1	EI ODIDA I	BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
2	FLORIDA	OBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
3	In the Matter of:	
4		DOCKET NO. 150102-SU
5	APPLICATION FOR IN WASTEWATER RATES I	
6	COUNTY BY UTILITIE SANDALHAVEN.	
7	SANDALITAVEN.	/
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9		
10	PROCEEDINGS:	CUSTOMER MEETING
11	COMMISSION STAFF	
12		KELLY THOMPSON SUZANNE BROWNLESS
13		DICK DURBIN
14	DATE:	Thursday, September 24, 2015
15	TIME:	Commenced at 6:00 p.m. Concluded at 7:06 p.m.
16		
17	PLACE:	Tringali Community Center 3400 North Access Road
18		Englewood, Florida 34690
19	TRANSCRIBED BY:	LINDA BOLES, CRR, RPR Official FPSC Reporter
20		(850) 413-6734
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FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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PROCEEDINGS

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MS. THOMPSON: We have some representatives with the Office of Public Counsel here this evening. We also have some utility representatives here, as well as Ms. Williams, who is from the office of the Representative Ken Roberson.

And, again, we're here for Docket No.

150102-SU, which is Utilities, Inc. of Sandalhaven,
application for a rate increase. I'm Kelly Thompson.

I'm with the Division of Economics. We have Suzanne
Brownless at the table, who is a Senior Attorney in our
Office of the General Counsel. And at the table, as you met when you came in, we have Mr. Dick Durbin with the
Office of Public Information.

At this time I would like to tell you that there was an administrative error that occurred with your last bill. We have been -- we are aware, and the next bill will not be issued until the correct rates are implemented. So your next bill will have the correct Commission-approved interim rates as well as any credit due for the misbilling.

In addition, if there is a problem and you're not able to pay your bill, if you will please contact the utility, they are willing to work with you, no late fees, no penalties. Just call them. The number is

located on your bill. If you can't find it or have a question, you can call me or you can call one of the staff members. Our numbers are listed in the yellow sheet that you have. The person on the case, Ms. Sonica Bruce, her phone number is there. I work with her. So any one of us, if you have a problem contacting the utility about your bill, just let us know. But they're willing to work with you, so just call them if you have a problem. So we are aware and we're working on it, and you should not receive another bill until the correct rates are implemented.

With that, I'm going to proceed with the rest of my presentation. At the end of the presentation there will be a time for you, the customer, to get up and speak. I just ask that when you get up there, state your name, spell your last name, and give us your address, please. And with that, I'll continue the presentation.

All right. If you signed up to speak, this is the form that you would have completed. We are here this evening to describe the Commission's rate case process, receive your comments. You will be called up in the order that you signed up to speak, and just please remember that these comments are recorded and videoed.

I will cover the utility's application, what the utility's requested final rates are -- and just remember those are just requested -- the proposed agency action process, and what you as a customer can do.

Let's start with a little history. The utility's last Commission-approved rate increase was in October of 2007. The utility's rates at the time of this filing were established in a subsequent Charlotte County rate proceeding.

On April 1st, 2015, Utilities, Inc. requested a rate increase. The utility stated that the increase will allow it to recover all prudently incurred expenses that it will incur on a going-forward basis and generate a fair rate of return on its investment.

This is a table that reflects what the rates were at the time of filing, what the Commission-approved interim rates are, and what -- the utility's requested final rates.

This is a table that reflects what a typical bill would look like with the various rates, what the rates were at the time of filing, what the Commission-approved interim rates were, and then what a bill would look like with the utility's requested final rates. And this is at different levels of consumption: The 3,000 gallons, 5,000 gallons, and 8,000 gallons.

How does the proposed agency action process work? The utility may request this by statute. It's an informal process. It typically costs much less than going straight to a formal hearing process. It must be completed within five months of the official filing date, and it could be protested by any affected party.

What does the Commission do? We, as staff, we conduct a thorough investigation, we hold a customer meeting, we write a PAA recommendation, and then we present that recommendation to the Commissioners at the Commission Conference.

What does a staff investigation consist of?
We audit the utility's books and records, we determine
the used and useful plant, the quality of service, and
the prudence of the utility operations by staff
engineers. Investigation is done by our staff
accountants of the accounting, the rate, and billing
issues.

What is the purpose of this customer meeting? The purpose of the customer meeting is to receive your comments regarding the quality of service provided, the utility's interaction with its customers, the proposed rate increase, and to answer any customer questions.

Just remember, this night is for you. It's not for the utility. The utility -- as I said, there are

representatives from the utility and the Office of Public Counsel.

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What do we do with the recommendation at the Commission Conference? Staff prepares and files a recommendation. The recommendation is reviewed by the Commissioners and voted on at a Commission Conference. At this Commission Conference, the customers and the utility representatives are allowed to speak. And I would just make a note that if you intend to make an appearance and speak at the Commission Conference, just please let one of the staff members know such as myself so we can make sure proper measures are taken to allow you your time to speak at the Commission Conference.

Currently our staff recommendation is due to be filed on November 18th, with the Commission

Conference scheduled for December 3rd. That is when the Commissioners will vote on the recommendation. And, remember, they can approve it, they can deny it, or they can even modify what staff recommends.

After the Commission Conference, this is when the order is issued within 20 days of the conference date. After that -- once the order is issued, then there's a 21-day protest period that begins where any substantially affected party may protest the order and request a hearing.

What happens if you protest? The utility can put the rates into effect; however, the approved increase would be subject to refund with interest. If no party files a protest, then the new rates will be effective upon issuance of the consummating order, and that usually happens three to five days after the expiration of the protest period.

If a protest is filed, then the formal protest process must be completed within eight months. A hearing will be held, and we typically try to hold that hearing in -- as close in proximity to the service territory as possible. The hearing will be before at least three of the five Commissioners. The utility and the protesting parties will litigate the issues, and the customers can testify before the Commissioners at this hearing.

Each party is responsible for filing their testimony, putting on witnesses, preparing cross-examination, conducting depositions, and attending a Prehearing Conference that's held in Tallahassee.

After the hearing, staff will prepare another recommendation based on the testimony given at the hearing. No participation from the utility or customers is allowed at the final Commission Conference. Then the Commissioners will take a final vote and issue a final

order. It may be appealed to the First District Court of Appeals.

What can you do? You can definitely provide comments at today's meeting. If you would rather not get up and speak this evening, there's a customer comment form in the back of that yellow Special Report that was given to you. You can write your written comments and turn it into us this evening before you leave, or you can mail it into the Commission. It will be put into the docket file, and at that time it becomes a part of the docket file and will be reviewed while decisions are being made.

You can obtain a copy of staff's recommendation by going to our website at www.fl.psc.com [sic], and you can also monitor the agenda. On the day that it happens, you can watch it live via our website.

This is just a copy of the yellow Special
Report that was handed out to you this evening. It
contains some case-specific information. On the second
page it provides all of the staff contact names and
numbers. If you have any questions, feel free to give
us a call. It also gives you a breakdown of the
different rates at the different periods of time. And
then there's the customer comment form. Fill out your
comments, fold it, put a stamp on it, and send it in.

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This is a -- this is our -- and, sorry, it's floridapsc.com. And then that's what you'll see when you get there. You can go to Conferences and Meeting Agendas, and it will bring you to the Commission Conference tab that you can watch the agenda live.

If you click the Clerk's Office tab, then that will lead you to entering the docket number, which is on the front page of the Special Report, and that will take you to any and all documents filed in the docket file, and you can review them as well.

There are representatives from the Office of Public Counsel here this evening, but here is their contact information. They are your advocate before the Florida Public Service Commission. There's their phone number and web address.

Here is our Consumer Affairs hotline, if there's any complaints or information that you may need, it's an 800 number, as well as our website.

And one last reminder before we start taking consumer -- customer comments, it is being recorded and videoed. Come to the podium and the microphone and please state your name, address, and spell your last name.

That concludes this portion of the customer meeting, and at this time we will start with customer

comments, and I will call the first customer in just a minute.

Okay. Our first customer is Mr. Furman. Good evening.

MR. FURMAN: Good evening. My name is Leroy Furman, F-U-R-M-A-N. I'm the president of Fiddler's Green Condo Association II at 6800 Placida Road in Englewood, and I have prepared a text that I would like to read from.

I want to set the stage for what is felt to be the root cause for this request. The whole issue asking for this outrageous rate increase is without a doubt an effort by Utilities, Inc. of Sandalhaven to get the ratepayers to pay for their bad management decisions and subsequent actions, which include dismantling the plant.

Fiddler's Green Condominium Association II is closest in proximity to this plant. As a result, it has to bear the brunt of the noxious odors coming from the plant and the heavy truck traffic in and out of the facility. Damage to the roads has been an ongoing problem, and, quite frankly, it's like pulling teeth to get the utility to do any reparations. Village Green II has had to absorb the costs or pay a significant portion of them. The concrete on the access road is broken under the weight of the trucks and needs to be replaced

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already. It has been addressed to the facility with no reparations made.

The straw that broke the camel's back in this issue is when water accumulated around our Building 30 in late 2013. When it was reported to the utility, Mike Wilson, who is the supervisor over the plant operator, told us it was the result of sheet flow, which is water -- it was the result of sheet flow, which is water -- which is water running over the surface of the ground. He insisted that because he had the credentials, he was qualified to make that statement when we disputed that statement. It was apparent we were getting nowhere in reaching a solution to get rid of the water accumulating in the area adjacent to Building 30 and the dumpster enclosure.

We contacted several community -- or county departments to see if they contributed in any manner to the problem. Representatives of the department visited the area and reviewed their operations. Any responsibility borne by their departments was eliminated.

The county health department contacted the Florida Department of Environmental Protection and asked that they become involved, which they did. After they did considerable research, including a review of plant

records, test borings for soil samples, water samples, as well as borings on the berm which surrounds the settling pond (phonetic) used by the facility, the result was that the water that was accumulating in the area as well as that coming through the berms and up through the blacktop was not from sheet flow. It was due to saturation of the soil due to excess percolation. It was obvious that something was seriously wrong.

The permit allowing the percolating was authorized for 45,000 gallons per day. Records show that they were percolating 79,000 gallons per day, which is a violation of the permit.

The result of the investigation performed by the FDEP was a consent order issued to Utilities, Inc. requiring the plant to be offline by October 1 of 2015. We have a complete file in our office covering the whole incident from the time one of our owners in Building 30 reported he could not get to the dumpster near his building to take out his rubbish (phonetic) due to all the water that was on the ground surrounding the dumpster up to and around that time all the way to when I left (phonetic).

Now the July 23rd application, the basis for the request is to be able to support, quote, operations on a going-forward basis and an opportunity to earn a fair return on the utility's investment in used and
useful property for public use, unquote. Maybe they
should have thought of that when service and conditions

were ignored.

That taken into account, why should the ratepayers be required to pay anything to a firm of making bad decisions, bad business decisions, which is what this is all about? Many of the ratepayers in this area are on fixed incomes. They do not get a fair rate of return really. When was the last time many of the ratepayers got a return of 11 percent? When they make bad decisions, they suffer the consequences. While (phonetic) the utility incurred substantial additional operating costs and investment, and the page 2 of that did not answer the poor management question.

How many customers' water are going to be shut off because they cannot pay the preposterous rates? Do they care or are they more interested in a fair rate of return for their investors?

The July 22nd, 2015, letter to Sandalhaven customers, which everybody sitting in this room probably got -- by way of background, which is part 2 of that letter, given the violation of the percolation gallons per unit written by FDEP, how can it be written that, quote, the plant consistently met its permit limits for

effluent water quality then and continues to do so now, close quote? Does the percolation violation and the water coming under the ground to Fiddler's Green along with the stench it creates have any impact on the quality of the effluent being produced at the plant? The fact that you lost your sole reclaimed (phonetic) water customer is not the fault of the ratepayers. It again shows bad management, poor decisions.

Part 3, there is a significant cost, and decisions to build on anticipated growth is another decision made for money purposes that may have been impacted by bad management, poor decisions. If that wasn't the reason, why is it necessary to ask for an increase to operate a plant that will no longer be operating? The only equipment left will be the collection lines underground and several pumping stations. The main plant will have been disabled.

In the recent past, units in Fiddler's Green Condominium Association II, excuse me, had sewage backing up, but that wasn't their problem.

The utility and the FDEP reached an agreement only after a number of complaints had gone unresolved and required the intervention of the FDEP. It was not the utility that made the decision to close the plant. It was a consent order issued by FDEP. The total cost

of this project should be on the shoulders of the utility and their 10.2 percent rate of return investment.

To summarize, percolation violations, which -- and treated effluent coming through the berms and up through the grounds (inaudible) and making living conditions in the area very difficult and unhealthy.

What is the utility paying the Englewood Water District to take effluent produced by their collection line? Why does it take such an enormous rate increase to maintain the collection lines? There is no plant to maintain. There is no cost associated with trucking. The lines and the pumping stations are the only items that require maintenance (inaudible) costs.

and the access road by the Townhouse 4 are continuing problems. The odor from the plant is a problem. It continues to be an obnoxious nuisance. It is evident that Utilities, Inc. is determined to have the ratepayers pay for dismantling and decommissioning of the plant. It is also evident that ratepayers are expected to provide a fair rate of return to Utilities, Inc. when they had absolutely nothing to do with the operation of the Sandalhaven facility.

The reason that a fair rate of return is not

realized is due to bad management and poor business decisions by the ownership and the management of the facility. The ratepayers should be the primary concern of this petition. And I understand that today I had a call that Utilities, Inc. is looking to have this closure date of October 1 extended because they can't -- there's a possibility, real possibility they can't close the easement from FPL putting a line across in order to service the last pumping station that they put in. Now this has been an ongoing thing for quite a while. I don't know why an easement wasn't in place a long, long time before this. But, anyway, those are my remarks, and thank you very much.

(Applause.)

MS. THOMPSON: All right. Mr. Krieg.

MR. KRIEG: Hi. My name is William Krieg.

I'm the president of Kestrel Circle Residents, which is in Sandalhaven. And I agree with just about everything he said.

In the first place, when the corporation that bought Utilities of Sandalhaven, the -- Charlotte County was -- put in a bid on it to buy that, and this corporation offered, like, \$2 million more than Charlotte County did. Now they're trying to make the ratepayers pay all this bad management and bad business

decisions, and that's why I believe that they should not give them this rate increase that they're doing.

And also they're, like he said, they're going to pump all that stuff over to Charlotte County.

They're not pumping it to Charlotte County?

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(Inaudible audience responses.)

Oh, okay. Well, they're pumping it someplace else other than taking care of it, so they're not going to have to treat the water. It's going to be treated by another utility. Why are they charging us more to treat the water than what the utility would cost -- charge them to treat the water, because they don't have to treat it anymore? And that's all I have to say for right now. Thank you very much.

(Applause.)

MS. THOMPSON: Mr. Hessel?

MR. HESSEL: I'm going to pass.

MS. THOMPSON: Okay. Ms. Wright.

MS. WRIGHT: I'm Betty Wright, W-R-I-G-H-T.

My address, 10501 Amberjack Way, Unit 103. I am in The Hammocks. My husband and I bought and moved in a little over two years ago. We have observed the area improve, recover slowly but steadily. With this rate increase, if it goes through, the condo fees, the HOA fees for every condo, for every homeowner are going to increase,

our resales are going to go flat, our new construction 1 is going to stop, and our property values are going to 2 3 stagnate. Not just the residential, the businesses as 4 5 well. We're going to have a problem with the restaurants, with the marinas, with the carwash, with 6 7 every business. They'll no longer be able to compete. We are a small area. In the big picture we 8 9 are a drop in the bucket. We're going to be forced to 10 pay unreasonably if this rate goes through. I appeal to you, do not let this happen. Thank you for listening. 11 12 (Applause.) MS. THOMPSON: Ms. Burkey [sic]. Mary Burkey. 13 14 MS. BURNEY: Do you mean Burney? 15 MS. THOMPSON: Burney, sorry. 16 MS. BURNEY: I'm Mary Burney, B-U-R-N-E-Y, and 17 we live in Sandalhaven. 18 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Can you move the 19 microphone up a little bit? Thank you. MS. BURNEY: We live in Sandalhaven on Audubon 20 21 Avenue, 3042. 22 I was just wondering when it says the 23 Commission-approved interim rates, is that the rate 24 they're supposed to be charging us now, or when does

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that take effect?

MS. THOMPSON: It should be the rate that they are charging now.

MS. BURNEY: Okay. And another question was can't we -- or maybe the county commission could check with the Englewood Water District and the Charlotte County utilities to get a comparison of their rates. Shouldn't we be close to their rates? Because Englewood is only 22 to 72 base, \$3 per 1,000 gallons, and Charlotte County utilities was 29.36 base, with 4.09 per 1,000 gallons. Would they be interested in buying these other people out so that we could have reasonable rates like they have?

MS. BROWNLESS: Ms. Burney, Suzanne Brownless.

It's nice to see you.

The Commission -- the method for determining rates under Chapter 367, which is the statute that controls how the Florida Public Service Commission goes about setting rates, it's not a comparative process.

You look at the investment that each utility has, you look at the O&M expenses that each utility has, and you set rates based upon a reasonable rate of return based upon the investment that's found to be prudent.

So that's the process that we are in the process of developing the information to do. So it's unique to each utility. The rates that are charged by

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2	Englewood are presumably set on a similar method for
3	their individual systems.
4	MS. BURNEY: So they should be similar to ours
5	since we're all in the same area.
6	MS. BROWNLESS: The rates will not necessarily
7	be similar. The process used is similar, but the rates
8	that are ultimately developed would depend upon the
9	amount of investment for each utility.
10	MS. BURNEY: So if they waste money, you
11	reward them by letting them raise our rates?
12	MS. BROWNLESS: Well, no, ma'am. If we
13	determine that any of the expenses were, quote, a waste
14	of money or unreasonable or imprudent, then those would
15	be disallowed in the development of the ultimate rates.
16	And that is, in fact, what the staff at the Public
17	Service Commission is in the process of doing is
18	analyzing those O&M expenses and determining whether
19	they were prudently incurred.
20	MS. THOMPSON: And it also depends on the
21	customer base that they have to spread the costs over,
22	and that varies from utility to utility as well.
23	MS. BURNEY: But you don't compare the
24	utilities?
25	MS. THOMPSON: No, ma'am.

1	MS. BURNEY: To see who is good at managing
2	and who isn't.
3	MS. THOMPSON: Well, that's part of the
4	ratemaking process.
5	MS. BURNEY: You look into their management?
6	MS. THOMPSON: But a comparison from utility
7	to utility, no, ma'am, we do not compare those.
8	MS. BURNEY: You don't compare managements
9	then?
10	MS. THOMPSON: No, ma'am.
11	MS. BURNEY: That's too bad.
12	(Applause.)
13	MS. THOMPSON: And I apologize. I can't read
14	the next one. Des
15	MS. HANUM: Dee Hanum.
16	MS. THOMPSON: Dee, yes, ma'am.
17	MS. HANUM: I'm Dee Hanum, H-A-N-U-M. I'm
18	also from Sandalhaven Mobile Home Estates. I really do
19	have a few questions. The first one
20	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Use the microphone,
21	please.
22	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Speak into the
23	microphone.
24	MS. HANUM: The first one, okay. Aren't our
25	rates for sewage based on usage of water? Okay. That's

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a start.

Now you raised our rates really, really bad and very high. Why were they raised now before it's been okayed?

MS. BROWNLESS: All right. What you have right now is what we call an interim rate, interim rates. These are rates that were put in place subject to a preliminary analysis of the data, and what we did was we went back to the audit that the Florida Public Service Commission conducted in 2006 and 2007, the last time that the Florida Public Service Commission has set rates for this utility, and we looked at all the adjustments that were made there, we looked at all the data that was there, we looked at the utility's interim request, and we carried that forward and developed interim rates. Those interim rates are subject to refund with interest.

MS. HANUM: I understand that. But, you know, if you look back over our rates over the years and the months, the rate that they have given like myself has tripled from what I normally pay and have paid.

MS. BROWNLESS: And let me share this with you. At the very beginning of this hearing when we talked about an administrative error that had been made in the implementation of the interim rate, unfortunately

1	what happened was the proposed interim rates were put in
2	effect and reflected on your bill, not the interim rates
3	approved by the Public Service Commission. So you
4	will the next bill that you get will have the correct
5	interim rates, it will have a credit for the overcharge,
6	and you will not be penalized in any way. We will make
7	sure that that is right. So the bill that you get the
8	next time will be correct and reflect the correct
9	interim rates, which are not three times
10	MS. HANUM: So we actually will get a refund?
11	MS. BROWNLESS: You will get a credit on your
12	bill, yes, ma'am.
13	MS. HANUM: Because, like, last month was zero
14	and this time it was, like, triple. So there was no way
15	I could have used that much water or sewage in a month.
16	MS. BROWNLESS: Oh, no, ma'am. It was a
17	clerical error, there's no doubt about that, and we have
18	worked very hard and the utility is working very hard to
19	make sure that the next bill
20	MS. HANUM: Why was it done in the first
21	place?
22	MS. BROWNLESS: Wrong paperwork
23	MS. HANUM: They always find somebody to blame
24	it on.
25	MS. BROWNLESS: Well, we will make sure that

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you are made whole. That's our job, and we're making 1 2 sure that will happen. MS. HANUM: Well, I certainly hope so because 3 I absolutely refuse to pay what you are charging because 4 it is ridiculous. I've been down here in Florida for 30 5 other years and this is the first I've ever run into any 6 7 problem. I'm sure there's a lot of you that have been down here that long, right, or more, and it is -- for 8 9 people who are on a fixed income, it's a little bit difficult. 10 11 MS. BROWNLESS: Yes, ma'am. We appreciate 12 that. MS. HANUM: Or they can't give a correct 13 14 answer. 15 (Applause.) 16 MS. THOMPSON: Mr. Gillaspie. 17 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Can you increase the volume? 18 19 MS. THOMPSON: Just talk louder into the 20 microphone, if you can, please. 21 MR. GILLASPIE: I have some prepared remarks 22 and I --23 MS. THOMPSON: Sorry, sir. Would you mind 24 stating your name and spelling your last, and your 25 address, please?

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MR. GILLASPIE: My name is Clark Gillaspie,
G-I-L-L-A-S-P-I-E. I'm the Association Manager for Cape
Haze Resort, and the address of that property is
8401 Placida Road, Cape Haze, Florida 33946.

Okay. Thank you. I forgot. I have prepared remarks. I gave a copy of this to Mr. Durbin for the record, and I'm going to read it -- I hope I can make it in, trust me -- before I run through this paper.

May I just clarify something with regard to billing? If we have paid something on our bill, at least something, do we still need to call Utilities, Inc. regarding the balance of the bill, or can we just stipulate here tonight that if we paid something, that's good enough, there won't be interest and penalties?

MS. THOMPSON: If you've paid something, wait until the next bill is issued, and it should true you up to what the true charges are and the remaining balance due.

MR. GILLASPIE: Okay. I tried to pay more than the amount that was due, but I didn't pay the full amount. Can I be assured that I will not have interest and penalties even if I don't call. See, I have seven. I just assumed --

MS. THOMPSON: There will be no penalties and interest.

MR. GILLASPIE: Thank you, ma'am.

MS. THOMPSON: If you do run into problems, there's contact numbers either for the utility on your bill or the Public Service Commission staff members, myself and some of my co-workers, feel free to call us and -- but you should have no penalties, no interest. You shouldn't run into that issue.

MR. GILLASPIE: Thank you very much. One of my -- I didn't look at all of my bills in detail, but one of the bills I looked at this morning, just to go back and verify, not only was I charged more or less double the rate that I should be paying, I was also billed for almost double volume that we actually use. The rates are based on Charlotte County Utilities. Charlotte County said that we used 23,000 gallons. I was billed for 41,000 gallons. So it's not just a matter of the rate being wrong. Apparently it's the volumes are wrong as well.

MS. THOMPSON: And if you have a problem with that bill that you could send to me -- just get my contact information before you leave, and I will check into that issue.

MR. GILLASPIE: Okay. Sure. I will be pleased to check into that.

Ma'am, what is your name, please?

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MS. BROWNLESS: My name is Suzanne Brownless.

And if anybody out there has an issue with the amount of water they were billed for, the bill was based on incorrect volume information, my name is on there, my contact information is on there. Please call me and let me know. I assure you I will look into it.

And if you have any issue with any interest or any type of penalty payment imposed as a result of this billing error, I would also like to know that as well.

MR. GILLASPIE: Sure. Thank you very much. I enjoyed your comments earlier with regard to the rate setting process, and my comments here tonight are taking just a slightly different angle on your comments. I hope you'll receive them well.

Dear Commissioners and staff, the power of monopolies can be awesome. Monopolies can accomplish wonderful things that because of physical size and level of capital commitment would be difficult or impractical for companies to achieve while competing in a free market. But the power of monopolies can also be formidable in a negative way, as we all know, and that's why we don't allow monopolies to exist in this country without the appropriate oversight. Proper oversight replaces the free market forces that would otherwise be present as a check and balance. The consumer gives up

his right to choose in exchange for the regulators' promise of protection.

The arrangement is mutually beneficial. The monopolies gain the security, investing huge sums of capital in a controlled environment, knowing they will be able to realize a stable return on their investment over a long period of time; the customers enjoy a service that they may not be offered otherwise, and they too have security, believing they will be able to enjoy the service over a long period of time at a fair price; and the regulator ensures the public does not suffer monopolistic abuses. It's a grand bargain indeed.

One method of regulating is to set a universal price. All who choose to provide a particular public service must sell at said -- at such set price, and sometimes these are referred to as promulgated rates or prices. And we've all experienced the benefits of such regulation, sometimes without knowing it. For example, everyone in this room who has purchased title insurance has enjoyed a promulgated rate.

The State of Florida has chosen not to set a universal price for sewer services but to regulate sewer companies' rates based on operating expenses and invested capital presumably because it is determined that the cost of providing sewer service varies

significantly from place to place across the state. 1 Fair enough.

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Since it is not a universal price, however, the Commission has to ensure it is a fair price in every jurisdiction. And in most cases effective and fair regulation can be simply a matter of calculating the capital invested, looking at the equity ratio, adding up the operating costs, and applying that formula to determine the new tariff, but it's not the case in all cases.

A formula can be the basis for the day-to-day regulation and good for you because you don't need to treat every matter as a whole new exercise, but the formula is not the essence of the grand bargain that was made. Your grand bargain demands sound business practices on the part of the utility. Your grand bargain demands that the regulator be a substitute for free market forces that would act upon the utility. Otherwise, there is no bargain because otherwise the public, with the assistance of its own government, is placed at the mercy of a monopoly without checks and balances.

Just as any business does, the utility has to control its overhead and other costs. It has to maintain its facilities. It has to plan well for the

future. It has to implement its plan effectively at a reasonable rate. It has to provide good service to its customers. It has to collect and pay its bills and so on. There's nothing in the grand bargain that relieves the utility from having to practice its business well in order to stay in business.

If the carwash in our neighborhood triples its prices for whatever reason, good or bad, it will surely be out of business in no time. And the reason I'm saying tripling is because the matter that's before us today is really an extension of the matter that was before us in 2012. These are the same issues. The 40 percent increase then in conjunction with a proposed 137 percent increase today takes the total price to more than triple what it was before 2012. So that's why I'm saying tripled.

The same is true for the neighborhood gas station or the restaurant or the hair salon or the hospital or the bank. The free market does not allow companies to abuse the public. Free markets ensure that products and services are offered at appropriate prices. Why should our sewer company be allowed to triple its prices for whatever reason, good or bad? The free market would not allow it, and the Commission, standing in place of the free market — in place of free market

forces, being the protector of we, the ratepayers, should not allow it either.

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We have heard the argument that Sandalhaven made certain business decisions that may have seemed rational and prudent at the time and in the context in which they were made. Although that's an interesting argument, the argument completely misses the point. Whether decisions were good or bad at the time is completely irrelevant.

Consider a hypothetical gas station that's tripled its size, tripled the number of pumps and tanks, tripled the area of its convenience store, tripled its staff and so on in anticipation of strong market growth that simply didn't materialize. Would the free market allow the gas station owner to triple his prices to cover his bad decisions? Of course not. Would we pay \$7.50 per gallon? Of course we wouldn't.

But there's a more interesting question. What if the market felt that the gas station owner had been justified in making the decision he made to triple his size. Would we then agree to pay \$7.50 per gallon? Of course we wouldn't. Whether he made a good or bad decision is irrelevant to what we would agree to pay for his gasoline. The gas station owner has to accept the current market price and find a way to carry on until

that anticipated growth materializes, or he has to go 1 out of business. Why should Sandalhaven -- the 2 Sandalhaven situation be any different?

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Sandalhaven made the decisions it made, good or bad. The ratepayers didn't make those decisions. The Commission did not make those decisions. Sandalhaven made them and Sandalhaven should have to live with them. Sandalhaven is entitled to a fair price. If sewer rates have increased, if their costs have increased, if our general area has seen rate increases, then Sandalhaven should seek and win a similar increase, but a tripling of prices in three years is preposterous.

The public gives up its right to choose in exchange for the consumer -- in exchange for the Commission's protection. We trust the Commission will protect us now and perform the function of a free market, as it should, and keep our rates in line with others in our general area. I know that doesn't meet your formula, but the formula is the basis for regulation, not the essence of regulation.

There's one other concept I would like to discuss, and it was actually touched on by one of the earlier speakers. Any rate increase awarded to Sandalhaven serves to preserve Sandalhaven's capital

investment. It goes without saying. It's obvious. But at what cost? It is not simply a matter of ratepayers digging a bit deeper and paying a higher monthly bill. A much bigger cost to all of us is the erosion of the capital investment we have in our properties in the Sandalhaven franchise area. When household costs or when condominium maintenance fees are increased at a rate faster than that typically experienced in the free market, the direct, inevitable result is a decrease in property values.

The net effect of a large increase for Sandalhaven would be to take capital away from the ratepayers and give it to a monopoly. How ironic would it be if the Commission allowed the party who made the poor business decisions to benefit and preserve its capital at the expense of those who have no part in that decision-making process? The free market would not allow it, and we trust the Commission will not allow it either. Thank you very much for listening to me.

(Applause.)

MS. THOMPSON: Mr. Armen.

MR. ARMEN: I'm Brian Armen, A-R-M-E-N,
Secretary of Fiddler's Green Condo Association I,
6800 Placida Road, Englewood, Florida 34224. I've got
to follow that guy? I will try to say what he just said

less eloquently.

MS. THOMPSON: Mr. Atkins.

MR. ATKINS: Good evening. I'm Marty Atkins, A-T-K-I-N-S, 8571 Amberjack Circle in The Hammocks.

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We have 70 units as a part of our complex, maybe 72. Average use for most folks seems to be about \$43. I heard that quite clearly when they were complaining about \$90 bills with the billing error. Add to that, this may be a way of explanation for some folks, Charlotte County appears to read only estimated bills every so often, and it just so happens that their catch-up month was August, the month that Sandalhaven increased their rates. So it might be a double whammy because of that.

A 137 percent rate increase, a 139 percent rate increase, how do you say it sounds a little bit excessive? From the statement tonight read on the screen regarding the request for a rate increase, it seems the primary purpose for that increase appears to be a return on investment for the investors' benefit, not for the benefit of the consumer. Therefore, I would speak against the request for a rate increase on behalf of all of our residents at Fiddler's Green Condo Association I.

(Applause.)

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I'd just like to be fairly brief here. As you can see, there's a lot of people out here with gray hair. I've got a few of them. You know, we're not the silent majority. I can tell you that.

I'd like to mention about the incorrect bills that went out. I just don't understand how it wasn't made clear tonight that you should pay your prior bill and no more. I just don't see how a business can get away with sending a bill out when it wasn't made clear tonight that you should pay what your prior bill was and no more. I just don't understand it. While you paid the bill and maybe we're not going to charge you interest and penalties -- I can just imagine if I was a gas station and tripled my bill, tripled my prices, I would have no customers. If I was a retailer, oh, sorry, I made a mistake. You can buy that item today, I'll give you a refund tomorrow. I think it wasn't made clear and it should have been really made clear that nobody should pay a dime more than last month. Nicely said.

Again, I'm going to be brief. I just have a couple of comments here. You know, we're going from a processing company to a pipeline company, and I just don't see -- and, believe me, I'm fairly conservative. People, if they can explain what these additional costs

are, I'm all willing to look at it, but I just don't see how you go from a processor and pipeline company and go up 139 percent. To me that's voodoo economics really.

Next question. You know, we're talking Utilities, Inc., we're talking Sandalhaven, LLC, and we're talking another corporation. I think the staff have to really look at all the inner company accounting gimmicks these guys have done, if any, over the last ten years and negate all those transactions.

Okay. Additionally, you know, we have a small company here, probably doing about maybe \$700,000, \$750,000 a year in revenue. My question really comes down to are they allocating the same amount of corporate overhead of each company as they would on normal size companies, utilities -- five, ten, 20? Because I don't think we should be paying for more charter jets, limousines, you know, triple martini lunches. And I just think you folks should have a limitation when we have small, a very small microcosm here, that we should not be paying for this additional overhead that large companies can afford to pay. I just think you have to look at that.

The next question is, and I don't know if this goes into the rates, if Sandalhaven is sold to me for 20 million, would you allow me to have that additional

depreciation in the rates because I paid double, triple? And, you know, if that is in your ratemaking process, then I think that's what they're up to. They want to double or triple the rates and then sell to another company, and that company will say, "Well, here's our investment, 20 or 30 million. We need to get a return on capital." Boy, I'd like to get a return on capital like that, by overpaying, and then they would reward me for additional capital expenditures.

One other, one other item, and I would like to know additionally -- we're going from a processing utility to a pipeline company -- really what necessary capital expenditures these folks need to make in the future. I mean, we've got a couple of pumping stations, we've got effluent going down, maybe it (inaudible) now and then, you've got to do some maintenance, but what else is there? So if they have additional amounts and they're way over and above what they've been spending the last three years, i just don't see why that should be part of the ratemaking process. That concludes my remarks. I thank you for allowing me to make the

(Applause.)

MS. THOMPSON: I would like to take a minute and apologize if I wasn't clear earlier about the

misbilling. If you haven't paid your bill, call the 1 utility. If you want to pay what your bill was the last 2 3 month but not the overage, that's fine. There was a billing error. We're aware of it. We're making 4 corrections. They're not sending out the next bill 5 until the corrections are in place, and they can issue 6 7 any credits due, if necessary, at that time. So if I was unclear about the billing error, then I apologize. 8

If you wish to -- if you wish to speak and haven't signed up, please do, and I'll address you when you come up to the podium to speak. Okay. And that -- let's get to the next speaker. Mr. Arway.

MR. ARWAY: My name is William Arway. I'm a resident of Shamrock Shores. I live at 10039 Franklin Drive, Englewood, 34224.

MS. THOMPSON: And is your last name A-R --

MR. ARWAY: A-R-W-A-Y.

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MS. THOMPSON: Thank you.

MR. ARWAY: I have heard so many things here today which I don't believe anybody here would disagree. I see one common thread running through everything that's been said, and it's relative to something you just talked about, and it is this rate increase inadvertently a month earlier or whatever the time was. There's a bad problem with that. There are many people

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here who have their bills paid automatically every month, and how many of those people have had to have double their payment made, and they're going to be reimbursed next month? What about the bills that they have to pay this month?

This is an example, as I said, of something that's run through everything that's been said, and that is poor management practices. These things are just not acceptable in good business. Everything we've heard here says that. And this talk about, well, we made a mistake. And we said, "No, this rate increase has only been proposed," and then we paid for it. We paid for it. We're going to get our money back, but that's not the point. It's the practice, the procedure that the company seems to be using. Everything else that's been said is related to that kind of practice, the way this company runs their business. Thank you.

(Applause.)

MS. THOMPSON: Mr. Gerard. Mr. Gerard.

MR. GERARD: Good evening. Harry Gerard,
6800 Placida Road, Englewood. I'm in Fiddler's Green
II. I'm Building 28. I want to talk about the quality
of life. I live close to the plant, and the last two
years it's been unbearable with the smell and the water.

The thing I want to bring across is they got

caught, and that's why they're supposed to close the

plant. Now we're understanding that it looks like they

might not close it by October the 1st. They've got

another excuse to keep doing this.

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The quality of life I want to bring up is we have lost some good families because they said they were done, they were fed up with the smell and the water. We lost some good families, and that's what I want to bring up.

The other thing I'd like to bring up is that
I'm one of those automatic pay bills, so they take out
whatever they want and they run the bill up, no problem.
The only thing I'm asking is that if I didn't pay on
time, I get charged a penalty and I also get charged
interest. I hope they have the same courtesy for me. I
would like a little bit of interest on my money because
I would get something out of it if wasn't -(inaudible).

(Applause.)

MS. THOMPSON: Thank you. Mr. Morrill.

MR. MORRILL: My name is Eldon Morrill,

M-O-R-R-I-L-L. I live at Fiddler's Green 2,
6800 Placida Road. I live in a townhouse which has a
swell behind it where water runs down to Bender
(phonetic) Bay Creek. I've been there for 15 years, and

for 13 years of those the fresh water flowed down there and had no smell. The last two years, even up till yesterday, the water that flows through there is very obnoxious. The quality of life is gone. We can't sit on our patios because it's just very unpleasant.

I'm treasurer of the association. We have 174 units. 150 of those are northern snowbirds. They pay that base rate six months of the year when they're not here, so they're paying a dollar rate for no service. I think that's totally wrong. I think your base rate calculations are wrong. The quality of life is bad. It's all based on bad business that this company is doing. Thank you.

(Applause.)

MS. THOMPSON: And Ms. Leslie Furmage.

MS. FURMAGE: Hi. I'm Leslie Furmage,

F-U-R-M-A-G-E. I'm a resident of Shamrock Shores, which is a community of about 75 homes. 95 percent of the people there, I believe, are retirees, and this is going to hit folks hard having an increase this large. And even in this community, you read the paper every day, they talk about how housing has gone up, how younger people can't afford to move here because the housing is so high. Now they're going to be hit also with a huge bill for water. I mean, we're not making it easy on the

residents. We're not making it easy here on anyone. 1 And the businesses, every business here is a small 2 business. It's a small business. There's just a few 3 larger companies. So we're just making it hard on 4 everybody. 5 And I was kind of wondering if this mistake 6 7 was made on the bill, why didn't you send out a corrected bill right away? 8 9 I don't think a lot of people even know about this hearing and they're not here tonight. How are they 10 supposed to know what they're doing? 11 12 MS. THOMPSON: There will be a bill insert with the next bill that makes people who aren't aware 13 14 aware. MS. FURMAGE: So the next bill, not the one we 15 16 just got. 17 MS. THOMPSON: Correct. And it takes time to 18 correct information into the billing system, so that's 19 why there is the delay. MR. FURMAN: I had said that I would read a 20 21 letter from one of our other residents. I'm just going 22 to paraphrase. 23 The first paragraph, she had called up wondering what was going on with the bill, and she said 24

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it was extraordinarily high. And whoever she was

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talking to on the phone said, "You think you know more than I do," and he hung up on her. Nice customer service.

I'm going to read the second paragraph, although I think a lot of it has already been said tonight.

My understanding is that our sewage is now going to Englewood Water District as of October 1. Sandalhaven is now only a pipeline company and no longer will need employees to run a treatment plant. rates are so out of line with any of our other utilities that are only two blocks away. We have already moved up to EWD. My understanding is this was enforced by EPA. By giving them outrageous increases, there's no incentive for them to sell the remaining infrastructure to a company that is capable of operating at a normal rate. Either EWD or Charlotte County Utilities are already here. We will be paying outrageous rates forever. Once given, these rates will never go down to a reasonable level. Due to the monopoly these utilities have, your Commission is our only resource. That's it for me. Thank you.

(Applause.)

MS. THOMPSON: I want to again thank you for taking the time to come. If you have any questions,

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we'll be cleaning up, and please feel free to seek one of us out. We'll be happy to answer any questions. Thank you. (Proceeding adjourned at 7:06 p.m.)

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2	COUNTY OF LEON)
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