1	FLORI	BEFORE THE DA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION	
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3	In the Matter o	f: DOCKET NO. 110200-WU	
4	APPLICATION FOR	INCREASE IN WATER	
5	RATES IN FRANKLIN COUNTY BY WATER MANAGEMENT SERVICES, INC.		
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13 14	PROCEEDINGS:		
15	PROCEEDINGS:		
16	COMMISSIONER PARTICIPATING:	COMMISSIONER JULIE I. BROWN	
17 18	DATE:	Tuesday, June 5, 2012	
19	TIME:	Commenced at 1:00 p.m. Concluded at 1:45 p.m.	
20	PLACE :	Betty Easley Conference Center Room 148	
21		4075 Esplanade Way Tallahassee, Florida	
22	REPORTED BY:		
23		Official FPSC Reporter (850) 413-6732	
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	,	FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION FPSC-COMMISSION CLERK	

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APPEARANCES:

ERIK L. SAYLER, ESQUIRE, Office of Public Counsel, c/o The Florida Legislature, 111 W. Madison Street, Room 812, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1400, appearing on behalf of the Citizens of the State of Florida

MARTIN S. FRIEDMAN, ESQUIRE, Sundstrom Law Firm, 766 North Sun Drive, Suite 4030, Lake Mary, Florida 32746, appearing on behalf of Water Management Services, Inc.

RALPH JAEGER, ESQUIRE, and MARTHA BARRERA, FPSC General Counsel's Office, 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850, appearing on behalf of the Florida Public Service Commission Staff.

MARY ANNE HELTON, Deputy General Counsel, Florida Public Service Commission, 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850, Advisor to the Commissioners.

1	PROCEEDINGS
2	COMMISSIONER BROWN: This oral argument will
3	be called to order this 5th day of June at 1:00 p.m.
4	Staff, will you please read the notice.
5	MR. JAEGER: Yes, Commissioner.
6	Pursuant to notice, this time and place has
7	been set to hear oral argument on OPC's motion to
8	establish discovery procedures and motion to compel
9	discovery in the response of Water Management Services,
10	Inc. Each side has been allowed ten minutes, and this
11	is in Docket Number 110200-WU.
12	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you.
13	Good afternoon. We'll take appearances now,
14	starting with Mr. Friedman.
15	MR. FRIEDMAN: Thank you.
16	My name is Martin Friedman of the law firm of
17	Sundstrom Friedman and Fumero representing Water
18	Management Services, Inc. Also with me is Mr. Gene
19	Brown.
20	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you.
21	And, Office of Public Counsel.
22	MR. SAYLER: Erik Sayler on behalf of the
23	Office of Public Counsel, the Citizens of the State of
24	Florida, and the customers of Water Management
25	Services, Incorporated.

1 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you. 2 And, Staff. 3 MR. JAEGER: Ralph Jaeger, and with me is Martha Barrera on behalf of the Commission staff. 4 5 MS. HELTON: And Mary Anne Helton, Advisor to the Commission. 6 7 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you. We are here today to hear the oral argument 8 on OPC's motion to establish discovery procedures and 9 motion to compel discovery, as well as WMSI's response 10 thereto. This oral argument was granted at the request 11 of WMSI, Mr. Friedman. As noted by Staff counsel, each 12 side will have ten minutes. And we will begin with the 13 Office of Public Counsel, since it's its motion. 14 And, Mr. Sayler, you may proceed. And I'm 15 timing you here, and I'll give you one-minute notice. 16 MR. SAYLER: Thank you very much. I need to 17 set up my watch. I have timed myself, and I'm right at 18 ten minutes, so --19 Good afternoon, Commissioner Brown. Thank 20 you for the opportunity to argue OPC's motion. 21 Initially we didn't request oral argument, but we will 22 take full advantage of it. Any time I have left over 23 I'd like to reserve for rebuttal. 24 On January 23rd, OPC's intervention as a 25

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

party was acknowledged in this rate case, and on March 14th OPC exercised its discovery rights as a full party and propounded its first set of discovery to which the utility has only partially responded, thus requiring OPC to file this motion.

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Under the statutes and rules which govern, as well as Commission practice in rate cases, OPC asserts there is good cause to establish discovery procedures and discovery limits and compel discovery responses. I'll start off by addressing the arguments for establishing discovery procedures first.

There's good cause for establishing discovery limits and procedures beyond the initial allowed by the rule, initial 30 interrogatories allowed by the rule. I do note the rule does not limit the number of POD requests. Because there are issues left unanswered from the last rate case, namely issues surrounding Account 123 and approximately \$1.2 million which flowed out of the utility through this account which effect, we believe, the financial health of the utility as a result, debt and things of that nature, OPC believes that these lingering questions cannot be answered without propounding discovery beyond the initial 30-interrogatory limit that the utility mistakenly claims is binding upon the Commission.

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Second, every practitioner before this 2 Commission knows that the Commission routinely increases interrogatory limits in rate cases well in excess of 30 interrogatories. In this rate case, OPC's interrogatories are tailored to elicit sworn responses to verify and/or refute the utility's claims regarding Account 123 and other financial assertions by the utility. OPC's requests for document production are 8 tailored to discover documents which verify or refute 9 the utility's claims, and also which -- and hopefully 10 provide a more complete picture of the utility's health 11 and financial viability. Responses to OPC and now 12 Staff's discovery will allow the Commission staff to 13 have the necessary and relevant evidence upon which to 14 base its PAA recommendation in this case. 15

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Third, there's nothing in the PAA process which limits the discovery rights of parties, and OPC is exercising these rights as a party in this case. And we believe without the establishment of discovery procedures, critical questions related to the ratemaking will remain unanswered.

Fourth, there is past precedent from the Aqua 22 PAA rate case. In Aqua's PAA rate case, OPC propounded 23 discoveries and moved this Commission to establish 24 discovery procedures. Aqua objected. The Prehearing 25

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Officer in that case reviewed the arguments of both parties and established discovery procedures, see Order Number PSC-11-0018-PCO-WS. In addition to that ruling, the Prehearing Officer ordered Aqua to respond to OPC's discovery within ten days of his order.

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In this case, because WMSI is not nearly as large as Aqua, OPC does not request the same amount of discovery as authorized by the Commission in the Aqua rate case. However, since many of the issues in the current WMSI rate case are very similar to the last rate case, OPC believes that the discovery amount and procedures from the last rate case should be sufficient through the PAA process, protest by parties, if any, hopefully not, and the full evidentiary hearing, if required.

The discovery limit in the last case was 300 ROGs and 300 PODs, and we believe that should be more than sufficient, but if you decide that it should be less, we are open to that. The response time at the last case, twenty days for any additional discovery propounded by the parties, for us is extremely important, because the PAA recommendation in this case is due to be filed on July 19th.

As for discovery already propounded, time is of the essence. OPC requests that WMSI respond within

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

ten days of your decision, because we will need time to review those responses to see if any follow-up discovery needs to be sent.

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As for rate case expense, OPC believes that the utility will raise the specter of increased rate case expense, and OPC is very sensitive to rate case expense, and as such wants to keep it as low as possible. And in this case, OPC has limited the amount of discovery we would normally serve to the two main -or the main critical issues that we are concerned about during the PAA process. And we believe that the discovery we have served should be addressed during the PAA process.

And as it relates to the discovery that staff 14 and OPC has already propounded, the question of rate 15 case expense is really now a matter of timing. It's 16 not a matter if rate case expense will be incurred, but 17 when. And OPC is hopeful that a timely, full, 18 forthright response to its discovery now will avoid a 19 20 protest of the PAA order later. For these reasons, we hope that you grant our motion in full. 21

For the basis for compelling responses, OPC's argument per its motion to compel can be summarized by a well-known quote by President Ronald Reagan, "Trust, but verify." However, as a party it's not our job to

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

trust the statements of WMSI, it is our job to verify them, and we have tailored our discovery to do such. And OPC hopes that by granting the motion to establish discovery procedures will -- really the utility will answer all the discovery that we have asked, and staff has asked, and will then verify those responses. But whether or not we are successful in our motion to establish discovery procedures, we do respectfully ask that the utility be compelled to respond to our interrogatories as set forth in Attachment B and Attachment C to our motion, our interrogatories and production of document request. And I won't -- I'll save time by not telling you those numbers.

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To date the utility is more than six weeks late in responding to OPC's first set of interrogatories, and has flatly refused to answer some of the PODs identified in OPC's motion claiming, we believe, without merit, that OPC's PODs are, quote, overly broad, onerous and made solely for harassment. That is not true.

21 Many of the interrogatories and PODs 22 referenced in Attachment B and C of OPC's motion center 23 around the single enormous left-over issue from the 24 last rate case; namely, the \$1.2 million which flowed 25 through Account 123 and out of the utility, and what we

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

believe are unsubstantiated statements by the utility concerning its finances.

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And as you may have gathered from reading the Commission's order in the last rate case, OPC argued that the owner of the utility had moved \$1.2 million of cash out of the utility through Account 123. The utility vigorously denied that assertion. And as a result, in order to verify, to confirm, or deny, the Commission ordered a cash-flow audit.

The Commission's cash-flow audit confirmed 10 that that amount was accurate and classified those 11 12 dollars as an account receivable payable to the utility. And now the issue of the \$1.2 million is ripe 13 for consideration in this rate case by this Commission. 14 And I can't tell you how many customers have personally 15 spoken to me that they believe that this \$1.2 million 16 in Account 123 is a central issue in the rate case for 17 They want to know how the Commission will 18 them. respond and resolve the remaining issues because 19 \$1.2 million is huge, given the size and the scope of 20 this utility. And OPC questions how this issue can be 21 adequately resolved without compelling the utility to 22 fully respond to OPC's discovery tailored to get to the 23 heart of the matter. 24

Between the rate cases, shortly after the

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Commission's final order in the last rate case, the utility reportedly transferred all the shares of Brown Management Group, an investment entity that the owner owned and controlled, in order to purportedly satisfy the \$1.2 million that eventually the cash-flow audit proved was taken out of the utility.

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If you'll look to the July 29, 2011, Commission cash-flow audit, OPC is very skeptical of this seemingly self-serving transaction, and OPC openly questions whether WMSI should own shares in Brown Management Group, and whether this transaction should be ignored for ratemaking purposes.

In this rate case, the owner has prefiled 13 testimony alleging that the value of Brown Management 14 Group exceeds \$1.2 million. Well, we want to verify 15 that, and we believe that because the owner asserted 16 that, that that lends himself to discovery. The owner 17 has also prefiled testimony that he personally 18 subsidized the operation of the utility. Therefore, we 19 believe that makes his personal finances subject to 20 21 discovery.

And getting back to the shares of Brown Management Group, if those shares are really valued at more than \$1.2 million, perhaps the Commission should order that those shares be liquidated to pay out some

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

of the utility's debt, which vastly exceeds the rate base.

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It's based solely upon statements by the utility and its owner to the Commission, to the Commission auditors and prefiled testimony that OPC has said that we believe that he has commingled --

COMMISSIONER BROWN: You have one minute.

MR. SAYLER: -- commingled his personal finances with that of the utility, and we believe that those need to be verified. And also based upon the utility's present litigation strategy, OPC believes that discovery now must be compelled. OPC notes that staff has also served very similar discovery, and the utility said that that discovery wasn't relevant to Account 123 and the ratemaking process. But if Staff served it, then we believe that it's also relevant.

For the foregoing reasons, we respectfully 17 ask that you grant our motion to compel. In closing, 18 Commissioner Brown, as the Prehearing Officer, OPC 19 believes that you do have the latitude under the 20 relevant statutes and rules which govern, as well as 21 Commission practice, to establish discovery procedures 22 and compel responses to OPC's discovery, discovery 23 which is designed to produce relevant admissible 24 evidence, and which we hope, if it's provided to this 25

1 Commission, will hopefully avoid a protest of the order 2 and save rate case expense. Thank you very much. 3 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Exactly ten minutes to the T. 4 5 Good afternoon, Mr. Friedman. MR. FRIEDMAN: Good afternoon. Thank you, 6 Commissioner Brown. 7 COMMISSIONER BROWN: You may begin. 8 MR. FRIEDMAN: I likely will not take the 9 entire ten minutes, but the fact that the Commission, 10 quote, routinely allows discovery in PAA cases doesn't 11 have any bearing on whether it should in this case. 12 13 The arguments that I am going to give you are not the same arguments that were made, assuming that Aqua even 14objected to the discovery that OPC attempted to 15 propound in the Aqua case. And, in fact, in an earlier 16 case, the homeowner's association wanted to intervene 17 in a case and cited the Aqua case as a basis for it, I 18 argued that intervention by a customer group is not 19 appropriate because of the PAA process. And 20 Commissioner Graham, in fact, denied their motion to 21 intervene on behalf of that homeowner's association. 22 So the fact that this Commission may have done it in 23 the Aqua case certainly isn't precedence for having to 24 do it in this case, and I'm going to tell you why 25

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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legally you can't.

2 Section 28-106.101, this is the chapter under which the Public Counsel has proposed or propounded its discovery. This section, which applies to all administrative agencies, not just the Commission, says 5 this chapter shall apply to all proceedings in which 6 substantial interests of a party are determined by the 7 agency and shall be construed to secure a just, speedy, 8 and inexpensive determination of every proceeding. 9 This Chapter applies to all proceedings under Chapter 10 120 except where the agency has adopted rules covering 11 the subject matter pursuant to Section 120.54, et 12 cetera, et cetera. 13

I'll point out that this Commission has not 14 adopted any discovery rules other than what is 15 applicable under the Administrative Procedures Act. 16 The discovery that counsel and that Public Counsel 17 candidly asserts that it has propounded its discovery 18 under is Section 28-106.206, which says after the 19 commencement of a proceeding, the parties may obtain 20 discovery through the means provided -- same rules as 21 civil procedure. And then if you look at 22 Section 28-106.111, that's the point of entry into a 23 proceeding. 24

The discovery rules do not apply until a

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

proceeding happens. A proceeding does not occur until after a proposed agency action is determined, and that's not just applicable to the Commission. And you would think, well, gee, while that allows the Public Counsel to come in and ask questions so that maybe they won't protest the PAA. That's no different than, say, a DEP permit where somebody who may be a resident or a person who may be affected by that DEP permit would say, hey, if I could come in and send discovery, maybe I won't protest that DEP permit. The same set of standards apply, and you could imagine what havoc that would reek upon the administrative process if people can intervene in an agency action before it issues its proposed agency action and start all kinds of discovery.

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And as I point out, this case is the poster child for why that's not appropriate. A PAA case has got to be resolved in five months from the date of the official date of filing. Now we've got a little bit of extra time in here, because I couldn't make the 17th agenda which was really the agenda this was going to be scheduled on. I had a conflict. Staff was nice enough to put it to the 31st agenda. But five months is not enough time to do what Public Counsel wants us to do.

And keep in mind that this is a utility

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

company that doesn't only have to answer discovery from Public Counsel, it has also got to run a business. It's got a utility company it has got to run in addition to answering all these discovery. And as I pointed out in my response, and I've got to look at it to make sure I get the numbers right, the staff -- the utility has already had to respond to a staff audit. The staff has responded to six data requests by the staff, a total of 58 questions and 90 subparts, so it has got that question that it has had to respond to in the staff's evaluation.

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Further, the staff recently served 12 interrogatories with 41 subparts and requests for 13 14 production with 28 separate documents. So just the sheer amount of information that the company has got to 15 provide as a response to the staff takes all of the 16 company's time to respond. And as I pointed out, the 17 Public Counsel has propounded 91 interrogatories and 18 subparts in addition to 42 requests to produce. Then 19 they has filed their issues and concerns with the staff 20 or with the Commission that included another 29 21 documents and then they also have filed requests for 22 production. 23

So you have got discovery just by the OPC of this amount, first and second discovery. You have got

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

the staff asking for this amount. You have got six data requests, and you have got a company who has got to respond to that and get it done within the time frame, the five-month time frame, which is supposed to be to provide a just and inexpensive and quick determination -- a preliminary determination of whether a utility is entitled to a rate increase or not, preliminary determination.

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Staff wants to treat this, as they candidly 9 point out, we asked for 300 discovery when this was a 10 full rate case, we want the same thing in this case. 11 That makes absolutely no sense at all. It would not 12 be -- besides being, as I point out, and I'd be 13 interested to hear the General Counsel's thought on 14 this, is that there is no right to discovery prior to a 15 The Administrative Procedures Act applies to PAA. 16 everybody the same, and there is no right to discovery. 17 In theory, if there is, then we may end up having to 18 start sending out discovery to Public Counsel and to 19 the staff. 20

On the specific interrogatories, because I probably don't have much time --

COMMISSIONER BROWN: You have six minutes and 30 seconds.

MR. FRIEDMAN: Oh, okay. I'm talking a lot

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

faster. I grew up in the south, so I tend to speak slowly, and I give myself credit for talking faster than normal.

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The OPC really misconstrues and exaggerates two things, and that's the two things that they think are so important, and that is this Account 123 where they claim that Mr. Brown took \$1.2 million out of the company, and they say it's supported by the cash-flow audit. I say it doesn't do that at all. The cash-flow audit doesn't support that Mr. Brown took any money In fact, the cash-flow audit really shows that out. the rates that were being charged to customers were woefully insufficient to cover the cash flow, and as result Mr. Brown had to go borrow money or sign guarantees in order to let the utility borrow money, because the utility can't borrow money on it's own credit. It just doesn't have it, and no small utility does have it. And so the owner has got to stick his neck out and sign guarantees or co-sign as a debtor on all obligations of the utility, and so I think that the cash-flow audit says that.

The Account 123 that they make so much hay about -- and, boy, it sounds great, it has got great appeal, and it riles up those customers out there -the point is that in the last rate case this Commission

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

made a determination, and Account 123 was an issue there, too. But what the Commission found in that order was that there was no misappropriation of funds by Mr. Brown in that case. And they said, the Commission also said that the rates would not be lower or higher because of whatever is in this Account 123. The account just doesn't have any bearing on the rate relief that the utility sought in that case and it's a big smoke screen. And, boy, it sounds -- it's a sexy issue because it really gets customers riled up.

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This is one of those cases that is -- I have been doing this for 35 years. Very seldom have I seen a customer base so personal about a utility as this one is. And I see a lot of them where they just don't like the utility, they don't like the service, they don't like the quality, but this is personal. It's not the utility, it's Mr. Brown. And as a result, I think that people have overreacted, and unfortunately OPC hasn't helped that any by making a big deal out of this --

> **COMMISSIONER BROWN:** You have one minute. **MR. FRIEDMAN:** -- by making a big deal out of

this Account 123. And that was the bulk of the discovery they seek. And what I suggest to you is that, first of all, there is no legal authority for Public Counsel or anybody else to serve discovery in a

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

PAA process, because it will reek havoc on the process. As you can see by this case, because it reeks havoc on the process, there is absolutely no way that a utility -- and now he wants us to respond in 20 days. There is no way that you can respond to all this -- in ten days, I'm sorry -- wants discovery objections in ten days and responses in 20.

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There is no way that a utility this size can 8 respond to all of this discovery plus the data requests 9 from the staff. And I think the data requests from the 10 staff are legitimate. That's what their job is, to 11 send out data requests and to find out what this case 12 If Public Counsel wants to intervene, I is about. 13 think they have to case as they find it, and do their 14 discovery in the back door like they have been doing by 15 filing these issues they do. They do this in all their 16 The Commission staff looks at those issues, and 17 cases. the ones they are interested in they turn it around and 18 put it as --19

COMMISSIONER BROWN: You're time is up.

MR. FRIEDMAN: -- turn it around and put it in the data requests. So that is the appropriate way to deal with OPC's concerns.

Thank you.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you. And I will

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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1	get to Ms. Helton in a second and ask her to respond to
2	some of your comments earlier. But, first, I have a
3	couple of questions for both the Office of Public
4	Counsel and WMSI.
5	How large is WMSI in Florida, how many
6	customers?
7	MR. BROWN: We have 1,825 active customers;
8	right at 2,000 connections. A lot of inactive
9	connections.
10	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Publicly traded, is it
11	publicly traded?
12	MR. BROWN: I thought you were talking about
13	customers.
14	COMMISSIONER BROWN: Yes, customers. Is it a
15	publicly traded company?
16	MR. FRIEDMAN: No.
17	MR. BROWN: Oh, no. It's a
18	MR. FRIEDMAN: No, it's a private company.
19	COMMISSIONER BROWN: In it's motion, WMSI
20	states that there is insufficient time and resources to
21	respond to the discovery requests as well as during its
22	oral argument you presented that. How much time are
23	you estimating that you need to respond to OPC's first
24	request for interrogatories, since you have had since
25	March 14th?

1 MR. FRIEDMAN: Well, we answered -- we answered the ones -- oh, the interrogatories we didn't 2 answer any of them. We answered some of the production 3 of documents. The breadth of the interrogatories, 4 5 Gene, any indication as to how long that would take to answer those? You still have some discovery 6 7 outstanding to the staff that is due shortly. And that's another problem you have put us in. You have 8 put us in the quagmire of -- in responding to --9 MR. BROWN: We have to pick and choose. 10 We can't do everything. 11 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Sir, if you could have 12 13 Mr. Friedman please respond. MR. FRIEDMAN: I was just going to say the 14 problem you've got is that Public Counsel is sending 15 discovery; staff is sending discovery. When you don't 16 have but limited resources, who do you respond to? And 17 it would take -- in the length of time we have got to 18

go, it would take them a large amount of time to answer the interrogatories because of the fact that we have got discovery outstanding, responses to staff.

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COMMISSIONER BROWN: I understand.

MR. FRIEDMAN: And I think staff is priority. And I don't know how long it takes to do -- if you just sat down and did the interrogatory responses, probably,

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what, three or four days?

MR. BROWN: I think it would take longer than that, but we would have to put off doing some other things that we need to be doing.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Mr. Friedman -- and I get all of that. I understand that there is a voluminous amount that WMSI has to respond, in addition to OPC's, also staff's requests, but you have had it for six and a half weeks, and I'm just kind of curious why WMSI hasn't responded to any by --

MR. FRIEDMAN: We filed an objection to it, 11 which we have a right -- they are citing the rules, 12 they are citing the discovery rules, so they cited the 13 rule that says we get a right to discovery. If those 14 discovery rules apply, and we don't think they do, but 15 if they do, we've got a right to object to discovery, 16 which means we don't have to answer it until they file 17 a motion to compel and you order us to do so. They 18 want us to automatically just, oh, no, no, no, you 19 ought to answer it anyway. If we have got a rule we 20 are going to follow, they have got to follow the part 21 they don't like if they are going to take advantage of 22 the part they do like. And they can't have it both 23 24 ways.

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COMMISSIONER BROWN: Do you have an estimate

of how much additional or legal rate case expenses will increase if WMSI is ordered to or compelled to respond to OPC's discovery requests?

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MR. FRIEDMAN: I haven't estimated it, but it has got to be thousands and thousands of dollars. I mean, you saw the breadth of the discovery. I mean, it's a lot of discovery. A lot of that information is also confidential that they have asked for, and so we would have to file, you know, for confidentiality, which is whole another set of pleadings. And so it's not as easy as just having them sit down and write answers.

13 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Okay. Thank you.
14 I'm going to turn to the Office of Public
15 Counsel. Now I have a few questions for you, Mr.
16 Sayler.

MR. SAYLER: Yes, ma'am.

18 **COMMISSIONER BROWN:** OPC is seeking to 19 establish the discovery procedures that were used in 20 the prior case, but the prior rate case was set 21 straight for hearing. So why is it appropriate, in 22 your opinion, to set limits in a PAA case similar to 23 the limits set in the hearing-track case? 24 **MR. SAYLER:** With regard to the actual

amount, if this were to go to, you know, through --

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

from PAA protest through a hearing, we think that 300 1 2 interrogatories and PODs would be more than sufficient. 3 Also, looking to the Aqua case where the Prehearing Officer determined -- and they were in a 4 similar situation where there was PAA track. There was 5 no -- there was a question of whether it was going to 6 be protested or not, and ultimately our office 7 protested. But I believe that the discovery limits 8 from the PAA still govern in the hearing track. 9 So the limits really are just for a 10 full-blown rate case and, we are amenable to a lesser 11 12 amount. It's just if there was a lesser amount, and then there's a protest and we're in the middle of a 13 hearing track, then we would have to file another 14 motion and show good cause why they would need to be 15 enlarged, and the utility would have an opportunity to 16 respond. And that would generate more rate case 17 expense, more -- we feel it would be administratively 18 inefficient. 19

Do I think we are going to need the full 300, no, I can't -- unless something out of the blue shows up, I don't think we would need the full 300.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: And you have already have 91, you have already propounded 91 with subparts? MR. SAYLER: I would disagree with their

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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assertion that we have -- in the first set that we had 1 91 interrogatories. Oftentimes we do an interrogatory 2 with, you know, Subpart A, B, C, D, you know the whole 3 alphabet, not because we're looking for separate 4 distinct answers to the interrogatory, but we just want 5 to have an answer that covers all the bases of our 6 question. Because if we were to say one of our 7 questions was please give us a listing of all the 8 assets that were, you know, sold by, you know, Brown 9 Management Group. And the problem is if you just said 10 that, you don't know what kind of response you would 11 get. And a useful response we tailored that says 12 please, you know, tell us how many assets you have, 13 when you bought them, what is their valuation, how do 14 you valuate them, did you have an independent 15 appraiser, you know, things of that nature which kind 16 of, you know, help provide hopefully a complete 17 comprehensive answer as opposed to one that we go, 18 okay, we need to ask continued follow-up over and over 19 and over, which would be very inefficient, given the 20 very, very short time frame that we have in a regular 21 full rate case, and a much more expedited time frame 22 that we have in a PAA rate case. 23

So we would dispute that we had 91. And in our motion under B we pretty much isolated the ones

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that we think that we really definitely want as far as interrogatories and those come out to about 28 interrogatories and subparts.

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COMMISSIONER BROWN: Okay. Other than the Aqua rate case that you cited and cited in your motion, are you aware of whether this Commission has ever set discovery parameters in a PAA case?

MR. SAYLER: No, ma'am, I am not. This case is very unusual for a PAA rate case. Generally, when there is a very complicated rate case coming down the track, the utility contacts Commission staff and says, you know, what flavor do you want to have the rate case. And then usually there is some communication that goes on to determine whether they file it PAA or nonPAA.

In this case, when this utility filed its 16 test year letter, or its initial letter with this 17 Commission, it said we are going to set it for a full 18 administrative hearing. So that was kind of our 19 assumption. And then in November when they filed their 20 rate case, it turned out that they were filing PAA with 21 a request to go to DOAH, should there be a protest. 22 You know, bad on our office for not noticing that back 23 in November and taking appropriate measures to request 24 that it be set for a full administrative hearing back 25

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then, because, you know, we had gone --

COMMISSIONER BROWN: I saw it.

3 MR. SAYLER: Yes. So it's our bad, so a mea 4 culpa on our office's part. But as far as the Aqua 5 rate case, it is also very controversial. Both of these are controversial for differing reasons. 6 In this 7 one mainly because, you know, the Commission still 8 needs to make its decision with regard to what effect, if any, that 1.2 million -- and from the last order 9 there's a statement that, you know, it's not clear why 10 the operations and the finances of the utility and 11 associated companies are so intertwined. And I believe 12 the order goes on to state that even though no evidence 13 was presented that any funds were misappropriated --14 and we're not saying that they are misappropriated, but 15 we are saying that, you know, has the cash management 16 of the utility adversely affected its financial health 17 and viability, and it's those issues that we are 18 concerned about because --19

20 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Thank you. We're going 21 a little bit beyond.

MR. SAYLER: Sorry.

23 **COMMISSIONER BROWN:** I appreciate it. At 24 this point I would like to hear from Ms. Helton 25 regarding some of the arguments raised by Mr. Friedman,

specifically about the proceeding when -- after commencement of a proceeding, and what you interpret a proceeding to be.

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MS. HELTON: Can I go into a little bit of a history lesson before I do that?

COMMISSIONER BROWN: I'm sure we all would love to hear it.

MS. HELTON: I actually for a different reason researched the Proposed Agency Action process recently, and had a discussion with a lot of the lawyers about it, and crystalized some things that I thought and learned some things, as well.

We have not always used the Proposed Agency Action process to process rate cases. I'm probably preaching to the choir here when I'm talking to Mr. Friedman, and he probably could tell me more than what I'm going to tell you.

It's my understanding that about the early 18 1980s when about the same time that the Commission 19 20 became an appointed Commission versus an elected Commission, that is when the Commission lost its 21 hearing officers that were on staff. And the hearing 22 officers that were on staff processed all of the rate 23 cases by way of a hearing, and then they would bring a 24 recommended order to the Commission. And they would --25

the Commission then would vote out a final order, following what most administrative lawyers would call the typical DOAH process.

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Well, when we lost the hearing officers, it then became the Commissioners' responsibility to sit in on all of the hearings. And depending on how many water and wastewater rate case hearings you have in the course of a year, which as you know you vote often on many rate case decisions at just one agenda conference, that workload would become really practically impossible for the Commissioners to conduct a hearing for each of those water and wastewater utilities. Beside which it's really expensive. It's much move expensive, typically, to process a water and wastewater rate case by way of a hearing versus the Proposed Agency Action process.

So if you look back at old orders starting in the early '80s when we lost the hearing officers, you will start to see a reference to, well, we're going to look at a different process for water and wastewater rate cases. We are going to start following what they first called the Proposed Agency Action process.

Now, as Mr. Friedman pointed out, there are other agencies that also follow this Proposed Agency Action process, but that is when we first started using

it for water and wastewater utilities. Since then, the way the courts think about it, and I think the way the Legislature thinks about it, that Proposed Agency Action process is outside the scope of Chapter 120. You'll see language it's an informal free-form proceeding. That thought is codified in Chapter 120. And 120 -- when they changed the numbers, I can't ever remember -- 120.57, Subsection 5, which is the section of 120 that sets out the procedures for cases where the facts are disputed, it says this section does not apply to agency investigations preliminary to agency action.

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So I agree with Mr. Friedman's conclusion 12 that the Legislature does not contemplate and the 13 administration commission in approving or codifying the 14 Uniform Rules of Procedure does not contemplate formal 15discovery in preliminary actions or preliminary 16 decisions. You will see that sometimes in cases here 17 at the Commission. I think that the utilities who have 18 filed petitions recognize that that's an efficient way 19 for the staff and for interested persons or intervenors 20 to gather information, and they don't push it, they 21 don't fight it. Recognizing, too, that if a Proposed 22 Agency Action goes to hearing, then we have already got 23 that discovery done and that can be used in the case at 24 hand for the formal hearing. So I agree with Mr. 25

Friedman there.

2 That being said, they have the burden of 3 proof. They have to be able to show and prove to the staff and ultimately to you that they have met that 4 5 burden in the case that they filed in their MFRs. Т 6 believe that Chapter 367 gives the Commission the 7 ability to go in and gather additional information. 8 which the staff has done by way of data requests. Ι 9 think that it's efficient to do it by way of 10 interrogatories, because then there is not -- those are always answered under oath, and there is not the 11 question of what additional process, if any, is 12 13 necessary to use that information in the hearing if a 14 hearing is requested.

We also have the issue of Public Counsel. 15 Public Counsel is different than any intervenor that 16 you are going to see at the Commission. Public Counsel 17 was created by the Legislature. It specifically set 18 out in Chapter 350 what its responsibilities are, what 19 its rights are, and 350.0611, the, like, precursor 20 paragraph, it says that Public Counsel shall have such 21 duties as are necessary to carry out the duties of his 22 or her office, including but not limited to the 23 following specific powers. So the list there of all of 24 the Public Counsel's powers is not inclusive, the way I 25

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read this statute.

The Legislature has also told us that we don't have any discretion to do any kind of a standing test when the Public Counsel tells us they want to decide whether to participate or not. Our practice has been, and I think the appropriate practice has been we must acknowledge intervention when they have asked for intervention.

So this is one of those kind of awkward 9 10 situations where we have a company that has come in for a rate case, it's its right to do so, but that company 11 has the burden of proof to show you that it deserves 12 the information. Public Counsel, we know they are 13 interested. They actually wanted us to go to hearing. 14 The Commission said no, we're going to follow the less 15 expensive informal route that, you know, the company 16 has asked for. So then the question becomes, well, 17 what process is due to the company, to the staff, who 18 are acting on your behalf, and to Public Counsel. 19

This is a line that we have not, to my knowledge, been asked to draw before. I think that there should be some happy medium. I think that Public Counsel should be able to ask for some information. Should it be by way of discovery, formal discovery? Maybe not. But I think it's to everybody's -- I think

we are kind of -- we're looking short term, not long-term if we try to keep Public Counsel from getting the information, because hopefully what the goal is here for everyone is to avoid a hearing, to get to the best decision that we can by using the PAA process. So those are my kind of off-the-cuff comments at this time.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Ms. Helton, I really appreciate it. That was very thorough, and I appreciate your insight.

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Staff, where are we with regard to WMSI's response to staff's requests, data requests?

MR. JAEGER: I can't remember. Has Data 13 Request 6 come in? I think we had six data requests, 14 and I think the utility has responded to all. And then 15 we sent out interrogatories and PODs, I think, that 16 parroted, pretty much, what we thought we would like to 17 see this also. And so it was -- they are almost 18 identical to some of the stuff, discovery that OPC is 19 seeking to compel here. 20

21 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Which have not been 22 responded to yet?

MR. JAEGER: That has not -- that just did go out, so the time to respond hasn't run yet.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Okay. Thank you.

MR. SAYLER: (Inaudible; microphone off.) --1 2 May 18th. 3 COMMISSIONER BROWN: I'm sorry? MR. SAYLER: Staff's interrogatories and PODs 4 were served on May 18th. 5 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Okay. Thank you. 6 This is a very interesting issue, very 7 interesting legal arguments on both parties. And I 8 know we have a very short time frame, so I plan on 9 ruling on it very swiftly. 10 Are there any other matters that need to be 11 addressed at this time? 12 MS. HELTON: Madam Chairman, may I ask Mr. 13 Friedman a couple questions that I think will maybe 14 help us a little bit? 15 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Sure. 16 MS. HELTON: Do you object to OPC propounding 17 data requests on the company? 18 MR. FRIEDMAN: Yes. I don't think OPC has 19 the right to ask the utility any questions. What it 20 has traditionally done -- and when you mention the 21 burden of proof, you're right, the utility has the 22 burden of proof. But the burden of proof is 23 preliminarily to prove to the staff our position and 24 ultimately to the Commissioners. Our burden is not to 25

prove anything to OPC. So that really doesn't have any bearing on whether they should be entitled to any discovery or not.

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MS. HELTON: Notwithstanding the fact that the Legislature has acknowledged in Chapter 350 that there is that kind of that special category, I think, that OPC falls into?

MR. FRIEDMAN: They are a separate category, 8 and as I pointed out to the Commissioner earlier, in 9 the one case that I was able to -- the homeowner group 10 that I was able to get Commissioner Graham to deny 11 their intervention, you know, I pointed out just that. 12 The Public Counsel does have a different -- you know, 13 they've got a different hat they wear because they can 14 intervene. But that doesn't say anything about once 15 they intervene that they have got all of these other 16 rights. 17

As I pointed out, if they have unlimited 18 discovery rights, which is what they think they have, 19 there is no way that this PAA process can work. It's 20 supposed to be a five-month process. And when you talk 21 about five months, I understand from the staff it's 22 really not five months. The staff has got to have 23 their revenue requirement done five weeks before the 24 agenda. So that five months, really, for the staff is 25

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

like three and a half months. How they do it, I don't know, and send out data requests and get that information back and figure out how to filter it out, I don't know how they can do it in three and a half months.

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COMMISSIONER BROWN: And it works.

MR. FRIEDMAN: Well, it has been working for years and years, and somehow everything always works out. But that's the point is that if you -- and you've got a small utility. It's not like Aqua that has got, I think, unlimited resources.

To try to -- I don't think physically that this company can answer the discovery from the staff, the data requests from the staff, a response to the staff audit, all the discovery from the Public Counsel and still you have got to run a business.

COMMISSIONER BROWN: But it sounds like staff's requests mirror OPC's with regard to a lot of the ROGs.

MR. FRIEDMAN: And I'm very disappointed in that, too, because I think that they are off on a tangent. But, you know, they have got the right to ask and we've got the right to say something else. But what it seems to me that has worked in these cases is that the Public Counsel files these issues, and they

have done in at least the last three or four rate cases I have been involved in, they file with the Clerk, usually Denise Vandiver does it, they file with the Clerk a list of issues and concerns, you know, this case is probably four pages long with 29 or 30 issues. And that gives the staff an opportunity to see, all right, this is the way that Public Counsel sees it.

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And they kind of -- so the Public Counsel is filtered so that, you know, we don't have to respond to everything that Public Counsel does. What the staff has typically done in these other cases and in this case is they look at those issues and concerns and they go, you know what, that's a good point Public Counsel raised, and they turn around and either send it in a data request or in this case --

COMMISSIONER BROWN: Mr. Friedman, I completely -- I hear your concerns.

MR. FRIEDMAN: That is the process. Because legally speaking, and I don't -- you know, we really never got to the question other than saying that Public Counsel has got some statutory authority to intervene -- it doesn't say anything about them having the statutory authority to reek havoc on the PAA process. It says they have the right to intervene. And it doesn't even say they have a right to intervene

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

in the PAA process. I mean, you could probably make an 1 argument that that really means there has got be a, 2 quote, proceeding, and there is no real proceeding --3 COMMISSIONER BROWN: We are getting a little 4 bit off course here. Ms. Helton, do you have any other 5 questions? 6 7 MS. HELTON: I'm sorry. No, ma'am. MR. FRIEDMAN: I'm tempted to get on my soap 8 box sometimes. I apologize. 9 COMMISSIONER BROWN: And I usually enjoy it, 10 but at this juncture another day, another time. 11 MR. FRIEDMAN: All right. 12COMMISSIONER BROWN: Are there any other 13 matters that need to be addressed here? 14 MR. SAYLER: No, ma'am, other than to say 15 that OPC had a much longer list of discovery that we 16 scaled back significantly to serve what we did serve, 17 so --18 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Okay. Thank you. 19 Mr. Friedman, any other matters? 20 MR. FRIEDMAN: No, and I appreciate the 21 opportunity to do this verbally, because I think it is 22 kind of a -- as Ms. Helton pointed out, it's a case of 23 first impression. I mean, I don't think that the 24 Commission has dealt -- staff has dealt with what 25

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

discovery, you know, the Public Counsel or any 1 intervenor can really have in a PAA case. And I think 2 it's an important issue that really needs to get some 3 brain power on it. 4 COMMISSIONER BROWN: I've enjoyed listening 5 to it. 6 MR. FRIEDMAN: And I agree with Ms. Helton 7 when she says, you know, she said discovery, the 106, 8 the authority that they cited really -- I think what 9 Ms. Helton said, it doesn't apply. 10 I appreciate it, and I COMMISSIONER BROWN: 11 have enjoyed listening to both parties, or both sides. 12 Staff, are there any other matters that need 13 14 to be addressed? MR. JAEGER: None that I know of, 15 Commissioner. 16 COMMISSIONER BROWN: Okay. Thank you. 17 MR. FRIEDMAN: (Inaudible; microphone off.) 18 COMMISSIONER BROWN: (Laughter.) Don't do 19 that again. Transcripts of this proceeding are due 20 June 8th, 2012. I will make my ruling after my review 21 of the transcripts, but I plan on making it hopefully 22 before then. So thank you very much. 23 (The Oral Argument concluded at 1:45 p.m.) 24 25

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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2	STATE OF FLORIDA)	
3	: CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER	
4	COUNTY OF LEON)	
5	I, JANE FAUROT, RPR, Chief, Hearing Reporter	
6	Services Section, FPSC Division of Commission Clerk, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceeding was heard at the time and place herein stated.	
7		
8	IT IS FURTHER CERTIFIED that I stenographically reported the said proceedings; that the same has been transcribed under my direct supervision; and that this transcript constitutes a	
9		
10 .	true transcription of my notes of said proceedings.	
11	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor am I a relative or employee of any of the parties' attorney or counsel connected with the action, nor am I	
12		
13	financially interested in the action.	
14	DATED THIS 7th day of June, 2012.	
15		
16	Alle Darrot	
17	JANE FAUROT, RPR Official FPSC Hearings Reporter	
18	(850) 413-6732	
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