

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

DOCKET NO. 110001-EI

FUEL & PURCHASED POWER COST RECOVERY

AND

CAPACITY COST RECOVERY

PROJECTIONS

JANUARY 2012 THROUGH DECEMBER 2012

TESTIMONY

OF

BENJAMIN F. SMITH II

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FPSC-COMMISSION CLERK

BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION PREPARED DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

BENJAMIN F. SMITH II

Q. Please state your name, address, occupation and employer.

A. My name is Benjamin F. Smith II. My business address is 702 North Franklin Street, Tampa, Florida 33602. I am employed by Tampa Electric Company ("Tampa Electric" or "company") in the Wholesale Marketing group within the Fuels Management Department.

Q. Please provide a brief outline of your educational background and business experience.

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Engineering in 1991 from the University of South Florida in Tampa, Florida and am a registered Professional Engineer within the State of Florida. I joined Tampa Electric in 1990 as a cooperative education student. During my years with the company, I have worked in the areas of transmission engineering, distribution engineering, resource planning, retail marketing, and wholesale power marketing. I am currently the Manager of

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Energy Products and Structures in the Wholesale Marketing group. My responsibilities are to evaluate short and long-term purchase and sale opportunities within the wholesale power market, assist in wholesale contract structure and help evaluate the processes used to value wholesale power opportunities. In this capacity, I interact with wholesale power market participants such as utilities, municipalities, electric cooperatives, power marketers and other wholesale generators.

Q. Have you previously testified before the Florida Public Service Commission ("Commission")?

A. Yes. I have submitted written testimony in the annual fuel docket since 2003, and I testified before this Commission in Docket Nos. 030001-EI, 040001-EI, and 080001-EI regarding the appropriateness and prudence of Tampa Electric's wholesale purchases and sales.

Q. What is the purpose of your direct testimony in this proceeding?

A. The purpose of my testimony is to provide a description of Tampa Electric's purchased power agreements that the company has entered into and for which it is seeking cost

recovery through the Fuel and Purchased Power Cost
Recovery Clause ("fuel clause") and the Capacity Cost
Recovery Clause. I also describe Tampa Electric's
purchased power strategy for mitigating price and supplyside risk, while providing customers with a reliable
supply of economically priced purchased power.

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Q. Please describe the efforts Tampa Electric makes to ensure that its wholesale purchases and sales activities are conducted in a reasonable and prudent manner.

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Tampa Electric evaluates potential purchased power needs analyzing the opportunities by expected and sale available amounts of generation and the power required to meet the projected demand and energy of its customers. made achieve Purchases to reserve margin are requirements, meet customers' demand and energy needs, supplement generation during unit outages, and When there is a purchased power economical purposes. need, the company aggressively polls the marketplace for wholesale capacity or energy, searching for reliable supplies at the best possible price from creditworthy counterparties.

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Conversely, when there is a sales opportunity, the

company offers profitable wholesale capacity or energy products to creditworthy counterparties. The company has wholesale power purchase and sale transaction enabling agreements with numerous counterparties. This process helps to ensure that the company's wholesale purchase and sale activities are conducted in a reasonable and prudent manner.

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Q. Has Tampa Electric reasonably managed its wholesale power purchases and sales for the benefit of its retail customers?

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A. Yes, it has. Tampa Electric has fully complied with, and continues to fully comply with, the Commission's March 11, 1997 Order, No. PSC-97-0262-FOF-EI, issued in Docket No. 970001-EI, which governs the treatment of separated and non-separated wholesale sales. The company's wholesale purchase and sale activities and transactions are also reviewed and audited on a recurring basis by the Commission.

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Tampa Electric actively manages In addition, its wholesale purchases and sales with the goal of capitalizing on opportunities to reduce customer costs. company monitors its contractual with The rights

purchased power suppliers as well as with entities to which wholesale power is sold to detect and prevent any breach of the company's contractual rights. Also, Tampa Electric continually strives to improve its knowledge of wholesale power markets and the available opportunities within the marketplace. The company uses this knowledge to minimize the costs of purchased power and to maximize the savings the company provides retail customers by making wholesale sales when excess power is available on Tampa Electric's system and market conditions allow.

Q. Please describe Tampa Electric's 2011 wholesale energy purchases.

A. Tampa Electric assessed the wholesale power market and entered into short and long-term purchases based on price and availability of supply. Approximately 7 percent of the expected energy needs for 2011 will be met using purchased power. This purchased power energy includes economy purchases and existing firm purchased power agreements with Hardee Power Partners, Calpine, RRI Energy Services (formally known as Reliant), Pasco Cogen, and qualifying facilities. The testimony in previous years describes each existing firm purchased power agreement, which were subsequently approved by the

Commission as being cost-effective for Tampa Electric customers. All of the aforementioned purchases provide supply reliability and help reduce fuel price volatility.

Q. Has Tampa Electric entered into any other wholesale energy purchases for 2011?

was May 2006 through April 2011. Tampa Electric extended the contract for 117 MW through September 2011 to support Tampa Electric's system during a major unit planned outage. The Calpine extension capacity pricing is 65 percent less than the original contract. This reduced capacity price, along with fuel benefits, results in a small forecasted savings to customers. Additionally, the Calpine extension has already provided coverage for unplanned unit outages and additional purchased power price protection throughout the summer.

Also, in May 2011, Tampa Electric issued a solicitation for proposals (i.e., request to purchase power) to the marketplace. The purpose of the solicitation was to evaluate firm power purchase options capable of filling the company's 2013-2015 reserve margin needs, as shown in its 2011 Ten Year Site Plan. Currently, the company is

in discussions with the short listed bidders to determine if a purchase (or combination of purchases) is in the best interest for Tampa Electric customers. In addition to the solicitation, Tampa Electric will continue to evaluate economic combinations of forward and spot market energy purchases during its spring and fall generation maintenance periods and peak periods. This purchasing strategy provides a reasonable and diversified approach to serving customers.

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Q. Has Tampa Electric entered into any other wholesale energy purchases for 2012 and beyond?

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In 2012, the Tampa Electric expects purchased power to A. meet approximately 5 percent of its energy needs. Excluding the discussions with short listed bidders from the previously described May 2011 solicitation could result in cost-effective which а proposals purchase, the company has no additional plans to purchase long-term capacity and energy at this time. Tampa Electric, however, will continue to evaluate the shortterm purchased power market as part of its purchasing strategy.

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Q. Does Tampa Electric engage in physical or financial

hedging of its wholesale energy transactions to mitigate wholesale energy price volatility?

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Physical and financial hedges can provide measurable market price volatility protection. Tampa Electric purchases physical wholesale power products. The company has not engaged in financial hedging for the availability of financial transactions because instruments within the Florida market is limited. The Florida wholesale power market currently operates through bilateral contracts between various counterparties, and there is not a Florida trading hub where standard financial transactions can occur with enough volume to create a liquid market. Due to this lack of liquidity, appropriate financial instruments to meet the the company's needs do not currently exist. Tampa Electric not purchased any wholesale energy derivatives; however, the company employs a diversified power supply strategy, which includes self-generation, short and longterm capacity and energy purchases. This strategy provides the company the opportunity to take advantage of favorable spot market pricing while maintaining reliable service to its customers.

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Q. Does Tampa Electric's risk management strategy for power

transactions adequately mitigate price risk for purchased power for 2011?

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Electric expects its physical wholesale Tampa Yes, purchases to continue to reduce its customers' purchased example, the 170 power price risk. For subsequent 117 MW) Calpine purchase and the 158 purchase from RRI Energy Services in 2011 are reliable, cost-based call options for peaking power. These purchases serve as both a physical hedge and reliable The availability of source of economic power in 2011. these purchases is high, and their price structures provide some protection from rising market prices, which are largely influenced by supply and the volatility of natural gas prices.

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Mitigating price risk is a dynamic process, and Tampa Electric continually evaluates its options in light of changing circumstances and new opportunities. Tampa Electric also strives to maintain an optimum level and mix of short- and long-term capacity and energy purchases to augment the company's own generation for the year 2011 and beyond.

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Q. How does Tampa Electric mitigate the risk of disruptions

to its purchased power supplies during major weather related events such as hurricanes?

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During hurricane season, Tampa Electric continues utilize a purchased power risk management strategy to minimize potential power supply disruptions during major weather related events. The strategy includes monitoring storm activity; evaluating the impact of storms on the wholesale power market; purchasing power on the forward for reliability and economics; evaluating market transmission availability and the geographic location of electric resources; reviewing the seller's fuel sources dual-fuel capabilities; and focusing on fueland diversified purchases. Notably, both the RRI Energy Services and Pasco Cogen purchases are dual-fuel resources. This allows these resources to run on either natural gas or oil, which enhances supply reliability a potential hurricane-related disruption in during Absent the threat of a hurricane, natural gas supply. and for all other months of the year, the company its strategy οf evaluating economic continues combinations of shortand long-term purchase opportunities identified in the marketplace.

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Q. Please describe Tampa Electric's wholesale energy sales

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Electric entered into various non-separated Tampa wholesale sales in 2011, and the company anticipates making additional non-separated sales during the balance of 2011 and in 2012. In accordance with Order No. PSC-01-2371-FOF-EI, issued on December 7, 2001 in Docket No. 010283-EI, all gains from non-separated sales returned to customers through the fuel clause, up to the three-year rolling average threshold. For all gains above the three-year rolling average threshold, customers receive 80 percent and the company retains the remaining In 2011, Tampa Electric anticipates its 20 percent. gains from non-separated wholesale sales to be \$965,313 of which 100 percent would flow back to customers since they are less than the three-year rolling Similarly, in 2012, \$2,719,531. threshold of company's projected gains from non-separated wholesale sales are \$737,492 of which 100 percent would flow back to customers since they are less than the projected 2012 three-year rolling average threshold of \$2,160,817.

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Q. Please summarize your testimony.

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A. Tampa Electric monitors and assesses the wholesale power

market to identify and take advantage of opportunities in the marketplace, and these efforts benefit the company's Tampa Electric's energy supply strategy includes self-generation and short- and long-term power The company purchases in both the physical purchases. forward and spot wholesale power markets to provide customers with a reliable supply at the lowest possible It also enters into wholesale sales that benefit customers. Tampa Electric does not purchase wholesale energy derivatives in the Florida wholesale power market due to a lack of financial instruments appropriate for the company's operations. It does, however, employ a diversified power supply strategy to mitigate price and supply risks.

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Q. Does this conclude your testimony?

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A. Yes.

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