## APPEARANCES:

MARY KEYME, BellSouth Telecommunications,
Inc., c/o Nancy Sims, 150 South Monroe Street, Suite
400, Tallahassee, Florida 32301, appearing on behalf
of BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. teleconferencing
from Atlanta, Georgia.

TRACY HATCH, AT&T Communications of the Southern States, Inc., 101 North Monroe Street, Suite 700, Tallahassee, Florida 32301-1509, appearing on behalf of AT&T Communications of the Southern States, Inc. teleconferencing from his office in Tallahassee, Florida.

BETH KEATING, Florida Public Service

Commission, Division of Legal Services, 2540 Shumard

Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0870,

appearing on behalf of the Commission Staff.

## ALSO PRESENT:

MICHAEL BARRETT and LEVENT ILERI, FPSC Division of Communications

1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(Hearing convened at 2:30 p.m.)
3	COMMISSIONER DEASON: We'll begin this
4	what is this? Is this an oral argument whatever
5	this is that we're conducting at this time is now
6	underway, and we will begin by having the notice read.
7	MS. KERTING: By notice issued January 22nd,
8	1999, this time and place have been set for an
9	emergency oral argument in 980008-TI. The purpose is
10	as set forth in the notice.
11	COMMISSIONER DEASON: Take appearances.
12	MS. KEYER: Mary Keyer on behalf of
13	BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.
14	MR. HATCH: Tracy Hatch on behalf of AT&T
15	Communications the Southern States, Inc.
16	MS. KEATING: Beth Keating appearing for
17	Commission Staff.
18	COMMISSIONER DEASON: Very well.
19	This is an oral argument. I propose to set
20	argument time at five minutes per side unless there is
21	strenuous objection to that. Is five minutes okay?
22	MR. HATCH: Five minutes should be fine. I
23	hope it won't take that long, frankly.
24	COMMISSIONER DEASON: Ms. Keyer?
25	MS. KEYER: Yes, that's fine with me.
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COMMISSIONER DEASON: We'll do that then.

If there are no preliminary matters, we'll get

straight into oral argument.

Tracy, this is your petition, so I suppose you should go first.

MR. HATCH: Yes, sir, Commissioner Deason.

We had proposed issues early on in this process and in part the case itself has kind of evolved because BellSouth filed a tariff that sort of obviated a portion of the petition, but not all of the petition.

I don't know whether you had a chance to read the statement in support of the issues that I filed last week, and I won't go all the way through the specifics of that.

But just generally and quickly to reiterate, basically, the complaint premised on BellSouth's behavior in the context of a customer switching a portion of his local service to AT&T but not all of his service. And an outflow of the consequence of that decision to switch some of his local service to AT&T is if that customer has DID numbers, some of those DID numbers must be transferred or ported to AT&T. Some of the DID numbers, or a portion of his DID block, would remain with BellSouth. And it is in

that context that our petition has been filed.

complaint have been ameliorated, as reflected in the statement that Ms. White had filed last week. The special assembly charge is no longer applicable and that is consistent with our complaint. In addition, it has now been clarified as a result of the tariff, and some explanations from Mr. Greer, it turns out the application of the tariff, the nonrecurring and recurring charges, are not assessed against every number in the block whether ported or not, but only those in the block that remain. But you have to step back and look at this as the fundamental premise of the transaction.

It's not a customer chosing to change his
DID service that causes the problem. It's the
customer's decision to select AT&T for a portion of
his local service. And essentially that's why -because the nonrecurring charges and the recurring
charges remain as part of that transaction is why AT&T
continues to press with respect to the issues that it
proposes. Those two issues are very narrowly drawn
and drafted to the portion of our original complaint
so as not to be too overly broad.

COMMISSIONER DEASON: Let me interrupt for

just a second.

The charges, the recurring and the nonrecurring charges, those charges are assessed against the end use customer; is that correct?

MR. HATCH: That is my understanding of what BellSouth says the tariff -- or how the tariff will operate, that is correct.

COMMISSIONER DEASON: And you have standing to question charges between a different telephone company and its end use customer?

MR. HATCH: I think so in this case,

Commissioner Deason. You have to distinguish what

we're complaining about from the normal course of

events where a customer says, "I want DID service" or

"I want to change my DID service." And that's a

different context than what we're talking about here.

The customer in this case, the case we're complaining about, doesn't call up BellSouth and say, "I want to change my DID service." What the customer does is he goes to AT&T and says, "AT&T, I want some of your service." Or more than likely, AT&T has gone to the customer and has said, "We would like to sell you some of our service." And the customer says, "Well, okay. I'll let you provide some of my service but not all." And that is a specific context.

Now, a natural outflow of that in part is 1 that certain numbers have to be ported. But as a 2 result of the porting BellSouth now claims they must 3 reconfigure the DID block. That's a question that has not yet been answered. They say it's true. It begs 5 the question. Certainly that is something that we 6 will investigate in the course of this complaint if it 7 goes forward. 8 But the premise is that AT&T is getting a 9 local customer. The customer is not calling BellSouth 10 to reconfigure his DID service. It's part of the 11 porting process. 12 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Okay. You may 13 14 proceed. MR. HATCH: I think that pretty much sums it 15 16 up. COMMISSIONER DEASON: Okay. All right. 17 18 Thank you. MS. KEYER: Are you ready for me? 19 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Yes. Please proceed. 20 MS. KEYER: Okay. Basically BellSouth 21 believes several things. That this complaint has 22 basically been satisfied when BellSouth filed its 23 tariff revision. Tariff revisions addressed all of 24

the issues in the complaint.

There were two issues that AT&T raised.

One, that BellSouth should allow the porting of less than a block of 20 consecutive DID numbers, which the tariff, the new tariff provides for. And secondly, that the special assembly charges that were originally associated with porting less than a full block of 20 DID numbers were inappropriate, et cetera. Those also have been taken care of by the filing of our tariff revision.

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Therefore, there really is nothing left in this complaint to be addressed. So the complaint really ought to be either withdrawn or dismissed as the issues no longer being in existence.

Secondly, to touch on the question -
COMMISSIONER DEASON: Let me interrupt for
just a moment.

MS. KEYER: Pardon?

COMMISSIONER DEASON: Let me interrupt for just a moment.

If this complaint were to be dismissed, obviously AT&T would be free to file a complaint and address the specific issues which they are trying to raise at this point?

WS. KEYER: Well, I guess they could, which would bring up the second argument as to standing,

whether or not they would even have standing to do
that. And that would be my second argument. That
whether they file a new complaint or whether it's part
of this complaint, AT&T does not have standing to
raise issues on charges between BellSouth and its end
users customers. End users in this instance are
buying the DID numbers at tariffed rates from
BellSouth. They can now purchase the nonconsecutive
numbers pursuant to the tariff. These are numbers
being purchased by the end user and not AT&T, and they
are BellSouth's rates for BellSouth customers, and
they are not assessed against AT&T. And, frankly,
they don't have anything to do with AT&T.

The issues furthermore --

COMMISSIONER DEASON: Let me interrupt for just a second.

I understand that this is a charge between BellSouth and its end use customer. What recourse does AT&T have if they feel there's some, perhaps, some anticompetitive motivation for the charges?

MS. KEYER: Well, these are costs that

BellSouth incurs in providing these nonconsecutive
numbers to its customers.

COMMISSIONER DEASON: These are cost-based rates? I'm sorry. These are cost-based rates that

are being proposed to the end use customer? MS. KEYER: That's what I understand. That 2 the charges that -- nonconsecutive charges reflect our 3 cost of providing these numbers. Because we have to do separate transactions for each nonconsecutive DID 5 6 numbers. COMMISSIONER DEASON: But there's been no 7 filing of any cost studies? In fact, cost studies 8 aren't even required when tariffs are filed anymore; 10 isn't that correct? MS. KEYER: I believe that's right. 11 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Please proceed. 12 MS. KEYER: And basically that is our 13 argument. That these are rates -- these rates for the 14 nonconsecutive charges do reflect our cost of having 15 to do a separate transaction for each of the 16 nonconsecutive DID numbers required. Whereas, with 17 just a consecutive block, there's only one transaction 18 required. 19 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Are you finished? 20 MS. KEYER: Yes, I am. 21 COMMISSIONER DEASON: Very well. Thank you. 22 At this point I'm going to allow Staff to 23

ask any questions that they may have. I don't know if

they do or not, but I'll open it up for Staff.

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MS. KEATING: I do have one question, actually, and this is for Mr. Hatch. Your Issue 1 that you've proposed only questions what are the appropriate nonrecurring charges for the DID numbers.

MR. HATCH: That's right.

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MS. REATING: You're not questioning them recurring 20 cents a month?

MR. HATCH: At this point no, and the reason for that is that the 20 cents is the current per number reg for DID numbers. Historically, it was done in a block so they just aggregated the number and gave you a number for 20. When they filed the tariff, they disaggragated that number, and just prorated it across all 20 numbers. And so the 20 cents per month recurring charge remains the same pre-tariff and after tariff. We no longer contest the nonrecurring charge per se because it goes for the ongoing DID service that the customer gets from BellSouth after the numbers are ported. That doesn't change. And we're not trying to interfere with their ongoing relations with respect to their recurring charges. We contest the nonrecurring charges because they are premised on porting of numbers and we view that as an anticompetitive effect of this taliff. Essentially it's a competitive penalty on a customer for chosing

1	to go to AT&T for some of its service, if not all of
2	it, as compared to all of it.
3	MS. KEATING: If I could, I've got one other
4	question then.
5	So AT&T is not contesting that there is at
6	least some cost, you're mainly contesting the exact
7	specific costs and to whom it should be billed.
8	MR. HATCH: Correct.
9	MS. KERTING: Okay.
10	MR. HATCH: There would be some cost
11	incurred in reconfiguring the DID numbers. I mean
12	that's just intuitive obvious it seems to me. We
13	would question how much that is and the mechanics of
14	actually having to accomplish that, more importantly,
15	in the process through which those costs are
16	recovered.
17	COMMISSIONER DEASON: Any further questions
18	from Staff?
19	MS. KERTING: I think those were our only
20	questions.
21	MS. MEYER: May I make one response? Mary
22	Keyer.
23	COMMISSIONER DEASON: Yes.
24	MS. KEYER: I guess I could go one step
25	further and charge that if a customer were to pull out

a DID number out of his block, they could pull it out for purposes of other services. And if they did that, the charges would still apply whether they went to AT&T or not. So I don't think there's an anticompetitive issue from that sampling. Because if they pull it out to use it for something else, other than the DID service, the charge would still apply. I just wanted to point that out.

MR. HATCH: Commissioner Deason, this is

Tracy. I would agree with that. And that's the

distinction I tried to create earlier. That is, if a

customer has other reasons that he calls BellSouth and

says, "I want to change my DID service," that's not

what we're contesting here. We're not arguing a

one-size-fits-all. We're arguing that simply in the

context of porting numbers and transfer of service,

that's when that piece of the tariff kicks in, and we

think that has some anticompetitive effects, vis-a-vis

AT&T and competition.

COMMISSIONER DEASON: Mr. Hatch, let me ask
you another question. By filing your statement
concerning the proposed issues, does that constitute
an amendment to your original complaint?

MR. HATCH: Interesting question. The answer in truth is no. I have not expanded my

complaint beyond the bounds of what originally was filed. What in fact -- if you want to call that an amendment to the complaint, then all it would do is withdrawing certain of the counts of the complaint, I guess if you want to get technical about it.

COMMISSIONER DEASON: But you feel then that the two issues that you wish to raise at this point fall squarely within your original complaint.

MR. HATCH: Yes, sir.

COMMISSIONER DEASON: Ms. Keyer, would you want to respond to that?

MS. REYER: Yes. I think we would clearly say it's beyond the scope of the complaint. Because now what AT&T is doing is not addressing what they addressed in their complaint in terms of making available less than a block of 20 consecutive DID numbers or the special assembly charges. But they are requesting that the Commission determine what the nonrecurring charge is for an end user should be, and that's not germane to this complaint.

COMMISSIONER DEASON: And what is your position concerning Mr. Hatch's position that this complaint only pertains to when there is a change in the local service provider for a portion of the numbers, and that's why he has standing?

MS. KEYER: Well, I guess I would say that I don't agree with that. That the tariff, as I indicated, applies regardless. If a customer takes out a DID number, it's not -- those nonrecurring charges will apply to those remaining nonconsecutive numbers in that block, regardless of whether the customer takes a number to someone else or not.

commissioner deason: So you're saying this charge would apply -- if there's a change for whatever reason, of course -- of course, I can't imagine why there would be a change unless there's going to be a changing of local provider. But in any event, you're saying it's triggered by the end use customer and that's what we should be concerned with.

MS. KEYER: Exactly. End user is the one who decides what to do with the number.

question. I may have asked you this earlier, and if I did I apologize. But from a practical standpoint what's to be gained by dismissing this complaint as already basically being resolved, and then having AT&T go to the trouble of filing another complaint, and let's go to the trouble of setting another procedure order and getting hearing dates and all of the procedural requirements involved. Wouldn't it be more

expeditious to just go ahead and address it now while we have a process and procedure already in place?

probably would be more expeditious, but I guess my response would be that we could say that about all existing complaints. And we do have rules and procedures set forth so that the parties know what's at issue. And, you know, we've already resolved what's at issue in this complaint. It's going to be a whole new ball game on a different complaint — different issues under a different complaint. Because we would — you know, I mean there is an initial standing issue that would have to be resolved.

so I think we have rules and procedures set forth and they ought to be followed. These issues are clearly outside the scope of this complaint.

COMMISSIONER DEASON: Okay. I'm going to open up to Staff one more time for any last questions. I think there are no last questions. Is there anything that, Mr. Hatch or Ms. Keyer, that you need to say in a final closing remark? (No response.)

I guess not. All right.

Thank you all for participating. We're going to close the oral argument and my decision will be forthcoming shortly. And Ms. Keating will have an

order issued. She may also communicate that decision to you by telephone so you know how to prepare from this point forward. With that, this oral argument is concluded. Thank you very much. (Thereupon, the hearing concluded at 2:47 p.m.) 

STATE OF FLORIDA) CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER 2 COUNTY OF LEON I, JOY KELLY, CSR, RPR, Chief, Bureau of 3 Reporting, Official Commission Reporter, DO HEREBY CERTIFY that the Oral Argument in Docket No. 980770-TI was heard by the Prehearing Officer at the time and place herein stated; it is further 7 CERTIFIED that I stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the same has been transcribed under my direct supervision; and that this transcript, consisting of 17 pages, constitutes a true transcription of my notes of said proceedings. 9 DATED this 2nd day of February, 1999. 10 11 12 JOY KELLY, CSR, RPR Chief, Bureau of Reporting 13 Official Commission Reporter (850) 413-6732 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24