Gulf Power Company 500 Bayfront Parkway Post Office Box 1151 Pensacola FL 32520-0770 Telephone 904 444-6365



Jack L. Haskins Manager of Rates and Regulatory Matters and Assistant Secretary

the southern electric system

January 13, 1995

Ms. Blanca S. Bayo, Director Division of Records and Reporting Florida Public Service Commission 101 East Gaines Street Tallahassee FL 32399-0870

Dear Ms. Bayo:

Enclosed for official filing in Docket No. 950007-EI are an original and fifteen copies of the following:

1. Petition of Gulf Power Company for Approval of Final Environmental Cost Recovery True-up Amounts for April 1994 through September 1994; Estimated Environmental Cost Recovery True-up Amounts for October 1994 through March 1995; Projected Environmental Cost Recovery Amounts for April 1995 through September 1995; and Environmental Cost Recovery Factors to be Applied Beginning with the Period April 1995 through September 1995.

00629-952. Prepared direct testimony and exhibit of J. O. Vick.

00630-914. Prepared direct testimony and exhibit of S. D. Cranmer.

AFA)....APP

Also enclosed is a 3.5 inch double sided, double density diskette containing the Petition in WordPerfect for Windows 6.0a format as prepared on a MS-DOS based computer.

Sincerely,

Jack & Hashen

Enclosures

cc: Beggs and Lane
Jeffrey A. Stone, Esquire

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BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

	Environmental	Cost	Recovery)	Dookst	No	950007-EI
Clause				, '	Docker	NO.	930007-E1

Certificate of Service

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a copy of the foregoing has been furnished this 13th day of January 1995 by U.S. Mail or hand delivery to the following:

Martha Carter Brown, Esquire Staff Counsel FL Public Service Commission 101 East Gaines Street Tallahassee FL 32399-0863

Matthew M. Childs, Esquire Steel, Hector & Davis 215 South Monroe, Suite 601 Tallahassee FL 32301-1804

John Roger Howe, Esquire Office of Public Counsel c/o The Florida Legislature 111 W. Madison St., Room 812 Tallahassee FL 32399-1400 Joseph A. McGlothlin, Esquire McWhirter, Grandoff & Reeves 315 S. Calhoun St., Suite 716 Tallahassee FL 32301

John W. McWhirter, Esquire McWhirter, Grandoff & Reeves P. O. Box 3350 Tampa FL 33601-3350

G. EDISON HOLLAND, JR.
Florida Bar No. 261599
JEFFREY A. STONE
Florida Bar No. 325953
RUSSELL A. BADDERS
Florida Bar No. 0007455
Beggs & Lane
P. O. Box 12950
Pensacola FL 32576
904 432-2451
Attorneys for Gulf Power Company

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

DOCKET NO. 950007-EI

PREPARED DIRECT TESTIMONY
AND EXHIBIT OF
J. O. VICK

PROJECTED ENVIRONMENTAL COST RECOVERY CLAUSE

APRIL 1995 - SEPTEMBER 1995 JANUARY 17, 1995



DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE

00629 JAN 17 %

FPSC-RECORDS/REPORTING

1		GULF POWER COMPANY
2		Before the Florida Public Service Commission Prepared Direct Testimony of James O. Vick
5		Docket No. 950007-El
6		Date of Filing January 17, 1995
7		
8	Q.	Please state your name and business address.
9	A.	My name is James O. Vick and my business address is 500 Bayfront
10		Parkway, Pensacola, Florida, 32501-0328.
11		
12	Q.	By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
13	A.	I am employed by Gulf Power Company as the Supervisor of Environmental
14		Affairs.
15		
16	Q.	Mr. Vick, will you please describe your education and experience?
17	A	I graduated from Florida State University, Tallahassee, Florida, in 1975 with a
18		Bachelor of Science Degree in Marine Biology. I also hold a Bachelor's
19		Degree in Civil Engineering from the University of South Florida in Tampa,
20		Florida. In addition, I have a Masters of Science Degree in Management
21		from Troy State University, Pensacola, Florida. I joined Gulf Power Company
22		in August 1978 as an Associate Engineer. I have since held various
23		engineering positions such as Air Quality Engineer and Senior Environmental
24		Licensing Engineer. In 1989, I assumed my present position as Supervisor of

Environmental Affairs.

Docket No. 950907-El Witness: James O. Vick Page 2

1	Q.	What are your responsibilities with Gulf Power Company?
2	A.	As Supervisor of Environmental Affairs, my primary responsibility is
3		overseeing the activities of the Environmental Affairs section to ensure the
4		Company is, and remains, in compliance with environmental laws and
5		regulations, i.e., both existing laws and such laws and regulations that may
6		be enacted or amended in the future. In performing this function, I have the
7		responsibility for numerous environmental programs and projects.
8		
9	Q.	Are you the same James O. Vick who has previously testified before this
10		Commission on various environmental matters?
11	A.	Yes.
12		
13	Q.	Have you prepared an exhibit that contains information to which you will refe
14		in your testimony?
15	A.	Yes. I have prepared an exhibit containing one schedule.
16		
17	COL	JNSEL: We ask that Mr. Vick's exhibit, consisting of five schedules, be marked
18		as Exhibit No (JOV-1).
19		
20	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony in this proceeding?
21	A.	The purpose of my testimony is to support Gulf Power Company's projection
22		of environmental compliance amounts recoverable through the
23		Environmental Cost Recovery (ECR) clause for the period April 1995,
24		through September 1995. I will discuss the amounts included in the
25		projection period for those compliance activities previously approved by the

Commission. I will also describe other environmental compliance activities 1 undertaken by the Company for which Gulf seeks cost recovery through the 2 ECR. 3 4 Mr. Vick, please describe the contents of Schedule 1 of your exhibit. Q. 5 Schedule 1 provides a listing of the environmental capital projects which have A. 6 been included in Gulf's ECR calculations. The capital projects shown in 7 Schedule 1 are listed according to the Company's Plant Expenditure (PE) 8 reference number. Schedule 1 reflects the expenditures and clearings 9 currently projected for these projects. All the projects listed on Schedule 1 of 10 my exhibit have been previously approved in past proceedings for recovery 11 through the ECR clause as capital projects. These past proceedings have 12 been held in Docket No. 930613-El and Docket No. 940042-El. 13 14 Have you tabulated the investment amounts for the capital projects identified Q. 15 for recovery through this filing? 16 Yes, these amounts are set forth by capital project on Schedule 1 of my A. 1. exhibit. The amounts on Schedule 1 were provided to Ms. Cranmer, who has 18 calculated the associated revenue requirements for our requested recovery. 19 20 Please compare the Operation and Maintenance (O&M) programs and Q. 21 projects listed on your Schedule 2 to the O&M projects and programs 22 approved for cost recovery in Docket 940042-El. 23 With the exception of two new items, Title V Permitting (Line Item 4), and A. 24 Daniel Groundwater Monitoring (included in Line Item 6), all the O&M 25

Docket No. 950007-EI Witness: James O. Vick Page 4

projects and programs listed on Schedule 2 of my exhibit reflect O&M projects and programs which were previously approved for recovery through the ECR in past proceedings. These O&M projects and programs are all ongoing compliance activities and are grouped into four major categories--Air Quality, Water Quality, Environmental Programs Administration, and Solid and Hazardous Waste. I will discuss each O&M program and project within each of these major categories and the projected expenses later in my testimony.

Q.

A.

What O&M projects and programs are included in the Air Quality category? There are six O&M projects/programs included in this category. The first, Sulfur (Line Item 1), reflects an ongoing operational expense associated with the burning of low sulfur coal. This item refers to the flue gas sulfur injection system needed to improve the collection efficiency of the Crist Unit 7 electrostatic precipitator and is required due to the burning of low sulfur coal at this unit pursuant to the sulfur dioxide requirements of the CAAA. The expenses projected for the recovery period total \$24,000.

The second project/program listed on Schedule 2 of my exhibit, Air Emission Fees (Line Item 2), represents the costs projected for the annual fees required by the CAAA. The expenses projected for the recovery period total \$123,500.

The third project/program on Schedule 2 of my exhibit is one of the new items I referred to earlier, Title V Permits. This item reflects projected expenses associated with the preparation of Title V permit applications and the subsequent implementation of the Title V permits. Title V of the federal

Docket No. 950007-EI Witness: James O. Vick Page 5

Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 requires states to create federally enforceable air operation permit programs. A copy of the State's Title V program is attached as Schedule 4 of my exhibit. Under this new program, each major source of air pollution is required to obtain an air operation permit that addresses all federally enforceable requirements applicable to that particular source. The applications for these permits are due to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection by November, 1995. Preparation of the Title V applications for each affected facility is expected to involve approximately 3,000 man-hours for preparation. The expenses for which Gulf is seeking recovery during the projection period are the labor and materials necessary to complete these extensive applications. The total estimated expense for permit applications during the recovery period is \$47,916.

The fourth project/program listed on Schedule 2 of my exhibit,
Asbestos Fees (Line Item 4), reflects expenses associated with a new
requirement that became effective in 1994. The fees were approved by the
Commission in Docket No. 940042-EI. These notification fees are required to
be paid to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection for the
purpose of funding the State's asbestos removal program. The expenses
projected for the next recovery period total \$4,494.

The fifth project/program listed on Schedule 2 of my exhibit, Emission Monitoring (Line Item 6), reflects an ongoing operation and maintenance expense associated with the new Continuous Emission Monitoring Equipment (CEM) as required by the CAAA. These expenses are incurred in response to the federal Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) requirements that the

Docket No. 950007-EI Witness: James O. Vick Page 6

Company perform quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) testing for the 1 CEMs, including Relative Accuracy Test Audits (RATA) and Linearity Tests. 2 The RATA and Linearity Test expenses were previously approved under the 3 heading Particulate Emission Testing in Docket No. 930613-El. The 4 Company now classifies these expenses as Emission Monitoring costs. Both 5 RATA and Linearity Tests are QA/QC requirements of the CAAA for the 6 CEMs and, as such, are more appropriately included in the Emission 7 Monitoring program. The expenses projected to occur during the recovery 8 period for these activities total \$136,452. 9 10 What O&M projects/programs are included in Water Quality? Q. 11 General Water Quality (Line Item 7), identified in Schedule 2 of my exhibit, A. 12 includes Soil Contamination Studies, Dechlorination, Groundwater Monitoring 13 Plan Revisions, Surface Water Studies, and a new item I referred to earlier, 14 Daniel Groundwater Monitoring. These activities, excluding the Daniel 15 Groundwater Monitoring Program, were undertaken pursuant to the renewal 16 of the Company's Industrial Waste Water (IWW) permit and Chapter 17.750 17 F.A.C. These activities were all approved for environmental cost recovery in 18 Docket No. 930613-El. The projected expenses associated with the Daniel 19 Groundwater Monitoring Program are in response to closure of the Plant 20 Daniel Ash Pond. The capital expenditures associated with this project were 21 approved in Docket No. 930613-EI. The capital expenditures were for the 22 construction of a new dry fly ash collection system and landfill and the 23 closure of the ash pond. The Mississippi Department of Environmental 24 Quality required Mississippi Power to monitor the groundwater around the 25

Docket No. 950007-EI Witness: James C. Vick Page 7

ash pond for a period of five years. (See Schedule 5.) The expenses projected for the post-closure groundwater monitoring beginning January 1994 total \$10,500. The expenses projected for all activities in General Water Quality total \$630,408 during the six-month recovery period.

The second activity listed in the Water Quality Category, Groundwater Contamination Investigation (Line Item 8), was previously approved for environmental cost recovery in Docket No. 930613-EI. This activity is projected to incur incremental expenses totaling \$358,632 during the recovery period.

A.

11 Q. What projects/programs are included in the Environmental Affairs
12 Administration Category?

Only one O&M program is included in this category on Schedule 2 of my exhibit. This item, Environmental Auditing/Assessment (Line Item 9), was previously approved for cost recovery in Docket No. 930613-EI. The Environmental Auditing/Assessment program is administered by Gulf to ensure that our operations remain in compliance with all existing laws, rules, and regulations, an effort which is of increasing importance as illustrated by the Federal Sentencing Guidelines. This program is an on-going compliance activity which is projected to incur expenses totaling \$74,487 during the recovery period.

Docket No. 950007-El Witness: James O. Vick Page 8

What O&M projects/programs are included in the Solid and Hazardous Waste Q. 1 category? 2 Only one program, General Solid and Hazardous Waste (Line Item 10), is A. 3 included in the Solid and Hazardous Waste category on Schedule 2 of my 4 exhibit. This activity involves the proper identification, handling, storage, 5 transportation and disposal of solid and hazardous wastes as required by 6 Federal and State regulations. This activity was previously approved for 7 environmental cost recovery in Docket No. 930613-El. This program is an 8 on-going compliance activity which is projected to incur incremental 9 expenses totaling \$57,420 during the recovery period. 10 11 How did you derive the projected O&M expenses the Company identified in Q. 12 your exhibits for consideration in the Environmental Cost Recovery Clause? 13 We have based this information on the projected 1995 environmental A. 14 expenses for the time frame of April 1995 to September 1995. O&M 1.5 expenses resulting from environmental compliance activities projected to 16 occur from April 1, 1995, through the end of the recovery period on 17 September 30, 1995, are listed on Schedule 2. These O&M expenses are 18 summarized by FERC account on Schedule 3. This information was 19 provided to Ms. Cranmer for her to include in the calculation of the amount 20 requested. 21 22 Does this conclude your testimony? Q. 23 Yes A. 24 25

AFFIDAVIT

STATE OF FLORIDA)
COUNTY OF ESCAMBIA)

Docket No. 950007-EI

Before me the undersigned authority, personally appeared James O. Vick, who being first duly sworn, deposes, and says that he is the Supervisor of Environmental Affairs of Gulf Power Company, a Maine corporation, and that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of his knowledge, information, and belief. He is personally known to me.

James Ø Vick

Supervisor of Environmental Affairs

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 13th day of January, 1995.

Notary Public, State of Florida and Land

Commission Number:

Commission Expires:

Docket No. 950007-EI James O. Vick Exhibit No. _____(JOV-2) Projected Environmental Cost Recovery Clause Index of Schedules

Schedule 1	Environmental Cost Recovery Investment Expenditures
Schedule 2	Environmental Cost Recovery Clause Operation and Maintenance
	Expenses Projected Projects or Programs
Schedule 3	Environmental Cost Recovery Clause Operation and Maintenance
	Expenses by FERC
Schedule 4	Florida's Title V Program
Schedule 5	State of Mississippi Approval of Closure/Post-Closure Plan of the
	Fly Ash Pond for Mississippi Power Company's Plant Daniel

Actual Quif Porest Combitor
Environmental Cost Recovery Investment
Expenditur e.
Colober 1544 - September 1995
(0001) LINE NO

Gulf Power Company
Environmental Cest Recovery Investment
Cearngs to Plant-th-Service
October 1994 - September 1996
(000x)

Description	Project- to-Oate	Actual	Actual					Projected	3	Ī				Project-
AR QUALITY	Dru Sille	Det 24	Nach	Dac 94	de al	Eab 25	March 95	April 25	May 25	Auna 95	79.50	Aug. Ph	Sect. 95	Thou 9255
Air Challin Assurance Testing	230	0	0	0	0	•	•	0	0	•	0	•	0	238
Cried & Proprietator Univisida	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	400	0	400
Crist 7 Description Liberaries	10 964	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10.964
Crist 7 Flue Gas Conditioning	2179	0	•		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.179
Crist 7 Low NOs Burners	8.175	349	10	0	0	•	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	8,608
Over 7 CENte	109	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	•	•	0	0	624
Orist & Low NOs Burners	0	0	0	7,703	•	0	•	•	0	•	•	•	•	7,703
Crist 6 Preciotator Rackscurrent	125	0	•	14.573	0	0	•	0	0	0	•	•	0	14,703
Crist 6 CEMs	209	0	0	•	•	0	•	•	0	•	•	0	•	705
Char 1 CE Ms	•	0	280		•	0	•	0	0	•	•	•	0	300
4 CEM	234	0	10	248	0	0	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	492
CHIES CEMB	201	0	•	88	0	0	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	275
Scholz 1 CEMs	222	134	•	9	0	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	808
mith 1 CEMs	781	(21)	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	•	0	0	0	839
mith 2 CEMs	405	2	0	0	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	423
Daniel CEMs	a	a	0	5	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	273
Subtotal Air Quality	25.259	483	401	22.276	a	a	a	a	a	CI .	a	400	a	49.025
WATER GUALITY														
Crist Cooling Tower Crist	406	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	807
Crist 1-5 Dechlorination		0	0	900	0	0	0	0 0	0 (0 (0 0	0	0 (88
Crist Diesel Fusi Oil Remediation		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 (0	0 (0	0	3
		0	0	214	0	0	0	0 (0 (0 (0 (0 0	0	214
Chat IWW Sampling System.	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	8
Smith Stormwater Collection System		0	0	2,347	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,347
Smith Weste Water Treatment Facili	2	9	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	120
Inderground Fuel Tent Replacer	ment 136	3	125	77	97	97	=	=	=	=	7	=	7	387
Subtotal Water Quality	1240	a	181	2,896	16	9	=	=	=	=	=	=	1	444
SOLID AND HAZARDOUS WASTE	H													
Daniel Ash Management Project Subtotal Solid and Hazardous Waste	4.861 4.861		aa	8048	aa	aa	aa	aa	aa	aa	aa	aa	aa	12910
TOTAL CLEARINGS	31.360	2	555	34 220	97	91	7	7	7	7	7	#	7	67.179

Florida Public Service Commission Docket No. 950007-EI GULF POWER COMPANY Witness: James O. Vick Exhibit No. ____ (JOV-2) Schedule 2

GULF POWER COMPANY ENVIRONMENTAL COST RECOVERY CLAUSE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSES PROJECTED PROJECTS OR PROGRAMS

DESCRIPTION	APR 1995	MAY 1995	JUN 1995	AUL 1995	AUG 1995	SEP 1995	6 MO TOTAL RECOVERY	ASSOCIATED REGULATION
AIR QUALITY					Y 17 10 11 3			
Selberkannels	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	24,000	CAAA
Air Emission Font	0	0	0	0	123,500	0	123,500	CAAA
TONY	7,986	7,986	7,986	7,986	7,986	7,986	47,916	CAAA
Asbeston Fees	749	749	749	749	749	749	4,494	17-257 F.A.C.
Emission Monitoring	22,742	22,742	22,742	22,742	22,742	22,742	136,452	CAAWAOP
TOTAL AIR QUALITY	35,477	35,477	35,477	35,477	158,977	35,477	336,362	
WATER QUALITY								
General Water Quality	105,068	105,068	105,068	105,068	105,068	105,068	630,408	17 F.A.C.
Groundwater Contamination Investigation	59,772	59,772	59,772	59,772	59,772	59,772	358,632	17 F.A.C.
TOTAL WATER QUALITY	164,840	164,840	164,840	164,840	164,840	164,840	989,040	
ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS ADMINISTRATION						0.00000000	2000000000	9249
8 Eavironmental Auditing/Assessment	12,298	12,531	12,298	12,531	12,531	12,298	74,487	SEC
TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS ADMIN	12,298	12,531	12,298	12,531	12,531	12,298	74,487	
SOLID AND BAZARDOUS WASTE				1000		2222		
9 General Solid and Hazardous Waste	9,570	9,570	9,570	9,570	9,570	9,570	57,420	RCRA/TSCA/17 F.A.(
TOTAL SOLID AND HAZARDOUS WASTE	9,570	9,570	9,570	9,570	9,570	9,570	57,420	
TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RECOVERY CLAUSE EXPENSES	222,185	222,418	222,185	222,418	345,918	222,18	5 1,457,309	

Florida Public Service Commission Docket No. 950007-El GULF POWER COMPANY Witness: James O. Vick Exhibit No. ____ (JOV-2) Schedule 3

GULF POWER COMPANY ENVIRONMENTAL COST RECOVERY CLAUSE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSES BY FERC

	FERC ACCOUNT	APR 1995	MAY 1995	JUN 1995	JUL 1995	AUG 1995	SEP 1995	6 MO RECOVERY TOTAL
1	502	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	12,000
2	506	134,766	134,766	134,766	134,766	258,266	134,766	932,096
3	512	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	12,000
4	514	13,284	13,284	13,284	13,284	13,284	13,284	79,704
5	562	(34,003)	(34,003)	(34,003)	(34,003)	(34,003)	(34,003)	(204,018
6	569	9,065	9,065	9,065	9,065	9,065	9,065	54,390
7	591	81,585	81,585	81,585	81,585	81,585	81,585	489,510
8	595	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	7,500
9	920	7,012	7,245	7,012	7,245	7,245	7,012	42,771
10	921	2,018	2,018	2,018	2,018	2,018	2,018	12,108
11	923	83	83	83	83	83	83	498
12	935	3,125	3,125	3,125	3,125	3,125	3,125	18,750
	TOTAL	222,185	222,418	222,185	222,418	345,918	222,185	1,457,309

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chargers do not bear an inordinate share of costs of the program

The annual fees for industrial waste facilities b shall not exceed \$11,500. The department shall establish a sliding scale of fees based upon the volume, concentration, or nature of the industrial waste discharge and shall ensure smaller industrial waste dischargers do not bear an inordinate share of costs of the program.

c. The department may establish a fee, not to exceed the amounts in subparagraphs 4, and 5., to cover additional costs of review required for permit mod-

ification or construction engineering plans.

(b) If substantially similar air pollution sources are to be constructed or modified at the same facility, the applicant may submit a single application and permit fee for construction or modification of the sources at that facility If substantially similar air pollution sources located at the same facility do not constitute a major source of air pollution subject to permitting under s: 403.0872, the applicant may submit a single application and permit fee for the operation of those sources. The department may develop, by rule, criteria for determining what constitutes substantially similar sources.

(c) The lee schedule shall be adopted by rule. The amount of each fee shall be reasonably related to the costs of permitting, field services, and related support activities for the particular permitting activity taking into consideration consistently applied standard costaccounting principles and economies of scale. If the department requires, by rule or by permit condition, that a permit be renewed more frequently than once every 5 years, the permit fee shall be prorated based upon the permit fee "chedule in effect at the time of permit

(d) Nothing in this subsection authorizes the construction or expansion of any stationary instaliation except to the extent specifically authorized by department permit or rule.

(e) For all domestic waste collection system permits and drinking water distribution system permits, the department shall adopt a fee schedule, by rule, based on a sliding scale relating to pipe diameter, length of the proposed main, or equivalent dwelling units, or any combination of these factors. The department shall require a separate permit application and fee for each noncontiquous project within the system.

(6) A permit issued pursuant to this section shall not pecome a vested right in the permittee. The department may revoke any permit issued by it if it finds that the per-

mithoide:

(a) Has submitted false or inaccurate information if his application

(b) Has violated law, department orders, rules, or regulations, or permit conditions;

(c) Has failed to submit operational reports or other information required by department rule or regulation; of

(d) Has refused lawful inspection under s. 403.091

(7) The department shall not issue a permit to any person for the purpose of engaging in, or attempting to engage in, any activity relating to the extraction of solid minerals not exempt pursuant to chapter 211 within any state or national park or state or national forest when the activity will degrade the ambient quality of the waters of

the state or the ambient air within those areas. In the event the Federal Government prohibits the mining or leasing of solid minerals on federal park or forest lands. then, and to the extent of such prohibition, this act shall not apply to those federal lands.

Docket No. 950007-EI

Exhibit No. Schedule 4 Page 1 of 4

(JOV-2)

(8) A violation of this section is punishable as pro-

vided in this chapter.

History. -- 1 on 71-203 s 4 on 74-132 s 14 on 78-05 s 14 on 62 77 s 1 on 62-54 s 1 on 62-122 s 50 on 63-216 s 24 on 64-336 s 11 on 66-166 s 2 on 67-123 s 17 on 66-363 s 29 on 91-306 s 2 on 92-132 s 72 on 93-213

403,0871 Florida Permit Fee Trust Fund. - There is established within the 'Department of Environmental Regulation a nonlapsing trust fund to be known as the "Florida Permit Fee Trust Fund." All funds received from applicants for permits pursuant to ss. 403.087(5) and 403.861(8) shall be deposited in the Florida Permit Fee Trust Fund and shall be used by the department with the advice and consent of the Legislature to supplement appropriations and other funds received by the department for the administration of its responsibilities under this chapter. In no case shall funds from the Florida Permit Fee Trust Fund be used for salary increases without

the approval of the Legislature.

History.—5 2 on 52-122 s. 12, on 65-165 s. 20, on 91-305.

History.—5 2 on 52-123, s. 12, on 65-165 s. 20, on 91-305.

History.—5 2 on 52-123, transported at secting ega surromes and the Department of the Department of the Department of

403.0872 Operation permits for major sources of air pollution; annual operation license fee.-Each. major source of air pollution, including electrical power plants certified under s. 403.511, must obtain from the department an operation permit for a major source of air pollution under this section, which is the only department operation permit for a major source of air pollution required for such source. Operation permits for major sources of air pollution must be issued in accordance with the following procedures and in accordance with cnapter 120; however, to the extent that chapter 120 is inconsistent with the provisions of this section, the procedures contained in this section prevail.

(1) For purposes of this section, a major source of ar pollution means a stationary source of air pollution or any group of stationary sources within a contiguous area and under common control, which emits any regulated air pollutant and which is any of the following.

a) A major source within the meaning of 42 U.S.C.

. 7412(ar.1).

(b) A major stationary source or major emitting facili ity within the meaning of 42 U.S.C. s. 7602(j) or 42 U.S.C. subchapter I, part C or part D.

(c) An affected source within the meaning of 42

U.S.C. s. 7651a(1);

(d) An air pollution source subject to standards or regulations under 42 U.S.C s. 7411 or s. 7412, provided that a source is not a major source solely because of its regulation under 42 U.S.C. s. 7412(r): or

(e) A stationary air pollution source belonging to a category designated as a 40 C.F.R. part 70 source by regulations adopted by the administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency under 42 U.S.C. s. 7661 et seq.

Ch. 403

(2) An application for an operation permit for a major source of air pollution must be submitted in accordance with rules of the department governing permit applications. The department shall adopt rules defining the timing, content, and distribution of an application for a permit under this section. A permit application processing tee is not required. The department may issue an operation permit for a major source of air poliution only when it has reasonable assurance that the source applies pollution control technology, including fuel or raw material selection, necessary to enable it to comply with the standards or rules adopted by the department or an approved compliance plan for that source. If two or more major air pollution sources that belong to the same Major Group as described in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987, are operated at a single site, the owner may elect to receive a single operation permit covering all such sources at the site.

(a) An application for a permit under this section is timely and complete if it is submitted in accordance with department rules governing the timing of applications and substantially addresses the information specified in completeness criteria determined by department rule in accordance with applicable regulations of the United States Environmental Protection Agency governing the contents of applications for permits under 42 U.S.C. s. 7661b(d). Unless the department requests additional information or otherwise notifies the applicant of incompleteness within 60 days after receipt of an application,

the application is complete.

(b) Any permitted air pollution source that submits a : nely and complete application for a permit under this section is entitled to operate in compliance with its existing air permit pending the conclusion of proceedings associated with its application. Notwithstanding the timing requirements of paragraph (c) and subsection (3). the department may process applications received during the first year of permit processing under this section. in a manner consistent with 42 U.S.C. s. 7661b(c).

(c) The department may request additional information necessary to process a permit application subsequent to a determination of completeness in accordance

with s. 403.0876(1).

(3) Within 90 days after the date on which the department receives all information necessary to proc ess an application for a permit under this section, the De department shall issue a draft permit or a determination that the requested permit should be genied. A graft permit must contain all conditions that the department finds necessary to ensure that operation of the source will be in compliance with applicable law, rules, or compliance plans. If the department proposes to deny the permit application, the department's determination must provide an explanation for the denial. The department shall furnish a copy of each draft permit to the United States Environmental Protection Agency and to any contiguous state whose air quality could be affected or which is within 50 miles of the source pursuant to procedures established by papartment rule

(4) The department shall require the applicant to publish notice of any draft permit in accordance with department rule. The department must accept public comment with respect to a draft permit for 30 days fol-

lowing the date of notice publication. The notice must be published in a newspaper of general circulation as defined in s. 403.5115(2). If comments received during this period result in a change in the draft permit, the department must issue a revised draft permit, which shall be supplied to the United States Environmental Protection Agency and to any contiguous state whose air quality could be affected or which is within 50 miles of the source.

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(JOV-2)

(5) Any person whose substantial interests are affected by a draft permit or the denial determination may request an administrative hearing under s. 120.57. in accordance with the rules of the department. A draft permit-must notify the permit applicant of any review process applicable to the permit decision of the department. The department shall prescribe, by rule, a suitable

standard format for such notification.

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Schedule 4 Page 2 of 4

(6) If a hearing is not requested under s. 120.57, the draft permit will become the department's proposed permit but does not become final until the time for tederal review of the proposed permit has elapsed. The department shall furnish the United States Environmental Protection Agency a copy of each proposed permit and its written response to any comments regarding the permit submitted by contiguous states. If no objection to the proposed permit is made by the United States Environmental Protection Agency within the time established by 42 U.S.C. s. 7661d, the proposed permit must become linel no later than 55 days after the date on which the proposed permit was mailed to the United States Environmental Protection Agency. The department shall issue a conformed copy of the final permit as

soon as is practicable thereafter.

(7) . If a draft permit is the subject of an administrative hearing under s. 120.57, a proposed permit containing changes, if any, resulting from the hearing process, after the conclusion of the hearing, must be issued and a copy must be provided to the applicant, to the United States Environmental Protection Agency, and to any contiguous state whose air quality could be affected or which is within 50 miles of the source, as soon as gractcable. The proposed permit shall not become final untithe time for review, by the United States Environmenta Protection Agency, of the proposed permit has elapsed If comments from a contiguous state regarding the per mit are received, the department must provide a writter response to the applicant, to the state, and to the United States Environmental Protection Agency. If no objection to the proposed permit is made by the United States Environmental Protection Agency within the time established by 42 U.S.C. s. 7661d, the proposed permit must become final no later than 55 days after the date on which the proposed permit was mailed to the United States Environmental Protection Agency. The deputi ment shall issue a conformed copy of the final permit as soon as is practicable thereafter

(8) If the administrator of the United States Environ mental Protection Agency timely objects to a proposed permit under this section, the department must no issue a final permit until the objection is resolved or with grawn. A copy of the written objection of the administra tor must be provided to the permit applicant as soon as practicable after the department receives it. Within 45

F.S. 1993

days after the date on which the department serves the applicant with a copy of an objection by the United States Environmental Protection Agency to a proposed permit, the applicant may file a written reply to the objection. The written reply must include any supporting materials that the applicant desires to include in the record relevant to the issues raised by the objection. The written reply must be considered by the department in issuing a final permit to resolve the objection of the administrator. A final permit issued by the department to resolve an objection of the administrator is not subject to s. 120.57.

(9) A final permit issued under this section is subject to judicial review under s. 120.68. If judicial review of a inal permit results in material changes to the conditions of the permit, the department shall notify the United States Environmental Protection Agency and any state that is contiguous to this state whose air quality could be affected or that is within 50 miles of the source, pur-

suant to rules of the department.

(10) If the department is notified by the administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency that cause exists to terminate, modify, or revoke and reissue a permit under this section, the department shall, within 90 days after receipt of such notification, furnish to the administrator and the permittee a proposed determination of termination, modification, or revocation and reissuance as appropriate. Within 45 days after the date on which the department notifies the permittee that the United States Environmental Protection Agency proposes action regarding its permit, the permittee may file a written response concerning the proposed action. The written response must include any supporting materials that the permittee desires to include in the record relevant to the issues raised by the proposed action. The permittee's written response must be considered by the department in formulating its proposed determination under this subsection.

(11) Commencing in 1993, each major source of air pollution permitted to operate in this state must pay between January 15 and March 1 of each year upon written notice from the department, an annual operation icense fee in an amount determined by department rule.

(a) The annual fee must be assessed based upon the source's previous year's emissions and must be calculated by multiplying the applicable annual operation license fee factor times the tons of each regulated air pollutant (except carbon monoxide) allowed to be emitted per hour by specific condition of the source's most recent construction or operation permit, times the annual hours of operation allowed by permit condition; provided, however, that:

For 1993 and 1994, the license fee factor is \$10. For 1995, the license lee factor is \$25. In succeeding years, the license fee factor is \$25 or another amount determined by department rule which ensures that the revenue provided by each year's operation license fees is sufficient to cover all reasonable direct and indirect costs of the major stationary source air-operation permit program established by this section. The license fee facfor may be increased beyond \$25 only if the secretary of the department affirmatively finds that a shortage of revenue for support of the major stationary source airoperation permit program will occur in the absence of a fee factor adjustment. The annual license fee factor may never exceed \$35. The department shall retain a nationally recognized accounting firm to conduct a study to determine the reasonable revenue requirements necessary to support the development and administration of the major source air-operation permit program as prescribed in paragraph (b). The results of that determination must be considered in assessing whether a \$25per-ton fee factor is sufficient to adequately fund the major source air-operation permit program. The results of the study must be presented to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Public Service Commission. including the Public Counsel's Office, by no later than October 31, 1994.

For any source that operates for fewer hours during the calendar year than allowed under its permit, the annual fee calculation must be based upon actual nours of operation rather than allowable hours if the owner or operator of the source documents the source's actual hours of operation for the calendar year. For any source that has an emissions limit that is dependent upon the type of fuel burned, the annual fee calculation must be based on the emissions limit applicable during actual

hours of operation.

For any source whose allowable emission limitation is specified by permit per units of material input or heat input or product output, the applicable input or production amount may be used to calculate the allowable emissions if the owner or operator of the source documents the actual input or production amount. If the input or production amount is not documented, the maximum allowable input or production amount specified in the permit must be used to calculate the allowable emis-

For any new source that does not receive its first operation permit until after the beginning of a calendar year, the annual fee for the year must be reduced pro rate to reflect the period during which the source was

not allowed to operate.

5. For any source that emits less of any equiated air pollutant than allowed by permit condition, the annual fee calculation for such pollutant must be based upon actual emissions rather than allowable emissions if the owner or operator documents the source's actual emissions by means of data from a department-approved certified continuous emissions monitor or from an emissions monitoring method which has been approved by the United States Environmental Protection Agency under the regulations implementing 42 U.S.C. s. 7651 et seq., or from a method approved by the department for purposes of this section.

6. The amount of each regulated air pollutant in excess of 4,000 tons per year allowed to be emitted by any source, or group of sources belonging to the same Major Group as described in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987, may not be included in the calculation of the fee. Any source, or group of sources which does not emit any regulated air poliutant in excess of 4,000 tons per year, is allowed a one-time credit not to exceed 25 percent of the first annual licensing fee for the prorated portion of existing air-operation permit

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application fees remaining upon commencement of the annual licensing fees.

if the department has not received the fee by February 15 of the calendar year, the permittee must be sent a written warning of the consequences for failing to pay the fee by March 1. If the department has not received the fee by March 1 of the calendar year, the department shall impose, in addition to the fee, a penalty of 50 percent of the amount of the fee, plus interest on such amount computed in accordance with s. 220.807. The department may revoke any major air pollution source operation permit if it finds that the permit holder has failed to timely pay any required annual operation license fee, penalty, or interest.

During the years 1993 through 1999, inclusive, no fee shall be required to be paid under this section with respect to emissions from any unit which is an affected

unit under 42 U.S.C. s. 7651c.

Notwithstanding the computational provisions of this subsection, the annual operation license fee for any source subject to this section shall not be less than \$250.

(b) Annual operation license fees collected by the department must be sufficient to cover all reasonable direct and indirect costs required to develop and administer the major stationary source air-operation permit program, which shall consist of the following elements to the extent that they are reasonably related to the regulation of major stationary air pollution sources, in accordance with United States Environmental Protection Agency regulations and guidelines:

Reviewing and acting upon any application for

such a permit.

. 3.01.

implementing and enforcing the terms and conditions of any such permit, excluding court costs or other costs associated with any enforcement action.

Emissions and ambient monitoring.

Preparing generally applicable regulations or 4 guidance

Modeling, analyses, and demonstrations.

Preparing inventories and tracking emissions.

Implementing the Small Business Stationary Source Technical and Environmental Compliance Assistance Program

The study conducted under subparagraph (a)? and any audits conducted under paragraph (c).

(c) An audit of the major stationary source airoperation permit program must be conducted 2 years after the United States Environmental Protection Agency has given full approval of the program, or by the end of 1996, whichever comes later, to ascertain whether the annual operation license fees collected by the department are used solely to support any reasonable direct and indirect costs as listed in paragraph (b). A program audit must be performed biennially after the first audit

(12) Permits issued under this section must allow changes within a permitted facility without requiring a permit revision, if the changes are not physical changes in, or changes in the method of operation of, the facility which increase the amount of any air pollutant emitted by the facility or which result in the emission of any air pollutant not previously emitted by the facility, and the

changes do not exceed the emissions allowable under the permit (whether expressed therein as a rate of emissions or in terms of total emissions), provided that the facility provides the administrator and the department with 30 days' written, advance notice of the proposed changes. The department shall adopt rules implementing this flexibility requirement.

(13) in order to ensure statewide consistency in the implementation of the national Acid Deposition Control Allowance Transfer System, a department district office or local pollution control program may not issue or administer permits under this section for any electrical power plant or any source that participates in the allow-

ance transfer system.

(14) In order to ansure statewide consistency in the permitting of major sources, a local pollution control program may not issue permits under this section for sources that belong to Major Group 26, Paper and Allied Products; for sources that belong to Major Group 28. Chemicals and Allied Products; or for sources that belong to Industry Number 2051, Cane Sugar, Except Refining, as defined in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987. This subsection expires July 1, 1997.

(15) Any permittee that operates in compliance with an air-operation permit issued under this section is deemed to be in compliance with applicable permit requirements of the Clean Air Act and all implementing state, local, and lederal air pollution control regulations and all provisions of this chapter, relating to air pollution. and regulations adopted thereunder.

(16) The department shall adopt a rule to provide for a procedure for notice to the appropriate approved local pollution control programs, pursuant to s. 403 182 of any draft permits, amended draft permits, or final permits issued by the department.

(17) The administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency may intervene as a matter of right in any administrative or judicial proceeding relating to an operation permit for a major source of air pollution

required under this section. Mastery.-- 1 3 ch 92-132 1 2 ch 93-94

403.0873 Florida Air-Operation License Fee Account.-The 'Florida Air-Operation License Fee Account" is established as a nonlapsing account within the *Department of Environmental Regulation's Air Poliction Control Trust Fund. All license fees paid pursuant to s 403.0872(10) shall be deposited in such account and must be used solely by the department and approved local programs under the advice and consent of the Legislature to pay the direct and indirect costs required to develop and administer the major stationary source air-operation permit program. Any approved local pollution control program that accepts funds from the department as reimbursement for services if performs in the implementation of the major source airoperation permit program is prohibited from collecting additional fees attributable to such services from any source permitted under s 403.0872

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STATE OF MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

JAMES I. PALMER, IR. EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

April 18, 1994

RECEIVED

APR 2 1 1994

ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Mr. Richard S. Semmes, CHNM, REP Senior Environmental Specialist Mississippi Power Company P.O. Box 4079 Gulfport, MS 39502-4079

Dear Mr. Semmes:

We have reviewed the additional information that you submitted regarding the closure/post-closure plan of the fly ash pond for Mississippi Power Company's Plant Daniel in Jackson County. Based on the information submitted, we do not intend to object to the proposed closure activity. Furthermore, although we recognize that the proposed permeability of 1 x 10 cm/sec for this final cover is lower than the required permeability of 1 x 10. cm/sec, based on the existing conditions at the site, we are encouraging Mississippi Power Company to attempt to attain a permeability of 1 x 10. cm/sec, where possible, to help further prevent infiltration of water through the final cover.

Also, due to past studies by EPA regarding the potential for unlined fly ash facilities to leach contaminants into groundwater and the groundwater analytical data of 1991 for the Plant Daniel facility, our office is requesting that Mississippi Power Company amend its closure/post-closure plan at its fly ash pond at Plant Daniel to include monitoring, at a inimum, for the following parameters, on an annual basis for the 5-year jost-closure period:

> Chromium (Cr). Selenium (Se) Antimony (Sb) Arsenic (Ar) Cobalt (Co) -Silver (Ag) Copper (Cu) Thallium (T1) Barium (Ba) Beryllium (Be) Vanadium (V) Lead (Pb) Nickel (Ni) Cadmium (Cd) Zinc (Zn)

Should you have any questions or comments concerning this matter, contact our office at 961-5171.

Sincerely,

Marc Wyatt | Environmental Engineer | Special Wastes Section |

the parties of the property of the property of the con-OFFICE OF POLLUTION CONTROL, P. O. BOX 10385, JACKSON, MS 39289-0385, 1601) 967-5171

Docket No. 950007-EI Exhibit No. ___(JOV-2) Schedule 5 Page 2 of 2



STATE OF MISSISSIPPI

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

JAMES I. PALMER, JR. EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

June 13, 1994

RECEIVED.

. . . .

Mr. Richard S. Sammes, CHMM, REP Senior Environmental Specialist Mississippi Power Company P.O. Box 4079 Gulfport, MS 39502-4079

Dear Mr. Semmes:

We have reviewed the additional information that you submitted to our office regarding the closure/post-closure plan of the fly ash pond for Mississippi Power Company's Plant Daniel in Jackson County. The purpose of this letter is to inform you that based on the information submitted, our office does not intend to object to the proposed closure activity. Should you have any questions or comments concerning this matter, contact our office at 961-5171.

Sincerely,

Marc Wyatt

Marie Control

Environmental Engineer Special Waste Section

MWY: yb