BEFORE THE FLORIDA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

In re: Petition by Communications Authority, Inc. for arbitration of Section 252(b) interconnection agreement with BellSouth Telecommunications, LLC d/b/a AT&T Florida.

DOCKET NO. 140156-TP ORDER NO. PSC-14-0700-PCO-TP ISSUED: December 19, 2014

ORDER ESTABLISHING PROCEDURE

I. Case Background

On August 20, 2014, Communications Authority, Inc. (CA) filed a Petition for Arbitration seeking resolution of certain issues arising between BellSouth Telecommunications, LLC. d/b/a AT&T Florida (AT&T Florida) and CA in negotiating an interconnection agreement. An administrative hearing has been set for May 6-8, 2015.

This Order is issued pursuant to the authority granted by Rule 28-106.211, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), which provides that the presiding officer before whom a case is pending may issue any orders necessary to effectuate discovery, prevent delay, and promote the just, speedy, and inexpensive determination of all aspects of the case.

II. General Filing Procedures

Filings pertaining to this docket should identify the assigned docket number. Filing may be accomplished electronically as provided in the Commission's Electronic Filing Requirements, posted on its Web site www.floridapsc.com under the Clerk's Office tab, or by submitting the original document and the appropriate number of copies, as provided by Rule 25-22.028, F.A.C., to the Office of Commission Clerk via mail, hand delivery, or courier service addressed to:

Office of Commission Clerk Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850

The Commission strongly encourages Web based electronic filing, which is available from FPSC's Home Page by selecting the Clerk's Office link and FPSC Electronic Filing. This application accepts documents in Adobe PDF format only. The e-mail attachment method of e-filing remains available until further notice and is subject to certain filing restrictions listed on the Clerk's Electronic Filing link. The filing party is responsible for ensuring that no information protected by privacy or confidentiality laws is contained in any document that would be posted to FPSC's Web site in the regular course of business. To the extent possible, an

electronic copy of all filings shall be provided to parties and staff in Microsoft Word format and all schedules shall be provided in Microsoft Excel format with formulas intact and unlocked.

III. Tentative List of Issues

A list of the issues identified thus far in this proceeding is attached hereto as Appendix A. The scope of this proceeding will be based upon these issues as well as other issues raised by the parties up to and during the Prehearing Conference, unless modified by the Commission.

IV. Prefiled Testimony and Exhibits

Each party shall file all testimony and exhibits that it intends to sponsor, pursuant to the schedule set forth in Section IX of this Order. Testimony and exhibits may be filed electronically using the Web based electronic filing method. If filing paper copies, an original and 15 copies of all testimony and exhibits shall be filed with the Office of Commission Clerk, by 5:00 p.m. on the date due. A copy of all prefiled testimony and exhibits shall be served electronically or by regular mail, overnight mail, or hand delivery to all other parties and staff no later than the date filed with the Commission. Failure of a party to timely prefile exhibits and testimony from any witness in accordance with the foregoing requirements may bar admission of such exhibits and testimony.

The dimensions of each page of testimony shall be $8 \frac{1}{2} \times 11$ inches. Each page shall be consecutively numbered and double spaced, with 25 numbered lines per page and left margins of at least 1.25 inches. If filing paper copies of the testimony, all pages shall be filed on white, unglossed, three-holed paper and shall be unbound and without tabs.

Each exhibit sponsored by a witness in support of his or her prefiled testimony shall be:

- (1) Attached to that witness' testimony when filed;
- (2) If filing paper copies, on three-holed paper, unbound, and without tabs;
- (3) Sequentially numbered beginning with 1 (any exhibits attached to subsequently filed testimony of the same witness shall continue the sequential numbering system);
- (4) Identified in the upper right-hand corner of each page by the docket number, a brief title, and the witness' initials followed by the exhibit's number; and
- (5) Paginated by showing in the upper right-hand corner of each page the page number followed by the total number of pages in the exhibit.

An example of the information to appear in the upper right-hand corner of the exhibit is as follows:

Docket No. 012345-EI Foreign Coal Shipments to Port of Tampa

Exhibit BLW-1, Page 1 of 2

After an opportunity for opposing parties to object to introduction of the exhibits and to cross-examine the witness sponsoring them, exhibits may be offered into evidence at the hearing.

V. <u>Discovery Procedures</u>

A. General Requirements

Discovery shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 120, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and the relevant provisions of Chapter 364, F.S., Rules 25-22, 25-40, and 28-106, F.A.C., and the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure (as applicable), as modified herein or as may be subsequently modified by the Prehearing Officer.

Unless subsequently modified by the Prehearing Officer, the following shall apply:

- (1) Discovery shall be completed by **April 20, 2015**.
- Oiscovery requests and responses shall be served by e-mail, hand delivery, or overnight mail, and electronic service is encouraged. Discovery served via e-mail shall be limited to 5 MB per attachment, shall indicate how many e-mails are being sent related to the discovery (such as 1 of 6 e-mails), and shall be numbered sequentially. Documents provided in response to a document request may be provided via a CD, DVD, or flash drive if not served electronically.
- (3) Sets of interrogatories, requests for admissions, requests for production of documents, or other forms of discovery shall be numbered sequentially in order to facilitate identification.
- (4) Within each set, discovery requests shall be numbered sequentially, and any discovery requests in subsequent sets shall continue the sequential numbering system.
- (5) Discovery responses shall be served within **20** calendar days (inclusive of mailing) of receipt of the discovery request.
- (6) Each page of every document produced pursuant to requests for production of documents shall be identified individually through the use of a Bates Stamp or other equivalent method of sequential identification. Parties should number produced documents in an unbroken sequence through the final hearing.
- (7) Copies, whether hard copies or electronic, of discovery requests and responses shall be served on all parties and staff. In addition, copies of all responses to requests for production of documents shall be provided to the Commission staff at its Tallahassee office unless otherwise agreed.

Unless subsequently modified by the Prehearing Officer, the following shall apply:

(1) Interrogatories, including all subparts, shall be limited to **350.**

- (2) Requests for production of documents, including all subparts, shall be limited to **350.**
- (3) Requests for admissions, including all subparts, shall be limited to **150.**

When a discovery request is served and the respondent intends to seek clarification of any portion of the discovery request, the respondent shall request such clarification within 5 days of service of the discovery request. Further, any specific objections to a discovery request shall be made within 5 days of service of the discovery request. These procedures are intended to reduce delay in resolving discovery disputes.

B. <u>Confidential Information Provided Pursuant to Discovery</u>

Any information provided to the Commission staff pursuant to a discovery request by the staff or any other person and for which proprietary confidential business information status is requested pursuant to Section 364.183, F.S., and Rule 25-22.006, F.A.C., shall be treated by the Commission as confidential. The information shall be exempt from Section 119.07(1), F.S., pending a formal ruling on such request by the Commission or pending return of the information to the person providing the information. If no determination of confidentiality has been made and the information has not been made a part of the evidentiary record in this proceeding, it shall be returned to the person providing the information. If a determination of confidentiality has been made and the information was not entered into the record of this proceeding, it shall be returned to the person providing the information within the time period set forth in Section 364.183, F.S. The Commission may determine that continued possession of the information is necessary for the Commission to conduct its business.

Redacted versions of confidential filings may be served electronically, but in no instance may confidential information be electronically submitted. If the redacted version is served electronically, the confidential information (which may be on a CD, DVD, or flash drive) shall be filed with the Commission Clerk via hand-delivery, U.S. Mail, or overnight mail on the day that the redacted version was served via e-mail.

When a person provides information that it maintains as proprietary confidential business information to the Office of Public Counsel pursuant to a discovery request by the Office of Public Counsel or any other party, that party may request a temporary protective order pursuant to Rule 25-22.006(6)(c), F.A.C., exempting the information from Section 119.07(1), F.S.

When a party other than the Commission staff or the Office of Public Counsel requests information through discovery that the respondent maintains as proprietary confidential business information, or when such a party would otherwise be entitled to copies of such information requested by other parties through discovery (e.g., interrogatory responses), that party and respondent shall endeavor in good faith to reach agreement that will allow for the exchange of such information on reasonable terms, as set forth in Rule 25-22.006(7)(b), F.A.C.

VI. <u>Prehearing Procedures</u>

A. <u>Prehearing Statements</u>

All parties in this docket and the Commission staff shall file a prehearing statement pursuant to the schedule set forth in Section IX of this Order. Each prehearing statement shall be filed with the Office of Commission Clerk by 5:00 p.m. on the date due. A copy, whether paper or electronic, of the prehearing statement shall be served on all other parties and staff no later than the date it is filed with the Commission.

Each party's prehearing statement shall set forth the following information in the sequence listed below:

- (1) The name of all known witnesses whose testimony has been prefiled or who may be called by the party, along with subject matter of each such witness' testimony;
- A description of all prefiled exhibits and other exhibits that may be used by the party in presenting its direct case (including individual components of a composite exhibit) and the witness sponsoring each;
- (3) A statement of the party's basic position in the proceeding;
- (4) A statement of each question of fact, question of law, and policy question that the party considers at issue, along with the party's position on each issue, and, where applicable, the names of the party's witness(es) who will address each issue. Parties who wish to maintain "no position at this time" on any particular issue or issues should refer to the requirements of subsection C, below;
- (5) A statement of issues to which the parties have stipulated;
- (6) A statement of all pending motions or other matters the party seeks action upon;
- (7) A statement identifying the party's pending requests or claims for confidentiality;
- (8) Any objections to a witness' qualifications as an expert. Failure to identify such objection will result in restriction of a party's ability to conduct voir dire absent a showing of good cause at the time the witness is offered for cross-examination at hearing; and
- (9) A statement as to any requirement set forth in this order that cannot be complied with, and the reasons therefore.

Failure of a party to timely file a prehearing statement shall be a waiver of any issue not raised by other parties or by the Commission. In addition, such failure shall preclude the party from presenting testimony in support of its position on each such issue.

B. <u>Attendance at Prehearing Conference</u>

Pursuant to Rule 28-106.209, F.A.C., a Prehearing Conference will be held April 21, 2015, at the Betty Easley Conference Center, 4075 Esplanade Way, Tallahassee, Florida. Unless excused by the Prehearing Officer for good cause shown, each party (or designated representative) shall personally appear at the prehearing conference. Failure of a party (or that party's representative) to appear shall constitute waiver of that party's issues and positions, and that party may be dismissed from the proceeding.

C. Waiver of Issues

Any issue not raised by a party either before or during the Prehearing Conference shall be waived by that party, except for good cause shown. A party seeking to raise a new issue after the Prehearing Conference shall demonstrate each of the following:

- (1) The party was unable to identify the issue because of the complexity of the matter.
- (2) Discovery or other prehearing procedures were not adequate to fully develop the issue.
- (3) Due diligence was exercised to obtain facts touching on the issue.
- (4) Information obtained subsequent to the Prehearing Conference was not previously available to enable the party to identify the issue.
- (5) Introduction of the issue would not be to the prejudice or surprise of any party.

Specific reference shall be made to the information received and how it enabled the party to identify the issue.

Unless a matter is not at issue for that party, each party shall take a position on each issue by the time of the Prehearing Conference or by such later time as may be permitted by the Prehearing Officer. If a party is unable through diligence and good faith efforts to take a position on a matter at issue for that party, it shall explicitly state in its prehearing statement why it cannot take a position. If the Prehearing Officer finds that the party has acted diligently and in good faith to take a position, and further finds that the party's failure to take a position will not prejudice other parties or confuse the proceeding, the party may maintain "no position at this time" prior to hearing and thereafter identify its position in a post-hearing statement of issues. In the absence of such a finding by the Prehearing Officer, the party shall have waived the entire issue, and the party's position shall be shown as "no position" in the Prehearing Order. When an issue and position have been properly identified, any party may adopt that issue and position in its post-hearing statement. Commission staff may take "no position at this time" or a similar position on any issue without having to make the showing described above.

D. Motions to Strike Prefiled Testimony and Exhibits

Motions to strike any portion of the prefiled testimony and related portions of exhibits of any witness shall be made in writing no later than the Prehearing Conference. Motions to strike

any portion of prefiled testimony and related portions of exhibits at hearing shall be considered untimely, absent good cause shown.

E. Demonstrative Exhibits

If a party wishes to use a demonstrative exhibit or other demonstrative tools at hearing, such materials must be identified by the time of the Prehearing Conference.

F. Official Recognition

Parties seeking official recognition of materials pursuant to Section 120.569(2)(i), F.S., shall notify all other parties and staff in writing no later than two business days prior to the first scheduled hearing date. Such notification shall identify all materials for which the party seeks official recognition, and to the extent such materials may not be readily available to all parties, such materials shall be provided along with the notification.

VII. Hearing Procedures

A. Attendance at Hearing

Unless excused by the Presiding Officer for good cause shown, each party (or designated representative) shall personally appear at the hearing. Failure of a party, or that party's representative, to appear shall constitute waiver of that party's issues, and that party may be dismissed from the proceeding.

Likewise, all witnesses are expected to be present at the hearing unless excused by the Presiding Officer upon the staff attorney's confirmation prior to the hearing date of the following:

- (1) All parties agree that the witness will not be needed for cross examination.
- (2) All Commissioners assigned to the panel do not have questions for the witness.

In the event a witness is excused in this manner, his or her testimony may be entered into the record as though read following the Commission's approval of the proposed stipulation of that witness' testimony.

B. <u>Cross-Examination</u>

The parties shall avoid duplicative or repetitious cross-examination. Further, friendly cross-examination will not be allowed. Cross-examination shall be limited to witnesses whose testimony is adverse to the party desiring to cross-examine. Any party conducting what appears to be a friendly cross-examination of a witness should be prepared to indicate why that witness's direct testimony is adverse to its interests.

C. <u>Use of Confidential Information at Hearing</u>

It is the policy of this Commission that all Commission hearings be open to the public at all times. The Commission also recognizes its obligation pursuant to Section 364.183, F.S., to protect proprietary confidential business information from disclosure outside the proceeding. Therefore, any party wishing to use any proprietary confidential business information, as that term is defined in Section 364.183, F.S., at the hearing shall adhere to the following:

- (1) When confidential information is used in the hearing, parties must have copies for the Commissioners, necessary staff, and the court reporter, in red envelopes clearly marked with the nature of the contents. Any party wishing to examine the confidential material that is not subject to an order granting confidentiality shall be provided a copy in the same fashion as provided to the Commissioners, subject to execution of any appropriate protective agreement with the owner of the material.
- (2) Counsel and witnesses are cautioned to avoid verbalizing confidential information in such a way that would compromise confidentiality. Therefore, confidential information should be presented by written exhibit when reasonably possible.

At the conclusion of that portion of the hearing that involves confidential information, all copies of confidential exhibits shall be returned to the proffering party. If a confidential exhibit has been admitted into evidence, the copy provided to the court reporter shall be retained in the Office of Commission Clerk's confidential files. If such information is admitted into the evidentiary record at hearing and is not otherwise subject to a request for confidentiality filed with the Commission, the source of the information must file a request for confidential classification of the information within 21 days of the conclusion of the hearing, as set forth in Rule 25-22.006(8)(b), F.A.C., if continued confidentiality of the information is to be maintained.

VIII. Post-Hearing Procedures

If the Commission (or assigned panel) does not render a bench decision at the hearing, it may allow each party to file a post-hearing statement of issues and positions pursuant to the schedule set forth in Section IX of this Order. In such event, a summary of each position of no more than 50 words, set off with asterisks, shall be included in that statement. If a party's position has not changed since the issuance of the prehearing order, the post-hearing statement may simply restate the prehearing position. However, the position must be reduced to no more than 50 words. If a post-hearing statement is required and a party fails to file in conformance with the rule, that party shall have waived all issues and may be dismissed from the proceeding.

Pursuant to Rule 28-106.215, F.A.C., a party's proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law, if any, statement of issues and positions, and brief, shall together total no more than 40 pages and shall be filed at the same time, unless modified by the Presiding Officer.

IX. Controlling Dates

The following dates have been established to govern the key activities of this case:

(1)	Direct testimony and exhibits	February 16, 2015
(2)	Staff's testimony and exhibits, if any	March 9, 2015
(3)	Rebuttal testimony and exhibits	March 23, 2015
(4)	Prehearing Statements	April 6, 2015
(5)	Discovery deadline	April 20, 2015
(6)	Prehearing Conference	April 21, 2015
(7)	Hearing	May 6-8, 2015
(8)	Briefs	June 5, 2015

In addition, all parties should be on notice that the Prehearing Officer may exercise the discretion to schedule additional prehearing conferences or meetings of the parties as deemed appropriate. Such meetings will be properly noticed to afford the parties an opportunity to attend.

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Based upon the foregoing, it is

ORDERED by Commissioner Ronald A. Brisé, as Prehearing Officer, that the provisions of this Order shall govern this proceeding unless modified by the Commission.

By ORDER of Commissioner Ronald A. Brisé, as Prehearing Officer, this _____ day of

RONALD A. BRISÉ

Commissioner and Prehearing Officer Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, Florida 32399 (850) 413-6770 www.floridapsc.com

Copies furnished: A copy of this document is provided to the parties of record at the time of issuance and, if applicable, interested persons.

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NOTICE OF FURTHER PROCEEDINGS OR JUDICIAL REVIEW

The Florida Public Service Commission is required by Section 120.569(1), Florida Statutes, to notify parties of any administrative hearing or judicial review of Commission orders that is available under Sections 120.57 or 120.68, Florida Statutes, as well as the procedures and time limits that apply. This notice should not be construed to mean all requests for an administrative hearing or judicial review will be granted or result in the relief sought.

Mediation may be available on a case-by-case basis. If mediation is conducted, it does not affect a substantially interested person's right to a hearing.

Any party adversely affected by this order, which is preliminary, procedural or intermediate in nature, may request: (1) reconsideration within 10 days pursuant to Rule 25-22.0376, Florida Administrative Code; or (2) judicial review by the Florida Supreme Court, in the case of an electric, gas or telephone utility, or the First District Court of Appeal, in the case

of a water or wastewater utility. A motion for reconsideration shall be filed with the Office of Commission Clerk, in the form prescribed by Rule 25-22.0376, Florida Administrative Code. Judicial review of a preliminary, procedural or intermediate ruling or order is available if review of the final action will not provide an adequate remedy. Such review may be requested from the appropriate court, as described above, pursuant to Rule 9.100, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure.

APPENDIX A ISSUE LIST

Issue 1	Is AT&T Florida obligated to provide UNEs for the provision of Information Services?
Issue 2	Is Communications Authority entitled to become a Tier 1 Authorized Installation Supplier (AIS) to perform work outside its collocation space?
Issue 3	When Communications Authority supplies a written list for subsequent placement of equipment, should an application fee be assessed?
Issue 4a	If Communications Authority is in default, should AT&T Florida be allowed to reclaim collocation space prior to conclusion of a dispute regarding the default?
Issue 4b	Should AT&T Florida be allowed to refuse Communications Authority's applications for additional collocation space or service or to complete pending orders after AT&T Florida has notified Communications Authority it is in default of its obligations as Collocator but prior to conclusion of a dispute regarding the default?
Issue 5	Should Communications Authority be required to provide AT&T Florida with a certificate of insurance prior to starting work in Communications Authority's collocation space on AT&T Florida's premises?
Issue 6	Should AT&T Florida be allowed to recover its costs when it erects an internal security partition to protect its equipment and ensure network reliability and such partition is the least costly reasonable security measure?
Issue 7a	Under what circumstances may AT&T Florida charge Communications Authority when Communications Authority submits a modification to an application for collocation, and what charges should apply?
Issue 7b	When Communications Authority wishes to add to or modify its collocation space or the equipment in that space, or to cable to that space, should Communications Authority be required to submit an application and to pay the
Issue 8	associated application fee? Is 120 calendar days from the date of a request for an entrance facility, plus the ability to extend that time by an additional 30 days, adequate time for Communications Authority to place a cable in a manhole?
Issue 9a	Should the ICA require Communications Authority to utilize an AT&T Florida AIS Tier 1 for CLEC-to-CLEC connection within a central office?

Issue 9b	Should CLEC-to-CLEC connections within a central office be required to utilize AT&T Florida common cable support structure?
Issue 10	If equipment is improperly collocated (e.g., not previously identified on an approved application for collocation or not on authorized equipment list), or is a safety hazard, should Communications Authority be able to delay removal until the dispute is resolved?
Issue 11	Should the period of time in which the Billed Party must remit payment be thirty (30) days from the bill date or twenty (20) days from receipt of the bill?
Issue 12	i) Should a Discontinuance Notice allow the Billed Party fifteen (15) days or thirty (30) to remit payment to avoid service disruption or disconnection?
	ii) Should the terms and conditions applicable to bills not paid on time apply to both disputed and undisputed charges?
Issue 13a	i) Should the definition of "Late Payment Charge" limit the applicability of such charges to undisputed charges not paid on time?
Issue 13b	ii) Should Late Payment Charges apply if Communications Authority does not provide the necessary remittance information? Should the definition of "Past Due" be limited to undisputed charges that are not paid on time?
Issue 13c	Should the definition of "Unpaid Charges" be limited to undisputed charges that are not paid on time?
Issue 13d	Should Late Payment Charges apply only to undisputed charges?
Issue 14a	Should the GTCs state that the parties shall provide each other local interconnection services or components at no charge?
Issue 14b	i) Should an ASR supplement be required to extend the due date when the review and discussion of a trunk servicing order extends beyond 2 business days?
	ii) Should AT&T Florida be obligated to process Communications Authority's ASRs at no charge?

Issue 15 i) What is the appropriate time period for Communications Authority to deliver the additional insured endorsement for Commercial General Liability insurance? ii) May Communications Authority exclude explosion, collapse and underground damage coverage from its Commercial General Liability policy if it will not engage in such work? Issue 16 Which party's insurance requirements are appropriate for the ICA when Communications Authority is collocating? **Issue 17** i) What notification interval should Communications Authority provide to AT&T Florida for a proposed assignment or transfer? ii) Should AT&T Florida be obligated to recognize an assignment or transfer of the ICA that the ICA does not permit? iii) Should the ICA disallow assignment or transfer of the ICA to an Affiliate that has its own ICA in Florida? Issue 18 Should the ICA expire on a date certain that is two years plus 90 days from the date the ICA is sent to Communications Authority for execution, or should the term of the ICA be five years from the effective date? Issue 19 Should termination due to failure to correct a material breach be prohibited if the Dispute Resolution process has been invoked but not concluded? Issue 20 Should AT&T Florida be permitted to reject Communications Authority's request to negotiate a new ICA when Communications Authority has a disputed outstanding balance under this ICA? Issue 21 Should Communications Authority be responsible for Late Payment Charges when Communications Authority's payment is delayed as a result of its failure to use electronic funds credit transfers through the ACH network? Issue 22a Should the disputing party be required to use the billing party's preferred form or method to communicate billing disputes? Issue 22b Should Communications Authority use AT&T Florida's form to notify AT&T Florida that it is disputing a bill? Issue 23 Should a party that disputes a bill be required to pay the disputed amount into an interest-bearing escrow account pending resolution of the dispute? Issue 24 i) Should the ICA provide that the billing party may only send a discontinuance notice for unpaid undisputed charges?

- ii) Should the non-paying party have 15 or 30 calendar days from the date of a discontinuance notice to remit payment?
- Issue 25 Should the ICA obligate the billing party to provide itemized detail of each adjustment when crediting the billed party when a dispute is resolved in the billed party's favor?
- Issue **26** What is the appropriate time frame for a party to dispute a bill?
- Issue **27** Should the ICA permit Communications Authority to dispute a class of related charges on a single dispute notice?
- i) Should a party that disputes a bill be required to pay the disputed amount into an interest-bearing escrow account pending resolution of the dispute?
 - ii) Should the ICA reflect that Communications Authority must either pay to AT&T Florida or escrow disputed amounts related to resale services and UNEs within 29 days of the bill due date or waive its right to dispute the bill for those services?
- i) Should the ICA permit a party to bring a complaint directly to the Commission, bypassing the dispute resolution provisions of the ICA?
 - ii) Should the ICA permit a party to seek relief from the Commission for an alleged violation of law or regulation governing a subject that is covered by the ICA?
- Issue **30** i) Should the joint and several liability terms be reciprocal?
 - ii) Can a third-party that places an order under this ICA using Communications Authority's company code or identifier be jointly and severally liable under the ICA?
- Issue 31 Does AT&T Florida have the right to reuse network elements or resold services facilities utilized to provide service solely to Communications Authority's customer subsequent to disconnection by Communications Authority's customer without a disconnection order by Communications Authority?
- Issue **32** Shall the purchasing party be permitted to not pay taxes because of a failure by the providing party to include taxes on an invoice or to state a tax separately on such invoice?

Issue 33a	Should the purchasing party be excused from paying a Tax to the providing party that the purchasing party would otherwise be obligated to pay if the purchasing party pays the Tax directly to the Governmental Authority?
Issue 33b	If Communications Authority has both resale customers and facilities-based customers, should Communications Authority be required to use AT&T Florida as a clearinghouse for 911 surcharges with respect to resale lines?
Issue 34	Should Communications Authority be required to interconnect with AT&T Florida's E911 Selective Router?
Issue 35	Should the definition of "Entrance Facilities" exclude interconnection arrangements where the POI is within an AT&T Florida serving wire center and Communications Authority provides its own transport on its side of that POI?
Issue 36	Should the network interconnection architecture plan section of the ICA provide that Communications Authority may lease TELRIC-priced facilities to link one POI to another?
Issue 37	Should Communications Authority be solely responsible for the facilities that carry Communications Authority's OS/DA, E911, Mass Calling, Third Party and Meet Point trunk groups?
Issue 38	May Communications Authority designate its collocation as the POI?
Issue 39a	Should the ICA state that Communications Authority may use a third party tandem provider to exchange traffic with third party carriers?
Issue 39b	Should the ICA provide that either party may designate a third party tandem as the Local Homing Tandem for its terminating traffic between the parties' switches that are both connected to that tandem?
Issue 40	Should the ICA obligate Communications Authority to establish a dedicated trunk group to carry mass calling traffic?
Issue 41	Should the ICA include Communications Authority's language providing for SIP Voice-over-IP trunk groups?
Issue 42	Should Communications Authority be obligated to pay for an audit when the PLF, PLU and/or PIU factors it provides AT&T Florida are overstated by 5% or more or by an amount resulting in AT&T Florida under-billing Communications Authority by \$2,500 or more per month?

Issue 43 i) Is the billing party entitled to accrue late payment charges and interest on unpaid intercarrier compensation charges? ii) When a billing dispute is resolved in favor of the billing party, should the billed party be obligated to make payment within 10 business days or 30 business days? Issue 44 Should the ICA contain a definition for HDSL-capable loops? Issue 45 How should the ICA describe what is meant by a vacant ported number? Issue 46 i) Should the ICA include limitations on the geographic portability of telephone numbers? Should the ICA provide that neither party may port toll-free service telephone numbers? Issue 47 Should the ICA require the parties to provide access to live agents for handling repair issues? Should the provisioning dispatch terms and related charges in the OSS Issue 48a Attachment apply equally to both parties? Issue 48b Should the repair terms and related charges in the OSS Attachment apply equally to both parties? Issue 49 When Communications Authority attaches facilities to AT&T Florida's structure, should Communications Authority be excused from paying inspection costs if AT&T Florida's own facilities bear the same defect as Communications Authority's? **Issue 50** In order for Communications Authority to obtain from AT&T Florida an unbundled network element (UNE) or a combination of UNEs for which there is no price in the ICA, must Communications Authority first negotiate an amendment to the ICA to provide a price for that UNE or UNE combination? Issue 51 Should AT&T Florida be required to prove to Communications Authority's satisfaction and without charge that a requested UNE is not available? Issue 52 Should the UNE Attachment contain the sole and exclusive terms and conditions by which Communications Authority may obtain UNEs from AT&T Florida? Issue 53 Should Communications Authority be allowed to comingle any UNE element

Issue 62a

Issue 54a	Is thirty (30) days written notice sufficient notice prior to converting a UNE to the equivalent wholesale service when such conversion is appropriate?
Issue 54b	Is thirty (30) calendar days subsequent to wire center Notice of Non-impairment sufficient notice prior to billing the provisioned element at the equivalent special access rate/Transitional Rate?
Issue 55	To designate a wire center as unimpaired, should AT&T Florida be required to provide written notice to Communications Authority?
Issue 56	Should the ICA include Communications Authority's proposed language broadly prohibiting AT&T Florida from taking certain measures with respect to elements of AT&T Florida's network?
Issue 57	May Communications Authority use a UNE to provide service to itself or for other administrative purposes?
Issue 58	Is Multiplexing available as a stand-alone UNE independent of loops and transport?
Issue 59a	If AT&T Florida accepts and installs an order for a DS1 after Communications Authority has already obtained ten DS1s in the same building, must AT&T Florida provide written notice and allow 30 days before converting to and charging for Special Access service?
Issue 59b	Must AT&T Florida provide notice to Communications Authority before converting DS3 Digital UNE loops to special access for DS3 Digital UNE loops that exceed the limit of one unbundled DS3 loop to any single building?
Issue 59c	For unbundled DS1 or DS3 dedicated transport circuits that AT&T Florida installs that exceed the applicable cap on a specific route, must AT&T Florida provide written notice and allow 30 days prior to conversion to Special Access?
Issue 60	Should Communications Authority be prohibited from obtaining resale services for its own use or selling them to affiliates?
Issue 61	Which party's language regarding detailed billing should be included in the ICA?

Should the ICA state that OS/DA services are included with resale services?

Issue 62b	Does Communications Authority have the option of not ordering OS/DA service for its resale end users?
Issue 63	Should Communications Authority be required to give AT&T Florida the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of Communications Authority's end user customers who wish to be omitted from directories?
Issue 64	What time interval should be required for submission of directory listing information for installation, disconnection, or change in service?
Issue 65	Should the ICA include Communications Authority's proposed language identifying specific circumstances under which AT&T Florida or its affiliates may or may not use Communications Authority's subscriber information for marketing or winback efforts?
Issue 66	For each rate that Communications Authority has asked the Commission to arbitrate, what rate should be included in the ICA?