BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| In re: Fuel and purchased power cost recovery clause with generating performance incentive factor. | DOCKET NO. 160001-EI  ORDER NO. PSC-16-0479-CFO-EI  ISSUED: October 24, 2016 |

ORDER GRANTING TAMPA ELECTRIC COMPANY’S REQUEST FOR CONFIDENTIAL CLASSIFICATION AND MOTION FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER

(DOCUMENT NO. 07882-16)

On September 29, 2016, pursuant to Section 366.093, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and Rule 25-22.006, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), Tampa Electric Company (TECO) filed a Request for Confidential Classification and Motion for Temporary Protective Order (Request) of certain information provided in response to Staff’s Sixth Set of Interrogatories (Nos. 29-34) (the discovery responses) (Document No. 07882-16). This request was filed in Docket No. 160001-EI.

Request for Confidential Classification

TECO contends that designated portions of the information contained in the discovery responses, as more specifically described in Exhibit A attached to its Request, constitutes proprietary confidential business information entitled to protection under Section 366.093, F.S., and Rule 25-22.006, F.A.C. Exhibit A, attached to TECO’s Request, contains a detailed matrix providing justification and support for confidential classification of the information in the discovery responses. TECO asserts that this information is intended to be and is treated by TECO as private and has not been publicly disclosed.

TECO contends that the information in the discovery responses contains the fixed prices of natural gas hedged, the disclosure of which would be harmful to TECO’s ability to contract for goods and services on favorable terms. Additionally, TECO contends that the disclosure of this information would be harmful to its competitive interests. TECO argues that this information is protected pursuant to Section 366.093(3)(d) and (e), F.S.

TECO also requests that the confidential information that is the subject of this request be treated by the Commission as confidential proprietary business information for a minimum of three years. TECO asserts the data in question provides detailed hedging strategies and actions, many of which are of a continuing nature and which could well be in place beyond the standard 18 month period that confidential information is treated as such by the Commission. TECO contends the information in question would disclose the companies risk strategies by making public the hedged prices TECO has settled on. TECO asserts disclosing this type of information sooner than three years after it is submitted would arm would-be suppliers of goods and services, as well as competitors of TECO, with key components of the company’s risk management strategies. TECO contends a minimum of three years is essential to prevent those entities in the fuel and purchased power markets from having access to information they could use to the competitive disadvantage of TECO, which would increase the fuel and purchased power costs borne by TECO customers.

Ruling

Section 366.093(1), F.S., provides that records the Florida Public Service Commission (Commission) has found to contain proprietary business information shall be kept confidential and shall be exempt from Chapter 119, F.S. Section 366.093(3), F.S., defines proprietary confidential business information as information that is intended to be and is treated by the company as private, in that disclosure of the information would cause harm to the company’s ratepayers or business operations, and has not been voluntarily disclosed to the public. Section 366.093(3)(d), F.S., provides that proprietary confidential business information includes, but is not limited to:

(d) Information concerning bids or other contractual data, the disclosure of which would impair the efforts of the public utility or its affiliates to contract for goods or services on favorable terms.

(e) Information relating to competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive business of the provider of the information.

Upon review, it appears that the information described above satisfies the criteria set forth in Section 366.093(3), F.S., for classification as proprietary confidential business information. The information constitutes “information concerning bids or other contractual data, the disclosure of which would impair the efforts of the public utility or its affiliates to contract for goods or services on favorable terms,” and “[i]nformation relating to competitive interests, the disclosure of which would impair the competitive business of the provider of the information.” Thus, the information identified in Document No. 07882-16 shall be granted confidential classification.

Pursuant to Section 366.093(4), F.S., confidential classification may only extend for up to 18 months from the issuance of an Order granting confidential classification unless “the Commission finds, for good cause, that the protection from disclosure shall be for a specified longer period.” TECO appears to have provided sufficient information concerning the harm which could arise from not protecting this information for a minimum of three years. Accordingly, the information identified in Document No. 07882-16, shall be granted confidential classification for a period of three years from the issuance of this Order.

Motion for Temporary Protective Order

TECO also seeks protection of the documents as provided in Section 366.093(2), F.S., and Rule 25-22.006(6), F.A.C. Section 366.093(2), F.S., directs that all records produced pursuant to a discovery request for which proprietary confidential status is requested shall be treated by any party subject to the public records law as confidential and exempt from the public records law. Section 119.07(1), F.S. Rule 25-22.006(6), F.A.C., codifies the Commission’s policy regarding the protection of confidential information from public disclosure during the discovery process in a manner that is not overly burdensome to both parties. Rule 25-22.006(6)(a), F.A.C., in pertinent part, states:

In any formal proceeding before the Commission, any utility or other person may request a protective order protecting proprietary confidential business information from discovery. Upon a showing by a utility or other person and a finding by the Commission that the material is entitled to protection, the Commission shall enter a protective order limiting discovery in the manner provided for in Rule 1.280, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure.

Upon consideration of TECO’s assertions of the confidential nature of the information contained in portions of the discovery responses, Document No. 07882-16, TECO’s Motion for Temporary Protective Order is hereby granted. As a result, this information shall be protected from disclosure pursuant to Rule 25-22.006(6), F.A.C.

Based on the foregoing, it is

ORDERED by Commissioner Art Graham, as Prehearing Officer, that Tampa Electric Company’s Request for Confidential Classification of Document No. 07882-16 is granted. It is further

ORDERED that Tampa Electric Company’s Motion for Temporary Protective Order of the information in Document No. 07882-16 is granted. It is further

ORDERED that the information in Document No. 07882-16, for which confidential classification is granted, shall remain protected from disclosure for a period of up to three years from the date of issuance of this Order. It is further

ORDERED that this Order will be the only notification by the Commission to the parties concerning the expiration of the confidentiality time period.

By ORDER of Commissioner Art Graham, as Prehearing Officer, this 24th day of October, 2016.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | /s/ Art Graham |
|  | ART GRAHAM  Commissioner and Prehearing Officer |

Florida Public Service Commission

2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard

Tallahassee, Florida 32399

(850) 413‑6770

www.floridapsc.com

Copies furnished: A copy of this document is provided to the parties of record at the time of issuance and, if applicable, interested persons.

WDT

NOTICE OF FURTHER PROCEEDINGS OR JUDICIAL REVIEW

The Florida Public Service Commission is required by Section 120.569(1), Florida Statutes, to notify parties of any administrative hearing or judicial review of Commission orders that is available under Sections 120.57 or 120.68, Florida Statutes, as well as the procedures and time limits that apply. This notice should not be construed to mean all requests for an administrative hearing or judicial review will be granted or result in the relief sought.

Mediation may be available on a case-by-case basis. If mediation is conducted, it does not affect a substantially interested person's right to a hearing.

Any party adversely affected by this order, which is preliminary, procedural or intermediate in nature, may request: (1) reconsideration within 10 days pursuant to Rule 25-22.0376, Florida Administrative Code; or (2) judicial review by the Florida Supreme Court, in the case of an electric, gas or telephone utility, or the First District Court of Appeal, in the case of a water or wastewater utility. A motion for reconsideration shall be filed with the Office of Commission Clerk, in the form prescribed by Rule 25-22.0376, Florida Administrative Code. Judicial review of a preliminary, procedural or intermediate ruling or order is available if review of the final action will not provide an adequate remedy. Such review may be requested from the appropriate court, as described above, pursuant to Rule 9.100, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure.