#### BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Application for Amendment of Certificate

Number 164 – S, To Extend Territory In Duval County By Commercial Utilities/A Division of Grace and Company, Inc.

Docket No. 160095-SU

# NOTICE OF FILING RESPONSES TO STAFF DEFICIENCY LETTER OF JUNE 13, 2016.

Comes now the Petitioner, Commercial Utilities, Inc./A Division Of Grace And Company, Incorporated and hereby files this, its Response to the deficiencies noted by the Florida Public Service Commission in its letter of June 13, 2016.

Respectfully submitted this

day of June, 2016.

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Division of Grace and Company, Inc.

#### BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Application for Amendment of Certificate Number 164 – S, To Extend Territory In Duval County By Commercial Utilities/A Division of Grace and Company, Inc.

Docket No. 160095-SU

# RESPONSE OF COMMERCIAL UTILITIES, INC. TO STAFF DEFICIENCY LETTER OF JUNE 13, 2016

Comes now the Petitioner Commercial Utilities, Inc., and files this its informational responses to the deficiency letter Florida issued by staff of the Florida Public Service Commission on June 13, 2016. The responses are filed and directed to the Questions in the order in which the questions are outlined in the letter of June 13, 2016.

Number 1. CURRENT LAND USE DESIGNATION - Rule 25-30.036(2) (d)3. - - The current land use designation provided for both parcels as outlined in the legal description is "CGC land use". In addition, both parcels are Zoned "CCG – 1". Attached to this filing as Exhibit 1 are pages from the future land use element of the 2030 Comprehensive Plan for Jacksonville, Florida. These pages explain the allowable uses under the future land use element. Also attached is an explanatory sheet of information taken from the City of Jacksonville, Florida website which explains the permitted uses of the parcels under the zoning in the "CCG-1" zoning district. Both parcels are currently operating as restaurants. No land use change is contemplated.

Number 2. LAND-USE RESTRICTIONS – Rule 25-30.036(2)(d)4. - - Please find attached as Exhibit 1, the land-use restrictions imposed by governmental authorities on the two parcels as provided in Paragraph 1 above. These are the only known restrictions regarding this property.

Number 3. DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DEP PERMITS — Rule 25-30.036(2) (j). - - Commercial Utilities is a pass-through wastewater utility. The utility operated by Commercial Utilities, Inc. is a collection of wastewater pipes, manholes, and lift stations which are connected to the Jacksonville Electric Authority Wastewater Treatment System. Commercial Utilities, Inc., as a part of Grace and Company, Inc., pays JEA for treatment capacity. Once the facilities are installed and DEP reviews the facilities to see that the installation was according to design and permit, no further permits are required for a pass-through wastewater facility.

Commercial Utilities, Inc. neither owns nor operates a treatment plant. Commercial Utilities, Inc. has no discharge from any treatment plant nor any other activity required to be permitted by the Department of Environmental Protection of the State of Florida or the water management district. As such, Commercial Utilities, Inc. has no current wastewater permit.

Number 4. DEP REPORTS - Rule 25-30.036(2) (k). - Commercial Utilities, Inc. currently operates only a pass-through wastewater system. As such, neither The DEP for the State of Florida nor the County Health Department on a regular basis inspect the piping or other facilities operated by the wastewater utility. Commercial Utilities, Inc. has had no County Health compliance inspection reports or reports from DEP in the last 5 years.

Number 5. CORRESPONDENCE – Rule 25-30.036(2) (l). - - Commercial Utilities, Inc. operates only a pass-through wastewater utility system. As such, the DEP for the State of Florida, Duval County DEP and the St. Johns Water Management District do not on a regular basis inspect nor require reporting of any operating data or reports on a regular basis. Commercial Utilities, Inc. has had no correspondence, consent orders, or warning letters, nor responded to any letters regarding permit requirements in the last 5 years.

Respectfully submitted this 300

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day of June, 2016.

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#### Secondary Uses

Secondary uses shall be permitted pursuant to the Commercial land use introduction.

#### NC - RURAL AREA DENSITY

The maximum gross density shall be 20 units/acre, and there shall be no minimum density. The maximum density shall be ten units per acre and there shall be no minimum density where this category has been established by a small scale land use amendment, unless otherwise authorized under a Planned Unit Development (PUD) rezoning that is approved pursuant to Future Land Use Element Policy 1.1.10A.

# NC - RURAL AREA DEVELOPMENT CHARACTERISTICS

The development characteristics provided herein shall be applicable to all NC sites within the Rural Area.

- Residential uses shall not be permitted on the ground floor abutting roads classified as collector or higher on the Functional Highway Classification Map.
- Developments shall, to the greatest extent possible, be massed along the highest abutting classified road on the Functional Highway Classification Map.
- Uses shall be sited in a manner to promote internal pedestrian and vehicle circulation and ease of access between abutting non-residential uses and sites and to limit the number of driveway access points on roads classified as arterials on the Functional Highway Classification Map.
- To promote a more compact, pedestrian-friendly environment, off street parking shall be located behind or to the side of buildings to the greatest extent possible. Structured parking is encouraged, provided it is integrated into the design of the overall development and is compatible with surrounding neighborhoods.

### COMMUNITY/GENERAL COMMERCIAL (CGC)

#### CGC - GENERAL INTENT

Community General Commercial (CGC) is a category intended to provide for a wide variety of retail goods and services which serve large areas of the City and a diverse set of neighborhoods. Uses should generally be developed in nodal and corridor development patterns. Nodes are generally located at major roadway intersections and corridor development should provide continuity between the nodes and serve adjacent neighborhoods in order to reduce the number of Vehicle Miles Traveled. Development within the category should be compact and

connected and should support multi-modal transportation. All uses should be designed in a manner which emphasizes the use of transit, bicycle, and pedestrian mobility, ease of access between neighboring uses, and compatibility with adjacent residential neighborhoods. Transit-Oriented Developments (TOD), as defined in this element, are encouraged when in close proximity to an existing or planned JTA mass transit system station or Rapid Transit System (RTS). Density, location and mix of uses shall be pursuant to the Development Areas as set forth herein.

#### CGC - GENERAL NEIGHBORHOOD PROTECTION

Compatibility with adjacent and abutting residential neighborhoods shall be achieved through the implementation of site design techniques including but not limited to: transitions in uses; buffering; setbacks; the orientation of open space; and graduated height restrictions to affect elements such as height, scale, mass and bulk of structures, pedestrian accessibility, vehicular traffic, circulation, access and parking impacts, landscaping, lighting, noise and odor. In addition, all development on sites which abut a Low Density Residential and/or Rural Residential land use designation shall provide the following:

- A scale transition as defined and illustrated in this element.
- When developing mixed uses, residential uses shall be arranged on the site to provide a use transition between new non-residential uses and the protected abutting residential land uses to the greatest extent feasible.
- Elements such as yards, open space, at-grade parking and perimeter walls shall be arranged, designed and landscaped in a manner compatible with adjacent areas to serve as a visual buffering element.

#### CGC - URBAN PRIORITY AREA (UPA) INTENT

CGC in the Urban Priority Area is intended to provide compact development which should generally be developed in nodal and corridor development patterns while promoting the revitalization or advancement of existing commercial districts and the use of existing infrastructure through infill development and redevelopment. Development that includes residential uses is preferred to provide support for commercial and other uses. A combination of compatible mixed uses should be vertically integrated within a multistory building.

Plan amendment requests for new CGC designations are preferred in locations which are supplied with full urban services and which abut a roadway classified as an arterial or higher on the Functional Highway Classification Map.

#### CGC - URBAN PRIORITY AREA USES

The uses provided herein shall be applicable to all CGC sites within the Urban Priority Area.

## Principal Uses

Commercial retail sales and service establishments including auto sales; Restaurants; Hotel and motel; Office, Business and Professional Office including veterinary office; Financial institutions; Multi-family dwellings; Live/Work Units; Commercial recreational and entertainment facilities; Off street parking lots and garages; Filling stations; and Uses associated with and developed as an integral component of TOD.

Residential uses shall not be the sole use and shall not exceed 80 percent of a development.

Existing dwellings which were legally built as single or multifamily dwellings prior to adoption of the 2030 Comprehensive Plan are allowed within this category.

Adult entertainment facilities are allowed by right only in Zoning District CCG-2.

## Secondary Uses

Secondary uses shall be permitted pursuant to the Commercial land use introduction. In addition, the following secondary uses may also be permitted: Group care facilities; Criminal justice facilities; Dude ranches; Riding academies; Private camps; Camping grounds; Shooting ranges; Fishing and hunting camps; Fairgrounds; Race tracks; Stadiums and arenas; Transit stations; Transportation terminals and facilities (but not freight or truck terminals); Personal property storage establishments; Crematoria; Blood donation and plasma centers; Building trade contractors; Rescue missions; and Day labor pools.

# Accessory Uses

Warehousing, light manufacturing and fabricating may be permitted provided it is part of a commercial retail sales or service establishment, and the accessory use shall be located on a road classified as collector or higher on the Functional Highway Classification Map.

#### CGC - URBAN PRIORITY AREA DENSITY

The maximum gross density in the Urban Priority Area shall be 60 units/acre and the minimum gross density shall be 20 units/acre; except as provided herein.

- For sites abutting Low Density Residential (LDR), the maximum gross density shall be 20 units/acre and there shall be no minimum density.
- Transit-Oriented Developments (TOD) shall provide a minimum gross density of 20 units/acre; and may increase the maximum gross density by an additional 20 units/acre; except for sites abutting Low Density Residential (LDR), in which case the maximum gross density shall be 20 units/acre.
- For sites within the Coastal High Hazard Area (CHHA) the maximum gross density shall be 20 units/acre unless appropriate mitigation is provided consistent with the City's CHHA policies.
- There shall be no minimum density for single family dwellings which were originally constructed as single family dwellings prior to adoption of the 2030 Comprehensive Plan.
- The maximum density shall be ten units per acre and there shall be no minimum density where this category has been established by a small scale land use amendment, unless otherwise authorized under a Planned Unit Development (PUD) rezoning that is approved pursuant to Future Land Use Element Policy 1.1.10A.

# <u>CGC - URBAN PRIORITY AREA DEVELOPMENT</u> CHARACTERISTICS

The development characteristics provided herein shall be applicable to all CGC sites within the Urban Priority Area.

- A combination of compatible mixed uses should be vertically integrated within a multistory building.
- Developments on sites greater than 30 acres should incorporate urban development characteristics as defined in this element.
- Residential uses shall not be permitted on the ground floor abutting roads classified as arterials or higher on the Functional Highway Classification Map.
- Developments shall, to the greatest extent possible, be massed along the highest abutting classified road on the Functional Highway Classification Map.
- Uses shall be sited in a manner to promote internal pedestrian and vehicle circulation and ease of access between abutting uses and sites and to limit the number of

- driveway access points on roads classified as arterials on the Functional Highway Classification Map.
- To promote a more compact, pedestrian-friendly environment, off street parking shall be located behind or to the side of buildings to the greatest extent possible. Structured parking is encouraged, provided it is integrated into the design of the overall development and is compatible with surrounding neighborhoods.

#### CGC - URBAN AREA (UA) INTENT

CGC in the Urban Area is intended to provide compact development in nodal and corridor development patterns, while promoting the advancement of existing commercial land uses and the use of existing infrastructure. Development that includes residential uses is preferred to provide support for commercial and other uses.

Plan amendment requests for new CGC designations are preferred in locations which are supplied with full urban services and which abut a roadway classified as an arterial or higher on the Functional Highway Classification Map.

## CGC - URBAN AREA USES

The uses provided herein shall be applicable to all CGC sites within the Urban Area.

#### Principal Uses

Commercial retail sales and service establishments including auto sales; Restaurants; Hotels and motels; Offices, Business and Professional Offices including veterinary offices; Financial institutions; Multi-family dwellings; Live/Work Units; Commercial recreational and entertainment facilities; Auto repair and sales, mobile home/motor home rental and sales, boat storage and sales; Off street parking lots and garages; Filling stations; and Uses associated with and developed as an integral component of TOD.

Residential uses shall not be the sole use and shall not exceed 80 percent of a development.

Existing dwellings which were legally built as single or multifamily dwellings prior to adoption of the 2030 Comprehensive Plan are allowed within this category.

Adult entertainment facilities are allowed by right only in Zoning District CCG-2.

#### Secondary Uses

Secondary uses shall be permitted pursuant to the Commercial land use introduction. In addition, the following secondary uses may also be permitted: Group care facilities; Criminal justice facilities; Dude ranches; Riding academies; Private camps; Camping grounds; Shooting ranges; Fishing and hunting camps; Fairgrounds; Race tracks; Stadiums and arenas; Transit stations; Transportation terminals and facilities (but not freight or truck terminals); Personal property storage establishments; Crematoria; Blood donation and plasma centers; Building trade contractors; Rescue missions; and Day labor pools.

# Accessory Uses

Warehousing, light manufacturing and fabricating may be permitted provided it is part of a commercial retail sales or service establishment, and the accessory use shall be located on a road classified as collector or higher on the Functional Highway Classification Map.

## CGC - URBAN AREA DENSITY

The maximum gross density in the Urban Area shall be 40 units/acre and there shall be no minimum density; except as provided herein.

- For sites abutting Low Density Residential (LDR) and Rural Residential (RR), the maximum gross density shall be 20 units/acre.
- Transit-Oriented Developments (TOD) shall provide a minimum gross density of 20 units/acre; and may increase the maximum gross density by an additional 20 units/acre; except for sites abutting Low Density Residential (LDR) and Rural Residential (RR), in which case the maximum gross density shall be 20 units/acre.
- For sites within the Coastal High Hazard Area (CHHA) the maximum gross density shall be 20 units/acre unless appropriate mitigation is provided consistent with the City's CHHA policies.
- The maximum density shall be ten units per acre and there shall be no minimum density where this category has been established by a small scale land use amendment, unless otherwise authorized under a Planned Unit Development (PUD) rezoning that is approved pursuant to Future Land Use Element Policy 1.1.10A.

# CGC - URBAN AREA DEVELOPMENT CHARACTERISTICS

The development characteristics provided herein shall be applicable to all CGC sites within the Urban Area.

- Developments on sites greater than 30 acres should incorporate urban development characteristics as defined in this element.
- Residential uses shall not be permitted on the ground floor abutting roads classified as arterials or higher on the Functional Highway Classification Map.
- Developments shall, to the greatest extent possible, be massed along the highest abutting classified road on the Functional Highway Classification Map.
- Uses shall be sited in a manner to promote internal pedestrian and vehicle circulation and ease of access between abutting uses and sites and to limit the number of driveway access points on roads classified as arterials on the Functional Highway Classification Map.
- To promote a more compact, pedestrian-friendly environment, off street parking shall be located behind or to the side of buildings to the greatest extent possible. Structured parking is encouraged, provided it is integrated into the design of the overall development and is compatible with surrounding neighborhoods.

# CGC - SUBURBAN AREA (SA) INTENT

The Suburban Area is intended to provide development in a nodal development pattern.

Plan amendment requests for new CGC designations are preferred in locations which are supplied with full urban services; abut a roadway classified as an arterial or higher on the Functional Highway Classification Map; and which located in areas with an existing mix of non-residential uses. Nodal sites with two or more boundaries on a transportation right-of-way shall be considered preferred locations for these uses.

#### CGC - SUBURBAN AREA USES

The uses provided herein shall be applicable to all CGC sites within the Suburban Area.

### Principal Uses

Commercial retail sales and service establishments including auto sales; Restaurants; Hotels and motels; Offices, Business and Professional Offices including veterinary offices; Financial institutions; Multi-family dwellings; Live/Work Units; Commercial recreational and entertainment

facilities; Auto repair and sales, mobile home/motor home rental and sales, boat storage and sales; Off street parking lots and garages; Filling stations; and Uses associated with and developed as an integral component of TOD.

Residential uses shall not be the sole use and shall not exceed 80 percent of a development.

Existing dwellings which were legally built as single or multifamily dwellings prior to adoption of the 2030 Comprehensive Plan are allowed within this category.

Adult entertainment facilities are allowed by right only in Zoning District CCG-2.

#### Secondary Uses

Secondary uses shall be permitted pursuant to the Commercial land use introduction. In addition, the following secondary uses may also be permitted: Group care facilities; Criminal justice facilities; Dude ranches; Riding academies; Private camps; Camping grounds; Shooting ranges; Fishing and hunting camps; Fairgrounds; Race tracks; Stadiums and arenas; Transit stations; Transportation terminals and facilities (but not freight or truck terminals); Personal property storage establishments; Crematoria; Blood donation and plasma centers; Building trade contractors; Rescue missions; and Day labor pools.

# Accessory Uses

Warehousing, light manufacturing and fabricating may be permitted provided it is part of a commercial retail sales or service establishment, and the accessory use shall be located on a road classified as collector or higher on the Functional Highway Classification Map.

# CGC - SUBURBAN AREA DENSITY

The maximum gross density within the Suburban Area shall be 20 units/acre and there shall be no minimum gross density; except as provided herein.

 Transit-Oriented Developments (TOD) shall provide a minimum gross density of 15 units/acre; and may increase the maximum gross density by an additional 10 units/acre; except for sties abutting Low Density Residential (LDR) and Rural Residential (RR), in which case the maximum gross density shall be 20 units/acre.

- For sites within the Coastal High Hazard Area (CHHA) the maximum gross density shall be 20 units/acre unless appropriate mitigation is provided consistent with the City's CHHA policies.
- The maximum density shall be ten units per acre and there shall be no minimum density where this category has been established by a small scale land use amendment, unless otherwise authorized under a Planned Unit Development (PUD) rezoning that is approved pursuant to Future Land Use Element Policy 1.1.10A.

# CGC - SUBURBAN AREA DEVELOPMENT CHARACTERISTICS

The development characteristics provided herein shall be applicable to all CGC sites within the Suburban Area.

- Developments on sites greater than 30 acres should incorporate urban development characteristics as defined in this element.
- Residential uses shall not be permitted on the ground floor abutting roads classified as arterials or higher on the Functional Highway Classification Map.
- Developments shall, to the greatest extent possible, be massed along the highest abutting classified road on the Functional Highway Classification Map.
- Uses shall be sited in a manner to promote internal circulation and ease of access between abutting uses and sites and to limit the number of driveway access points on roads classified as arterials on the Functional Highway Classification Map.

# CGC - RURAL AREA (RA) INTENT

Plan amendment requests for new CGC designations are discouraged in the Rural Area because they would potentially encourage urban sprawl.

#### CGC - RURAL AREA USES

The uses provided herein shall be applicable to all CGC sites within the Rural Area.

#### Principal Uses

Commercial retail sales and service establishments including auto sales; Restaurants; Hotels and motels; Offices, Business and Professional Offices including veterinary offices; Financial institutions; Multi-family dwellings; Live/Work Units; Commercial recreational and entertainment facilities; Auto repair and sales, mobile home/motor home rental and sales, boat storage and sales; Off street parking

lots and garages: Filling stations; and Uses associated with and developed as an integral component of TOD when within the defined proximity of an existing transit station.

Residential uses shall not be the sole use and shall not exceed 80 percent of a development.

Existing dwellings which were legally built as single or multifamily dwellings prior to adoption of the 2030 Comprehensive Plan are allowed within this category.

Adult entertainment facilities are permitted by right only in Zoning District CCG-2.

#### Secondary Uses

Secondary uses shall be permitted pursuant to the Commercial land use introduction. In addition, the following secondary uses may also be permitted: Group care facilities; Criminal justice facilities; Dude ranches; Riding academies; Private camps; Camping grounds; Shooting ranges; Fishing and hunting camps; Fairgrounds; Race tracks; Stadiums and arenas; Transit stations; Transportation terminals and facilities (but not freight or truck terminals); Personal property storage establishments; Crematoria; Blood donation and plasma centers; Building trade contractors; Rescue missions; and Day labor pools.

#### Accessory Uses

Warehousing, light manufacturing and fabricating may be permitted provided it is part of a commercial retail sales or service establishment, and the accessory use shall be located on a road classified as collector or higher on the Functional Highway Classification Map.

# CGC - RURAL AREA DENSITY

The maximum gross density within the Rural Area shall be 20 units/acre and there shall be no minimum density. The maximum density shall be ten units per acre and there shall be no minimum density where this category has been established by a small scale land use amendment, unless otherwise authorized under a Planned Unit Development (PUD) rezoning that is approved pursuant to Future Land Use Element Policy 1.1.10A.

# CGC - RURAL AREA DEVELOPMENT CHARACTERISTICS

The development characteristics provided herein shall be applicable to all CGC sites within the Rural Area.

- Developments on sites greater than 30 acres should incorporate urban development characteristics as defined in this element.
- Residential uses shall not be permitted on the ground floor abutting roads classified as arterials or higher on the Functional Highway Classification Map.
- Developments shall, to the greatest extent possible, be massed along the highest abutting classified road on the Functional Highway Classification Map.
- Uses shall be sited in a manner to promote internal pedestrian and vehicle circulation and ease of access between abutting uses and sites and to limit the number of driveway access points on roads classified as arterials on the Functional Highway Classification Map.
- CGC uses shall be clustered in a manner resulting in the creation of an undeveloped buffer between the uses and adjacent wetlands, conservation and agricultural lands.

## REGIONAL COMMERCIAL (RC)

Regional commercial uses serve the City and outlying communities. Combined service populations generally exceed 80,000 people or 30,000 dwelling units. In size and scale, regional commercial development will meet generally the standards and guidelines for developments of regional impact (DRI) pursuant to Section 380.06 F.S. Plan amendment requests for new RC designations are discouraged as Regional Commercial uses may be accommodated within the CGC category.

Regional commercial nodes will generally be located with convenient access to transit corridors, and within a thirty minute drive time of the service population. Regional commercial uses may only be developed: (1) in a nodal pattern, and (2) within the commercial and commercially dominated mixed use plan categories. This type of development offers a full range of shopping goods, including general merchandise, apparel, home furnishings and related items. Community and neighborhood commercial uses and projects may be developed as part of a regional commercial node. Business and professional offices, financial institutions, other service commercial, entertainment, recreational, institutional and residential uses may be developed within the area of the regional commercial node, or as autonomous office-professional use projects.

# Commercial Community/General-1 (CCG-1) District.

# (a) Permitted uses and structures.

- (1) Commercial retail sales and service establishments
- (2) Banks, including drive-thru tellers, savings and loan institutions, and similar uses.
- (3) Professional and business offices, buildings trades contractors that do not require outside storage or the use of heavy machinery, ditching machines, tractors, bulldozers or other heavy construction equipment and similar uses.
- (4) Hotels and motels.
- (5) Commercial indoor recreational or entertainment facilities such as bowling alleys, swimming pools, indoor skating rinks, movie theaters, and indoor facilities operated by a licensed pari-mutuel permitholder.
- (6) Art galleries, museums, community centers, dance, art or music studios.
- (7) Vocational, trade or business schools and similar uses.
- (8) Day care centers or care centers meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4.
- (9) Off-street commercial parking lots meeting the performance standards and criteria set forth in Part 4.
- (10) Adult Congregate Living Facility (but not group care homes or residential treatment facilities).
- (11) An establishment or facility which includes the retail sale and service of beer or wine for off-premises consumption or for on-premises conjunction with a restaurant.
- (12) Retail plant nurseries including outside display, but not on-site mulching or landscape contractors requiring heavy equipment or vehicles in excess of one-ton capacity.
- (13) Express or parcel delivery offices and similar uses (but not freight or truck terminals)
- (14) Veterinarians and animal boarding, subject to the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4.
- (15) Personal property storage establishments meeting the performance development criteria set forth in Part 4.
- (16) Retail outlets for the sale of used wearing apparel, toys, books, luggage, jewelry, cameras, sporting goods, home furnishings and appliances, furniture and similar uses.
- (17) Essential services, including water, sewer, gas, telephone, radio, television and electric, meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4.
- (18) Churches, including a rectory or similar use.
- (19) Outside retail sales of holiday items, subject to the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4.
- (20) Wholesaling or distributorship businesses located within a retail shopping center (but not on an out-parcel or within a stand-alone structure), provided such use is limited to 30 percent of the total gross square footage of the retail shopping center of which the wholesaling use or activity is a part, and further provided there is no warehousing or storage of products not directly associated with the wholesaling or distributorship businesses located on the premises.
- (21) Assembly of components and light manufacturing when in conjunction with a retail sales or service establishment, conducted without outside storage or display.
- (22) Filling or gas stations meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4.
- (23) Dancing entertainment establishments not serving alcohol. This provision shall not supersede any other approvals or requirements for such use found elsewhere in this Chapter or elsewhere in the Ordinance Code.

#### (b) Permitted accessory uses and structures. See Section 656.403

#### (c) Permissible uses by exception.

- (1) An establishment or facility which includes the retail sale and service of all alcoholic beverages including liquor, beer or wine for on-premises consumption or off-premises consumption or both.
- (2) Permanent or restricted outside sale and service, meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4.
- (3) Residential treatment facilities and emergency shelters.
- (4) Multi-family residential integrated with a permitted use.
- (5) Crematories.
- (6) Service garages for minor or major repairs
- (7) Car wash or auto laundry
- (8) Pawn shops (limited to items permitted in the CCG-1 Zoning District).
- (9) Recycling collection points meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4.
- (10) Retail sales of new or used automobiles

- (11) Blood donor stations, plasma centers and similar uses.
- (12) Private clubs.
- (13) Restaurants with the outside sale and service of food meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4.
- (14) Billiard parlors.
- (15) Service and repair of general appliances and small engines.
- (16) Schools meeting the performance standards and development criteria set forth in Part 4.
- (17) Dancing entertainment establishments serving alcohol. This provision shall not supersede any other approvals or requirements for such use found elsewhere in this Chapter or elsewhere in the Ordinance Code.
- (18) Nightclubs.

## (d) Minimum lot requirements (width and area).

None, except as otherwise required for certain uses.

#### (e) Maximum lot coverage by all buildings.

None, except as otherwise required for certain uses.

- (f) Minimum yard requirements.
- (i) Front-None.
- (ii) Side-None

Where the lot is adjacent to a residential district, a minimum setback of 15 feet shall be provided.

- (iii) Rear-10 feet.
- (g) Maximum height of structures.

Sixty feet

# (h) Limitations on permitted or permissible uses by exception.

All of the permitted and permissible uses by exception in the CCG-1 District are subject to the following provisions unless otherwise provided for:

(1) Sale, service and display, preparation and storage shall be conducted within a completely enclosed building, unless otherwise provided for, and no more than 30 percent of the floor space shall be devoted to storage.