FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION **OFFICE OF COMMISSION CLERK**



DOCUMENT NUMBER ASSIGNMENT*

FILED DATE:

12/8/2020

DOCKET NO.:

20200172-EI

DOCUMENT NO.: 13266-2020

DOCUMENT DESCRIPTION:

OPC (Pirrello) - (CONFIDENTIAL) Testimony of Lane Kollen.

CONFIDENTIAL

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BEFORE THE

FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In Re: Petition for evaluation of Hurricane	/	DOCKET NO. 20200172-EI
Dorian storm costs, by Florida Power & Light	/	
Company.	/	
-	/	FILED: December 8, 2020
	/	·

(CONFIDENTIAL)

DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

LANE KOLLEN

ON BEHALF OF THE CITIZENS OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

J. R. Kelly Public Counsel

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DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

LANE KOLLEN

On Behalf of the Office of Public Counsel

Before the

Florida Public Service Commission

Docket No. 20200172-EI

1		1. QUALIFICATIONS AND PURPOSE
2		A. Qualifications
3	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
4	A.	My name is Lane Kollen. My business address is J. Kennedy and Associates, Inc.
5		("Kennedy and Associates"), 570 Colonial Park Drive, Suite 305, Roswell, Georgia
6		30075.
7	Q.	DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE.
8	A.	I earned a Bachelor of Business Administration degree in accounting and a Master of
9		Business Administration degree from the University of Toledo. I also earned a Master
10		of Arts degree in theology from Luther Rice University. I am a Certified Public
11		Accountant, with a practice license, Certified Management Accountant, and Chartered
12		Global Management Accountant. I am a member of numerous professional
13		organizations, including the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants,
14		Institute of Management Accounting, Georgia Society of CPAs, and Society of
15		Depreciation Professionals.

I have been an active participant in the utility industry for more than forty years, initially as an employee of a company that installed underground cablevision and telephone wire from 1974 to 1976, then as an employee of The Toledo Edison Company in various accounting and planning positions from 1976 to 1983, and thereafter as a consultant in the industry. I have testified as an expert on planning, ratemaking, accounting, finance, tax, and other issues in proceedings before regulatory commissions and courts at the federal and state levels on hundreds of occasions.

I have testified before the Florida Public Service Commission ("FPSC" or "Commission") on numerous occasions, including base rate, storm, fuel adjustment clause, acquisition, and territorial proceedings involving Florida Power & Light Company ("FPL"), Duke Energy Florida ("DEF"), Gulf Power Company, Talquin Electric Cooperative, the City of Tallahassee, and the City of Vero Beach.¹

B. Purpose of Testimony

14 Q. ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU PROVIDING TESTIMONY IN THIS 15 PROCEEDING?

16 A. I am providing testimony on behalf of the citizens of the State of Florida. Kennedy and
17 Associates was retained by the Florida Office of Public Counsel ("OPC") to perform a
18 review of FPL's costs incurred in response to Hurricane Dorian and make
19 recommendations in response to FPL's Petition filed in this proceeding.

¹ I have attached a more detailed description of my qualifications and appearances as an expert in Exhibit LK-1.

Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

2 A. The purpose of my testimony is to describe my firm's review of FPL's costs incurred in response to Hurricane Dorian and to present our conclusions and recommendations.

4 II. SUMMARY OF FPL'S REQUEST, RATEMAKING IMPLICATIONS, AND STANDARDS FOR RECOVERY

A. Summary of FPL's Request

Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE FPL'S REQUEST IN THIS PROCEEDING.

FPL seeks "a determination regarding the prudence of FPL's actions and activities (collectively referred to as FPL's "activities") and the reasonableness of costs incurred in responding to Hurricane Dorian," according to its Petition filed in this proceeding.²

FPL states that it "recorded its Hurricane Dorian Costs as a base operations and maintenance ("O&M") expense and is not seeking through this proceeding to establish a surcharge for the recovery of the Hurricane Dorian Costs or replenishment of the storm reserve. FPL files this Petition and supporting testimony to facilitate an evaluation of the Hurricane Dorian Costs in support of the requested finding."

FPL claims that it incurred total costs of \$240.564 million (total Company) in responding to Hurricane Dorian. It charged \$239.833 million (jurisdictional) of these costs to base O&M expense (\$264.919 million (jurisdictional) in 2019 based on its preliminary estimated costs and negative \$25.086 million (jurisdictional) in 2020 to true-up the 2019 estimated costs) and charged \$0.228 million (jurisdictional) to plant in service.

A.

² Petition at p. 1.

³ *Id*.

If FPL had not charged the \$239.833 million to base O&M expense, then it would have charged \$237.896 million to the storm reserve account ("storm reserve") under its interpretation and application of the Incremental Cost and Capitalization Approach ("ICCA") set forth in Rule 25-6.0143(1)(e), Florida Administrative Code ("F.A.C."), according to its Petition filed in this proceeding.⁴

B. Ratemaking Implications of FPL's Request

- 7 Q. DESCRIBE THE RATEMAKING IMPLICATIONS OF FPL'S REQUEST.
 - The Company seeks a determination of prudence and an affirmation of its ratemaking recovery of the entirety of the \$239.833 million incurred and charged to base O&M expense, along with a return on that amount, albeit in a different form than through a storm surcharge, which would have limited its recovery to no more than \$237.896 million with no return or a short-term debt interest only return. The Company's requested form of ratemaking recovery will result in \$1.936 million in additional ratemaking recovery for the costs incurred and another \$15.775 million for the return on the costs incurred in just the first year alone when compared to recovery through a storm surcharge.
- 17 Q. HOW DOES THE COMPANY'S DECISION TO CHARGE THE STORM 18 COSTS TO **BASE EXPENSE 0&M** RESULT IN ADDITIONAL 19 RATEMAKING RECOVERY COMPARED TO CHARGING THE COSTS TO 20 THE STORM RESERVE?

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A.

⁴ Petition at pp. 5-7.

In Docket No. 20120015-EI, *In re: Petition for Increase in Rates by Florida Power & Light Company*, the Commission found that the Company had a theoretical depreciation reserve surplus ("Reserve") and allowed the Company to amortize and use that Reserve at its discretion to increase its earned return on equity up to a maximum threshold. The Company was required to restore the Reserve to reduce its earned return on equity if it otherwise would exceed the maximum threshold.

A.

In Docket No. 20160021-EI, *In re: Petition for Rate Increase by Florida Power & Light Company*, the Commission again found that the Company had a depreciation reserve surplus and authorized FPL to amortize and use (debit) the Reserve at its discretion to increase its earned return on equity to no more than 11.60% or to restore (credit) the Reserve to reduce its return on equity to no more than 11.60% if it otherwise would exceed that maximum threshold.⁵

If the Company earns in excess of the 11.60% maximum threshold, it then defers the revenue equivalent of the excess earnings as an increase to the Reserve. If the Company charges storm costs to base O&M expense, then the storm costs, net of the related income tax expense, reduce the return on equity in the year expensed and reduce the revenue equivalent amount that otherwise would be deferred to the Reserve. The Company's use of this ratemaking alternative provided immediate and greater recovery of storm costs compared to deferrals to the storm reserve and recovery through a storm surcharge.

⁵ The establishment of the Reserve and the amortization parameters are set forth in paragraph 12 of the 2016 Settlement

⁶ The excess earnings are after tax and must be grossed-up for income taxes to a revenue equivalent.

In 2019, the Company's earned return on equity exceeded the 11.60% maximum threshold on an FPSC Adjusted Earnings basis, even after it charged the storm costs to base O&M expense and reduced the Reserve by an equivalent amount. It would have deferred \$621.583 million to the Reserve if it had not charged \$264.919 million to base O&M expense in 2019. Instead, it deferred \$356.664 million⁷, the revenue equivalent of the excess earnings remaining after the charge to base O&M expense.

A.

C. Standard for Recovery of Costs

Q. WHAT IS THE STANDARD FOR RECOVERY OF THE COMPANY'S CLAIMED COSTS?

The standard for recovery of claimed costs is set forth in Rule 25-6.0143, F.A.C. (the "Rule"). The Rule describes an ICCA methodology to quantify the recoverable amount of the costs incurred for "storm-related damages." The Rule lists the types or categories of costs that qualify and may be deferred to the "storm account" for recovery, but only to the extent that the costs are "incremental" to costs that already are recovered through base and/or cost recovery clause rates or that are in excess of "normal" capital expenditures. The Rule also lists the types or categories of costs that do not qualify and may *not* be deferred to the "storm account."

Rule 25-6.0143(1)(d), F.A.C., describes the ICCA methodology, which allows costs to be charged to the storm account only if they are incremental to "those costs that normally would be charged to non-cost recovery clause operating expenses in the

⁷ 2019 amortization of Reserve per Attachment 1 to FPL's Rate of Return Surveillance Report filed with the FPSC for December 2019, dated February 14, 2020.

I	absence of a storm" ("incremental expenses") or if they are incremental to the "normal
2	cost for the removal, retirement and replacement of those [damaged] facilities in the
3	absence of a storm" ("incremental capital expenditures"). Rule 25-6.0143(1)(d),
4	F.A.C., states specifically:
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	In determining the costs to be charged to cover storm-related damages, the utility shall use an Incremental Cost and Capitalization Approach methodology (ICCA). Under the ICCA methodology, the costs charged to cover storm-related damages shall exclude those costs that normally would be charged to non-cost recovery clause operating expenses in the absence of a storm. Under the ICCA methodology for determining the allowable costs to be charged to cover storm-related damages, the utility will be allowed to charge to Account No. 228.1 costs that are incremental to costs normally charged to non-cost recovery clause operating expenses in the absence of a storm. All costs charged to Account 228.1 are subject to review for prudence and reasonableness by the Commission. In addition, capital expenditures for the removal, retirement and replacement of damaged facilities charged to cover storm-related damages shall exclude the normal cost for the removal,
19	retirement and replacement of those facilities in the absence of a storm.
20	Rule 25-6.0143(1)(e), F.A.C., lists the types of storm-related costs that are
21	allowed to be charged to the storm account under the ICCA methodology as follows:
22	1. Additional contract labor hired for storm restoration activities;
23 24	Logistics costs of providing meals, lodging, and linens for tents and other staging areas;
25	3. Transportation of crews for storm restoration;
26	4. Vehicle costs for vehicles specifically rented for storm restoration activities;
27	5. Waste management costs specifically related to storm restoration activities;
28	6. Rental equipment specifically related to storm restoration activities;
29 30 31	7. Materials and supplies used to repair and restore service and facilities to pre-storm condition, such as poles, transformers, meters, light fixtures, wire, and other electrical equipment, excluding those costs that normally

absence of a storm;

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would be charged to non-cost recovery clause operating expenses in the

8. Overtime payroll and payroll-related costs for utility personnel included in

1		storm restoration activities;
2 3	9.	Fuel cost for company and contractor vehicles used in storm restoration activities; and
4 5	10.	Cost of public service announcements regarding key storm-related issues, such as safety and service restoration estimates.
6	Ru	ale 25-6.0143(1)(f), F.A.C., lists the types of storm-related costs that are
7	prohibited	from being charged to the storm account under the ICCA methodology as
8	follows:	
9 10	1.	Base rate recoverable regular payroll and regular payroll-related costs for utility managerial and non-managerial personnel;
11 12	2.	Bonuses or any other special compensation for utility personnel not eligible for overtime pay;
13 14	3.	Base rate recoverable depreciation expenses, insurance costs and lease expenses for utility-owned or utility-leased vehicles and aircraft;
15	4.	Utility employee assistance costs;
16 17	5.	Utility employee training costs incurred prior to 72 hours before the storm event;
18 19 20	6.	Utility advertising, media relations or public relations costs, except for public service announcements regarding key storm-related issues as listed above in subparagraph (1)(e)10.;
21 22 23	7.	Utility call center and customer service costs, except for non-budgeted overtime or other non-budgeted incremental costs associated with the storm event;
24 25 26 27	8.	Tree trimming expenses, incurred in any month in which storm damage restoration activities are conducted, that are less than the actual monthly average of tree trimming costs charged to operation and maintenance expense for the same month in the three previous calendar years;
28	9.	Utility lost revenues from services not provided; and
20	10	Replenishment of the utility's materials and supplies inventories.

In addition to the standards set forth in the Rule, I relied on the Commission's decisions adopting settlement agreements in other proceedings involving FPL, Duke Energy Florida, Gulf Power Company, and Tampa Electric Company.⁸ These decisions adopt specific methodologies to quantify certain incremental costs pursuant to the Rule and adopt specific information filing requirements and review procedures that will be applicable in all future storm proceedings for those utilities. Those decisions and the underlying settlement agreements provide a useful framework for the Commission to look to in order to ensure that costs are, in fact, incremental and reasonable, and in accordance with the standards set forth in the Rule.

Q. DOES THE RULE ALLOW THE UTILITY TO CHARGE THE STORM COSTS TO BASE O&M EXPENSE INSTEAD OF TO THE STORM RESERVE?

13 A. Yes. The Rule states:

(1)(h) A utility may, at its own option, charge storm-related costs as operating expenses rather than charging them to Account No. 228.1. The utility shall notify the Director of the Commission Clerk in writing and provide a schedule of the amounts charged to operating expenses for each incident exceeding \$5 million. The schedule shall be filed annually by February 15 of each year for information pertaining to the previous calendar year.

Typically, a utility would not choose to charge storm costs to base O&M expense unless the amounts were minimal because the additional O&M expense would reduce its earned return, all else equal. However, the situation is unique due to the availability of and FPL's use of the Reserve to manage its earned return, recover its

⁸ Docket No. 20170272-EI, Docket No. 20170271-EI, and Docket No. 20180049-EI, respectively.

- storm costs, and earn a return on the storm costs until its base rates are reset in a future
 base rate case proceeding.
- 3 Q. DOES THE RULE DISTINGUISH BETWEEN "THE STORM RELATED
- 4 COSTS" CHARGED TO THE STORM RESERVE OR TO BASE O&M
- 5 EXPENSES?

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A.

A. No. The Rule has only one description of storm-related damages or storm costs that
may be recovered from customers and that description is not dependent on the form of
recovery, or in the case of FPL, the existence of the Reserve. Nor does the Rule
incorporate an exclusionary term that relieves the utility from compliance with the Rule
if it chooses to charge the storm costs to base O&M expense, or in the case of FPL, to
recover the storm costs through the Reserve.

III. SUMMARY OF CONCLUSIONS

13 Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR CONCLUSIONS.

I have separated my conclusions into process, methodology, and disallowance categories. Process conclusions relate to the Company's planning and implementation, including management and procurement processes that may have resulted in excessive costs. Methodology conclusions relate to the Company's failure to correctly calculate the *incremental* storm-related costs pursuant to the requirements of the Rule that have resulted in excessive costs. Disallowance conclusions relate to costs that should not be included in the storm costs and that should be denied recovery through the Reserve.

A. Process Conclusions

The processes and the scope of those processes employed by the Company, including procurement, mobilization, demobilization, and other logistics are or should be a function of an ongoing assessment of its potential physical damage and outage risk exposures. In this case, the Company incurred \$240.060 million (jurisdictional) in storm costs, despite the fact that Hurricane Dorian did not make landfall, there was little actual damage to the Company's transmission and distribution system assets, and only a relatively small percentage of customers actually experienced outages.

My process conclusions are as follows:

- 1. The Company has no written policies that describe or require it to assess the potential physical damage and outage risk exposures from storms or to optimize the allocation of internal resources and acquisition of external resources necessary to respond to those potential exposures. The risk exposures have declined and should continue to decline as the Company has made and continues to make significant investments to harden and protect its system from storm damage and outages. The Company and other utilities have claimed that these significant investment costs are justified, at least in part, through savings and reliability improvements resulting from less storm damage and fewer, less severe, and shorter outages.
- 2. The Company has no written policies that describe or require it to plan or implement its outage responses to minimize costs. In fact, the

1		Company acknowledges that it does not plan of implement its storm
2		responses to minimize costs. ⁹
3 4	3.	The Company failed to demonstrate that it minimized the storm costs
5		through a prudent mix of its own employees, affiliate company
6		contractors, mutual assistance contractors, and other third-party
7		contractors.
8 9	4.	The Company failed to demonstrate that it minimized the storm costs
10		through careful management of the mobilization of its contractors.
11 12	5.	The Company failed to demonstrate that it minimized the storm costs
13		through careful management and timely demobilization of its
14		contractors.
15 16	6.	The Company has no incentive to minimize storm costs.
17 18	7.	The Company failed to timely provide copies of all contracts, al
19		invoices, and all other documents necessary to perform an audit of its
20		storm costs either when it filed its request or made its supplementa
21		filing. The Company did provide Excel workbooks that included
22		documentation for line contractor and vegetation managemen
23		contractor invoices. However, it did not provide copies of contracts o
24		other invoice documentation until OPC sought this information in

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discovery; even then, those responses were incomplete and OPC had to

⁹ Direct Testimony of Manuel Miranda at p. 6.

1	issue further discovery to obtain all contracts, all invoices, and all other
2	relevant information.
3	8. The Company's invoice copies by document number are not organized
5	to group invoices by vendor. The Binder file folder structure utilized
6	by Gulf Power Company in Docket No. 20190038-EI provides a
7	superior format that groups invoice copies by vendor and makes it
8	administratively easier to cross reference contractor invoices to the
9	vendor contracts, purchase orders, and rate sheets.
10 11	9. In accordance with the Commission Order approving the settlement
12	agreement in Docket No. 20180049-EI, FPL performed its own audit of
13	contractor invoices and disallowed \$12.459 million in line and
14	vegetation management contractor charges that were billed to the
15	Company. 10 The disallowances were not included in the Company's
16	storm costs.
17 18	B. Methodology Conclusions
19	The Company's request for cost recovery does not comply with the Rule in certain
20	important respects and is overstated. My methodology conclusions are as follows.
21	1. The Company failed to limit its request to incremental costs, an

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overarching requirement of the Rule. Instead, the Company effectively

circumvented the limitations on recovery set forth in the Rule by

The Company agreed to perform its own audits of future storm costs in the Stipulation and Settlement Agreement approved by the Commission in Docket No. 20180049-EI.

1	utilizing the Reserve to recover the entirety of the storm costs it incurred
2	and charged to base O&M expense.

The Company failed to remove all straight time payroll costs (straight time payroll) and related costs from the storm costs, as required by the Rule.

- 3. The Company failed to remove the non-incremental portion of overtime payroll and related costs from the storm costs, as required by the Rule.

 The Company objected to and refused to provide the overtime payroll and related costs included in the base revenue requirement or the historic costs in response to OPC discovery. 11
- 4. The Company failed to remove line contractor "costs that normally would be charged to non-cost recovery clause operating expenses in the absence of a storm," which is a requirement set forth in the Rule. The Company objected to and refused to provide the historic embedded line contractor costs in response to OPC discovery. The Commission has previously utilized a three year historic average to quantify and exclude vegetation management contractor costs "that normally would be charged to non-cost recovery clause operating expenses" if, in fact, the historic average is greater than the vegetation management costs in the

¹¹ Response to Interrogatory No. 37 in OPC's Second Set of Interrogatories, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit I.K-2

¹² Response to Interrogatory No. 7 in OPC's First Set of Interrogatories and to Interrogatory No. 44 in OPC's Second Set of Interrogatories, copies of which are attached as Exhibit LK-3.

1	month of the storm,	, excluding storm	costs from	the average	and from
2	the month of the cur	rent storm for wh	ich recover	y is sought.	

- 5. The Company failed to remove materials and supplies "costs that normally would be charged to non-cost recovery clause operating expenses in the absence of a storm." The Company claims that the three-year historic average of materials and supplies expense was less than the amount actually expensed, excluding the storm costs charged to base O&M expense, so no adjustment was necessary in this proceeding. 13
- 6. The amounts charged by the Company to base O&M expense included estimated costs that had not yet been finalized or paid.

C. Disallowance Conclusions

The Company's storm costs charged to base O&M expense were excessive due to processes that failed to minimize costs, methodologies, and other recording and processing errors that overstated the charges to base O&M expense and improperly depleted the Reserve.

The following table summarizes the excessive costs included in FPL's request and provides the basis for my recommendation to disallow or otherwise remove these costs.

¹³ Response to Interrogatory No. 10 in OPC's First Set of Interrogatories, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit I.K-4

Florida Power & Light Company OPC's Adjustments to Hurricane Dorian Claimed Costs for Storm Restoration Based on Costs Accumulated through May 31, 2020 (\$000s)

	Total Costs	Retail Jurisdictional Factor	OPC Adjusted Recoverable Amount
Total Claimed Costs Associated with Storm Restoration (Per FPL Filing Exhibit DH-1, Line 52)	238,360	99.81%	237,896
OPC Recommended Adjustments			
Remove Regular Payroll Costs	(1,883)	98.43%	(1,853)
Remove Non-Incremental Overtime Payroll Costs	(2,314)	98.12%	(2,271)
Remove Non-Incremental Line Contractor Costs	(2,589)	99.99%	(2,588)
Remove Estimated Amounts	(3,143)	99.99%	(3,142)
Total OPC Adjustments to Claimed Costs			(9,855)
OPC Maximum Restoration Costs for Hurricane Dorian			228,041

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IV. PROCESS ISSUES

- 4 A. Storm Costs Are Excessive Compared to Actual System Damage and Customer
 5 Interruptions
- 6 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE SYSTEM DAMAGE AND CUSTOMER
 7 INTERRUPTIONS CAUSED BY HURRICANE DORIAN.
- 8 A. Hurricane Dorian did not make landfall in the Company's service territory; however,
- 9 it did bring hurricane force winds up the East Coast of Florida and feeder bands

impacted FPL's service territory from Monday September 2, 2019 through Wednesday September 4, 2019. 14

Despite the hurricane force winds and feeder bands that impacted FPL's service territory, the Company incurred relatively minimal damage to its transmission and distribution assets and relatively few outages in comparison to the size of its system and the total number of customers on its system. The Company prepared a Report that described the damage to its assets, the extent of the outages, and compared the performance of its assets that had been storm hardened to those that had not been hardened.¹⁵

The Report describes the storm characteristics and weather, the pre-landfall and actual storm paths, transmission line and substation performance, distribution performance (poles, feeders, laterals, transformers, pad-mounted switches), smart grid performance, customer interruptions due to vegetation, and the effects of the Company's hardening programs.

In general, the Company's system performed well, especially the assets that were storm hardened and protected, and benefitted from the Company's vegetation management activities, all of which minimized the damage to the system assets and minimized customer interruptions, both in terms of the number of outages and the

¹⁴ Response to POD No. 22 in OPC's First Request for Production of Documents, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit LK-5 for ease of reference. The full attachment is the Hurricane Dorian Power Delivery Performance Report ("Report") [Bates p. 024892-024944] dated May 8, 2020. See Report at p. 8 of Exhibit LK-5 [Bates p. 024898].

¹⁵ *Id*.

duration of those outages. The Report provided the following summary of the system

performance and outage effects on customers: 16

Results: 60.9% (112.5K) of customers restored in one day, 100% (184.6K) in three days (impacted). 17 Average customer outage was 78

Results: 60.9% (112.5K) of customers restored in one day, 100% (184.6K) in three days (impacted). ¹⁷ Average customer outage was 78 minutes. This was a three day event, but according to the Carver data, we did not have any customers out longer than 24 hours, so essentially 100% of the customers were restored within one day.

FPL Transmission System and Substations performed well in Dorian with no significant damage to the BES (Bulk Electric System). FPL experienced 0 pole failures and 3 line sections out. In addition, there was no substations out or major substation equipment damages. Protective relay systems and breakers were called on to clear 5 relay events with 0 mis-operations (0%). This is well below the 8% NERC average.

FPL Distribution System performed well in Dorian and demonstrated that the investments in the Distribution Feeder Hardening Program, Pole Inspection Program (PIP) and Smart Grid are providing benefits. The system performed as designed and greatly helped to reduce severe damage, duration of restoration and provided the ability for the grid to self-heal. These investments were key to the speed of storm restoration.

Distribution pole damage was primarily due to vegetation falling into FPL poles or lines with 5 out of the 8 (67%) poles down. In addition, there were no feeder poles down primarily due to the hardening efforts and the inspections of the non-hardened poles. 38% (3 out of 8) of poles down were ATT.

Underground Feeders experienced no outages. Overhead Hardened Feeders performed significantly better than non-Hardened Feeders; however, non-Hardening feeders still benefitted from the Pole Inspection Program (PIP) which has resulted in the replacement of over 87,000 poles and reinforcement of over nearly 57,000 poles since the inspection program began in 2006.

Underground Laterals performed 10.6X better than Overhead Laterals with vegetation (41% of Trouble Tickets) being the leading cause of Overhead Lateral outages. FPL's next step for grid hardening, Storm

¹⁶ See Report at p. 7 of Exhibit LK-5 [Bates p. 024897].

¹⁷ The actual number of customers who experienced outages was over 162,000; some experienced more than one outage. See Report at p. 9 of Exhibit LK-5 [Bates p. 024899]. See also the response to POD No. 20 in OPC's First Request for Production of Documents, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit LK-6.

1 2 3		Secure Lateral Undergrounding program, which began in 2018, experienced no outages.
4 5 6		Smart Grid provided benefits with AFS (Automated Feeder Switches) Self-Healing operations avoiding 37K Customer Interruptions.
7	Q.	ARE THE STORM COSTS INCURRED BY THE COMPANY EXCESSIVE
8		COMPARED TO THE LIMITED DAMAGE AND RELATIVELY FEW
9		CUSTOMER INTERRUPTIONS?
10	A.	Yes. The magnitude of the storm costs compared to the minimal damages and
11		relatively few customer interruptions is cause for concern, not only with respect to this
12		storm, but also with respect to future storms, especially as the Company implements
13		additional storm hardening and storm protection plans and programs approved by the
14		Commission.
15	Q.	WHAT ARE YOUR RECOMMENDATIONS IN RESPONSE TO THIS
16		CONCERN?
17	A.	Our recommendations are detailed in each of the following subsections of this section
18		of my testimony; however, they address improvements in the planning process and in
19		the implementation of the actual storm response, as well as providing an incentive or
20		stake in the recovery of storm costs, and other recommendations to improve the post-
21		storm review of contractor invoices.
22		B. Systematic Assessments of Risk Exposures At Least Annually Are Necessary In Order to Optimize Resources and Minimize Cost of Storm Responses and
23 24		Customer Interruptions
25	Q.	SHOULD THE COMPANY OPTIMIZE THE SCOPE, AND MINIMIZE THE
26		COSTS. OF ITS RESPONSES TO REFLECT THE CONTINUOUS

1 HARDENING AND PROTECTION OF ITS SYSTEM ASSETS AND 2 REDUCTIONS IN VEGETATION EXPOSURE?

A.

Yes. The reality is that, as FPL completes its investments and expands its vegetation management to improve the resiliency of the system through storm hardening and storm protection activities approved by the Commission, the scope of the Company's storm responses, both in planning and implementation, and the cost of the responses should be significantly and continuously reduced. The Company and other utilities have claimed in multiple proceedings that these significant hardening and protection investments and vegetation management expenses are justified, at least in part, through savings and reliability improvements due to significant and continuous reductions in physical storm damages and fewer and less severe outages. Indeed, in its Report, FPL repeatedly cites the various storm hardening and protection programs it already has implemented as the reasons for no or minimal physical damage to the hardened assets compared the non-hardened assets. Thus, this should result in lower storm costs in response to future storm events, not the same or even increased costs.

16 Q. HAS THE COMPANY PROVIDED ANY EVIDENCE THAT IT ATTEMPTS 17 TO MATCH THE RESOURCES IT ACQUIRES AHEAD OF A STORM TO 18 THE POTENTIAL DAMAGE AND OUTAGE RISK EXPOSURE FROM THAT 19 STORM?

A. No. The Company provided no evidence that it intentionally and systematically performs comprehensive assessments of its system risk exposures in order to optimize

¹⁸ See Report at pp. 6, 7, 28, and 29 of Exhibit LK-5 [Bates pp. 024896, 024897, 024918, and 024919].

1	he resources necessary to respond to a storm and to minimize the cost of the
2	esponse. ¹⁹

Q. HAS THE COMPANY PERFORMED ANY ASSESSMENT AND/OR STUDY
THAT DOCUMENTS, ANALYZES, OR ESTIMATES THE AMOUNT OF
STORM COST SAVINGS THE COMPANY WAS ABLE TO ACHIEVE
BECAUSE OF THE STORM HARDENING AND PROTECTION ACTIVITIES
PERFORMED PRIOR TO HURRICANE DORIAN?

8 A. No.²⁰

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9 Q. WHAT ARE YOUR RECOMMENDATIONS?

The Company should adopt written policies that describe and require it to assess the potential physical damages and outage risk exposures from storms at least annually before the storm season, incorporate ongoing improvements in storm hardening and storm protection since the last assessment, and then incorporate the results of these assessments into all storm planning and implementation processes, including the determination of resource requirements, procurement of external resources, mobilization, demobilization, and all other logistics.

In addition, the Company should adopt written policies that describe and require it to optimize the allocation of internal resources and acquisition of external resources necessary to respond to the potential physical damages and outage risk exposures identified in its periodic assessments of those risk exposures.

¹⁹ The Company's damage assessment modeling appears to be focused primarily on ensuring that resources are positioned to appropriate areas based on real-time assessments of potential and actual damage and outages.

²⁰ Response to Interrogatory No. 21 in OPC's First Set of Interrogatories, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit LK-7.

1	<u>C.</u>	Prudent Planning And Implementation of Storm Responses Is Necessary In
2		Order to Minimize Storm Costs and Customer Interruptions

Q. HAS THE COMPANY PROVIDED ANY EVIDENCE THAT IT PLANS OR

4 IMPLEMENTS ITS STORM RESPONSE IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE COSTS?

5 A. No. To the contrary, the Company acknowledges that minimizing the storm costs is
6 not a planning or implementation objective.²¹

7 Q. WHY IS THAT IMPORTANT?

A.

It is important because it affects the total costs of the storm response and the costs that customers pay through the ratemaking process, regardless of whether the recovery is obtained through the storm account and a storm surcharge or through the Reserve, as is the case in this proceeding. FPL ultimately is reimbursed by customers for the entirety of its prudent and reasonable storm costs through the ratemaking process.

The Company has an obligation to act prudently and reasonably to repair damage and restore service within a reasonable period of time. However, this must be balanced against the costs of doing so. The Company also has an obligation to act in an intentional manner to prudently and reasonably minimize costs. This requires more than an after-the-fact review of vendor invoices for resources that have been mobilized. It requires the adoption, communication, and implementation of policies to achieve this objective before resources are mobilized.

Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION?

²¹ Direct testimony of Manuel Miranda at p. 6.

1	A.	The Company should adopt written policies that describe and require it to plan and
2		implement its storm damage and outage responses to minimize costs.

D. Prudent Management of Contractor Resources Is Necessary In Order to Minimize Storm Costs

HAS THE COMPANY PROVIDED EVIDENCE THAT IT ASSIGNS AND/OR 5 Q. ACQUIRES RESOURCES THROUGH A PRUDENT AND REASONABLE 6 MIX OF ITS OWN EMPLOYEES, AFFILIATE COMPANY CONTRACTORS, 7 THIRD-PARTY **AND** ASSISTANCE CONTRACTORS, MUTUAL 8 CONTRACTORS IN A MANNER THAT MINIMIZES STORM COSTS? 9 No. FPL provided no evidence that it intentionally assigned internal, and acquired 10 A. external, resources in a manner that minimized storm costs. The storm costs include 11 mobilization and demobilization costs, including travel and standby costs, and 12 restoration costs. Affiliate costs tend to be the lowest. Mutual assistance costs tend to 13 be the next lowest, although it depends greatly on the contract terms and mutual 14 assistance company's determinations of its costs. The other third-party contactor costs 15 tend to be greater than affiliate and mutual assistance costs, although there are 16

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exceptions.

FPL relied primarily on third party contractors rather than its own employees, affiliate company contractors, or mutual assistance contractors, all of which may have provided lower cost alternatives compared to higher cost third-party contractors. In comparison to FPL, Duke appears to have relied more heavily on its own employees,

affiliate companies, and mutual assistance companies than on other third-party

contractors when it responded to Hurricane Dorian.²²

Q. PLEASE COMPARE THE COMPANY'S USE OF AFFILIATES, MUTUAL ASSISTANCE COMPANIES, AND OTHER THIRD-PARTY LINE CONTRACTORS.

The Company incurred only \$0.448 million for line contractors (total Company) provided by Gulf Power Company, the only affiliate utility company in geographic proximity. It incurred \$8.462 million for line contractors provided by six mutual assistance companies.²³ It incurred \$129.583 million (total Company) for line contractors from 87 other third party vendors.

In addition, most of the costs incurred for line contractors from the mutual assistance companies were from geographically distant companies, such as Commonwealth Edison and National Grid, which resulted in significant mobilization and demobilization costs compared to actual storm restoration costs for those line contractors. Sixty percent of the Company's costs incurred for line contractors from mutual assistance companies were charged by these two companies alone. More specifically, Commonwealth Edison is located in northern Illinois. It charged the Company \$2.605 million (total Company) in storm costs, which included an allocation of that utility's administrative and general expenses that significantly increased the

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²² Docket No. 20190222-EI.

²³ Response to Interrogatory No. 18 in OPC's First Set of Interrogatories, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit LK-8. Copies of invoices for verification purposes were also provided in the Confidential response to POD No. 15 in OPC's First Request for Production of Documents. I have not attached copies of those invoices as exhibits.

costs charged to FPL.²⁴ National Grid is located in upstate New York and Massachusetts. It charged the Company \$2.491 million (total Company) in storm costs.

FPL failed to utilize other mutual assistance companies located in closer geographic proximity, such as Southern Company, which has utilities located in Georgia and Alabama, or Entergy Corp., which has utilities located in Mississippi and Louisiana.

Q. HAS THE COMPANY PROVIDED EVIDENCE THAT IT MINIMIZED THE

8 STORM COSTS THROUGH CAREFUL MOBILIZATION AND

DEMOBILIZATION OF ITS CONTRACTORS?

A.

No. Various third-party contractors were mobilized starting on August 30, 2020. Contractor crews traveled primarily from August 30, 2020 through August 31, 2020. The pre-landfall path and the forecasted landfall continued to change until September 2, 2020, the date when hurricane force winds hit the East coast of Florida and feeder bands impacted the Company's service territory. However, by the morning of September 5, 2020, the storm no longer posed a threat to FPL's service territory. The Company demobilized only three third-party contractors who were in transit prior to arrival at assigned staging areas even as the potential risks of damage to system assets and customer interruptions declined. In addition, the Company unnecessarily delayed the demobilization of numerous contractors even as it determined that the actual

²⁴ In addition to non-labor related charges of \$0.406 million (total Company), Commonwealth Edison charged \$0.763 million (total Company) in straight-time and overtime labor and an additional \$1.436 million (total Company) for labor overheads. These overheads represent a 188% adder to the actual labor charges. These charges are detailed in the invoice copy supplied in the Confidential response to POD No. 15 in OPC's First Request for Production of Documents [Bates pp. 030747-030748.] I have attached a copy of the first two pages of that invoice as Confidential Exhibit LK-9.

²⁵ Direct testimony of Manuel Miranda at p. 20.

- physical damages to system assets and customer interruptions were minimal.
- 2 Demobilization of most external resources did not begin until September 5, 2020.²⁶
- 3 Q. IS THERE A SEQUENCE THAT A UTILITY NORMALLY SHOULD
- 4 FOLLOW IN THE USE OF AFFILIATES, MUTUAL ASSISTANCE
- 5 CONTRACTORS, AND THIRD-PARTY CONTRACTORS IN ORDER TO
- 6 MINIMIZE COSTS?
- 7 A. Yes. The sequence normally would be based on availability and cost, including the
- 8 cost of mobilization and demobilization (travel time and equipment) and other terms
- and conditions of the contracts. Assuming availability, the typical sequence would be
- affiliates first, then mutual assistance contractors, then regional third-party contractors,
- and then other third-party contractors.
- 12 Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION?
- 13 A. The Company should adopt written policies that describe and require it to plan and
- implement the assignment of internal resources and the acquisition of external
- resources in a manner that minimizes storm costs.
- 16 E. The Company Has No Incentive to Minimize Storm Costs
- 17 Q. DOES THE COMPANY HAVE AN INCENTIVE TO MINIMIZE STORM
- 18 COSTS?
- 19 A. No.
- 20 Q. IS THAT A PROBLEM, AND IF SO WHY?

²⁶ Refer to the charges by day provided in the Confidential Excel vendor workbooks submitted with the Petition.

Yes. If a utility has no direct interest or stake in minimizing storm costs, then its primary, and perhaps, only objective is to restore service as quickly as possible without consideration of the costs that are incurred. In fact, FPL states that its primary objective is to restore service as quickly as possible, although it claims that it attempts to do so efficiently.²⁷

Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION?

A.

A.

I recommend that the Commission adopt a ratemaking incentive to ensure that FPL is focused on continuous improvement in planning and implementation and other processes to minimize costs before costs for a specific storm are incurred, contractors are mobilized, and invoices are issued by the contractors and paid by the Company. This is particularly important as FPL incurs billions of dollars in additional storm hardening and protection investments and vegetation management, the entirety of which will be recovered from customers through riders, such as the Storm Protection Program Cost Recovery Mechanism approved by the Commission earlier this year.

There are different forms that this incentive could take. For example, the incentive could take the form of no return on storm costs if the storm costs are deferred to the storm account. As another example, the incentive could be to apply a 90% or 95% "recovery factor" that results in a sharing of storm costs 90% or 95% to customers and 10% or 5% to the Company, if the storm costs are charged to base O&M expense and the Company otherwise would recover the costs and a return on the costs through the Reserve. In this case, the Company would be allocated \$11.895 million (5%) to

²⁷ Direct Testimony of Manuel Miranda at pp. 14-15.

- \$23.790 million (\$10%) and customers would be allocated \$214.107 million (90%) to \$226.001 million (95%), all else equal and before any other disallowances.
- F. The Company Should Provide All Relevant Information With Its Notice of Filing
- 5 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE COMPANY'S FILING AND COSTS CLAIMED
 6 FOR RECOVERY.
- A. On June 29, 2020, FPL filed its Petition, Direct Testimonies of Mr. Manuel Miranda,

 Mr. David Hughes, and Ms. Clare Gerard, and confidential materials in support of its

 Petition. The Company summarized its request on Exhibit DH-1 attached to the Direct

 Testimony of Mr. Hughes and provided the Excel workbook used to develop Exhibit

 DH-1. The confidential materials consisted of Excel workbooks that included invoice information for its line and vegetation management contractors and travel logs.
- Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE CONTRACT AND INVOICE SUPPORT INCLUDED IN THE EXCEL WORKBOOKS THAT WERE PROVIDED BY THE COMPANY WITH ITS NOTICE OF FILING.
- A. FPL provided 110 confidential Excel summary workbook files with detailed costs and summaries for its embedded and non-embedded line and vegetation management contractors.²⁸ These contractor costs comprised \$162.463 million of the \$240.564 million in total Company costs incurred by FPL,²⁹ after reductions for disallowances resulting from its own audit of the contractor invoices, but before reductions for costs

²⁸ There were 87 Confidential Excel files related to line contractors and 23 related to vegetation management contractors provided by the Company as part of its petition.

²⁹ FPL Exhibit DH-1 at line 10.

capitalized to plant and reductions to reflect its interpretation of incremental costs									
pursuant to the Rule. The outside line contractor costs are \$129.583 million total									
Company, while the vegetation management contractor costs are \$32.880 million total									
Company.									

In addition, FPL provided copies of contracts, purchase orders, and other supporting documents in response to OPC discovery that were used to cross-reference authorized unit rates for the line and vegetation management contractors included in the Excel workbooks and for the majority of the other vendors utilized.³⁰

Finally, FPL provided copies of all invoices over \$10,000 in response to OPC discovery for all other outside contractors, mutual assistance companies, vehicle and fuel vendors, and logistics vendors utilized in the Company's storm response.³¹ FPL supplied these invoice copies in electronic scanned format as individual files and with supporting Excel files when available.

Q. DID THE FILING PROVIDE ALL NECESSARY INFORMATION IN SUFFICIENT DETAIL TO REVIEW AND AUDIT ALL STORM COSTS INCURRED AND CHARGED TO BASE O&M EXPENSE?

³⁰ Confidential response to POD No. 9 in OPC's First Request for Production of Documents and supplemented for missing information in the Confidential responses to POD Nos. 32, 33, and 34 in OPC's Second Request for Production of Documents.

³¹ Confidential response to POD No. 15 in OPC's First Request for Production of Documents.

- 1 A. No. The Company did not provide copies of any vendor contracts with its Notice of
 2 Filing. Nor did it file any vendor invoices for those vendors that were not line and
 3 vegetation management contractors with its Notice of Filing.
- OPC had to attempt to obtain the missing information through discovery. The
 Company still did not provide all of the missing information in response to OPC's
 initial discovery. Thus, OPC had to attempt a second time to obtain the missing or
 incomplete information through additional discovery.

8 Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION?

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A.

- 9 A. The Commission should direct the Company to provide a copy of all contracts and detailed invoice information for line and vegetation management contractors, as well as all other vendors, with its Notice of Filing. This will facilitate the ability of Commission Staff, OPC, and other parties to review the Company's storm costs.
- 13 G. The Company Should Adopt The Binder File Folder Structure Utilized by
 14 Gulf Power Company in Docket No. 20190038-EI
- 15 Q. WAS THE COMPANY'S FILE STRUCTURE EFFICIENT FOR AUDITING
 16 THE INVOICES OTHER THAN THOSE FOR THE LINE AND VEGETATION
 17 MANAGEMENT CONTRACTORS?
 - No. FPL's file structure is inefficient and makes it unnecessarily difficult to audit these storm costs. As previously noted, the Company provided an Excel workbook that allows the user to search for a document number for each invoice. FPL also provided a group of file folders in which hundreds of invoices were provided as individual files and simply named by document number. The individual files were not grouped or identified by vendor. In order to perform an audit, it was necessary to visually search

1	through	the	hundreds	of	files	in	these	folders	to	search	for	individual	document
2	numbers to find the invoice for review and analysis purposes.												

Q. DO YOU HAVE A RECOMMENDATION THAT WOULD STREAMLINE

THE AUDIT PROCESS?

Yes. The Company should institute a Binder file structure similar to the one that was used by Gulf Power Company in Docket No. 20190038-EI in which it sought recovery of the costs it incurred in response to Hurricane Michael. In such a system, each vendor is assigned a Binder number, which is referenced in the accounting system and used to collect the vendor's invoices for processing and reference purposes. The Gulf Power Company file structure would facilitate the review of the invoices, improve the efficiency of the auditing process, and potentially reduce the costs of the auditing process for the Company, Commission Staff, OPC, and other parties.

A.

H. Company Performed A Comprehensive Audit of Its Line and Vegetation Management Contractor Invoices And Disallowed Excessive Charges

16 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE FPL'S OWN AUDIT OF THE LINE AND VEGETATION 17 MANAGEMENT CONTRACTOR INVOICES.

A. FPL developed and implemented a process to audit the line and vegetation management vendor invoices, document exceptions, make reductions where appropriate, and ultimately to authorize payments.³² It provided the invoice detail and documented its review and

³² Direct Testimony of Manual Miranda at p. 35. The Company provided additional detail in the Direct Testimony of Clare Gerard at pp. 7-12.

disallowances in the confidential Excel workbooks that it provided for the line and vegetation management contractors.

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE EXCEL VENDOR FILES SUPPLIED BY THE COMPANY FOR THE LINE AND VEGETATION MANAGEMENT CONTRACTORS.

A.

The line and vegetation management contractor costs detailed in these Excel files comprise almost 68% of the total storm costs. The Excel files consist of linked multi-worksheet tab files and provide extensive detail. The files include separate worksheet tabs that outline the rates of pay for each employee and for separate equipment charges for the vegetation management vendors.

The rates of pay for each of the line contractors are provided on a separate worksheet tab in each vendor file on a blended rate basis separately for work hours and for mobilization/demobilization hours for both regular and overtime hours. The same rate per hour was paid for each contractor employee, regardless of the level of expertise of each individual position. These hourly rates include equipment charges for the work-related hours and equipment and vehicle fuel and related costs for the mobilization/demobilization-related hours. The hourly rates paid for mobilization/demobilization are generally greater than those paid for normal work hours.

The rates of pay for each of the vegetation management contractors and the equipment used are also provided on a separate worksheet tab in each vendor file. Those hourly rates are detailed by position expertise, are separated between hourly regular and overtime labor and equipment rates, and are not distinguished between work hour and mobilization/demobilization rates. In each of the Excel vendor files on

the "Output" tab, hourly costs for each contractor employee are detailed by day and split between regular time and overtime and then linked to the vendor rate sheets noted above to determine the billed amount per day. Any separate lodging and fuel costs were detailed on a separate "Output2" tab.

Α.

Q. WAS THE COMPANY'S OWN AUDIT EFFECTIVE IN IDENTIFYING AND EXCLUDING EXCESSIVE COSTS DUE TO CONTRACTOR INVOICES THAT DID NOT COMPLY WITH CONTRACT TERMS?

Yes. The Company's own audit was effective and resulted in the disallowance of \$12.459 million, or 7.7%, of the costs originally invoiced by the line and vegetation management contractors that otherwise would have been included in the storm costs charged to base O&M expense. The Company's audit of the invoices and individual line items was systematic and comprehensive, although we noted additional exceptions that we identified in our audit.

The Company compared the individual line items of the invoices to the relevant vendor contract provisions and rate sheets, identified exceptions, followed-up with the contractors, and disallowed invoiced amounts that did not comply. The Company reviewed the number of hours billed at each individual rate, the number of miles driven as captured on the Travel Log versus the claimed hours during mobilization/demobilization, and the claimed time versus approved timesheets.

In those instances when the claimed number of hours did not match contract provisions, Travel Log entries, or timesheets, the review team entered exception amounts and reasons. The review team reduced invoice amounts and communicated those reductions to the respective contractors or provided reasons why it did not do so,

all of which it documented in the Excel workbooks. There were some instances in which the number of hours invoiced exceeded the 16 hour per day contract stated norms, although there were no explanations as to the reasons why they were not reduced or why they were deemed acceptable. Nevertheless, those instances were few and did not lead to a material overstatement of costs.

V. METHODOLOGY ISSUES

A. ICCA Methodology Limits Recovery to Incremental Costs

Q. DID THE COMPANY LIMIT ITS CLAIMED COSTS TO INCREMENTAL COSTS PURSUANT TO THE REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN THE RULE?
A. No. FPL failed to limit the costs charged to base O&M expense to the *incremental* costs and failed to exclude all "costs that normally would be charged to non-cost recovery clause operating expenses in the absence of a storm" pursuant to the

First, the Company failed to exclude all straight time labor and related loadings costs as required by the Rule. In direct contradiction of the Rule, the Company excluded only a portion of the straight time labor and related loadings for non-cost recovery clause operating expenses included in its 2019 budget.³³ More specifically, it excluded only 22% of the distribution straight time labor costs and 19% of the straight time transmission labor costs.³⁴

requirements of the Rule.

³³ Response to Interrogatory No. 35 in OPC's First Set of Interrogatories, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit LK-10.

³⁴ Exhibit DH-1 attached to the Direct Testimony of David Hughes.

Second, the Company failed to exclude line contractor "costs that normally would be charged to non-cost recovery clause operating expenses in the absence of a storm." The Company objected and refused to provide this information in response to OPC discovery, stating that it was irrelevant, immaterial, and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence.³⁵ Only the Company has this information. It is directly relevant to the review of its claimed storm costs to avoid double recovery of costs that already are included either in the base revenue requirement or in cost-recovery clause revenue requirements. These costs should be treated no differently than the vegetation management costs.

Third, the Company failed to exclude the materials and supplies "costs that normally would be charged to non-cost recovery clause operating expenses in the absence of a storm" pursuant to the ICCA limitations on materials and supplies costs specifically set forth in the Rule. Only in response to OPC discovery did the Company provide the actual annual cost information necessary to calculate a three-year historic average of these operating expenses in the absence of a storm.³⁶ These costs should be treated no differently than the vegetation management costs.

B. The Rule Requires that Costs be Prudent and Reasonable

Q. DOES RULE 25-6.0143(1)(d), F.A.C., ALLOW RECOVERY OF IMPRUDENT OR UNREASONABLE COSTS?

³⁵ Response to Interrogatory No. 7 in OPC's First Set of Interrogatories and to Interrogatory No. 44 in OPC's Second Set of Interrogatories, copies of which are attached as Exhibit LK-3.

³⁶ Response to Interrogatory No. 10 in OPC's First Set of Interrogatories, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit LK-4.

1	A.	No. The Rule specifically states that "All costs charged to Account 228.1 are subject
2		to review for prudence and reasonableness by the Commission." Thus, all claimed
3		costs must be prudent and reasonable to qualify for ratemaking recovery.
4 5		C. Accruals for Estimated Costs Included In Storm Costs Charged to Base O&M Not Adequately Supported Or Justified
6	Q.	DID THE COMPANY'S CHARGES TO BASE O&M EXPENSE INCLUDE
7		ACCRUALS FOR ESTIMATED COSTS?
8	A.	Yes. FPL's claimed costs on Exhibit DH-1 include estimated costs of \$3.142 million
9		as of May 29, 2020 that had not yet finalized or paid when it filed its Petition in this
10		proceeding. The Company now claims that the estimated accruals as of the end of
11		September 2020 are \$3.6 million. ³⁷
12		The estimated amounts as of May 29, 2020 were detailed by vendor on a
13		separate worksheet tab entitled "Accrual Support" in the Exhibit DH-1 workpaper file.
14		No separate copies of the invoices in question were provided by the Company to date
15		in response to OPC discovery, except for those that already had been finalized,
16		including disallowances. As of the end of September 2020, nearly thirteen months after
17		the storm, the Company still has not finalized the estimated costs.
18	Q.	DO YOU HAVE CONCERNS WITH SOME OF THE AMOUNTS UTILIZED

ADDITION TO HURRICAN DORIAN STORM COSTS?

BY THE COMPANY IN ITS ESTIMATED ACCRUAL CALCULATION AND

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³⁷ Response to Interrogatory No. 36 in OPC's First Set of Interrogatories, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit LK-11.

Yes. I question the validity of several of the estimated amounts for different reasons.

The vendors and related amounts below are derived from the confidential workpapers and invoice support copies provided by the Company.

Α.

FPL included in its accruals \$0.519 million total Company for a Storm Services Engineering LLC ("Storm Services") invoice. Storm Services supplied damage assessment services for FPL and billed the Company on invoice #2509 a total of \$1,908,253.71. The Company reviewed the billing and only set up payment for \$1,389,651.00. In the email string that accompanies the invoice copy, ³⁸ FPL personnel indicated on May 27, 2020 that it applied disallowances to the invoiced amount of \$518,602.99, which is the same amount that FPL added to its estimated accruals. The Company should not have added the amount to its estimated accruals since it had deemed the amount to be disallowed.

The Company included in its accruals \$0.140 million total Company for additional amounts on seventeen separate BHI Energy Power Services LLC ("BHI") invoices that had also been previously considered to be disallowed. BHI supplied patrol services to FPL during the storm restoration period. The services on these invoices combined to a total of \$528,749.72. The Company reviewed the billing and only set up payment for \$388,338.73. In the email strings associated with these invoice copies, ³⁹ Company personnel indicated on April 29, 2020 that it applied disallowances to the invoiced amounts of \$140,410.99, which is the same amount that FPL added to

³⁸ The invoice copy and applicable emails were provided in the Confidential response to POD No. 15 in OPC's First Request for Production of Documents at files "5103567354" and "5103567354_1" [Bates pp. 028989-028999]. I have provided a copy of these pages as my Confidential Exhibit LK-12.

³⁹ The applicable email correspondences were provided in the Confidential response to POD No. 15 in OPC's First Request for Production of Documents at files "5103520114" and "5103520127" [Bates pp. 027614-027615 and 027631-027632, respectively]. I have provided a copy of these pages as my Confidential Exhibit LK-13.

its estimated accruals. The Company should not have added the amount to its estimated accruals since it had deemed the amount to be disallowed.

The Company included in its estimated accruals \$0.499 million total Company for costs associated with "Utilimap." The Company has not supplied a copy of this invoice(s) yet through discovery in order to justify this additional amount. No other invoices were entered or paid through May 2020 for this vendor. The amount should be removed until proven justifiable.

The Company included in its estimated accruals \$0.141 million total Company for costs associated with Pike Enterprises Inc. (dba Pike Engineering). The Company did supply an additional invoice copy for \$48,279.52⁴⁰ that was not entered as of May 2020 into the accounting system. Only one other invoice for this vendor of \$99,875.25 had been entered into the accounting system through the end of May 2020. The additional estimated accrual amount for this company, above the additional invoice copy amount provided, appears to be a double count. Since the Company has not yet supplied a copy of this invoice(s) through discovery, the net amount of \$0.093 million should be removed until proven justifiable.

The Company included in its estimated accruals \$0.761 million total Company for costs associated with "Wilco", which presumably refers to the line contractor Wilco Electrical LLC. Wilco Electrical LLC was one of the line contractors for which an Excel file was provided to start the invoice payment process. That file indicated the

⁴⁰ The invoice copy was provided in the Confidential response to POD No. 15 in OPC's First Request for Production of Documents at files "5103657098" [Bates pp. 029036-029039]. I have provided a copy of these pages as my Confidential Exhibit LK-14.

total payment for that vendor was only \$300,238.16. Several other small invoices were processed for Wilco Electrical LLC, but there is no indication they are related to the large accrual amount. The Company has not supplied a copy of this invoice(s) yet through discovery in order to justify this additional amount. No other invoices were entered or paid through May 2020 for this vendor. The amount should be removed until proven justifiable.

A.

The Company included in its estimated accruals \$0.078 million total Company for costs associated with Service Electric Company. This was one of the line contractors for which an Excel file was provided to start the invoice payment process. That file indicated that the total payment for that vendor was \$179,982.89. The Company has not supplied a copy of this invoice(s) yet through discovery in order to justify this additional amount. The amount should be removed until proven justifiable.

The Company included in its estimated accruals \$0.061 million for costs associated with Enercon Services, Inc. The Company has not supplied a copy of this invoice(s) yet through discovery in order to justify this additional amount. Other invoices were processed already for this vendor amounting to \$143,258.25. The amount should be removed until proven justifiable.

18 Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION REGARDING THE ESTIMATED 19 AMOUNTS?

I recommend that estimated costs of \$3.142 million be disallowed unless and until they are finalized and justified, subject to the potential disallowance for the concerns related to specific vendors that I described. The costs related to the specific vendors sum to \$2.151 million.

VI. DISALLOWANCE ISSUES

2		A. Non-Incremental Costs
3	Q.	HAVE YOU REFLECTED AN ADJUSTMENT ON THE TABLE IN THE
4		SUMMARY SECTION OF YOUR TESTIMONY TO REMOVE THE
5		COMPANY'S CALCULATION OF NON-INCREMENTAL COSTS FROM
6		THE CHARGES TO BASE O&M EXPENSE?
7	A.	Yes. As I previously discussed, the Rule makes no distinction between the storm costs
8		recoverable through the storm account and a storm surcharge compared to charging the
9		costs to base O&M expense and recovering them through the Reserve. The inherent
10		disincentive in the form of a reduction in the earned return on equity if the storm costs
11		are charged to base O&M expense is not present in this proceeding given the
12		Company's use of the Reserve to recover its storm costs and its failure to apply, let
13		alone properly apply, the ICCA set forth in the Rule.
14 15	Q.	ARE CUSTOMERS HARMED IF THE NON-INCREMENTAL STORM
16		COSTS ARE CHARGED TO BASE O&M EXPENSE AND RECOVERED
17		THROUGH THE RESERVE?
18	A.	Yes. The Company identified and quantified the storm costs in total and the
19		incremental costs pursuant to its interpretation of the Rule. Neither the non-incremental
20		costs nor the incremental storm costs would have been incurred in the absence of
21		Hurricane Dorian. The Rule limits recovery to the incremental costs.
22		If the Company had utilized the storm surcharge for recovery, it would not have
23		recovered the non-incremental costs. That is appropriate because the base revenues

already provide recovery of the non-incremental costs. Likewise, it is appropriate to limit the recovery of the storm costs through the Reserve to the incremental storm costs because the base revenues already include recovery of the non-incremental costs. If the non-incremental costs are charged to base O&M expense, then the Company recovers those costs through the base revenue requirement and also recovers them through the Reserve, effectively recovering the same costs twice due solely to the availability and use of the Reserve.

B. Regular Payroll and Related Costs

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- 9 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE REMAINING REGULAR PAYROLL AND
 10 RELATED COSTS INCLUDED IN THE COMPANY'S CLAIMED COSTS.
- 11 A. The Company included \$1.883 million total Company, or \$1.853 million on a retail

 12 jurisdictional basis, in regular payroll and related costs in its claimed costs after

 13 reduction for "non-incremental" costs. 41
- 14 Q. HAVE YOU EXCLUDED THESE REMAINING REGULAR PAYROLL AND
 15 RELATED COSTS FROM THE COMPANY'S CLAIMED COSTS?
- 16 A. Yes. I excluded the remaining regular payroll and related costs as a disallowance on the table in the Summary section of my testimony.⁴²

C. Non-Incremental Overtime Costs

⁴¹ Direct Testimony of David Hughes at pp. 18-19 and Exhibit DH-1 at p. 1 various lines. The Company started with the assessment of total Company regular payroll and related costs on line 2 of \$2.952 million and removed its assessment of non-incremental costs on line 27 of \$1.065 million to determine incremental regular payroll and related costs of \$1.883 million as reflected on line 40.

⁴² The effect of my recommendation amounts to a reduction of the Company's request by \$1.853 million on a retail jurisdictional basis.

1 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE OVERTIME PAYROLL AND RELATED COSTS

- 2 INCLUDED IN THE COMPANY'S CLAIMED COSTS.
- A. The Company included \$9.257 million total Company, or \$9.083 million on a retail
 jurisdictional basis, in overtime payroll and related costs in its claimed costs. It
 reflected no reduction for "non-incremental" costs. The Company unilaterally claims
 that the entirety of the overtime payroll and related costs is incremental, although the
 base revenue requirement includes overtime payroll and related costs.

9 Q. DID YOU ATTEMPT TO DETERMINE THE OVERTIME PAYROLL AND
10 RELATED COSTS INCLUDED IN THE BASE REVENUE REQUIREMENT

- 11 AND ACTUALLY INCURRED HISTORICALLY?
- 12 A. Yes. The Company objected to and refused to provide the amount included in the base 13 revenue requirement or historic amounts actually incurred in response to OPC 14 discovery. This information is necessary to quantify and exclude the costs that 15 "normally would be charged to non-cost recovery clause operating expenses in the 16 absence of a storm,"⁴⁴ a requirement of the Rule. Therefore, the costs claimed by the 17 Company for overtime payroll and related expenses is overstated.

18 Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION?

I recommend that the Commission disallow \$2.271 million, or 25%, of the Company's claimed overtime payroll and related costs in the absence of the information to calculate the non-incremental amount more precisely. The Company should not be rewarded

⁴³ Exhibit DH-1 at p. 1, lines 3 and 41.

⁴⁴ Response to Interrogatory No. 37 in OPC's Second Set of Interrogatories, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit LK-2.

simply because it refuses to provide the information that only it has access to for these embedded and non-incremental costs.

The Commission could disallow the entirety of the claimed overtime payroll and related costs due to the Company's refusal to comply with the requirements of the Rule. If the Company had complied with the requirements of the Rule, the incremental amount would be recoverable, but the non-incremental account would not be recoverable, regardless of whether the recovery is through a storm surcharge or a charge to base O&M expense and recovery through the Reserve. I assumed that 75% was incremental and 25% was non-incremental in lieu of the Company's assumption and claim that 100% was incremental and 0% was non-incremental.

D. Non-Incremental Line Contractor Costs

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE COSTS INCURRED FOR LINE CONTRACTORS INCLUDED BY THE COMPANY IN ITS CLAIMED COSTS.

- A. The Company included \$129.583 million for line contractors in its claimed costs. 45

 The Company did not reduce these claimed costs by the "costs that normally would be charged to non-cost recovery clause operating expenses in the absence of a storm," as required by the Rule. Therefore, the costs claimed by the Company for the line contractors are overstated.
- Q. HAVE YOU BEEN ABLE TO QUANTIFY THE LINE CONTRACTOR

 "COSTS THAT NORMALLY WOULD BE CHARGED TO NON-COST

⁴⁵ Exhibit DH-1 at p. 1, line 42, includes the costs of all contractors, not just line contractors. This amount is based on the sum of line contractor costs derived from the applicable Excel vendor files supplied with the Petition and does not include an adjustment to capitalize costs and is stated on a total Company basis.

RECOVERY CLAUSE OPERATING EXPENSES IN THE ABSENCE OF A

2 STORM"?

A.

A. No. As I previously noted, the Company objected to and refused to provide the historic information necessary to quantify these embedded costs in response to OPC discovery.

5 O. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION?

I recommend that the Commission disallow \$2.588 million, or 2.0% of the Company's claimed line contractor costs. Certain of the line contractors were embedded contractors, the cost of which is non-incremental, at least with respect to the cost of these contractors at their normal hourly rates, including overtime hours. The embedded contractor costs are included in the base revenue requirement.

The Company should not be rewarded simply because it refuses to provide the information that only it has access to for these embedded costs. If the Company had complied with the requirements of the Rule, only the incremental amount would be recoverable, regardless of whether the recovery is through a storm surcharge or a charge to base O&M expense and recovery through the Reserve. I assumed that 98% was incremental and 2% was non-incremental in lieu of the Company's assumption and claim that 100% was incremental and 0% was non-incremental. The Company utilized 12 embedded line contractors and incurred \$6.447 million in costs for these contractors, including straight time and overtime. I estimate that the "normal" cost of the embedded line contractors was approximately 2% to 5% of the Company's total claimed third-party line contractor cost.

In addition, I recommend that the Commission direct the Company to provide and exclude line contractor "costs that normally would be charged to non-cost recovery clause operating expenses in the absence of a storm" pursuant to the ICCA limitations set forth in the Rule in future storm cost proceedings. The Commission should direct the Company to quantify these costs using a three-year historic average similar to the quantification of the three-year historic average used to exclude vegetation management costs pursuant to the Settlement in Docket No. 20180049-EI.

E. Non-Incremental Materials and Supplies Costs

A.

7 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE COSTS INCURRED FOR MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES INCLUDED IN THE COMPANY'S CLAIMED COSTS.

The Company included only \$0.903 million total Company for materials and supplies costs in its claimed costs. 46 The Company did not reduce the costs incurred for materials and supplies by the "costs that normally would be charged to non-cost recovery clause operating expenses in the absence of a storm" as specifically required by the Rule. The materials and supplies expense recorded in 2019, excluding the amount incurred and included in the storm costs, was greater in 2019 than the average incurred in the prior three years. This was due, in part, to the fact that the materials and supplies costs incurred for the storm were minimal due to the insignificant physical damage to FPL's system. In other words, the Company's failure to reduce the costs for the historical average did not result in excessive charges to base O&M expense because there was minimal damage to its system.

⁴⁶ Exhibit DH-1 at p. 1, line 34, less reimbursements in line 39. This amount does not include an adjustment to capitalize costs or to reflect on a retail jurisdictional basis after gross-up for the regulatory assessment fee.

1	Q.	NEVERTHELESS, DO YOU HAVE A RECOMMENDATION?
2	A.	Yes. I recommend that the Commission direct the Company to include an adjustment
3		in future storm cost proceedings based on a three-year historical average if it would
4		reduce the storm costs recoverable through the ratemaking process, regardless of the
5		form of the recovery.
6		F. Estimated Costs Not Yet Finalized
7	Q.	HAVE YOU REFLECTED A DISALLOWANCE OF THE ESTIMATED
8		THIRD- PARTY CONTRACTOR COSTS THAT HAVE NOT YET BEEN
9		FINALIZED ON THE TABLE IN THE SUMMARY SECTION OF YOUR
10		TESTIMONY?
11	A.	Yes. I recommend that the estimated third party contractor costs that have not been
12		finalized and lack sufficient documentary evidence and support be disallowed for the
13		reasons discussed in prior sections of this testimony.
14		G. Mutual Assistance Line Contractor Invoices
15	Q.	DID YOU IDENTIFY ANY CONCERNS WITH THE MUTUAL ASSISTANCE
16		LINE CONTRACTOR INVOICES IN ADDITION TO THE CONCERN WITH

THE SIGNIFICANT OVERHEAD CHARGES ON THE COMMONWEALTH

17

18

EDISON INVOICES?

1	A.	Yes. National Grid charged 24 hours a day for most of the crews it provided and
2		charged additional hours as a "benefit cost" for "time not worked." ⁴⁷

3 Q. DID THE COMPANY REJECT AND DISALLOW ANY OF THESE COSTS?

- A. No. In response to OPC discovery on these issues, FPL stated that "[b]illing in this manner is consistent with the mutual assistance company's compensation policy and labor contract." 48
- 7 Q. ARE THESE COSTS REASONABLE?
- 8 A. No.

9 Q. WHAT IS YOUR RECOMMENDATION?

I recommend that the Company discuss these billing concerns with the mutual assistance companies prior to the next storm and inform them that they will need to justify costs in future invoices that are unreasonable.

13 14

VII. SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDATIONS

15 Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR RECOMMENDATIONS.

I have separated my recommendations into process, methodology, and disallowance categories. The process recommendations address certain problems in FPL's procurement and management processes that resulted in excessive costs, as well as its failure to timely file or otherwise provide all contracts and invoices earlier in this proceeding. The methodology recommendations address the Company's failure to correctly calculate the *incremental* storm-related costs pursuant to the requirements of

⁴⁷ Confidential responses to Interrogatories 39 and 40 in OPC's Second Set of Interrogatories, copies of which are attached as Confidential Exhibit LK-15.

⁴⁸ *Id*.

- 2 4. The C
 3 least a
 4 costs
 - 4. The Company should perform an assessment of available resources at least annually before the onset of the storm season to minimize the storm costs through a prudent mix of its own employees, affiliate company contractors, mutual assistance contractors, and third-party contractors.
 - 5. The Company should adopt written policies that describe and require it to minimize storm costs through careful management of the mobilization of its contractors, including the acquisition and/or development of optimization software.
 - 6. The Company should adopt written policies that describe and require it to minimize storm costs through careful management of the demobilization of its contractors, including the acquisition and/or development of optimization software.
 - 7. The Commission should provide an incentive to minimize storm costs and to ensure that the Company is focused on continuous improvement in planning and implementation and other processes to minimize costs before costs for a specific storm are incurred, contractors are mobilized, and invoices are issued by the contractors and paid by the Company. The incentive could take the form of a 90% or 95% "recovery factor" that shares storm costs 90% or 95% to customers and 10% or 5% to the

1 Company if the storm costs are charged to base O&M expense and the 2 Company's earnings would otherwise be more than its authorized return 3 on equity. This also would reduce the return on the storm costs to the 4 extent that the recovery through the use of the Reserve is limited by the 5 recovery factor. 6 7 8. The Company should file copies of all contracts, invoices, and other 8 supporting documentation, including, but not limited to, all details 9 regarding its own audit of contractor invoices and other costs, when it 10 files its request, instead of requiring Commission Staff, OPC or other 11 parties to seek this information through one or more rounds of 12 discovery. 13 14 9. The Company should restructure its invoice copy file folders as Binders 15 to group invoices by vendor, similar to the file structure utilized by Gulf 16 Power Company in the information it provided in Docket No. 17 20190038-EI, in order to improve the efficiency of the review process 18 by streamlining the ability to cross reference vendor contracts, purchase 19 orders, rate sheets, and contractor invoices. 20 **B.** Methodology Recommendations 21 My methodology recommendations are as follows:

The Commission should direct the Company to exclude all costs that are not

demonstrably "incremental to costs normally charged to non-cost recovery clause

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1	operating expenses in the absence of a storm" and incremental to "the normal cost for									
2	the removal, retirement and replacement of those facilities in the absence of a storm,"									
3	pursuant to the requirements set forth in the Rule.									
4										
5	1. The Commission should disallow and direct the Company to exclude all straight									
6	time labor (regular payroll) costs in future storm cost proceeding in accordance									
7	with the prohibition against such costs set forth in the Rule.									
8	2. The Commission should disallow and direct the Company to exclude the non-									
9	incremental overtime payroll and related costs in future storm cost proceedings									
10	in accordance with the requirements set forth in the Rule.									
11										
12	3. The Commission should disallow and direct the Company to provide and									
13	exclude line contractor "costs that normally would be charged to non-cost									
14	recovery clause operating expenses in the absence of a storm" pursuant to the									
15	ICCA limitations set forth in the Rule.									
16										
17	4. The Commission should direct the Company to provide and exclude materials									
18	and supplies "costs that normally would be charged to non-cost recovery clause									
19	operating expenses in the absence of a storm" pursuant to the ICCA limitations									
20	set forth in the Rule.									
21										
22	5. The Commission should exclude estimated costs that have not									
23	yet been finalized or paid.									

C. Disallowance Recommendations

- 2 I recommend that the Commission disallow or otherwise remove at least \$9.855 million
- 3 in excessive costs included in FPL's request. These costs are summarized in the table
- 4 in the preceding Disallowance Conclusions section of my testimony.

5

1

6 Q. DOES THIS COMPLETE YOUR PREPARED DIRECT TESTIMONY?

7 A. Yes.

EDUCATION

University of Toledo, BBA Accounting

University of Toledo, MBA

Luther Rice University, MA

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATIONS

Certified Public Accountant (CPA)

Certified Management Accountant (CMA)

PROFESSIONAL AFFILIATIONS

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Georgia Society of Certified Public Accountants

Institute of Management Accountants

Society of Depreciation Professionals

Mr. Kollen has more than forty years of utility industry experience in the financial, rate, tax, and planning areas. He specializes in revenue requirements analyses, taxes, evaluation of rate and financial impacts of traditional and nontraditional ratemaking, utility mergers/acquisition and diversification. Mr. Kollen has expertise in proprietary and nonproprietary software systems used by utilities for budgeting, rate case support and strategic and financial planning.

EXPERIENCE

1986 to Present:

J. Kennedy and Associates, Inc.: Vice President and Principal. Responsible for utility stranded cost analysis, revenue requirements analysis, cash flow projections and solvency, financial and cash effects of traditional and nontraditional ratemaking, and research, speaking and writing on the effects of tax law changes. Testimony before Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Indiana, Louisiana, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Minnesota, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Texas, West Virginia and Wisconsin state regulatory commissions and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

1983 to 1986:

Energy Management Associates: Lead Consultant.

Consulting in the areas of strategic and financial planning, traditional and nontraditional ratemaking, rate case support and testimony, diversification and generation expansion planning. Directed consulting and software development projects utilizing PROSCREEN II and ACUMEN proprietary software products. Utilized ACUMEN detailed corporate simulation system, PROSCREEN II strategic planning system and other custom developed software to support utility rate case filings including test year revenue requirements, rate base, operating income and pro-forma adjustments. Also utilized these software products for revenue simulation, budget preparation and cost-of-service analyses.

1976 to 1983:

The Toledo Edison Company: Planning Supervisor.

Responsible for financial planning activities including generation expansion planning, capital and expense budgeting, evaluation of tax law changes, rate case strategy and support and computerized financial modeling using proprietary and nonproprietary software products. Directed the modeling and evaluation of planning alternatives including:

Rate phase-ins.
Construction project cancellations and write-offs.
Construction project delays.
Capacity swaps.
Financing alternatives.
Competitive pricing for off-system sales.
Sale/leasebacks.

CLIENTS SERVED

Industrial Companies and Groups

Air Products and Chemicals, Inc. Airco Industrial Gases Alcan Aluminum Armco Advanced Materials Co. Armco Steel Bethlehem Steel CF&I Steel, L.P. Climax Molybdenum Company Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers **ELCON Enron Gas Pipeline Company** Florida Industrial Power Users Group Gallatin Steel General Electric Company **GPU Industrial Intervenors** Indiana Industrial Group Industrial Consumers for Fair Utility Rates - Indiana Industrial Energy Consumers - Ohio Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc. Kimberly-Clark Company

Lehigh Valley Power Committee Maryland Industrial Group Multiple Intervenors (New York) National Southwire North Carolina Industrial **Energy Consumers** Occidental Chemical Corporation Ohio Energy Group Ohio Industrial Energy Consumers Ohio Manufacturers Association Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group **PSI Industrial Group Smith Cogeneration** Taconite Intervenors (Minnesota) West Penn Power Industrial Intervenors West Virginia Energy Users Group Westvaco Corporation

Regulatory Commissions and Government Agencies

Cities in Texas-New Mexico Power Company's Service Territory
Cities in AEP Texas Central Company's Service Territory
Cities in AEP Texas North Company's Service Territory
Florida Office of Public Counsel
Georgia Public Service Commission Staff
Gulf Coast Coalition of Cities
Indiana Office of Utility Regulatory Counsel
Kentucky Office of the Attorney General
Louisiana Public Service Commission
Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff
Maine Office of Public Advocate
New York State Energy Office
North Carolina Department of Justice
Ohio Office of Consumer Counsel
South Carolina Office of Regulatory Staff

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Texas Office of Public Utility Counsel

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Utilities

Allegheny Power System
Atlantic City Electric Company
Carolina Power & Light Company
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company
Delmarva Power & Light Company
Duquesne Light Company
General Public Utilities
Georgia Power Company
Middle South Services
Nevada Power Company
Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation

Otter Tail Power Company
Pacific Gas & Electric Company
Public Service Electric & Gas
Public Service of Oklahoma
Rochester Gas and Electric
Savannah Electric & Power Company
Seminole Electric Cooperative
Southern California Edison
Talquin Electric Cooperative
Tampa Electric
Texas Utilities
Toledo Edison Company

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
10/86	U-17282 Interim	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Cash revenue requirements financial solvency.
11/86	U-17282 Interim Rebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Cash revenue requirements financial solvency.
12/86	9613	KY	Attorney General Div. of Consumer Protection	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Revenue requirements accounting adjustments financial workout plan.
1/87	U-17282 Interim	LA 19th Judicial District Ct.	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Cash revenue requirements, financial solvency.
3/87	General Order 236	WV	West Virginia Energy Users' Group	Monongahela Power Co.	Tax Reform Act of 1986.
4/87	U-17282 Prudence	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Prudence of River Bend 1, economic analyses, cancellation studies.
4/87	M-100 Sub 113	NC	North Carolina Industrial Energy Consumers	Duke Power Co.	Tax Reform Act of 1986.
5/87	86-524-E-SC	WV	West Virginia Energy Users' Group	Monongahela Power Co.	Revenue requirements, Tax Reform Act of 1986.
5/87	U-17282 Case In Chief	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Revenue requirements, River Bend 1 phase-in plan, financial solvency.
7/87	U-17282 Case In Chief Surrebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Revenue requirements, River Bend 1 phase-in plan, financial solvency.
7/87	U-17282 Prudence Surrebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Prudence of River Bend 1, economic analyses, cancellation studies.
7/87	86-524 E-SC Rebuttal	WV	West Virginia Energy Users' Group	Monongahela Power Co.	Revenue requirements, Tax Reform Act of 1986.
8/87	9885	KY	Attorney General Div. of Consumer Protection	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Financial workout plan.
8/87	E-015/GR-87-223	MN	Taconite Intervenors	Minnesota Power & Light Co.	Revenue requirements, O&M expense, Tax Reform Act of 1986.
10/87	870220-EI	FL	Occidental Chemical Corp.	Florida Power Corp.	Revenue requirements, O&M expense, Tax Reform Act of 1986.
11/87	87-07-01	CT	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	Connecticut Light & Power Co.	Tax Reform Act of 1986.
1/88	U-17282	LA 19th Judicial District Ct.	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Gulf States Utilities	Revenue requirements, River Bend 1 phase-in plan, rate of return.
2/88	9934	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers	Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Economics of Trimble County, completion.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
2/88	10064	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers	Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Revenue requirements, O&M expense, capital structure, excess deferred income taxes.
5/88	10217	KY	Alcan Aluminum National Southwire	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Financial workout plan.
5/88	M-87017-1C001	PA	GPU Industrial Intervenors	Metropolitan Edison Co.	Nonutility generator deferred cost recovery.
5/88	M-87017-2C005	PA	GPU Industrial Intervenors	Pennsylvania Electric Co.	Nonutility generator deferred cost recovery.
6/88	U-17282	LA 19th Judicial District Ct.	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Gulf States Utilities	Prudence of River Bend 1 economic analyses, cancellation studies, financial modeling.
7/88	M-87017-1C001 Rebuttal	PA	GPU Industrial Intervenors	Metropolitan Edison Co.	Nonutility generator deferred cost recovery, SFAS No. 92.
7/88	M-87017-2C005 Rebuttal	PA	GPU Industrial Intervenors	Pennsylvania Electric Co.	Nonutility generator deferred cost recovery, SFAS No. 92.
9/88	88-05-25	СТ	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	Connecticut Light & Power Co.	Excess deferred taxes, O&M expenses.
9/88	10064 Rehearing	КҮ	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers	Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Premature retirements, interest expense.
10/88	88-170-EL-AIR	ОН	Ohio Industrial Energy Consumers	Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co.	Revenue requirements, phase-in, excess deferred taxes, O&M expenses, financial considerations, working capital.
10/88	88-171-EL-AIR	ОН	Ohio Industrial Energy Consumers	Toledo Edison Co.	Revenue requirements, phase-in, excess deferred taxes, O&M expenses, financial considerations, working capital.
10/88	8800-355-EI	FL	Florida Industrial Power Users' Group	Florida Power & Light Co.	Tax Reform Act of 1986, tax expenses, O&M expenses, pension expense (SFAS No. 87).
10/88	3780-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Co.	Pension expense (SFAS No. 87).
11/88	U-17282 Remand	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Rate base exclusion plan (SFAS No. 71).
12/88	U-17970	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	AT&T Communications of South Central States	Pension expense (SFAS No. 87).
12/88	U-17949 Rebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	South Central Bell	Compensated absences (SFAS No. 43), pension expense (SFAS No. 87), Part 32, income tax normalization.
2/89	U-17282 Phase II	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Revenue requirements, phase-in of River Bend 1, recovery of canceled plant.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
6/89	881602-EU 890326-EU	FL	Talquin Electric Cooperative	Talquin/City of Tallahassee	Economic analyses, incremental cost-of-service, average customer rates.
7/89	U-17970	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	AT&T Communications of South Central States	Pension expense (SFAS No. 87), compensated absences (SFAS No. 43), Part 32.
8/89	8555	TX	Occidental Chemical Corp.	Houston Lighting & Power Co.	Cancellation cost recovery, tax expense, revenue requirements.
8/89	3840-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Georgia Power Co.	Promotional practices, advertising, economic development.
9/89	U-17282 Phase II Detailed	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Revenue requirements, detailed investigation.
10/89	8880	TX	Enron Gas Pipeline	Texas-New Mexico Power Co.	Deferred accounting treatment, sale/leaseback.
10/89	8928	TX	Enron Gas Pipeline	Texas-New Mexico Power Co.	Revenue requirements, imputed capital structure, cash working capital.
10/89	R-891364	PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group	Philadelphia Electric Co.	Revenue requirements.
11/89 12/89	R-891364 Surrebuttal (2 Filings)	PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group	Philadelphia Electric Co.	Revenue requirements, sale/leaseback.
1/90	U-17282 Phase II Detailed Rebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Revenue requirements, detailed investigation.
1/90	U-17282 Phase III	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Phase-in of River Bend 1, deregulated asset plan.
3/90	890319-EI	FL	Florida Industrial Power Users Group	Florida Power & Light Co.	O&M expenses, Tax Reform Act of 1986.
4/90	890319-EI Rebuttal	FL	Florida Industrial Power Users Group	Florida Power & Light Co.	O&M expenses, Tax Reform Act of 1986.
4/90	U-17282	LA 19 th Judicial District Ct.	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Gulf States Utilities	Fuel clause, gain on sale of utility assets.
9/90	90-158	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers	Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Revenue requirements, post-test year additions, forecasted test year.
12/90	U-17282 Phase IV	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Revenue requirements.
3/91	29327, et. al.	NY	Multiple Intervenors	Niagara Mohawk Power Corp.	Incentive regulation.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
5/91	9945	TX	Office of Public Utility Counsel of Texas	El Paso Electric Co.	Financial modeling, economic analyses, prudence of Palo Verde 3.
9/91	P-910511 P-910512	PA	Allegheny Ludlum Corp., Armco Advanced Materials Co., The West Penn Power Industrial Users' Group	West Penn Power Co.	Recovery of CAAA costs, least cost financing.
9/91	91-231-E-NC	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Monongahela Power Co.	Recovery of CAAA costs, least cost financing.
11/91	U-17282	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities	Asset impairment, deregulated asset plan, revenue requirements.
12/91	91-410-EL-AIR	ОН	Air Products and Chemicals, Inc., Armco Steel Co., General Electric Co., Industrial Energy Consumers	Cincinnati Gas & Electric Co.	Revenue requirements, phase-in plan.
12/91	PUC Docket 10200	TX	Office of Public Utility Counsel of Texas	Texas-New Mexico Power Co.	Financial integrity, strategic planning, declined business affiliations.
5/92	910890-EI	FL	Occidental Chemical Corp.	Florida Power Corp.	Revenue requirements, O&M expense, pension expense, OPEB expense, fossil dismantling, nuclear decommissioning.
8/92	R-00922314	PA	GPU Industrial Intervenors	Metropolitan Edison Co.	Incentive regulation, performance rewards, purchased power risk, OPEB expense.
9/92	92-043	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Consumers	Generic Proceeding	OPEB expense.
9/92	920324-EI	FL	Florida Industrial Power Users' Group	Tampa Electric Co.	OPEB expense.
9/92	39348	IN	Indiana Industrial Group	Generic Proceeding	OPEB expense.
9/92	910840-PU	FL	Florida Industrial Power Users' Group	Generic Proceeding	OPEB expense.
9/92	39314	IN	Industrial Consumers for Fair Utility Rates	Indiana Michigan Power Co.	OPEB expense.
11/92	U-19904	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities /Entergy Corp.	Merger.
11/92	8469	MD	Westvaco Corp., Eastalco Aluminum Co.	Potomac Edison Co.	OPEB expense.
11/92	92-1715-AU-COI	ОН	Ohio Manufacturers Association	Generic Proceeding	OPEB expense.
12/92	R-00922378	PA	Armco Advanced Materials Co., The WPP Industrial Intervenors	West Penn Power Co.	Incentive regulation, performance rewards, purchased power risk, OPEB expense.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
12/92	U-19949	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	South Central Bell	Affiliate transactions, cost allocations, merger.
12/92	R-00922479	PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users' Group	Philadelphia Electric Co.	OPEB expense.
1/93	8487	MD	Maryland Industrial Group	Baltimore Gas & Electric Co., Bethlehem Steel Corp.	OPEB expense, deferred fuel, CWIP in rate base.
1/93	39498	IN	PSI Industrial Group	PSI Energy, Inc.	Refunds due to over-collection of taxes on Marble Hill cancellation.
3/93	92-11-11	СТ	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	Connecticut Light & Power Co	OPEB expense.
3/93	U-19904 (Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities /Entergy Corp.	Merger.
3/93	93-01-EL-EFC	ОН	Ohio Industrial Energy Consumers	Ohio Power Co.	Affiliate transactions, fuel.
3/93	EC92-21000 ER92-806-000	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities /Entergy Corp.	Merger.
4/93	92-1464-EL-AIR	ОН	Air Products Armco Steel Industrial Energy Consumers	Cincinnati Gas & Electric Co.	Revenue requirements, phase-in plan.
4/93	EC92-21000 ER92-806-000 (Rebuttal)	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Gulf States Utilities /Entergy Corp.	Merger.
9/93	93-113	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers	Kentucky Utilities	Fuel clause and coal contract refund.
9/93	92-490, 92-490A, 90-360-C	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers and Kentucky Attorney General	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Disallowances and restitution for excessive fuel costs, illegal and improper payments, recovery of mine closure costs.
10/93	U-17735	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Cajun Electric Power Cooperative	Revenue requirements, debt restructuring agreement, River Bend cost recovery.
1/94	U-20647	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co.	Audit and investigation into fuel clause costs.
4/94	U-20647 (Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co.	Nuclear and fossil unit performance, fuel costs, fuel clause principles and guidelines.
4/94	U-20647 (Supplemental Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co.	Audit and investigation into fuel clause costs.
5/94	U-20178	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Louisiana Power & Light Co.	Planning and quantification issues of least cost integrated resource plan.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
9/94	U-19904 Initial Post-Merger Earnings Review	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co.	River Bend phase-in plan, deregulated asset plan, capital structure, other revenue requirement issues.
9/94	U-17735	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Cajun Electric Power Cooperative	G&T cooperative ratemaking policies, exclusion of River Bend, other revenue requirement issues.
10/94	3905-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Southern Bell Telephone Co.	Incentive rate plan, earnings review.
10/94	5258-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Southern Bell Telephone Co.	Alternative regulation, cost allocation.
11/94	U-19904 Initial Post-Merger Earnings Review (Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co.	River Bend phase-in plan, deregulated asset plan, capital structure, other revenue requirement issues.
11/94	U-17735 (Rebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Cajun Electric Power Cooperative	G&T cooperative ratemaking policy, exclusion of River Bend, other revenue requirement issues.
4/95	R-00943271	PA	PP&L Industrial Customer Alliance	Pennsylvania Power & Light Co.	Revenue requirements. Fossil dismantling, nuclear decommissioning.
6/95	3905-U Rebuttal	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission	Southern Bell Telephone Co.	Incentive regulation, affiliate transactions, revenue requirements, rate refund.
6/95	U-19904 (Direct)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co.	Gas, coal, nuclear fuel costs, contract prudence, base/fuel realignment.
10/95	95-02614	TN	Tennessee Office of the Attorney General Consumer Advocate	BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc.	Affiliate transactions.
10/95	U-21485 (Direct)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co.	Nuclear O&M, River Bend phase-in plan, base/fuel realignment, NOL and AltMin asset deferred taxes, other revenue requirement issues.
11/95	U-19904 (Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co. Division	Gas, coal, nuclear fuel costs, contract prudence, base/fuel realignment.
11/95	U-21485 (Supplemental Direct)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Gulf States Utilities Co.	Nuclear O&M, River Bend phase-in plan, base/fuel realignment, NOL and AltMin asset deferred taxes, other revenue requirement issues.
12/95	U-21485 (Surrebuttal)				
1/96	95-299-EL-AIR 95-300-EL-AIR	ОН	Industrial Energy Consumers	The Toledo Edison Co., The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co.	Competition, asset write-offs and revaluation, O&M expense, other revenue requirement issues.
2/96	PUC Docket 14965	TX	Office of Public Utility Counsel	Central Power & Light	Nuclear decommissioning.
5/96	95-485-LCS	NM	City of Las Cruces	El Paso Electric Co.	Stranded cost recovery, municipalization.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
7/96	8725	MD	The Maryland Industrial Group and Redland Genstar, Inc.	Baltimore Gas & Electric Co., Potomac Electric Power Co., and Constellation Energy Corp.	Merger savings, tracking mechanism, earnings sharing plan, revenue requirement issues.
9/96 11/96	U-22092 U-22092 (Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	River Bend phase-in plan, base/fuel realignment, NOL and AltMin asset deferred taxes, other revenue requirement issues, allocation of regulated/nonregulated costs.
10/96	96-327	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Environmental surcharge recoverable costs.
2/97	R-00973877	PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group	PECO Energy Co.	Stranded cost recovery, regulatory assets and liabilities, intangible transition charge, revenue requirements.
3/97	96-489	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Co.	Environmental surcharge recoverable costs, system agreements, allowance inventory, jurisdictional allocation.
6/97	TO-97-397	МО	MCI Telecommunications Corp., Inc., MCImetro Access Transmission Services, Inc.	Southwestern Bell Telephone Co.	Price cap regulation, revenue requirements, rate of return.
6/97	R-00973953	PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group	PECO Energy Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning.
7 <i>1</i> 97	R-00973954	PA	PP&L Industrial Customer Alliance	Pennsylvania Power & Light Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning.
7/97	U-22092	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Depreciation rates and methodologies, River Bend phase-in plan.
8/97	97-300	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas & Electric Co., Kentucky Utilities Co.	Merger policy, cost savings, surcredit sharing mechanism, revenue requirements, rate of return.
8/97	R-00973954 (Surrebuttal)	PA	PP&L Industrial Customer Alliance	Pennsylvania Power & Light Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning.
10/97	97-204	KY	Alcan Aluminum Corp. Southwire Co.	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Restructuring, revenue requirements, reasonableness.
10/97	R-974008	PA	Metropolitan Edison Industrial Users Group	Metropolitan Edison Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning, revenue requirements.
10/97	R-974009	PA	Penelec Industrial Customer Alliance	Pennsylvania Electric Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning, revenue requirements.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
11/97	97-204 (Rebuttal)	КУ	Alcan Aluminum Corp. Southwire Co.	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Restructuring, revenue requirements, reasonableness of rates, cost allocation.
11/97	U-22491	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, other revenue requirement issues.
11/97	R-00973953 (Surrebuttal)	PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group	PECO Energy Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning.
11/97	R-973981	PA	West Penn Power Industrial Intervenors	West Penn Power Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, fossil decommissioning, revenue requirements, securitization.
11/97	R-974104	PA	Duquesne Industrial Intervenors	Duquesne Light Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning, revenue requirements, securitization.
12/97	R-973981 (Surrebuttal)	PA	West Penn Power Industrial Intervenors	West Penn Power Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, fossil decommissioning, revenue requirements.
12/97	R-974104 (Surrebuttal)	PA	Duquesne Industrial Intervenors	Duquesne Light Co.	Restructuring, deregulation, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities, nuclear and fossil decommissioning, revenue requirements, securitization.
1/98	U-22491 (Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, other revenue requirement issues.
2/98	8774	MD	Westvaco	Potomac Edison Co.	Merger of Duquesne, AE, customer safeguards, savings sharing.
3/98	U-22092 (Allocated Stranded Cost Issues)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Restructuring, stranded costs, regulatory assets, securitization, regulatory mitigation.
3/98	8390-U	GA	Georgia Natural Gas Group, Georgia Textile Manufacturers Assoc.	Atlanta Gas Light Co.	Restructuring, unbundling, stranded costs, incentive regulation, revenue requirements.
3/98	U-22092 (Allocated Stranded Cost Issues) (Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Restructuring, stranded costs, regulatory assets, securitization, regulatory mitigation.
3/98	U-22491 (Supplemental Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, other revenue requirement issues.
10/98	97-596	ME	Maine Office of the Public Advocate	Bangor Hydro- Electric Co.	Restructuring, unbundling, stranded costs, T&D revenue requirements.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
10/98	9355-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Georgia Power Co.	Affiliate transactions.
10/98	U-17735 Rebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Cajun Electric Power Cooperative	G&T cooperative ratemaking policy, other revenue requirement issues.
11/98	U-23327	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	SWEPCO, CSW and AEP	Merger policy, savings sharing mechanism, affiliate transaction conditions.
12/98	U-23358 (Direct)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, tax issues, and other revenue requirement issues.
12/98	98-577	ME	Maine Office of Public Advocate	Maine Public Service Co.	Restructuring, unbundling, stranded cost, T&D revenue requirements.
1/99	98-10-07	СТ	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	United Illuminating Co.	Stranded costs, investment tax credits, accumulated deferred income taxes, excess deferred income taxes.
3/99	U-23358 (Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, tax issues, and other revenue requirement issues.
3/99	98-474	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Co.	Revenue requirements, alternative forms of regulation.
3/99	98-426	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co.	Revenue requirements, alternative forms of regulation.
3/99	99-082	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Co.	Revenue requirements.
3/99	99-083	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co.	Revenue requirements.
4/99	U-23358 (Supplemental Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, tax issues, and other revenue requirement issues.
4/99	99-03-04	СТ	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	United Illuminating Co.	Regulatory assets and liabilities, stranded costs, recovery mechanisms.
4/99	99-02-05	СТ	Connecticut Industrial Utility Customers	Connecticut Light and Power Co.	Regulatory assets and liabilities, stranded costs, recovery mechanisms.
5/99	98-426 99-082 (Additional Direct)	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Co.	Revenue requirements.
5/99	98-474 99-083 (Additional Direct)	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co.	Revenue requirements.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
5/99	98-426 98-474 (Response to Amended Applications)	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Co., Kentucky Utilities Co.	Alternative regulation.
6/99	97-596	ME	Maine Office of Public Advocate	Bangor Hydro- Electric Co.	Request for accounting order regarding electric industry restructuring costs.
7/99	U-23358	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Affiliate transactions, cost allocations.
7/99	99-03-35	CT	Connecticut Industrial Energy Consumers	United Illuminating Co.	Stranded costs, regulatory assets, tax effects of asset divestiture.
7/99	U-23327	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Southwestern Electric Power Co., Central and South West Corp, American Electric Power Co.	Merger Settlement and Stipulation.
7 <i>/</i> 99	97-596 Surrebuttal	ME	Maine Office of Public Advocate	Bangor Hydro- Electric Co.	Restructuring, unbundling, stranded cost, T&D revenue requirements.
7/99	98-0452-E-GI	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Monongahela Power, Potomac Edison, Appalachian Power, Wheeling Power	Regulatory assets and liabilities.
8/99	98-577 Surrebuttal	ME	Maine Office of Public Advocate	Maine Public Service Co.	Restructuring, unbundling, stranded costs, T&D revenue requirements.
8/99	98-426 99-082 Rebuttal	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Co.	Revenue requirements.
8/99	98-474 98-083 Rebuttal	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co.	Revenue requirements.
8/99	98-0452-E-GI Rebuttal	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Monongahela Power, Potomac Edison, Appalachian Power, Wheeling Power	Regulatory assets and liabilities.
10/99	U-24182 Direct	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, affiliate transactions, tax issues, and other revenue requirement issues.
11/99	PUC Docket 21527	TX	The Dallas-Fort Worth Hospital Council and Coalition of Independent Colleges and Universities	TXU Electric	Restructuring, stranded costs, taxes, securitization.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
11/99	U-23358 Surrebuttal Affiliate Transactions Review	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Service company affiliate transaction costs.
01/00	U-24182 Surrebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, affiliate transactions, tax issues, and other revenue requirement issues.
04/00	99-1212-EL-ETP 99-1213-EL-ATA 99-1214-EL-AAM	ОН	Greater Cleveland Growth Association	First Energy (Cleveland Electric Illuminating, Toledo Edison)	Historical review, stranded costs, regulatory assets, liabilities.
05/00	2000-107	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Co.	ECR surcharge roll-in to base rates.
05/00	U-24182 Supplemental Direct	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Affiliate expense proforma adjustments.
05/00	A-110550F0147	PA	Philadelphia Area Industrial Energy Users Group	PECO Energy	Merger between PECO and Unicom.
05/00	99-1658-EL-ETP	ОН	AK Steel Corp.	Cincinnati Gas & Electric Co.	Regulatory transition costs, including regulatory assets and liabilities, SFAS 109, ADIT, EDIT, ITC.
07/00	PUC Docket 22344	TX	The Dallas-Fort Worth Hospital Council and The Coalition of Independent Colleges and Universities	Statewide Generic Proceeding	Escalation of O&M expenses for unbundled T&D revenue requirements in projected test year.
07/00	U-21453	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	SWEPCO	Stranded costs, regulatory assets and liabilities.
08/00	U-24064	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	CLECO	Affiliate transaction pricing ratemaking principles, subsidization of nonregulated affiliates, ratemaking adjustments.
10/00	SOAH Docket 473-00-1015 PUC Docket 22350	TX	The Dallas-Fort Worth Hospital Council and The Coalition of Independent Colleges and Universities	TXU Electric Co.	Restructuring, T&D revenue requirements, mitigation, regulatory assets and liabilities.
10/00	R-00974104 Affidavit	PA	Duquesne Industrial Intervenors	Duquesne Light Co.	Final accounting for stranded costs, including treatment of auction proceeds, taxes, capital costs, switchback costs, and excess pension funding.
11/00	P-00001837 R-00974008 P-00001838 R-00974009	PA	Metropolitan Edison Industrial Users Group Penelec Industrial Customer Alliance	Metropolitan Edison Co., Pennsylvania Electric Co.	Final accounting for stranded costs, including treatment of auction proceeds, taxes, regulatory assets and liabilities, transaction costs.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
12/00	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092 (Subdocket C) Surrebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	SWEPCO	Stranded costs, regulatory assets.
01/01	U-24993 Direct	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, tax issues, and other revenue requirement issues.
01/01	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092 (Subdocket B) Surrebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Industry restructuring, business separation plan, organization structure, hold harmless conditions, financing.
01/01	Case No. 2000-386	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Recovery of environmental costs, surcharge mechanism.
01/01	Case No. 2000-439	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co.	Recovery of environmental costs, surcharge mechanism.
02/01	A-110300F0095 A-110400F0040	PA	Met-Ed Industrial Users Group, Penelec Industrial Customer Alliance	GPU, Inc. FirstEnergy Corp.	Merger, savings, reliability.
03/01	P-00001860 P-00001861	PA	Met-Ed Industrial Users Group, Penelec Industrial Customer Alliance	Metropolitan Edison Co., Pennsylvania Electric Co.	Recovery of costs due to provider of last resort obligation.
04/01	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092 (Subdocket B) Settlement Term Sheet	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Business separation plan: settlement agreement on overall plan structure.
04/01	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092 (Subdocket B) Contested Issues	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Business separation plan: agreements, hold harmless conditions, separations methodology.
05/01	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092 (Subdocket B) Contested Issues Transmission and Distribution Rebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Business separation plan: agreements, hold harmless conditions, separations methodology.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
07/01	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092 (Subdocket B) Transmission and Distribution Term Sheet	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Business separation plan: settlement agreement on T&D issues, agreements necessary to implement T&D separations, hold harmless conditions, separations methodology.
10/01	14000-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Georgia Power Company	Revenue requirements, Rate Plan, fuel clause recovery.
11/01	14311-U Direct Panel with Bolin Killings	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Co	Revenue requirements, revenue forecast, O&M expense, depreciation, plant additions, cash working capital.
11/01	U-25687 Direct	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Revenue requirements, capital structure, allocation of regulated and nonregulated costs, River Bend uprate.
02/02	PUC Docket 25230	TX	The Dallas-Fort Worth Hospital Council and the Coalition of Independent Colleges and Universities	TXU Electric	Stipulation. Regulatory assets, securitization financing.
02/02	U-25687 Surrebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Revenue requirements, corporate franchise tax, conversion to LLC, River Bend uprate.
03/02	14311-U Rebuttal Panel with Bolin Killings	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Co.	Revenue requirements, earnings sharing plan, service quality standards.
03/02	14311-U Rebuttal Panel with Michelle L. Thebert	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Co.	Revenue requirements, revenue forecast, O&M expense, depreciation, plant additions, cash working capital.
03/02	001148-EI	FL	South Florida Hospital and Healthcare Assoc.	Florida Power & Light Co.	Revenue requirements. Nuclear life extension, storm damage accruals and reserve, capital structure, O&M expense.
04/02	U-25687 (Suppl. Surrebuttal)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Revenue requirements, corporate franchise tax, conversion to LLC, River Bend uprate.
04/02	U-21453, U-20925 U-22092 (Subdocket C)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	SWEPCO	Business separation plan, T&D Term Sheet, separations methodologies, hold harmless conditions.
08/02	EL01-88-000	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	System Agreement, production cost equalization, tariffs.
08/02	U-25888	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc. and Entergy Louisiana, Inc.	System Agreement, production cost disparities, prudence.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
09/02	2002-00224 2002-00225	КҮ	Kentucky Industrial Utilities Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co., Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Line losses and fuel clause recovery associated with off-system sales.
11/02	2002-00146 2002-00147	КҮ	Kentucky Industrial Utilities Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co., Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Environmental compliance costs and surcharge recovery.
01/03	2002-00169	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utilities Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Co.	Environmental compliance costs and surcharge recovery.
04/03	2002-00429 2002-00430	КҮ	Kentucky Industrial Utilities Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co., Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Extension of merger surcredit, flaws in Companies' studies.
04/03	U-26527	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Revenue requirements, corporate franchise tax, conversion to LLC, capital structure, post-test year adjustments.
06/03	EL01-88-000 Rebuttal	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	System Agreement, production cost equalization, tariffs.
06/03	2003-00068	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers	Kentucky Utilities Co.	Environmental cost recovery, correction of base rate error.
11/03	ER03-753-000	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Unit power purchases and sale cost-based tariff pursuant to System Agreement.
11/03	ER03-583-000, ER03-583-001, ER03-583-002	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc., the Entergy Operating	Unit power purchases and sale agreements, contractual provisions, projected costs, levelized rates, and formula rates.
	ER03-681-000, ER03-681-001			Companies, EWO Marketing, L.P, and Entergy Power, Inc.	
	ER03-682-000, ER03-682-001, ER03-682-002				
	ER03-744-000, ER03-744-001 (Consolidated)				
12/03	U-26527 Surrebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Revenue requirements, corporate franchise tax, conversion to LLC, capital structure, post-test year adjustments.
12/03	2003-0334 2003-0335	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co., Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Earnings Sharing Mechanism.
12/03	U-27136	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Louisiana, Inc.	Purchased power contracts between affiliates, terms and conditions.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
03/04	U-26527 Supplemental Surrebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Revenue requirements, corporate franchise tax, conversion to LLC, capital structure, post-test year adjustments.
03/04	2003-00433	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Revenue requirements, depreciation rates, O&M expense, deferrals and amortization, earnings sharing mechanism, merger surcredit, VDT surcredit.
03/04	2003-00434	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co.	Revenue requirements, depreciation rates, O&M expense, deferrals and amortization, earnings sharing mechanism, merger surcredit, VDT surcredit.
03/04	SOAH Docket 473-04-2459 PUC Docket 29206	TX	Cities Served by Texas- New Mexico Power Co.	Texas-New Mexico Power Co.	Stranded costs true-up, including valuation issues, ITC, ADIT, excess earnings.
05/04	04-169-EL-UNC	ОН	Ohio Energy Group, Inc.	Columbus Southem Power Co. & Ohio Power Co.	Rate stabilization plan, deferrals, T&D rate increases, earnings.
06/04	SOAH Docket 473-04-4555 PUC Docket 29526	TX	Houston Council for Health and Education	CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric	Stranded costs true-up, including valuation issues, ITC, EDIT, excess mitigation credits, capacity auction true-up revenues, interest.
08/04	SOAH Docket 473-04-4555 PUC Docket 29526 (Suppl Direct)	TX	Houston Council for Health and Education	CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric	Interest on stranded cost pursuant to Texas Supreme Court remand.
09/04	U-23327 Subdocket B	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	SWEPCO	Fuel and purchased power expenses recoverable through fuel adjustment clause, trading activities, compliance with terms of various LPSC Orders.
10/04	U-23327 Subdocket A	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	SWEPCO	Revenue requirements.
12/04	Case Nos. 2004-00321, 2004-00372	KY	Gallatin Steel Co.	East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc., Big Sandy Recc, et al.	Environmental cost recovery, qualified costs, TIER requirements, cost allocation.
01/05	30485	TX .	Houston Council for Health and Education	CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric, LLC	Stranded cost true-up including regulatory Central Co. assets and liabilities, ITC, EDIT, capacity auction, proceeds, excess mitigation credits, retrospective and prospective ADIT.
02/05	18638-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Co.	Revenue requirements.
02/05	18638-U Panel with Tony Wackerly	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Co.	Comprehensive rate plan, pipeline replacement program surcharge, performance based rate plan.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
02/05	18638-U Panel with Michelle Thebert	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Co.	Energy conservation, economic development, and tariff issues.
03/05	Case Nos. 2004-00426, 2004-00421	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co., Louisville Gas & Electric	Environmental cost recovery, Jobs Creation Act of 2004 and §199 deduction, excess common equity ratio, deferral and amortization of nonrecurring O&M expense.
06/05	2005-00068	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Co.	Environmental cost recovery, Jobs Creation Act of 2004 and §199 deduction, margins on allowances used for AEP system sales.
06/05	050045-EI	FL	South Florida Hospital and Heallthcare Assoc.	Florida Power & Light Co.	Storm damage expense and reserve, RTO costs, O&M expense projections, return on equity performance incentive, capital structure, selective second phase post-test year rate increase.
08/05	31056	TX	Alliance for Valley Healthcare	AEP Texas Central Co.	Stranded cost true-up including regulatory assets and liabilities, ITC, EDIT, capacity auction, proceeds, excess mitigation credits, retrospective and prospective ADIT.
09/05	20298-U	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atmos Energy Corp.	Revenue requirements, roll-in of surcharges, cost recovery through surcharge, reporting requirements.
09/05	20298-U Panel with Victoria Taylor	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Adversary Staff	Atmos Energy Corp.	Affiliate transactions, cost allocations, capitalization, cost of debt.
10/05	04-42	DE	Delaware Public Service Commission Staff	Artesian Water Co.	Allocation of tax net operating losses between regulated and unregulated.
11/05	2005-00351 2005-00352	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co., Louisville Gas & Electric	Workforce Separation Program cost recovery and shared savings through VDT surcredit.
01/06	2005-00341	КҮ	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Co.	System Sales Clause Rider, Environmental Cost Recovery Rider. Net Congestion Rider, Storm damage, vegetation management program, depreciation, off-system sales, maintenance normalization, pension and OPEB.
03/06	PUC Docket 31994	TX	Cities	Texas-New Mexico Power Co.	Stranded cost recovery through competition transition or change.
05/06	31994 Supplemental	TX	Cities	Texas-New Mexico Power Co.	Retrospective ADFIT, prospective ADFIT.
03/06	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092 (Subdocket B)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Jurisdictional separation plan.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
03/06	NOPR Reg 104385-OR	IRS	Alliance for Valley Health Care and Houston Council for Health Education	AEP Texas Central Company and CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric	Proposed Regulations affecting flow-through to ratepayers of excess deferred income taxes and investment tax credits on generation plant that is sold or deregulated.
04/06	U-25116	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Louisiana, Inc.	2002-2004 Audit of Fuel Adjustment Clause Filings. Affiliate transactions.
07/06	R-00061366, Et. al.	PA	Met-Ed Ind. Users Group Pennsylvania Ind. Customer Alliance	Metropolitan Edison Co., Pennsylvania Electric Co.	Recovery of NUG-related stranded costs, government mandated program costs, storm damage costs.
07/06	U-23327	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Southwestern Electric Power Co.	Revenue requirements, formula rate plan, banking proposal.
08/06	U-21453, U-20925, U-22092 (Subdocket J)	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Jurisdictional separation plan.
11/06	05CVH03-3375 Franklin County Court Affidavit	OH	Various Taxing Authorities (Non-Utility Proceeding)	State of Ohio Department of Revenue	Accounting for nuclear fuel assemblies as manufactured equipment and capitalized plant.
12/06	U-23327 Subdocket A Reply Testimony	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Southwestern Electric Power Co.	Revenue requirements, formula rate plan, banking proposal.
03/07	U-29764	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc., Entergy Louisiana, LLC	Jurisdictional allocation of Entergy System Agreement equalization remedy receipts.
03/07	PUC Docket 33309	TX	Cities	AEP Texas Central Co.	Revenue requirements, including functionalization of transmission and distribution costs.
03/07	PUC Docket 33310	TX	Cities	AEP Texas North Co.	Revenue requirements, including functionalization of transmission and distribution costs.
03/07	2006-00472	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	East Kentucky Power Cooperative	Interim rate increase, RUS loan covenants, credit facility requirements, financial condition.
03/07	U-29157	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Cleco Power, LLC	Permanent (Phase II) storm damage cost recovery.
04/07	U-29764 Supplemental and Rebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States, Inc., Entergy Louisiana, LLC	Jurisdictional allocation of Entergy System Agreement equalization remedy receipts.
04/07	ER07-682-000 Affidavit	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Allocation of intangible and general plant and A&G expenses to production and state income tax effects on equalization remedy receipts.
04/07	ER07-684-000 Affidavit	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Fuel hedging costs and compliance with FERC USOA.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
05/07	ER07-682-000 Supplemental Affidavit	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Allocation of intangible and general plant and A&G expenses to production and account 924 effects on MSS-3 equalization remedy payments and receipts.
06/07	U-29764	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Louisiana, LLC, Entergy Gulf States, Inc.	Show cause for violating LPSC Order on fuel hedging costs.
07/07	2006-00472	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	East Kentucky Power Cooperative	Revenue requirements, post-test year adjustments, TIER, surcharge revenues and costs, financial need.
07/07	ER07-956-000 Affidavit	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Storm damage costs related to Hurricanes Katrina and Rita and effects of MSS-3 equalization payments and receipts.
10/07	05-UR-103 Direct	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group	Wisconsin Electric Power Company, Wisconsin Gas, LLC	Revenue requirements, carrying charges on CWIP, amortization and return on regulatory assets, working capital, incentive compensation, use of rate base in lieu of capitalization, quantification and use of Point Beach sale proceeds.
10/07	05-UR-103 Surrebuttal	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group	Wisconsin Electric Power Company, Wisconsin Gas, LLC	Revenue requirements, carrying charges on CWIP, amortization and return on regulatory assets, working capital, incentive compensation, use of rate base in lieu of capitalization, quantification and use of Point Beach sale proceeds.
10/07	25060-U Direct	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Public Interest Adversary Staff	Georgia Power Company	Affiliate costs, incentive compensation, consolidated income taxes, §199 deduction.
11/07	06-0033-E-CN Direct	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Appalachian Power Company	IGCC surcharge during construction period and post-in-service date.
11/07	ER07-682-000 Direct	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Functionalization and allocation of intangible and general plant and A&G expenses.
01/08	ER07-682-000 Cross-Answering	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Functionalization and allocation of intangible and general plant and A&G expenses.
01/08	07-551-EL-AIR Direct	ОН	Ohio Energy Group, Inc.	Ohio Edison Company, Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company, Toledo Edison Company	Revenue requirements.
02/08	ER07-956-000 Direct	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Functionalization of expenses, storm damage expense and reserves, tax NOL carrybacks in accounts, ADIT, nuclear service lives and effects on depreciation and decommissioning.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
03/08	ER07-956-000 Cross-Answering	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and the Entergy Operating Companies	Functionalization of expenses, storm damage expense and reserves, tax NOL carrybacks in accounts, ADIT, nuclear service lives and effects on depreciation and decommissioning.
04/08	2007-00562, 2007-00563	КҮ	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co., Louisville Gas and Electric Co.	Merger surcredit.
04/08	26837 Direct Bond, Johnson, Thebert, Kollen Panel	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	SCANA Energy Marketing, Inc.	Rule Nisi complaint.
05/08	26837 Rebuttal Bond, Johnson, Thebert, Kollen Panel	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	SCANA Energy Marketing, Inc.	Rule Nisi complaint.
05/08	26837 Suppl Rebuttal Bond, Johnson, Thebert, Kollen Panel	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	SCANA Energy Marketing, Inc.	Rule Nisi complaint.
06/08	2008-00115	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.	Environmental surcharge recoveries, including costs recovered in existing rates, TIER.
07/08	27163 Direct	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Public Interest Advocacy Staff	Atmos Energy Corp.	Revenue requirements, including projected test year rate base and expenses.
07/08	27163 Taylor, Kollen Panel	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Public Interest Advocacy Staff	Atmos Energy Corp.	Affiliate transactions and division cost allocations, capital structure, cost of debt.
08/08	6680-CE-170 Direct	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group, Inc.	Wisconsin Power and Light Company	Nelson Dewey 3 or Colombia 3 fixed financial parameters.
08/08	6680-UR-116 Direct	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group, Inc.	Wisconsin Power and Light Company	CWIP in rate base, labor expenses, pension expense, financing, capital structure, decoupling.
08/08	6680-UR-116 Rebuttal	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group, Inc.	Wisconsin Power and Light Company	Capital structure.
08/08	6690-UR-119 Direct	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group, Inc.	Wisconsin Public Service Corp.	Prudence of Weston 3 outage, incentive compensation, Crane Creek Wind Farm incremental revenue requirement, capital structure.
09/08	6690-UR-119 Surrebuttal	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group, Inc.	Wisconsin Public Service Corp.	Prudence of Weston 3 outage, Section 199 deduction.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
09/08	08-935-EL-SSO, 08-918-EL-SSO	ОН	Ohio Energy Group, Inc.	First Energy	Standard service offer rates pursuant to electric security plan, significantly excessive earnings test.
10/08	08-917-EL-SSO	ОН	Ohio Energy Group, Inc.	AEP	Standard service offer rates pursuant to electric security plan, significantly excessive earnings test.
10/08	2007-00564, 2007-00565, 2008-00251 2008-00252	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Co., Kentucky Utilities Company	Revenue forecast, affiliate costs, ELG v ASL depreciation procedures, depreciation expenses, federal and state income tax expense, capitalization, cost of debt.
11/08	EL08-51	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Spindletop gas storage facilities, regulatory asset and bandwidth remedy.
11/08	35717	TX	Cities Served by Oncor Delivery Company	Oncor Delivery Company	Recovery of old meter costs, asset ADFIT, cash working capital, recovery of prior year restructuring costs, levelized recovery of storm damage costs, prospective storm damage accrual, consolidated tax savings adjustment.
12/08	27800	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission	Georgia Power Company	AFUDC versus CWIP in rate base, mirror CWIP, certification cost, use of short term debt and trust preferred financing, CWIP recovery, regulatory incentive.
01/09	ER08-1056	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Entergy System Agreement bandwidth remedy calculations, including depreciation expense, ADIT, capital structure.
01/09	ER08-1056 Supplemental Direct	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Blytheville leased turbines; accumulated depreciation.
02/09	EL08-51 Rebuttal	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Spindletop gas storage facilities regulatory asset and bandwidth remedy.
02/09	2008-00409 Direct	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.	Revenue requirements.
03/09	ER08-1056 Answering	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Entergy System Agreement bandwidth remedy calculations, including depreciation expense, ADIT, capital structure.
03/09	U-21453, U-20925 U-22092 (Sub J) Direct	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States Louisiána, LLC	Violation of EGSI separation order, ETI and EGSL separation accounting, Spindletop regulatory asset.
04/09	Rebuttal				
04/09	2009-00040 Direct-Interim (Oral)	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Emergency interim rate increase; cash requirements.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
04/09	PUC Docket 36530	TX	State Office of Administrative Hearings	Oncor Electric Delivery Company, LLC	Rate case expenses.
05/09	ER08-1056 Rebuttal	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Entergy System Agreement bandwidth remedy calculations, including depreciation expense, ADIT, capital structure.
06/09	2009-00040 Direct- Permanent	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Revenue requirements, TIER, cash flow.
07/09	080677-EI	FL	South Florida Hospital and Healthcare Association	Florida Power & Light Company	Multiple test years, GBRA rider, forecast assumptions, revenue requirement, O&M expense, depreciation expense, Economic Stimulus Bill, capital structure.
08/09	U-21453, U- 20925, U-22092 (Subdocket J) Supplemental Rebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Gulf States Louisiana, LLC	Violation of EGSI separation order, ETI and EGSL separation accounting, Spindletop regulatory asset.
08/09	8516 and 29950	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Company	Modification of PRP surcharge to include infrastructure costs.
09/09	05-UR-104 Direct and Surrebuttal	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group	Wisconsin Electric Power Company	Revenue requirements, incentive compensation, depreciation, deferral mitigation, capital structure, cost of debt.
09/09	09AL-299E Answer	СО	CF&l Steel, Rocky Mountain Steel Mills LP, Climax Molybdenum Company	Public Service Company of Colorado	Forecasted test year, historic test year, proforma adjustments for major plant additions, tax depreciation.
09/09	6680-UR-117 Direct and Surrebuttal	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group	Wisconsin Power and Light Company	Revenue requirements, CWIP in rate base, deferral mitigation, payroll, capacity shutdowns, regulatory assets, rate of return.
10/09	09A-415E Answer	СО	Cripple Creek & Victor Gold Mining Company, et al.	Black Hills/CO Electric Utility Company	Cost prudence, cost sharing mechanism.
10/09	EL09-50 Direct	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Waterford 3 sale/leaseback accumulated deferred income taxes, Entergy System Agreement bandwidth remedy calculations.
10/09	2009-00329	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Company, Kentucky Utilities Company	Trimble County 2 depreciation rates.
12/09	PUE-2009-00030	VA	Old Dominion Committee for Fair Utility Rates	Appalachian Power Company	Return on equity incentive.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
12/09	ER09-1224 Direct	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Hypothetical versus actual costs, out of period costs, Spindletop deferred capital costs, Waterford 3 sale/leaseback ADIT.
01/10	ER09-1224 Cross-Answering	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Hypothetical versus actual costs, out of period costs, Spindletop deferred capital costs, Waterford 3 sale/leaseback ADIT.
01/10	EL09-50 Rebuttal	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Waterford 3 sale/leaseback accumulated deferred income taxes, Entergy System Agreement bandwidth remedy calculations.
	Supplemental Rebuttal				ballowide remedy calculations.
02/10	ER09-1224 Final	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Hypothetical versus actual costs, out of period costs, Spindletop deferred capital costs, Waterford 3 sale/leaseback ADIT.
02/10	30442 Wackerly-Kollen Panel	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Atmos Energy Corporation	Revenue requirement issues.
02/10	30442 McBride-Kollen Panel	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Atmos Energy Corporation	Affiliate/division transactions, cost allocation, capital structure.
02/10	2009-00353	КҮ	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc., Attorney General	Louisville Gas and Electric Company, Kentucky Utilities	Ratemaking recovery of wind power purchased power agreements.
03/10	2009-00545	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility	Company Kentucky Power	Ratemaking recovery of wind power purchased power
			Customers, Inc.	Company	agreement.
03/10	E015/GR-09-1151	MN	Large Power Interveners	Minnesota Power	Revenue requirement issues, cost overruns on environmental retrofit project.
04/10	2009-00459	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Company	Revenue requirement issues.
04/10	2009-00548, 2009-00549	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Company, Louisville Gas and Electric Company	Revenue requirement issues.
08/10	31647	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Company	Revenue requirement and synergy savings issues.
08/10	31647 Wackerly-Kollen Panel	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Atlanta Gas Light Company	Affiliate transaction and Customer First program issues.
08/10	2010-00204	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Company, Kentucky Utilities Company	PPL acquisition of E.ON U.S. (LG&E and KU) conditions, acquisition savings, sharing deferral mechanism.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
09/10	38339 Direct and Cross-Rebuttal	TX	Gulf Coast Coalition of Cities	CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric	Revenue requirement issues, including consolidated tax savings adjustment, incentive compensation FIN 48; AMS surcharge including roll-in to base rates; rate case expenses.
09/10	EL10-55	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc., Entergy Operating Cos	Depreciation rates and expense input effects on System Agreement tariffs.
09/10	2010-00167	KY	Gallatin Steel	East Kentucky Power Cooperative, Inc.	Revenue requirements.
09/10	U-23327 Subdocket E Direct	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	SWEPCO	Fuel audit: S02 allowance expense, variable O&M expense, off-system sales margin sharing.
11/10	U-23327 Rebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	SWEPCO	Fuel audit: S02 allowance expense, variable O&M expense, off-system sales margin sharing.
09/10	U-31351	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	SWEPCO and Valley Electric Membership Cooperative	Sale of Valley assets to SWEPCO and dissolution of Valley.
10/10	10-1261-EL-UNC	ОН	Ohio OCC, Ohio Manufacturers Association, Ohio Energy Group, Ohio Hospital Association, Appalachian Peace and Justice Network	Columbus Southern Power Company	Significantly excessive earnings test.
10/10	10-0713-E-PC	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Monongahela Power Company, Potomac Edison Power Company	Merger of First Energy and Allegheny Energy.
10/10	U-23327 Subdocket F Direct	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	SWEPCO	AFUDC adjustments in Formula Rate Plan.
11/10	EL10-55 Rebuttal	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc., Entergy Operating Cos	Depreciation rates and expense input effects on System Agreement tariffs.
12/10	ER10-1350 Direct	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. Entergy Operating Cos	Waterford 3 lease amortization, ADIT, and fuel inventory effects on System Agreement tariffs.
01/11	ER10-1350 Cross-Answering	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc., Entergy Operating Cos	Waterford 3 lease amortization, ADIT, and fuel inventory effects on System Agreement tariffs.
03/11 04/11	ER10-2001 Direct Cross-Answering	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc., Entergy Arkansas, Inc.	EAI depreciation rates.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
04/11	U-23327 Subdocket E	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	SWEPCO	Settlement, incl resolution of S02 allowance expense, var O&M expense, sharing of OSS margins.
04/11 05/11	38306 Direct Suppl Direct	TX	Cities Served by Texas- New Mexico Power Company	Texas-New Mexico Power Company	AMS deployment plan, AMS Surcharge, rate case expenses.
05/11	11-0274-E-GI	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Appalachian Power Company, Wheeling Power Company	Deferral recovery phase-in, construction surcharge.
05/11	2011-00036	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Revenue requirements.
06/11	29849	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Georgia Power Company	Accounting issues related to Vogtle risk-sharing mechanism.
07/11	ER11-2161 Direct and Answering	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and Entergy Texas, Inc.	ETI depreciation rates; accounting issues.
07/11	PUE-2011-00027	VA	Virginia Committee for Fair Utility Rates	Virginia Electric and Power Company	Return on equity performance incentive.
07/11	11-346-EL-SSO 11-348-EL-SSO 11-349-EL-AAM 11-350-EL-AAM	ОН	Ohio Energy Group	AEP-OH	Equity Stabilization Incentive Plan; actual earned returns; ADIT offsets in riders.
08/11	U-23327 Subdocket F Rebuttal	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	SWEPCO	Depreciation rates and service lives; AFUDC adjustments.
08/11	05-UR-105	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group	WE Energies, Inc.	Suspended amortization expenses; revenue requirements.
08/11	ER11-2161 Cross-Answering	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc. and Entergy Texas, Inc.	ETI depreciation rates; accounting issues.
09/11	PUC Docket 39504	TX	Gulf Coast Coalition of Cities	CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric	Investment tax credit, excess deferred income taxes; normalization.
09/11	2011-00161 2011-00162	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Consumers, Inc.	Louisville Gas & Electric Company, Kentucky Utilities Company	Environmental requirements and financing.
10/11	11-4571-EL-UNC 11-4572-EL-UNC	ОН	Ohio Energy Group	Columbus Southern Power Company, Ohio Power Company	Significantly excessive earnings.
10/11	4220-UR-117 Direct	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group	Northern States Power-Wisconsin	Nuclear O&M, depreciation.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
11/11	4220-UR-117 Surrebuttal	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group	Northern States Power-Wisconsin	Nuclear O&M, depreciation.
11/11	PUC Docket 39722	TX	Cities Served by AEP Texas Central Company	AEP Texas Central Company	Investment tax credit, excess deferred income taxes; normalization.
02/12	PUC Docket 40020	TX	Cities Served by Oncor	Lone Star Transmission, LLC	Temporary rates.
03/12	11AL-947E Answer	со	Climax Molybdenum Company and CF&I Steel, L.P. d/b/a Evraz Rocky Mountain Steel	Public Service Company of Colorado	Revenue requirements, including historic test year, future test year, CACJA CWIP, contra-AFUDC.
03/12	2011-00401	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Company	Big Sandy 2 environmental retrofits and environmental surcharge recovery.
4/12	2011-00036 Direct Rehearing Supplemental Rebuttal Rehearing	КҮ	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Rate case expenses, depreciation rates and expense.
04/12	10-2929-EL-UNC	ОН	Ohio Energy Group	AEP Ohio Power	State compensation mechanism, CRES capacity charges, Equity Stabilization Mechanism
05/12	11-346-EL-SSO 11-348-EL-SSO	ОН	Ohio Energy Group	AEP Ohio Power	State compensation mechanism, Equity Stabilization Mechanism, Retail Stability Rider.
05/12	11-4393-EL-RDR	ОН	Ohio Energy Group	Duke Energy Ohio, Inc.	Incentives for over-compliance on EE/PDR mandates.
06/12	40020	TX	Cities Served by Oncor	Lone Star Transmission, LLC	Revenue requirements, including ADIT, bonus depreciation and NOL, working capital, self insurance, depreciation rates, federal income tax expense.
07/12	120015-EI	FL	South Florida Hospital and Healthcare Association	Florida Power & Light Company	Revenue requirements, including vegetation management, nuclear outage expense, cash working capital, CWIP in rate base.
07/12	2012-00063	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corp.	Environmental retrofits, including environmental surcharge recovery.
09/12	05-UR-106	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group, Inc.	Wisconsin Electric Power Company	Section 1603 grants, new solar facility, payroll expenses, cost of debt.
10/12	2012-00221 2012-00222	КҮ	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Louisville Gas and Electric Company, Kentucky Utilities Company	Revenue requirements, including off-system sales, outage maintenance, storm damage, injuries and damages, depreciation rates and expense.
10/12	120015-EI Direct	FL	South Florida Hospital and Healthcare Association	Florida Power & Light Company	Settlement issues.

11/12 10/12	120015-EI Rebuttal 40604	FL	South Florida Hospital and Healthcare Association	Florida Power & Light	Settlement issues.
10/12	40604		i lealtheale Association	Company	oddollion bodos.
		TX	Steering Committee of Cities Served by Oncor	Cross Texas Transmission, LLC	Policy and procedural issues, revenue requirements, including AFUDC, ADIT – bonus depreciation & NOL, incentive compensation, staffing, self-insurance, net salvage, depreciation rates and expense, income tax expense.
11/12	40627 Direct	TX	City of Austin d/b/a Austin Energy	City of Austin d/b/a Austin Energy	Rate case expenses.
12/12	40443	TX	Cities Served by SWEPCO	Southwestern Electric Power Company	Revenue requirements, including depreciation rates and service lives, O&M expenses, consolidated tax savings, CWIP in rate base, Turk plant costs.
12/12	U-29764	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission Staff	Entergy Gulf States Louisiana, LLC and Entergy Louisiana, LLC	Termination of purchased power contracts between EGSL and ETI, Spindletop regulatory asset.
01/13	ER12-1384 Rebuttal	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Gulf States Louisiana, LLC and Entergy Louisiana, LLC	Little Gypsy 3 cancellation costs.
02/13	40627 Rebuttal	TX	City of Austin d/b/a Austin Energy	City of Austin d/b/a Austin Energy	Rate case expenses.
03/13	12-426-EL-SSO	ОН	The Ohio Energy Group	The Dayton Power and Light Company	Capacity charges under state compensation mechanism, Service Stability Rider, Switching Tracker.
04/13	12-2400-EL-UNC	ОН	The Ohio Energy Group	Duke Energy Ohio, Inc.	Capacity charges under state compensation mechanism, deferrals, rider to recover deferrals.
04/13	2012-00578	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Company	Resource plan, including acquisition of interest in Mitchell plant.
05/13	2012-00535	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	Revenue requirements, excess capacity, restructuring.
06/13	12-3254-EL-UNC	ОН	The Ohio Energy Group, Inc.,	Ohio Power Company	Energy auctions under CBP, including reserve prices.
			Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel		
07/13	2013-00144	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Company	Biomass renewable energy purchase agreement.
07/13	2013-00221	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	Agreements to provide Century Hawesville Smelter market access.
10/13	2013-00199	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	Revenue requirements, excess capacity, restructuring.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
12/13	2013-00413	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	Agreements to provide Century Sebree Smelter market access.
01/14	ER10-1350 Direct and Answering	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Waterford 3 lease accounting and treatment in annual bandwidth filings.
02/14	U-32981	LA	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Louisiana, LLC	Montauk renewable energy PPA.
04/14	ER13-432 Direct	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Gulf States Louisiana, LLC and Entergy Louisiana, LLC	UP Settlement benefits and damages.
05/14	PUE-2013-00132	VA	HP Hood LLC	Shenandoah Valley Electric Cooperative	Market based rate; load control tariffs.
07/14	PUE-2014-00033	VA	Virginia Committee for Fair Utility Rates	Virginia Electric and Power Company	Fuel and purchased power hedge accounting, change in FAC Definitional Framework.
08/14	ER13-432 Rebuttal	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Gulf States Louisiana, LLC and Entergy Louisiana, LLC	UP Settlement benefits and damages.
08/14	2014-00134	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	Requirements power sales agreements with Nebraska entities.
09/14	E-015/CN-12- 1163 Direct	MN	Large Power Intervenors	Minnesota Power	Great Northern Transmission Line; cost cap; AFUDC v. current recovery; rider v. base recovery; class cost allocation.
10/14	2014-00225	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Company	Allocation of fuel costs to off-system sales.
10/14	ER13-1508	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Entergy service agreements and tariffs for affiliate power purchases and sales; return on equity.
10/14	14-0702-E-42T 14-0701-E-D	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	First Energy- Monongahela Power, Potomac Edison	Consolidated tax savings; payroll; pension, OPEB, amortization; depreciation; environmental surcharge.
11/14	E-015/CN-12- 1163 Surrebuttal	MN	Large Power Intervenors	Minnesota Power	Great Northern Transmission Line; cost cap; AFUDC v. current recovery; rider v. base recovery; class allocation.
11/14	05-376-EL-UNC	ОН	Ohio Energy Group	Ohio Power Company	Refund of IGCC CWIP financing cost recoveries.
11/14	14AL-0660E	СО	Climax, CF&I Steel	Public Service Company of Colorado	Historic test year v. future test year; AFUDC v. current return; CACJA rider, transmission rider; equivalent availability rider; ADIT; depreciation; royalty income; amortization.
12/14	EL14-026	SD	Black Hills Industrial Intervenors	Black Hills Power Company	Revenue requirement issues, including depreciation expense and affiliate charges.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
12/14	14-1152-E-42T	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	AEP-Appalachian Power Company	Income taxes, payroll, pension, OPEB, deferred costs and write offs, depreciation rates, environmental projects surcharge.
01/15	9400-YO-100 Direct	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group	Wisconsin Energy Corporation	WEC acquisition of Integrys Energy Group, Inc.
01/15	14F-0336EG 14F-0404EG	СО	Development Recovery Company LLC	Public Service Company of Colorado	Line extension policies and refunds.
02/15	9400-YO-100 Rebuttal	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group	Wisconsin Energy Corporation	WEC acquisition of Integrys Energy Group, Inc.
03/15	2014-00396	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	AEP-Kentucky Power Company	Base, Big Sandy 2 retirement rider, environmental surcharge, and Big Sandy 1 operation rider revenue requirements, depreciation rates, financing, deferrals.
03/15	2014-00371 2014-00372	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Company and Louisville Gas and Electric Company	Revenue requirements, staffing and payroll, depreciation rates.
04/15	2014-00450	КҮ	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc. and the Attorney General of the Commonwealth of Kentucky	AEP-Kentucky Power Company	Allocation of fuel costs between native load and off- system sales.
04/15	2014-00455	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc. and the Attomey General of the Commonwealth of Kentucky	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	Allocation of fuel costs between native load and off- system sales.
04/15	ER2014-0370	МО	Midwest Energy Consumers' Group	Kansas City Power & Light Company	Affiliate transactions, operation and maintenance expense, management audit.
05/15	PUE-2015-00022	VA	Virginia Committee for Fair Utility Rates	Virginia Electric and Power Company	Fuel and purchased power hedge accounting; change in FAC Definitional Framework.
05/15	EL10-65 Direct,	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Accounting for AFUDC Debt, related ADIT.
09/15	Rebuttal Complaint				
07/15	EL10-65 Direct and Answering Consolidated Bandwidth Dockets	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Waterford 3 sale/leaseback ADIT, Bandwidth Formula.
09/15	14-1693-EL-RDR	ОН	Public Utilities Commission of Ohio	Ohio Energy Group	PPA rider for charges or credits for physical hedges against market.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
12/15	45188	TX	Cities Served by Oncor Electric Delivery Company	Oncor Electric Delivery Company	Hunt family acquisition of Oncor; transaction structure; income tax savings from real estate investment trust (REIT) structure; conditions.
12/15	6680-CE-176 Direct, Surrebuttal,	WI	Wisconsin Industrial Energy Group, Inc.	Wisconsin Power and Light Company	Need for capacity and economics of proposed Riverside Energy Center Expansion project; ratemaking conditions.
01/16	Supplemental Rebuttal				
03/16	EL01-88 Remand	FERC	Louisiana Public Service Commission	Entergy Services, Inc.	Bandwidth Formula: Capital structure, fuel inventory, Waterford 3 sale/leaseback, Vidalia purchased power,
03/16 04/16	Direct Answering				ADIT, Blythesville, Spindletop, River Bend AFUDC, property insurance reserve, nuclear depreciation
05/16 06/16	Cross-Answering Rebuttal				expense.
03/16	15-1673-E-T	WV	West Virginia Energy Users	Appalachian Power	Terms and conditions of utility service for commercial
			Group	Company	and industrial customers, including security deposits.
04/16	39971 Panel Direct	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Southern Company, AGL Resources, Georgia Power Company, Atlanta Gas Light Company	Southem Company acquisition of AGL Resources, risks, opportunities, quantification of savings, ratemaking implications, conditions, settlement.
04/16	2015-00343	KY	Office of the Attorney General	Atmos Energy Corporation	Revenue requirements, including NOL ADIT, affiliate transactions.
04/16	2016-00070	KY	Office of the Attorney General	Atmos Energy Corporation	R & D Rider.
05/16	2016-00026 2016-00027	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Co., Louisville Gas & Electric Co.	Need for environmental projects, calculation of environmental surcharge rider.
05/16	16-G-0058 16-G-0059	NY	New York City	Keyspan Gas East Corp., Brooklyn Union Gas Company	Depreciation, including excess reserves, leak prone pipe.
06/16	160088-EI	FL	South Florida Hospital and Healthcare Association	Florida Power and Light Company	Fuel Adjustment Clause Incentive Mechanism re: economy sales and purchases, asset optimization.
07/16	160021-EI	FL	South Florida Hospital and Healthcare Association	Florida Power and Light Company	Revenue requirements, including capital recovery, depreciation, ADIT.
07/16	16-057-01	UT	Office of Consumer Services	Dominion Resources, Inc. / Questar Corporation	Merger, risks, harms, benefits, accounting.
08/16	15-1022-EL-UNC 16-1105-EL-UNC	ОН	Ohio Energy Group	AEP Ohio Power Company	SEET earnings, effects of other pending proceedings.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
9/16	2016-00162	KY	Office of the Attorney General	Columbia Gas Kentucky	Revenue requirements, O&M expense, depreciation, affiliate transactions.
09/16	E-22 Sub 519, 532, 533	NC	Nucor Steel	Dominion North Carolina Power Company	Revenue requirements, deferrals and amortizations.
09/16	15-1256-G-390P (Reopened) 16-0922-G-390P	WV	West Virginia Energy Users Group	Mountaineer Gas Company	Infrastructure rider, including NOL ADIT and other income tax normalization and calculation issues.
10/16	10-2929-EL-UNC 11-346-EL-SSO 11-348-EL-SSO 11-349-EL-SSO 11-350-EL-SSO 14-1186-EL-RDR	ОН	Ohio Energy Group	AEP Ohio Power Company	State compensation mechanism, capacity cost, Retail Stability Rider deferrals, refunds, SEET.
11/16	16-0395-EL-SSO Direct	ОН	Ohio Energy Group	Dayton Power & Light Company	Credit support and other riders; financial stability of Utility, holding company.
12/16	Formal Case 1139	DC	Healthcare Council of the National Capital Area	Potomac Electric Power Company	Post test year adjust, merger costs, NOL ADIT, incentive compensation, rent.
01/17	46238	TX	Steering Committee of Cities Served by Oncor	Oncor Electric Delivery Company	Next Era acquisition of Oncor; goodwill, transaction costs, transition costs, cost deferrals, ratemaking issues.
02/17	16-0395-EL-SSO Direct (Stipulation)	ОН	Ohio Energy Group	Dayton Power & Light Company	Non-unanimous stipulation re: credit support and other riders; financial stability of utility, holding company.
02/17	45414	TX	Cities of Midland, McAllen, and Colorado City	Sharyland Utilities, LP, Sharyland Distribution & Transmission Services, LLC	Income taxes, depreciation, deferred costs, affiliate expenses.
03/17	2016-00370 2016-00371	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Company, Louisville Gas and Electric Company	AMS, capital expenditures, maintenance expense, amortization expense, depreciation rates and expense.
06/17	29849 (Panel with Philip Hayet)	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Georgia Power Company	Vogtle 3 and 4 economics.
08/17	17-0296-E-PC	WV	Public Service Commission of West Virginia Charleston	Monongahela Power Company, The Potomac Edison Power Company	ADIT, OPEB.
10/17	2017-00179	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Company	Weather normalization, Rockport lease, O&M, incentive compensation, depreciation, income taxes.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
10/17	2017-00287	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	Fuel cost allocation to native load customers.
12/17	2017-00321	KY	Attomey General	Duke Energy Kentucky (Electric)	Revenues, depreciation, income taxes, O&M, regulatory assets, environmental surcharge rider, FERC transmission cost reconciliation rider.
12/17	29849 (Panel with Philip Hayet, Tom Newsome)	GA	Georgia Public Service Commission Staff	Georgia Power Company	Vogtle 3 and 4 economics, tax abandonment loss.
01/18	2017-00349	КҮ	Kentucky Attorney General	Atmos Energy Kentucky	O&M expense, depreciation, regulatory assets and amortization, Annual Review Mechanism, Pipeline Replacement Program and Rider, affiliate expenses.
06/18	18-0047	ОН	Ohio Energy Group	Ohio Electric Utilities	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act. Reduction in income tax expense; amortization of excess ADIT.
07/18	T-34695	LA	LPSC Staff	Crimson Gulf, LLC	Revenues, depreciation, income taxes, O&M, ADIT.
08/18	48325	TX	Cities Served by Oncor	Oncor Electric Delivery Company	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act; amortization of excess ADIT.
08/18	48401	TX	Cities Served by TNMP	Texas-New Mexico Power Company	Revenues, payroll, income taxes, amortization of excess ADIT, capital structure.
08/18	2018-00146	KY	KIUC	Big Rivers Electric Corporation	Station Two contracts termination, regulatory asset, regulatory liability for savings
09/18 10/18	20170235-EI 20170236-EU Direct Supplemental	FL	Office of Public Counsel	Florida Power & Light Company	FP&L acquisition of City of Vero Beach municipal electric utility systems.
09/18	Direct 2017-370-E	sc	Office of Regulatory Staff	South Carolina	Recovery of Summer 2 and 3 new nuclear
10/18	Direct 2017-207, 305, 370-E Surrebuttal Supplemental Surrebuttal			Electric & Gas Company and Dominion Energy, Inc.	development costs, related regulatory liabilities, securitization, NOL carryforward and ADIT, TCJA savings, merger conditions and savings.
12/18	2018-00261	KY	Attomey General	Duke Energy Kentucky (Gas)	Revenues, O&M, regulatory assets, payroll, integrity management, incentive compensation, cash working capital.
01/19	2018-00294 2018-00295	KY	Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Utilities Company, Louisville Gas & Electric Company	AFUDC v. CWIP in rate base, transmission and distribution plant additions, capitalization, revenues generation outage expense, depreciation rates and expenses, cost of debt.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
01/19	2018-00281	KY	Attomey General	Atmos Energy Corp.	AFUDC v. CWIP in rate base, ALG v. ELG depreciation rates, cash working capital, PRP Rider, forecast plant additions, forecast expenses, cost of debt, corporate cost allocation.
02/19 04/19	UD-18-17 Direct Surrebuttal and Cross-Answering	New Orleans	Crescent City Power Users Group	Entergy New Orleans, LLC	Post-test year adjustments, storm reserve fund, NOL ADIT, FIN48 ADIT, cash working capital, depreciation, amortization, capital structure, formula rate plans, purchased power rider.
03/19	2018-0358	КҮ	Attomey General	Kentucky American Water Company	Capital expenditures, cash working capital, payroll expense, incentive compensation, chemicals expense, electricity expense, water losses, rate case expense, excess deferred income taxes.
03/19	48929	TX	Steering Committee of Cities Served by Oncor	Oncor Electric Delivery Company LLC, Sempra Energy, Sharyland Distribution & Transmission Services, L.L.C, Sharyland Utilities, L.P.	Sale, transfer, merger transactions, hold hamnless and other regulatory conditions.
06/19	49421	TX	Gulf Coast Coalition of Cities	CenterPoint Energy Houston Electric	Prepaid pension asset, accrued OPEB liability, regulatory assets and liabilities, merger savings, storm damage expense, excess deferred income taxes.
07/19	49494	TX	Cities Served by AEP Texas	AEP Texas, Inc.	Plant in service, prepaid pension asset, O&M, ROW costs, incentive compensation, self-insurance expense, excess deferred income taxes.
08/19	19-G-0309 19-G-0310	NY	New York City	National Grid	Depreciation rates, net negative salvage.
10/19	42315	GA	Atlanta Gas Light Company	Public Interest Advocacy Staff	Capital expenditures, O&M expense, prepaid pension asset, incentive compensation, merger savings, affiliate expenses, excess deferred income taxes.
10/19	45253	IN	Duke Energy Indiana	Office of Utility Consumer Counselor	Prepaid pension asset, inventories, regulatory assets and labilities, unbilled revenues, incentive compensation, income tax expense, affiliate charges, ADIT, riders.
12/19	2019-00271	KY	Attorney General	Duke Energy Kentucky	ADIT, EDIT, CWC, payroll expense, incentive compensation expense, depreciation rates, pilot programs
05/20	202000067-EI	FL	Office of Public Counsel	Tampa Electric Company	Storm Protection Plan.

Date	Case	Jurisdict.	Party	Utility	Subject
07/20 09/20	PUR-2020-00015 Direct Surrebuttal	VA	Old Dominion Committee for Fair Utility Rates	Appalachian Power Company	Coal Amortization Rider, storm damage, prepaid pension and OPEB assets, return on joint-use assets.
07/20 09/20	2019-226-E Direct Surrebbutal	SC	Office of Regulatory Staff	Dominion Energy South Carolina	Integrated Resource Plan.
10/20	2020-00160	КҮ	Attorney General	Water Service Corporation of Kentucky	Return on rate base v. operating ratio.
10/20	2020-00174	KY	Attorney General and Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers, Inc.	Kentucky Power Company	Rate base v. capitalization, Rockport UPA, prepaid pension and OPEB, cash working capital, incentive compensation, Rockport 2 depreciation expense, EDIT, AMI, grid modernization rider.
11/20	2020-125-E	SC	Office of Regulatory Staff	Dominion Energy South Carolina	Summer 2 and 3 cancelled plant and transmission cost recovery; TCJA; regulatory assets.

Payroll. Refer to the response to OPC INT 1-35 that reads in part as follows:

"FPL calculated the amount of regular payroll expense that would have been incurred in the absence of the storm (i.e., the non-incremental payroll expense) by using the monthly budgeted amount of payroll expense for the year in which Hurricane Dorian occurred. This budgeted amount of regular payroll was the Company's normal, day-to-day regular payroll O&M expense that normally would be charged to and recovered through FPL's base rates."

- a. Please provide the budgeted amount of overtime payroll considered to be the Company's normal, day-to-day overtime payroll O&M expense that normally would be charged to and recovered through FPL's base rates that would have been incurred in the absence of the storm (i.e., the non-incremental overtime payroll expense).
- b. Refer to the previous question. Please explain why the Company did not perform a similar incremental overtime payroll expense calculation in its filing based on budgeted overtime payroll amounts similar to the one performed related to regular payroll O&M expense.
- c. Please provide the payroll expense budgeted for 2019 and provide that amount broken down by FERC account number between O&M expense recovered through base rates, capital, O&M expense recovered through various clauses, and all other.

RESPONSE:

a. FPL has filed an objection to OPC's Second Set of Interrogatories No. 37, subpart a, on the basis that the request seeks documents which are irrelevant, immaterial, and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this proceeding, and is overbroad and unduly burdensome. Rule 25-6.0143(1)(f)1., F.A.C., specifies that "Base rate recoverable regular payroll and regular payroll-related costs for utility managerial and non-managerial personne?" are "the types of storm related costs prohibited from being charged to the reserve under the ICCA methodology..." Notwithstanding and without waiver of this objection, FPL provides the following response.

The base rates in effect for 2019 were the result of a full comprehensive, blackbox settlement agreement approved by the Commission in Docket No. 20160021-EI ("2016 Settlement"). The 2016 Settlement was achieved after extensive, good faith negotiations among the signatory parties and represented a compromise of many diverse and competing litigation positions. As a result, the actual revenue requirement adopted under the 2016 Settlement was significantly less than the as-filed revenue requirement. The fixed base rates approved under the 2016 Settlement were designed to achieve this settled revenue requirement, not the as-filed revenue requirement.

Docket No. 20200172-EI OPC's Second Set of Interrogatories No. 37 Exhibit LK-2 Page 1 of 2

Notwithstanding and without waiver of FPL's objection, see Attachment No. 1 to this response for the Customer Service overtime budget used to determine the adjustment related to Call Center costs required by Rule, 25-6.0143(1)(f)(7), F.A.C. Note that for Hurricane Dorian, all Customer Service overtime payroll incurred was incremental. For the months of August and September 2019 combined, non-storm actuals of \$685k exceeded the monthly budget for those two months. In accordance with Rule 25-6.0143, F.A.C., due to this excess in overtime when compared to budgeted amounts for Customer Service, all overtime payroll costs incurred for Hurricane Dorian were considered allowable costs.

- b. Hurricane Dorian was a qualifying storm event for which the associated overtime payroll was neither budgeted nor planned. As a result, any and all such overtime payroll is by definition incremental. But for the storm, FPL would not have incurred this overtime payroll expense. Rule 25-6.0143(e)(8), F.A.C., recognizes that these costs qualify to be charged to the storm reserve, though in this case FPL is simply seeking a prudence determination for these overtime costs. In the case of Hurricane Dorian, FPL charged costs that normally would have been charged to the storm reserve to base O&M.
- c. See Attachment No. 2 for the September 2019 payroll budget for O&M and Capital, used to determine the adjustment related to payroll costs in accordance with Rule 25-6.0143(1)(f)(1), F.A.C. With respect to the remainder of this interrogatory, FPL objects as the interrogatory seeks information which is irrelevant, immaterial, and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Additionally, the interrogatory is vague, ambiguous, and overbroad to the extent that it seeks information unrelated to this case, specifically including but not limited to information related to "various clauses, and all other."

Embedded Line Contractors. Refer to the Confidential HSPM DH-1 Support File and further to worksheet tab 3(b) which shows the Company's ICCA calculation pertaining to line clearing costs. Please identify similar information associated with embedded line contractors providing day-to-day service for each of the years 2016-2019, excluding any costs that were capitalized or deferred and included in storm recovery requests. s

RESPONSE:

FPL has filed an objection to OPC's First Set of Interrogatories No.7 on the basis that the request seeks documents which are irrelevant, immaterial, and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this proceeding, and is overbroad and unduly burdensome. Rule 25-6.0143(1)(e)1., F.A.C., specifies that "additional contract labor hired for storm restoration activities" are included in the "types of storm related costs allowed to be charged to the reserve under the ICCA methodology." Unlike line clearing costs, where the three-year average is relevant to the calculation of incremental costs, the three-year average is totally irrelevant and inapplicable to any determination of the identification or quantification of incremental contract labor costs for line contractors.

Notwithstanding and without waiver of this objection, FPL responds as follows. FPL does not track embedded line contractors at the requested level of detail. Embedded line contractors are recorded to the same GL account as non-embedded line contractors and cannot be identified as embedded vs. non-embedded.

Refer to the response to INT 1-7. Please provide the information requested for line contractor expense for each of the years 2016-2019, excluding any storm costs that were charged to base expense in those years.

RESPONSE:

FPL has filed an objection to OPC's First Set of Interrogatories No.7 on the basis that the request seeks information which is irrelevant, immaterial, and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this proceeding, and is overbroad and unduly burdensome. Rule 25-6.0143(1)(e)1., F.A.C., specifies that "additional contract labor hired for storm restoration activities" are included in the "types of storm related costs allowed to be charged to the reserve under the ICCA methodology." Unlike line clearing costs, where the three-year average is relevant to the calculation of incremental costs, the three-year average is totally irrelevant and inapplicable to any determination of the identification or quantification of incremental contract labor costs for line contractors. For the same reasons, FPL objects to OPC's Second Interrogatories No. 44.

Notwithstanding and without waiver of its objection, FPL responds as follows: FPL does not track line contractor expenses at the requested level of detail. Line contractors are recorded to the same GL account as all other contractor expenses and therefore FPL cannot identify line contractors versus non-line contractor.

Materials and Supplies. Refer to the Confidential HSPM DH-1 Support File and further to worksheet tab 3(b) which shows the ICCA methodology calculation pertaining to line clearing costs. Please identify similar information associated with materials and supplies for each of the years 2016-2019, excluding any costs that were capitalized or deferred and included in storm recovery requests.

RESPONSE:

FPL has filed an objection to OPC's First Set of Interrogatories No. 10 on the basis that the request seeks documents which are irrelevant, immaterial, and not reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence in this proceeding, and is overbroad and unduly burdensome. Rule 25-6.0143(1)(e)7., F.A.C., specifies that "Materials and supplies used to repair and restore service and facilities to pre-storm condition, such as poles, transformers, meters, light fixtures, wire, and other electrical equipment, excluding those costs that normally would be charged to noncost recovery clause operating expenses in the absence of a storm" are included in the "types of storm related costs allowed to be charged to the reserve under the ICCA methodology." Unlike line clearing costs, where the three-year average is relevant to the calculation of incremental costs, the three-year average is totally irrelevant and inapplicable to any determination of the identification or quantification of incremental costs for materials and supplies.

Notwithstanding and without waiver of this objection, FPL provides the following response.

See the below table for transmission & distribution non-storm, non-capital, Materials and Supplies expense for September for each of the years 2016-2019.

	September 2016	September 2017	September 2018	3 year average	September 2019
Materials & Supplies	\$1,007,835	\$751,194	\$763,819	\$840,950	\$1,232,224

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OPC's First Set of Production of Documents No. 22 and Report
Exhibit LK-5
Page 1 of 54

QUESTION:

Storm Hardening Studies. Please provide any assessment and/or study performed by, on behalf of, or at the direction of the Company that documents, analyzes, or identifies damage due to Hurricane Dorian that occurred to infrastructure where storm hardening work had not yet been performed.

RESPONSE:

Please see attached file "Dorian Report Final.pdf".

Power Delivery Performance

Hurricane Dorian

Storm Date: September 3, 2019

Report Date: May 8, 2020

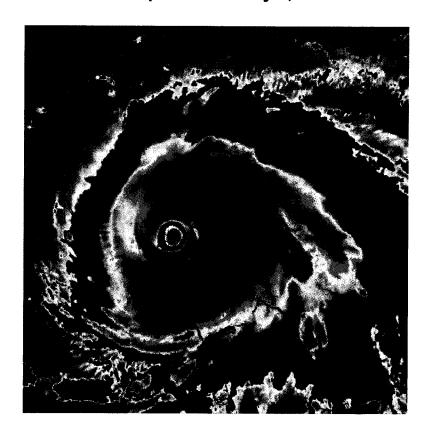


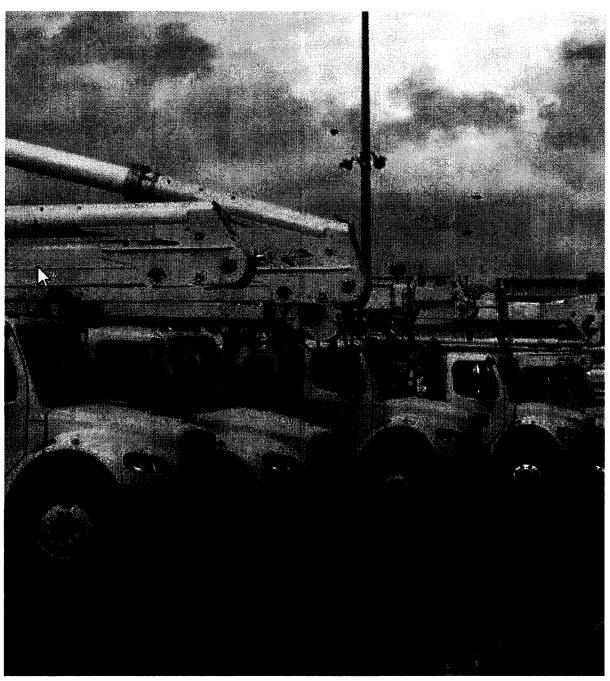
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General

This is the Power Delivery Performance Report for Hurricane Dorian. The purpose of this report is to give an overview of the performance and generalized assessment of the system with specific case studies describing conditions, damage, and system performance.



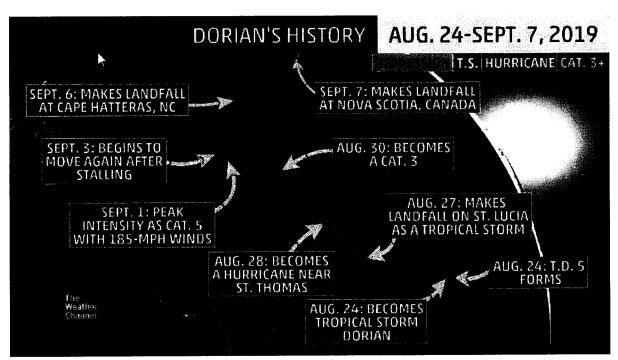
Daytona Speedway Staging Site

Executive Summary

On Monday September 2, 2019, Hurricane Dorian winds started to impact the Florida coastline as it intensified to a Category 5 sitting over the Bahama Islands. After spending two days over the Bahama islands Hurricane Dorian turned north with hurricane force winds impacting the coastline from Palm Beach County to the state of Georgia. Dorian impacted all 35 counties across the 27,000 square miles of FPL's service territory affecting 185K customers. Hurricane Dorian caused limbs and trees to break in addition to some flooding which impacted the area.

Hurricane Dorian was the strongest hurricane in modern records for the Northwestem Bahamas and the 48 hour pre-landfall predictive models included a direct hit for the state of Florida. The timing of the north / northwest turn was very critical in determining how close Dorian would get to the Florida peninsula and based on the size of Hurricane Dorian and the projected path toward Florida. FPL prepared by staging several crews throughout the state to support the restoration efforts for this potentially catastrophic storm.

Based on the movement of the storm and the investments to the FPL Grid since 2006, the winds effectively did not challenge the structural integrity of the system. During Hurricane Dorian, Transmission and Distribution Hardening and Smart Grid worked together to reduce the customer interuptions, severity, amount of damage, and improved situational awareness.



Hurricane Dorian started as a tropical wave before escalating into a Category 5 hurricane (Credit: Weather.com)

Executive Summary (Continued)

Results: 60.9% (112.5K) of customers restored in one day, 100% (184.6K) in three days (impacted). Average customer outage was 78 minutes. This was a three day event, but according to the Carver data, we did not have any customers out longer than 24 hours, so essentially 100% of the customers were restored within one day.

FPL Transmission System and Substations performed well in Dorian with no significant damage to the BES (Bulk Electric System). FPL experienced 0 pole failures and 3 line sections out. In addition, there was no substations out or major substation equipment damages. Protective relay systems and breakers were called on to clear 5 relay events with 0 misoperations (0%). This is well below the 8% NERC average.

FPL Distribution System performed well in Dorian and demonstrated that the investments in the Distribution Feeder Hardening Program, Pole Inspection Program (PIP) and Smart Grid are providing benefits. The system performed as designed and greatly helped to reduce severe damage, duration of restoration and provided the ability for the grid to self- heal. These investments were key to the speed of storm restoration.

Distribution pole damage was primarily due to vegetation falling into FPL poles or lines with 5 out of the 8 (67%) poles down. In addition, there were no feeder poles down primarily due to the hardening efforts and the inspections of the non-hardened poles. 38% (3 out of 8) of poles down were ATT.

Underground Feeders experienced no outages. Overhead Hardened Feeders performed significantly better than non-Hardened Feeders; however, non-Hardening feeders still benefitted from the Pole Inspection Program (PIP) which has resulted in the replacement of over 87,000 poles and reinforcement of over nearly 57,000 poles since the inspection program began in 2006.

Underground Laterals performed 10.6X better than Overhead Laterals with vegetation (41% of Trouble Tickets) being the leading cause of Overhead Lateral outages. FPL's next step for grid hardening, Storm Secure Lateral Undergrounding program, which began in 2018, experienced no outages.

Smart Grid provided benefits with AFS (Automated Feeder Switches) Self-Healing operations avoiding 37K Customer Interuptions.

Hurricane Dorian Quick Stats

Meteorology

 Dorian did not make landfall, however it did bring hurricane force winds up the east coast and feeder bands that impacted the remaining FPL area from Monday September 2, 2019 through Wednesday September 5, 2019.

Vegetation

- 24% of CI was due to Vegetation
- 28% of all tickets restored required Vegetation work
- 11 feeder outages were due to vegetation

Distribution System Performance

•	Feede	ers Out	74		
	0	UG	0		
	0	Hardened	22		
	0	Non-Hardened	52		
				_	

- o Hardened Feeders performed 1.76 times better than non-Hardened Feeders
- o There were no UG Feeder Outages

•	Laterals Out		789	
	0	OH	706	
	^	LIG	83	

- o Underground Laterals performed 10.7X better than Overhead Laterals
- o There were no outages on Storm Secure UG Lateral Hardening program

• Distribution Transformers

o Single phase UG Transformers performed 1.5X better than OH Transformers

Poles Down *

0	Hardened Feeder	0
0	Non-Hardened Feeder	0
0	Lateral, Service, Telephone	8
	* Poles replaced to restore	power

Smart Grid

Automatic Feeders Switch (AFS) teams avoided 37K Customer Interruptions

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Transmission and Substation System Performance

Transmission Out 3 line sections
 Transmission Poles Down 0
 Substations Out 0

Other

Injuries OSHA

• Forensics Teams Deployed 42 personnel (trans., sub, dist.)

Customer Outages

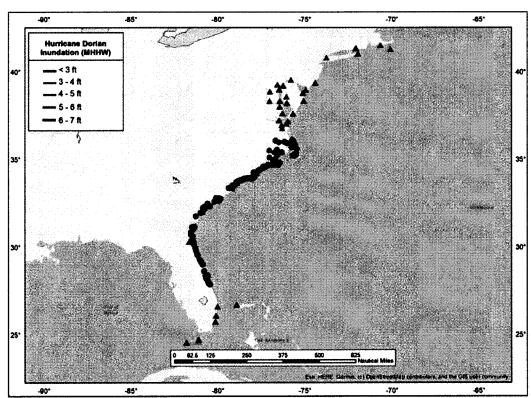
- Average customer outage was 78 minutes
- Peak sustained outages was 11,349 / 0.23% of total customer base
- Total outages
 - o 162,390 customers were affected at least once.
 - o 184,626 customers were impacted with multiple outages.

Carver Tracking

Start All Areas
 Stop (Dade, Broward, Palm Beach)
 Stop (West)
 Stop (North)
 9/2/19 @ 12AM
 9/4/19 @ 7AM
 Stop (North)
 9/5/19 @ 12AM

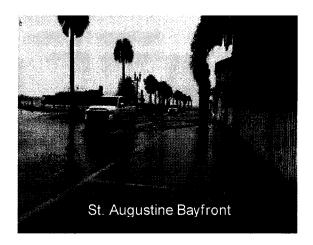
Storm Surge and Flooding

- Storm surge warnings ultimately extended from Lantana, Florida north to Virginia. Based on NOS tide gauge and USGS pressure sensor data, at least 3 ft of inundation (which NHC uses as a first-cut threshold for the storm surge watch/warning) occurred within some parts of the warning area, particularly portions of northeastern Florida. Although a sizeable portion of the Storm Surge Warning area did not verify, the issuance of the watch and warning was justified given that a slight westward deviation of Dorian's track, or an expansion of its wind field, would have caused significant storm surge flooding to occur along a larger proportion of the coast. The first storm surge forecast for a portion of the U.S. east coast was issued at 1500 UTC 1 September and called for maximum inundation heights of 4 to 7 ft above ground level between Jupiter Inlet and the Volusia/Brevard County Line in Florida. (Source NHC Report)
- Storm surge flooding occurred along portions of the southeastem United States coast from Florida to Virginia. In Florida, inundation heights of 1 to 3 ft above ground level were observed, although a few USGS sensors along the northeastern coast of Florida measured peak water levels slightly over 3 ft MHHW (Fig. 9). A sensor at Jacksonville Beach, Florida, measured a wavefiltered water level of 3.6 ft MHHW. The highest levels sampled by a tide gauge were at Fernandina Beach, Florida, where the NOS instrument measured a storm surge of 4.25 ft above normal tide levels and a storm tide of 2.6 ft MHHW. (Source NHC Report)



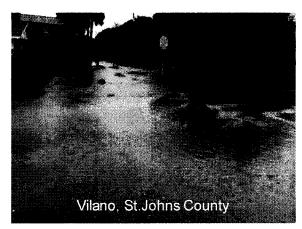
Tide gauge and USGS storm tide pressure sensor measurements from the east coast of the United States and the Bahamas from Hurricane Dorian, converted to feet above Mean Higher High Water, which is used as a proxy for inundation. (Source NHC Report)

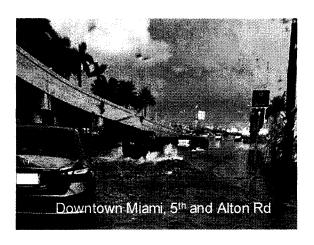
Storm Surge and Flooding (Pictures)







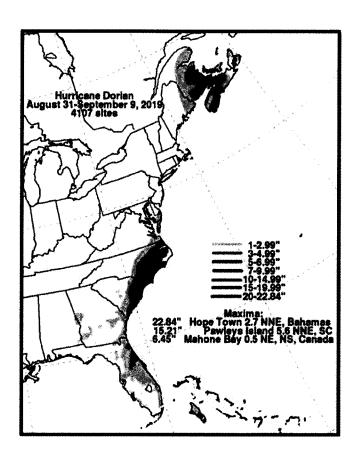






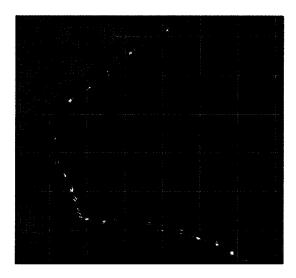
Rainfall

 Hurricane Dorian rainfall analysis (inches) during the period 31 August to 9 September 2019, which includes the extratropical phase. Graphic courtesy of the NOAA Weather Prediction Center.



Forecasts and Warning Critique

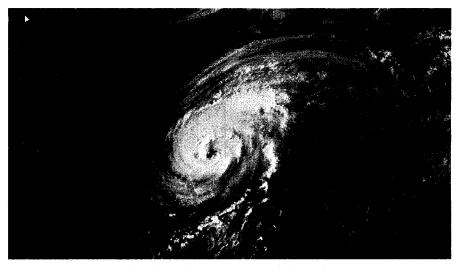
 Several NHC forecasts issued on 28–30 August brought the center of Dorian over the Florida peninsula. However, subsequent NHC forecasts turned Dorian northward east of Florida. This resulted in low track forecast errors during a time when many models still indicated a landfall in Florida. (Source NHC Report)



Selected official track forecasts (blue lines, with 0, 12, 24, 36, 48, 72, 96, and 120 h positions indicated) for Hurricane Dorian from 0000 UTC 31 August to 0000 UTC 4 September 2019. The best track is given by the white line with positions shown at 6 h intervals. (Source NHC Report)

Winds and Pressure

- Dorian's center remained offshore the coast of eastern Florida, tropical-storm-force winds occurred north of Broward County, because the hurricane's wind field had expanded considerably by then. The highest observed surface wind speed was a 60-kt gust measured at New Smyrna Beach, Florida, around 0640 UTC 4 September. Some higher gusts were observed, but those occurred at elevated stations. (Source NHC Report)
- Feeder bands impacted the entire state of Florida.

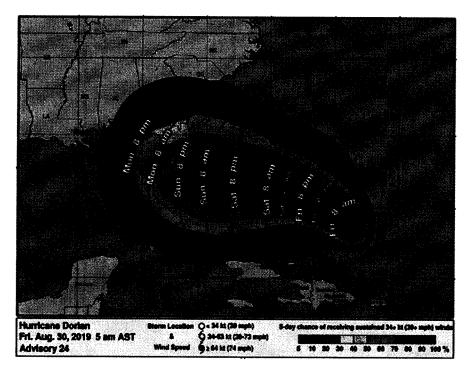


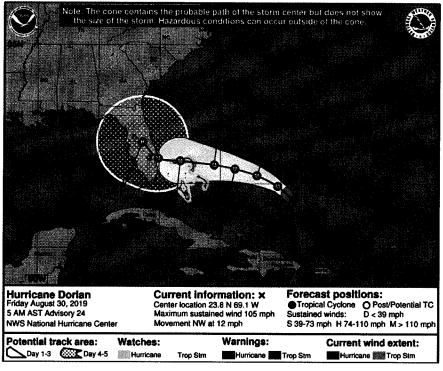
Hurricane Dorian's outer bands are lashing Florida as the storm moves northward along the U.S. coastline NOAANESDIS/STAR/GOES-East

Pre-Landfall Storm Path

72 Hour Pre-Landfall

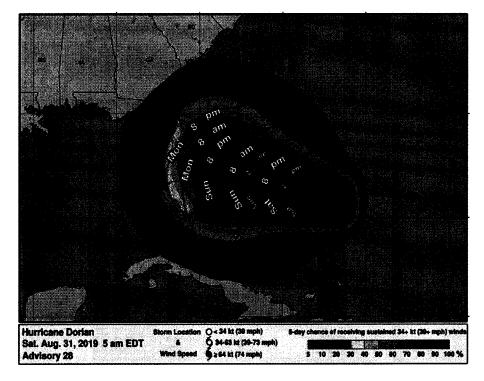
NHC Track 8/30/2019 5:00AM Advisory

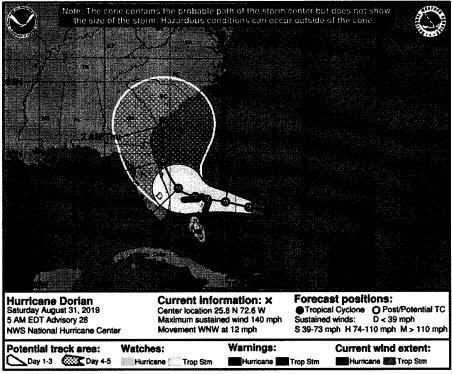




48 Hour Pre-Landfall

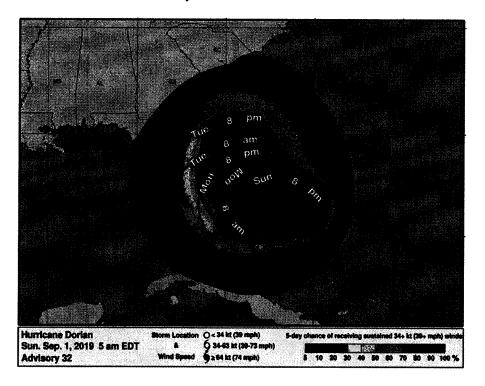
NHC 8/31/2019 5:00AM Advisory

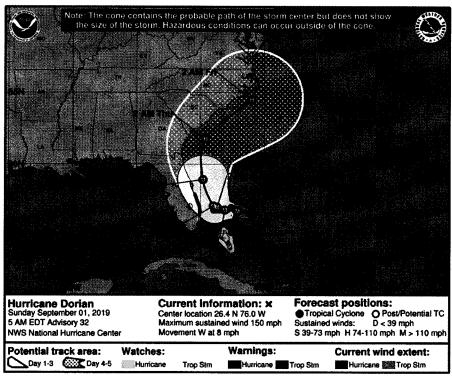




24 Hour Pre-Landfall

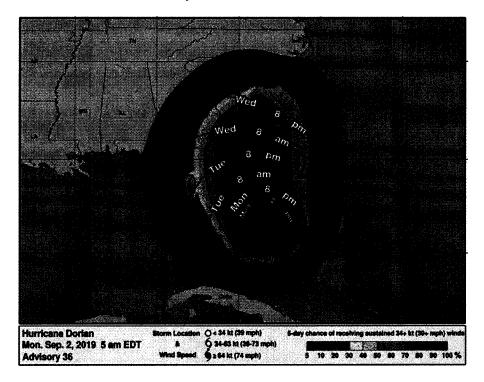
NHC 9/1/2019 5:00AM Advisory

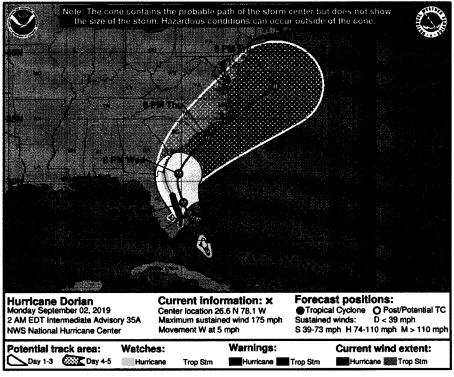




Final Hour Pre-Landfall

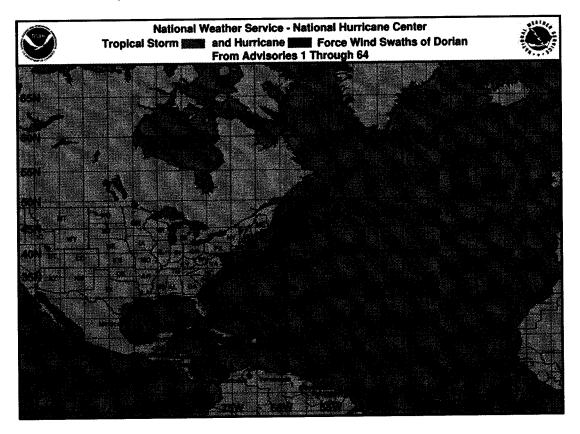
NHC 9/2/2019 2:00AM Advisory



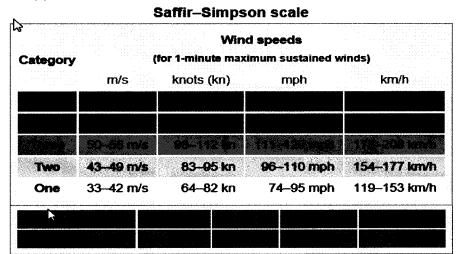


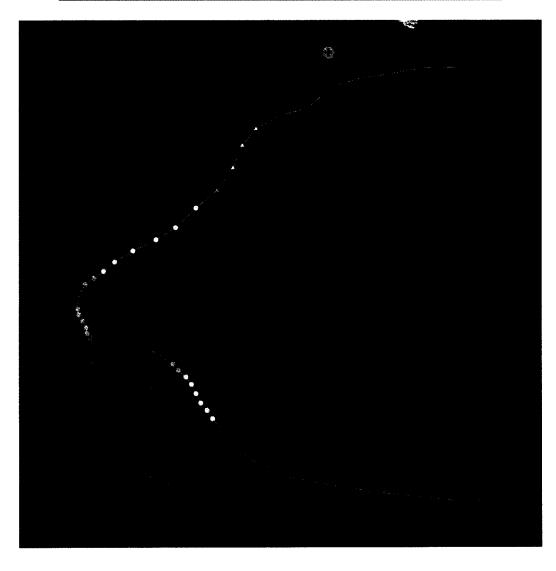
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Actual Storm Path (Source: NHC)



Actual Storm Path





Transmission and Substation Performance

Summary

Overall, the Transmission System performed well during the storm event. Conductor damage was minimal.

Transmission poles down: 0

Transmission lines out: 0

Transmission line sections out: 3

Voltage class: 115kV

Substations out: 0

Protection System Performance:

- There were 5 transmission relay events and 0 mis-operation for a 0% mis-operation rate (NERC goal is 8.0%, FPL 12 month average is 6%)
- Calculation based on NERC PRC-004

Major Equipment Damage:

Transmission Lines and Substations

No major equipment damage identified

Distribution Substations

No major equipment damage identified

Transmission Line Performance

Overall Transmission Performance was good during the storm event. Conductor damage was minimal. Approximately 45% of lines were patrolled after the storm. The boundaries of the storm included Central and North Management Areas.

Transmission System Performance

- 5 out of 235 Transmission lines experienced 5 Relay Operations
- 3 out of 486 Line Sections out

Damage / Component Failures

- 0 poles down
- 2 spans with phases down
- 1 OHGW failures
- 0 spans replaced

Line Events

Transmission Line	Line Section	Cause	Structure
Deland -	Como Tap –	Debris - Spanish moss at structure	64G5
Putnam 115kV	Crescent City		
Cape Canaveral -	Courtenay -	OHGW down due to corrosion at	91F12
South Cape 115kV	South Cape	the pole bond connection	
Laurderdale-	All	Bird Streamer	9T2A
McArthur 138kV		Momentary	
Andytown –	All	Palm Frond blew into feeder 6262	85S9 to
Nobhill 230 kV		and flashed up into transmission	85S10
		Momentary	•
Millcreek -	Gator –	Conductor down	115H10
St Johns #2 115kV	St Augustine		

Substation Performance

Overall Substation Performance was good during the storm event. All events that included an entire substation were identified as momentaries.

- 0 Distribution Substations of 622 total Substations were out
- 5 BES Relay Operations with 0 relay mis-operations (0% mis-operations)
- 0 Major Equipment Damage
- No flooded substations
 - o St. Augustine incorporated the AquaDam which performed as expected.
- No substation communications were completely lost. The following outages did occur.
 - TELCO: 6 stations
 - o Wireless: 8 stations
 - Both wired and wireless: 0 stations
- System protection operated as expected.
- No stations experienced battery loss due to extended outage.
- No mobile equipment was deployed.

Post Storm Events

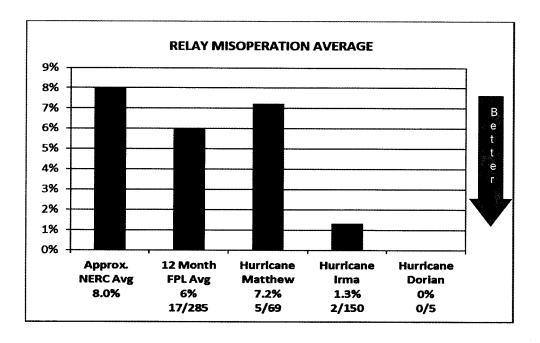
No significant post storm events to date

Protective Relay Performance

- A Relay Mis-operation is a failure to trip or tripping unnecessarily further defined by NERC PRC-004
- Relay Misoperation Comparisons is shown below

Relay Misoperation Details

No Mis-operations occurred



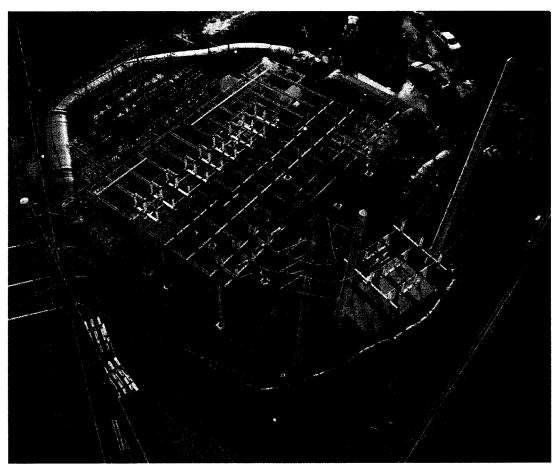
Case Study - St. Augustine AquaDam

What is the AquaDam?

- The AquaDam is a tempoary water-filled barrier which can control and divert water. It
 consists of two flexible watertight inner tubes, side by side, contained within a woven
 outer sleeve. The inner tubes are filled with water, giving form to the AquaDam, and
 creating a temporary, highly-effective water barrier.
- Installation time for water-filled AquaDam mainly depends on available pumping power.
 Most AquaDams are installed in a single day and removal is similar. AquaDams can be guided through turns, to conform to nearly any designed path alignment.
- The AquaDam was designed to conform to all the requirements of the Clean Water Act.
 By eliminating the use of dirt/earth fill material, the potential for earth fill discharges into the waterway is dramatically reduced, if not eliminated. (Source: www.AquaDam.net)

The AquaDam installed for Dorian prevented storm surge from entering yard.

- St. Augustine has experienced three significant storm surge events in the last four years.
- The AguaDam maximum protection level 7.6FT.
- Surge levels would have likely not caused equipment damage without the AquaDam.



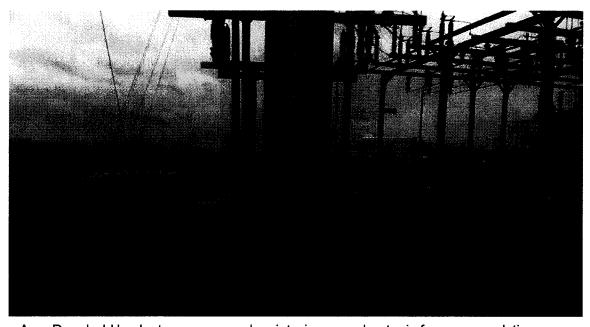
St. Augustine AquaDam Pre-Storm

Case Study - St. Augustine AquaDam (Continued)

- Table to the right identifies key NAVD88 elevations
- The below table compares the last three major storms affecting the St. Augustine Substation.

Description / Event	NAVD88 Elevations
FEMA 100 Year Flood	8.0 ft
AquaDam	7.6 ft
Other Yard Equip. Cabinets	~7.3 ft
Hurricane Matthew Surge	~7.0 ft
Hurricane Irma Surge	~6.7 ft
Motor Operator Cabinets	~6.1 ft
Yard Flood Warning Alarm	5.7 ft
Hurricane Dorian Surge	~5.1 ft
Avg. Yard Grade	~4.5 ft
Avg. Grade Outside Yard	~4.4 ft
Typical Sea level	0 to 3 ft

	Hurricane Matthew	Hurricane Irma	Hurricane Dorian
Date	10/7/2016	9/11/2017	9/04/2019
Warning Flood Alarmed		12:26 AM	
Flood Alarm		1:00 AM	
Storm Surge NAVD 88	~7.0 Feet	~6.7 Feet	5.1 Feet
Surge Level above Yard	~33 inches	~30 inches	~12 inches
Equipment Damaged/	Four Switch	Feeder Breaker,	
Replaced	Cabinets	One Switch Cabinet	No Damage

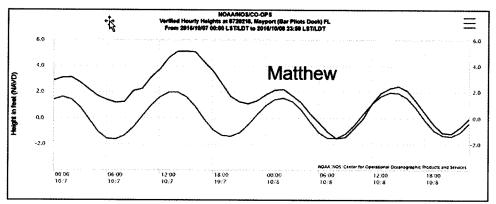


AquaDam held back storm surge and an interior pump kept rain from accumulating

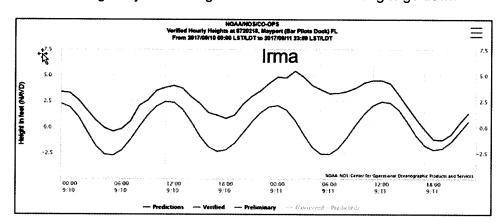
Case Study - St. Augustine AquaDam (Continued)

Actual Storm Surge at Jacksonville

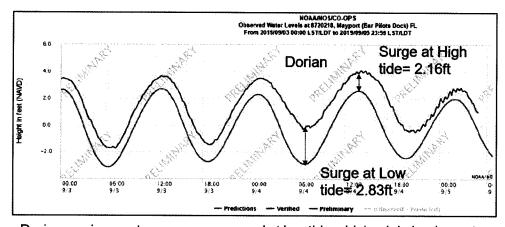
- Less than 50 miles from St. Augustine
- 3' storm surge at Jacksonville and 5' storm surge at St. Augustine
- Flood waters recede in about 6 hours



Hurricane Matthew surge hit just after high tide as tides were starting to go down

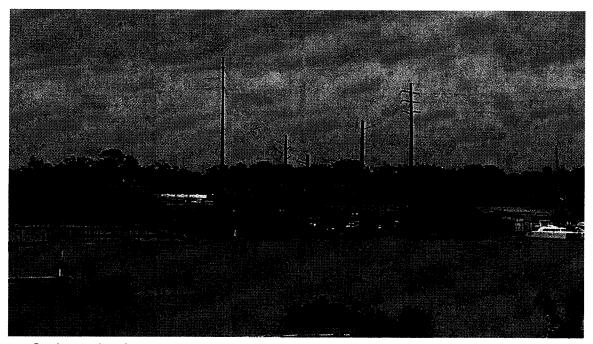


Hurricane Irma surge hit just after high tide as tides were starting to go down

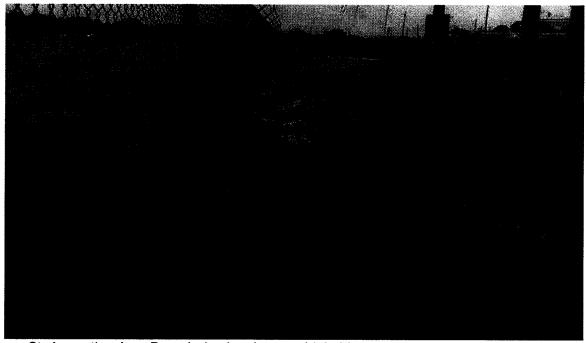


Hurricane Dorian maximum storm surge occurred at low tide which minimized worst case surge

Case Study - St. Augustine AquaDam (Continued)



St. Augustine AquaDam during hurricane at high tide



St. Augustine AquaDam during hurricane at high tide

Distribution Performance

Distribution System performed well in Dorian and demonstrated the investments in the Distribution Hardening Program, Pole Inspection Program (PIP) and Smart Grid have helped to reduce the number and severity of outages during Hurricane Dorian. This was key to improved speed of restoration.

Pole Down Summary

•	Hardened Feeder	0
•	Non-Hardened Feeder	0
•	Lateral, Service, Telephone	8

Feeder Summary

		Affected	% Affected
•	Feeders Out	76	2%
	。 UG	0	0%
	 Hardened 	21	2%
	 Non-Hardened 	55	3%

Excludes outages caused by Transmission and Substation

- No Hardened Feeder Poles down out of 175,576 poles on 1198 Hardened Feeders
- Hardened Feeders performed 1.76 times better than non-Hardened Feeders
- The primary objective of hardening is to reduce restoration times by minimizing the number of pole failures during extreme wind weather events.

Lateral Summary

		Affected	% Affected
•	Laterals Out	789	0.41%
	 OH 	706	0.82%
	o UG	83	0.08%

- Underground Laterals perform 10.7X times better than Overhead Laterals.
- Vegetation is the leading cause of Overhead Lateral outages
- No Hardened Laterals experienced an outage.
- Excludes outages caused by Feeder, Substation or Transmission outages

Smart Grid Summary

• Self-Healing AFS (Automated Feeder Switch) operations avoided 37K Customer Interruptions (CI) during the storm.

Pole Performance

Distribution Poles performed well in Dorian. Hardened poles performed better than non-Hardened poles. The investments in the distribution hardening program, pole inspection program (PIP) and smart grid have helped reduce the number and severity of outages during storm events. The severity of damage was minimized and the speed of restoration was faster due to the efforts of the hardening programs that FPL has employed. Pole damage was primarily due to vegetation.

- 0 Hardened Feeder poles down
- 8 Total poles replaced to restore power
 - o 3 ATT Poles
 - o 5 FPL Poles

Hardening Pole Programs

- Storm Hardening Plan:
 - o Hardened 175,576 poles
- Pole Inspection Program:
 - o Replaced 87,246 poles
 - o Reinforced 57,595 poles

5000					4.5	Broken	Pole
	FPL			Third		Poles in	Failure
Region	Concrete	FPL Wood	FPL Total	Party	Total	TCIVIS	Rate
Broward	24,732	78,218	102,951	46,206	149,157	2	0.0013%
Dade	28,057	122,638	150,695	60,961	211,656	1	0.0005%
East	20,601	137,992	158,593	42,719	201,312	-	0.0000%
North*	23,986	442,589	466,575	75,113	541,688	5	0.0009%
West	13,560	307,824	321,384	7,000	328,384	-	0.0000%
Total	107,064	1,082,593	1,189,657	231,999	1,432,196	8	0.0006%

^{*}includes Vero Beach

Dis	tribution Pol	le Failure %	
Pole Type	Failures	Total # of Poles	Failure Rate
Hardened Feeders	0	175,576	0%
non-Hardened Feeder	0	245,424 **	0%
3 rd Party*	3	232,000	0.0004%
Lateral / Service	5	779,196 **	0.0006%
Overall	8	1,432,196	0.0006%

* 3rd Party Poles replaced by FPL ** Estimated

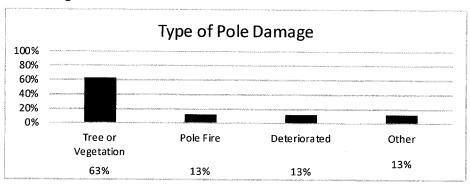
Pole Damage Details

- No Hardened Feeder Pole down
- 3 ATT poles down
 - o 2 vegetation and 1 deteriorated pole failure
- 5 FPL poles down
 - o 3 vegetation, 1 pole fire, and 1 no cause identified
- Vegetation was the primary cause for pole damage

Pole Damage Details from TCMS and Other Sources

			FPL				
FDR#	Sub	МА	or ATT	TT#	Date	LLN#/FPL ID	Detail Comments of outage
803038	TROPICAL	WD	ATT	666	9/2/2019	8-6253-9852	Deteriorated AT&T pole - West Dade - need replace badly broken tx pole40/3 pole 1 phs lattx 50 kv 7620/13 strt 120/240 txoil spill crew 1/p/s broken ptp rs open pull off lat. r/o 1431 sw 93 ct pole & tx r/o 1320 sw 92 pl no truck access RS Interruption Category Code - OCA
704463	FASHION	NB	FPL	247	9/3/2019	8-8090-0428	Pole broke 5' from the top just above the transformer. Pics on sharepoint site. Per the ticket comments wire was against pole and caught the pole on fire
706465	HOLMBERG	NB	ATT	1241	9/3/2019	8-7093-5593	Tree took out lateral and broke pole. Need to get pole location downstream of TLN 8-7093-5593-0-7
404132	SATELLITE	BV	ΑTT	1674	9/3/2019	268117844	Trees took out lateral conductor and pole, rear of 290 Ocean Spay Ave at FPL ID# 268117844
105832	ELKTON	NF	FPL	1235	9/4/2019	3-4451-8546	Trees took out lateral and broke dead end 40'/4 pole at tin# 3-4451-8546-0-1
105832	ELKTON	NF	FPL	1449	9/4/2019	3-4848-8397	TCMS details - 7 poles s/o packing house need tree to clear so line crew can repl 40/4 corner pole / 2 phase's & neut / & put up 2 spans #2 al pri & neut / access / abandon 2 pot bank does not need to be put back up
?	?	?	FPL	NA	?	?	No cause identified (Pictures from Crew)
104832	Taylor	CF	FPL	255	9/4/2019	?	Tree took out lateral and broke pole.

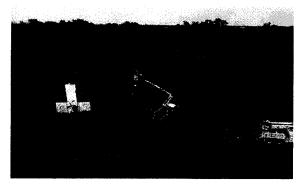
Type of Pole Damage

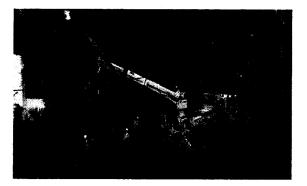


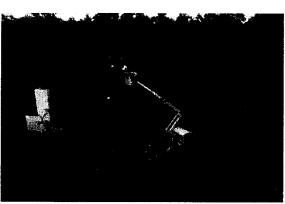
- FPL
- Tree / Vegetation
- TT# 255 on 9/4/19
- CF/Taylor/104832 (Daytona)









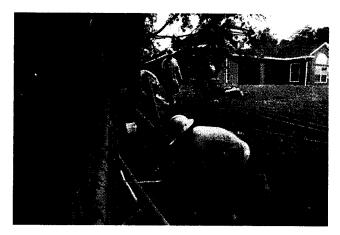




- FPL
- No cause identified (Other)
- No Ticket information (Pictures from Crew)
- St. Augustine on 9/4/19









Details

- FPL
- Tree / Vegetation
- TT# 1449
- NF / Elkton / 105832 (St. Augustine)





Case Study - Pole Analysis

- FPL
- Tree fell on line breaking pole
- TT# 1235
- NF / Elkton / 105832 (St. Augustine)



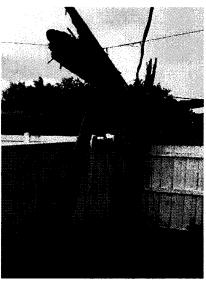


- ATT
- Deteriorated
- TT#666
- WD / Tropical / 803038 (Miami)



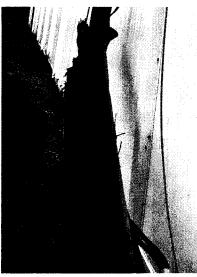


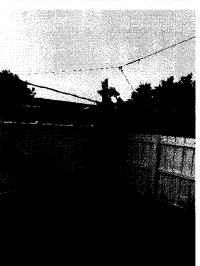






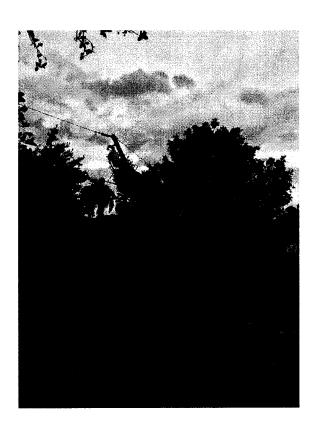






- ATT
- Tree fell into lateral and broke pole
- TT#1674
- BV / Satellite / 404132 (Melbourne / Cape Canaveral)





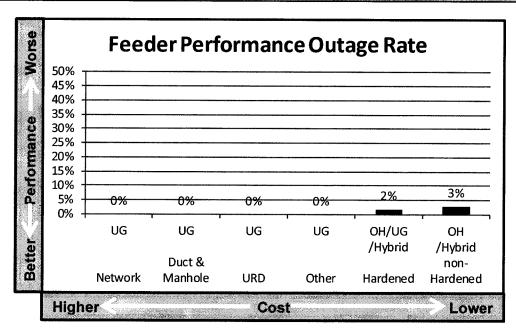
Feeder Performance

Underground Feeders performed better than Overhead Feeders.

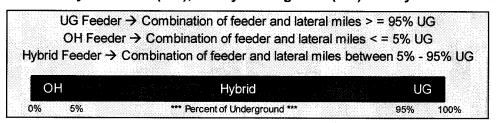
Feeder Performance by Feeder Type

- Excludes Transmission and Substation Outages
- OH Hardened Feeder includes OH-to-UG conversions as a part of Hardening
- Data based on Adjusted Carver Report, 9-5-19@6AM

Feeder	Type	Affected	Population	% Affected
UG	Network	0	11	0%
UG	Duct / Manhole	0	331	0%
UG	Other	0	136	0%
UG	URD	0	79	0%
OH / UG / Hybrid	Hardened	22	1198	2%
OH / Hybrid	non-Hardened	52	1721	3%
Total		74	3,476	2%

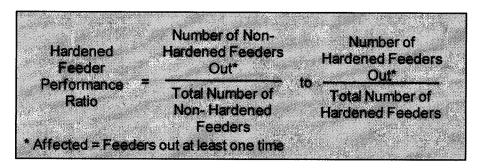


Definition of Purely Overhead (OH), Purely Underground(UG) and Hybrid Feeders



Hardened vs non-Hardened Feeder Performance

- Hardened Feeders make up 35% of the Feeder population.
- No feeder poles were broken or down during this event.
- Hardened Feeders performed 1.64 times better than non-Hardened Feeders
- Forensic teams inspected 21 Hardened Feeders experiencing an outage
- Data based on Adjusted Carver Report, 9-5-19 @ 6AM



$$\frac{52 / 1,721}{22 / 1,198} = \frac{3\%}{2\%} = 1.64 \text{ X Better}$$

Feeder Outage Causes

- Data based on TCMS tickets
- Vegetation accounted for 19% of the feeder tickets
- Due to the large number of resources available during this storm restoration was performed quickly and additional cause analysis was unable to be performed.

Cause Code	Count of Tickets	Percentage
188 - Equip Failed OH	24	27%
2,6,14 - Hurricane/Storm	22	25%
20, 21 - Vegetation	17	19%
190 - Unknown	8	9%
197 - Other	8	9%
200 - Transmission related	5	6%
Balance of outages	5	6%
Total	89	100%

Feeder Outages	by Area	
Area	Hardened	nonHardered
North (NF, CF, BV)	13	19
East (TC, WB, BR)	7	23
South (NB, CB, SB, ND, CD, WD, SD)	2	8
West (TB,MS,NA)	0	2

Lateral Performance

- Underground Laterals performed better than Overhead Laterals.
- While UG Laterals make up 56% of the Lateral population, UG Laterals sustained less outages accounting for only 0.08% of the Laterals out.
- Based on the assessment of outage performance UG Laterals performed 10.7 times better than OH Laterals.
- Lateral outages do not include outages caused by Feeder, Substation or Transmission
- Storm Control Laterals (SCL) were not created for this event
- Data based on Adjusted Carver Report, 9-5-19@6AM

Laterals O	ut Affected	Population	% Affected
ОН	706	86,047	0.82%
UG	83	108,255	0.08%
Total	789	194,302	0.41%

$$\frac{706 / 86,047}{83 / 108,255} = \frac{0.82\%}{0.08\%} = 10.7$$

Underground Laterals performed 10.7 X better than Overhead Laterals

UG Lateral Performance	Number of OH Laterals Out*	Number UG Laterals Out*
Ratio =	Total Number of	Total Number of
ng Carlotte	OH Laterals	UG Laterals

Lateral Outage Causes

- Data based on TCMS tickets
- Vegetation accounted for 41% of the lateral tickets
- Due to the large number of resources available during this storm restoration was performed quickly and additional cause analysis was unable to be performed.

Cause Code	Count of Tickets	Percentage
20,21,25 - Vegetation	318	41%
2,6,14 - Hurricane/Storm	155	20%
197 - Other	139	18%
188 - Equip Failed OH	88	11%
190 - Unknown	27	4%
Balance of Outages	43	6%
Total	770	100%

Storm Secure Lateral Undergrounding Program

No Laterals that have been Hardened experienced an outage.

Region	MA	SUBSTATION	FEEDER#	LATERAL # (DDB/TLN)	FRANCHISE NAME	OH MILES	UG MILES
Broward	СВ	HOLY CROSS	701931	87785280703	Fort Lauderdale	0.17	0.69
Dade	ND	IVES	806733	87268336410	Miami Gardens	0.09	0.13
East/North	TC	ADAMS	408461	65874402803	St. Lucie	0.92	3.08
East/North	TC	ADAMS	408461	65874411519	St. Lucie	0.95	3.08
East/North	BR	ATLANTIC	403231	87797866309	Boca Raton	0.37	1.64
East/North	BR	HILLSBORO	404733	87895343609	Boca Raton	0.56	0.63
East/North	BR	HILLSBORO	404736	88095571204	Boca Raton	0.05	0.21
East/North	TC	OLYMPIA	401762	67649207405W	Martin	0.19	0.89
East/North	TC	OLYMPIA	401764	67351874001	Martin	0.53	0.59
East/North	TC	PORT SEWALL	404933	67255685001	Martin	0.21	0.68
West	MS	TUTTLE	504532	51768423396	Sarasota	0.19	0.52
West	NA	ALLIGATOR	503566	76782883501	Collier	0.23	0.73
West	MS	PAYNE	502834	51370975802	Sarasota	0.18	0.38
West	MS	PROCTOR	505166	52163301703	Sarasota	0.27	0.79
West	NA	NAPLES	501239	76280874902	Naples	0.09	0.12

Distribution Transformer and Padmounted Switch Performance

Single phase pad mount transformers performed 1.5 times better than aerial transformers. Although pad mount transformers usually perform 3 to 4 times better than aerial transformers under storm conditions, this was not the case for this storm due to the following:

- Storm did not make landfall and produced less wind (less impact to aerial transformers)
- Off-shore storm still produced rain and surge (affecting pad mount transformers)

Transformer Analytics

- There are over 938,147 distribution transformers in service
- Based on ISC (Integrated Supply Chain) issued material
- UG performed 1.5X better than OH transformers
 - o (0.009/0.006)=1.5X
 - o 58 of 621,288 aerial transformers = 0.009 % failure rate
 - o 16 of 267,803 single phase pads = 0.006 % failure rate
 - o 3 of 49,056 three phase pads

Transformer Interruptions

• Source Carver file 9/19 @ 6am and AMG

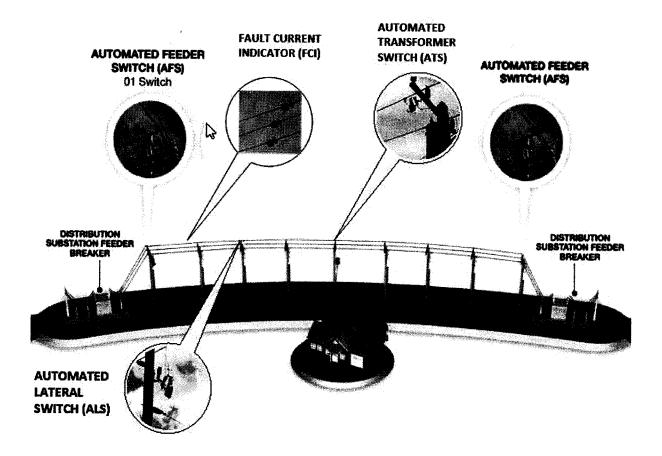
	TX Total	OHTX	UG TX
Interruptions	1,355	1,299	56
# of TX	938,147	621,288	316,859
% Interuptions	0.1%	0.2%	0.02%

Pad Mounted Switches

- There was no pad-mount switch failures related to the storm
- This information is based on teams reviewing trouble tickets, materials that were issued, and reports from the areas
- No failed switches were sent to the Reliability Assurance Center for RCA (Root Cause Analysis)

Smart Grid

- In 2014, FPL began to accellerate its expansion of Smart Grid Devices.
- By incorportating Smart Grid strategy it allows our feeders to prevent and mitigate outages, in addition to speeding up restoration efforts.
- Installation of more than 114,000 intelligent devices have been completed.
- Over 5 million smart meters have been installed to residential and business customers.



AFS (Automated Feeder Switch)

Automatic Feeder Switches (AFS) isolate, transfer load, interrupt faults and have pulse close capabilities. They automatically reroute electricity to reduce the amount of customers affected when an adverse condition affects the power lines.

AFS Performance:

• 37K Customer Interruptions (CI) avoided during the storm

AFS Availability

- AFS units may become disabled or show "Offline/Not Available" due to:
 - Natural causes: 28 units
 - Lost communications due to loss of power
 - Damage to switches
 - o Switches reconfigured in the field
 - o Initial assessments did not indicate any AFS being visually damaged
 - 63 AFS to be field checked identifying any AFS failures.
 - Planned: 0 units
 - Storm process which disables AFS team operations for winds greater than 74mph.
 - Disabling of "Normal Open" switches in those areas to avoid automatic throwover to alternate feeder.

AFS Team Success Rate

- Success Rate indicates self-healing from primary circuits to backup circuit
- Data does not include feeders as AFS feeders if they have only an "01" AFS or only a "NO" AFS (a.k.a. Support Feeder)
- Due to the low number of tickets it is normal to have 0% and 100% success rates

Management Areas	Ci Avoided	interrupted on Original Feeder Ticket	Feeder Tickets with Cl Avoided	Number of Feeders with AFS Devices	Success Rate
© Broward	2590	2673	2	3	67%
CB	0	1348	0	1	0%
NB	2590	1325	2	2	100%
⊕ Dade	632	4941	1	3	33%
CD	0	2321	0	1	0%
ND	0	2049	0	1	0%
SD	632	571	1	1	100%
⊕ East	16027	24449	14	21	67%
BR	3210	3084	3	3	100%
TC	9910	10813	8	11	73%
WB	2907	10552	3	7	43%
© North	16767	27669	17	26	65%
BV	1139	4619	2	4	50%
CF	7994	11666	6	10	60%
NF	7634	11384	9	12	75%
⊕West	1197	710	1	1	100%
MS	1197	710	1	1	100%
Grand Total	37213	60442	35	54	65%



ALS (Automated Lateral Switch)

Automatic Lateral Switches (ALS) clear temporary faults, provides enhanced protection and coordination. During storm events with extreme winds for extended period of time, ALS performance is similar to a fuse.

ALS Forensics

- 379 laterals were patrolled
 - o 20% (75) locations were missing at least one ALS unit
 - o Based on 417 ALS tickets

ALS vs non-ALS lateral Performance

OH ALS Performance	
Count of NON-ALS Laterals	26,321
Number of Outages	355
Percent Outage	1.3%
Count of ALS Laterals	54,679
Number of Outages	417
Percent Outage	0.8%



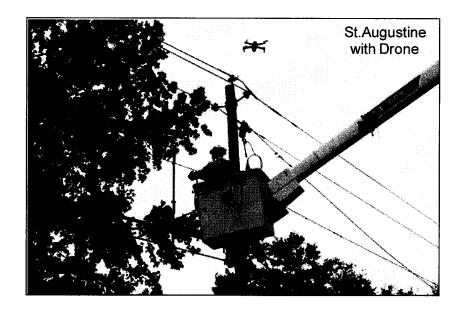
Vegetation

- Vegetation on laterals was the leading cause of Customer Interuptions (CI)
- Vegetation pre-sweeps minimized CIF feeder outages
- Branches growing and blowing into secondary conductors created most of the tree work
- There were 3252 pre-staged Vegetation crews from outside FPL

Pre-storm Activities

- FPL was preparing for a Category 3 event
- 4452 vegetation line clearing personnel were deployed pre-storm
- Pre-storm sweeps to clear CIF (Critical Infrastructure Feeders) of vegetation were completed over 3684 miles within 3 days.
- Vegetation that was cleared included high risk trees (new dead or leaning), palms, bamboo, vines, or fast growing vegetation (cycle busters)

	#Feeders	Total Miles	Miles Swept	%
Dade	236	516	516	100%
East	304	936	877	94%
North	225	1402	1402	100%
West	133	889	889	100%
Grand Total	898	3743	3684	98%



CI related to Vegetation

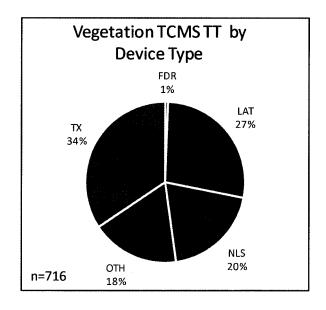
- 24% of CI (Customer Interuptions) was VEG cause codes (42,678 tcms /180,337 Carver)
 - 4% was due to Vines (1,752/42,678)
 - o 96% was due to Trees and other vegetation (40,926/42,678)
- TCMS tickets issued from 9/2/19 to 9/4/19

11 Tree related Feeder Outages (all in North Region)

- 9 were Non –preventable from trees outside the Right of way.
- 2 were Palm related

Vegetation TCMS Trouble Tickets (TT)

- 28% of all TT restored needed Tree Work (849/2,976)
- Tickets to vegetation crews during restoration
 - o 72% were secondary or service wire
 - o 28% were Lateral or Feeder
- Legend
 - Other location ticket not called in by customer and FPL created TCMS ticket
 - NLS No Loss of Service
 - o FDR Feeder
 - LAT Lateral
 - o TX Transformer, Secondary, Service



Case Study: Change Detection in Vegetation using LiDAR

The use of Drones began in Hurricane IRMA capturing pictures and videos. In this storm, the innovation team and Vegetation piloted the use of Drones and lidar to compare pre and post storm imagery. One of the goals for this storm was to determine processing time after the storm, which on average was 6 hours per feeder. This pilot was completed on two feeders and the results of the pilot are noted below.

Vero Feeder

• No changes were found with broken poles or vegetation.

Edgewater Feeder

No changes were found with broken poles or vegetation.

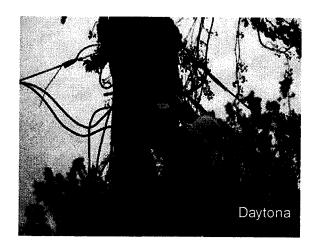
Below is an example of pre and post storm imagery:







Vegetation Pictures

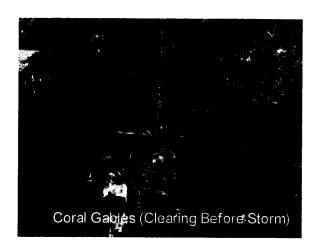












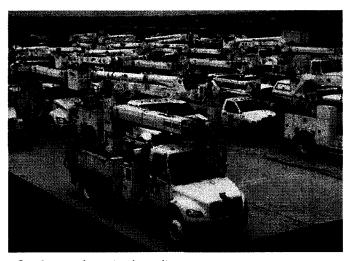
Staging Sites



Lake City staging site



St. Lucie Fairgrounds staging site



St. Augustine staging site



Daytona Speedway staging site



Jacksonville staging site

Forensics

Data Collection Findings / Number of Patrols

- Forensic (ESDA data collection)
 10 Findings / 21 Patrols
- ALS Patrol (Findings reported back to team lead)
 75 Findings / 379 Patrols
 - o ALS (Automated Lateral Switch) identified ALS damaged and missing units

Background and Philosophy

FPL's Storm Forensic Organization was formed after the 2004-2005 active storm seasons to help evaluate Distribution infrastructure performance during extreme wind weather events. The data collected serves to meet FPL commitments to the FPSC which include annual summary reporting of infrastructure performance during hurricane events.

The field forensic teams were created to investigate affected areas and collect damage information to analyze performance of:

- Hardened Feeders
- Overhead Feeders
- · Overhead vs. Underground Laterals

Note: Forensic investigations exclude locations under safety, property damage or other special investigation teams

Dorian Activation

Based on the projected path and intensity of Hurricane Dorian the Forensics Team was preactivated, but not pre-positioned. As the storm approached Florida and turned North up the coast, the teams were deployed as conditions improved and were acceptable to begin patrol.

ESDA

Since communications were not down, FPL incorporated the use of the ESDA (Emergency Storm Damage Assessment) App on their smart device to collect data on the impacted Hardened Feeders. All Hardened Feeders affected, that were not related to substation or transmission outages, were patrolled using ESDA

Hardened Feeders

The primary objective of hardening is to reduce restoration times by minimizing the number of pole failures during extreme wind weather events. Pole failures typically lead to extended restoration times and longer outages. As a result, FPL forensic investigators use pole failure rates as the primary measurement criteria to evaluate performance of Hardened vs. non-Hardened Feeders within the impacted areas. Feeder field forensic data was collected to conduct root cause analysis and failure mode of previously Hardened Feeders that locked out during the storm. All calculations are based on field data collected from ESDA patrols.

Overhead Feeders

Investigation of selected Overhead Feeders impacted by extreme wind events is an annual reporting requirement to the FPSC. Inspection locations are defined based on selected routes within the path of the storm. The objective of inspections is to collect sample data on selected Feeder locations in order to evaluate infrastructure performance during extreme wind events. Field data from ESDA patrols, TCMS and other sources will be utilized.

Overhead vs. Underground Performance

The investigation and performance of Overhead vs. Underground infrastructure during extreme wind events is an annual reporting requirement to the FPSC. Forensic investigators examine selected Underground or Overhead Lateral facilities that were affected within the path of the storm. The objective of these inspections is to collect sample data from Overhead or Underground damage locations in order to evaluate and compare infrastructure performance of Overhead and Underground facilities during extreme wind event. Field data from ESDA patrols, TCMS and other sources will be utilized.

Defining Storm Affected Areas

The emergency preparedness department performs the storm tracking activities from forecast to actual storm path. This information is available to the GIS group Technology Coordinator and is used to identify the storm affected area. Prior to a storm event, the Forensic Leads and the Technology Coordinator will be in close contact to execute the below plan based on the latest possible forecast or pre-storm plan. After the storm has passed, the Forensics Team executes the pre-storm plan unless the actual event was significantly different, at which time a new plan based on the actual storm path will be developed.

Dorian affected FPL's entire service area including:

Southeast Areas:

Central Dade North Dade South Dade
West Dade Central Broward North Broward
South Broward Boca Raton West Palm

North Management Areas:

Treasure Coast Brevard Central Florida

North Florida

West Management Areas:

Manasota Naples Toledo Blade

Distribution Hardening Programs

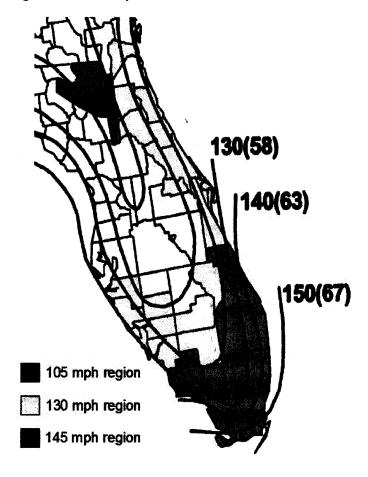
Storm Hardening Plan

- The Storm Hardening Plan started in 2006 and FPL has:
 - Hardened 170K poles through August 2019
- FPL's Storm Hardening Plan is filed with the PSC

PIP (Pole Inspection Program)

- The Pole Inspection Program started in 2006 and FPL has:
 - o Replaced 87,246 through August 2019
 - o Reinforced 57,595 through August 2019
- FPL's Pole Inspection Program is filed with the PSC.

Distribution Design Gust Wind Speeds



General Definitions / Acronyms

Affected - include only one interruption per device (for feeder, lateral, transformer, etc) if the device goes out multiple times

ALS - Automated Lateral Switch

AFS - Automated Feeder Switch

Broken or Downed Pole - Cannot carry electricity

Customers Affected - Customers that experienced an outage

CI - Customers Impacted which are customers that may have gone out more than once or nested outages.

CI Avoided - Customer Interruptions Avoided

CMH - Construction Man Hours (Labor)

DA – Distribution Automation

D&A - Design and Applications which coordinate the forensic operations and forensic patrols

ESDA - Electric Storm Damage Assessment is a mobile app and primary tool that facilitated the collection and characterization of the major types of damage on the Distribution system.

Hybrid Feeder - Combination of Feeder and Lateral miles between 5% - 95% UG

Interruptions - Total number of customer outages

Mean Higher High Water (MHHW) – An average of higher high water heights over time. Numbers are reported as the value above that regions value.

NHC - National Hurricane Center

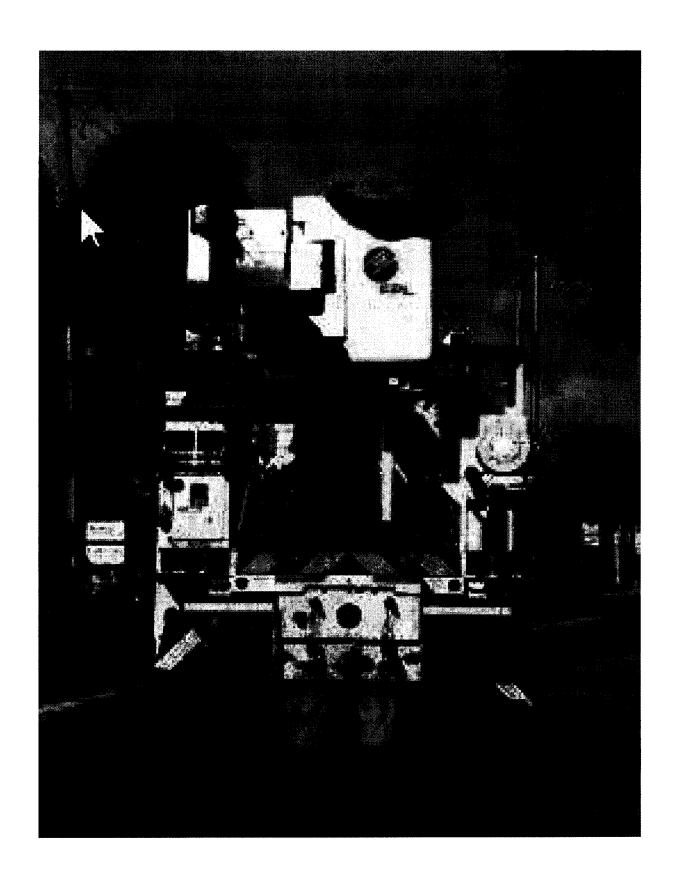
NOS - National Ocean Service

OH Feeder - Combination of Feeder and Lateral miles < = 5% UG

RCA - Root Cause Analysis

TCMS - Trouble Call Management System

UG Feeder - Combination of Feeder and Lateral miles > = 95% UG



Docket No. 20200172-EI
OPC's First Set of Production of Documents No. 20
Exhibit LK-6
Page 1 of 1

QUESTION:

Standby. Refer to the Direct Testimony of Mr. Miranda at page 22 referring to the 184,000 customers for which FPL restored power. Please provide any documents that summarize the number of service restorations by service territory.

RESPONSE:

Please refer to FPL's response for OPC's 1st Production of Documents Request, No. 10, which preliminarily indicated that approximately 162,000 [unique] customers lost power. FPL Witness Miranda's Direct Testimony indicates that more than 184,000 outages were experienced by customers (some more than one outage during the event).

Docket No. 20200172-EI OPC's First Set of Interrogatories No. 21 Exhibit LK-7 Page 1 of 1

QUESTION:

Capitalized Cost. Refer to the Confidential DH-1 Support File at worksheet tab 2(a) which shows the summary of Capitalized Cost associated with Hurricane Dorian. Footnote 1 indicates that unitization for the "follow-up" costs have not yet been completed. Please provide all documents used to complete that unitization when it is completed.

RESPONSE:

Refer to FPL's response to OPC's First Set of Interrogatories No. 20 for unitized follow-up costs as of May 31, 2020.

QUESTION:

Mutual Assistance Companies. Refer to the Confidential HSPM DH-1 Support File and the Excel files pertaining to all line and line-clearing contractors provided as part of the Company's filing.

- a. Please confirm that there are no costs included in Exhibit DH-1 pertaining to mutual assistance companies. If not confirmed, please indicate the location and amounts of all such costs summarized or otherwise included in Exhibit DH-1.
- b. Please completely explain all reasons there are no costs included in Exhibit DH-1 pertaining to mutual assistance companies

RESPONSE:

- a. Mutual Assistance costs are included in the Contractor line 4 of Exhibit DH-1, GL Detail tab on HSPM DH-1 Support File. Refer to Attachment No. 1 of this response for the mutual assistance costs for Hurricane Dorian included on DH-1.
- b. See response to subpart (a).

Docket No. 20200172-EI
OPC's First Set of Interrogatories No. 18
Exhibit LK-8
Page 2 of 2

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Phase III MoothVY Proct Categ Mutual Assistance May-2020 MA May-2020 MA May-2020 MA May-2020 MA Center Point Center Point Vover Debrey May-2020 MA National Grif Vover Debrey Apr-2020 MA National Grif Vover Debrey Apr-2020 MA Absorbit
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Horida Power & Light Company Cocket No. 20200172. El OPC'S First Set of Interrogatories Interrogatory No. 18 Attachment 1 of 1



Invoice for Mutual Assistance Support Provided to Florida Power & Light - Juno Beach, Florida August, 2019

Bill To: Florida Power & Light

Attn: Greg Gartner 15430 Endeavor Drive

Mailstop ST2, 2404 Jupiter, FL 33478-6402

Invoice Number:

19MUT2

Work Order Number: Billing Date:

November 20, 2019 \$ 2,605,013.42 Pay This Amount:

Remit To: ComEd

Attn: Kim Joseph

Two Lincoln Centre - 10th Floor Oakbrook Terrace, IL 60181-4260 FEIN:

36-0938600

15838074

*** FINAL INVOICE ***

**************************************	Category	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Hours	w.	Dollars
Labor	Direct ComEd Labor	ST OT	4,234.0	\$	222,682.18
	Labor Overheads	O1	5,673.8	\$	540,027.79 1,435,795.29
	Labor Total		9,907.8	\$	2,198,505.26
Non Labor	Materials & Stores Handling			\$	39,442.39
	Travel			\$	23,809.98
	Contracting			\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	95,680.14
	Meals			\$	17,920.34
	Office & Postage			2	1,009.95
	Other Expenditures			\$	88.13
	Other Operating Costs Other Employee Related			Þ	5,595.07
	Other Employee Related			Ф	8.51
	Transportation			\$	222,953.65
	Non Labor Total			\$	406,508.16
	Invoice Grand Total			\$	2,605,013.42

Assistance .	
Mutual	7
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Ledger:	2019 (19
eneral	nonst.

Ledger - Total Billed

Sum of Activity Amount	
Subacct - Level 2	Total
All Other Subaccounts	(0.00)
Base Payroll	399,724.43
Business Travel	23,809.98
Contracting	90,699.35
Functional Contracting	4,980.79
Incentive	65,947.68
Materials	39,442.39
Meals & Entertainment	17,920.34
Office and Postage	1,009.95
Other Employee Related	8.51
Other Expenditures	88.13
Other Operating Costs	922,569.95
Other Premium	13,436.67
Overtime	595,327.95
Payroll Taxes	39,345.86
Pensions & Benefits	167,747.79
Transportation	222,953.65
(black)	
Grand Total	2.605.013.42

61,432.20	170,910,21	273,041.33	699,068.22	217,906.66	13,436.67	\$ 1,435,795.29
PTO	Department Overheads	Pension & Benefits	AlA	G&A	Other Premium	Labor Overheads

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Sum of Activity Amount		
Subacct - Level 2	Subaccount	Total
Base Payroll	[510020] Regular Time	222,682.18
Base Payroll Total		222,682.18
Overtime	[511000] Overtime Wages	540,027.79
Overtime Total		540,027.79
Grand Total		762,709.97

Ledger - Dept Labor Overheads JH - Journal ID | (Muitiple Items)

Sum of Activity Amount	-	
Subacct - Level 2	Subaccount	Total
Base Payroll	[510020] Regular Time	115,610.05
Base Payroll Total		115,610.05
Overtime	[[511000] Overtime Wages	55,300.16
Overtime Total		55,300.16
Grand Total		170,910.21

Ledger - PTO		
Sum of Activity Amount		
Subacct - Level 2	Subaccount	Total
Base Payroll	[510100] Paid Time Off Allocation	61,470.65
	[510010] Absent Time	(38.45)
Base Payroll Total		61,432.20
Grand Total		61,432.20

Ledger - Pension / Fringes / Payroll Taxes	ges / Payroll Taxes	
Sum of Activity Amount		
Subacct - Level 2	Subaccount	Total
Incentive	[[513111] AIP - KPI Allocation	65,947.68
Incentive Total		65,947.68
Payroll Taxes	[604100] Payroll Taxes Altocation	39,345.86
Payroll Taxes Total		39,345.86
Pensions & Benefits	[520200] Fringe Benefit Allocation	98,852.60
	[521101] Pension Alloc PensAlloc-SC	64,423.32
	[521202] Post-Retirement Ben OPEB-NSC	(34,571.44)
	[521102] Pension Alloc PensAlloc-NSC	16,459.13
	[521201] Post-Retirement Ben OPEB-SC	22,583.73
	[520040] Other Benefit Plans	0.45
Pensions & Benefits Total	1	167,747.79
Grand Total		273,041.33

Sum of Activity Amount		
Subacct - Level 2	Subaccount	
Other Operating Costs	[535250] AlA Allocation 699,0	9,068.22
Grand Total	0.669	9.068.22

Sum of Activity Amount		
Subacct - Level 2	Subaccount	Total
Other Operating Costs	[535200] G&A OH Allocation	217,906.(
Other Operating Costs Total	al	217,906.6
Grand Total		1 217.90

Sum of Activity Amount		
Subacct - Level 2	Subaccount	· Total
Transportation	[535130] Fleet Srv-Veh RaFleet Services	191,977.56
	[535135] Fleet Srv-Oth Veh Related Cost	11,807,71
	[535137] Hired Hauling/Rental Veh Cost	9,842.36
	[535199] Fleet Services-Residual Alloc	9,326.02
Transportation Total		222,953.65
Grand Total		222,953,65

Ledger - Other	
Sum of Activity Amount	
Subacct - Level 2 Subaccount	Total
Other Operating Costs [531010] Equipment Rentals/Leases	5,484.53
[535160] Other Expenses	(625.76)
[535030] Utilities	10.81
[531012] Operating Lease Expense -Equip	725.49
ting Costs Tota	5,595.07
Grand Total	5,595.07

Docket No. 20200172-EI OPC's First Set of Interrogatories No. 35 Exhibit LK-10 Page 1 of 1

QUESTION:

Payroll. Refer to the Confidential DH-1 Support File at worksheet tab 3(a) which shows the calculation of incremental payroll expense. Please explain the method and procedure by which the incremental and non-incremental amounts were determined.

RESPONSE:

FPL calculated the amount of regular payroll expense that would have been incurred in the absence of the storm (i.e., the non-incremental payroll expense) by using the monthly budgeted amount of payroll expense for the year in which Hurricane Dorian occurred. This budgeted amount of regular payroll was the Company's normal, day-to-day regular payroll O&M expense that normally would be charged to and recovered through FPL's base rates.

In order to determine the regular payroll non-incremental amounts, regular Hurricane Dorian payroll charges were analyzed to determine the normal recoverability of these charges. A summary of payroll costs incurred was obtained and grouped by the employee's normal cost center. For these cost centers, the monthly budget breakdown was obtained to determine how these charges would have normally been recovered (i.e., % O&M, % Capital, % Clause). The allocations were then applied by cost center to determine the adjustment needed to remove those costs that would have otherwise been recovered through base rates.

Additionally, the applicable portion of applied payroll loadings and applied pension & welfare were also adjusted to properly remove payroll-related costs that would have normally been recovered through base rates.

Docket No. 20200172-EI OPC's First Set of Interrogatories No. 36 Exhibit LK-11 Page 1 of 1

QUESTION:

Accruals. Refer to the Confidential DH-1 Support File at worksheet tab Accrual Support which shows \$3.143 million in accounts payable accruals as of May 2020. Please provide the current status of estimated accruals, including the current status of disputes, and how that impacts the requested amount.

RESPONSE:

Estimated accruals as of the end of September 2020 are \$3.6 million. As of the end of September 2020, there remain pending disputes (line and vegetation), requesting approximately \$5.8 million in adjustments.

Docket No. 20200172-EI
OPC's First Set of Production of Documents No. 15
CONFIDENTIAL Exhibit LK-12
Page 1 of 12

QUESTION:

Invoice Support. Please provide each invoice over \$10,000 for any contractor (line, line clearing, and other), any other utilities, and/or any other vendors (for both capitalized and expensed costs) related to FPL's response to Hurricane Dorian and/or the related restoration work for which recovery is requested. Please provide the responsive documents in a separate electronic file folder for each contractor/vendor.

RESPONSE:

Attached please find all documents responsive to OPC's 1st Request for Production of Documents No. 15, all of which are confidential.

Storm Services Engineering LLC 3949 US HIGHWAY 93 S THOMASVILLE, GA 31792 US (229) 872-3611 ANN@STORMSL.COM



INVOICE

BILL TO

FPL - Payment Services Mail Code: TS1/JW 15430 Endeavor Drive Jupiter, FL 33478

Purchase Contract: 4600018484

SHIP TO

FPL - Payment Services Mail Code: TS1/JW 15430 Endeavor Drive Jupiter, FL 33478

Purchase Contract: 4600018484

DATE 10/15/2019
DUE DATE 11/14/2019
TERMS Net 30

DESCRIPTION	QTY	RATE	AMOUNT
FPL - Hurricane Dorian			
Week Ending 8/31/19			
LABOR			
Damage Assessment Services OT Hours	905	94.28	85,323.40
Damage Assessment Services Mob/Demob Hours	7,009	109.54	767,765.86
EXPENSES			
Damage Assessment Services Fuel	1	15,490.06	15,490.06
Damage Assessment Services Meals	1	14,365.12	14,365.12
Damage Assessment Services Tolls	1	318,19	318.19
Damage Assessment Services Lodging	1	25,685.86	25,685.86
Week Ending 9/7/19			
LABOR			
Damage Assessment Services ST Hours	947	70.89	67,132.83
Damage Assessment Services OT Hours	416.50	94.28	39,267.62
Damage Assessment Services Mob/Demob Hours	7,702	109.54	843,677.08

PLEASE REMIT PAYMENT TO: 3949 HIGHWAY 93 SOUTH THOMASVILLE, GEORGIA 31792

Docket No. 20200172-EI OPC's First Set of Production of Documents No. 15 CONFIDENTIAL Exhibit LK-12 Page 3 of 12

DESCRIPTION	QTY	RATE	AMOUNT
EXPENSES			
Damage Assessment Services Fuel	1	17,528.80	17,528.80
Damage Assessment Services Meals	1	21,862.50	21,862.50
Damage Assessment Services Tolls	1	126.43	126.43
Damage Assessment Services Lodging	1	9,709.96	9,709.96

LABOR

\$1,803,166.79

Vehicles

Included in Labor Rate

Expenses

105,086.92

TOTAL

\$1,908,253.71

See included reports and backup documentation.

BALANCE DUE

\$1,908,253.71

Mail content report generated by Collector

From:

"Nichols, Annette" < Annette. Nichols@fpl.com >

Created:

5/15/2020 3:25 PM

To:

"SharedMailbox, COLLECTOR-FPL-PO" < COLLECTOR-FPL-PO. SharedMailbox@nexteraenergy.com

10:

>

Subject:

FW: Listing of 'Others' POs with invoice numbers and totals

Attachments:

17314 - Quanta Utility.pdf, 1609684 - Stantec.pdf, Storm Services Patrol Invoice 2509.pdf, 656859 - Pike

PL.pdf, 656860 - Pike PL.pdf, 14221 REV2 - EC Fennell PL.pdf, HDR Invoice 1200224657.pdf

From: Slate, Trisha
Sent: Friday, May 15, 2020 3:08 PM
To: Nichols, Annette
Cc: Diaz, Adamaris ; Long, Holly
Subject: RE: Listing of 'Others' POs with invoice numbers and totals

Here are the invoices for the following vendors:

Quanta Utility Stantec Storm Services Pike PL EC Fennell PL HDR

Trisha Slate
Finandal Operations
Florida Power and Light Company
era Energy, Inc.
700 Universe Blvd
Juno Beach, FL33408
561-691-7848

From: Nichols, Annette Annette. Nichols@fpl.com>
Sent: Friday, May 15, 2020 11:41 AM
To: Alber, Trisha Trisha. Slate@fpl.com>
Cc: Diaz, Adamaris Adamaris. Diaz@fpl.com>; Long, Holly Holly.Long@fpl.com>
Subject: RE: Listing of 'Others' POs with invoice numbers and totals

Trish,

I just need the invokes and they have to be in PDF.

The back-up can be added after the invokes are posted.

Also, the large amount of back-up to an invoke causes problems with the collector so I do not want that to happen.

Please let me if you can get me just the invokes in PDF.

Thank you, Annette Nichols AP Assoc. Business Analyst Office#561-640-2614 Cell#561-358-8022 Recognize your peer's efforts, give them Power Bucksi

From: Slate, Trisha Trisha.Slate@fpl.com>
Sent: Friday, May 15, 2020 11:35 AM
To: Nichols, Annette Annette.Nichols@fpl.com>
Cc: Diaz, Adamaris Adamaris.Diaz@fpl.com>
Subject: RE: Listing of 'Others' POs with invoice numbers and totals

Hi Annette

For Storm, you will find some invoices are excel files and then some will be on come from the vendor in a PDF format. For example, all of Arbor Metrics' invoices are in the excel format. For BHI, it's in the PDF format. Let me know what you need for the back-up and will only include those when I send to you. Also can you upload the excel invoices as back-up or do I need to convert those to PDF?

Thank you,

Trisha Slate
Finandal Operations
Florida Power and Light Company
era Energy, Inc.
700 Universe Blvd
Juno Beach, FL38408
561-691-7848

From: Nichols, Annette Annette.Nichols@fpl.com>
Sent: Friday, May 15, 2020 11:27 AM
To: Slate, Trisha Tisha.Slate@fpl.com>
Cc: Long, Holly Holly,Long@fpl.com>; Diaz, Adamaris Adamaris.Diaz@fpl.com>
Subject: FW: Listing of 'Others' POs with invoice numbers and totals

Docket No. 20200172-EI
OPC's First Set of Production of Documents No. 15
CONFIDENTIAL Exhibit LK-12
Page 5 of 12

Trisha,
Your zip files contain the documentation for the invoices.
The documentation can be attached after the invoices are processed.
Do you have the actual invoices?

Thank you, Annette Nichols AP Assoc. Business Analyst Office#561-640-2614 Cell#561-358-8022 Recognize your peer's efforts, give them PowerBucksl

From: Slate, Trisha Trisha .Slate@fpl.com>
Sent: Friday, May 15, 2020 10:40 AM
TO: Nichols, Annette Annette.Nichols@fpl.com>
Cc: Diaz, Adamaris Adamaris. Diaz@fpl.com>; Long, Holly Holly.Long@fpl.com>
Subject: RE: Listing of 'Others' POs with invoice numbers and totals

Here are the first two. I am sending in pieces since the zip files are so large.

Trisha Slate Finandal Operations Florida Power and Light Company era Energy, Inc. 700 Universe Blvd Juno Beach, FL33408 551-691-7848

From: Nichols, Annette Annette. Nichols@fpl.com >
Sent: Friday, May 15, 2020 10:19 AM
To: Slate, Trisha Trisha. Slate@fpl.com >
CC: Diaz, Adamaris Adamaris Dipl.com >; Long, Holly Holly.Long@fpl.com >
Subject: RE: Listing of 'Others' POs with invoice numbers and totals

Okay, Thank you![©]

From: Slate, Trisha Trisha .Slate@fpl.com>
Sent: Friday, May 15, 2020 10:19 AM
TO: Nichols, Annette Annette.Nichols@fpl.com>
Cc: Diaz, Adamaris Adamaris.Diaz@fpl.com>; Long, Holly Holly.Long@fpl.com>
Subject: RE: Listing of 'Others' POs with invoice numbers and totals

Yes, I am getting those together now for you

Thank you,

Trisha Slate
Hinandal Operations
Florida Power and Light Company
era Energy, Inc.
700 Universe Blvd
Juno Beach, FL33408
561-691-7848

From: Nichols, Annette Annette.Nichols@fpl.com>
Sent: Friday, May 15, 2020 10:18 AM
To: Slate, Trisha Trisha.Slate@fpl.com>
C:: Diaz, Adamaris Adamaris.Diaz@fpl.com>; Long, Holly Holly.Long@fpl.com>
Subject: RE: Listing of 'Others' POs with invoice numbers and totals

Trisha,
Okay but is someone going to send me the invoices?

Thank you,
Annette Nichols
APAssoc. Business Analyst
Office#561-640-2614
Cell#561-358-8022
Recognize your peer's efforts, give them PowerBucks!

From: Slate, Trisha Trisha .Slate@fpl.com>
Sent: Friday, May 15, 2020 10:16 AM
To: Nichols, Annette Annette.Nichols@fpl.com>
Cc: Diaz, Adamaris Adamaris.Diaz@fpl.com>; Long, Holly Holly.Long@fpl.com>
Subject: Listing of 'Others' POs with invoice numbers and totals

HiAnnette

Please see the attached spreadsheet with the invoice numbers, totals, disallowances and net pay on each tab per vendor. Quanta, Storm Services and Pike don't have Net Pays since they are not e-receiving. I also verified that the totals from each tab, tie to the Summary tab.

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CONFIDENTIAL Exhibit LK-12
Page 6 of 12

Let me know if you have any questions.

Thank you,

Trisha Slate
Financial Operations
Florida Power and Light Company
era Energy, Inc.
700 Universe Blvd
Juno Beach, FL33408
561-691-7848

Docket No. 20200172-EI
OPC's First Set of Production of Documents No. 15
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Page 7 of 12

From:

Long, Holly

Sent:

Thursday, May 28, 2020 12:57 PM

To:

Gutierrez, Jorge; Cozzolino, Anthony; Diaz, Adamaris; Slate, Trisha

Subject:

FW: Storm Services Invoice Review

Attachments:

Storm Services Patrol Invoice 2509.pdf

Importance:

High

This invoice needs to be posted today as PO invoice.

I understand that Annette is out on vacation. Can someone else help get this posted today, NET OF DSIAALOWANCES?

See first email in this string approving \$

1,389,651 for net payment.

The invoice is attached and needs to be short paid. PO information is below.

Please let Addy know when posted so that she can unblock payment.

Addy note the approved net amount below.

Again, this needs to be poste today for PSC cut off.

Thanks, Holly

From: Castro, Rosie < Rosie.Castro@fpl.com > Sent: Thursday, May 28, 2020 11:55 AM

To: Howell, Lawrence < Lawrence. Howell@fpl.com >; Long, Holly < Holly.Long@fpl.com >

Cc: Slate, Trisha <Trisha.Slate@fpl.com>; Halsey, Jessica <Jessica.Halsey@fpl.com>; Moxley, Matthew

< Matthew. Moxley@fpl.com >; Gerard, Clare < Clare. Gerard@nee.com >

Subject: RE: Storm Services Invoice Review

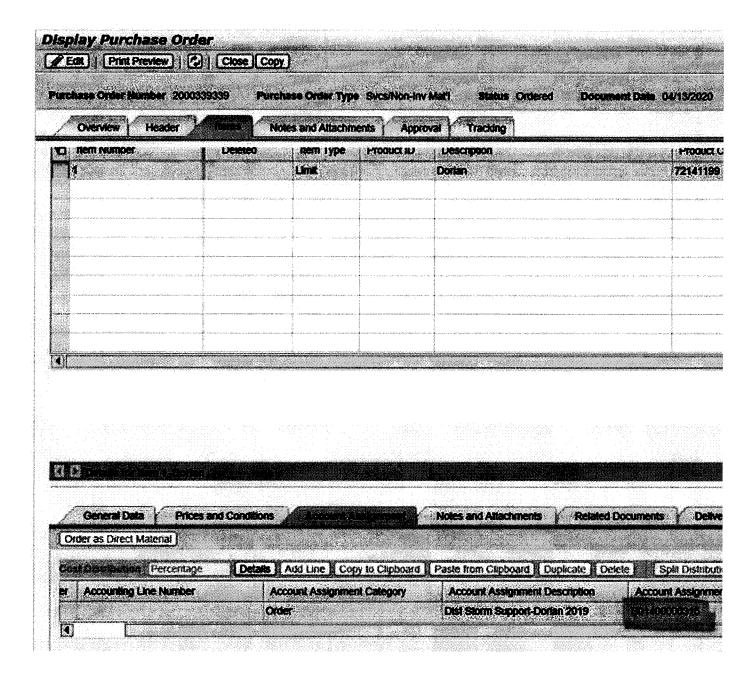
Good morning.

PO 2000339339 was created against contract 4600018484

IO S01400000315

GL 5751700

This PO was added on the list I had provided before. Not E-receiving, payment terms Z001 (pay immediately /block). A confirmation was already processed against this PO.



Sincerely,

Rosie Castro Sourcing Specialist II 561-304-5284



From: Howell, Lawrence < Lawrence. Howell@fpl.com>

Sent: Thursday, May 28, 2020 11:34 AM
To: Castro, Rosie < Rosie. Castro@fpl.com >
Subject: FW: Storm Services Invoice Review

Can you answer?

From: Long, Holly < Holly.Long@fpl.com > Sent: Thursday, May 28, 2020 11:10 AM

To: Howell, Lawrence < Lawrence. Howell@fpl.com >; Slate, Trisha < Trisha. Slate@fpl.com >; Halsey,

Jessica < Jessica. Halsey@fpl.com >; Moxley, Matthew < Matthew. Moxley@fpl.com >

Cc: Gerard, Clare < <u>Clare.Gerard@nee.com</u>> **Subject:** RE: Storm Services Invoice Review

Lawrence,

Can you please have someone let us know what GL account and IO is set up on this PO. Thanks,

Holly

From: Howell, Lawrence <Lawrence.Howell@fpl.com>

Sent: Thursday, May 28, 2020 10:57 AM

To: Long, Holly < Holly.Long@fpl.com >; Slate, Trisha < Trisha.Slate@fpl.com >; Halsey, Jessica

<<u>Jessica.Halsey@fpl.com</u>>; Moxley, Matthew <<u>Matthew.Moxley@fpl.com</u>>

Cc: Gerard, Clare < <u>Clare.Gerard@nee.com</u>> **Subject:** FW: Storm Services Invoice Review

Holly,

I'm not sure about the GL account and IO, but please use Product ID 7057 for the payment. Thanks.

TERRITOR Heads	r Henns N	oles and Allachment	s Conditions Te	risting		
Soneral Header Colo						
Contract Number:	4600018484			Contract Name	Storm Damage Assessment	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 2
Contract Type:	Purchase Contract	······································		Contract Owner	9000011542 Lesse	Cleaver
* Supplier:	3000069835 ST	ORM SERVICES EN	IGINEERING LLC	Target Value/ Currency.	2,006,000,00, USD	
" Valid From / To:	09/01/2018 - 1	2/31/2020		Release Value (Excl Limit S):	0.00 USD	
Purchasing Organization	FPLG Purchasing C)eganization	7	Limit PO Release Value	1.908.253.71	
* Purchasing Group:	304 - LESUE CLEA	VER - 561-694-6239		Documentum Link	http://sapro1001.tpl.com.8000/sap	/bc/webdynero/
Details Select . Add to			icte			
	Hom Status	sie (Dupkcale (De Ben Calegory	Product IO	Desiste		Pred
Dan Number	Hom Status Active	Hem Category Normal	Product IO 6-000-008-464	Description STORM-ASSESS MH RATE		
	Hern Status Active Active	Best Calegory Normal Normal	Product ID 0-000-008-454 0-000-008-450	STORM-ASSESS MH RATE STORM-ASSESS MH RATE	, NON-EMB,OT , NO VEH, NON-EMB,ST	9912
to Hom Number	Active Active	Hem Category Normal Normal	Product ID 8-000-008-454 0-000-008-460 0-000-008-465	STORM-ASSESS MH RATE STORM-ASSESS MH RATE STORM-ASSESS MH RATE	, NON-EMB,OT , NO VEH, NON-EMB,ST , NON-EMB,OT	9912 9912
to Hom Number	Active Active	Mess Category Normal Normal Hormal	Product ID: 8-000-008-454 0-000-008-460 0-000-008-465 0-000-008-465	STORM ASSESS MH RATE STORM ASSESS MH RATE STORM ASSESS MH RATE STORM ASSESS MOGIOEN	, NON-EMB,OT , NO VEH, NON-EMB,ST , NON-EMB,OT IOB RATE,NON EMB,ST	9912 9912 9912
to Hom Number	Active Active Active Active Active	Hem Category Normal Normal	Product ID 8-000-008-454 0-000-008-460 0-000-008-465	STORM-ASSESS MH RATE STORM-ASSESS MH RATE STORM-ASSESS MH RATE	, NON-EMB,OT , NO VEH, NON-EMB,ST , NON-EMB,OT IOB RATE,NON EMB,ST	9912 9912 9912 9912
to Hom Number	Seen Status Active Active Active Active Active Active Active	Rem Category Normal Normal Hormal Normal Normal	Product ID: 8-000-008-454 0-000-008-465 0-000-008-465 0-000-008-465	STORM ASSESS MH RATE STORM ASSESS MH RATE STORM ASSESS MH RATE STORM ASSESS MOGIOEN	, NON-EMB,OT , NO YEH, NON-EMB,ST , NON-EMB,OT IOB RATE,NON EMB,ST	9917 9912 9912 9917 9917
1 Hour Monator	Sem Status Active Active Active Active Active Active Active Active Active	Rem Category Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal	Product IO 0-000-008-454 0-000-008-465 0-000-008-465 0-000-008-465	STORM-ASSESS MH RATE STORM-ASSESS MH RATE STORM-ASSESS MH RATE STORM-ASSESS MOBIDEM STORM-ASSESS MOBIDEM	, NON-EMB,OT , NO VEH, NON-EMB,ST , NON-EMB,OT IOB RATE,NON EMB,ST IOB RATE,NON EMB,ST IEALS	9912 9912 9912 9912 9912
	Hern Status Active	Rem Category Normal Normal Hormal Normal Normal	Product IO 0 000-008-454 0 000-008-465 0 000-008-465 0 000-008-467 0 000-008-532	STORM-ASSESS MH RATE STORM-ASSESS MH RATE STORM-ASSESS MH RATE STORM-ASSESS MOBIDEM STORM-ASSESS MOBIDEM STORM PER DIEM DAILY M	, NON-EMB,OT , NO VEH, NON-EMB,ST , NON-EMB,OT IOB RATE,NON EMB,ST IOB RATE,NON EMB,ST IEALS UAL MEALS	9912 9912 9912 9912 9912 7214
to Heat November	Sem Status Active Active Active Active Active Active Active Active Active	Rem Category Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal	Product IO 0-000-008-464 0-000-008-465 0-000-008-465 0-000-008-467 0-000-008-467 0-000-008-467	STORM-ASSESS MH RATE STORM-ASSESS MH RATE STORM-ASSESS MH RATE STORM-ASSESS MOBIDEM STORM-ASSESS MOBIDEM STORM PER DIEM DAILY M STORM PER DIEM INDIVIDI	, NON-EMB, OT , NO VEH, NON-EMB, ST , NON-EMB, OT , NON-EMB, OT , NOR-EMB, ST , NOR-EMB, ST , NOR-EMB, ST JOB RATE, NON-EMB, ST JOB RATE, NON-EMB, ST JOB RATE, NOR-EMB, ST JOB RAT	9912 9912 9912 9912 9912 9912 7214 7214 72141

Briana Cobas

Sourcing Specialist II | Integrated Supply Chain Florida Power & Light Company | NextEra Energy Inc.

Telephone: 561-691-7349 E-mail: <u>Briana.Cobas@fpl.com</u>

From: Long, Holly < Holly.Long@fpl.com > Sent: Thursday, May 28, 2020 9:48 AM

To: Slate, Trisha < Trisha.Slate@fpl.com >; Halsey, Jessica < Jessica.Halsey@fpl.com >; Moxley, Matthew

< Matthew. Moxley@fpl.com >; Howell, Lawrence < Lawrence. Howell@fpl.com >

Cc: Gerard, Clare < <u>Clare.Gerard@nee.com</u>> **Subject:** RE: Storm Services Invoice Review

If the PO is set up with multiple product IDs that go to multiple GL account numbers and IOs, then the product ID will need to be incorporated into the file so that the proper amount can be confirmed by product ID.

That being said, a potential work around, if Lawrence agrees and if the PO/contract is set up in SRM with a product ID with the price of \$1 (like veg), you may be able to confirm the whole dollar amount of the collective invoices (as units) to that one product ID (one line item on the confirmation). Lawrence, can you please confirm that this is an option? If so, can you please let us know to which GL account and IO this one product ID this is set up to post?

Thanks,

Holly

From: Slate, Trisha < Trisha.Slate@fpl.com > Sent: Thursday, May 28, 2020 7:04 AM
To: Long, Holly < Holly.Long@fpl.com > Subject: FW: Storm Services Invoice Review

Good morning Holly,

I think Matt's questions is more for you to answer since it's concerning confirmations and product ids.

Thank you,

Trisha Slate
Financial Operations
Florida Power and Light Company
NEXTera Energy, Inc.
700 Universe Blvd
Juno Beach, FL 33408
561-691-7848



From: Moxley, Matthew < Matthew. Moxley@fpl.com >

Sent: Wednesday, May 27, 2020 7:27 PM
To: Halsey, Jessica < Jessica. Halsey@fpl.com>

Cc: Slate, Trisha < Trisha.Slate@fpl.com; Gerard, Clare < Clare.Gerard@nee.com; Gwaltney, T W < T.W.Gwaltney@fpl.com; Howell, Lawrence < Lawrence.Howell@fpl.com; Murphy, Janice

<Janice.Murphy@fpl.com>

Subject: RE: Storm Services Invoice Review

Jessica,

Thank you to you and the team for getting this processed! I know if was a difficult invoice with lots of complexities.

Trisha, for the other patroller invoices we've entered the confirmations by the product IDs on the contract. Do we to follow the same process for this one or could we enter it to one product ID? How are the line/veg invoices entered? My concern is that with the amount of disallowances it may be hard to calculate the units for each individual product ID.

Lawrence, just a heads up on the final outcome of this invoice.

Matt Moxley

Manager – Emergency Preparedness (561) 712-2867 tel (772) 233-0936 mobile

From: Halsey, Jessica < Jessica. Halsey@fpl.com > Sent: Wednesday, May 27, 2020 6:05 PM

To: Moxley, Matthew < Matthew. Moxley@fpl.com >

Cc: Slate, Trisha < Trisha.Slate@fpl.com >; Gerard, Clare < Clare.Gerard@nee.com >

Subject: Storm Services Invoice Review

Matt,

Please find attached our completed invoice review for Storm Services. Internal comments are confidential notes from our reviewers. Please let me know if you have any questions.

Company Name	lnvc	ice Submittal \$	Invoice	Disallowance \$	Disallowe	ed %	Net Payment
Storm Services	\$	1,908,253.60	\$	518,602.99	27.2%		\$ 1,389,65

Regards, Jessica

Docket No. 20200172-EI
OPC's First Set of Prodction of Documents No. 15
CONFIDENTIAL Exhibit LK-13
Page 1 of 6

QUESTION:

Invoice Support. Please provide each invoice over \$10,000 for any contractor (line, line clearing, and other), any other utilities, and/or any other vendors (for both capitalized and expensed costs) related to FPL's response to Hurricane Dorian and/or the related restoration work for which recovery is requested. Please provide the responsive documents in a separate electronic file folder for each contractor/vendor.

RESPONSE:

Attached please find all documents responsive to OPC's 1st Request for Production of Documents No. 15, all of which are confidential.

Diaz, Adamaris

Moxley, Matthew From:

Wednesday, April 29, 2020 11:55 AM Sent:

ë

Slate, Trisha; Diaz, Adamaris Subject:

FW: BHI Patroller Invoices - DORIAN

Matt Moxley

Manager - Emergency Preparedness

(561) 712-2867 tel (772) 233-0936 mobile

From: Murphy, Janice < Janice. Murphy@fpl.com>

Sent: Thursday, April 23, 2020 9:53 PM

To: Moxley, Matthew <Matthew.Moxley@fpl.com>; Depass, Mark D <Mark.D.Depass@fpl.com>

Cc: Long, Holly <Holly.Long@fpl.com>; Gwaltney, T W <T.W.Gwaltney@fpl.com>; Sheffield, Casey.Sheffield@fpl.com>; Howell, Lawrence

<Lawrence.Howell@fpl.com>

Subject: RE: BHI Patroller Invoices - DORIAN

Confirmations entered for the below as follows

Dorianext-01 ~ 5203894948

Dorianext-02 ~ 5203894949

Dorianext-03 ~ 5203894951

Dorianext-04 ~ 5203894952

From: Moxley, Matthew < Matthew. Moxley@fpl.com>

Sent: Thursday, April 23, 2020 8:11 AM

To: Depass, Mark D < <u>Mark.D.Depass@fpl.com</u>>

Cc: Murphy, Janice <<u>Janice.Murphy@fpl.com</u>>; Long, Holly <<u>Holly.Long@fpl.com</u>>; Gwaltney, T W <<u>T.W.Gwaltney@fpl.com</u>>; Sheffield, Casey

<<u>Casey.Sheffield@fpl.com></u>; Howell, Lawrence <<u>Lawrence.Howell@fpl.com</u>>

Subject: BHI Patroller Invoices - DORIAN

Below are the approval details and PO information for the following invoice for BHI for Hurricane Dorian patrol work. Casey Sheffield has reviewed and confirmed that the charges are valid.

Vendor	ВНІ
PO	2000339324
01	

Net Pay	\$ 54,108.23	\$ 43,584.83	\$ 52,462.31	\$ 122,364.45	\$ 272,519.82
Disallowance	\$ (24,315.20)	\$ (19,928.16)	\$ (27,043.40)	\$ (20,643.46)	(22'086'16) \$
Invoice Amount	\$ 78,423.43	\$ 63,512.99	\$ 79,505.71	\$ 143,007.91	\$ 364,450.04
Invoice	DORIANEXT-01	DORIANEXT-02	DORIANEXT-03	DORIANPT-04	TOTAL\$

Jan - Please proceed to enter the information in e-receiving so payment can be processed.

Matt Moxley

Manager – Emergency Preparedness (561) 712-2867 tel (772) 233-0936 mobile

Diaz, Adamaris

Moxley, Matthew From:

Wednesday, April 29, 2020 11:54 AM Sent: ë

Slate, Trisha; Diaz, Adamaris

FW: BHI Contract PL Invoice - DORIAN

Subject:

Matt Moxley

Manager - Emergency Preparedness

(561) 712-2867 tel

(772) 233-0936 mobile

From: Murphy, Janice < Janice. Murphy@fpl.com>

Sent: Friday, April 24, 2020 10:34 AM

To: Moxley, Matthew <Matthew.Moxley@fpl.com>; Depass, Mark D <Mark.D.Depass@fpl.com>

Cc: Long, Holly <Holly.Long@fpl.com>; Gwaltney, T W <T.W.Gwaltney@fpl.com>; Howell, Lawrence <Lawrence.Howell@fpl.com>

Subject: RE: BHI Contract PL Invoice - DORIAN

Confirmations have been entered for the below as follows

19PL-006-01 ~ 5203895244

19PL-007-01 ~ 5203895244

|9PL-008-01 ~ 5203895294

|9PL-009-01 ~ 5203895297

19PL-010-01 ~ 5203895313

19PL-012-01 ~ 5203895275 |9PL-011-01 ~ 5203895272

9PL-013-01 ~ 5203895278

19PL-014-01 ~ 5203895280

|9PL-015-01 ~ 5203895317

19PL-016-01 ~ 5203895281

|9PL-018-01 ~ 5203895283 |9PL-017-01 ~ 5203895322

Page 5 of 6

From: Moxley, Matthew < Matthew. Moxley@fpl.com>

Sent: Thursday, April 23, 2020 3:18 PM

To: Depass, Mark D <<u>Mark.D.Depass@fpl.com</u>>

Cc: Murphy, Janice "> Long, Holly.Long@fpl.com; Gwaltney, T W "> Howell, Lawrence Cc: Murphy, Janice "> Howell, Lawrence Cc: Murphy, Janice "> Howell, Lawrence "> Howell <a href="m

< Lawrence. Howell@fpl.com>

Subject: BHI Contract PL Invoice - DORIAN

Mark

Below are the approval details and PO information for the following invoice for BHI for Hurricane Dorian contract PL work. The Operations Section Chiefs have reviewed and confirmed that the charges are valid.

Vendor	ВНІ
PO	2000339446
01	

Invoice	Invoice Amount	Disallowance	Net Pay
19PL-006-01	\$ 10,438.07	7 (2,779.60)	\$ 7,658.47
19PL-007-01	\$ 14,136.29	9 \$ (3,101.14)	\$ 11,035.15
19PL-008-01	\$ 12,528.03	3 \$ (2,197.51)	\$ 10,330.52
19PL-009-01	\$ 14,221.27	7 \$ (2,251.12)	\$ 11,970.15
19PL-010-01	\$ 14,072.79	9 \$ (3,436.10)	\$ 10,636.69
19PL-011-01	\$ 12,951.07	7 \$ (6,218.59)	\$ 6,732.48
19PL-012-01	\$ 12,560.04	4 \$ (5,695.78)	\$ 6,864.26
19PL-013-01	\$ 13,436.57	7 \$ (4,664.47)	\$ 8,772.10
19PL-014-01	\$ 15,480.72	2 \$ (2,802.92)	\$ 12,677.80
19PL-015-01	\$ 9,564.91	1 \$ (2,942.02)	\$ 6,622.89
19PL-016-01	\$ 13,425.61	1 \$ (5,940.95)	\$ 7,484.66
19PL-017-01	\$ 13,856.75	5 \$ (6,093.73)	\$ 7,763.02
19PL-018-01	\$ 7,627.56	6 \$ (356.84)	\$ 7,270.72
Total	\$ 164,299.68	8 \$ (48,480.77)	\$ 115,818.91

Jan - Please proceed to enter the information in e-receiving so payment can be processed.

Matt Moxley
Manager – Emergency Preparedness (561) 712-2867 tel (772) 233-0936 mobile

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Docket No. 20200172-EI
OPC's First Set of Production of Documents No. 15
CONFIDENTIAL Exhibit LK-14
Page 1 of 5

QUESTION:

Invoice Support. Please provide each invoice over \$10,000 for any contractor (line, line clearing, and other), any other utilities, and/or any other vendors (for both capitalized and expensed costs) related to FPL's response to Hurricane Dorian and/or the related restoration work for which recovery is requested. Please provide the responsive documents in a separate electronic file folder for each contractor/vendor.

RESPONSE:

Attached please find all documents responsive to OPC's 1st Request for Production of Documents No. 15, all of which are confidential.



HURRICANE DORIAN - SITE SAFETY Contract # 4600015775 Vendor # 3000021580 TERMS: Due Immediately



BIII To: Florida Power & Light Juno Beach Office 700 Universe Blvd Juno Beach, FL 33408-2657

P O BOX 746320 ATLANTA, GA 30374-

INVOICE#: 656860

INVOICE DATE: 10/25/2019

Total Hours:	Total Billing for Time:	Total Expenses:	Total of Invoice:
426.75	\$47,927.25	\$352.27	\$48,279.52

Employee	Billing Type	Rate	Hours	Expense Total	Billing Total
Camper, Joseph	Expense			\$4.96	\$4.96
Camper, Joseph	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Rep-MOB/DEMOB	\$125.00	4.50		\$562.50
Camper, Joseph	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Representative	\$102.00	15.50		\$1,581.00
Erstad, Cory	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Representative	\$102.00	22.00		\$2,244.00
Garcia, Abraham	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Rep-MOB/DEMOB	\$125.00	21.50		\$2,687.50
Garcia, Abraham	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Representative	\$102.00	18.00		\$1,836.00
Grammes, Wayne	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Rep-MOB/DEMOB	\$125.00	5.25		\$656.25
Grammes, Wayne	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Representative	\$102.00	7.50		\$765.00
Hahn, John	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Rep-MOB/DEMOB	\$125.00	8.00		\$1,000.00
Hahn, John	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Representative	\$102.00	24.00		\$2,448.00
Hardin, Charles	Expense			\$337.27	\$337.27
Hardin, Charles	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Rep-MOB/DEMOB	\$125.00	11.00		\$1,375.00
Hardin, Charles	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Representative	\$102.00	11.00		\$1,122.00
Kennedy, Brian	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Rep-MOB/DEMOB	\$125.00	1.00		\$125.00
Kennedy, Brian	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Representative	\$102.00	8.50		\$867.00
Koger, Ronald	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Rep-MOB/DEMOB	\$125.00	9.00		\$1,125.00
Koger, Ronald	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Representative	\$102.00	19.00		\$1,938.00
Mabry, Mark	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Rep-MOB/DEMOB	\$125.00	20.00		\$2,500.00
Mabry, Mark	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Representative	\$102.00	23.50		\$2,397.00
McQuaig, David	Expense			\$10.04	\$10.04
McQuaig, David	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Rep-MOB/DEMOB	\$125.00	16.50		\$2,062.50
McQuaig, David	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Representative	\$102.00	19.50		\$1,989.00
Minnick, Al	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Rep-MOB/DEMOB	\$125.00	27.00		\$3,375.00
Newland, John	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Rep-MOB/DEMOB	\$125.00	11.50		\$1,437.50
Newland, John	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Representative	\$102.00	18.50		\$1,887.00
Rogers, Jeff	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Rep-MOB/DEMOB	\$125.00	40.00		\$5,000.00
Rogers, Jeff	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Representative	\$102.00	11.50		\$1,173.00
Taylor, William	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Rep-MOB/DEMOB	\$125.00	5.00		\$625.00
Taylor, William	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Representative	\$102.00	19.50		\$1,989.00
Wheeler, Lucas	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Rep-MOB/DEMOB	\$125.00	9.00		\$1,125.00
Zeiser, Raymond	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Rep-MOB/DEMOB	\$125.00	2.00		\$250.00
Zeiser, Raymond	5510-Storm Staging Site Safety Representative	\$102.00	17.50		\$1,785.00
Total:			426.75	\$352.27	\$48,279.52

Mail content report generated by Collector

From:

"Nichols, Annette" < Annette. Nichols@fpl.com >

Created:

5/15/2020 3:25 PM

"SharedMailbox, COLLECTOR-FPL-PO" < COLLECTOR-FPL-PO. SharedMailbox@nexteraenergy.com

To:

>

Subject: FW: Listing of 'Others' POs with invoice numbers and totals

Attachments:

17314 - Quanta Utility.pdf, 1609684 - Stantec.pdf, Storm Services Patrol Invoice 2509.pdf, 656859 - Pike

PL.pdf, 656860 - Pike PL.pdf, 14221 REV2 - EC Fennell PL.pdf, HDR Invoice 1200224657.pdf

From: Slate, Trisha
Sent: Friday, May 15, 2020 3:08 PM
To: Nichols, Annette
Cc: Diaz, Adamaris ; Long, Holly
Subject: RE: Listing of 'Others' POs with invoice numbers and totals

Here are the invoices for the following vendors:

Quanta Utility Stantec Storm Services Pike PL EC Fennell PL HDR

Trisha Slate
Financial Operations
Florida Power and Light Company
era Energy, Inc.
700 Universe Blvd
Juno Beach, FL33408
561-691-7848

From: Nichols, Annette Annette.Nichols@fpl.com>
Sent: Friday, May 15, 2020 11:41 AM
To: Slate, Trisha Trisha.Slate@fpl.com>
Ct: Diaz, Adamaris Adamaris.Diaz@fpl.com>; Long, Holly Holly,Long@fpl.com>
Subject: RE: Listing of 'Others' POs with invoice numbers and totals

Also, the large amount or Please let me if you can g Thank you,

The back-up can be added after the invoices are posted.

Also, the large amount of back-up to an invoice causes problems with the collector so I do not want that to happen. Please let me if you can get me just the invoices in PDF.

Thank you, Annette Nichols AP Assoc. Business Analyst Office#561-640-2614 Cell#561-358-8022 Recognize your peer's efforts, give them PowerBucksl

I just need the invoices and they have to be in PDF.

From: Slate, Trisha Trisha.Slate@fpl.com >
Sent: Friday, May 15, 2020 11:35 AM
To: Nichols, Annette Annette.Nichols@fpl.com >
Cc: Diaz, Adamaris Adamaris.Diaz@fpl.com >
Subject: RE: Listing of 'Others' POs with invoice numbers and totals

Hi Annette,

For Storm, you will find some invoices are excel files and then some will be on come from the vendor in a PDF format. For example, all of Arbor Metrics' invoices are in the excel format. For BHI, it's in the PDF format. Let me know what you need for the back-up and will only include those when I send to you. Also can you upload the excel invoices as back-up or do I need to convert those to PDF?

Thank you

Trisha Slate
Finandal Operations
Florida Power and Light Company
era Energy, Inc.
700 Universe Blvd
Juno Beach, FL33408
561-691-7848

From: Nichols, Annette Annette.Nichols@fpl.com>
Sent: Friday, May 15, 2020 11:27 AM
Totale, Trisha Trisha.Slate@fpl.com>
Cc: Long, Holly Holly,Long@fpl.com>; Diaz, Adamaris Adamaris.Diaz@fpl.com>
Subject: FW: Listing of Others' POs with invoice numbers and totals

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Trisha,
Your zip files contain the documentation for the invoices.
The documentation can be attached after the invoices are processed.
Do you have the actual invoices?

Thank you,
Annette Nichols
AP Assoc. Business Analyst
Office#1561.640-261A
Cell#561.358-8022
Recognize your peer's efforts, give them PowerBucks!

From: Slate, Trisha Trisha .Slate@fpl.com>
Sent: Friday, May 13, 2020 10:40 AM
To: Nichols, Annette Annette. Nichols@fpl.com>
C: Diaz, Adameris Adamaris. Diaz@fpl.com>; Long, Holly Holly,Long@fpl.com>
Subject: RE: Listing of 'Others' POs with invoice numbers and totals

Here are the first two. I am sending in pieces since the zip files are so large.

Trisha Slate
Finandal Operations
Florida Power and Light Company
era Energy, Inc.
700 Universe Blvd
Juno Beach, FL33408
561-691-7848

From: Nichols, Annette Annette. Nichols@fpl.com>
Sent: Friday, May 15, 2020 10:19 AM
To: Slate, Trisha Trisha. Slate@fpl.com>
Cc: Diaz, Adamaris Adamaris. Diaz@fpl.com>; Long, Holly Holly.Long@fpl.com>
Subject: RE: Listing of 'Others' POs with invoice numbers and totals

Okay, Thank youl

From: Slate, Trisha Trisha.Slate@fpl.com>
Sent: Friday, May 15, 2020 10:19 AM
To: Nichols, Annette Annette.Nichols@fpl.com>
C: Diaz, Adamaris Adamaris.Diaz@fpl.com>; Long, Holly Holly.Long@fpl.com>
Subject: RE: Listing of 'Others' POs with invoice numbers and totals

Yes, I am getting those together now for you.

Thank you,

Trisha State
Rinancial Operations
Florida Power and Light Company
ora Energy, Inc.
700 Universe Blvd
Juno Beach, FL33408
561-691-7848

From: Nichols, Annette Annette. Nichols@fpl.com>
Sent: Friday, May 15, 2020 10:18 AM
To: Slate, Trisha Trisha. Slate@fpl.com>
Cc: Diaz, Adamaris Adamaris. Diaz@fpl.com>; Long, Holly Holly.Long@fpl.com>
Subject: RE: Listing of 'Others' POs with invoice numbers and totals

Trisha,
Okay but is someone going to send me the invoices?

Thank you, Annette Nichols AP Assoc. Bushness Analyst Office#561_640-2614 Cell#561_358-8022 Recognize your peer's efforts, give them PowerBucksh

From: Slate, Trisha Trisha .Slate@fpl.com>
Sent: Friday, May 15, 2020 10:16 AM
To: Nichols, Annette Annette.Nichols@fpl.com>
Ct: Diaz, Adamaris Adamaris.Diaz@fpl.com>; Long, Holly Holly.Long@fpl.com>
Subject: Listing of 'Others' POs with invoice numbers and totals

Hi Annett

Please see the attached spreadsheet with the invoice numbers, totals, disallowances and net pay on each tab per vendor. Quanta, Storm Services and Pike don't have Net Pays since they are not e-receiving. I also verified that the totals from each tab, tie to the Summary tab.

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Let me know if you have any questions.

Thank you,

Trisha Slate
Hinandal Operations
Florida Power and Light Company
era Energy, Inc.
700 Universe Blvd
Juno Beach, Fl.33408
561-691-7848

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CONFIDENTIAL

OUESTION:

Mutual Assistance – Refer to the mutual assistance company invoice copy provided in the Confidential response to OPC POD 1-15 at file 1900623567 [Bates pages Nos. 027213 – 027226]. Refer further to Bates page No. 027220. It appears that the labor hours charged for the majority of workers amounted to 24 hours per day for everyday of August 31, 2019 through September 6, 2019.

- a. Please confirm that 24 hours per day were charged for the majority of workers by this company for each of the days referenced.
- b. The summary on this page of the invoice indicates that 1,254 hours of time was invoiced for "Rest Time Storm Emergency." Please describe this classification of hours that were invoiced.
- c. Please indicate whether FPL considers this practice to be appropriate as compared to being invoiced for only 16 hours per day by the mutual assistance company for storm recovery. If it considers this practice to be appropriate, please explain all reasons why.
- d. Please describe what the Company deems to be the appropriate storm recovery maximum daily billing hours per worker for payment purposes by the Company to a mutual assistance company. If there is no policy regarding maximum daily billing hours per worker for payment purposes by the Company to a mutual assistance company, please so state.
- e. Please indicate whether an exception adjustment was made for the daily hours per worker invoiced by this mutual assistance company by the Company for payment. If so, please provide a copy of all documentation and communication necessary to show that the exception adjustment was made. If the billing was not adjusted, please explain all reasons why not.
- f. If an exception adjustment was not made for the daily hours per worker invoiced by this mutual assistance company by the Company for payment and the Company believes one would be appropriate, please provide a calculation of the adjustment needed for labor and related benefits and describe how the adjustment amount(s) was determined.

RESPONSE:

a. Confirmed. Billing in this manner is consistent with the mutual assistance company's compensation policy and labor contract.

Mutual assistance costs reflect the actual expenses incurred by the mutual assistance utilities in support of FPL's restoration efforts, which may include being invoiced 24 hours per day depending on the mutual assistance company's existing compensation policy(ies) and labor contract(s). An overriding principle for providing restoration support is that, unlike non-mutual assistance utility contractors that have negotiated rates, restoration support from Southeastern Electric Exchange ("SEE") and EEI members is provided on a not-for-profit basis, i.e., utilities charge only their actual costs incurred. Therefore, this is an appropriate reimbursement. Restoration support from SEE and EEI members is provided on a not-for-profit basis.

- b. "Rest Time" is a term used by the mutual assistance utility that submitted the subject invoice. It is a work type or subset of the total hours invoiced by the mutual assistance utility. Please refer to FPL's response to OPC's 2nd Set of Interrogatories, No. 39a.
- c. Please refer to FPL's response to OPC's 2nd Set of Interrogatories, No. 39a.
- d. Please refer to FPL's response to OPC's 2nd Set of Interrogatories, No. 39a.
- e. No exception adjustments were made for the daily hours per worker invoiced by this mutual assistance company since the billing was consistent with the mutual assistance company's compensation policy and labor contract.
- f. Please refer to FPL's response to OPC's 2nd Set of Interrogatories, No. 39a and 39e.

CONFIDENTIAL

QUESTION:

Mutual Assistance – Refer to the mutual assistance company invoice copy provided in the Confidential response to OPC POD 1-15 at file 1900623567 [Bates pages Nos. 027213 – 027226]. Refer further to Bates pages Nos. 027222. A cost of \$97,320.93 was included as a benefits cost for something referred to as "Time Not Worked." Please describe what this benefit cost pertains to and whether it should be an appropriate cost to reimburse to the mutual assistance company, especially considering that 24 hours per day were already billed for labor for the majority of the workers as evidenced on Bates page No. 027220. If an exception adjustment was made for this line item, please so state.

RESPONSE:

The described cost of \$97,320.93 is a cost per the contract of the mutual assistance partner. The charge is considered an overhead charge related to the mutual assistance partner's personnel who provide support during the storm event. This charge is billed separate from the actual hours invoiced by the mutual assistance utility. Both the actual hours and the "Time Not Worked" charges are eligible for reimbursement, so long as they are consistent with the mutual assistance company's compensation policy and labor contract.

No exception adjustments were made for the daily hours per worker invoices by this mutual assistance company since the billing was consistent with the mutual assistance company's compensation policy and labor contract.

It is important to note that mutual assistance costs reflect the actual expenses incurred by the mutual assistance utilities in support of FPL's restoration efforts. An overriding principle for providing restoration support is that, unlike non-mutual assistance utility contractors that have negotiated rates, restoration support from SEE and EEI members is provided on a not-for-profit basis, i.e., utilities charge only their actual costs incurred. Therefore, this is an appropriate reimbursement.

the Rule. The disallowance recommendations address costs that were improperly recovered through the Reserve and that should be restored to the Reserve.

A. Process Recommendations

The process recommendations address the process issues and problems identified in my review. The process recommendations are as follows:

- 1. The Company should adopt written policies that describe and require it to assess the potential damage and outage risk exposures from storms at least annually before the storm season to reflect improvements in storm hardening and storm protection since the last assessment, and then incorporate the results of these assessments into all storm planning and implementation processes, including the determination of resource requirements, procurement of external resources, mobilization, demobilization, and other logistics.
- The Company should adopt written policies that describe and require it to plan and implement its storm damage and outage responses to minimize costs.
- 3. The Company should adopt written policies that describe and require it to optimize the allocation of internal resources and acquisition of external resources necessary to respond to the potential damage and outage risk exposures identified in its periodic assessments of those risk exposures.