## BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In Re:' Petition for Rate Increase by )
Tampa Electric Company
) DOCKET NO. 080317-
) FILED: FEBRUARY 5,

## NOTICE OF FILING THE FLORIDA RETAIL FEDERATION <br> LATE-FILED EXHIBIT NO. 123

The Florida Retail Federation, pursuant to instructions in by the Commission at the conclusion of the hearing in this docket, and by and through its undersigned counsel, hereby gives notice of filing its Late-Filed Exhibit No. 123. A copy of the Exhibit is attached to this Notice of Filing.

Respectfully submitted this 5th day of February, 2009.


## CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that a true and correct copy of the foregoing has been furnished by electronic delivery and U.S. Mail this 5th day of Feoruary, 2009, to the following:

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# TAMPA ELECTRIC COMPANY, DOCKET NO. 080317-EI IMPACT ON CONSUMERS OF DEBT AND EQUITY COSTS "BANG FOR THE BUCK" ANALYSIS 

## Cost of Capital Savings to Consumers vs. Company's Base Case of 12.0\% ROE and 6.8\% Interest Rate on Long-Term Bonds

|  | Tampa Electric Capital Structure |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Base Case - New Rates in 2009, Rates Stay Constant Through 2 |  | 2009 Only | 2009-2013* |
| Base Case | ROE @ 12.0\%, LT Debt @ 6.8\% |  | \$0 | \$0 |
|  | ROE @ 9.75\%, LT Debt @ 6.8\% | (A) | \$67,367,000 | \$287,987,000 |
|  | ROE @ 9.75\%, LT Debt @ 7.3\% | (B) | \$60,379,000 | \$257,664,000 |
|  | ROE @ 9.75\%, LT Debt @ 7.8\% | (C) | \$53,391,000 | \$227,341,000 |
|  | ROE @ 9.75\%, LT Debt @ 8.8\% | (D) | \$39,493,000 | \$166,696,000 |
|  | "Instant Rate Case" Scenario - Assumes New Rates Every Year, 2009-2013 |  |  |  |
| Base Case | ROE @ 12.0\%, LT Debt @ 6.8\% |  |  |  |
|  | ROE @ 9.75\%, LT Debt @ 6.8\% | (A) | \$67,367,000 | \$293,537,000 |
|  | ROE @ 9.75\%, LT Debt @ 7.3\% | (B) | \$60,379,000 | \$256,161,000 |
|  | ROE @ 9.75\%, LT Debt @ 7.8\% | (C) | \$53,391,000 | \$218,785,000 |
|  | ROE @ 9.75\%, LT Debt @ 8.8\% | (D) | \$39,493,000 | \$144,033,000 |

NOTES: The values shown represent the savings to customers if the Commission sets rates based on the $9.75 \%$ ROE and the interest rates as specified in the sensitivity cases (A) through (D). Equivalently, these values show the extra cost to customers if the Commission sets rates based on the Company's requested $12.0 \%$ ROE vs. each comparison case.

The "Instant Rate Case" scenario assumes that the Company's entire debt is refinanced at the higher interest rates in each year.

Case (A) illustrates the cost impact on consumers if the Company would remain at a BBB rating and interest rates stay the same with ROE set at $9.75 \%$. The Company's witnesses cannot confirm that the Company's bond rating would change even with the requested $12.0 \%$ ROE. Giliette, TR 269-271, 495; Abbott, TR 616-617.
Case (B) illustrates the cost impact on consumers if the Company would incur long-term interest cost that is greater than the Company's $6.8 \%$ value by 50 basis points. O'Donnell, TR 2382-2383
Case (C) illustrates the cost impact on consumers if the Company would incur long-term interest cost that is greater than the Company's $6.8 \%$ value by 100 basis points. Abbott, TR 620
Case (D) illustrates the cost impact on consumers if the Company would incur long-term interest cost that is greater than the Company's $6.8 \%$ value by 200 basis points. Gillette, TR 460, 486

The interest rate spreads for A vs. BBB-rated bonds are based on the record citations shown. Additionally, casual examination of Exhibit 80, page 2 (Gillette) shows that, before the "credit meltdown" in September 2008, the spread between A vs. BBB interest rates was between approximately 35 basis points and approximately 100 basis points.

* The 2009-2013 values are net present values using a discount rate equal to Tampa Electric's weighted average cost of capital per the Company's proposal, 8.82\%. Source for weighted average cost of capital: MFR D1-a, page 1 of 3.


## Tampa Electric Company <br> Docket No. 080317-EI

Calculation of Impact on Customers for a Higher ROE to Obtain a Lower Cost of Debt
2009, Company Proposal vs. 9.75\% ROE and 6.8\% Long-Term Interest Rate

| Component | Company <br> Request | Ratio (\%) | Cost <br> Rate (\%) | Wgtd. Cost <br> Rate (\%) | Tax Gross-Up <br> Factor | Wgtd. Pre-Tax <br> Cost of Cap |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $(000$ s) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Long-Term Debt | $\$ 1,397,565$ | $38.22 \%$ | $6.80 \%$ | $2.60 \%$ | 1.000 | $2.60 \%$ |
| Short-Term Debt | $\$ 8,002$ | $0.22 \%$ | $4.63 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | 1.000 | $0.01 \%$ |
| Customer Deposits | $\$ 103,724$ | $2.84 \%$ | $6.07 \%$ | $0.17 \%$ | 1.000 | $0.17 \%$ |
| Tax Credits | $\$ 8,780$ | $0.24 \%$ | $9.75 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | 1.000 | $0.02 \%$ |
| Deferred Inc. Taxes | $\$ 302,744$ | $8.28 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | 1.000 | $0.00 \%$ |
| Common Equity | $\$ 1,835,985$ | $50.21 \%$ | $12.00 \%$ | $6.02 \%$ | 1.635 | $9.85 \%$ |
|  | $\$ 3,656,800$ | $100.00 \%$ |  | $8.83 \%$ |  | $12.65 \%$ |

Total Cost of Capital to Consumers $=$ Rate Base $\times$ Pre-Tax Cost of Capital $=$
\$462,585,200

| Component | Company Request | Ratio (\%) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cost } \\ \text { Rate (\%) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Wgtd. Cost Rate (\%) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Tax Gross-Up } \\ \text { Factor } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pre-Tax } \\ \text { Cost of Cap } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (000's) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Long-Term Debt | \$1,397,565 | 38.22\% | 6.80\% | 2.60\% | 1.000 | 2.60\% |
| Short-Term Debt | \$8,002 | 0.22\% | 4.63\% | 0.01\% | 1.000 | 0.01\% |
| Customer Deposits | \$103,724 | 2.84\% | 6.07\% | 0.17\% | 1.000 | 0.17\% |
| Tax Credits | \$8,780 | 0.24\% | 9.75\% | 0.02\% | 1.000 | 0.02\% |
| Deferred Inc. Taxes | \$302,744 | 8.28\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 1.000 | 0.00\% |
| Common Equity | \$1,835,985 | 50.21\% | 9.75\% | 4.90\% | 1.635 | 8.00\% |
|  | \$3,656,800 | 100.00\% |  | 7.70\% |  | 10.81\% |
| Total Cost of Capital to Consumers $=$ Rate Base $\times$ Pre-Tax Cost of Capital $=$ |  |  |  |  |  | \$395,218,067 |
| Net Savings to Consumers with ROE @ $9.75 \%$ and LT interest rate at $6.8 \%$ vs. Company proposal $=$Net Additional Cost to Consumers under Company proposal vs. ROE @ $9.75 \%$ and LT interest rate @ $6.8 \%=\quad \begin{aligned} & \$ 67,367,133 \\ & \$ 67,367,133\end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NOTE: Rate base, capital structure, and cost rates are from MFR D1-a, except where the ROE and long-term interest rates are varied as specified in the comparison case. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Tampa Electric Company <br> Docket No. 080317-EI

Calculation of Impact on Customers for a Higher ROE to Obtain a Lower Cost of Debt
2009, Company Proposal vs. 9.75\% ROE and 7.3\% Long-Term Interest Rate

| Component | Company Request | Ratio (\%) | Cost <br> Rate (\%) | Wgtd. Cost Rate (\%) | Tax Gross-Up Factor | Wgtd. Pre-Tax Cost of Cap |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (000's) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Long-Term Debt | \$1,397,565 | 38.22\% | 6.80\% | 2.60\% | 1.000 | 2.60\% |
| Short-Term Debt | \$8,002 | 0.22\% | 4.63\% | 0.01\% | 1.000 | 0.01\% |
| Customer Deposits | \$103,724 | 2.84\% | 6.07\% | 0.17\% | 1.000 | 0.17\% |
| Tax Credits | \$8,780 | 0.24\% | 9.75\% | 0.02\% | 1.000 | 0.02\% |
| Deferred Inc. Taxes | \$302,744 | 8.28\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 1.000 | 0.00\% |
| Common Equity | \$1,835,985 | 50.21\% | 12.00\% | 6.02\% | 1.635 | 9.85\% |
|  | \$3,656,800 | 100.00\% |  | 8.83\% |  | 12.65\% |

Total Cost of Capital to Consumers $=$ Rate Base $\times$ Pre-Tax Cost of Capital $=$
$\$ 462,585,200$

| Component | Company Request | Ratio (\%) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cost } \\ \text { Rate (\%) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Wgtd. Cost } \\ \text { Rate (\%) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Tax Gross-Up } \\ \text { Factor } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pre-Tax } \\ \text { Cost of Cap } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (000's) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Long-Term Debt | \$1,397,565 | 38.22\% | 7.30\% | 2.79\% | 1.000 | 2.79\% |
| Short-Term Debt | \$8,002 | 0.22\% | 4.63\% | 0.01\% | 1.000 | 0.01\% |
| Customer Deposits | \$103,724 | 2.84\% | 6.07\% | 0.17\% | 1.000 | 0.17\% |
| Tax Credits | \$8,780 | 0.24\% | 9.75\% | 0.02\% | 1.000 | 0.02\% |
| Deferred Inc. Taxes | \$302,744 | 8.28\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 1.000 | 0.00\% |
| Common Equity | \$1,835,985 | 50.21\% | 9.75\% | 4.90\% | 1.635 | 8.00\% |
|  | \$3,656,800 | 100.00\% |  | 7.89\% |  | 11.00\% |
| Total Cost of Capital to Consumers $=$ Rate Base $\times$ Pre-Tax Cost of Capital $=$ |  |  |  |  |  | \$402,205,892 |
| Net Savings to Consumers with ROE @ 9.75\% and LT interest rate at 7.3\% vs. Company proposal = |  |  |  |  |  | \$60,379,308 |
| Net Additional Cost to Consumers under Company proposal vs. ROE @ 9.75\% and LT interest rate @ 7.3\% = |  |  |  |  |  | \$60,379,308 |

NOTE: Rate base, capital structure, and cost rates are from MFR D1-a, except where the ROE and long-term interest rates are varied as specified in the comparison case.

## Tampa Electric Company <br> Docket No. 080317-EI

## Calculation of Impact on Customers for a Higher ROE to Obtain a Lower Cost of Debt

2009, Company Proposal vs. 9.75\% ROE and 7.8\% Long-Term Interest Rate

| Component | Company Request | Ratio (\%) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cost } \\ \text { Rate (\%) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Wgtd. Cost Rate (\%) | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Tax Gross-Up } \\ \text { Factor } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Wgtd. Pre-Tax Cost of Cap |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (000's) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Long-Term Debt | \$1,397,565 | 38.22\% | 6.80\% | 2.60\% | 1.000 | 2.60\% |
| Short-Term Debt | \$8,002 | 0.22\% | 4.63\% | 0.01\% | 1.000 | 0.01\% |
| Customer Deposits | \$103,724 | 2.84\% | 6.07\% | 0.17\% | 1.000 | 0.17\% |
| Tax Credits | \$8,780 | 0.24\% | 9.75\% | 0.02\% | 1.000 | 0.02\% |
| Deferred Inc. Taxes | \$302,744 | 8.28\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 1.000 | 0.00\% |
| Common Equity | \$1,835,985 | 50.21\% | 12.00\% | 6.02\% | 1.635 | 9.85\% |
|  | \$3,656,800 | 100.00\% |  | 8.83\% |  | 12.65\% |

Total Cost of Capital to Consumers $=$ Rate Base $\times$ Pre-Tax Cost of Capital $=$
$\$ 462,585,200$


## Tampa Electric Company <br> Docket No. 080317-EI

Calculation of Impact on Customers for a Higher ROE to Obtain a Lower Cost of Debt
2009, Company Proposal vs. 9.75\% ROE and 8.8\% Long-Term Interest Rate

| Component | Company <br> Request | Ratio (\%) | Cost <br> Rate (\%) | Wgtd. Cost <br> Rate (\%) | Tax Gross-Up <br> Factor | Wgtd. Pre-Tax <br> Cost of Cap |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $(000 '$ s) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Long-Term Debt | $\$ 1,397,565$ | $38.22 \%$ | $6.80 \%$ | $2.60 \%$ | 1.000 | $2.60 \%$ |
| Short-Term Debt | $\$ 8,002$ | $0.22 \%$ | $4.63 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | 1.000 | $0.01 \%$ |
| Customer Deposits | $\$ 103,724$ | $2.84 \%$ | $6.07 \%$ | $0.17 \%$ | 1.000 | $0.17 \%$ |
| Tax Credits | $\$ 8,780$ | $0.24 \%$ | $9.75 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | 1.000 | $0.02 \%$ |
| Deferred Inc. Taxes | $\$ 302,744$ | $8.28 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | 1.000 | $0.00 \%$ |
| Common Equity | $\$ 1,835,985$ | $50.21 \%$ | $12.00 \%$ | $6.02 \%$ | 1.635 | $9.85 \%$ |
|  | $\$ 3,656,800$ | $100.00 \%$ |  | $8.83 \%$ |  | $12.65 \%$ |

Total Cost of Capital to Consumers $=$ Rate Base $\times$ Pre-Tax Cost of Capital $=$
\$462,585,200

| Component | Company <br> Request | Ratio (\%) | Cost <br> Rate (\%) | Wgtd. Cost <br> Rate (\%) | Tax Gross-Up <br> Factor | Pre-Tax <br> Cost of Cap |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |



## Rate Base Calculations and Assumptions for Years 2010-2013

Start with TECO's jurisdictional rate base for $2009=\$ 3,656,800,000$

In 2010, the rate base will be:
2009 rate base MINUS depreciation expense associated w/ the 2009 rate base, which is $\$ 194,608,000$ (MFR C-1, page 1 of 3 )

## PLUS

2010 plant additions of $\$ 669,153,855$

## MINUS

The depreciation expense associated with the Company's estimated 2010 plant additions (calculated from Exhibit 13, Item No. 44, which is the Company's response to OPC POD Request No. 46, Bates-stamped page no. 58612)

The depreciation expense associated with the plant additions is calculated as follows:
TECO jurisdictional Plant In Service (PIS) in 2009 is \$5,644,926,000 (MFR B-1, page 1 of 3 )

The depreciable part of that PIS amount is estimated as follows:
Jurisdictional company PIS $=\$ 5,644,926,000$
Total company non-depreciables $=\$ 43,315,000+\$ 7,134,000+\$ 4,971,000=$
$\$ 55,420,000$ (MFR B-7, page 9 of 27 ); multiplied by the Company's total rate base jurisdictional separation factor of 0.962302 (MFR B-1, page 1 of 3 ), this indicates jurisdictional non-depreciables of $\$ 55,420,000 \mathrm{x} .962302=$ \$53,330,776.

Thus, the jurisdictional plant in service that is comparable to the jurisdictional depreciation expense is estimated as = jurisdictional PIS - jurisdictional percentage of non-depreciables $=\$ 5,591,595,224$ (calc)

Dividing the jurisdictional depreciation expense ( $\$ 194,608,000$, from MFR B-1) by the foregoing $=3.480 \%$

Thus, the depreciation on the 2010 capital additions is estimated as:

$$
.0348 \times \$ 669,153,855=\$ 23,286,554
$$

Thus, 2010 Rate Base $=$
$\$ 3,656,800,000-\$ 194,608,000+\$ 669,153,855-\$ 23,286,554=\underline{\$ 4,108,059,301}$
For succeeding years, the same depreciation expense ratio was applied to cumulative plant additions, which were derived from Exhibit 13, Item No. 44, which is the Company's response to OPC POD Request No. 46, Bates-stamped page no. 58612.

The capitalization for the Company's rate base was calculated assuming:
a. the Company's rate base as calculated above;
b. that the Company would issue debt as testified to by Witness Gillette, TR 442, i.e., $\$ 125 \mathrm{MM}$ in 2010, $\$ 125 \mathrm{MM}$ in 2011, $\$ 500 \mathrm{MM}$ in 2012, and $\$ 125 \mathrm{MM}$ in 2013;
c. that the amounts of capitalization provided through all other capital components, other than common equity, would remain constant at the Company's 2009 values per MFR D1-a; and
d. that common equity would make up the difference between (i) rate base and (ii) the total capital from all other sources.

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Strap Composite Exhl3
TAMPA ELECTRIC COMPANY
DOCKET NO. 080317-EI
OPC'S FIRST REQUEST FOR PODS
FLED: SEPTEMBER 29, 2008

2008 - 2013 PLANT IN-SERVICE

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Florida Retail Federation
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Tax prostenow: GENERATION

## TR

Total.

$\frac{50 \%}{\frac{11 \%}{100 \%},}=\frac{36 \%}{\frac{92 \%}{100 \%}}$
$30 \%$
$\frac{48}{100 \%}$
40\%
$\frac{40 \%}{100 \%}$

