# BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Nuclear Cost Recovery

Clause

**DOCKET NO. 110009** 

Submitted for filing: March 1, 2011

## REDACTED

# DIRECT TESTIMONY OF SUE HARDISON IN SUPPORT OF ACTUAL COSTS

ON BEHALF OF PROGRESS ENERGY FLORIDA

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# IN RE: NUCLEAR COST RECOVERY CLAUSE

## BY PROGRESS ENERGY FLORIDA

## FPSC DOCKET NO. 110009

## DIRECT TESTIMONY OF SUE HARDISON

1 <b>I</b>		I. INTRODUCTION AND QUALIFICATIONS.
2	Q.	Please state your name and business address.
3	A.	My name is Sue Hardison. My business address is 100 East Davie Street, TPP 19,
4		Raleigh, NC 27601.
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6	Q.	By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
7	A.	I am currently employed by Progress Energy Carolinas ("PEC") in the capacity of
8		General Manager - EnergyWise Program Office. I assumed this position with
9		PEC on February 11, 2011.
10	:	
11	Q.	Did this change in employment affect your responsibilities for the Levy
12		Nuclear Project in 2010?
13	A.	No. In 2010 I was the General Manager-Corporate Development Group ("CDG")
14		Business Services. In this role I was accountable for the financial reporting,
15		business, and project controls for CDIG-managed major projects, including the
16		Levy Nuclear Project ("LNP"). I will continue to provide support as needed for
17		the LNP in 2011.

- Q. Please summarize your educational background and work experience.
- A. I have a Bachelor of Arts degree in both Economics and Accounting from North Carolina State University. I am a licensed Certified Public Accountant in the State of North Carolina. I have been with Progress Energy and formerly Carolina Power & Light for nearly 24 years. I have held various accounting, business management and support services roles in several departments in the Company including Treasury, Accounting, Nuclear Generation, Energy Delivery, and Plant Construction. I have been a manager in the Company since 1995. Prior to joining the Company, I spent five years in public accounting holding staff positions in both a local firm and a 'Big 8' accounting firm.

#### II. PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY.

- Q. What is the purpose of your direct testimony?
- A. My direct testimony supports the Company's request for cost recovery and a prudence determination, pursuant to the Nuclear Cost Recovery Rule, Rule 25-6.0423, F.A.C., for the Company's LNP generation and transmission costs incurred from January 2010 through December 2010. I will also explain the major variances between actual LNP costs and actual/estimated costs included in the Company's April 30, 2010 filings in Docket No. 100009-EI. John Elnitsky will also provide additional detail regarding status of LNP work and reasons for the costs incurred.

### Q. Do you have any exhibits to your testimony?

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No. I will, however, be co-sponsoring portions of Schedules T-4, T-4A, T-6, and Appendix D of the Nuclear Filing Requirements ("NFRs"), which are included as part of the exhibits to Will Garrett's testimony, Exhibit No. \_\_\_(WG-2). I am also sponsoring Schedules T-6A through T-7B. Schedule T-6A is a description of the major tasks. Schedule T-6B reflects capital expenditure variance explanations. Schedule T-7 is a list of the contracts executed in excess of \$1.0 million and Schedule T-7A provides details for those contracts. Schedule T-7B reflects details pertaining to contracts executed in excess of \$250,000, but less than \$1.0 million.

All of these schedules are true and accurate.

## Q. Please summarize your testimony.

PEF requests a prudence determination and approval of the recovery of its 2010 actual LNP costs. These 2010 LNP costs were incurred in connection with licensing application activities to support the Levy Combined Operating License Application ("COLA") to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission ("NRC"), engineering and procurement activities in support of the COLA, and for continuation of PEF's Engineering, Procurement and Construction ("EPC") contract and disposition of Long Lead Equipment ("LLE") Purchase Orders ("PO") for the LNP. In addition, costs were incurred for Levy Transmission strategic land acquisition activities. PEF took adequate steps to ensure that the 2010 LNP costs were reasonable and prudent and that all of these costs were necessary to the LNP for the completion and operation of Levy Units 1 and 2.

1	Accordingly, the Commission should approve PEF's 2010 costs as reasonable and
2	prudent pursuant to the nuclear cost recovery rule.
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4	III. CAPITAL COSTS INCURRED IN 2010 FOR THE LNP.
5	Q. What was the total overall difference between PEF's actual 2010 costs and
6	PEF's actual/estimated costs for 2010?
7	A. Overall LNP costs, inclusive of transmission and generation costs, were
8	or less than PEF's actual/estimated costs for 2010. The
9	reasons for this variance are described below and of this variance is
. 10	related to one item also discussed further in Mr. Elnitsky's March 1, 2011
11	testimony.
12	
13	A. GENERATION.
14	Q. Can you please describe the work and activities that were performed for the
15	LNP in 2010 to generate these costs?
16	A. Yes. PEF performed work on the following activities for the LNP in 2010:
17	Licensing; Engineering, Design and Procurement; Project Management; Real
18	Estate Acquisition; and Power Block Engineering and Procurement. The work or
19	these activities for the LNP in 2010 resulted in preconstruction and construction
20	costs.
21	
22	Q. Can you explain what licensing work was done for the LNP in 2010?
23	A. Yes. Throughout 2010, the Levy New Generation Programs and Projects
24	("NGPP") group continued to provide responses to NRC Requests for Additional

Information ("RAIs") on safety and environmental issues. As a result of this work, the Draft of the Environmental Impact Statement, which is part of the COLA process, was issued by the NRC on August 13, 2010, and public hearings were held to discuss this document on September 23, 2010. The NGPP group further worked on Revision 2 to the Levy COLA, which was submitted to the NRC on October 6, 2010.

On July 8, 2009, the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board ("ASLB") ruled to admit parts of three contentions that were filed by the Nuclear Information and Resource Service ("NIRS"), the Ecology Party of Florida ("EPF"), and the Green Party of Florida ("GPF") in response to the Levy COLA. In 2010, the NGPP developed a process to disclose and provide all documents related to the contentions, and has continued in 2010 to work on and submit responsive documents to the ASLB on a monthly basis.

The NGPP group further provided information needed by the U.S. Army Corps. of Engineers ("USACE") to complete the Jurisdictional Determination of wetlands by USACE. The NGPP group responded to the USACE comments regarding the Least Environmentally Damaging Practicable Alternative ("LEDPA") analysis. The NGPP group also initiated detailed environmental engineering studies required to support the Wetland Mitigation Plan implementation for the Florida Department of Environmental Protection ("FDEP"). The Wetland Mitigation Plan was submitted on April 29, 2010, and FDEP questions regarding this plan were subsequently addressed in 2010. The Wetland Mitigation Plan was administratively approved by FDEP on November

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8, 2010. The NGPP group completed the following additional, required Conditions of Certification Reports for FDEP:

- o Barge Canal & Withlacoohee River Monitoring Plan
- o Crystal Bay Surface Water Monitoring
- o Discharge Monitoring Plan
- o Floodplain Compensation Plan

Finally, the NGPP group has continued to participate in industry groups including NuStart and the AP1000 Owner's Group ("APOG"). The NGPP group continues the work necessary to support the joint efforts of these industry groups. Throughout 2010, NGPP provided support to NuStart for review of documents in the development of AP1000 DCD Revision 18 and Revision 19 and the Reference COLA ("R-COLA") and to APOG for joint licensing and operational program development.

## Q. What engineering work was done for the LNP in 2010?

In 2010, PEF conducted engineering activities in support of its COLA for the LNP. This included ongoing engineering support to assist the licensing activities in response to NRC RAIs. In 2010, PEF completed all engineering, reporting activities, and RAIs related to the Offset Boring Program. PEF also completed a site specific Soil-Structure Interaction Analysis ("SSI") for the proposed AP1000 Nuclear Island in response to NRC RAIs. PEF further developed the Roller Compacted Concrete ("RCC") Mix Design and Specialty Testing Programs in response to NRC RAIs and began the laboratory portion of the RCC Mix Design Program. Finally, PEF engineers developed the conceptual drilled shaft

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foundation design concept for the non-safety related structures (Turbine Building, Radwaste Building and Annex Building).

In the beginning of 2010, PEF's engineering team also completed multiple document reviews in support of the partial suspension of the EPC contract for the LNP. These reviews were primarily related to ensuring that the site-specific engineering work performed to date was properly documented in order to allow the work to continue with minimal interruption when the partial suspension is lifted. PEF engineering personnel also participated in multiple NuStart Management and Design Review meetings and provided engineering support for the joint APOG efforts in Engineering Program development.

Can you generally describe the project management work on the LNP in 2010?

Yes. On March 25, 2010, PEF and the Consortium executed Amendment 3 to the EPC contract. This amendment to the EPC agreement set the stage for the Company's revised schedule for the LNP. Throughout 2010, baseline schedules and costs estimates were completed for the LNP based on the new in-service date as defined in revision 2 of the Levy IPP dated April 28, 2010. Project control metrics were established which included metrics for cost, schedule, safety, compliance, and risk. Work also continued to update the EPC Change Order review and approval process procedure to ensure compliance with NGG contracting procedures. The procedure was utilized to authorize incremental work scopes during the partial suspension period. The work scopes were evaluated and appropriate Change Orders were issued.

Members of the Levy EPC project team also worked to evaluate the impacts and options on Long Lead Equipment (LLE) based on the estimated shift in the in-service dates. PEF conducted the evaluation of options based on information received from the Consortium and its vendors. PEF continues to work with the Consortium and its vendors to negotiate the selected LLE PO disposition paths. The disposition of the LLE POs is discussed in more detail in the March 1, 2011 testimony of John Elnitsky.

PEF also finalized the Levy Estimate in March of 2010 and created a Readiness Requirements document that provides an outline of the major activities and key decisions that support a Full Notice to Proceed (FNTP) for the LNP. The activities described in the document work in concert with the Levy Readiness Requirements Timeline to provide additional clarity regarding the time frames of the key activities and decision points.

#### i. Preconstruction Generation Costs Incurred.

- Q. Did the Company incur any Generation preconstruction costs for the LNP in 2010?
- A. Yes. As reflected on Schedule T-6.2, the Company incurred preconstruction costs in the categories of License Application and Engineering, Design, and Procurement.
- Q. For the License Application costs, please identify what those costs are and why the Company had to incur them.

1	Α.	As reflected on Line 3 of Schedule T-6.2, the Company incurred License
2		Application costs of in 2010. The costs incurred were for the licensing
3		activities supporting the LNP COLA that I previously described.
4		
5	Q.	For the Engineering, Design and Procurement costs, please identify what
6		those costs are and why the Company had to incur them.
7	A.	As reflected on Line 4 of Schedule T-6.2, the Company incurred Engineering,
8		Design, and Procurement costs of in 2010. The costs incurred related to:
9		(1) AP1000 design finalization royalty milestone payments of pursuant to
10		PEF's contractual obligations under the partial suspension terms in the EPC
11		contract; (2) in contractual payments to the Consortium for project
12		management, quality assurance, PO disposition support, and other Home Office
13		Services such as Accounting and Project Controls; (3)
14		under the EPC agreement; and (4) of PGN labor,
15		expenses, indirects and overheads for general project management, project
16		scheduling and cost estimating, legal, and other support services that were
17		necessary for the LNP.
18		
19	Q.	How did Generation preconstruction actual capital expenditures for January
20		2010 through December 2010 compare to PEF's estimated/actual costs for
21		2010?
22	A.	LNP preconstruction generation costs were seemed, or less than PEF's
23		actual/estimated costs for 2010. The reasons for the major (more than \$1.0
24		million) variances are provided below.
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License Application: License Application capital expenditures were 1 less than the actual/estimated License , which was 2 Application costs for 2010. This variance is primarily driven by a shift in 3 the NRC COL review schedule which resulted in lower than estimated 4 NRC fees and related licensing and consultant fees, as well as the 5 associated contingency, internal staffing and expenses and outside legal 6 counsel costs that were related to the NRC review schedule shift. 7 8 Engineering, Design & Procurement: As I previously indicated, 9 Engineering, Design & Procurement capital expenditures were 10 which was less than the actual/estimated Engineering, Design & 11 Procurement costs for 2010. This variance is driven primarily by the 12 deferral of the 2010 estimated for one-time LLE PO disposition 13 cost to 2011 based on the continued negotiations with the Consortium and 14 its vendors regarding the LLE PO dispositions in 2010. The status of the 15 LLE PO disposition and the reason for this variance are also discussed in 16 more detail in the March 1, 2011 testimony of John Elnitsky. The 17 remaining variance is related to lower than anticipated payments 18 for engineering and design work, associated project management and 19 development, PO disposition support, Home Office Services, and PGN 20 labor, expenses, indirects and overheads and 21 under the EPC agreement. 22 23 24

1		ii. Construction Generation Costs Incurred.
2	Q.	Did the Company incur any Generation construction costs for the LNP in
3		2010?
4	A.	Yes. As reflected on Schedule T-6.3, the Company incurred generation
5		construction costs in the categories of Real Estate Acquisitions and Power Block,
6		Engineering and Procurement.
7		
8	Q.	For the Real Estate Acquisition costs, please identify what those costs are and
9		why the Company had to incur them.
10	A.	As reflected on Line 3 of Schedule T-6.3, the Company incurred Real Estate
11		Acquisition costs of in 2010. Costs incurred related to land acquisitions
12	ļ	for the LNP, including for the purchase of state lands for the LNP Barge
13		Slip easement and for the Inglis Island Bike Trail.
14		
15	Q.	For the Power Block Engineering and Procurement costs, please identify
16		what those costs are and why the Company had to incur them.
17	A.	As reflected on Line 8 of Schedule T.6-3, the Company incurred Power Block
18		Engineering and Procurement costs of in 2010. These costs were for EPC
19		milestone payments for certain LLE items including the:
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1	Q.	How did a	actual generation construction capital expenditures for January
2		2010 thro	ugh December 2010 compare to PEF's actual/estimated costs for
3		2010?	
4	A.	LNP const	ruction generation costs were greater, or greater than PEF's
5		estimated	projection costs for 2010. The reasons for the major (more than \$1.0
6		million) v	ariances are provided below.
7		Re	al Estate Acquisition: Real Estate Acquisition capital expenditures
8		we	ere which was greater than the actual/estimated Real
9		Es	tate Acquisition costs for 2010. This variance is primarily driven by the
10		tra	nsfer of funding responsibility and payment for state lands Barge Slip
11		eas	sement from Levy Transmission to Generation. The transfer was
12		ref	lected in cost management reports after the April 30, 2010
13		act	tual/estimated cost filings.
14		Po	wer Block Engineering and Procurement: Power Block Engineering
15		an	d Procurement capital expenditures were were, which was
16		gr	eater than the actual/estimated Power Block Engineering and
17		Pr	ocurement costs for 2010. This variance is driven primarily by
18		pa	yments to the Consortium under the EPC contract for the earlier than
19		sc	heduled completion of partial milestones for certain items of LLE
20		in	cluding the
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22		B. <u>T</u>	RANSMISSION.
23	Q.	Can you	describe what transmission work and activities were performed in
24		2010 for	the LNP?
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Yes. At the beginning of the year, responsibility for any active Levy
Transmission activities was re-assigned to the NGPP Licensing organization.

Primary activities for 2010 included review and closeout of transmission activity contracts, project management reviews related to adjusting entries for the Levy portion of the road widening construction project along Sunshine Grove Road completed by Transmission Operations in 2010, and minimal strategic right-of-way ("ROW") acquisition work in the 500kV common corridor. The work focus was on strategic acquisition and planning for the new Transmission Study scheduled to start in the fourth quarter of 2011. Further transmission activities were suspended due to the partial work suspension for the LNP and the schedule for the revised in-service dates for the Levy nuclear units.

#### i. Preconstruction Transmission Costs Incurred.

- Q. Did the Company incur transmission-related preconstruction costs for this transmission work and activity for the LNP in 2010?
- A. Yes, as reflected on Schedule T-6.2 the Company incurred transmission-related preconstruction costs in the categories of Line Engineering, Substation Engineering, Clearing, and Other.

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- Q. For the Line Engineering costs, please identify what those costs are and why the Company had to incur them.
- A. As reflected on Line 17 of Schedule T-6.2, the Company incurred Line

  Engineering costs of The Engineering costs of These costs included the residual trailing charges

  from 2009 to complete payments for contracted design and engineering, wetlands

1		delineation, survey and mapping, and other general environmental services from
2		the Patrick Energy Services and Golder & Associates contracts.
3		
4	Q.	For the Substation Engineering costs, please identify what those costs are
5		and why the Company had to incur them.
6	A.	As reflected on Line 18 of Schedule T-6.2, the Company incurred Substation
7		Engineering costs of This decrease results from a true-up of residual
8		charges from 2009 to complete adjusting entries to transfer responsibility for the
9		Levy Central Florida South substation projects to Transmission Operations.
10		
11	Q.	For the Clearing costs, please identify what those costs are and why the
12		Company had to incur them.
13	A.	As reflected on Line 19 of Schedule T-6.2, Clearing costs were
14		costs reflect accounting entries for the Levy portion of the road widening
15		construction project along Sunshine Grove Road completed by Transmission
16		Operations in 2010.
17		
18	Q.	For the Other costs, please identify what those costs are and why the
19		Company had to incur them.
20	A.	As reflected on Line 20 of Schedule T-6.2, the Other costs were These
21		costs included for PGN labor and related expenses, indirects and
22		overheads to perform general project management, project scheduling and cost
23		estimating activities, and costs for external relations and legal services necessary
24		for the transmission aspects of the LNP. These costs were offset by a negative

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1		of remaining residual project indirect costs to complete the true-up of the
2		transfer of the Levy Central Florida South substation projects to Transmission
3		Operations.
4		
5	Q.	How did actual transmission-related preconstruction capital expenditures fo
6		January 2010 through December 2010 compare to PEF's actual/estimated
7		costs for 2010?
8	A.	LNP preconstruction capital transmission costs were great or less than
9		PEF's actual/estimated transmission-related preconstruction capital costs for
10		2010. The reasons for the major (more than \$1.0 million) variances are provided
11		below.
12		Substation Engineering: As I previously indicated, Substation
13		Engineering capital expenditures were which was less
14		than the actual/estimated costs. This variance is mainly driven by the
15		deferral of Crystal River Energy Center ("CREC") switchyard design
16		engineering and environmental permitting work for the LNP due to
17		Crystal River 3 plant outage schedule adjustments and coordination with
18		planned completion of environmental licensing activities.
19		
20		ii. Construction Transmission Costs Incurred.
21	Q.	Did the Company incur any transmission-related construction costs for the
22		transmission work and activities you identified for the LNP in 2010?
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1	Α.	Yes, as reflected on Schedule T-6.3, the Company incurred transmission-related
2		construction costs in the categories of Real Estate Acquisition, Line Construction,
3		Substation Engineering, Substation Construction, and Other.
4		
5	Q.	For the Real Estate Acquisition costs, please identify what those costs are and
6		why the Company had to incur them.
7	Α.	As reflected on Line 21 of Schedule T-6.3, the Company incurred Real Estate
8		Acquisition costs of These costs included survey and title services for
9		minimal strategic ROW acquisition in the Levy 500kV common corridor.
10		
11	Q.	For the Line Construction costs, please identify what those costs are and why
12	:	the Company had to incur them.
13	Α.	As reflected on Line 22 of Schedule T-6.3, the Company incurred Line
14		Construction costs of These costs were for the Levy portion of the road
15		widening construction project along Sunshine Grove Road completed by
16		Transmission Operations in 2010.
17		
18	Q.	For the Substation Engineering costs, please identify what those costs are
19		and why the Company had to incur them.
20	A.	As reflected on Line 20 of Schedule T-6.3, the Company incurred Substation
21		Construction costs of These costs were the remaining adjusting entries to
22		complete the transfer of responsibility for the Levy Central Florida South
23		substation projects to Transmission Operations.
24		

1	Q.	For the Substation Construction costs, please identify what those costs are
2		and why the Company had to incur them.
3	Α.	As reflected on Line 23 of Schedule T-6.3, the Company incurred Substation
4		Construction costs of These costs were final contractor payments and
5		material inventory credit adjustments for work to complete the installation of
6		three new 500kV switches at the Levy CREC switchyard.
7		
8	Q.	For the Other costs, please identify what those costs are and why the
9		Company had to incur them.
10	A.	As reflected on Line 24 of Schedule T-6.3, the Company incurred Other costs of
11		. These costs included labor and related expenses, indirects and overheads
12		to perform general project management activities, and the Levy portion of indirec
13		and overhead costs related to the road widening construction project along
14		Sunshine Grove Road completed by Transmission Operations in 2010.
15		
16	Q.	How did actual transmission-related construction capital expenditures for
17		January 2010 through December 2010 compare to PEF's actual/estimated
18		2010 costs?
19	A.	LNP construction transmission costs were the property of the less than PEF's
20		actual/estimated construction transmission costs for 2010. I will explain the
21		reasons for the major (more than \$1 million) variances below.
22		Real Estate Acquisition: Real Estate Acquisition capital expenditures
23		were which was less than the actual/estimated Real Estate
24		Acquisition costs for 2010. This variance was primarily driven by the

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shift in the Levy Project schedule. The land acquisition plan was reevaluated in light of the schedule shift changes and resulted in a
significant reduction of actual strategic ROW land acquisition and siting
expenditures in 2010. Also included in the variance above was the
transfer of funding responsibility and payment for the state lands Barge
Slip easement from Levy Transmission to Generation. The transfer was
reflected in cost management reports after the April 30, 2010
actual/estimated filings.

#### IV. O&M COSTS INCURRED IN 2010 FOR THE LEVY NUCLEAR PLANT.

- Q. Did the Company incur any Operation & Maintenance ("O&M") costs for the LNP in 2010?
- A. Yes, as reflected on Schedule T-4 the Company incurred O&M expenditures in the amount of \$2.9M for internal labor and expenses, legal costs, and the NuStart Energy Development, LLC program that were necessary for the LNP. The explanations for major variances are provided below:

Corporate Planning: O&M expenditures for Corporate Planning were \$0.2M, or \$0.1M lower than the actual/estimated costs. This variance is primarily due to fewer corporate planning internal labor hours than anticipated due to the project shift.

**Legal:** O&M expenditures for Legal were \$1.2M, or \$0.3M lower than the actual/estimated costs. This variance is primarily due to lower than expected outside legal counsel services.

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Project Assurance: O&M expenditures for Project Assurance were \$0.2M, or \$0.1M lower than the actual/estimated costs. This variance is primarily due to fewer project assurance internal labor hours than anticipated due to the project shift.

Nuclear Generation: O&M expenditures for Nuclear Generation were \$0.9M, or \$0.6M lower than actual/estimated costs. This variance is primarily due to the deferral of operational readiness activities due to the LNP schedule shift.

- Q. To summarize, were all the costs that the Company incurred in 2010 for the LNP reasonable and prudent?
- A. Yes, the specific cost amounts for the LNP contained in the NFR schedules, which are attached as exhibits to Mr. Garrett's testimony, reflect the reasonable and prudent costs PEF incurred for LNP work in 2010. All of these costs were necessary for the LNP.
- V. PROJECT MANAGEMENT AND COST CONTROL OVERSIGHT.
- Q. Are the LNP Project Management and Cost Control Oversight policies and procedures the same in 2010 as they were for 2008 and 2009?
- A. Yes, they are essentially the same. There have been no substantial changes to the LNP project management and cost oversight controls since I described the process in my March 1, 2010 testimony last year in Docket No. 100009-EI. However, the Company continues to review policies, procedures, and controls on an ongoing basis and makes revisions and enhancements based on changing business

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conditions, organizational changes, and lessons learned, as necessary. This process of continuous review of our policies, procedures, and controls is a best practice in our industry and is part of our existing LNP project management and cost control oversight.

Can you please provide an overview of the Company's applicable LNP project management and cost control oversight policies and procedures?

Yes. The Company maintains an Integrated Project Plan ("IPP") procedure to provide guidance regarding evaluation and funding authorization for major projects, including the LNP. The Company adheres to this procedure, along with numerous other policies, procedures, and controls to effectively manage the LNP. In March of 2011, Progress Energy senior management will review an IPP update for the LNP (Revision 3 to the Levy IPP). This IPP update will confirm funding approval for 2011 through 2013 on the LNP consistent with the Company's March 2010 decision to continue with the LNP on a slower pace and defer significant capital investment until after the LNP Combined Operating License ("COL") is obtained. This decision benefits PEF's customers by reducing the near-term project costs during the immediate recessionary period. A 2012 IPP annual update is scheduled for mid-year 2012. The 2012 mid-year IPP will provide cost estimates leading up to FNTP, which is anticipated in conjunction with the receipt of the Levy COL estimated for early 2013.

The LNP is also being undertaken by the Company consistent with the applicable project standards established and implemented by Progress Energy's Project Management Center of Excellence organization ("PMCoE"). These

standards are based on principles from the internationally recognized Project

Management Institute Project Management Body of Knowledge and establish a

standardized project management approach that spans tools, templates and

processes, training and qualification programs, and adoption of best practices.

The LNP work also continues to be performed under Nuclear Generation Group ("NGG") and Corporate procedures as well. These procedures are reviewed on a continuous basis for changing business conditions and to incorporate improvements, clarifications, and other administrative changes. Other corporate tools are used to support the management of the LNP work. The Oracle Financial Systems/Business Objects reporting tool provides monthly corporate budget comparisons to actual cost information, as well as detailed transaction information. This information, along with other financial accounting data, allows PEF to regularly monitor the costs of the LNP work compared to budgets and projections. The project schedule is maintained in the Primavera scheduling tool. Detailed schedules for near term work are developed and reviewed on a bi-weekly basis and updated and refined as appropriate.

During the partial suspension period, the Company meets quarterly with the Consortium to review the status of approved work. Financial Services personnel prepare monthly Cost Management Reports that include all contracts, labor, equipment, material and other project cost transactions recorded to the LNP. These reports are regularly reviewed by the LNP management team. Project Controls and Business Services issue a combined monthly report which provides current status of cost, completed and upcoming schedule milestones,

Level 1 schedules, major contract status, and the current risk matrix, which first appears in the December report.

- Q. Can you describe some of the enhancements to the Company's project management and cost control policies or procedures that were made in 2010?
- A. Yes. As the partial suspension period continues for the Levy project, there is limited field activity for both LNP generation and transmission work. As a result, the Company's oversight and management plan for contractors did not change in 2010, but PEF has implemented several enhancements to continuously improve the oversight and management of contractors for the LNP. Corporate and nuclear contract procedures were further reviewed and revised in 2010. Overall sixtynine (69) corporate, nuclear, and EPC procedures were revised and eight (8) new procedures were created. Of these eight new procedures, five (5) were new PMCoE procedures issued in 2010. Most of these were minor revisions or updates to existing policies and procedures so I will describe a few of the more substantive revisions or updates to our policies and procedures for the LNP.

In 2010, CDIG Business Services implemented improvements to the LNP Contract Administration function. Vendor invoice audits were completed at Shaw and the Joint Venture Team ("JVT") in 2010. These audits looked at vendor time, expense, and subcontract procedures and verified invoices were being billed according to contract terms and conditions. A Vendor Audit Schedule was also approved for 2011. Other improvements include issuance of the CDIG Contract Change Order Management procedure which provides Project Teams and Program Managers with a standard Contract Change Management approach and

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contracts.

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formal procedure to process change orders in accordance with PMCoE standards.

Also in 2010, the contract language was strengthened for all JVT COLA Contract

Work Authorizations to better define the change order process in each of the

Can you explain how the Company ensures that its selection and management of outside vendors is reasonable and prudent?

Yes. When selecting vendors for the LNP, PEF utilizes bidding procedures through a Request for Proposal ("RFP") when possible for the particular services or materials needed to ensure that the chosen vendors provide the best value for PEF's customers. Once proposals are submitted by potential vendors, formal bid evaluations are completed and a final selection is determined and documented. When an RFP cannot be used, PEF ensures that contracts with sole source vendors contain reasonable and prudent contract terms with adequate pricing provisions (including fixed price and/or firm price, escalated according to indexes, where possible). When deciding to use a single or sole source vendor, PEF documents a single or sole source justification for not doing an RFP for the particular work. Both Corporate and Nuclear Generation contracting procedures contain guidance on what justifies using a sole source or single source vendor. The Company requires that all sole or single source contract activity must be justified on the contract requisition and must be approved by the appropriate management level for the dollar value of the contract. This justification for the sole or single source vendor must describe in detail why a sole or single source vendor approach is being taken.

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The contract development process starts when a requisition is created in the Passport Contracts module for the purchase of services. The requisition is reviewed by the appropriate Contract Specialist in Corporate Services and appropriate technical and management personnel on the Levy project, to ensure sufficient data has been provided to process the contract requisition. The Contract Specialist prepares the appropriate contract document from pre-approved contract templates in accordance with the requirements stated on the contract requisition. Once the contract is ready to be executed, it is approved online by the appropriate levels of the management approval matrix as per the Corporate Approval Level Policy, and a contract is created. Contract invoices are received by the LNP Support Services. The invoices are validated by the project managers and Support Services Team. Payment Authorizations approving payment of the contract invoices are entered and approved.

Does the Company verify that the Company's project management and cost control policies and procedures are followed?

Yes, it does. PEF uses internal audits, self assessments, benchmarking, and quality assurance reviews and audits to verify that its program management and oversight controls are in place and being implemented. Internal audits are also conducted on outside vendors. During 2010 the Florida Nuclear Plant Cost Recovery Rule Compliance Monitoring Review Audit was conducted. This internal audit did not have any findings and did not require any corrective action. Two internal audits are scheduled for 2011. An internal Nuclear Oversight Organization ("NOS") assessment N-NP-10-01, was conducted in September

2010. It identified one finding and four recommendations. The finding was related to the process and procedures for the identification and evaluation of industry Operating Experience and Construction Experience as it applies to new nuclear plant activities. This finding was entered into the Progress Energy Corrective Action Program as Nuclear Condition Report 425609 for investigation and resolution. The corrective actions for this finding included revising existing fleet procedures to include the identification of new nuclear plant operating and construction experience for screen and evaluation. A due date for corrective action is in early 2011.

From November 30, 2010 through December 2, 2010 PEF completed an audit of the JVT Invoice Process to ensure invoice compliance with contract terms. PEF concluded that appropriate controls are in place for the invoice process. On January 29, 2010, PEF completed an audit of EPC Monthly Invoice # 927917-R8-00361. The audit focused on two areas: 1) engineering deliverables associated with authorized design tasks included on the invoice and the reference letter, and 2) a review of project controls utilized by the Consortium for the actual T&M hours invoiced. PEF concluded that appropriate controls are in place for the invoice process.

In addition, the NRC performed an inspection of the Progress Energy Nuclear Quality Assurance Program, processes, and procedures as they applied to the LNP from April 12-16, 2010. During this inspection, the NRC did not identify any violations or non-conformances with program implementation associated with the LNP.

- Q. Are these project management and costs control oversight procedures described applicable to both transmission and generation projects?
- A. Yes. The generation and transmission projects associated with the LNP are subject to the same overall Company management.

Q. Were the Company's Project Management and Cost Control Oversight policies and procedures for the LNP independently reviewed?

Yes. In both 2009 and 2010 PEF hired independent expert Gary Doughty of Janus Management Associates, Inc. to review the reasonableness and prudence of the project management and control systems in place to manage the LNP. Mr. Doughty concluded in both 2009 and 2010 that PEF's LNP project management and project controls were reasonable and prudent. In addition, Office of Public Counsel ("OPC") expert witness Dr. William Jacobs, Jr. also reviewed the LNP project management and cost oversight controls in the 2009 and 2010 NCRC proceedings. He expressed no opinion in either proceeding that the Company's LNP project management and cost oversight controls were unreasonable or imprudent. In fact, he testified in the 2010 NCRC hearings that he expressed no opinion regarding the prudence of the Company's LNP project management. contracting, and oversight controls because he reviewed them in 2009 and did not see any significant concerns with them. (Docket 10009-EI Hearing Trans. pp. 730-731). Mr. Doughty has not been retained this year to review the LNP project management and oversight controls because there have been no substantial changes since his review in 2010.

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- Q. Has the Commission previously determined that these LNP project management and cost oversight controls were reasonable and prudent?
- A. Yes. In Order No. PSC-09-0783-FOF-EI, issued Nov. 19, 2009, and No. PSC-11-0095-FOF-EI, issued Feb. 2, 2011, the Commission determined that the LNP project management and cost oversight controls were reasonable and prudent for 2008 and 2009. The Company's 2010 LNP project management and cost oversight controls are substantially the same as they were in 2008 and 2009.

Q. Are the Company's LNP project management and cost control oversight policies and procedures reasonable and prudent?

- Yes, they are. These project management policies and procedures reflect the collective experience and knowledge of the Company and have been vetted, enhanced, and revised over several years to reflect industry leading best project management and cost oversight policies, practices, and procedures. The culmination of these policies, practices, and procedures in the LNP project management and cost control oversight measures have been independently reviewed by third party experts in 2009 and 2010 and by the Commission and they were found to be reasonable and prudent. We believe, therefore, that our project management policies and procedures are consistent with best practices for capital project management in the industry and are reasonable and prudent.
- Q. Does this conclude your testimony?
- A. Yes, it does.

A.