 11 coming forward with a recommendation from our staff for 12 a more long-term solution and options, however that 13 works; and that we request and/or direct the utility and 14 OPC to coordinate, communicate, and come to our staff 15 within 90 days of the issuance of the order with 16 suggestions to help facilitate the staff with Phase 2. 17 MR. MURPHY: And there are two orders. Is it 18 the PAA or the consummating? 19 **COMMISSIONER EDGAR:** I'm sorry? 20 MR. MURPHY: Issuance of the PAA is what 21 you're suggesting? 22 COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Yes, sir. 23 MR. MURPHY: Thank you. 24 **COMMISSIONER BROWN:** Second. 2.5 CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I've got a motion and a

1	second. Any further discussion? All in favor, say aye.
2	(Vote taken.)
3	Any opposed? By your action, you have
4	approved the Edgar motion.
5	COMMISSIONER EDGAR: Thank you. And I would
6	just say, Mr. Chairman, I think that this is good
7	progress. I appreciate, again, OPC and the company
8	working together to come up with better options going
9	forward.
10	CHAIRMAN GRAHAM: I I agree. I think
11	the it seems like every meeting we have is another
12	creative option. But I do thank I do want to thank
13	everybody for participating in the open dialogue.
14	(Agenda item concluded.)
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1	STATE OF FLORIDA)
2	: CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER COUNTY OF LEON)
3	
4	I, LINDA BOLES, CRR, RPR, Official Commission
5	Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was heard at the time and place herein stated.
6	IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically
7	reported the said proceedings; that the same has been transcribed under my direct supervision; and that this
8	transcript constitutes a true transcription of my notes of said proceedings.
9	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative,
10	employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative or employee of any of the parties'
11	and I a relative of employee of any of the parties attorney or counsel connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the action.
12	
13	DATED THIS 31st day of July, 2015.
14	
15	Linda Boles
16	LINDA BOLES, CRR, RPR
17	FPSC Official Hearings Reporter (850) 413-6734
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Brevard Waterworks, Inc.

- > Two subdivisions Oakwood and Kingswood
- Oakwood developed in two phases
 - 0 1963 1964
- ➤ Kingswood 1964
- ➤ Utility received Certificate from FPSC in 1971
- ➤ Utility sold to Southern States Utilities 1987
- Southern States Utilities filed rate case in Docket No. 920199-WS
 - PSC Order No. PSC-93-0423-FOF-WS, issued March 22, 1993, the
 Commission stated:

Oakwood

In its MFRs, the utility estimated that there were approximately 1,200 pipe joints leaking at a rate of 120,000 gallons per month.

- ➤ Oakwood system is a very old distribution system with numerous galvanized iron services from the water main to the water meter.
- The majority of the mains are composed of Asbestos Cement Pipe (AC) pipe.
- ➤ Distribution system has been in this condition for numerous years (at least 23 years)
- > Current owners have performed more maintenance, investigation, and evaluation than previous owners
- ➤ More evaluation since 1992 timeframe
- > Financially disadvantaged system
 - o High Bad Debt

Parties/Staff Handout
Internal Affairs/Agenda
on 1/21/15
Item No. 22

- Numerous mains/meter located in back of property between trailers
 - o Difficult to access
 - o Difficult to turn off
 - o Fences
 - o Out buildings (sheds, workshops, etc.)
 - o Dogs

Brevard County and FGUA did not want Oakwood and Kingswood Systems part of the CapBanded Rates – received subsidies

25-30.4325 Water Treatment and Storage Used and Useful Calculations

- (10) To determine whether an adjustment to plant and operating expenses for excessive unaccounted for water will be included in the used and useful calculation, the Commission will consider all relevant factors, including whether the reason for excessive unaccounted for water during the test period has been identified, whether a solution to correct the problem has been implemented, or whether a proposed solution is economically feasible.
 - ❖ Staff Recommended Unaccounted for Water Adjustment <u>\$30,511</u>

Possible Solutions:

- Replace all mains and services moving to front of homes cost prohibitive - \$835,437
 - a. Numerous homeowners would have to hire plumbers to install new services from home to meter by street
 - i. Financial burden on customers
 - b. Estimated increase in Revenue Requirement \$98,878
 - i. Much higher water rates
- 2. Replace all mains and services with smaller diameter 2" line and leave in place at back of homes

- a. Estimated cost \$565,000
- b. Estimated increase in revenue requirement \$66,321
- c. Homeowners will be required to remove fences and/or sheds from utility easements
- d. Difficult to access will need the easements behind residences cleared for access
- e. Apply for bank loan for financing questionable
 - i. Higher rate due to increase risk
- f. U.S. Water Service make loan for construction
 - i. Interest rate of 4.5% lower then equity return
 - ii. Lower overall Rate of Return approximately 4.82%
 - iii. Lower Rev. Requ. Increase to approximately \$42,319
- 3. Replace all services estimated costs approximately \$200,000
 - a. Estimated increase in Revenue Requirement \$23,476
 - b. Current condition of existing mains makes option not viable
 - i. Mains in very poor condition soft AC
 - ii. Based on site visit cannot replace services on existing mains
 - c. Homeowners will be required to remove fences and/or sheds from utility easements
 - d. Difficult to access will need the easements behind residences cleared for access
 - e. May not be possible
 - i. Fences, sheds, buildings, swimming pools, etc.
- 4. Abandon Utility turn over to Brevard County
- 5. Seek Grants and/or low interest loans
- 6. Assist County in replacing distribution system

Brevard Waterworks request assistance from both the Public Service Commission and the Office of Public Counsel in seeking funding.

















NOF	th prevara w	ater System Wate				
-			Usage	Rate per 1,00	00 Gallons per M	<u>lonth</u>
Meter Size		Maximum Gallons in	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3	Tier 4
Inches	Base Charge	Base Charge	\$4.46	\$6.47	\$9.37	\$12.64
			Usage Tiers, Thousand Gallons per Month			
3/4	\$14.24	3,000	3-8	8-16	16-24	>24
1	\$23.72	5,000	5-12	12-18	18-24	>24
1 1/2	\$56.94	12,000	12-32	32-64	64-96	>96
2	\$99.64	21,000	21-42	42-84	84-168	>168
3	\$227.78	48,000	48-96	96-182	182-364	>364
4	\$403.35	85,000	85-170	170-340	340-680	>680
6	\$911.12	192,000	192-384	384-768	768-1536	>1536
8	\$1,613.36	340,000	340-680	680-1300	1300-2200	>2200

- 1. The minimum monthly charge for a meter larger than eight (8) inches shall be determined by the Utility Services Director prior to connection, based upon a consideration of a minimum equivalent rate.
- 2. An additional monthly fee of \$1.00 per residential unit shall be charged for fire hydrant rental. The monthly fire hydrant rental for commercial units shall be \$1.00 per Equivalent Residential Connection (ERC) based on monthly water usage (1 ERC = 7,600 gallons per month).
- 3. When the Utility Services Director determines that circumstances beyond the control of the customer have resulted in a water bill that is significantly burdensome, upon the request of the customer, the water bill of a single family residential customer may be adjusted. The use of system water for irrigation supply shall be deemed within the customer's control.

MISCELLANEOUS CHARGES FOR WATER:

\$15.00
\$30.00
\$15.00
\$30.00
\$150.00
\$30.00
80.00
100.00

