1	I		
1	FLOR	BEFORE THE	
2	FLOR	TIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION	
3	In the M	: atter of : DOCKET NO. 971140	-TP
4	,	Communications of :	
5	1	ons Corporation and:	
6	Services, Inc. t		4
7	BellSouth Teleco		
8		s for combinations:	
9	Telecommunication		
10	pursuant to thei	r agreement :	F
11			
12		VOLUME 1	
}		Pages 1 through 133	
13			
14	PROCEEDINGS:	HEARING	
15	BEFORE:	CHAIRMAN JULIA L. JOHNSON COMMISSIONER J. TERRY DEASON	
16		COMMISSIONER SUSAN F. CLARK COMMISSIONER JOE GARCIA	
17		COMMISSIONER E. LEON JACOBS, JR.	
18	DATE:	Monday, March 9, 1998	
19	TIME:	Commenced at 12:10 p.m.	
20	PLACE:	Betty Easley Conference Center Room 148	
21		4075 Esplanade Way	
22		Tallahassee, Florida	ATE
23	REPORTED BY:	JOY KELLY, CSR, RPR Chief, Bureau of Reporting	DOCUMENT NUMBER-DATE
24		H. RUTHE POTAMI, CSR, RPR Official Commission Reporters	
			R
25			CUM
ı	। म	TORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION	90

APPEARANCES:

NANCY B. WHITE, c/o Nancy Sims, 150 South
Monroe Street, Suite 400, Tallahassee, Florida 32301,
and BENNETT ROSS, 675 West Peachtree Street, Suite
4300, Atlanta, Georgia 30375, appearing on behalf of
BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.

TRACY HATCH and MARSHA RULE, 101 North

Monroe Street, Suite 700, Tallahassee, Florida

32301-1549, and THOMAS A. LEMMER, McKenna & Cuneo, 370

17th Street, Denver, Colorado, appearing on behalf of

AT&T Communications of the Southern States, Inc.

RICHARD D. MELSON, Hopping Green Sams and Smith, Post Office Box 6526, Tallahassee, Florida 32314, appearing on behalf of MCI Telecommunications, Inc. and MCI Metro Access Transmission Services, Inc.

THOMAS K. BOND, 780 Johnson Ferry Road,
Suite 700, Atlanta, Georgia 30342, appearing on behalf
of MCI Telecommunications Corporation.

CHARLIE PELLEGRINI, Florida Public Service Commission, Division of Legal Services, 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0870, appearing on behalf of the Commission Staff.

1		WITNESSES - VOLUME 1			
	MANA	WARRED VONOTES &		73.4E X	
2	NAME			PAGE N	iO.
3	CHIP	PARKER			
4		Direct Examination By Mr. Bond		9	
_		Prefiled Direct Testimony Inserted		12	
5		Prefiled Rebuttal Testimony Inserted Cross Examination By Mr. Ross		18 31	
6		Cross Examination By Mr. Ross		67	
Ĭ		Redirect Examination By Mr. Bond		75	
7		-			
	THOM	AS HYDE			
8		mi i mi institut De Mar Dand		80	
		Direct Examination By Mr. Bond Prefiled Direct Testimony Inserted		83	
9		Prefiled Rebuttal Testimony Inserted		95	
10		Cross Examination By Mr. Ross		105	
_		•			
11					
12					
13					
		EXHIBITS - VOLUME 1			
14				ADMTD.	
	NUMB:	5 13	111		
		EK.	ID.	ADMIL .	
15		ER.	ID.	ADMID.	
16					
	1	Official recognition list	8 8	79	
		Official recognition list	8	79	
16 17	1 2				
16	2	Official recognition list Staff CP-3	8	79	
16 17 18		Official recognition list	8 9 11	79 79	
16 17	2	Official recognition list Staff CP-3	8	79 79	
16 17 18	2	Official recognition list Staff CP-3 CP-1 and CP-2 Excerpts from agreements	8 9 11 79	79 79 78	
16 17 18 19 20	2	Official recognition list Staff CP-3 CP-1 and CP-2	8 9 11	79 79	
16 17 18 19	2 3 4 5	Official recognition list Staff CP-3 CP-1 and CP-2 Excerpts from agreements TAH-1 through TAH-4	8 9 11 79	79 79 78	
16 17 18 19 20 21	3	Official recognition list Staff CP-3 CP-1 and CP-2 Excerpts from agreements	8 9 11 79 81	79 79 78	
16 17 18 19 20	2 3 4 5	Official recognition list Staff CP-3 CP-1 and CP-2 Excerpts from agreements TAH-1 through TAH-4	8 9 11 79 81	79 79 78	
16 17 18 19 20 21	2 3 4 5	Official recognition list Staff CP-3 CP-1 and CP-2 Excerpts from agreements TAH-1 through TAH-4	8 9 11 79 81	79 79 78	
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	2 3 4 5	Official recognition list Staff CP-3 CP-1 and CP-2 Excerpts from agreements TAH-1 through TAH-4	8 9 11 79 81	79 79 78	
16 17 18 19 20 21	2 3 4 5	Official recognition list Staff CP-3 CP-1 and CP-2 Excerpts from agreements TAH-1 through TAH-4	8 9 11 79 81	79 79 78	
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	2 3 4 5	Official recognition list Staff CP-3 CP-1 and CP-2 Excerpts from agreements TAH-1 through TAH-4	8 9 11 79 81	79 79 78	
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	2 3 4 5	Official recognition list Staff CP-3 CP-1 and CP-2 Excerpts from agreements TAH-1 through TAH-4	8 9 11 79 81	79 79 78	

PROCEEDINGS

2

3

5

6

7

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

(Hearing convened at 12:10 p.m.)

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: We're going to go on the Counsel, would you read the notice? record.

MR. PELLEGRINI: Pursuant to notice dated February 20, 1998, this time and place have been set for a public hearing in Docket No. 971140-TP concerning the motions of AT&T and MCI to compel BellSouth's compliance with the Commission's arbitration orders and MCI's petition to set nonrecurring charges for network element combinations.

> CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Take appearances.

MS. WHITE: Nancy White and Bennett Ross for BellSouth Telecommunications.

MR. MELSON: Richard Melson of Hopping Green Sams and Smith for MCI.

MR. BOND: Tom Bond on behalf of MCI.

MR. HATCH: Tracy Hatch and Marsha Rule on behalf of AT&T. Also appearing with me will be Thomas Lemmer from the law firm of McKenna & Cuneo, 370 17th Street, Denver, Colorado. I would request that Mr. Lemmer be admitted for practice for purposes of this proceeding. He is a member of the D.C. Bar as well as the Colorado bar and has also appeared before this Commission previously.

1 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. That will be 2 approved. 3 MR. PELLEGRINI: Charles Pellegrini appearing on behalf of Public Service Commission's 4 Staff, 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, 32399. 5 6 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Counsel, any preliminary 7 matters? 8 MS. WHITE: Yes, ma'am, we have one. 9 Ms. Caldwell's father had a stroke yesterday, so she 10 is not going to be available today. We will try to 11 make her available for rescheduling, but from what I understand, you all are talking about this week, and I 12 13 just don't know if she'll be available this week. I've spoken with the other parties and with Staff, and 14 15 we were thinking that if we got close enough to think we were going to get done today, we might be able to 16 17 stipulate her. CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. Any other 18 19 preliminary matters? MR. PELLEGRINI: The only comment I would 20 21 make, Chairman Johnson, is that there appear to be even some technical problems with continuing later 22 23 this week, so we really need to talk about this further, perhaps at a break. 24

With who?

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON:

1 MR. PELLEGRINI: Pardon? 2 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Who has problems? We do 3 here? 4 MR. PELLEGRINI: Yes, yes. Apparently we have people coming in to work, FSU people coming in to 5 work on some part of the system those several days. 6 7 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: We can work that out. 8 We'll be okay. 9 MR. PELLEGRINI: Okay. CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: But thank you for noting 10 11 Any other preliminary matters? 12 MR. HATCH: Just one, Commissioner Johnson. AT&T had spoken with BellSouth, and since this is 13 14 pretty much a contract case, we had agreed for purposes of the record -- well, the testimony deals 15 with various portions of the AT&T/BellSouth 16 interconnection agreement, but for purposes of the 17 record, we had agreed to stipulate a full copy of the 18 entire agreement into the record, and I've provided 19 the folks copies of that if they needed it. 20 21 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Hatch? 22 MR. HATCH: Yes, ma'am. CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: You said the document 23 will be stipulated, and it will be -- do we need to 24

make it an exhibit, or how should we handle that?

1 MR. HATCH: I would expect that you would mark it with an exhibit number just for record 2 purposes, but there would -- avoid passing out the 3 copies and going through the identification, and 4 5 BellSouth doesn't disagree with that. They think that's fine. 6 7 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. Then at the 8 appropriate time we'll handle that. MR. PELLEGRINI: If it helps, Chairman 10 Johnson, I was prepared to introduce that agreement in its entirety with Witness Eppsteiner, and I can 11 continue. 12 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. That will work quite well. Any other preliminary matters? response.) 15 Did we have a provision for opening statements? Not in this case? Okay. 17 Are the witnesses here that are going to participate today? If you could stand and raise your 19 right hand, I'll swear you in at this time. 20 (Witnesses collectively sworn.) COMMISSIONER CLARK: Madam Chairman, I'm not

9

13

14

16

18

21

22

23

24

25

sure if it's been brought to your attention, but I think the order of witnesses will be that direct and rebuttal will go on at the same time, but there are

rebuttal witnesses who are MCI and AT&T -- I'm not sure -- that are rebuttal only, and they go at the 2 3 end. 4 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. Thank you. 5 MR. PELLEGRINI: They are Mr. Martinez and 6 Mr. Falcone. 7 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you. I think then 8 we're ready for Mr. Parker. 9 MR. BOND: MCI would call Chip Parker. 10 MR. MELSON: Chairman Johnson, before Mr. Parker starts, was Staff going to ask for official 11 recognition? 12 13 MR. PELLEGRINI: Thank you, Mr. Melson. 14 this time, Chairman Johnson, I would ask that Staff's official recognition list be marked as Exhibit No. 1. 15 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: It will be marked as 16 Exhibit 1, short titled "Staff Official Recognition 17 List." 18 (Exhibit 1 marked for identification.) 19 20 MR. PELLEGRINI: And I would also ask that Staff's exhibit identified as CP-3 be marked for 21 identification purposes at this time. 22 It consists of 23 the March 2nd, 1998 deposition transcript of Mr. Parker. 24 25 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: We'll mark that

Exhibit 2, Staff CP-3. Is that it? (Exhibit 2 marked for identification.) 2 3 MR. PELLEGRINI: Yes. CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: And I've marked the Staff 4 official recognition list as Exhibit 1, and I will 5 take official recognition of the orders that are 6 referred to in that exhibit. 7 8 9 CHIP PARKER was called as a witness on behalf of MCIm 10 Telecommunications, Inc. and MCI Metro Access 11 Transmission Services and, having been duly sworn, 12 testified as follows: 13 14 DIRECT EXAMINATION 15 BY MR. BOND: Could you please state your name? 16 Q Chip Parker. 17 A And what is your business address? 18 Q 2520 Northwinds Parkway, Alpharetta, Georgia 19 30004. 20 By whom are you employed and in what 21 Q capacity? 22 I'm employed by MCI Communications 23 24 | Corporation as associate commercial counsel. 25 And did you cause to be filed eight pages of Q

prefiled direct testimony in this matter? 2 A Yes. Do you have any changes or corrections you'd 3 4 like to make to that testimony? 5 A No, I do not. 6 If I was to ask you the same questions today that appear in your prefiled testimony, would your 7 answers be the same? 8 9 A Yes. 10 MR. BOND: Madam Chairman, I'd like to ask that Mr. Parker's prefiled direct testimony be 11 inserted into the record as though read. 12 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: It will be so inserted. 13 (By Mr. Bond) Mr. Parker, did you cause to 14 be filed six pages of prefiled rebuttal testimony in 15 this matter? 16 Yes. A 17 Do you have any changes or corrections you'd 18 Q like to make to that testimony? 19 No, I do not. 20 A If I was to ask you the same questions today 21 Q that appear in your prefiled testimony, would your 22 23 answers be the same? 24 A Yes. 25 MR. BOND: Madam Chairman, I'd like to ask

that Mr. Parker's prefiled rebuttal testimony be inserted into the record as though read. 2 3 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: It will be so inserted. 4 Q (By Mr. Bond) Mr. Parker, attached to your 5 prefiled rebuttal testimony, did you have two 6 exhibits? 7 A Yes. 8 Q And are those true and correct? 9 Yes. MR. BOND: I'd like to ask that those two 10 11 exhibits be marked for identification. 12 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Would you like for those to be marked as a composite exhibit or separately? 13 14 MR. BOND: Composite exhibit would be fine. 15 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: We'll mark those as Composite Exhibit 3, short titled MCI CP-1 and 2. 16 17 (Exhibit 3 marked for identification.) 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

1		MCI TELECOMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION AND
2		MCImetro ACCESS TRANSMISSION SERVICES, INC.
3		REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF CHIP PARKER
4		BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
5		DOCKET NO. 971140-TP
6		FEBRUARY 20, 1998
7		
8	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
9	A.	My name is Chip Parker. My business address is 2520 Northwinds Parkway, 5th Floor,
10		Alpharetta, Georgia 30004.
11		
12	Q.	ARE YOU THE SAME CHIP PARKER THAT FILED DIRECT TESTIMONY IN
13		THIS MATTER?
14	A.	Yes.
15		
16		I. Purpose of Rebuttal Testimony
17		
18	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
19	A.	The purpose of my rebuttal testimony is to respond to portions of the direct testimony of
20		BellSouth witnesses Jerry Hendrix and Alphonso J. Varner. In my testimony, I explain
21		how these witnesses skipped the critical step in contract interpretation - determining
22		what is required by the plain language of the contract. It is not necessary for the
23		Commission to look beyond the clear language in the Agreement and BellSouth has failed
24		to identify any ambiguity in the MCI/BellSouth Interconnection Agreement. Ron
25		Martinez is also filing rebuttal testimony on behalf of MCI. Mr. Martinez, who

1		negotiated the MCI/BellSouth Interconnection Agreement on behalf of MCI, addresses
2		claims made by Mr. Hendrix and Mr. Varner regarding the negotiation process.
3		
4	Q.	HAVE YOU ATTACHED ANY EXHIBITS TO YOUR REBUTTAL
5		TESTIMONY?
6	A.	Yes. I have attached the MCI/BellSouth Interconnection Agreement to the original copy
7		of my testimony as Exhibit 3 (CP-1). Because of the voluminous nature of this
8		document, I have not attached this exhibit to the additional copies of my testimony. I
9		have attached as Exhibit 3 (CP-2) copies of relevant pages of the Interconnection
10		Agreement.
11		
12		II. MCI/BellSouth Interconnection Agreement
13		
14	Q.	HAVE YOU REVIEWED THE DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JERRY HENDRIX
15		AND ALPHONSO J. VARNER FILED BY BELLSOUTH IN THIS MATTER?
16	A.	Yes.
17		
18	Q.	YOU STATED THAT THESE WITNESSES SKIPPED THE MOST
19		IMPORTANT STEP IN CONTRACT INTERPRETATION. COULD YOU
20		EXPLAIN WHAT THAT IS?
21	A.	Yes. The first step, and the most important one, which should be used in contract
22		interpretation is to look at the language in the contract itself. If that language is clear and
23		unambiguous, there is no reason to look outside the contract. In other words, unless the
24		terms of the contract are ambiguous, it is inappropriate to rely on extraneous material to
25		attempt to derive the "meaning" of the contract - particularly if that meaning is

1		inconsistent with the terms of the contract.
2		
3		Indeed, the MCI/BellSouth Interconnection Agreement (the "Agreement") itself provides
4		as follows:
5		Section 31. Entire Agreement. This Agreement, including all Parts and
6		Attachments and subordinate documents attached hereto or referenced
7		herein, all of which are incorporated by reference herein, constitute the
8		entire matter thereof, and supersede all prior oral or written agreements,
9		representations, statements, negotiations, understandings, proposals, and
10		undertakings with respect to the subject matter thereof.
11		Section 31, Part A, General Terms.
12		
13	Q.	WHY DO YOU STATE THAT MR. HENDRIX AND MR. VARNER SKIPPED
14		THIS CRITICAL STEP?
15	A.	In his Direct testimony at page 2, lines 21 to 24, Mr. Hendrix acknowledges that
16		BellSouth is currently bound by the combination provisions in the Agreement. Similarly,
17		Mr. Varner, at page 4, lines 11 to 19 of his direct testimony, recognizes that these
18		provisions are still in effect. Rather than then proceeding to review the pricing provisions
19		contained in the Agreement and attempting to demonstrate how they do not apply to
20		certain types of combinations, BellSouth's witnesses attempt to gloss over, or completely
21		ignore, the terms of the Agreement. Of course, since the language in the Agreement is
22		clear, I am not surprised that BellSouth has chosen such a strategy.
23		
24		For example, while Mr. Hendrix states that the purpose of his testimony is to discuss the
25		issues relative to the contractual obligations contained in the Agreement, amazingly he

never even mentions Section 8 of Attachment 1. This section states that when UNEs are combined, the stand alone rates may lead to duplicate charges. Therefore, BellSouth is required to provide combinations at rates which do not include the duplicate charges or charges for services not needed. Since this provision clearly makes no distinction between different types of combinations, Mr. Hendrix apparently just decided to ignore it.

Q.

A.

ON PAGE 3, LINES 6 TO 8, MR. HENDRIX STATES THAT "REQUESTS FOR A MIGRATION OR A 'SWITCH-AS-IS' SHOULD BE TREATED AS RESALE."

HOW DO YOU RESPOND?

This is exactly what I was referring to above when I said that BellSouth's witnesses simply ignored the terms of the Agreement in their testimony. Of course, Mr. Hendrix can cite to nothing in the Agreement to support this position. Not only does he ignore Section 8 of Attachment 1, he also ignores Section 2.2.2 of Attachment 8 which recognizes migration to UNEs as being distinct from migration to resale. On page 19, lines 13 to 18, Mr. Varner also uses a definition of migration which simply ignores the use of the term in the Agreement.

Mr. Varner similarly ignores the terms of the Agreement when he states on page 9, lines 18 to 21, of his direct testimony: "BellSouth's position is that, until the current contracts are revised, when BellSouth provisions combinations of UNEs that recreate existing BellSouth retail services, the price to the ALEC will be the retail price of that service minus the applicable wholesale discount." Mr. Varner is equally unable to cite to any provision in the Agreement to support this position.

1		The Agreement provides that MCI may use combinations of network elements to provide
2		"any feature, function, capability, or service option that such Network Element(s) is
3		capable of providing." Section 2.3, Attachment III (Emphasis added). It provides that
4		MCI may use such combinations "to provide Telecommunications Services to its
5		subscribers" Section 2.4, Attachment III. As I stated in my direct testimony, the
6		Agreement provides pricing for combinations of UNEs. These pricing provisions make
7		no distinction between different types of combinations. The charges for UNE
8		combinations are to be derived by removing the duplicate charges contained in the stand
9		alone UNE rates. Section 8, Attachment 1. Obviously, this is a fundamentally different
10		methodology than the avoided cost standard for resale. There is no ambiguity in the
11		Agreement.
12		
13	Q.	MR. HENDRIX STATES ON PAGE 7, LINE 6, THAT SECTION 2.6 OF
14		ATTACHMENT 3 DOES NOT SET PRICES FOR COMBINATIONS. HOW DO
15		YOU RESPOND?
16	A.	First, I think it is interesting that while Mr. Hendrix states that this provision does not se
17		prices for combinations, he never attempts to give any explanation of what he thinks it
18		does mean. Section 2.6 of Attachment III provides:
19		•
20		With respect to Network Elements charges in Attachment I are inclusive and
21		no other charges apply, including but not limited to any other consideration for
22		connecting any Network Element(s) with other Network Element(s).
23		
24		Clearly, this section prohibits BellSouth from attempting to charge any type of glue
		Clourly, this section promotes Bondouth from attempting to charge any type of grac
25		charge when elements are combined. More importantly, it makes clear that the network

		1 7
1		element charges in Attachment I are the only thing which BellSouth may charge MCI
2		even when those elements are combined with other Network Elements. When read in
3		conjunction with Section 8 of Attachment 1, it is clear the sum of the stand alone UNE
4		rates in Attachment 1 form the ceiling - the maximum rate which BellSouth can charge -
5		when such elements are ordered in combination.
6		
7	Q.	ON PAGE 5, LINE 20 TO 25, MR. VARNER STATES THAT IT IS NOT
8		BELLSOUTH'S POLICY TO PROVIDE COMBINATIONS OF UNEs TO ALECS
9		AT UNE PRICES. HOW DO YOU RESPOND?
10	A.	BellSouth's witnesses devote a considerable portion of their testimony discussing
11		BellSouth's general positions on issues such as combinations of UNEs. It is my
12		understanding that this is not a generic docket. The purpose of this proceeding is to
13		determine what the MCI/BellSouth Agreement requires BellSouth to do. BellSouth's
l 4		general policies are irrelevant. The parties and the Commission spent considerable time
15		and resources arbitrating and negotiating the Agreement. The Agreement is now in place
16		and should be enforced.
17		
18	Q.	DOES THAT CONCLUDE YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
19	A.	Yes.
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

1		MCI TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC.
2		DIRECT TESTIMONY OF CHIP PARKER
3		BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
4		DOCKET NO. 971140-TP
5		JANUARY 29, 1998
6		
7		I. Qualifications
8		
9	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS, AND EMPLOYMENT.
10	A.	My name is Chip Parker. I am employed by MCI Telecommunications Corporation
11		("MCI"). My business address is: MCI Telecommunications Corporation, 2520
12		Northwinds Parkway, 5th Floor, Alpharetta, GA 30004.
13		
14	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR BACKGROUND AND QUALIFICATIONS.
15	A.	I hold a bachelor's degree in economics and a juris doctorate from Mercer
16		University. I am admitted to practice law in the state of Georgia. I have worked
17		with MCI for three years. I began with MCI supporting the MCI State
18		Government and University Market group. I currently work with MCI Southern
19		Financial Operations supporting interconnection efforts with BellSouth.
20		
21		II. Purpose of Testimony
22		
23	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
24	A.	The purpose of my testimony is to explain how the MCI/BellSouth Interconnection
25		Agreement ("the Agreement") directly, expressly, and unambiguously decides most of the

issues in this case. The Agreement specifically gives MCI the right to order UNE
combinations and specifically obligates BellSouth to provide such combinations. The
Agreement prohibits BellSouth from disconnecting elements ordered in combination and
prohibits BellSouth from charging a glue charge for combining elements. The Agreement
specifies how the prices for combinations of UNEs are determined - the price for UNE
combinations is the price of the individual UNEs minus duplicate charges and charges for
service not needed. The Agreement makes no distinction between different types of
combinations for purposes of this pricing. Finally, the Agreement specifically requires
BellSouth to provide usage data to MCI.
III. MCI/BellSouth Interconnection Agreement
DOES THE AGREEMENT REQUIRE BELLSOUTH TO PROVIDE UNE
DOES THE AGREEMENT REQUIRE BELLSOUTH TO PROVIDE UNE COMBINATIONS TO MCI?
COMBINATIONS TO MCI?
COMBINATIONS TO MCI? Yes. Section 2.4 of Attachment III of the MCI/BellSouth Interconnection Agreement
COMBINATIONS TO MCI? Yes. Section 2.4 of Attachment III of the MCI/BellSouth Interconnection Agreement clearly states that:
Yes. Section 2.4 of Attachment III of the MCI/BellSouth Interconnection Agreement clearly states that: BellSouth shall offer each Network Element individually and in
Yes. Section 2.4 of Attachment III of the MCI/BellSouth Interconnection Agreement clearly states that: BellSouth shall offer each Network Element individually and in combination with any other Network Element or Network Elements in
Yes. Section 2.4 of Attachment III of the MCI/BellSouth Interconnection Agreement clearly states that: BellSouth shall offer each Network Element individually and in combination with any other Network Element or Network Elements in order to permit MCIm to provide Telecommunications Services to its
Yes. Section 2.4 of Attachment III of the MCI/BellSouth Interconnection Agreement clearly states that: BellSouth shall offer each Network Element individually and in combination with any other Network Element or Network Elements in order to permit MCIm to provide Telecommunications Services to its subscribers.
Yes. Section 2.4 of Attachment III of the MCI/BellSouth Interconnection Agreement clearly states that: BellSouth shall offer each Network Element individually and in combination with any other Network Element or Network Elements in order to permit MCIm to provide Telecommunications Services to its subscribers. Section 2.2.15.1 of Attachment VIII provides:

Q.

A.

by BellSouth unless MCIm specifies that the Network Elements ordered in

1		combination be provisioned separately.
2	Q.	DOES THE AGREEMENT PERMIT BELLSOUTH TO DISCONNECT
3		CURRENTLY COMBINED ELEMENTS WHEN MCI ORDERS THOSE
4		ELEMENTS IN COMBINATION?
5	A.	No. Section 2.2.15.3 of Attachment VIII provides:
6		When MCIm orders Network Elements or Combinations that are currently
7		interconnected and functional, Network Elements and Combinations shall
8		remain connected and functional without any disconnection or disruption
9		of functionality.
10		The Agreement clearly recognizes that MCIm may migrate existing BellSouth customers
11		to MCIm to be served through unbundled Network Elements reusing existing BellSouth
12		facilities. Section 2.2.2.3 of Attachment VIII.
13		
14	Q.	BUT DOESN'T THE EIGHTH CIRCUIT'S DECISION SAY THAT
15		BELLSOUTH IS NOT REQUIRED TO PROVIDE UNES ON A COMBINED
16		BASIS, EVEN IF THEY WERE COMBINED IN BELLSOUTH'S NETWORK
17		BEFORE THEY WERE ORDERED BY MCI?
18	A.	The Eighth Circuit did vacate the FCC Rule which required BellSouth to do the
19		combining. However, that decision does not automatically invalidate contractual
20		provisions, such as those in the MCI/BellSouth Interconnection Agreement. I understand
21		that BellSouth does not dispute that, at least at the present time, it is contractually
22		obligated to provide UNEs in combination when they are ordered by MCI.
23		
24	Q.	DOES THE AGREEMENT SPECIFY HOW THE PRICE FOR UNE
2.5		COMBINATIONS WILL BE DETERMINED?

1	A.	Yes it does. Attachment 1 of the Agreement sets forth the prices for UNEs. Section 8 of
2		Attachment 1 provides:
3		The recurring and non-recurring prices for Unbundled Network Elements
4		(UNEs) in Table 1 of this Attachment are appropriate for UNEs on an
5		individual, stand-alone basis. When two or more network elements are
6		combined, these prices may lead to duplicate charges. BellSouth shall
7		provide recurring and non-recurring charges that do not include duplicate
8		charges for functions or activities that MCIm does not need when two or
9		more network elements are combined in a single order. MCIm and
10		BellSouth shall work together to establish recurring and nonrecurring
11		charges in situations where MCIm is ordering multiple network elements.
12		Where the parties cannot agree to these charges, either party may petition
13		the Florida Public Service Commission to settle the disputed charge or
14		charges.
15		Table 1 of Attachment 1 sets forth the recurring and non-recurring rates for network
16		elements. If MCI bought a UNE combination today, the rate would be the sum of the
17		rates of the elements which compose that combination. The contract recognizes,
18		however, that this could cause MCI to pay duplicate charges and charges for services not
19		needed. Therefore, the contract creates a mechanism of negotiation and, if necessary,
20		petition to the Commission for removal of these unnecessary charges. As I discuss later,
21		MCI has petitioned the Commission to set the non-recurring charges (NRCs) for four
22		specific loop-port combinations.
23		
24	Q.	DOES THE AGREEMENT AUTHORIZE BELLSOUTH TO CHARGE A "GLUE
25		CHARGE" TO MCI WHEN MCI ORDERS ELEMENTS IN COMBINATION?

1	A.	No. First, Section 2.2.15.3 of Attachment VIII of the MCI/BellSouth Interconnection
2		Agreement specifically prohibits BellSouth from pulling elements apart when MCI orde
3		them:
4		When MCIm orders Network Elements or Combinations that are
5		currently interconnected and functional, Network Elements and
6		Combinations shall remain connected and functional without any
7		disconnection or disruption of functionality.
8		
9		Obviously, there is no need to glue elements that are already connected. In any event,
10		Section 2.6 of Attachment III of the Agreement specifically prohibits such charges:
11		With respect to Network Elements charges in Attachment I are
12		inclusive and no other charges apply, including but not limited to
13		any other consideration for connecting any Network Element(s)
14		with other Network Element(s).
15		
16	Q.	HAS MCI ATTEMPTED TO NEGOTIATE WITH BELLSOUTH THE
17		NONRECURRING CHARGES FOR ANY UNE COMBINATIONS?
18	A.	Yes. MCI has requested NRCs for the following combinations of UNEs:
19		1) 2-Wire analog loop and port for migration of an existing customer;
20		2) 2-Wire IDSN loop and port for migration of an existing customer;
21		3) 4-Wire analog loop and port for migration of an existing customer; and,
22		4) 4-Wire DS1 and port for migration of an existing customer;
23		Such negotiations were unsuccessful, therefore MCI petitioned the Commission to set
24		NRCs for these combinations.
25		

1	Q.	WHAT DOES THE PHRASE "FOR MIGRATION OF AN
2		EXISTING CUSTOMER" MEAN IN THIS CONTEXT?
3	A.	"Migration of an existing customer" simply means the situation in which a
4		customer who obtains service from BellSouth today chooses MCI to be
5		his local service provider. In that situation, MCI could elect to serve the
6		customer in a number of ways, including "migrating" the customer to
7		service through resale of BellSouth's retail service or "migrating" the
8		customer to service through the use of a loop/port combination purchased
9		from BellSouth. See Section 2.2.2 of Attachment VIII.
10		
11	Q.	UNDER THE AGREEMENT, HOW SHOULD THE NRCs FOR THESE
12		COMBINATIONS BE DETERMINED?
13	A.	As explained above, any charges in the stand-alone UNE rates that are duplicative or
14		unnecessary when the elements are ordered as combined must be removed. For example,
15		under the Agreement BellSouth is required to provide these combinations to MCI
16		without disconnecting the loops from the ports. Therefore, any charges relating to
17		connecting or disconnecting the loop or the port must be removed since such activities
18		are unnecessary.
19		
20	Q.	HOW HAS BELLSOUTH BEEN TREATING MCI'S UNE COMBINATIONS IN
21		FLORIDA?
22	A.	MCI has ordered over 50 UNE loop/port combinations in Florida, and BellSouth has
23		been treating such orders as orders for resale. BellSouth has refused to provide such
24		elements at UNE rates, and instead has billed such combinations as resale.

1	Q.	IS THERE ANYTHING IN THE AGREEMENT WHICH AUTHORIZES BELLSOUTH
2		TO TREAT ANY ORDERS FOR COMBINATIONS OF UNES AS RESALE?
3	A.	No. In fact, such treatment is contrary to the express language of the Agreement. As
4		discussed above, the Agreement, in Section of 8 of Attachment 1, clearly specifies how
5		UNE combinations shall be priced. The contract makes no distinction between different
6		types of combinations. The Agreement gives only one pricing standard for UNE
7		combinations and creates no exceptions. All combinations are therefore subject to that
8		standard.
9		
10	Q.	WHAT ABOUT BELLSOUTH'S POSITION THAT "MIGRATION" CAN ONLY
11		TAKE PLACE THROUGH RESALE, NOT THROUGH THE PURCHASE OF
12		COMBINATIONS OF UNES?
13	A.	That position is contrary to the specific language of the Agreement. Section 2.2.2.3 of
14		Attachment VIII authorizes MCIm to migrate existing BellSouth customers to MCIm to
15		be served through unbundled Network Elements reusing existing BellSouth facilities. In
16		contrast, Sections 2.2.2.1 and 2.2.2.2 of Attachment VIII refer to migration for resale.
17		In light of these complementary provisions, it is clear that under the Agreement migration
18		to UNEs is not the same as migration to resale, and that MCI can choose which type of
19		migration to use for a particular customer.
20		
21	Q.	DOES THE AGREEMENT OBLIGATE BELLSOUTH TO PROVIDE
22		SWITCHED ACCESS USAGE DATA WHEN MCI PROVIDES SERVICE
23		USING UNBUNDLED LOCAL SWITCHING PURCHASED FROM
24		BELLSOUTH?

1	A.	Yes. Section 4.1.1.3 of Attachment VIII requires BellSouth to provide recorded usage
2		data on all completed calls. See Section 7.2.1.9 of Attachment III. The required usage
3		data is all inclusive, and would include the information on switched access usage that is
4		necessary for MCI to bill interexchange carriers for originating and terminating switched
5		access charges. It is my understanding that BellSouth has not been providing such data
6		to MCI for the UNE combination orders placed in Florida.
7		
8	Q.	DOES THAT CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
9	A.	Yes.
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		

Q (By Mr. Bond) Mr. Parker if you could give a summary of your testimony, and try to get a little bit closer to the mike.

WITNESS PARKER: Good morning,

Commissioners. My name is Chip Parker, and I'm a

commercial attorney with MCI. Most of the issues in

the case before you today involve a contract dispute

about the pricing of combinations of unbundled network

elements or UNEs. To decide these issues, you need to

determine what the contract requires.

This case is not about BellSouth's general policies; it is not about the 8th Circuit orders; and it is not even about what this Commission did or did not decide in its arbitration orders. After all, only a fraction of the provisions in the agreement were arbitrated. It's about what the contract requires.

The first rule of construction in a contract dispute is to look at the language in the contract itself, the four corners of the contract. If that language is clear and unambiguous, there is no reason to look outside the contract or to rely on extraneous material in construing the contract.

Let me give you a brief overview of MCI's case so you'll know what to expect. I am the four corners of the contract witness. I did not

participate in any of the contract negotiations, and I'm basing my testimony on the plain language of the contract. I show how that plain language decides the issues in this case.

First, as BellSouth concedes, the agreement gives MCI the right to order UNE combinations and specifically obligates BellSouth to provide such combinations.

Second, the agreement specifically prohibits
BellSouth from disconnecting elements ordered in
combination and prohibits BellSouth from charging a
glue charge for combining elements.

Third, the agreement specifically recognizes MCI's right to migrate existing BellSouth customers to MCI to be served by UNEs. When BellSouth argues that migration always equals resale, it simply ignores this contract provision.

Fourth, the agreement specifies how the prices for combinations of UNEs are determined. The price for UNE combinations is the sum of the prices of the individual UNEs minus duplicate charges and charges for service not needed. In other words, BellSouth should not charge MCI for work that BellSouth does not perform.

Fifth, for the purpose of this pricing, the

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

agreement makes no distinction between different types of combinations. The price for combinations is the same whether or not they allegedly recreate a BellSouth service.

Tom Hyde is the next MCI witness, and he takes the methodology set forth in the agreement and computes the NRCs that eliminate charges for duplicate services and services that are not needed when MCI orders existing loop/port combinations to serve existing BellSouth customers. That's our direct case.

In my rebuttal testimony, I point out that BellSouth's direct case ignores the contract language. Even though BellSouth concedes up front that they are currently bound by the terms of the agreement, they devote most of their testimony to discussing BellSouth's policy positions on combination and pricing issues.

It is my understanding that this is not a generic docket. It's a contract interpretation docket. BellSouth's general policies simply are not relevant to deciding what the contract says.

In MCI's rebuttal case, MCI has cosponsored the testimony of Joe Gillan who responds to a lot of the policy questions which have been raised by BellSouth, but it is MCI's position that these general

policy questions are not relevant to this case since all the issues are decided by the agreement.

MCI has filed rebuttal testimony of Mr. Ron Martinez, who is MCI's principal negotiator for this agreement. Mr. Martinez explains why the Commission's consideration of the agreement cannot end with the question of did we arbitrate this issue. BellSouth is bound not only by arbitrated provisions but also by negotiated ones. To rule otherwise, would render the negotiation process meaningless.

My prefiled testimony quotes extensively from the agreement. There are a few provisions I would like to specifically call to your attention.

The key provision is Section 2.6 of

Attachment 3, which is on the poster board behind me.

It reads: "With respect to network elements, charges in Attachment 1 are inclusive and no other charges apply, including but not limited to any other consideration for connecting any network elements with other network elements."

In other words, when MCI orders from

BellSouth a connected loop and port, BellSouth can

charge only for the individual UNE prices set forth in

Attachment 1.

As Mr. Martinez explains in his testimony,

this provision was not arbitrated, but was voluntarily agreed to.

Another key position is Section 8 of

Attachment 1. That section recognizes that when two
or more network elements are combined, the stand-alone
prices may lead to duplicate charges. This section
requires BellSouth to provide recurring and
nonrecurring charges that do not include duplicate
charges for functions or activities that MCIm does not
need when two or more network elements are combined in
a single order.

That's what Mr. Hyde does in his testimony. He develops nonrecurring rates for several specific UNE combinations that eliminate these duplicate charges.

Finally, Section 2.2.15.3 of Attachment 8 provides that when MCI orders network elements or combinations that are currently interconnected and functional, network elements and combinations shall remain connected and functional without any disconnection or disruption of functionality.

In other words, when MCI orders combinations of elements that are currently connected to each and serving a customer, BellSouth cannot rip those elements apart. Again, as Mr. Martinez will explain

in his testimony, BellSouth voluntarily agreed to this provision.

In conclusion, BellSouth has failed to show any ambiguity in the agreement. The agreement specifically recognizes the right of MCI to migrate existing BellSouth customers to MCI to be served by UNEs. The agreement prohibits BellSouth from ripping apart elements that are currently connected when ordered in combination, and the agreement specifies how the prices for those combinations are determined.

MCI asks that you give this contract its plain meaning and order BST to provide combinations of UNEs to MCI at UNE prices, not the resale prices advocated by BellSouth, which have absolutely no support in the language of the contract.

Thank you.

MR. BOND: Mr. Parker is available for cross-examination.

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. ROSS:

Q Bennett Ross on behalf of BellSouth,
Mr. Parker. I've got a few questions for you.

You mentioned in your summary that you were not involved in the negotiations leading up to the execution of the interconnection agreement; is that

correct? 1 That is correct. 2 So can I infer that you cannot speak as to 3 what the parties specifically intended in agreeing to 4 any particular provision of the contract? 5 No, I don't know the intent of the parties. 6 I just know what the four corners of the document 7 8 state. And you can't tell the Commission about the 9 Q circumstances leading up to any particular agreement on any provision in the contract? 11 I can only speak to what the contract 12 No. specifically says. 13 Now, as an attorney, is it your legal 14 Q opinion that this Commission cannot consider the 15 circumstances surrounding the formation of a contract 16 17 under Florida law in interpreting the parties' intent? 18 It's my legal opinion that it's unnecessary A because the contract is not ambiguous. If a contract is explicit and clear and there's no ambiguity, 20

- there's no reason to look beyond the four corners of the document.

 Q Are you licensed to practice law in Florida?
 - •
 - A No, I am not.

21

22

23

24

25

Q So you're not rendering a professional

opinion about what Florida contract law requires?

A No.

- Q Now, would you agree, Mr. Parker, that this interconnection agreement is not your typical commercial contract between a buyer and a seller?
- A That's a hard question for me to answer yes or no, because I think if you look at the telecommunications business and in my job where I deal with different carriers, interconnection agreements have become standard practice for me. But if it were to be deemed a commercial contract, I would not say it's comparable to a contract for delivery of fruit or other type of fungible goods.
- Q Well, let me ask it this way: You would agree that this contract reflects provisions that were voluntarily negotiated, provisions that were arbitrated, and some provisions that were, in fact, mandated by federal law; is that not correct?
 - A Yes.
- Q Now, I'm assuming that you're familiar with the FCC's August 8th interconnection order and subsequent review of that order by the 8th Circuit Court of Appeals.
 - A I have some familiarity, yes.
 - Q Have you read the FCC's interconnection

order and the 8th Circuit decisions on appeal of that order? 2 Yes. 3 Are you familiar with this Commission's 4 orders in the MCI arbitrations in Florida that have 5 been officially recognized by the Commission? 6 I'm familiar with them, although for -- I've 7 referred to Mr. Bond for counsel on those matters. 8 And I think you said in your summary that 9 0 this case is not about what the Commission did in the 10 11 arbitration. Do you mean to say by that that it's inappropriate for this Commission to consider the 12 arbitration proceedings in interpreting the 13 interconnection agreement between BellSouth and MCI? 14 I mean to that say that it's unnecessary 15 because the contract is plain and clear as to the 16 17 issues raised. Well, whether or not it's necessary, do you 18 believe it's inappropriate for the Commission to 19 consider its arbitration decisions in interpreting the 20 21 contract? 22 I'm not familiar enough with the rules impacting the Commission and how it decides an issue to answer that question. 25 And just so the record is clear, BellSouth Q

has acknowledged, for purposes of the interconnection agreement as it presently exists, that it is obligated to provide combination of unbundled network elements to MCI; is that correct?

A Yes.

Q And the dispute here and the reason we're here is the price that should apply when those combinations are purchased; is that correct?

A The price and the classification by BellSouth of our UNE combination orders as resale orders.

Q Well, by price, I mean either they're going to be cost-based rates or if BellSouth's position is accepted, a resale rate; correct?

A Yes.

Q Now, can we also agree that if the 8th Circuit's decision, which is presently under review by the Supreme Court, is upheld, that BellSouth would be entitled under the interconnection agreement to renegotiate any material terms of the agreement that are materially affected by the 8th Circuit's decision?

A Yes.

Q And could you agree -- or can we agree that the provisions in the contract that you've cited that

you say deal with combinations of UNEs would be material terms of the interconnection agreement? I would say that these are material terms. 3 Now, I want to ask you -- do you have your Q 4 deposition transcript in front of you? 5 I was given it this morning. I have it 6 7 here. Can I ask you to look at Page 11 of your 8 deposition where Mr. Pellegrini was asking you about 9 10 this same issue? And I'm looking at Lines 18 11 through 22, and you can read the question preceding your answer just to put it in context if you'd like. 12 13 Okay. Now, you were asked about the circumstances 14 under which BellSouth would have an opportunity to 15 renegotiate, and you state that, quote, "If the ruling 16 of the Supreme Court clearly contradicted an express 17 term of the contract, we would even have an obligation 18 to renegotiate that section of the contract that was 19 affected by the Supreme Court's ruling." 20 That was your answer? 21 Yes. 22 A 23 Now, doesn't 2.4 of the interconnection 24 agreement -- and I'm at the very beginning of the

agreement -- this is on Page A-3 of the copy I've got,

General Terms and Conditions, Part A. 1 Pardon me while they put this before me. 2 Certainly. 3 (Pause) Okay. 4 2.4, Section 2.4 of Part A, General Terms 5 Q and Conditions, doesn't require that any judicial 6 7 decision contradict an express term of the contract in order to trigger renegotiation; isn't that correct? 8 I mean, the language is clear and speaks for 9 itself. 10 11 And it doesn't mention the term "contradict" 12 at all, does it? 13 To quote the language, it says, "Materially affects a material term." 14 So in other words, if the decision of the 15 16 Supreme Court materially affects any material terms of 17 the agreement, that triggers the renegotiation obligation; is that correct? 18 19 Yes; and let me explain that. It's been my 20 understanding, in discussions with my counterpart at BellSouth, that the 8th Circuit Court of Appeals' 21 22 decision was not final and was not -- nonappealable,

and upon the grant of certiorari -- which is my

recollection cert was granted in January of 1998 --

that to the extent that the Supreme Court issued a

23

1	ruling that affected this agreement, we would begin
2	negotiations to amend the agreement to reflect that
3	ruling.
4	Q Now, when the interconnection agreement was
5	negotiated, the FCC had rules in place that required
6	BellSouth to provide combinations of unbundled network
7	elements; isn't that correct?
8	A Yes, I believe so.
9	Q And those were the rules that were
LO	subsequently vacated by the 8th Circuit Court of
1	Appeals; is that correct?
L2	A To the best of my recollection, yes.
L3	COMMISSIONER CLARK: I'm sorry, Mr. Ross.
L4	Do we have copies of the whole agreement?
15	MR. ROSS: I think it is on the list,
16	Commissioner Clark, of the items for which official
L7	notice is being asked.
18	COMMISSIONER CLARK: We're not passing it
19	out, the whole agreement?
20	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: No.
21	MR. PELLEGRINI: No.
22	COMMISSIONER CLARK: The section you read
23	from, what was that number again?
24	MR. ROSS: Yes, ma'am. It is in it's
25	tab It's called Part A. Terms and Conditions. and

it's under Section 2, which is labeled Regulatory Approvals, and I was reading from Section 2.4. 2 COMMISSIONER CLARK: That's not in your 3 testimony, is it, or is it anyone's testimony? 4 5 MR. ROSS: It's in Mr. Hendrix's testimony, I believe, and Mr. Varner's possibly, too. 6 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: It wasn't a part of the 7 excerpted portions in Exhibit 3? 8 9 WITNESS PARKER: Actually, if I may, I believe the entire interconnection agreement was 10 tendered with my rebuttal testimony, and it would be 11 in the Part A of the interconnection agreement. 12 13 COMMISSIONER JOHNSON: We don't have a copy because it was too voluminous to copy, but I was 14 wondering if you had taken one of those sections out 15 and made it a part of CP-2. 16 17 MR. BOND: It was not part of these specific excerpts because that wasn't one of the provisions 18 19 Mr. Parker had quoted in his testimony. CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. 20 21 (By Mr. Ross) Mr. Parker, were you 22 involved in any of the arbitration proceedings before this Commission? 23 24 A No, I was not. 25 Based on your review of the arbitration

decisions, which I think you indicated you have looked at, is it your understanding that this Commission decided in the arbitrations the issue of what price should apply to recombined elements that recreate a service BellSouth offers for resale?

A Let me state my understanding of the arbitration orders just so I'm clear.

There are a number of arbitration orders that predate the effective date of this interconnection agreement. As a commercial attorney, I rely on counsel from our state regulatory and federal regulatory divisions to advise me of orders and the impact of those orders on the interconnection agreement.

It's my understanding that to the extent that arbitrated language was applicable or prices that had been arbitrated were applicable, they were included in the interconnection agreement.

Q Okay. I'm not sure that necessarily answered my question. I'm talking about your review of the arbitration decisions.

Based on that review, is it your position or your understanding that this Commission decided in the arbitrations what price should apply to recombined elements that recreate a service BellSouth offers for

resale?

A No, I don't believe they issued a price for specific combination of elements.

Q And, in fact, didn't this Commission on at least two occasions indicate specifically that the Commission was not deciding that issue?

A To the best of my recollection, yes.

And just so I'm clear, even though the issue was not decided by this Commission in arbitrations, you believe that BellSouth agreed that individual unbundled network element prices should apply when MCI purchases recombined elements that recreate a service that BellSouth offers for resale; is that correct?

A Yes.

Q BellSouth proposed language to this

Commission, did it not, which specifically stated that

further negotiations would be required between the

parties to determine the price that ought to apply

when elements are recombined to recreate an existing

BellSouth service; isn't that correct?

A I don't have any -- familiar with what you
just -- your question there.

MR. ROSS: May I approach the witness, Madam Chair?

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Sure.

(By Mr. Ross) I'm going to hand you a copy 1 Q of this Commission's May 27, 1997, order in the MCI 2 3 arbitrations. Okay. 4 5 0 And do you see that there's two sentences in that agreement that are bolded? 6 7 A Yes. And could you read those two sentences into 8 9 the record, please? "Further negotiations between the parties 10 A 11 should address the price of a retail service that is recreated by combining UNEs. Recombining UNEs shall 12 not be used to undercut the resale price of the 13 service recreated." 14 15 Now, is it your understanding that BellSouth 0 proposed that language for approval by this Commission 16 in the MCI/BellSouth interconnection agreement? 17 I'll answer no, because I don't really have 18 A 19 an understanding of what you're asking me about. 20 So you have never seen this language in this proposal -- (inaudible; away from microphone) --21 22 I'm sorry. Mr. Parker, the question I asked 23 you was, you're not familiar with the language that BellSouth had proposed be added to the interconnection 24 agreement on the issue of what price should apply when 25

elements are recombined to replicate an existing BellSouth service?

A No; and let me explain that. I'm not familiar with that language because to the extent the regulatory change or approval required an amendment to the contract, I would be advised of that requirement by our regulatory counsel. So I don't spend a great deal of time reviewing orders that are not directed to me as being applicable to the contract.

I view the contract as being a negotiation between BellSouth and MCI Metro, and the contract is plain and clear and speaks to the issues at hand.

Q All right. But just so I'm clear here, if the record were to reflect that BellSouth had proposed language to this Commission indicating that further negotiations were required to address the price of a retail service that is recreated by combining network elements, you still believe that BellSouth voluntarily agreed as to what that price would be?

A Yes.

Q Are you familiar with the interconnection agreements that BellSouth has entered into with MCI in states other than Florida?

A Yes.

Q Are you familiar with BellSouth's

interconnection agreement with MCI in North Carolina, South Carolina, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana or Georgia?

- A I support those states in MCI's interconnection efforts with BellSouth, so I have familiarity with those agreements.
- Q And in any of those interconnection agreements, can you identify one where BellSouth voluntarily agreed that MCI could purchase recombined elements that recreate an existing BellSouth service at cost-based rates?
- A Specifically, no. I believe those agreements are consistent with this agreement in that the uncombined network elements are priced on an individual basis, and I would compare it to like a menu where you go down the menu and you select the services that you deem necessary to serve your customer and you order those from BellSouth.
- Q I just want to make sure I'm clear here.

 Let's just take Georgia as an example. What is your understanding of what BellSouth's interconnection agreement with MCI provides when MCI seeks to purchase or to recombine elements to recreate an existing BellSouth service?
 - A My understanding of BellSouth's position is

that that will be treated as resale.

Q I'm sorry, Mr. Parker; maybe my question was unclear. My question was not what BellSouth's position is. What does the agreement provide insofar as the price that would apply in those circumstances?

A The agreement provides -- and I don't have it immediately before me -- but from recollection, it provides the UNEs would be ordered on an individual basis under the terms specified in, I believe, it's Attachment 3 of the Georgia interconnection agreement for uncombined network elements.

MR. ROSS: May I approach the witness, Madam Chairman?

Q (By Mr. Ross) Let me show you a copy or provision from the MCI/BellSouth Georgia interconnection agreement and maybe refresh your recollection.

A Okay.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Do you know what the Georgia Commission or Louisiana Commission required?

WITNESS PARKER: No, ma'am, I do not.

Q (By Mr. Ross) Mr. Parker, I've handed you a copy of a portion of the BellSouth/MCI interconnection agreement in Georgia, and I have bracketed a phrase from that agreement. Could you

read that phrase into the record, please?

A Yes. You've handed me Attachment 3, Network Elements. You have bracketed a phrase in Section 2, specifically 2.3, and the bracketed portion reads that "If MCIm recombines network elements to create services identical to BellSouth's retail offerings, the price MCIm would pay to BellSouth for those rebundled services shall be identical to the price MCIm would pay using the resale discount."

- Q And had you seen that language in that agreement before?
 - A Yes.

- Q And isn't it your understanding that when MCI, in fact, purchases today in Georgia unbundled network elements that are used to recreate an existing BellSouth retail service, that under the interconnection agreement in Georgia, MCI would pay the applicable resale rate?
- A Yes, but let me clarify. And that would be if we actually were able to recreate the BellSouth service, and I'm not sure that we've ever been able to do that.
- Q I understand. But with that understanding, the resale rate would apply when MCI does, in fact, recreate an existing BellSouth service, correct?

- 1	
1	A Based on this language in the Georgia
2	interconnection agreement, yes, for Georgia.
3	Q And isn't that language also in MCI's
4	interconnection agreement with BellSouth in the State
5	of Mississippi?
6	A To the best of my recollection, yes, without
7	having the document before me.
8	Q And isn't that language in MCI's agreement
9	with BellSouth in the state of Louisiana?
10	A Again, to the best of my recollection
11	without having the documents before me, yes.
12	Q And how about Alabama?
13	A Yes, to the best of my recollection.
14	Q North Carolina?
15	A I'm yes, to the best of my recollection.
16	There again, I don't have that agreement in front of
17	me either.
18	Q South Carolina?
19	A Yes, to the best of my recollection without
20	the agreement in front of me.
21	Q But despite this provision that exists in
22	apparently almost all these other interconnection
23	agreements, it's MCI's position that BellSouth
24	voluntarily agreed that when MCI purchases recombined

25 elements that it gets it at the cost-based rates; is

that your testimony? Here in Florida. 2 Yes. Now, you have blown up on the chart 3 Section 2.6 of Attachment 3 from the BellSouth/MCI 4 interconnection agreement in Florida; is that correct? 5 A Yes. 6 7 Now, I believe you've stated that -- and I believe this is in your testimony -- that this 8 provision, 2.6, quote, "makes clear that the network 9 elements in Attachment 1 are the only thing which 10 11 BellSouth may charge MCI, even when those elements are 12 combined with other network elements." Is that correct? 13 Yes, absent -- with a reduction for any 14 A 15 duplicate or unnecessary charges. Now, was this language in 2.6 negotiated 16 17 specifically for BellSouth's agreement with MCI in Florida? 18 19 I don't know the procedural history for A 20 those negotiations. 21 You have in front of you -- I think I gave 22 you the relevant excerpts from BellSouth's 23 interconnection agreement with MCI in Georgia. Do you see that? 24

I have Attachment 3 in front of me that you

presented to me. Yes. If you could look at Attachment 3 and 2 look to paragraph 2.6 of that agreement. 3 Yes, I'm there. 4 Does that language look the same as the 5 6 language in 2.6 in BellSouth's agreement with MCI in Florida? 7 Pardon me while I read it, please. 8 A Certainly. 9 Q 10 A (Pause) MR. PELLEGRINI: Mr. Ross, do you have an 11 12 additional copy of that excerpt? MR. ROSS: I don't, but I can get -- 1 can 13 make copies. I will make copies for all the parties. I only got them this morning, and I will do that. 15 MR. PELLEGRINI: All right. 16 17 WITNESS PARKER: Yes, it appears consistent with the language on the board behind me. 18 19 MR. ROSS: May I approach the witness, Madam Chairman? (Handing documents to witness.) 20 21 Q (By Mr. Ross) Mr. Parker, I've handed you excerpts from BellSouth's agreements with MCI, I believe in Mississippi and in Louisiana; is that 23 correct? And I think you can tell from the top of the

25

page.

- A Yes. I have Louisiana and Mississippi.
- Q Could you look -- and I've turned to the page where Section 2.6 appears in those respective agreements.

Looking at Mississippi first, does the language in 2.6 of that agreement differ in any significant way from the language in 2.6 of BellSouth's agreement with MCI in Florida?

A No.

Q And what about BellSouth's agreement with MCI in Louisiana? Does the language in 2.6 of that agreement differ in any material respect to the language in 2.6 of BellSouth's agreement with MCI in Florida?

A No.

Q So even though the language in 2.6 is apparently uniform in all of these agreements, we can agree, can we not, that in Georgia, Louisiana, and Mississippi, MCI cannot purchase recombined elements that recreate an existing BellSouth service at cost-based rates?

A Based on the language you presented earlier, no; but I'd like to clarify that to the extent that we replicate a BellSouth service.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Parker, you've

mentioned that before. Is there any agreement as to what network elements in fact do recreate a given service which is offered at wholesale?

WITNESS PARKER: Commissioner, no, I'm not aware of one.

commissioner clark: Do you know of any other witness who is offered, what in fact -- if you order all these elements, you have in fact recreated a service for which a wholesale discount should apply rather than the sum of the combined elements?

witness parker: No, Commissioner. I mean, our counsel may can identify a witness more appropriate to that issue.

commissioner clark: One thing that has confused me in this proceeding is if we don't know that, how do you know that it's -- that by combining them you come up with this price, and if you do the wholesale, it's this price? I mean, how do we know that it's --

witness parker: Well, based on my familiarity with our ordering procedure, if we're ordering a resale service from BellSouth, it's specified as a resale or -- service from BellSouth.

If we're ordering a UNE service from BellSouth, then we order it through the UNE ordering

process and the provisioning where we identify the elements we choose to order and request that it be 2 3 provided. Now, as to specifically when those 4 circumstances recreate a BellSouth service, I can't 5 specify. I can say, as in my filed testimony, that of 6 the 50 UNE orders we filed in Florida, all of them 7 were treated as resale orders. 8 9 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Can you tell me what elements you ordered? 10 11 WITNESS PARKER: I believe I can find --12 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Or can somebody tell 13 me? I could find copies of the WITNESS PARKER: 14 UNE orders to provide to you that would identify what 15 elements we had ordered. 16 17 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Generally the controversy has been involving loop and port. Do you 18 19 know if that's what those orders contain? WITNESS PARKER: Yes, loop and port orders; 20 21 and some of them may contain some other elements, but primarily it was orders for loop and port. 22 23 COMMISSIONER JACOBS: And your testimony is 24 that they were all created as resale orders?

WITNESS PARKER:

Yes. Of the 50 orders -- I

believe it's 50 UNE orders that I had that I reviewed, they were all treated as resale orders in the state of Florida.

commissioner clark: So all you have to do is order a loop and a port and it's the same thing as a resale?

withess parker: Based on the orders I'm familiar with that Southern Financial Operations placed with BellSouth, yes.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: So the answer to the question of what UNEs are equivalent to resold service is just the loop and port, then?

witness parker: Based on the way BellSouth has treated our orders, a loop and a port order has been treated as a resale order.

- Q (By Mr. Ross) Mr. Parker, just to follow up the Commissioners' questions, those 50 orders were for loops and ports already combined in BellSouth's network; isn't that correct?
- A I believe so, to the extent that I understand the UNE order provisioning process.
- Q Just so there's no misunderstanding, MCI in these 50 orders was not requesting an unbundled loop and an unbundled port that MCI was, in fact, going to recombine; isn't that correct?

I don't really know the answer to that 1 I don't have the technical skill to answer question. 2 it. 3 Now, in reading your testimony, I think the 4 other primary -- and I'm on Page 4 of your direct 5 testimony -- the other language in the agreement that 6 you cite in support of MCI's position is Attachment 1, 7 Section 8 of Attachment 1 to the interconnection 8 9 agreement. Do you see that? Yes, I do. 10 A What does the first sentence of Section 8 of 11 12 that attachment say? 13 "The recurring and nonrecurring prices for unbundled network elements, UNEs, in Table 1 of this 14 15 attachment are appropriate for UNEs on an individual 16 stand-alone basis." 17 Q Okay. Does anything in that first sentence indicate that these prices should be added together to 18 19 come up with the applicable price that would apply when UNEs are combined? 20 21 No, not in that sentence, but in the sentence following, it reads that "When two or more 22 23 network elements are combined, these prices may lead to duplicate charges." 24

All right. And as I read the rest of this

25

Q

paragraph -- and you keep me straight here -- but this seems to be saying that the prices that are in Table 1 of the attachment may not be appropriate when you have two or more unbundled network elements that are combined because of the possibility of duplicative charges or unnecessary functions; is that correct?

A Yes. As I understand it, the prices for the UNEs in Table 1 have some nonrecurring charges that may be duplicated when they're combined that need to be eliminated, either for work that's not done or for a charge that's assessed twice for the same service.

Q But the language in this section, Section 8 of Attachment 1, Mr. Parker, is not limited to just nonrecurring charges, is it?

A No.

Q It applies to both recurring and nonrecurring charges; isn't that right?

A Yes.

Q And, in fact, if you'll look down just about halfway through Section 8, the agreement states as follows: "MCIm and BellSouth shall work together to establish the recurring and nonrecurring charges in situations where MCIm is ordering the multiple network elements. Where the parties cannot agree to these charges, either party may petition the Florida Public

Service Commission to settle the disputed charge or 2 charges." Do you see that? 3 Yes. 4 And that's what the agreement provides? 5 6 A Yes. Now, MCI and BellSouth cannot agree or have 7 not agreed to the nonrecurring charges for certain 8 specified combinations; isn't that correct? 9 A Yes. 10 And MCI has petitioned the Commission to set 11 those nonrecurring charges; isn't that right? 12 13 A Yes. 14 Now, MCI and BellSouth also have not agreed on the recurring price that should apply when MCI 15 purchases certain combinations; isn't that correct? 16 17 Yes. A Has MCI petitioned the Commission to set 18 Q that price here in this proceeding? 19 20 Yes, I believe so. 21 Let me switch gears on you just a little bit Q 22 and talk about usage data, which I believe is Issue 9 23 to be decided by the Commission. And as I understand this issue, the question is, what does the 24

interconnection agreement require with respect to

BellSouth providing usage data that would be necessary for MCI to bill interexchange carriers when MCI provides service through unbundled network elements either individually or in combination; is that correct?

- A Can you tell me what section of the agreement you're referring to, please?
- Q I'm actually not referring to the agreement.

 I'm referring to the issue list that was entered by

 the Commission on January 16, 1998. It was part of an

 order severing the docket and establishing the issues.
 - A Would this be the prehearing order?
- Q It may be in the prehearing order as well.

 (Pause) Yes, it is. I'm sorry.
- A Okay. And what section are you referring to again?
 - Q Issue 9 on Page 17 of the prehearing order.
- A Okay.

Q I just want to put this in context, and I'll repeat my question. Is it your understanding that this issue deals with what the interconnection agreement requires BellSouth to provide in the way of usage data so that MCI can bill interexchange carriers when MCI is providing service through unbundled network elements either on a stand-lone basis or in

combination?

A Could you repeat the question? You lost me toward the end there, because I have an understanding of the usage data and when we're entitled to have it under the contract.

Q I'll ask it this way. Why don't you tell me what you think Issue 9 means?

A Issue 9, to me, relates to the contract when it specifies what information we receive from BellSouth, and from my understanding in the interconnection agreement -- if you'll bear with me here. (Pause)

Q Well, before we get to the interconnection agreement, I just want to make sure we understand what the issue is in terms of what the Commission is being asked to decide.

A Okay. Yes, I would agree that that's the issue before the Commission.

Q Okay. So the question of usage data relates to usage data that MCI needs to bill interexchange carriers, correct?

A Yes. In addition to stands for -- there's usage data that MCI needs in order to monitor services and be sure that its customers are receiving the services, and also for just general business practices

for MCI in monitoring traffic or what other uses that the data is put to. 2 All right. But just so I'm clear here, if 3 whatever usage data MCI wants isn't necessary to bill 4 interexchange carriers, then that question is not 5 before -- or at least not encompassed within this 6 particular issue. Is that your understanding? 7 8 A Yes. COMMISSIONER CLARK: I'm sorry, Mr. Ross. 9 Will ask you that again? 10 11 MR. ROSS: Yes. 12 (By Mr. Ross) To the extent we have a 13 dispute about usage data, the only issue before this Commission is the obligation of BellSouth to provide 14 15 usage data so that MCI can bill interexchange 16 carriers; is that correct? 17 Yes. A And the reason I ask this, there's an issue 18 0 in Georgia, MCI has filed a complaint in Georgia, 19 20 about BellSouth's obligation to provide usage data on 21 flat rated calls. Do you understand -- are you aware of that? 22 23 No, I don't have familiarity with that A action. 24

Now, you cite several provisions in your

25

Q

1	
1	testimony that you believe are relevant to this issue.
2	Can we agree that the scope of BellSouth's obligation
3	to provide usage data is contained in Attachment I
4	believe it's 8?
5	Actually, it may not be Attachment 8. I had
6	it marked. (Pause) You cite Section 4.2.1, and I'm
7	trying to remember the attachment where that appears.
8	A Are you referencing my direct testimony, my
9	rebuttal testimony, or my
10	Q I think it's your rebuttal testimony where
11	you refer to 4.2.1.
12	Oh, I'm sorry. It's your direct, 4.1.1.3 of
13	Attachment 8. Here it is. Yeah. I was right.
14	Attachment 8.
15	MR. MELSON: It's Page 35 of Exhibit 3.
16	WITNESS PARKER: Okay. Are you referring to
17	my direct testimony on Page 8, line 1?
18	Q (By Mr. Ross) Yes, where you cite
19	Section 4.1.1.3 of Attachment 8.
20	A Yes.
21	Q And I guess what my question to you is,
22	Attachment 8, and specifically Section 4, outlines the
23	provision of subscriber usage data; isn't that
24	correct?

Bear with me while I turn to that provision.

1	Q Certainly. It's on Page 40 of the
2	interconnection agreement.
3	A (Pause) I believe referencing the excerpts
4	from the interconnection agreement on Page 28 of my
5	Exhibit 2, there's the reference to Section 4.1.1.3,
6	which is referenced in my direct testimony.
7	Q Okay. I guess my question is, can we agree
8	that Section 4 of Attachment 8 which is entitled
9	"Provision of Subscriber Usage Data," sets forth in
10	detail the requirements for BellSouth's obligation to
11	provide usage data to MCI?
12	A Yes.
13	Q Now, I want to direct your attention to 4.2
14	of this section which deals with information exchanges
15	and interfaces.
16	A Okay.
17	Q And I'm particularly looking at 4.2.1.1, and
18	it says "BellSouth shall provide MCIm with unrated EMR
19	records associated with all billable intraLATA toll
20	and local usage which they record on lines purchased
21	by MCIm for resale."
22	Do you see that?
23	A What was your reference again?
24	Q 4.2.1.1, Page 47 of the interconnection
25	agreement, of this attachment of the interconnection

agreement. 1 2 Okay. Did I read that correctly? "BellSouth shall 3 provide MCIm with unrated EMR records associated with 4 all billable intraLATA toll and local usage which they 5 record on lines purchased by MCIm for resale." 6 7 Do you see that? A 8 Yes. Can you tell the Commission what EMR records 9 Q 10 are? No, I cannot. 11 A Subject to check, would you agree that --12 could you agree that EMR is a type of format that 13 complies with industry standards about how usage data is to be reported? 15 16 I mean, subject to what I'm told it means by one of our technical advisers, yes, but I don't have 17 the technical understanding to know what EMR --18 19 Mr. Martinez would probably be the person 20 to --Yes, Mr. Martinez. 21 A 22 -- answer the question? Now, the sentence Q 23 of this particular Section 4.2.1.1 also talks about BellSouth's providing usage data in the future 24

concerning resale services. Do you see that?

1	
1	A You're still in 4.2.1.1?
2	Q Yes, the second sentence of that, second
3	A Yes, I see that.
4	Q And it refers to resale services?
5	A Yes.
6	Q I'll be honest. I've looked for a section
7	that outlines BellSouth's obligation to provide usage
8	data when BellSouth or when I'm sorry when MCI
9	is purchasing unbundled network elements; and the only
10	provision I could find was 4.2.2.2, which we'll talk
11	about in a minute. But are you aware of any other
12	provision in the in Section 4 that we're looking at
13	that outlines BellSouth's obligation to provide usage
14	data when MCI is purchasing unbundled network elements
15	as opposed to resale?
16	A Not in Section 4 of Attachment 8, but in
17	Attachment 3 of the interconnection agreement, which I
18	believe is on Page 14 of my Exhibit 2 at
19	Section 7.2.1.9.
20	Q Well, that just says "BellSouth shall record
21	all billable events involving usage of the element and
22	send the appropriate recording data to MCIm as
23	outlined in Attachment 8."
24	A Yes.
25	Q And we're looking at Attachment 8, correct?

A Yes.

Q And I guess my question was, in Attachment 8 can you direct the Commission's attention to any specific language which outlines the scope of BellSouth's obligation to provide usage data when MCI is purchasing unbundled network elements?

A Yes. In Attachment 8 -- and this is in my exhibit on Page 29 of Section 4 of Attachment 8 -- the general Section 4.1.1, Completed Calls.

Q Okay. So just so I'm clear here, you believe that in this particular provision BellSouth's obligated to provide usage data on all completed calls; is that correct?

A Yes.

Q And it doesn't -- would you agree with me there's nothing in 4.1.1.3 that refers to usage data when MCI is purchasing unbundled network elements, correct?

A I mean, I would agree that 4.1.1.3 isn't specific to it. However, I would clarify that statement with the section I referenced in Attachment 3 which points us to Attachment 8.

Q And, in fact, doesn't the second sentence, second full sentence in 4.1.1.3, allow for MCI to request additional capabilities to provide daily usage

1	records for completed calls when MCI is engaged in
2	resale?
3	A Are you referring to the second line of
4	4.1.1.3?
5	Q It begins "However, following execution of
6	the agreement."
7	A Yes. MCI may submit and BellSouth will
8	accept a P-O-N, or PON, for a time and cost estimate
9	for development by BellSouth of the capability to
10	provide copies of other detail usage records for
11	completed calls originating from lines purchased by
12	MCI for resale.
13	Q And it doesn't have any reference to
14	unbundled network elements here either, does it?
15	A No, but it's unnecessary, as I stated
16	earlier.
17	Q Now, 4.2.2.2 does specifically deal with
18	BellSouth providing usage data in circumstances other
19	than when MCI is engaged in resale; isn't that
20	correct?
21	A You're in Attachment 8, 4.2.2?
22	Q Yes. I'm on Page 49 of the interconnection
23	agreement. It's entitled "Interim Number
24	Portability."

A Okay. Yes. It's on Page 37 of my

Exhibit 2, yes; interim number portability.

Q And this requires -- this sets out
BellSouth's obligation to provide call detail
sufficient to allow MCI to render bills to
interexchange carriers on ported numbers in the
BellSouth network; isn't that correct?

A Yes.

Q And a ported number -- keep me honest here -- but MCI would have a ported number when MCI were providing its own switching and purchasing other elements from BellSouth?

A I don't really have the technical understanding to answer that question.

Q That's fine. Other than the provisions that we've discussed and that are mentioned in your testimony, are you aware of any provision in this particular agreement that you believe is relevant to Issue 9 to be decided by this Commission?

A No.

MR. ROSS: Chairman Johnson, we have no further questions of this witness.

Chairman, we would like to get copies of the portions of the interconnection agreements that the witness has referred to, get copies of those and make them part of the -- introduce them into evidence as

part of this record, and we'll get copies for the Commissioners and all the parties.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. And if you get those copies, we will identify them as a separate exhibit. I understand the entire document is in, but for ease of use, that would be helpful. So once those are copied and at the appropriate time, we'll identify them as an exhibit.

MR. ROSS: That's right. These were the excerpts from the Georgia, Louisiana and --

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Oh. I thought you were making excerpts --

MR. ROSS: No.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Got you. Okay. Thank you.

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. PELLEGRINI:

Q Mr. Parker, in your prefiled testimony and again today you've referred to several specific provisions in the MCI/BellSouth interconnection agreement which you believe set forth an explicit pricing standard for combinations of elements; isn't that correct?

- A Yes.
- Q I'd like you to refer to each one of those

ð

provisions individually or in conjunction one with the other and demonstrate to this Commission why you believe they provide an explicit pricing standard for element combinations.

A In Attachment 3 of the interconnection agreement -- which I don't have my copy that I'm most familiar with in front of me -- but it addresses the ordering and provisioning of network elements. And Attachment 3 references for pricing of those elements Attachment 1 of the interconnection agreement.

So the provisioning of the UNE orders is specified in Attachment 3, and then the pricing of those orders is provided in Attachment 1. And as I've said, by analogy, to me it's like ordering from a menu. When we go to render service to our customer, we look to the elements that our customer needs in order to provision service, and we order those specific elements through the UNE ordering provisioning provision process.

Q But can you identify the language, specifically the language that sets forth the pricing standard that you urge?

A Yes. It would be the language in Section 2.6 of Attachment 3, which is on the board behind me.

5

Q And which language particularly? The entire provision?

A Yes. And I'll read from the board here. It says "With respect to network elements and services in existence as of the effective date of this agreement, charges in Attachment 1 are inclusive and no other charges apply, including but not limited to any other consideration for connecting any network elements with other network elements. BellSouth and MCIm agree to attempt in good faith to resolve any alleged errors or omissions in Attachment 1."

Q But are there words or phrases more than others that go to the definition of the pricing standard?

A Yes; that the prices in Attachment 1 are inclusive and no other charges apply.

Q And are you saying that that language and that language alone sets forth the explicit standard for pricing element combinations? Should the Commission regard that particular provision as providing that explicit standard?

A Well, I guess, if I may, I would reference in answering your question, on my exhibit Page 9 references Attachment 3, Section 2.4 of the interconnection agreement where it reads that BST, or

BellSouth Telecommunications, shall offer network elements individually and in combination with any other network elements in order to permit MCI Metro to provide telecommunications services. The charges for those elements are defined in Attachment 3, Section 2.6.

And then also on Page 24 of my exhibit in Attachment 8, Section 2.2.15, MCI may order and BellSouth shall provision UNEs either individually or in combination.

Q Just one more question, Mr. Parker. Under the provisions of MCI's interconnection agreements with BellSouth in the other states in BellSouth's region, is MCI free to use combined network elements in any manner it chooses, or is it restricted to using those elements to provide a service that would be service resale? Excuse me. I refer to the provision that requires MCI to pay the resale -- the wholesale discount for resale if the service is replicative of a BellSouth existing service.

A And I would agree with your statement in the sense that for all of our UNE orders that I'm familiar with and come to mind at this time, with the exception of perhaps Kentucky, which that agreement was not put before me in relation to these provisions, our UNE

orders have, to the best of my recollection and my knowledge, have always been treated as resale.

Now, I know in the interconnection agreements in Attachment 2 is the provision that specifies local resale and what a resale should, in my opinion, be. And then Attachment 3 deals with UNE ordering and provisioning and the pricing.

From a transactional standpoint, since I am in a sense BellSouth's customer, I order the service I need, whether I order under the resale to resell a service to my customer or whether I order under the UNE, the uncombined network elements provision in order to provision service to my customer under that portion of the agreement.

MR. PELLEGRINI: Thank you, Mr. Parker.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Commissioners? Redirect?

COMMISSIONER CLARK: I wanted to ask a question. You were not part of the negotiations that resulted in this agreement; is that correct?

WITNESS PARKER: Yes, Commissioner, that is correct.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: And you were not part of the proceedings where it was arbitrated; is that correct?

WITNESS PARKER: That is correct.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: And have you read the orders that we issued that were issued with respect to approving this agreement?

witness parker: Yes, I have read the orders. However, as far as the impact on this agreement, I relied on my state regulatory counsel to advise me of the impact on that agreement.

of the fact that the notion of whether or not unbundled network elements could be recombined and in effect duplicate a service at the rate at which they should be charged, you're at least aware that that was an issue?

WITNESS PARKER: Yes.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: And we required

BellSouth to take out some language which indicated it

would be at resale because we hadn't reached that

issue yet. Are you aware of that?

WITNESS PARKER: Yes.

commissioner clark: If you were aware of that, I find there's a little disconnect in the fact that all that was going on and we said, well, it's not before us, and it is your position that, in fact, they agreed to it.

WITNESS PARKER: Based on the agreement as

it was tendered before me, as a commercial attorney I
was given this contract, and it was approved by the
Commission, and told that this is the effective
contract that controls our service initiatives in the
state of Florida; and that's what I followed is the
plain language of the contract.

To be honest, when people ask me what recreates a BellSouth service, I don't know. What I do know is that the business and/or technical people I support come to me to provision service, and they tell me they want to provision it as a UNE; and that we have ordered the UNEs, and consistently they've always been treated as resale.

So there doesn't seem to be anything in BellSouth's interpretation or treatment of our ordering of UNEs under this contract that ever allows us to order a UNE that's not resale, even though the contract language is specific and clear that we have the capability to order UNEs and price them as specified in Attachment 1 of the contract.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: And what is that price in Attachment 1?

WITNESS PARKER: It's a list of prices for,
I guess, each of the individual elements that would be
used to comprise the order. I mean, the elements for

the loop and port and the combinations of services attached thereto.

your testimony is we should only look at the agreement as filed and ignore the fact that this exact point was put before us and we felt that -- and it was our understanding that the UNEs that were under negotiation could not be combined and produce a service for which there would be the equivalent of resale.

WITNESS PARKER: Commissioner, the best way for me to answer that question is that the agreement I was given -- I was not a part of the negotiation process -- but the agreement and the provisions therein were negotiated by BellSouth, and they agreed to the provisions that are in the agreement. And the agreement is plain and clear on these issues, and I believe the plain language of the agreement answers the questions that MCI has put before the Commission today.

I don't think it's a situation where the orders that preceded the agreement were known by both companies going into the negotiations, and to the extent that BellSouth agreed to a provision that it was capable of agreeing to that may have been not

addressed or fully addressed in a Commission order 2 reflects the fact that they negotiated that issue and 3 voluntarily agreed to that provision. 4 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Thank you. 5 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 6 BY MR. BOND: 7 Mr. Parker, is there an MCI witness in this Q proceeding that did participate in the negotiation of 9 the agreement? A Yes, there is. 10 And who is that? 11 Ron Martinez. 12 BellSouth's attorney earlier handed you an 13 Q excerpt from the Georgia agreement, Attachment 3, 14 Section 2.3 regarding recombined elements priced at 15 resale. Is there any similar provision in the Florida 16 interconnection agreement? I believe it was 17 Section 2.3 of Attachment 3. 18 Okay. Of the Georgia agreement? 19 Yes. 20 Okay. What I'm looking for is Attachment 3, 21 Section 2.3 of the Florida agreement. (Pause) 22 The language in the Florida agreement is 23 much briefer than the language in the Georgia 24

25

agreement.

1 Does it have the language about UNE combinations being priced at resale in the Florida agreement? A The Florida agreement states that MCIm No. may use one or more network elements to provide any feature, function, capability, or service option that such network element or elements is capable of providing, or any feature, function, capability, or service option that is described in the technical 10 references identified herein.

2

3

4

5

6

8

11

12

13

14

15

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

You had discussed earlier MCI orders being treated as resale. Just for clarification, was it BellSouth that was treating them as resale?

Yes, BellSouth treated them as resale.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Bond, I apologize for interrupting you. Is it correct that your testimony previously was there is no state that BellSouth serves in that allows you to order a network element, unbundled network elements, and then recombine them into what is equivalent of a retail service and allows you to charge the UNE price as opposed to the resale price?

WITNESS PARKER: Yes, that's correct.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Everywhere else they're charging you the resale price?

1 WITNESS PARKER: Yes, with the clarification 2 that the Kentucky agreement is different. I don't have a firsthand knowledge of the provisioning in 3 Kentucky, but I believe that that contract, it does differ from the language that was presented in these other agreements. 7 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Just so I'm clear, how many commissions have spoken on the issue? I think Georgia has and Louisiana, but --WITNESS PARKER: To be honest, Mr. Bond 10 11 would have a better familiarity. 12 COMMISSIONER CLARK: All right. CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Any other redirect? 13 MR. BOND: 14 Yes. (By Mr. Bond) You had quoted earlier on 15 the switched access usage topic from Section 7.2.1.9 of Attachment 3. Do you know whether switched access 17 is a billable event? 18 No, I don't. A 19 Could you refer to Section 7.1.1 of 20 Attachment 3? 21 Yes. I believe it's on Page 12 of my 22 Exhibit 2. 23 And look at the last sentence of that 24

25

section.

1	A Okay.
2	Q Does that section address routing of
3	interLATA calls?
4	A Yes. It reads, "Local switching shall also
5	be capable of routing local intraLATA/interLATA calls
6	to international subscribers' preferred carrier call
7	features, e.g., call forwarding and CENTREX
8	capabilities."
9	Q And Mr. Pellegrini had talked to you about
10	walking through provisions of the agreement that
11	relate to pricing of UNEs. Would Section 8 of
12	Attachment 1 also be relevant to that inquiry?
13	A Yes.
14	MR. BOND: No further questions. Thank you.
15	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Exhibits?
16	MR. BOND: MCI moves Exhibit 3.
17	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Show that admitted
18	without objection.
19	(Exhibit 3 received in evidence.)
20	MR. PELLEGRINI: Staff moves Exhibit 2.
21	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: And 1?
22	MR. PELLEGRINI: And 1.
23	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Show 1 and 2 admitted
24	without objection.
25	(Exhibits 1 and 2 received in evidence.)

1	MR. ROSS: Chairman Johnson, can we go ahead
2	and have marked for identification purposes the
3	exhibits as a collective exhibit of the
4	interconnection agreements that we had discussed with
5	Mr. Parker, and we'll get copies made and actually
6	introduced into the record once everybody has a copy?
7	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. We'll identify
8	that as Exhibit 4, and a short title?
9	MR. ROSS: That would be "Excerpts from
10	Interconnection Agreements in Louisiana, Mississippi,
11	and Georgia."
12	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Louisiana, Mississippi,
13	and Georgia, okay; so identified as Exhibit 4.
14	(Exhibit 4 marked for identification.)
15	MR. ROSS: Thank you.
16	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you, sir. You're
17	excused.
18	(Witness Parker excused.)
19	
20	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: We'll take a 10-minute
21	recess.
22	(Brief recess.)
23	
24	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: We're going to go back on
25	the record.

MR. BOND: MCI would call Tom Hyde. 1 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Mr. Hyde. 2 3 4 THOMAS HYDE 5 was called as a witness on behalf of MCI Telecommunications Corporation and, having been duly 6 7 sworn, testified as follows: DIRECT EXAMINATION 8 BY MR. BOND: 9 Could you please state your name? 10 My name is Thomas Hyde. 11 And what is your business address? 12 My business address is 780 Johnson Ferry 13 Road, Suite 700, Atlanta, Georgia 30342. 14 By whom are you employed and in what 15 capacity? 16 I'm a consultant providing services to MCI. 17 A And did you cause to be filed 12 pages of 18 prefiled direct testimony in this matter? 19 20 Yes, I did. Do you have any changes or corrections you'd 21 like to make to that testimony? 22 No, I do not. 23 24 Q If I was to ask you the same questions today that appear in your prefiled testimony, would your

answers be the same? 1 Yes, they would. 2 Madam Chairman, I'd ask that MR. BOND: 3 Mr. Hyde's prefiled direct testimony be inserted 4 inserted into the record as though read. 5 It will be so inserted. CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: 6 (By Mr. Bond) Mr. Hyde, did you prefile 7 0 four exhibits attached to your direct testimony? 8 9 A Yes, I did. 10 Are those true and correct copies? 11 Yes, they are. 12 MR. BOND: I ask that they be marked as a composite exhibit. 13 14 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: They will be marked as Composite Exhibit 5. 15 16 (Exhibit 5 marked for identification.) 17 (By Mr. Bond) Mr. Hyde, did you cause to Q 18 be filed five pages of rebuttal prefiled testimony in this matter? 19 20 Yes, I did. 21 Do you have any changes or corrections you'd 22 like to make to your rebuttal testimony? 23 No, I do not. 24 If I was to ask you the same questions that appear in your prefiled rebuttal testimony today would 25

your answers be the same? Yes, they would. MR. BOND: Madam Chairman, I'd like to ask Mr. Hyde's prefiled rebuttal testimony be inserted into the record as though read. CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: It will be so inserted.

1		DIRECT TESTIMONY OF
2		THOMAS HYDE
3		ON BEHALF OF
4		MCI TELECOMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION
5		DOCKET NO. 971140-TP
6		JANUARY 29, 1998
7		
8		
9	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS, AND
10		EMPLOYMENT.
11		
12	A.	My name is Thomas Hyde. I am presently providing consulting services to MCI
13		Telecommunications Corporation ("MCI"). My business address is 780 Johnson
14		Ferry Road, Suite 700, Atlanta, GA 30188.
15		
16	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR BACKGROUND AND QUALIFICATIONS.
17		
18	A.	I have over thirty years of experience in telecommunications including
19		installation, maintenance and design of switched and special toll services with
20		AT&T pricing, rate and tariff development with South Central Bell and
21		BellSouth Telecommunications (BST) for various services including intrastate
22		and interstate switched and special access; and access and technology planning
23		with the National Exchange Carrier Association (NECA). My job
24		responsibilities required that I master diverse telecommunications disciplines
25		including network design, equipment installation and maintenance, rate and tariff

development, project management, and technical aspects of the public switched network. In the 1980's, while responsible for the switched and special access rate and tariff development for BST following the divestiture of the Bell System, I developed rates and support documentation for the implementation of access. As part of that process, I also had the responsibility of assuring the validity of the cost and demand inputs used in developing those rates. During this time the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) held that this was the methodology to be emulated by the other Regional Bell Operating Companies (RBOCs). For the past five years I have been responsible for access and technology planning at NECA, responsible for planning and implementation of Local Transport Restructure, Access Reform, ISDN, SONET and various other services. I am presently providing telecommunications consulting services to MCI. I have recently filed unbundled network element non-recurring cost testimony with the Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana and South Carolina Public Service Commissions and the Tennessee Regulatory Authority. In addition, I have also recently filed Universal Service Benchmark testimony with the Kentucky and the South Carolina Public Service Commissions and the Tennessee Regulatory Authority.

19

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

21

22

23

24

25

20

I was asked by MCI to adjust the BST non-recurring cost (NRC) study and proposed NRC charges and to develop revisions to remove the functions that are not needed when a combination of loop and port are provided to migrate an existing BST customer to an MCI service using unbundled network elements. I

1		was given the assumption that the loop and port are connected today, that soft
2		dial tone is deployed and that BST will not disconnect the loop from the port
3		before providing them to MCI. The combinations I examined are:
4		1. 2-Wire Analog Loop and 2-Wire Analog Port,
5		2. 4-Wire Analog Loop and 4-Wire Analog Port,
6		3. 2-Wire Digital ISDN Loop and 2-Wire Digital ISDN Port,
7		4. 4-Wire DS-1 Loop and 4-Wire Analog Port(s).
8		
9	Q.	WHAT BST COST MODEL DID YOU USE TO MAKE THE
10		REVISIONS?
11		
12	A.	I used the public version of the cost study that BST has provided in Georgia and
13	*	in other cost cases across the Southeast. I validated that work times and labor
14		rates used in the public BST Georgia study to estimate the non-recurring costs
15		were the same as used in Florida for the only combination element recently filed
16		in Florida. I then assumed that BST would use this same cost study if they filed
17		up-to-date cost studies in Florida for the remaining elements. In this manner, I
18		did not have to utilize worktimes and labor rates that BST claims in Florida are
19		confidential.
20		
21	Q.	WHAT ARE THE PROVISIONING ASSUMPTIONS THAT UNDERLIE
22		THE BST DIRECT COST STUDY?
23		
24	A.	As an initial matter, it is important to understand the assumptions in the BST
25		NPC cost study. As reflected in Mr. Verner's denosition in the recent Florida

1		cost docket, when provisioning an existing unbundled loop and port to CLECS
2		for combination, BST assumes that the loop will be disconnected at the Main
3		Distribution Frame (MDF) and routed to the CLEC's collocation space via a
4		crossconnect and be connected to the CLEC's equipment at the collocation
5		space. Under BST's assumption, the CLEC would then "combine" the loop and
6		port by obtaining a cross connect that would connect the loop coming out of the
7		CLEC collocation space with the port of the BST switch. This is a very
8		inefficient process and requires work (time and labor) by several BST functional
9		work groups to perform service order processing, engineering, and connect and
10		test functions.
11		
12		Very little of this work is necessary when the loop and port remains intact and
13		the loop is not disconnected by BST at the MDF for delivery to a CLEC
14		collocation space for subsequent re-connection to the switch port.
15		
16	Q.	WHAT ADJUSTMENTS DID YOU MAKE TO THE BST NRC COST
17		STUDY TO REMOVE UNNECESSARY WORK FUNCTIONS FOR A
18		COMBINED LOOP AND PORT?
19		
20	A.	As I indicated earlier, I was asked to adjust the BST NRC direct cost study using
21		the assumption that the non-recurring cost should represent the cost of migrating
22		an existing BST customer to MCI and, therefore, the loop and port are already
23		connected.
24		

I was also asked to assume that soft dial tone using dedicated inside plant and dedicated outside plant (DIP/DOP) was deployed in the BST network and that BST would not disconnect the loop and port before furnishing the UNEs to MCI. As a result of these assumptions, there are significant amounts of work functions contained in the BST NRC direct cost study that are unnecessary.

I was also asked to assume two scenarios regarding the "fall-out" of orders from the mechanized process. In one scenario, I assume that 80% of the orders are handled electronically and 20% of the orders require manual intervention. This is the assumption that BST utilized in its NRC cost studies in Louisiana, Alabama, Georgia, Tennessee and North Carolina, as opposed to the 100% "fall-out" –or manual processing of all orders — that BST's NRC cost study assumes in Florida. In other words, BST developed costs assuming manual order processing. To derive proposed costs for electronic orders in Florida for the elements in the recent Florida cost docket, BST made a subsequent unsupported adjustment to that manual cost. No such adjustment has been made for the costs for the elements that had permanent rates assigned in the initial arbitration hearing. I also developed a second scenario where 97% of the orders are processed electronically and only 3% of the orders require manual intervention. This level of efficiency is what BST's witness Stacy indicated in his Georgia testimony that BST is able to achieve for its own orders.

Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN THE ADJUSTMENTS THAT YOU MADE TO THE BST NRC COST STUDY TO ELIMINATE UNNECESSARY WORK

FUNCTIONS FOR THE COMBINATION OF A 2-WIRE ANALOG LOOP AND PORT.

Page 1 of Exhibit 5 (TAH-1) is the output sheet which reflects the adjustments that I made to correct the BST NRC direct cost study for a 2-Wire analog loop and a 2-Wire analog port to eliminate unnecessary work functions for the combination 2-Wire loop and port and includes a 3% "fallout" of electronic orders. Page 2 of Exhibit 5 (TAH-1) contains the same adjustments as on page 1 with a 20% "fallout". Page 3 of Exhibit 5 (TAH-1) is the output sheet compiled from the BST NRC direct cost study for the 2-Wire analog loop and the 2-wire analog port which reflects the work functions that BST assumes are necessary under the scenario where the loop is disconnected at the MDF, cross-connected to the CLEC collocation space, and reconnected back to the switch port via another cross-connect.

I used the SL2 (Designed) 2-Wire analog loop instead of the more appropriate SL1 (non-designed) loop since BST has not filed the SL1 in Florida as they have in the other southeastern states.

The loop work functions for engineering, connect and test, and travel are not needed under the assumption of an existing BST customer whose service is migrated to MCI without disconnect because these functions are only involved when a service is connected. Under the assumption that an existing loop and port are already connected, and that the customer served by that loop and port are to be "migrated" to MCI, these functions would no longer be necessary.

Therefore these worktimes were reduced to zero. Of the five service order functions, only the ICSC function is involved with clearing a "fallout" of an electronic order for "migrating" an existing BST customer to MCI. All other service order functions were also reduced to zero worktimes because they would not be necessary under the "migration" scenario. I have adjusted the ICSC worktime to reflect an efficient provisioning process whereby 97% of the orders are processed electronically. Therefore, only 3% of the orders will require the work activities of the ICSC to correct the "fallout" condition. Since the assumption is that soft dial tone is deployed in the BST network, there should be no work activity to disconnect an existing loop. Therefore, I have eliminated the work times associated with the loop disconnect function. I have also corrected the error that BST made in implementing their assumption of 15 minutes per "fallout" order to correct the "fallout" condition and applied the worktime only to the first loop element and not to the additional loop element. The 3% ICSC manual correction of "fallout" orders is represented by applying a work time of .0075 hours to all orders at the direct labor rate for the ICSC function.

The only port work function necessary for a migration of an existing BST customer to MCI would be the Connect & Test function for Recent Change Line Translations (RCMAG). The service order functions are already included in the loop "fallout" correction, since the loop and port would be ordered on the same order. As with the loop, if an existing port is not disconnected from the loop when "migrated" to MCI, connect and test functions, excluding RCMAG functions, would not be necessary. Since the RCMAG functions may be necessary every time a customer change occurs, the port NRC is represented by

1		applying the installation work time of .0250 for both the first and additional
2		elements to the direct labor rate and .0125 for both the first and additional
3		disconnect functions to the direct labor rate and the disconnect discount factor.
4		
5		The total combined NRC would be the sum of the adjusted loop and port NRCs.
6		
7	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE ADJUSTMENTS THAT YOU MADE TO THE
8		BST NRC COST STUDY TO ELIMINATE UNNECESSARY WORK
9		FUNCTIONS FOR THE COMBINATION OF A 4-WIRE ANALOG
10		LOOP AND PORT.
11		
12	A.	Page 1 of Exhibit 5 (TAH-2) is the output sheet which reflects the adjustments
13		that I made to correct the BST NRC direct cost study for a 4-Wire analog loop
14		and a 4-Wire analog port to eliminate unnecessary work functions for the
15		combination 4-Wire loop and port and includes a 3% "fallout" of electronic
16		orders. Page 2 of Exhibit 5 (TAH-2) contains the same adjustments as on
17		page 1 with a 20% "fallout". Page 3 of Exhibit 5 (TAH-2) is the output sheet
18		compiled from the BST NRC direct cost study for the 4-Wire analog loop and
19		the 4-wire analog port which reflects the work functions that BST assumes are
20		necessary under the scenario where the loop is disconnected at the MDF, cross-
21		connected to the CLEC collocation space and reconnected back to the switch
22		port via another cross-connect.
23		
24		The appropriate adjustment to the non-recurring cost for providing the 4-Wire
25		analog loop and port combination would be the same as for the 2-Wire analog

1		loop and port, except that a different disconnect discount factor was used by
2		BST.
3		
4	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE ADJUSTMENTS THAT YOU MADE TO THE
5		BST NRC COST STUDY TO ELIMINATE UNNECESSARY WORK
6		FUNCTIONS FOR THE COMBINATION OF A 2-WIRE DIGITAL ISDN
7		LOOP AND PORT.
8		
9	A.	Page 1 of Exhibit 5 (TAH-3) is the output sheet which reflects the adjustments
10		that I made to correct the BST NRC direct cost study for a 2-Wire digital ISDN
11		loop and a 2-Wire digital ISDN port to eliminate unnecessary work functions for
12		the combination 2-Wire ISDN loop and port and includes a 3% "fallout" of
13		electronic orders. Page 2 of Exhibit 5 (TAH-3) contains the same adjustments
14		as on page 1 with a 20% "fallout". Page 3 of Exhibit 5 (TAH-3) is the output
15		sheet compiled from the BST NRC direct cost study for the 2-Wire digital ISDN
16		loop and the 2-wire digital ISDN port which reflects the work functions that BST
17		assumes are necessary under the scenario where the loop is disconnected at the
18		MDF, cross-connected to the CLEC collocation space and reconnected back to
19		the switch port via another cross-connect.
20		
21		The appropriate adjustments to the non-recurring costs for providing the 2-Wire
22		digital ISDN loop and port combination would be the same as for the 2-Wire
23		analog loop and port except that a different RCMAG worktime and a different
24		disconnect discount factor were used by BST. The ISDN port NRC is
25		represented by applying the installation work time of .0667 for both the first and

1		additional elements to the direct labor rate and .0333 for both the first and
2		additional disconnect functions to the direct labor rate and the disconnect
3		discount factor.
4		
5	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN THE ADJUSTMENTS THAT YOU MADE TO THE
6		BST NRC COST STUDY TO ELIMINATE UNNECESSARY WORK
7		FUNCTIONS FOR THE COMBINATION OF A DS-1 LOOP AND 4-
8		WIRE ANALOG PORT.
9		
10	A.	Page 1 of Exhibit 5 (TAH-4) is the output sheet which reflects the adjustments
11		that I made to correct the BST NRC direct cost study for a DS-1 loop and a 4-
12		Wire analog port to eliminate unnecessary work functions for the combination
13		DS-1 loop and 4-Wire analog port and includes a 3% "fallout" of electronic
14		orders. Page 2 of Exhibit 5 (TAH-4) contains the same adjustments as on
15		page 1 with a 20% "fallout". Page 3 of Exhibit 5 (TAH-4) is the output sheet
16		compiled from the BST NRC direct cost study for the DS-1 analog loop and the
17		4-wire analog port which reflects the work functions that BST assumes are
18		necessary under the scenario where the loop is disconnected at the MDF, cross-
19		connected to the CLEC collocation space where multiplexing takes place and
20		reconnected back to the switch port via another cross-connect.
21		
22		The appropriate adjustments to the non-recurring costs for providing the DS-1
23		loop would be the same as for the 2-Wire analog loop except that, since a DS-1
24		is treated as a special service, the service order functions for ACAC and Install

and Maintenance (SSIM) may be necessary on a "fallout" basis. The other

service order functions, network plug-in administration and the work 1 2 management center would still not be necessary, because they are used only for new connect plug-ins and for coordinating dispatched technicians. In addition to 3 the ICSC functions that are the same on all of the combined services, DS-1 loops 4 5 would be represented by applying the installation worktimes of the ACAC of .0019 for both first and additional and the worktimes of the SSIM of .0075 for 6 7 the first and .0050 for the additional to the direct labor rate. 8 9 The port costs are the non-recurring costs for the 4-Wire analog port multiplied 10 by 24 to allow for the maximum DS-1 capability of 24 voice grade facilities. 11 12 Q. CAN YOU SUMMARIZE THE NON-RECURRING CHARGES FOR THE VARIOUS LOOP/PORT COMBINATIONS THAT YOU CALCULATED 13 BY ADJUSTING BST'S COST STUDY? 14 15 A. The following chart summarizes the adjusted costs for the loop/port combinations 16 as well as listing BST's proposed costs for those same combinations: 17 18 3 % Fallout 20 % Fallout BST Proposed 19 \$ 3,4643 \$ 153,4205 2-Wire Analog -First \$ 1.6755 20 -Additional \$ 1.3598 \$ 1.3598 \$ 117.9089 21 4-Wire Analog -First \$ 1.6389 \$ 3.4277 \$ 327.3543 22 \$ 237.0027 \$ 1.3232 \$ 1.3232 -Additional 23 2-Wire ISDN -First \$ 3.8319 \$ 5.6207 \$ 356,3381 24 \$ 269.9648 -Additional \$ 3.5162 \$ 3.5162 25

1				3 % Fallout	20 % Fallout	BST Proposed
2		DS-1	-First	\$32.6134	\$37.4612	\$1720.2483
3			-Additional	\$32.0454	\$33.6746	\$1003.7898
4						
5	0	DOES THAT	r conclude	E YOUR TEST	TIMONY?	
6						
7	A.	Yes.				
8						
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
16						
17						
18			•			
19				•		
20						
21						
22						
23						
24						
25						

1		REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF
2		THOMAS HYDE
3		ON BEHALF OF
4		MCI TELECOMMUNICATIONS CORPORATION
5		AND
6		MCI METRO ACCESS TRANSMISSION SERVICES, INC.
7		DOCKET NO. 971140-TP
8		FEBRUARY 20, 1998
9		
10		
11	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS, AND
12		EMPLOYMENT.
13		
14	A.	My name is Thomas Hyde. I am presently providing consulting services to MCI
15		Telecommunications Corporation ("MCI"). My business address is 780 Johnson
16		Ferry Road, Suite 700, Atlanta, GA 30188.
17		
18	Q.	ARE YOU THE SAME THOMAS HYDE WHO FILED DIRECT
19		TESTIMONY IN THIS DOCKET?
20		
21	A.	Yes.
22		
23	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
24		

1	A.	The purpose of my testimony is to respond to certain testimony presented by
2		BellSouth witness Eno Landry. I also explain why the studies on which Daonne
3		Caldwell relied in her direct testimony would not change the NRCs I have
4		suggested for the loop/port combinations at issue in this docket.
5		
6	Q.	MR. LANDRY STATES IN HIS TESTIMONY THAT TWO ORDERS
7		WILL BE REQUIRED TO PROCESS A CLEC ORDER. DO YOU
8		AGREE WITH MR LANDRY'S ASSUMPTION?
9		
10	A.	No. The rationale that Mr. Landry uses to justify two orders is that the loop
11		cannot be associated with the port on the same bill. When an existing BellSouth
12		customer's service is migrated to a CLEC, it will use the same loop connected to
13		the same port, with the same telephone number. In this environment, there is no
14		valid reason to disassociate the telephone number from the loop. If BellSouth
15		feels that reassurance is necessary, the CLEC can notify BellSouth that that
16		particular service will have the current port associated with the current loop,
17		thereby allowing BellSouth to retain the existing telephone number as the loop
18		identifier. Using the telephone number as loop identifier removes any need for a
19		second order and any additional costs associated with a second order.
20		
21	Q.	DO YOU AGREE WITH MR LANDRY'S ASSUMPTIONS ON
22		FALLOUT?
23		
24	A.	BellSouth's assumptions that CLEC fallout will be greater than current access
25		fallout are not appropriate. In a forward looking environment, with most

efficient, least cost technology, fallout will be minimal with the CLEC performing corrections, not BellSouth. Fallout for CLECs should be consistent with BellSouth's fallout for its own orders. Fallout of three percent or less is the correct level to use in any UNE cost study since this is BellSouth's own fallout level. This level of fallout is further supported by the statement made by the President of the United States Telephone Association (USTA), Mr. Roy Neel, in the En Banc on State of Local Competition before the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) on January 29, 1998. In that proceeding Mr Neel stated:

"[b]ut you look in Bell South alone, there's one C-LEC in Bell South and we can get you the details about this, that has achieved a flow through rate of 97 percent over the last few months."

Q. HAS BELLSOUTH ADDRESSED THE COST OF MIGRATING AN EXISTING CUSTOMER TO CLEC SERVICE?

A.

No. BellSouth has only addressed the functions required for the new installation of a designed service. No provision has been included in BellSouth's study for migration of existing customers to UNE combinations, which is the only scenario for which the Commission will be setting rates in this proceeding. A large percentage of CLEC orders will be for migrating existing BellSouth customers to CLEC service. When you have an existing service with a loop connected to a port and that combination will be retained by the CLEC, there is no need for any work to be performed by BellSouth on the loop or at the customer premises.

1		Design functions are also unnecessary, as the service is already working and
2		design efforts would be redundant and not cost justified.
3		
4		In summary, Mr. Landry assumes that most of the work functions necessary to
5		provide the stand-alone elements will still need to be performed to provide
6		loop/port combinations. As I explained above, however, most of the work
7		functions cited by Mr. Landry, and included in BellSouth's cost studies, are not
8		necessary when existing BellSouth customers are migrated to loop/port
9		combinations. As I demonstrated in my Direct testimony, when these unnecessary
10		functions are removed, the nonrecurring charges are reduced by approximately
11		two orders of magnitude. This dramatic reduction in cost is achieved without
12		even questioning the overstated work times for those functions which remain
13		when the existing customer is migrated.
14		
15	Q.	HAVE YOU REVIEWED THE DIRECT TESTIMONY FILED BY MS.
16		DAONNE CALDWELL?
17		
18	A.	Yes.
19		
20	Q.	IN YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY, THE NRCs WHICH YOU
21		SUGGESTED WERE GENERATED BASED ON INPUT FROM THE
22		PUBLIC VERSION OF THE MOST RECENT BELLSOUTH COST
23		STUDY FILED IN GEORGIA. WOULD YOUR RESULTS BE
24		DIFFERENT IF YOU SUBSTITUTED THOSE INPUTS FOR THE ONES
25		MS. CALDWELL USED IN THIS CASE?

1		
2	A.	No. All of the inputs are virtually identical.
3		As I explained in my Direct Testimony, the only substantive difference between
4		the Georgia and Florida studies are the assumptions about mechanical order
5		processing.
6		
7	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
8		
9	A.	Yes.
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

(By Mr. Bond) Mr. Hyde, could you please 1 2 summarize your testimony. Yes, I will. 3 A MR. PELLEGRINI: Excuse me, Mr. Hyde. 4 Chairman Johnson, before Mr. Hyde begins his summary, 5 Staff would offer an exhibit identified as TAH-5 and 7 ask it be marked for identification purposes. CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: We'll identify TAH-5 as 8 9 Exhibit 6. (Exhibit 6 marked for identification.) 10 MR. PELLEGRINI: Thank you. 11 12 (By Mr. Bond) Mr. Hyde, could you please Q summarize your testimony at this time? 13 14 A Good afternoon, Commissioners. The purpose 15 of my testimony is to present adjustments to the 16 BellSouth cost studies that more appropriately reflect the BellSouth functions that MCI will need to compete 17 in the local area. 18 I was asked by MCI to adjust the BellSouth 19 nonrecurring cost study and the proposed nonrecurring 20 charges and to develop provisions to remove the 21 functions that are not needed when a combination of 22 loop and port are provided to migrate an existing 23 BellSouth customer to a MCI service using unbundled 24

network elements.

25

I was given the assumption that the loop and port would be connected today, that soft dial tone would be deployed, and that BellSouth would not disconnect the loop from the port before providing them to MCI. I was not asked to develop the most efficient cost but to make adjustments to BellSouth's current cost study.

If this Commission does not adopt the more efficient AT&T/MCI nonrecurring cost study, then I recommend that the adjustments identified in my testimony be made to BellSouth's study before it is used to set prices in this proceeding.

I use the public version of the cost study that BellSouth has provided in Georgia and in other cost cases across the southeast to develop my adjustments. I then assumed that BellSouth would use the same cost study if they filed up-to-date cost studies in Florida.

In addition, I use the electronic ordering data since in the current Florida UNE cost docket
BellSouth admits that the majority of orders will be received electronically.

Subsequent to filing my testimony, I have reviewed the BellSouth cost filed in this proceeding and there are no significant differences between the

Georgia and Florida BellSouth studies.

BellSouth has assumed in its cost study that the loop will be disconnected at the main distribution frame, and routed to the CLEC's collocation space via a cross-connect. Under BellSouth's assumption the CLEC would combine the loop and port by obtaining a cross-connect that would connect the loop coming out of the CLEC collocation space with the port of the BellSouth switch.

This is a very inefficient process and requires work, that is, time and labor, by several BellSouth functional work groups to perform service order processing, engineering, connect and test. Very little of this work is necessary when the loop and port remain intact and the loop is not disconnected by BellSouth.

As an example of the adjustments I made to eliminate the unnecessary work, I will describe the changes made in the 2-wire analog combination. I used the SL2, which is the designed 2-wire analog loop instead of the more appropriate SL1, or nondesigned loop, since BellSouth has not filed the SL1 nondesigned in Florida as they have in the other southeastern states.

The loop work functions for engineering,

connect and test and travel are not needed under the assumption of an existing BellSouth customer whose service is migrated to MCI without disconnect.

Under the assumption that an existing loop and port are already connected, and that the customer served by that loop and port are to be migrated to MCI, these functions would no longer be necessary. Therefore, these work times were reduced to zero. Of the five service order functions, only the ICSC, or the customer contact function, is involved with clearing a fallout of an electronic order for migrating an existing BellSouth customer to MCI. All other service functions were also reduced to zero work time since under the migration scenario they would not be necessary.

I have adjusted the ICSC work time to reflect an efficient provisioning process whereby 97% of the orders are processed electronically.

Therefore, only 3% of the orders would require the work activities of the ICSC to correct the fallout condition. This level of efficiency is what BellSouth's witness, Stacy, indicated in his Georgia testimony, that BellSouth is able to achieve for its own orders.

Since the assumption is that soft dial tone

is deployed in the BellSouth network, there should be no work activities to disconnect an existing loop.

Therefore, I've eliminated the work times associated with the loop disconnect disfunction.

The only exchange port work function necessary for a migration of an existing BellSouth customer to MCI would be the connect-and-test function for recent changed lines translation. The service order functions would be included in the loop fallout correction since the loop in port would be ordered on the same order. I made similar adjustments for the other combinations of unbundled elements.

Even with these adjustments, the BellSouth model does not result in the most efficient cost study available. However, if this Commission chooses not to adopt the AT&T/MCI nonrecurring cost study presented by AT&T in this case, I recommend that this Commission adopt the BellSouth study with the revisions identified in my testimony.

That concludes my summary.

MR. BOND: Mr. Hyde, is available for cross examination.

MR. ROSS: Thank you.

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. ROSS:

Q Mr. Hyde, good afternoon. Bennett Ross on behalf of BellSouth.

A Good afternoon.

Q I think you mentioned this in your summary but I want to make it clear for the record, you were asked to make adjustments to BellSouth's nonrecurring charges using the assumption that the nonrecurring cost should represent the cost of migrating an existing BellSouth customer to MCI, and, therefore, the loop and port are already connected?

A That is correct.

Q And essentially you were asked to assume two things. First, that soft dial tone was using dedicated inside plant and the outside plant was deployed in the network; is that correct?

A That is correct.

Q And you also were asked to assume that
BellSouth would not disconnect the loop and the port
furnishing the UNEs to MCI; is that correct?

A That is correct. On the disconnect portion, if I might elaborate just a little bit, though, in a disconnect environment there's no real need to physically remove the functions, especially in the

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

soft dial tone world of today, in that a disconnect could be performed via the recent changed translations which would leave much of the study the same that I have presented if the disconnect was done with a recent change translation, which is an efficient way of handling it, even if you do the disconnect.

- Q Using a recent change mechanism, would MCI be actually doing any recombining of elements under that scenario?
 - A I'm not sure I follow your question.
- Q If I understand your point about the recent change, it could be used to, I believe you said, provision unbundled network elements?
 - A That's correct.

- Q My question was using a recent change mechanism, who does the recombining of the elements?
- A BellSouth would do the recent change translations in today's current environment.

Now, again -- and I want to reiterate that I did not develop the most efficient cost. The most efficient cost for the recent change translations would be much the same as BellSouth allows with their ESSX customers today which would be an electronic interface to do those translations where the customer could recombine themselves. That would be the most

efficient. However, in this, since I merely adjusted the BellSouth's current, I left those recent change translations in since BellSouth would be doing them today.

And I don't want to digress too far but you made the point about recent changes, I just want to make it clear here, putting aside who is doing the translation, using a recent change as you have just suggested, would MCI be doing any work to recombine unbundled network elements?

A Again, looking at the current methodology today, MCI would have to put an unbundled network element request into BellSouth who would then do the recent change translations. However, in a more efficient forward-looking process, then that actual translation work would be done by the CLEC as part of the electronic process, much as is done by the ESSX customers today.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Hyde, I don't think you answered his question, and you're supposed to answer with a yes or no first.

WITNESS HYDE: I'm sorry. I'm sorry.

In today's environment MCI would not be doing the actual translations changes.

Q (By Mr. Ross) So MCI would not be doing

the recombining of elements under the --No, not in today's current effort. 2 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Hyde, I want to be 3 clear on what you're saying. When you use "soft dial 4 tone" I understood it to mean that really what happens 5 is there's just sort of an electronic switch-off. 6 7 There's no physical change done to the network. 8 WITNESS HYDE: That's correct. 9 COMMISSIONER CLARK: And then it would get moved to MCI. In effect, you just change who's 10 responsible for that customer. Would that be correct? 11 WITNESS HYDE: In it's most simplistic form, 12 yes, that would be correct, in that with the change 13 14 from -- for instance, from BellSouth customer to soft 15 dial tone, a translation change occurs saying 911 access only and BellSouth business office access only. 16 COMMISSIONER CLARK: That's what a soft dial 17 tone is? 18 19 WITNESS HYDE: Yes. 20

WITNESS HYDE: Yes. Then a conversion from that to a MCI customer would be a similar translations change but activating the circuit back electronically.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Okay.

21

22

23

25

Q (By Mr. Ross) Mr. Hyde, just going back to the point I think you made in your testimony, you were asked to assume the existence of soft dial tone and

dedicated plant, and the fact that there would be no disconnect in preparing your nonrecurring cost analysis; is that correct?

A That is correct.

- Q And you were given those assumptions by counsel for MCI, Mickey Henry; isn't that right?
 - A That is correct.
- Q And I think you indicated at your deposition that you used the assumptions that Mr. Henry gave you without performing any independent investigation to determine if those assumptions were valid for BellSouth in Florida; is that right?
- A That is correct.
- Q Now, you indicated this, I believe, in your summary as well, and in your testimony, that your recommendations to BellSouth's nonrecurring cost studies are based upon nonrecurring cost studies that BellSouth filed in Georgia; is that right?
 - A That is correct.
- Q And I think you indicated in your summary that you have now looked at the Florida cost studies of BellSouth as filed and you did not detect any significant difference; is that right?
- 24 A That is correct.
 - Q But you will admit there are differences

between the Georgia and Florida cost studies? 2 Yes, there are. A And I think at your deposition you testified 3 O that given the choice you would have used the 4 5 Florida-specific cost studies in lieu of the Georgia 6 studies that you actually relied upon; is that 7 correct? That is correct. 8 9 Now, while we're on the subject of Georgia, do you have your deposition in front of you? 10 Yes, I do. 11 A Could I ask you to look at Page 72 of that 12 Q 13 deposition? (Pause) 14 Okay. And I'm looking at Lines 14 through the end 15 Q of the page, and Mr. Pellegrini is asking you about 16 17 some of the assumptions there were in place in the Georgia cost proceeding. Do you see that? 18 19 A Yes, I do. 20 Q And you mentioned migration in your response 21 to his question? (Pause) Let's make sure we're on the --22 A 23 I'm looking at Line 21 on Page 72. 24 A Okay. Referencing new connections as well

25

as migration.

I	
1	Q Do you see that?
2	A Yes.
3	Q You did participate in the cost docket in
4	Georgia and testified on behalf of MCI; is that
5	correct?
6	A That is correct.
7	Q And you also have attached as Late-filed
8	Exhibit No. 6 a copy of the Georgia Order in the cost
9	docket in that state?
10	A That is correct.
11	Q Do you have that handy, please?
12	A Yes, I do.
13	Q I'd like to direct your attention, Mr. Hyde
14	to Page 46 of the Order of the Georgia Public Service
15	Commission in Docket 7061U, entered on October 21,
16	1997?
17	A You said Page 46.
18	Q 46. Yes.
19	A Okay. I'm there.
20	Q And I'm looking under heading 4, Section 4,
21	which is entitled "Rates for Recombined Loop and Port
22	UNEs." Do you see that?
23	A I see that.
24	Q And the first sentence of this section
25	states, quote, "Some of the parties, including AT&T

and MCI, renewed their request that the Commission
allowed UNE pricing when a CLEC request the loop and
port UNEs in order to provide a service that
replicates BellSouth's retail service without adding
any functions or capabilities of the CLECs own other
than operator services." Do you see that?

A I see that, yes.

- Q And did you understand that an issue in the Georgia cost docket was the same issue that is before this Commission, the extent to which AT&T and MCI can purchase combined UNEs at cost based rates?
 - A That was one of the issues, yes.
- Q And are you aware that the Commission decided this -- I think the decision is on Page 48 of this order -- if you'll look at the top of Page 48, the second sentence of that first paragraph, where it says "when."
 - A Okay.
- Q Would you read that into the record,
 Mr. Hyde, please?
- A "When the new entrant provides its customers with service identical to BellSouth's services by using only BellSouth network elements, it is essentially reselling BellSouth services."
 - Q Read the next sentence, please.

A "For such a situation Congress directed that the reseller pay BellSouth's retail rate minus a wholesale discount based on the cost BellSouth can avoid as a result of selling to the reseller."

Q And later on Page 48 the Georgia Commission looked at its decision in light of the 8th Circuit's orders in the Iowa Utilities Board case, do you see that; that's about the middle of the page?

A Yes.

Q And I'm at the end of that paragraph where the Georgia Commission states, quote, "The court also stated that the incumbent LEC should not be required to perform the function of rebundling UNEs. This implies that if the incumbent LEC does perform the unbundled function for the CLEC, the price to the CLEC may be different from the mere total of the underlying UNE prices. The Commission concludes that the 8th Circuit's decision does not preclude, and is consistent with the previous arbitration decisions affirmed in this order." Do you see that?

A I see that.

Q And to the extent your deposition -- let me ask you this way: No one should read your deposition testimony to suggest that the Georgia Commission allowed the migration of existing BellSouth customers

at cost based rates?

- A Repeat the question one more time, please.
- Q When you refer to the word "migration" in the context of the Georgia proceeding, the Georgia Commission did not permit MCI or AT&T to migrate an existing BellSouth customer and pay UNE rates, or cost-based rates to accomplish that.
 - A No, they did not.
- Q Would you agree, Mr. Hyde, that with a loop and a port combination MCI has everything it needs to provide basic dial tone service?
- A With the loop and port and some other network elements as well, such as operator services and directory assistance -- with a basic loop and port itself you get the access to it, so, yes, with access but not necessarily with only those elements.
- Q Well, you stated on Page 7 of your deposition -- and I'm looking at Lines 16 through 19, you state "with a loop and a port combination, the service dial tone, the loop, the connection to the customer premise, everything is there that is needed to provide basic dial tone service." Do you see that?
- **A** Yes.
 - Q Do you see that?
- 25 A Yeah.

- Q That is your testimony today?
- A Yes, it is.

- Q In fact, I think you also testified at the deposition that if MCI had a combined loop and port, MCI would not need to provide any other network elements to offer basic local service; isn't that correct?
- A It would not necessarily -- that is correct, it would not necessarily have to provide any additional services.
- Q You testified at your deposition -- I think you alluded to it just a bit earlier as well -- that with a loop and port combination, MCI could offer its own operator services or directory assistance; is that correct?
- A That is correct. As well as different billing plans as well. So, yes, with that they could offer their own operator services and their own directory assistance.
- Q But other than operator services and directory assistance, you believe it would be inefficient for MCI to provide any other type of services when purchasing a loop and port combination from BellSouth?
 - A I don't believe I made that statement.

COMMISSIONER GARCIA: Would you repeat the question?

MR. ROSS: Yes, I'll be happy to.

- Q And I'm looking at Page 9 of your deposition, Lines 5 through 9, where you state, again looking at it from the first instance that I mention, if you consider directory assistance and operator services are a type of network element or network services that are provided, typically it would be inefficient to provide any other types of services. Is that what you said?
- A Yes. Yes, it is. And to go on and to clarify, though, types of services in the middle of the loop; placed between the loop and the port. In other words, to go from basically putting in a cross-connect in the collocation space merely to interconnect the loop and port. That would be an inefficient way of handling it.
- Q Now, MCI could offer its own operator services and directory assistance to customers through selective routing, correct?
 - A That is correct.
- Q And MCI can purchase selective routing from BellSouth regardless of whether customers are being served through unbundled network elements or through

resale?

A That should be available, yes.

Q So MCI could offer its own operator services or directory assistance to resale customers as well as customers being served by unbundled network elements, correct?

A That is correct.

Q I want to ask you a hypothetical situation, and maybe get you to kind of expound on some of the issues touched on in your testimony. And if I could, I'd like to use a situation with Commissioner Garcia, assuming that he's a BellSouth customer in Miami and MCI wants to migrate Commissioner Garcia using combined loop and port, okay?

A Certainly.

Q Could you tell the Commission what the order would look like that MCI would send to BellSouth to request for the migration of Commissioner Garcia's service using a combined loop and port?

A It would be a request for unbundled network elements, with a loop and a port on the same request.

Q And your testimony, I believe, outlines what you believe would be the provisioning process involved in providing a loop and a port combination to migrate Commissioner Garcia's service, correct?

1 Correct. And I believe, based on your testimony, the 2 3 nonrecurring cost -- assuming Commissioner Garcia has 4 a two-wire loop and port -- would be between \$1.68 and \$3.46, correct? 5 That's correct. Again, depending on the 6 fallout assumptions. 7 But in any event, it would be no more than 8 9 approximately \$3.50 under your proposal, correct? 10 That's correct. 11 Q Now, in the situation that MCI is going to migrate Commissioner Garcia's existing BellSouth 12 service through a combined loop and port, MCI would 13 14 receive access charges, would it not, for long distance calls that Commissioner Garcia would make 15 after MCI assumed the service? 16 Would MCI -- MCI would be able to bill for 17 those access charges, yes. 18 19 Is it MCI's position they are entitled to collect those access charges once they have migrated 20 Commissioner Garcia's service using combined loop and 21 port? 22 That is correct. 23

Let's change the hypothetical just a little

bit and talk about MCI deciding to migrate

Commissioner Garcia's service through resale.

Now, the order for migration through resale would look a lot like an order for migration using combined loop and port, wouldn't it?

- A There would be similarities, yes. But it would be basically a resale service request that would say convert this service over to resold MCI.
- Q So the difference would simply be in the way that MCI asks for the migration, either using UNE combinations or resale?
- A It may well be limited to that change, to that difference.
- Q In fact, at your deposition you testified you did not think there would be any specific attributes that would distinguish a resale order from an order to migrate a customer using UNE combinations; isn't that correct?
- A From BellSouth's perspective, no, they could look identical.
 - Q Is that what you testified in deposition?
 - A Yes.
- Q Okay. And when MCI orders the same service as exists for Commissioner Garcia, it could be an order to provide service through resale, or it could be an order to provide service through UNE

combinations, correct?

A That's correct, based on how the order would be placed.

- Q Let's talk a little bit about the provisioning process that you outline in your testimony would be applicable to -- what would be applicable to resale. The 3% fallout assumption that you use, do you believe that assumption would apply in the resale environment?
 - A At least that good, yes.
- Q And, in fact, you cite in support of your 3% fallout assumption Mr. Stacy's testimony, William Stacy's testimony in the Georgia cost docket; is that correct?
 - A That's correct.
- Q I'd like you to take a look at that. This is Late-filed Exhibit 7 to your deposition, I'm going to direct you to Page 5 of that exhibit. Are you there?
 - A I am there.
- Q And I'm looking at Lines 7 through 19. Do you see that?
- A I see that.
- Q And where Mr. Stacy states Lines 11, "the 97% flow-through rate that BellSouth has achieved is

for, quote, "retail residential services," close quote; isn't that correct? 2 That is correct. 3 And he states that BellSouth has achieved 4 that flow-through only in certain exchanges; isn't 5 that right? 6 That's correct. 7 8 And that in other exchanges the flow-through rates have been significantly lower than 97%, correct? 9 That is correct. 10 A And he also notes that the flow-through 11 rates that BellSouth has achieved with respect to its 12 retail residential services has been achieved after 13 some 15 years in designing the network and operational 14 15 support systems; isn't that correct? 16 A That's what he said, yes. 17 What does Mr. Stacy indicate is the best Q 18 flow-through rates that BellSouth has been able to 19 achieve for its retail business orders? 20 About 80%. Now, you also state that -- and I believe 21 Q 22 this is in your deposition at Page 83, that Southwestern Bell has achieved something of a 99% 23

That's my understand, yes.

flow-through rate?

24

1	Q And that's a flow-through rate on orders for
2	resale; isn't that correct?
3	A That is my understanding.
4	Q And you also make a statement I think
5	this is in your rebuttal referencing something that
6	Roy Neel commented to the before the FCC concerning
7	flow-through rates that a CLEC customer of BellSouth
8	has been able to achieve?
9	A That's correct.
10	Q Do you know whether that was a resale
11	customer?
12	A I have no idea. Mr. Neel did not identify
13	the customer. He offered to, if the Commission
14	requested it, but as far as I can tell, they never
15	asked the identity of that particular CLEC.
16	Q So at least with respect to the fallout
17	assumptions you used in the UNE combination world,
18	those same fallout assumptions would be equally
19	applicable to the resale world, correct?
20	A The assumptions that I used for fallout
21	would be equally applicable, yes, to both resale and
22	to UNE.
23	Q And, in fact, the entire provisioning
24	process that you describe in your testimony would be
25	exactly the provisioning process that would be

involved in -- if MCI were to request to migrate 1 2 Commissioner Garcia's service using resale; isn't that right? 3 The provisioning would be the same, yes. 4 5 Now, assuming MCI requested to migrate Q 6 Commissioner Garcia's service using resale, do you 7 know what the nonrecurring charge that BellSouth would 8 charge MCI for that request here in Florida? On resale? 9 A 10 Q Yes. No, I do not. 11 A Well, let me represent to you, subject to 12 check, for a residential customer of that would be \$10 13 to effectuate a migration using resale, all right? 14 All right. 15 A Now, if MCI were to migrate Commissioner 16 17 Garcia's using resale, MCI would not be entitled to -entitled to receive access charges for long distance 18 calls that Commissioner Garcia makes or receives; is 19 that correct? 20 That's my understanding, yes. 21 22 COMMISSIONER GARCIA: Go back -- what was 23 the question again?

Garcia, in the circumstance where your service has

The question was, Commissioner

24

25

MR. ROSS:

been migrated using resale, that MCI would not be entitled to access charges after they effectuated that transfer.

Q (By Mr. Ross) Now, whether MCI decides to use resale or decides to use unbundled network elements, when they migrate the service, Commissioner Garcia is getting the same service either way; isn't that right?

A Not necessarily. There are several things that BellSouth provides in their retail services that could be changed in the provision of unbundled network elements.

For instance, MCI may decide that they are going to provide a different optional calling plan scope to the service that would not necessarily be available within a retail service. So that it doesn't necessarily have to be identical or the same service on both.

Q Other than an optional -- did you say vertical features, or are you talking about optional service like calling waiting and --

A I'm talking about optional calling plans, such as, for instance, among other things, LATA-wide calling. With an unbundled network element with the presence of -- or retention of, however you wish to

say it -- in that the usage would be passed off to the CLEC by BellSouth, for that CLEC to render the appropriate billings for calling that it gives the optionality to the CLEC to provide many different types of billing plans that may not be available in a resold environment.

Q Couldn't MCI offer LATA-wide calling with resale?

A I don't believe they could efficiently, because in this case BellSouth will retain the access billing and bill the interexchange carrier -- or intraLATA carriers for the access directly to those carriers. I'm not too sure just how it would work out doing it on resale.

Q Just so I'm clear here, if the Commission adopts your proposal for nonrecurring charges, the most nonrecurring charge that BellSouth could impose upon MCI to migrate a customer using a UNE combination would be 3.50; is that correct? Approximately \$3.50?

A For these combinations, approximately 3.50, yes.

Q And assuming that my \$10 figure is correct, can you envision any set of circumstances under which MCI would prefer to pay \$10 to migrate a customer using resale when they could pay \$3.50 under your

proposal to migrate a customer using UNE combinations?

A I would suspect that the decision would be made based on whether MCI wishes to merely provide a resold service, or whether the unbundled network element scenario is most appropriate. I'm not sure that the difference between 3.50 and 10 would change that decision. I don't know. That would be a marketing decision that I really couldn't address.

I have not looked at the underlying cost or functionalities behind that \$10 charge within the resold services, so I really couldn't address that.

Q So the answer to my question is can you envision a circumstance under which MCI would pay \$10 to migrate a customer using resale versus 3.50 to migrate a customer using UNE combinations; you can't answer that question?

A I said yes, I can imagine it. I cannot address why the resold figure is as high as \$10. But I can imagine a scenario, yes, where MCI would pay the \$10 in order to get the resold service, if that is, indeed, what the marketing department was trying to sell.

- Q Is MCI engaged in resale in the state of Florida today?
 - A I'm not sure I can answer. I don't know.

1 Q Do you know whether or not MCI has made any 2 announcements concerning its view of resale? I don't know. 3 A 4 MR. ROSS: No further questions, Chairman 5 Johnson. CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: 6 Staff. 7 MR. PELLEGRINI: Staff has no questions for Mr. Hyde. 8 9 CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Commissioners. 10 COMMISSIONER CLARK: Mr. Hyde, I want to be clear on something. The only two elements you need to 11 provide local service -- local retail service are the 12 loop and port? 13 WITNESS HYDE: The loop connected to the 14 port will give you the basic -- will give you dial 15 tone. Now, in order -- if that's your definition of 16 basic service, just to get the dial tone, then, yes, 17 that's all you need. If you include, as the FCC did, 18 that access to directory assistance, to 911 and to 19 operator services, then you would have to have those 20 network elements as well to go along with the loop and 21 port. 22 I'm trying to COMMISSIONER CLARK: 23 understand, for purposes of determining if -- if it's 25 appropriate that there be a single price for -- let me

put it this way: If it's determined that where you combine unbundled network elements such that it's the 2 equivalent of retail service, that you would only pay 3 the wholesale -- what you would pay is the wholesale price, meaning the retail less those avoided costs. 5 What unbundled network elements do you have to 6 purchase for it to be equivalent of the retail sale? 7 8 WITNESS HYDE: The equivalent of a resold retail would be dilute the port, access to the 9 directory assistance and to operator services of any 10 kind, as well as the 911 access that is inherent 11 12 within the port itself. COMMISSIONER CLARK: Is access to 911 and 13 access to -- what was it you said, directory 14

assistance?

WITNESS HYDE: Directory assistance and operator services. The directory assistance and operator services appear to be separate unbundled network elements in and of themselves.

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

COMMISSIONER CLARK: So access to directory service and operator services are presently separate unbundled network elements.

WITNESS HYDE: They can be ordered separately.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: How about access to

911?

WITNESS HYDE: That is inherent within the port itself.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: It's not --

witness HYDE: I'm not aware of it being a
separately billed element, no, ma'am.

commissioner clark: Do you know what the cost for access to directory assistance and access to operator services is?

witness Hyde: No, I do not. I would have to look it up.

COMMISSIONER CLARK: Thanks.

your deposition, I believe -- yes, your deposition on Page 9 you speak about when operator services are ordered separately -- well, actually you're contrasting how BellSouth would use its own provisioning of this product as opposed to an alternative LEC that might order operator services as an independent network element. Could you explain that to me? Actually just recount what your discussion was here.

witness HyDE: Let me make sure I understand your question correctly, and we'll see if the answer fits.

In an unbundled network environment, one CLEC could, for instance, have their own directory assistance but not international operator and long distance operator; they could have directory assistance only, where they could go and buy specifically the directory assistance but not the operator services itself. So that it could be in a number of situations as I would see it where you would order something from the menu, as it were, for those items that you would need the incumbent LEC to provide the unbundled network elements.

I would see it as, again, providing your own elements wherever possible so that you would need the capability of having those elements split out into a fairly fine-grained availability.

commissioner JACOBS: So you could -- there would be instances where you'd have some elements that you basically tailor into the underlying elements you purchased from BellSouth to configure your unique product offering.

WITNESS HYDE: Yes. Definitely.

COMMISSIONER JACOBS: Okay.

witness HyDE: And it could go beyond just the operator services too. Looking at it from what I would envision the future to be, there would be

databased controlled functionalities that would be available from MCI, or any other CLEC, in the future where it would offer potentially many types of services.

commissioner Jacobs: Now, going back to the issue of the efficiency of provisioning these elements, particularly the port and the loop, it's your position that if you're only ordering the port and the loop, it's inefficient for those to be -- that ordering process to be broken down and duplicate charges provided; is that correct?

witness Hyde: That's correct. More specifically I'm addressing the -- any requirement to break the loop and port and port apart and stick a collocation space in the middle just to connect the wires back together again; that's a very inefficient usage of service. Where if you are buying the loop or port and recombining them -- as I say mandating that you have to wire them off to a different collocation space for a cross-connect, yes, that's very inefficient.

commissioner JACOBS: And it's not necessary in order for you to bring in your independent elements and configure your unique product, that's not required in order to do that?

WITNESS HYDE: It's not required to do that, 1 Now, if I were buying just a loop, for instance, 2 or just a port, and taking the appearance of that loop 3 or port off to -- let's say the loop itself. 4 5 taking the loop, yes, I'm going to need a collocation space then or some method of transporting that loop 6 connecting it to my switch. Or if I'm buying only the 7 port, I've got to, again, connect it to my loop. 8 where you are buying the loop and the port and 9 connecting them together, in essence you're taking and 10 11 saying I've got these two pieces that are connected 12 today, and I'm going to take them apart, run the wiring off somewhere else, put them in a space where 13 you're going to tie them back together again. So yes, 14 I view that as extremely inefficient. 15 (By Mr. Bond) Mr. Hyde, you were asked 16 Q about your flow-through assumptions of 97% and 80%. 17 What flow-through assumption did BellSouth make in 18 it's Florida cost study? 19 They made a -- actually they made 0% 20 flow-through, 100% manual assumption. 21 22 And what flow-through assumption did Q BellSouth make in their Georgia study? 23

They made a 80% flow-through, 20% fallout in

24

the Georgia study.

ļ	II
1	MR. BOND: No further questions. Thank you.
2	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Exhibits?
3	MR. BOND: MCI moves Exhibit 5.
4	MR. PELLEGRINI: Staff moves Exhibit 6.
5	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you, sir. You're
6	excused.
7	(Exhibit 5 and 6 received in evidence.)
8	(Witness Hyde excused.)
9	WITNESS HYDE: Thank you.
10	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: BellSouth when do you
11	expect to have those excerpts? Sometime today?
12	MS. WHITE: Oh, yes. Hopefully within the
13	next hour or two.
14	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. That would be
15	fine.
16	MR. MELSON: Commissioner Johnson, I'm not
17	sure I heard. Did you admit 5 and 6?
18	CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: I did admit 5 and 6.
19	(Exhibits 5 and 6 received in evidence.)
20	
21	
22	(Transcript continues in sequence in Volume 2.)
23	
24	
25	

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION