1		BEFORE THE
2	FLORIDA	PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
3		
4		
5	In the Matter of:	
6		DOCKET NO. 20240019-PU
7	Proposed amendment F.A.C., Effect of Federal Corporate	
8		/
9		
10		
11	PROCEEDINGS:	COMMISSION CONFERENCE AGENDA ITEM NO. 1
12	COMMISSIONERS	
13	PARTICIPATING:	CHAIRMAN MIKE LA ROSA COMMISSIONER ART GRAHAM
14		COMMISSIONER GARY F. CLARK COMMISSIONER ANDREW GILES FAY COMMISSIONER GABRIELLA PASSIDOMO
16	DATE:	Tuesday, March 5, 2024
17	PLACE:	Betty Easley Conference Center
18		Room 148 4075 Esplanade Way
19	DEDODMED DV.	Tallahassee, Florida
20	REPORTED BY:	DEBRA R. KRICK Court Reporter and
21		Notary Public in and for the State of Florida at Large
22		PREMIER REPORTING
23		TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA (850) 894-0828
24		
25		

1	PROCEEDINGS
2	CHAIRMAN LA ROSA: All right. So let's move
3	back to the top of the order here with our
4	discussion items starting with Item No. 1. I will
5	allow folks to get situated.
6	Ms. Sapznikoff, you are recognized when you
7	are situated
8	MS. SAPOZNIKOFF: Thank you.
9	CHAIRMAN LA ROSA: but I will let you have
10	a few more seconds as needed, so I know there is
11	also parties that may want to speak on the items
12	before us, so obviously feel free to come take a
13	seat. I see OPC there waiting. Thank you.
14	MS. SAPOZNIKOFF: Good morning, Mr. Chairman
15	and Commissioners. I am Susan Sapoznikoff from the
16	Office of General Counsel.
17	Item 1 is staff's recommendation regarding
18	proposed amendment of Rule 25-14.004, Florida
19	Administrative Code.
20	The recommended amendments to the rule reflect
21	a change in policy regarding how to calculate the
22	total corporate income tax expense of a regulated
23	utility in proceedings to establish revenue
24	requirements or address overearnings.
25	Currently, when the regulated utility is a

subsidiary of one or more parent companies and
files a consolidated return with the parent
company, the rule adjusts the income tax expense of
the regulated utility to reflect the income tax
benefit of the parent that may be invested in the
equity of the subsidiary.

Staff's recommendation proposes amending the rule to reflect that the income tax expense of the regulated utility must be determined using only the income of the regulated utility regardless of any parent subsidiary that may exist.

This policy would be in accord with the current national standard. Moreover, staff believes the recommended amendments to the rule will assure that rates are derived from a revenue requirement that is based on tax benefits associated with the debt of both -- excuse me -- associated with the debt that is both an expense of the regulated utility and borne been that utility's customers.

Office of Public Counsel would like to address the Commission regarding the recommended amendments to the rule. Utility representatives are present to answer any questions the Commission may have.

Staff is also available to answer any questions.

1	Thank you.
2	CHAIRMAN LA ROSA: Thank you.
3	Mr. Rehwinkel, with OPC, you are recognized.
4	MR. REHWINKEL: Thank you, Mr. Chairman,
5	Commissioners. My name is Charles Rehwinkel,
6	Deputy Public Counsel, and I am here on behalf of
7	the Public Counsel and customers statewide.
8	We oppose this proposal to repeal the tax
9	effective parent company debt rule and to raise
10	Floridians' rates by a combined \$30 million
11	annually. This rule has saved customers hundreds
12	of millions of dollars by preventing the
13	unwarranted and excessive affiliate transfer of
14	customer dollars to shareholders over the past 40
15	to 45 years.
16	This sounds like an exceptionally fine rule to
17	customers everywhere. Staff, in our view, has
18	failed to provide adequate justification to wipe
19	out this longstanding pro consumer rule. So we say
20	why now? Why this? What problem or need does the
21	proposal address that offsets the protections that
22	it has provided customers for these last 45 years?
23	The impact of the proposal is to raise customers
24	rates. We don't think there is any good answer to
25	these questions.

The parent debt rule is not really based on an income tax issue. It is a protection from affiliate transaction abuse. It keeps customers from being forced to subsidize the parents' income tax expenses by having to pay a taxable equity return on the amount of debt that makes up the parent and grandparent investment in the equity recorded on the regulated subsidiary's books.

This consumer protection and the rule have been in place, as I said, for well over 40 years, and it has withstood two challenges at the Florida Supreme Court and one before the Internal Revenue Service. The proposed repeal does not address a problem, it only would create yet another windfall for shareholders.

If you propose to repeal this rule, it could mean that you are creating a direct and immediate risk to up to three million customers of Duke,

Tampa Electric and Peoples Gas that they will immediately be subjected to increased rates and bills to the tune of \$30 million for the three -- three companies combined. \$30 million in annual customer savings, which would be over \$100 million out of customers' pockets in the conventional four-year rate setting period, versus the murky

2.

difficult to articulate and even harder to
understand benefits outlined by the repeal's
proponents.

Although the Public Counsel contends that the rule in effect at the time of a petition and MFR filing governs the way you must resolve any issue in a rate case, one utility has already urged you to disregard the rule merely because of the existence that the propose -- that there was a proposal to roll back this customer protection before it was even repealed.

The Public Counsel urges you to reject this effort at repeal just like the Commission did in 1988. Maybe in another 36 years, when we are living in an energy utopia consumer protection such as rules like this will have lost their meaning, but not today.

Nothing has changed since the rule was adopted and since repeal was rejected over three decades ago, except perhaps that equity rates -- ratios have become swollen and the material impact of the adjustment has persisted even as tax rates and the cost of equity might have gone down since 1980s.

Customers throughout the states,

Commissioners, are really struggling with high

1	bills, fuel surcharges, storm surcharges,
2	additional clause costs like the SPP costs. On top
3	of this, they phase face a greater threat to
4	affordability as some utilities are seeking
5	enormous rate increases in unprecedented amounts.
6	Removing the longstanding customer protection
7	and raising rates accordingly would just be salt in
8	the wounds at this time. So accordingly, we ask
9	you to reject the proposal to repeal, or gut the
10	impact of this rule that has benefited customers
11	all these years.
12	Thank you.
13	CHAIRMAN LA ROSA: Thank you.
14	Commissioners, questions or comments?
15	Commissioner Clark.
16	COMMISSIONER CLARK: I will take the first
17	stab at it.
18	I would love to hear any opinion related to
19	Mr. Rehwinkel's assertion that the rates are going
20	to go up, as my initial questions my assumption
21	was that we would actually be able to see decreases
22	in rates based on the implementation of this rule.
23	Mr. Cicchetti, any comments or thoughts on
24	what actually happens? I know he quoted
25	specifically from Duke's customers might see an
I	

increase here. Will other customers see a decrease
as a result of the rule?

MR. CICCHETTI: Well, Commissioners, the adjustment artificially decreases the cost of service of the utilities. Once we calculate the overall cost of service and then apply the parent debt adjustment, it then reduces the tax expense of the utility, and we think inappropriately.

Two of the major things that Wall Street looks at when they are evaluating a commission is the return that the Commission allows on equity, and second, its policies and practices to determine whether or not the company can actually earn that return. And the parent debt adjustment is a classic example of a policy that doesn't allow the company to earn the return that the Commission allows.

This rule is a remnant of years ago. It had its genesis when a consolidated tax return was allocated to the various subsidiaries, so if a nonregulated subsidiary had a loss, customers got the benefit of that lower tax rate, which sent the wrong price signals and didn't have cost-based rates.

And so the Commission looked at this in the

1	past and said they didn't choose to amend the rule
2	at that time, we think the time has come. It will
3	lower the chance of more rate cases because they
4	will have the full cost of service allowed in their
5	rates.
6	COMMISSIONER CLARK: But net effect, is this
7	going to increase costs for consumers?
8	MR. CICCHETTI: Well, it won't in the next
9	rate case that comes up, it won't artificially
10	reduce the rates. We are saying the rates should
11	be based on the cost of service and it shouldn't be
12	artificially reduced by the tax benefit at the
13	parent company level, which is then going to be
14	given to the subsidiary.
15	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Okay. So how does this
16	affect each utility differently? Can you give me
17	any idea of how the varying utilities I mean, we
18	are talking about 100 we are not just talking
19	about electric, we are talking about basically all
20	utilities, is that correct?
21	MR. CICCHETTI: That is correct, all that have
22	a parent company where they file a consolidated
23	return.
24	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Yes.
25	MR. CICCHETTI: And the effect will be based

1	on the size of the utility. The bigger the
2	utility, the more impact this has.
3	COMMISSIONER CLARK: And I just want to be
4	very clear, the impact you are agreeing that the
5	impact will be increased costs for consumers. I
6	get that it's going to cost-based, but that is an
7	increase in the cost.
8	MR. CICCHETTI: As applying the parent debt
9	versus not applying the parent company debt, yes.
10	COMMISSIONER CLARK: Can you give us any idea
11	of how many I kind of keep going back to this
12	how many utilities we are going back to out of the,
13	what do we have? A couple hundred utilities? How
14	many is this going to apply to that would
15	MR. CICCHETTI: It would apply to very few
16	water and wastewater companies. And it would apply
17	to most, if not all, of the electric and most of
18	the natural gas, if not all of them in natural gas.
19	MR. REHWINKEL: Mr. Chairman, may I just
20	briefly address that?
21	CHAIRMAN LA ROSA: Can I yes, but I have a
22	quick follow-up.
23	If I am hearing that correctly, we are talking
24	about a majority of ratepayers across the state on
25	all utilities, electric, wastewater

1 All of the electric and most MR. CICCHETTI: 2. of the natural gas. Very few of the water and 3 wastewater. 4 And with regard to applying the parent debt 5 versus not applying it, whether it will increase rates, you have the effect, all other things being 6 7 equal, of a company having to come in sooner for a 8 rate case, so rate case expense should decline over 9 time by not applying it, and that would offset the 10 effect of the increase in rates of not applying the 11 parent debt adjustment. 12 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Does this also assume that the parent company has a tax liability? 13 14 assuming that there were no tax liabilities, that 15 the opposite, it would actually lower the cost, 16 correct, if it was a loss, if it was a loss shared 17 like the gain is? 18 MR. CICCHETTI: Yes. 19 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Okay. Okay. 20 Chairman, this is a very, very complicated subject. 21 It is -- I will be the first to acknowledge, it's 22 way beyond me to understand all of the tax 23 implications and how this is calculated, and I 24 think I may have been a little under the 25 presumption that this was an item that was going to

1	be in the benefit of all consumers immediately.
2	I understand getting to cost-based service,
3	and I am not opposed to that by any means, but I
4	would I would personally like to take a little
5	more time. I am at full discretion of the
6	Commission, but if I had a little more time to
7	digest this and my apologies, I should have been
8	better prepared on this, but I think I came in with
9	some presumptions that may not have been accurate,
10	but I will defer to whatever the Commission
11	wants however the Commission wants to handle it.
12	CHAIRMAN LA ROSA: I tell you, I also agree in
13	the sense that when I looked at this, I realized
14	that there are some complications, and I know that
15	there is a history.
16	Members, if you are okay, I am going to go to
17	Mr. Rehwinkel. I heard you loud and clear on the
18	comments, and we will come back to chat about it as
19	a commission.
20	Mr. Rehwinkel, you are recognized.
21	MR. REHWINKEL: Yes. Just a couple of
22	clarifications.
23	Florida Power & Light does not have this
24	adjustment because of the way they are organized.
25	They issue their own debt, so they don't have a

parent above them that is investing in their equity
using debt. Their debt is ringfenced, if you will,
is my term. They might say that they use a
different term. So FPL, this is an adjustment that
they haven't applied for years because of the way
they are capitalized.

Just -- and just -- and FPUC and FCG do not also -- they also do not use this because of recent Commission decisions and the way they are organized.

In our view, it's Duke, it's Tampa Electric, and it's Peoples Gas are the largest investor-owned utilities that this applies to.

Clark asked about losses at the parent impacting this, that would have been perhaps an issue if will there had been a consolidated tax savings adjustments, which was all in the vogue in the early '80s. This has nothing to do with the tax position of the painter. It only has to do with the amount of debt and equity there at the parent level, and that is a presumed to be the -- the pro -- the proration of debt and equity in the equity of the subsidiary. So gains and losses at the parent level are not impacted by this.

1	CHAIRMAN LA ROSA: Thank you.
2	Ms. Moncada, I noticed that you had your hand
3	up, so you are recognized.
4	MS. MONCADA: He said what I was going to say,
5	which was to clarify on the record for Mr. Chairman
6	and all the Commissioners, that this rule does not
7	impact FPL or all of its customers. I heard a lot
8	of discussion about how many bills were going to be
9	impacted, and so I thought it was an important
10	clarification to make. Thank you, Mr. Rehwinkel.
11	CHAIRMAN LA ROSA: Okay. Commissioners, are
12	there any other quick comments, and I will come
13	right back to us?
14	COMMISSIONER PASSIDOMO: Thank you, Mr. Chair,
15	I might have just a quick comment.
16	I kind of want to just clarify, you know, some
17	I appreciate Mr. Rehwinkel's points, and I think
18	it's given us a lot to think about, as Commissioner
19	Clark has alluded to.
20	When we are talking about I mean, I am not
21	going to even pretend to be a tax attorney. I
22	might be an attorney, but that doesn't mean I know
23	much about the tax code, and it keeps changing.
24	But if we are talking about precedent when the
25	Florida Supreme Court, when I read our cases, the

1 cases that the court has said, yes, they have 2. affirmed that this -- that the current rule of the parent adjustment is valid, that doesn't -- I did not see any tacit endorsement, or that that was the only method that was needed. That I think that we have the discretion to align our rule with the majority of how the country operates, how FERC operates doing the stand-alone basis.

> The way I kind of looked at it, I think most of what we do, you know, costs are associated with the provision of providing utility service of that jurisdictional utility -- of the regulated utility, and this is just another cost.

So I am -- I am willing to entertain Commissioner Clark's idea of maybe giving us some more time to think about it. I am not sure if that's going to go change my perspective, but I am always willing to hear more information, so --

CHAIRMAN LA ROSA: Okay. Ouestion on the legal side, any concerns if we defer this item?

MS. SAPOZNIKOFF: No. Commissioner Passidomo was absolutely correct. The Florida Supreme Court has not affirmatively endorsed this rule. uphold it to challenge, but that was only looking at things about whether we follow procedure to

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1 enact it, whether it was arbitrary, capricious or 2. The Court specifically made the statement vaque. 3 that there is no single correct method of dealing 4 with the income tax expense. 5 So the fact that we had previously done it one way, now that circumstances have changed in the 6 7 corporate world, what other courts are doing, there 8 is no legal impediment to this commission deciding 9 to make a policy change. 10 I also want to clarify that this commission 11 has not previously rejected the repeal or 12 affirmatively upheld this rule in the past, but the 13 matter came before the Commission on a repeal 14 shortly after the rule was enacted, and it simply said that we don't want to revisit it at this time. 15 16 It was affirmative rejection or acceptance one way 17 or the other. 18 And contrary to the prior case before the 19 Commission, this is not seeking a repeal, but 20 rather, to bring forth an additional alternative 21 procedure. 22 CHAIRMAN LA ROSA: Is there any Commission 23 business that this would interfere with if this was 24 deferred? 25 MS. SAPOZNIKOFF: No, sir.

1	CHAIRMAN LA ROSA: Commissioners, any other
2	questions or comments?
3	Is there any opposition if we defer this item?
4	So my suggestion is that we defer this item
5	until next month, and then we can readdress it.
6	MS. SAPOZNIKOFF: Certainly. And there is no
7	impediment to that. We are not under any statutory
8	rulemaking guidelines on this.
9	CHAIRMAN LA ROSA: Thank you. Good questions.
10	All right. So show officially Item No. 1
11	deferred. So let's move on to and thank you all
12	for commenting.
13	(Agenda item concluded.)
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

1	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
2	STATE OF FLORIDA ) COUNTY OF LEON )
3	,
4	
5	I, DEBRA KRICK, Court Reporter, do hereby
6	certify that the foregoing proceeding was heard at the
7	time and place herein stated.
8	IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I
9	stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the
10	same has been transcribed under my direct supervision;
11	and that this transcript constitutes a true
12	transcription of my notes of said proceedings.
13	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative,
14	employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor
15	am I a relative or employee of any of the parties'
16	attorney or counsel connected with the action, nor am I
17	financially interested in the action.
18	DATED this 19th day of March, 2024.
19	
20	
21	
22	$\alpha \cdots \alpha \vee \cdots$
23	DEBRA R. KRICK
24	NOTARY PUBLIC
25	COMMISSION #HH31926 EXPIRES AUGUST 13, 2024