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Marshall M. Criser III
Regulatory Vice President

September 5, 2001

Mr. Dan Hoppe
Director, Division of Regulatory Oversight
Florida Public Service Commission
Attn: Tariff Section
2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850

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COMMISSION
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Dear Mr. Hoppe:

Attached for filing with the Commission are the following pages of the General Subscriber Services Tariff and the Access Services Tariff. See Attachment A for a listing of pages.

With this filing, BellSouth is deleting CCS7 Access Arrangement from the Access Services Tariff and is adding terms, conditions and rates for Common Channel Signaling IS-41 and ISDNUP Message Transport Service for use by CMRS providers.

Commission consideration and approval of this filing is appreciated.

Yours very truly,

Marshall M. Criser III

Marshal M. Criser, III
Vice President

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Executive Summary

Introduction

This tariff filing deletes the intrastate access service offering called BellSouth CCS7 Access Arrangement. This tariff filing also reinstates the General Subscriber Services Tariff, section A35 offering for Commercial Mobile Radio Service (CMRS) providers. Furthermore, the terms, conditions and rates for BellSouth CCS7 Access Arrangement are deleted as of the effective date of June 15, 2001.

Description of Present Tariff

CCS7 Access Arrangement service was introduced in the intrastate access tariff effective June 15, 2001. In addition to the introduction of CCS7 in the intrastate access tariff, the General Subscriber Services Tariff (GSST), Section A35 provision for Common Channel Signaling IS-41 and ISDNUP Message Transport Service for use by CMRS providers were removed and directed to the intrastate access offering for CCS7.

Description of Proposed Tariff

The CCS7 Access Arrangement service comprised of the connection(s), termination(s) and usage, as well as all terms and conditions associated with the service are being deleted effective June 15, 2001. BellSouth's CCS7 Access Arrangement for use with FGD and TSBSA3 is currently available BellSouth's F.C.C. No. 1.

Furthermore, the GSST A35, Common Channel Signaling and ISDNUP Message Transport is reinstated to provide CCS7 Signaling Connections, CCS7 Signaling Terminations and CCS7 Usage to CMRS providers.

Revenue Impact

There is no revenue impact due to this filing.

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A35. INTERCONNECTION OF MOBILE SERVICES

A35.1 Mobile Services (Cont'd)

A35.1.6 Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

G. CMRS 800 Service to Direct Inward Dialing (DID) (Cont'd)

1. (Cont'd)

		Nonrecurring Charge	Monthly Rate	USOC
(e)	Establish trunk group and provide first group of 100 numbers from an 800 code assigned for RCC Services	$915.00	$19.45	T9B
(f)	Each additional group of 100 numbers from an 800 code assigned for RCC services	15.00	19.45	T9BEA

H. CMRS Selective Class of Call Screening

1. The following monthly rates are applicable for CMRS Selective Class of Call Screening.

		Monthly Rate	USOC
(a)	Option 1, per BellSouth® CMRS Local Loop Line, BellSouth® CMRS Local Loop Trunk, or BellSouth® CMRS Type 1 trunk equipped[1]	$3.30	SRGM1
(b)	Option 2, per BellSouth® CMRS Local Loop Line, BellSouth® CMRS Local Loop Trunk, or BellSouth® CMRS Type 1 trunk equipped[1]	3.30	SRGM2

A35.2 Common Channel Signaling IS-41 And ISDNUP Message Transport Service (N)

A35.2.1 Service Description (N)

A. Common Channel Signaling IS-41 and ISDNUP Message Transport (CCSIMT) service provides Common Channel Signaling (CCS) network interconnection between the Company and a Commercial Mobile Radio Service Provider (CMRS) using Signaling System 7 (SS7) protocols. Specifically, this service provides transport of IS-41 messages (formatted for SS7 and ISDNUP messages), 1.) which terminates within the LATA, or 2.) which are passed to designated interLATA service providers, where tariffs permit. (N)

B. IS-41 messages are passed through the BST SS7 network, between the SS7 network of an CMRS and the SS7 network of other Interconnecting Networks (ICNs). These ICNs include SS7 networks of Interexchange Carriers, Enhanced Service Providers (ESPs), or other Commercial Mobile Radio Service Providers (CMRSs). (IS-41 messages formatted for SS7 are a type of Transaction Capabilities Application Part (TCAP) signaling, which supports non-circuit control signaling. TCAP messages transported by this service are Limited to Subsystem numbers 5 through 10). Processing of IS-41 messages is limited to transport functionality through analysis of Message Transfer Part (MTP) and Signaling Connection Control Part (SCCP) of SS7 messages. The analysis will be used only for routing the IS-41 queries and responses to their proper destination. Based on the technical design of IS-41, a TCAP message for a given point code can only be routed over a single intermediate network. (N)

C. ISDNUP messages are used for internetwork call control. The overall function of ISDNUP is to provide the signaling to set up, supervise, and release calls.

A35.2.2 General (N)

A. This service will be provided where facilities and switching capability are available. (N)

B. Except as noted, services provided in this Section are subject to all general regulations applicable to the provision of services by the Company as stated in Section A2. of this Tariff. (N)

Note 1: See A35.1.1.U. for a description of the options.

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A35. INTERCONNECTION OF MOBILE SERVICES

A35.2 Common Channel Signaling IS-41 And ISDNUP Message Transport Service (Cont'd)

A35.2.2 General (Cont'd)

C. IS-41 messages and ISDNUP messages transported by the Company shall only be associated with an CMRS's authorized services.

D. The appropriate charges in Section A4. apply to the establishment and rearrangement of service provided under this Section. In addition, the nonrecurring charges specified in A35.2.4 shall apply for connection of service or rearrangements.

E. Billing disputes must be communicated to the Company in writing within thirty days from the billing date. The Company will make every effort to investigate such disputes and reconcile any differences within thirty days from receipt of such notification. If the billing amount is found to be correct, a late payment charge may be applicable, per Section A2. of this Tariff.

F. The rates contained in this offering contemplate the use of standard serving arrangements normally provided by the Company. Non-standard facility requirements, equipment, or service options may be requested via the special assembly process as defined in Section A5. of this Tariff.

A35.2.3 Interconnection Architecture

A. CCSIMT service offers two types of interconnection architectures:

- Interconnection from Signaling Points of Interconnection (SPOIs) connected to the Commercial Mobile Radio Service Provider's (CMRS's) Signaling Point (SP) within the CMRS's own SS7 network with BST's mated Signaling Transfer Point (STP) pair in BST's SS7 network via A link pairs via a Company Facility Signaling Point of Interconnection (FSPOI).
- Interconnection from SPOIs connected to the CMRS's mated STP pair with BST's mated STP pair via B link quads via a Company Facility Signaling Point of Interconnection (FSPOI).

B. Common Channel Signaling (CCS) interconnection architecture, interface protocols, physical level specifications, performance criteria, interface provisioning, operations, and maintenance specifications are contained in Bellcore document TR-TSV-000905, Common Channel Signaling (CCS) Network Interface Specifications, and BellSouth Services TR-73554, BellSouth Guidelines to Technical Publication TR-TSV-000905.

A35. INTERCONNECTION OF MOBILE SERVICES

A35.2 Common Channel Signaling IS-41 And ISDNUP Message Transport Service (Cont'd)

A35.2.4 Interconnection Architecture (Cont'd)

C. Signaling traffic originating over an CMRS link will be screened for valid destination point codes. Destination point codes can only be validated through authorization of the receiving ICN.

D. When CCSIMT service is used for call set-up and signaling links are purchased from the Company, signaling links will be required to the Company's mated STP's in each LATA in which call set-up service is desired. If B Link connections are used to connect to the Company STP's and there are more than one mated pair of Company STP's within the LATA, the CMRS must establish signaling links to all STP pairs in that LATA. If an A Link connection is used to connect to the Company STP's and there is more than one set of mated Company STP pairs in the LATA, the CMRS must establish signaling links to the "home" Company STP pair. The "home" STP pair will be determined by using the same criteria as for Company end offices and may be based on location, traffic patterns, or traffic volumes. The Company may require additional A Link signaling connections to additional STP pairs within the LATA should traffic volumes dictate.

A35.2.4 Application of Rates

A. "Link" in CCS terminology is used to denote a signaling connection from either the CMRS's signaling point (SP) or the CMRS's Signaling Transfer Point (STP) to a Company STP. For the purposes of this tariff however, the term "link" is limited to that portion of a 56 Kb channel which extends from the CMRS's Signaling Point of Interconnection (SPOI) to the Company STP.

B. Rate elements for a link are comprised of a facility, an equipment termination, and usage. Facility rates are distance sensitive. Usage is rated as a fixed monthly recurring charge and is not measured.

C. Links must be ordered in pairs to connect an CMRS's SP (A Links), or in quads to connect an CMRS's mated pair of STPs (B Links).

D. Signaling Points of Interconnection (SPOIs) for an A Link pair used to connect an CMRS SP to a Company mated STP pair may originate at the same or different physical locations. Likewise, SPOIs for B Link quads used to connect an CMRS mated STP pair to a Company mated STP pair may originate at the same or different physical locations. Each STP of a Company mated STP pair is at different physical locations.

E. A signaling point code must be established for each Signaling Point (SP) and for each Signaling Transfer Point (STP) which is interconnected to the Company SS7 network. A CMRS subscribing to this service must establish originating signaling point codes for each of its SP's or STP's. A destination signaling point code must be established for each SP or STP on an interconnecting network to which signaling messages will be sent.

A35. INTERCONNECTION OF MOBILE SERVICES

A35.2 Common Channel Signaling IS-41 And ISDNUP Message Transport Service (Cont'd) (N)

A35.2.5 Rates and Charges (N)

A. CCSIMT Facility[1] (CMRS's SPOI to Company STP) (N)

1. Local channel[2] (N)
(CMRS's SPOI to STP)

	Nonrecurring Charge	Monthly Rate	USOC	
(a) Fixed	$510.00	$155.00	NA	(N)
2. Local channel provisioned over MegaLink® service[2,3] or MegaLink® Light service[2,3] (CMRS's SPOI to STP)				(N)
(a) Fixed	510.00	155.00	NA	(N)
B. CCSIMT Termination				(N)
1. Signaling Port, per link				(N)
(a) At the Company STP	-	355.00	CCATS	(N)
C. CCSIMT Usage				(N)
1. Signaling Usage				(N)
(a) Per BST provided Link	$-	$250.00	CCAUU	(N)
D. Point Codes				(N)
1. Originating point code - customer switch				(N)
(a) Establish/change	50.00	-	CCAPO	(N)
2. Destination point code - terminating Signaling Point (intraLATA)				(N)
(a) Establish/change	16.00	-	CCAPD	(N)

Note 1: Facilities for signaling links are treated like message trunks for provisioning purposes by the Company circuit Provisioning Center. (N)

Note 2: One local channel is required per signaling link. (N)

Note 3: MegaLink® service and MegaLink® Light service purchased at additional rates. (N)

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A35. INTERCONNECTION OF MOBILE SERVICES

A35.2 Common Channel Signaling IS-41 And ISDNUP Message Transport Service (Cont'd) (N)

A35.2.6 Definitions (N)

Common Channel Signaling (CCS) (N)

A signaling method in which a single channel conveys, by means of labeled messages, signaling information relating to a multiplicity of circuits or calls and other information, such as that used for network management.

Electronic Industry Association (EIA) (N)

A non-profit industry organization representing manufacturers of consumer electronic products.

Facility Signaling Point of Interconnection (N)

The term FSPOI denotes a Company designated ordering point within a LATA to which CMRSs may order Signaling Connections.

Integrated Services Digital Network User part (ISDNUP) (N)

An SS7 protocol which provides internetwork signaling to support circuit control, ISDN access signaling, and specialized subscriber facilities.

Interim Standard (IS) (N)

An EIA/TIA publication that defines, on an interim basis, standards for the cellular industry.

IS-41 (N)

An EIA/TIA interim standard entitled "Cellular Radiotelecommunications Intersystem Operations."

Message Transfer Part (MTP) (N)

The functional part of a common channel signaling system which transfers signaling messages as required by all the users, and which performs the necessary functions, for example error control and signaling security.

Point Code (N)

See Signaling Point Code

Signaling Connection Control Part (SCCP) (N)

An SS7 protocol level which provides additional functions to the MTP to cater to both connectionless as well as connection-oriented network services and to achieve an OSI compatible network service.

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B.

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(DELETED)	(D)
BellSouth® Customer Change Activity Service	E13.3
BellSouth® Customer Name and Address	E13.3
BellSouth® Dedicated Ring Service	E6., E7
BellSouth® Directory Assistance Access Service	E9
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E2. GENERAL REGULATIONS

E2.3 Obligations of the IC (Cont'd)

E2.3.10 Reserved for Future Use

E2.3.11 Claims and Demands for Damages

A. With respect to claims of patent infringement made by third persons, the IC shall defend, indemnify, protect and save harmless the Company from and against all claims arising out of the combining with, or use in connection with, the services provided under this Tariff, any circuit, apparatus, system or method provided by the IC or end users.

B. The IC shall defend, indemnify and save harmless the Company from and against any suits, claims, losses or demands, including punitive damages, attorney fees and court costs by third persons arising out of the construction, installation, operation, maintenance, or removal of the IC's circuits, facilities, or equipment connected to the Company's services provided under this Tariff including, without limitation, Workmen's Compensation claims, actions for infringement of copyright and/or unauthorized use of program material, libel and slander actions based on the content of communications transmitted over the IC's circuits, facilities or equipment, and proceedings to recover taxes, fines, or penalties for failure of the IC to obtain or maintain in effect any necessary certificates, permits, licenses, or other authority to acquire or operate the services provided under this Tariff; provided, however, the foregoing indemnification shall not apply to suits, claims, and demands to recover damages for damage to property, death, or personal injury unless such suits, claims or demands are based on the tortious conduct of the IC, its officers, agents or employees.

E2.3.12 Reserved for Future Use

E2.3.13 Coordination with Respect to Network Contingencies

The IC shall, in cooperation with the Company, coordinate in planning the actions to be taken to maintain maximum network capability following natural or man-made disasters, which affect telecommunications services.

E2.3.14 Jurisdictional Report Requirements[1]

A. Jurisdictional Reports

1. Percent Interstate Usage (PIU)

   a. When the Company receives sufficient call detail to permit it to determine the jurisdiction of originating and terminating access minutes of use the Company will bill according to these actual minutes of use and will not use customer reported Percent Interstate Usage (PIU) factors. The Company developed percent intrastate usage for access minutes will be determined at a statewide level. (C)

      The intrastate percentage will be developed on a monthly basis by end office when the access minutes are measured by dividing the measured intrastate originating or terminating access minutes (the access minutes where the calling number is in one state and the called number is in another state) by the total originating or terminating access minutes.

      The Company will bill according to actual measured minutes of use for all services listed in b. and 5. following, with the exception of those listed: (C)

      - BellSouth SWA Local Channel
      - BellSouth SWA Dedicated Interoffice Channel
      - BellSouth SWA Billing Name and Address
      - BellSouth Inward Operator Service
      - Channelization Equipment
      - DNALs[2] associated with BellSouth SWA LSBSA

        Note 1: Except where indicated herein, references to BellSouth SWA FGs will also include the applicable BellSouth SWA Basic Serving Arrangement as detailed in the matrix in E6.1.3.A. (e.g., the term BellSouth SWA FGA represents both BellSouth SWA FGA and BellSouth SWA LSBSA).

        Note 2: Where BellSouth SWA LSBSA is provisioned with a DNAL, the DNAL rates should be apportioned between interstate and intrastate using the same PIU factor as applied to the associated BellSouth SWA LSBSA.

E2. GENERAL REGULATIONS

E2.3 Obligations of the IC (Cont'd)

E2.3.14 Jurisdictional Report Requirements[1] (Cont'd)

A. Jurisdictional Reports (Cont'd)

1. Percent Interstate Usage (PIU) (Cont'd)

a. (Cont'd)

Where the Company receives insufficient call detail to identify the calling station to determine the jurisdiction, the Company will charge the applicable rates for terminating BellSouth SWA as set forth in this Tariff. There may be a percentage of usage where it is not possible to know, and therefore to send to BellSouth, the needed originating information. Accordingly, BellSouth will charge the terminating BellSouth SWA rate for only those minutes lacking originating information from all SWA customers, currently 23.91 percent (%) (the "floor"). For example, if 30 percent (%) of a customer's minutes sent to BellSouth do not contain sufficient originating information to allow BellSouth to determine the originating location, then BellSouth would apply the provisions of this tariff to those minutes exceeding the "floor", or 6.09 percent (%) in this example.

BellSouth will recalculate the overall SWA customer average "floor" quarterly. In addition, subsequent reviews or audits of specific customer usage may result in a new "floor" for that customer.

In the event that BellSouth applies the intrastate terminating access rate to calls without sufficient originating information as provided in this tariff, BellSouth's access customers will have the opportunity to request backup documentation of BellSouth's basis for such application, and further request that BellSouth change the application of the intrastate access rate upon a showing of why the intrastate rate should not be applied.

(DELETED) (D)

The IC will provide in its initial order the projected Percent Interstate Usage (PIU) at a statewide level on a local exchange company specific basis. When the IC and/or End User computes the PIU, it will subtract the developed percentage from 100 and the difference is the percent intrastate usage. The sum of the interstate and intrastate percentage will equal 100 percent. A PIU of less than 100 percent is not allowed where the service is not available as an intrastate access service. The projected PIU may include up to two decimals.

The intrastate usage is to be developed as though every call that originates from a calling location (as designated by the calling station number) within the same state as that in which the called station (as designated by the called station number) is situated is an intrastate communication and every call for which the point of origination (as designated by the calling station number) is in a state other than that where the called station (as designated by the called station number) is situated is an interstate communication. The manner in which the call is routed through the telecommunications network does not affect the jurisdiction of a call, i.e., a call between two points within the same state is an intrastate communication even if the call is routed through another state.

The Company will designate the number obtained by subtracting the intrastate percentage furnished by the IC from 100 (100 – customer percentage = interstate percentage) as the projected interstate percentage of use.

b. When an IC initially orders service(s), as defined in the following, the IC will state in its order the Percent Interstate Usage (PIU) separately for each, as set forth in a. preceding.

- BellSouth SWA FGA
- BellSouth SWA FGB
- BellSouth SWA FGD
- BellSouth SW 500 Service
- 700 Service
- BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening Service
- BellSouth SWA 900 Service

Note 1: Except where indicated herein, references to BellSouth SWA FGs will also include the applicable BellSouth SWA Basic Serving Arrangement as detailed in the matrix in E6.1.3.A. (e.g., the term BellSouth SWA FGA represents both BellSouth SWA FGA and BellSouth SWA LSBSA).

E2. GENERAL REGULATIONS

E2.3 Obligations of the IC (Cont'd)

E2.3.14 Jurisdictional Report Requirements[1] (Cont'd)

A. Jurisdictional Reports (Cont'd)

1. Percent Interstate Usage (Cont'd)

b. (Cont'd)

- (DELETED) (D

- Switched Local Channel
- BellSouth SWA Dedicated Interoffice Channel
- BellSouth SWA Dedicated Interoffice Channel
- Channelization Equipment
- DNALs associated with BellSouth SWA LSBSA[2]
- BellSouth Billing Name and Address
- BellSouth Inward Operator Service

When an End User initially orders BellSouth SWA FGB service, where facilities permit, the End User will state in the order, the PIU for each state.

The Percent Interstate Usage (PIU) factors associated with BellSouth SWA FGA, BellSouth SWA FGB, BellSouth SWA FGD and BellSouth SWA 500, 700, BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening and BellSouth SWA 900 service will also apply to all associated elements and services, e.g. Carrier Common Line, Local Switching, BellSouth SWA Common Interoffice Channel, Interconnection, Access Tandem Switching, Common Trunk Port Service and minute of use based multiplexer rate elements, where applicable.

The PIU category, BellSouth SWA Local Channel, includes Dedicated End Office Trunk Port Service and Dedicated Tandem Trunk Port Service charges and other flat rated charges not specifically covered by other PIU categories.

The customer will provide a single factor as the projected Percent Interstate Usage (PIU) to apportion the usage between interstate and intrastate. This factor will be applied to the following categories:

- BellSouth SWA Local Channel
- BellSouth SWA Dedicated Interoffice Channel
- Channelization Equipment

The PIU factor provided for each of the foregoing facilities categories (Switched Local Channel, BellSouth SWA Dedicated Interoffice Channel and Channelization Equipment) will reflect the combination of all traffic types which traverse such facility category.

When Dedicated Access service is provided on a BellSouth SWA facility, e.g., Dedicated Access DS1 (a.k.a. BellSouth SPA DS1) on a BellSouth SWA DS3, the facility will be apportioned between BellSouth SWA and Dedicated Access. The jurisdiction of the Dedicated Access service shall reflect the composite of the jurisdiction of the lower capacity services, if any, of which it is comprised.

The IC and/or End User shall compute the PIU using the following formula (rounded to a whole percentage).

$$\frac{\text{Total Interstate Originating Minutes} + \text{Total Interstate Terminating Minutes}}{\text{Total Originating Minutes} + \text{Total Terminating Minutes}}$$

Note 1: Except where indicated herein, references to BellSouth SWA FGs will also include the applicable BellSouth SWA Basic Serving Arrangement as detailed in the matrix in E6.1.3.A. of this Tariff (e.g., the term BellSouth SWA FGA represents both BellSouth SWA FGA and BellSouth SWA LSBSA).

Note 2: Where BellSouth SWA LSBSA is provisioned with a DNAL, the DNAL rates should be apportioned between interstate and intrastate using the same PIU factor as applied to the associated BellSouth SWA LSBSA.

E2. GENERAL REGULATIONS

E2.3 Obligations of the IC (Cont'd)

E2.3.14 Jurisdictional Report Requirements[1] (Cont'd)

A. Jurisdictional Reports (Cont'd)

2. For BellSouth Directory Assistance Access service, the Company developed PIU for BellSouth SWA FGD terminating will apply.

3. **(DELETED)** (D

4. Effective October 1, 2000, the customer will provide a single factor as the projected Percent Interstate Usage (PIU) to apportion the usage between interstate and intrastate. This PIU will apply to the following categories: BellSouth SWA Local Channel, BellSouth SWA Dedicated Interoffice Channel and Channelization Equipment. (C

   Effective July 1, 2000, the customer's and/or end user's projected Percent Interstate Usage (PIU) will be provided at a statewide level on a local exchange company specific basis.

   Effective on the first of January, April, July and October of each year the IC will update the interstate and intrastate jurisdictional report. End Users must update the jurisdictional report on a quarterly basis for the Feature Group B services provided from this Tariff. The IC will forward to the Company, to be received no later than 30 days after the first of each such month, a revised report or letter for all services showing the intrastate percentage of use for the past three months ending the last day of December, March, June and September, respectively, for each service arranged for intrastate use. The revised report or letter will serve as the basis for the next three months' billing and will be effective on the bill date for that service. If the IC or End User does not supply an updated quarterly report or letter, the Company will assume the percentages to be the same PIU provided in the last quarterly report or letter accepted by the Company. For those cases in which quarterly reports have never been received from the IC or End User, the Company will assume the PIU factors to be the most recent audit results or to be the same as those provided in the order for services if no audit has been performed. If an audit has been completed and an updated quarterly report or letter has not been submitted subsequent to the audit, the Company will assume the PIU factors to be the most recent audited results.

5. When mixed interstate and intrastate Dedicated Access Service is provided, the jurisdiction will be determined as follows.

   - If the IC or End User's estimate of the interstate traffic on the service involved constitutes 10 percent or less of the total traffic on that service, the service will be provided in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations of this Tariff.

Note 1: Except where indicated herein, references to BellSouth SWA FGs will also include the applicable BellSouth SWA Basic Serving Arrangement as detailed in the matrix in E6.1.3.A. (e.g., the term BellSouth SWA FGA represents both BellSouth SWA FGA and BellSouth SWA LSBSA).

E2. GENERAL REGULATIONS

E2.3 Obligations of the IC (Cont'd)

E2.3.14 Jurisdictional Report Requirements[1] (Cont'd)

A. Jurisdictional Reports (Cont'd)

5. When mixed interstate and intrastate Dedicated Access Service is provided, the jurisdiction will be determined as follows. (Cont'd)

   - If the IC or End User's estimate of the interstate traffic on the service involved constitutes more than 10 percent of the total traffic on that service, the service will be provided in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations of the BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. Tariff FCC No. 1.

   The IC or End User shall keep records from which the percentage of interstate and intrastate use was estimated and upon request of the Company make the records available for inspection as reasonably necessary for purposes of verification of the percentages. The IC or End User shall supply the data within 30 days of the Company request.

B. Jurisdictional Report Verification

1. When an IC or End User provides a projected interstate usage percent as set forth in A. preceding, or when a billing dispute arises or a regulatory commission questions the projected interstate percentage for BellSouth SWA, the Company may, by written request, require the IC or End User to provide the data the IC or End User used to determine the projected interstate percentage. This written request will be considered the initiation of the audit. The IC or End User shall supply the data to an independent auditor within thirty days of the Company request. The IC or End User shall keep records of call detail from which the percentage of interstate and intrastate use can be ascertained as set forth in C. following and upon request of the Company make the records available for inspection at an agreed upon location during normal business hours as reasonably necessary for purposes of verification of the percentages. The Company will audit data from one quarter unless a longer period is requested by the IC or End User and agreed to by the Company. Changes to the reported PIU will not be made for the test period. If the IC or End User does not provide the requested data to the Company or independent auditor within (30) days of the notice of audit, the IC or End User will be in violation of this Tariff and subject to E2.1.8 preceding. (C)

   Where attempts to obtain the appropriate data from the IC or End User beyond the 30 day time limit have failed, the Company may provide such documentation to the FPSC as an indication of the IC or End User being in violation of this Tariff.

2. For BellSouth SWA service, verification audits may be conducted no more frequently than once per year except in extreme circumstances. The Company and IC or End User will attempt to limit the audit to a reasonable time to effectively complete the audit. The Company and IC or End User shall respond promptly to requests generated during the audit to ensure timely completion of the audit.

Note 1: Except where indicated herein, references to BellSouth SWA FGs will also include the applicable BellSouth SWA Basic Serving Arrangement as detailed in the matrix in E6.1.3.A. (e.g., the term BellSouth SWA FGA represents both BellSouth SWA FGA and BellSouth SWA LSBSA).

E2. GENERAL REGULATIONS

E2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

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E2. GENERAL REGULATIONS

E2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

COLLOCATOR

The term "Collocator" denotes any person, corporation, or other legal entity with whom the Company has negotiated for the purpose of provisioning an BellSouth Expanded Interconnection Service arrangement in accordance with the BellSouth Expanded Interconnection Service tariff provisions.

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COMMITMENT GUARANTEE

The term "Commitment Guarantee" denotes a program under which the Company will provide a credit to the end user's account, under conditions set forth in E2.4.16 preceding, for certain services in those instances when the Company's installation or repair commitment is not met due to Company reasons.

COMMON LINE

The term "Common Line" denotes a line, trunk, pay telephone line or other facility provided under the General Subscriber Service Tariff of the Company, terminated on a central office switch. A common line-residence is a line or trunk provided under the residence regulations of the General Subscriber Service Tariff. A common line-business is a line provided under the business regulations of the General Subscriber Service Tariff.

COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM

The term "Communications System" denotes channels and other facilities, which are capable of communications between terminal equipment provided by other than the Company.

CONDUIT SPACE

The term "Conduit Space" denotes any reinforced passage or opening in, on, under/over or through the ground between the feeder route conduit system (entry point) and cable vault location capable of containing communications facilities, and includes: cable entrance facilities; main conduit; ducts; inner ducts; gas traps; underground dips such as short sections of conduit under roadway, driveways, parking lots and similar conduit installations; required to bring the collocator-provided fiber optic feeder cable into the Company central office.

CUSTOMER LOCATION

The term "Customer Location" denotes a carrier's premises within the Local Access Transport Area (LATA).

DATA TRANSMISSION (107 TYPE) TEST LINE

The term "Data Transmission (107 Type) Test Line" denotes an arrangement which provides for a connection to a signal source which provides test signals for one-way testing of data and voice transmission parameters.

DECIBEL (dB)

The term "Decibel" denotes a unit used to express relative difference in power, usually between acoustic or electric signals, equal to ten (10) times the common logarithm of the ratio of two signal powers.

E2. GENERAL REGULATIONS

E2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

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FIELD IDENTIFIER

The term "Field Identifier" denotes two to four characters that are used on service orders to convey specific instructions. Field Identifiers may or may not have associated data. Selected Field Identifiers are used in Company billing systems to generate non-recurring charges.

FIRST POINT OF SWITCHING (FP OF S)

The term "First Point of Switching" denotes the first Company location at which switching occurs on the terminating path of a call proceeding from the IC premises to the terminating end office and, at the same time, the last Company location at which switching occurs on the originating path of a call proceeding from the originating end office to the IC premises.

FREQUENCY SHIFT

The term "Frequency Shift" denotes the change in the frequency of a tone as it is transmitted over a channel.

GRANDFATHERED

The term "Grandfathered" denotes Terminal Equipment, Multiline Terminating Systems and Protective Circuitry directly connected to the facilities utilized to provide services under the provisions of this Tariff, and which are considered grandfathered under Part 68 of the FCC Rules and Regulations.

HOST OFFICE

The term "Host Office" denotes an electronic switching system, which provides call processing capabilities for one or more Remote Switching Modules or Remote Switching Systems (RSM or RSS).

HUB

The term "Hub" denotes a Company designated location at which services are either joined together (as in a bridging hub) or where services are channelized (as in a Hi-Capacity hub).

IC TERMINAL LOCATION

The term "IC Terminal Location" denotes a location within a LATA (Point of Presence) from which the IC (1) provides and/or administers telecommunications services for its own use or for the use of its customers (End Users) and (2) has the capability of testing the facilities operated or terminated at that location.

IMMEDIATELY AVAILABLE FUNDS

The term "Immediately Available Funds" denotes a corporate or personal check drawn on a bank account and funds which are available for use by the receiving party on the same day on which they are received and include U.S. Federal Reserve bank wire transfers, U.S. Federal Reserve notes (paper cash), U.S. coins, U.S. Postal Money Orders and New York Certificates of Deposit.

IMPEDANCE BALANCE

The term "Impedance Balance" denotes the method of expressing Echo Return Loss and Singing Return Loss at a four-wire interface whereby the gains and/or losses of the four-wire portion of the transmission path, including the hybrid, are not included in the specification.

INGRESS CIRCUITS

The term "Ingress Circuits" denotes the facility used to transport the customer's incoming dialed BellSouth® Remote Access Service traffic, e.g. Primary Rate ISDN.

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E2. GENERAL REGULATIONS

E2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

RADIO COMMON CARRIERS (RCCs)

The term "Radio Common Carriers" (RCCs) denotes carriers which are regulated under Part 22 of the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations.

REMOTE ACCESS SERVER

The term "Remote Access Server" denotes equipment that aggregates the customer's BellSouth® Remote Access Service dialed traffic and transports it to the customer's designated location over their egress circuits.

REMOTE MODULES AND/OR REMOTE SYSTEMS

The term "Remote Modules and/or Remote Systems" denotes small, end offices which obtain their call processing capability from a Host Office. The Remote Modules and/or Remote Systems cannot accommodate direct trunks to an IC.

RETURN LOSS

The term "Return Loss" denotes a measure of the similarity between the two impedances at the junction of two transmission paths (e.g., four to two-wire junctions). The higher the return loss, the higher the similarity.

REGISTERED EQUIPMENT

The term "Registered Equipment" denotes the IC's or the IC's customer's premises equipment (CPE) which complies with and has been approved within the Registration Provisions of Part 68 of the FCC Rules and Regulations.

SECONDARY CHANNEL

The term "Secondary Channel" denotes the offering of a companion digital transmission capability over the same physical facility as the primary channel at a lower bit rate. Terminal equipment required to support secondary channel capability must be provided by the customer.

SERVICE ACCESS CODE

The term "Service Access Code (SAC)" denotes the 700, 800 and 900 NXX numbers administered by Bell Communications Research as part of the North American Numbering Plan.

SERVICE INSTALLATION GUARANTEE

The term "Service Installation Guarantee" denotes a program under which the Company will provide a credit to the customer's account for certain services in those instances when the Service Date is not met due to Company reasons.

SERVICE PROVIDED UPON REQUEST

The term "Service Provided Upon Request" (SPUR) denotes a service that has not been requested by any ICs in a particular state. When a request for this service is received, a new aggregate rate will be calculated and filed in this Tariff. The new rate will include the additional demand and costs for the service.

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SERVING WIRE CENTER

The term "Serving Wire Center" denotes the wire center from which the IC designated premises would normally obtain dial tone from the Company.

SEVEN DIGIT MANUAL TEST LINE

The term "Seven Digit Manual Test Line" denotes an arrangement, which allows the IC to select balance, milliwatt and synchronous test lines, by manually dialing a seven digit number over the associated access connection.

SHARED NETWORK ARRANGEMENT

The term "Shared Network Arrangement" denotes a service offering whereby multiple ICs may connect on a channelized high capacity service and the Company will undertake to maintain separate records for each IC's portion of the shared network.

E2. GENERAL REGULATIONS

E2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

SHORT CIRCUIT TEST LINE

The term "Short Circuit Test Line" denotes an arrangement in an end office which provides an ac short circuit termination of the trunk or line by means of a capacitor of at least 4 microfarads.

SIGNAL-TO-C-NOTCHED NOISE RATIO

The term "Signal-to-C-Notched Noise Ratio" denotes the ratio in dB of a test signal to the corresponding C-Notched Noise.

SIGNAL TRANSFER POINT (STP)

The term "Signal Transfer Point" denotes a signaling point which routes and/or transfers signaling messages through the common channel signaling network.

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SIGNALING POINT CODE

The term "Signaling Point Code" denotes a binary code uniquely identifying a signaling point in a signaling network. This code is used, depending upon its position in the label, either as a destination point code, identifying the intended destination of the message, or as an originating point code, which identifies the originating point of the message.

SPECIAL ORDER

The term "Special Order" denotes an order for a Billing and Collection Service, BellSouth Inward Operator Services Access Service or an order for BellSouth Directory Assistance Access Service when the service is provided via direct trunks to the DA location or via specially designated trunk groups to the access tandem.

SUBTENDING END OFFICE OF AN ACCESS TANDEM

The term "Subtending End Office of an Access Tandem" denotes an end office that has final trunk group routing through that tandem.

SUPERFRAME FORMAT (SF)

The term "Superframe Format" specifies a twelve-frame repeating pattern for the framing and information bits contained in a DS1/1.544 Mbps bit stream. The required format specifications are contained in TR-NPL-000054.

SWITCHED LOCAL CHANNEL

The Switched Local Channel denotes a switched transport facility between the IC's serving wire center and the IC's premises.

SYNCHRONOUS TEST LINE

The term "Synchronous Test Line" denotes an arrangement in an end office, which performs marginal operational tests of supervisory and ring-tripping functions.

TELEPHONE COMPANY ANSWERING SERVICE CONCENTRATOR

The term "Telephone Company Answering Service Concentrator" denotes a device located in a central office of the Company which concentrates incoming calls to some number of Telephone Answering Service's clients lines to some smaller number of trunks/channels connected to the IC's or End User's premises equipment.

TERMINATING DIRECTION

The term "Terminating Direction" denotes the use of Access Service for the completion of calls from an IC terminal location to an End User's premises.

E5. ORDERING OPTIONS FOR ACCESS SERVICES

E5.2 Access Order (Cont'd)

E5.2.1 Provision of Service (Cont'd)

B. Information Required (Cont'd)

3. For BellSouth SWA FGC, BellSouth SWA FGD, BellSouth SWA TSBSA 2 or 3 service, the IC shall specify:
   a. The number of BellSouth SWA FGD or BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 trunks
      (1) for trunks ordered to an end office, the end office
      (2) for trunks ordered to an Access Tandem, the Access Tandem Switch
      (3) for trunks with coin sent-paid capability ordered to a TOPS tandem, the TOPS Tandem Switch
      (4) an estimate of the amount of traffic it will generate to and/or from each end office subtending the access and/or TOPS tandem (to assist the Company in its own efforts to project further facility requirements).
   b. BellSouth SWA Transport Options, if any
   c. Local Switching Options (including BSEs), if any
   d. The traffic type using the categories specified in E6.1.1 of this Tariff, to enable efficient provisions and billing functions.
   e. Provide Connecting Facility Assignment (CFA), if associated with a high capacity facility
   f. For BellSouth SWA Local Channel and Switched Dedicated Interoffice Channel, the capacity

   The coin capable end offices and TOPS tandem switches are identified in the Wire Center Section of the NECA No. 4 Tariff.

4. For BellSouth SWA FGD and BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 with BellSouth SWA CCSAC in addition to the information listed in 3. preceding, the IC shall provide: a reference to existing signaling connections or reference to a related BellSouth SWA CCSAC signaling connection order; BellSouth SWA CCSAC Local Switching options, if any; for BellSouth ***SWA*** CCS***AC trunks***, STP point codes and location identifier codes, circuit identification codes and switch type; and, for BellSouth CCS***AC*** signaling connections, specification of the level of diversity in its network, as defined in the BellSouth Guidelines to Technical Publication TR-TSV-000905. (C)

   (DELETED) (D)

   For BellSouth SWA FGD and BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 with 64 Clear Channel Capability (CCC), in addition to the information listed in 3. and 4. preceding, the IC shall specify 64 CCC Local Switching Options, if any.

5. When ordering Operator Transfer Service, the IC shall specify the number of new or additional BellSouth SWA FGC, BellSouth SWA FGD, BellSouth SWA TSBSA 2 and 3 Trunks desired, if any, to carry originating traffic from the Operator Services System location to the IC location in each LATA served by the Operator Services System where the IC requests Operator Transfer Service.

6. For BellSouth Inward Operator Services (IOS) Access Service, the IC shall specify:
   a. For trunks to an IOS location
      (1) The IOS location

E5. ORDERING OPTIONS FOR ACCESS SERVICES

E5.2 Access Order (Cont'd)

E5.2.1 Provision of Service (Cont'd)

B. Information Required (Cont'd)

6. For Inward BellSouth Operator Services (IOS) Access Service, the IC shall specify: (Cont'd)

a. For trunks to an IOS location (Cont'd)

(2) The number of trunks required to carry the IC's IOS traffic to the IOS location specified in (1) preceding.

C. Traffic Engineering Responsibilities

1. The IC is responsible to assure that sufficient access facilities have been ordered to handle its traffic.

2. When ordering BellSouth SWA service, the trunks may be determined by the IC in the following manner. For each day the IC shall determine the highest number of trunks in use for a single hour. The IC shall, for the same hour period (i.e., busy hour), pick the twenty consecutive business days in a calendar year which add up to the largest number of trunks in use. The IC shall then determine the average busy hour trunks by dividing the largest number of trunks in use figure, for the same hour period, for the twenty consecutive business day period by 20. This computation shall be performed for each end office and/or access tandem the IC wishes to serve.

3. If data to develop a twenty-consecutive day period is not available, the IC may use a twenty day period that contains as many consecutive days as is available.

4. When an IC desires BellSouth SWA service to an end office that is a remote switching office, the IC must order to the host office which controls the remote switching office since all traffic to and/or from a remote switching office must be routed through the host office.

5. When ordering Dedicated Access Services from this Tariff, the IC or End User must provide a Percent Interstate Usage (PIU) of 0 percent. The jurisdiction will be determined as set forth in E2.3.14.A.9. (T)

6. When ordering Dedicated Access Line Service from this Tariff, the IC must provide a Percent Interstate Usage (PIU) of 0 percent. The jurisdiction will be determined as set forth in E2.3.14.A.9. (T)

7. For all access services ordered by an IC, proof of certification by the Florida Public Service Commission must be provided by the IC to the Company in accordance with the provisions in E2.3 ***preceding***. (T)

D. **(DELETED)** (D)

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E. BellSouth SWA 500 Service

For BellSouth SWA 500 service, as described in E6.2 following, the IC shall order in the same manner which is set forth preceding for ordering BellSouth SWA FGC, BellSouth SWA FGD, BellSouth SWA TSBSA 2 and 3 except that ICs must order BellSouth SWA FGC, BellSouth SWA FGD, BellSouth SWA TSBSA 2 or 3 to all end offices within the IC designated LATA(s), either through the tandem or by direct connections to the end office.

The IC is also responsible for reporting to the Company the percent interstate usage (PIU) for BellSouth SWA 500 service as set forth in E2.3.14 ***preceding***. (T)

E5. ORDERING OPTIONS FOR ACCESS SERVICES

E5.2 Access Order (Cont'd)

E5.2.1 Provision of Service (Cont'd)

F. BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening Service (T)

For BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening Service as described in E6.2.5 ***following***, the IC shall order in the same manner which is set forth preceding for ordering BellSouth SWA FGD or BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 except that the IC must order BellSouth SWA FGD or BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 to all access tandems or direct connections to all end offices designated by the Company as Service Switching Points for BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening Service within the LATA. Direct trunk routes cannot be provided unless the end office is equipped to provide the IC identification function. All traffic originating from end offices not equipped to provide the IC identification function require routing via the serving access tandem at which the function is available. Service must be ordered accordingly. (T)

The IC is also responsible for reporting to the Company the percent interstate usage (PIU) for BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening Service as set forth in E2.3.14 ***preceding***. (T)

G. BellSouth 8XX Toll Free Dialing Number Administration Service (T)

When ordering BellSouth 8XX Toll Free Dialing Number Administration service as described in E13.3.12 ***following***, the IC must, at a minimum, provide the following information to the Company: (T)

- Area of service[1]
- Name(s) of intraLATA and interLATA carrier(s), as applicable
- Access Carrier Name Abbreviation (ACNA) Code of the interLATA and intraLATA carrier, as applicable
- Activation date

When the POTS number is to be delivered to an IC, the IC must provide the full 10-digit POTS number to be associated with the 800 number and must indicate to whom the POTS number is to be delivered. In addition, the IC must also provide the POTS numbers associated with the intraLATA portion of BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening Service for subscribers who will use the Company for intraLATA BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening Service.

For the transport of any intraLATA 800 call by the Company, the IC must provide the end user billing information necessary for the Company to bill the appropriate intraLATA rates.

If the IC desires any of the options available with BellSouth 8XX Toll Free Dialing Number Administration Service as set forth in E13.3.12 ***following***, these must also be specified on the order for service. (T)

H. BellSouth Directory Assistance Service (T)

For BellSouth Directory Assistance service, the IC shall specify the number of trunks from the IC premises to the Directory Assistance location. Unless direct routing is specified by the IC, BellSouth Directory Assistance service will be provided with BellSouth SWA FGB, BellSouth SWA FGC, BellSouth SWA FGD or BellSouth SWA TSBSA service. The IC shall also specify which BellSouth SWA FGB, BellSouth SWA FGC, BellSouth SWA FGD or BellSouth SWA TSBSA service trunk group is to be associated with the BellSouth Directory Assistance service.

Note 1 : The standard area of service is the entire state. Other levels of area of service may be provided with the Customized Area of Service feature.

E5. ORDERING OPTIONS FOR ACCESS SERVICES

E5.2 Access Order (Cont'd)

E5.2.1 Provision of Service (Cont'd)

I. For all Dedicated Access Services, the End User or End User's authorized agent must specify the IC terminal location and end user premises or Hubs involved, the channel type (e.g., Voice Grade, High Capacity, etc.) the channel interface, technical specification package and options desired. For multipoint services, the channel interface at each end user premises may be different but all such interfaces shall be compatible.

J. For BellSouth SWA Transport Services, the IC must specify the Facility Hubs involved, if applicable, the channel type (e.g. Switched Voice Grade, Switched DS1, etc.), the channel interface and any options desired.

K. Where the Dedicated Access or WATS Access Line (a.k.a. BellSouth SPA WATS Line) service is exempt from the Dedicated Access Surcharge as set forth in Section E7. ***following***, the IC shall furnish with the order the certification as set forth in that section. (T

L. For WATS Access Line (a.k.a. BellSouth SPA WATS Line) service, the IC must also specify the type of calling (i.e., Originating Only, Terminating Only, or Two-Way) for which the service is to be provided. Additionally, when necessary screening functions are not provided at the wire center, which serves the IC's originating or terminating premises, the Company will provide the service to the nearest wire center where the capability exists. In these circumstances, the IC will be so notified and the order will be changed to designate the appropriate premises. No charge will apply for the change.

M. To enable an IC to receive flat rate treatment on a WATS Access Line (a.k.a. BellSouth SPA WATS Line) used to provide terminating service (i.e., BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening service), the IC must specify, by jurisdiction, the telephone number which is used to route the call.

N. For BellSouth SWA 900 Service, the IC shall order in the same manner which is set forth preceding for ordering BellSouth SWA FGD or BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 with the following exception. The IC must order BellSouth SWA FGD or BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 to all access tandems or direct connections to all end offices designated by the Company as BellSouth SWA 900 service screening offices within a LATA. Direct trunk routes cannot be provided unless the end office is equipped to provide the IC identification function. All traffic originating from end offices not equipped to provide the IC identification function will require routing via the access tandem at which the function is available. Service must be ordered accordingly. In addition, the IC shall specify whether 900 NXX codes provided to the IC should be arranged for 1+ dialing only or for both 1+ and 0+ dialing. All 900 NXXs provided to an individual IC will be arranged for either 1+ dialing only or for both 1+ and 0+ dialing.

When the IC desires activation of a 900 NXX code for 900 NXX screening the IC shall submit an Access Service Request (ASR) whether or not additional capacity is required.

O. For BellSouth Billing Name and Address for ANI service, in addition to the ordering conditions set forth in E5.1.2 ***preceding***, the IC shall also provide the following: (T)

1. The IC's Carrier Identification Code (CIC) or pseudo CIC code and Access Carrier Name Abbreviation (ACNA). In the event the IC does not have such an assignment the IC must contact the Company for this assignment.
2. A list of Carrier Identification Codes (CICs) or pseudo CIC codes and Access Carrier Name Abbreviation (ACNA) for whom billing services are being performed.
3. The established Company Carrier Access Billing System (CABS) Account (CO7) number and if no account exists the Company will establish a CO7 account for billing purposes.

E5. ORDERING OPTIONS FOR ACCESS SERVICES

E5.2 Access Order (Cont'd)

E5.2.1 Provision of Service (Cont'd)

P. The Service Installation Guarantee, as set forth in E2.4.10 ***preceding***, is applicable to specified services offered in this Tariff. The Service Installation Guarantee is applied on a per service order basis for BellSouth SWA services. The Service Installation Guarantee is applied on a per circuit basis for Dedicated Access Services (T)

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Q. For BellSouth SWA FGB, BellSouth SWA FGD and BellSouth SWA TSBSA 1 and 3 service to a Mobile Telephone Switching Office (MTSO) directly interconnected to a Company Access Tandem Office, the IC shall provide information to the Company indicating the NXX codes(s) to be accessed.

R. Expanded Interconnection Service (EIS)

For EIS arrangements, the collocator must specify the type of cross-connect element to be utilized.

S. When ordering BellSouth® Remote Access Service, in addition to subscribing to the service by meeting the conditions set forth in E5.1.2 and E5.2.1.B.1, ***preceding*** the customer shall: (T)

1. coordinate their access service request through a customer account team;
2. populate the project field on the access service request with "BST-RAS"; and
3. negotiate service intervals for BellSouth® Remote Access Service.

E5.2.2 Reserved for Future Use

E5.2.3 Access Order Modifications

A. The IC or End User may request a modification of its Access Order at any time prior to notification by the Company that service is available for the IC or End User's use or to the service date whichever is earlier. The Company will make every effort to accommodate a requested modification when it is able to do so with the normal work force assigned to complete such an order within normal business hours. If the modification cannot be made with the normal work force during normal business hours, the Company will notify the IC or End User. If the IC or End User still desires the Access Order modification, the Company will schedule a new service date. All charges for Access Order modification will apply on a per occurrence basis.

B. Any increase in the number of Dedicated Access Service channels, EIS cross-connect elements, or BellSouth SWA service lines, trunks or BellSouth SWA Transport facilities or ***BellSouth SWA CCSAC*** signaling connections will be treated as a new Access Order (for the increased amount only). (C)

C. If order modifications are necessary to satisfy the transmission performance for a Dedicated Access Service ordered by an IC or End User , these changes will be made without order modification charges being incurred by the End user.

D. Service Date Change Charge

1. Access Order service dates for installation of new services or rearrangements of existing services, may be changed, but the new service date may not exceed the original service date by more than 30 calendar days. When, for any reason, the IC or End User indicates that service cannot be accepted for a period not to exceed 30 calendar days, and the Company accordingly delays the start of service, a Service Date Change Charge will apply. If the IC or End User requested service date is more than 30 calendar days after the original service date, the order will be cancelled by the Company and re-issued with appropriate cancellation charges applied unless the IC or End User indicates that billing for the service is to commence as set forth in E5.2.8 ***following***. (T)

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E6. BELLSOUTH SWA SERVICE

E6.1 General (Cont'd)

E6.1.1 BellSouth SWA Service Arrangements and Manner of Provision (Cont'd)

I. BellSouth SWA TSBSA

1. BellSouth SWA TSBSA 1

BellSouth SWA TSBSA 1, which is available to all ICs, provides trunk side access to Company end office switches with an associated uniform 950-0XXX or 950-1XXX access code for the IC's use in originating and terminating communications to an Interexchange Carrier's intrastate service or an IC provided intrastate communications capability. The IC must specify the Interexchange Carrier to which the BellSouth SWA TSBSA 1 service is connected or, in the alternative, specify the means by which the BellSouth SWA TSBSA 1 access communications are transported to another state. A more detailed description of BellSouth SWA TSBSA 1 is provided in E6.2.9.A.

2. BellSouth SWA TSBSA 2

BellSouth SWA TSBSA 2, which is available only to providers of MTS and WATS, provides trunk side access to Company end office switches for the IC's use in originating and terminating communications. This service is available in all end offices, which are not equipped for BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 end office switching. Existing BellSouth SWA TSBSA 2 access will be converted to BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 when it becomes available in an end office. A more detailed description of BellSouth SWA TSBSA 2 is provided in E6.2.9.B.

3. BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3

BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3, which is available to all ICs, provides trunk side access to Company end office switches with an associated uniform 101XXXX access code for the IC's use in originating and terminating communications. As an option, BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 is also available, where technically feasible, with an associated uniform 950-XXXX access code for the IC's use in originating and terminating traffic. This service may be presubscribed to by a primary Interexchange Carrier. A more detailed description of BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 is provided in E6.2.9.C.

J. Manner of Provision

BellSouth SWA Service Arrangements are furnished in either quantities of lines or trunks. BellSouth SWA FGA and BellSouth SWA LSBSA Access are furnished on a per-line basis and BellSouth SWA FGB and BellSouth SWA TSBSA 1 are furnished on a per-trunk basis. BellSouth SWA FGC, BellSouth SWA FGD, BellSouth SWA TSBSA 2 and BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 are furnished on a trunk basis as set forth in Section E5.preceding.

Trunks are differentiated by type and directionality of traffic carried over a BellSouth SWA service arrangement.

There are four major traffic types. These are: Originating, Terminating, Directory Assistance, ***and*** Inward Operator Services. (C)
The originating traffic type represents access capacity within a LATA for carrying traffic from the end user to the IC; the terminating traffic type represents access capacity within a LATA for carrying traffic from the IC to the end user; the Directory Assistance traffic type represents access capacity within a LATA for carrying Directory Assistance traffic from the IC to a Directory Assistance location; and the Inward Operator Services traffic type represents access within a LATA for carrying Inward Operator Services traffic from the IC to the Inward Operator Services location.

E6. BELLSOUTH SWA SERVICE

E6.1 General (Cont'd)

E6.1.1 BellSouth SWA Service Arrangements and Manner of Provision (Cont'd)

J. Manner of Provision (Cont'd)

When an End User(s) orders BellSouth SWA FGB or BellSouth SWA TSBSA 1, the End User must at a minimum specify such access in terms of originating traffic type and/or terminating traffic type.

When ordering BellSouth SWA FGB, BellSouth SWA FGC, BellSouth SWA FGD, or BellSouth SWA TSBSA, the IC must at a minimum specify such access in terms of Originating traffic type and/or Terminating traffic type. Directory Assistance traffic type is as set forth in Section E9. ***following***. The Inward Operator Services traffic type is used for ordering BellSouth Inward Operator Services as set forth in Section E18. ***following***. (T)

Because some ICs will wish to further segregate their originating BellSouth SWA FGC, BellSouth SWA FGD, BellSouth SWA TSBSA 2 or BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 traffic into separate trunk groups, Originating traffic type is further categorized into Domestic, 500, 800, 900, and Operator. Domestic traffic type represents access for carrying only domestic traffic other than 500, 800, 900 and Operator traffic; and 500, 800, 900 and Operator traffic type represents access for carrying, respectively, only BellSouth SWA 500, BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening Service, BellSouth SWA 900 or Operator traffic. When ordering such types of access, the IC must specify Domestic, 500, 800, 900 or Operator traffic type.

(DELETED) (D)

E6.1.2 BellSouth SWA WATS Service

BellSouth SWA WATS Service is provided only for use with BellSouth SWA FGC, BellSouth SWA FGD, BellSouth SWA TSBSA 2 and BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 originating and terminating. BellSouth SWA WATS Service connects an end user premises with a WATS or WATS-type serving office.

"1+" and "0" intraLATA usage carried over outward BellSouth SWA WATS Service, having both intra and interstate capability (bijurisdictional) and provided from the BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. Tariff FCC No. 1 or other appropriate Local Exchange Carrier (LEC) interstate tariff, will be completed over LEC facilities at LEC intraLATA outward WATS rates and subject to rules and regulations applicable to LEC intraLATA outward WATS. Subscribers using a bijurisdictional access line for BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening Service may choose either the Company or the interexchange carrier to complete and bill intraLATA calls according to the appropriate rates, rules and regulations. The "1+" and "0" intraLATA usage will be billed to the customer (end user or IC) where the closed end of the bijurisdictional BellSouth SWA WATS Service is terminated. Customer billing information must be provided to the Company at the time the bijurisdictional WATS Access Line BellSouth SWA WATS Service is ordered when the Company is used to complete intraLATA calls. Local calling, seven digit access to originating intrastate BellSouth SWA FGA, BellSouth SWA FGB, BellSouth SWA LSBSA and BellSouth SWA TSBSA 1 service and "700" dialed access is prohibited.

E6.1.3 Rate Categories

The rate categories which apply to Service:

- BellSouth SWA Transport (described in E6.1.3.A. following)
- Local Switching (described in E6.1.3.B. following)
- BellSouth SWA WATS Service (described in E6.1.3.C. following)
- Common Line (described in Section E3. ***preceding*** (T)
- 800 Database (described in E6.1.3.E. following)
- BellSouth SWA 500 service (described in E6.1.3.D. following)

E6. BELLSOUTH SWA SERVICE

E6.1 General (Cont'd)

E6.1.3 Rate Categories (Cont'd)

A. BellSouth SWA Transport (Cont'd)

7. Available Premises Interface Codes (Cont'd)

e. Dedicated Network Access Line Premises Interface Codes (Cont'd)

Interface Group Arrangement	Associated BSE	Frequency Band	Company Interface Code	Premises Interface Code
	Queuing-Call Waiting	-	02CC8	02DC8-4, 04DS9-15-L0[1,2]
	Queuing-Music After Delay	200-3500Hz	02PG-3	02PG1-3, 02PG2-3, 4DS9-15E
	Announcement	100-5000Hz	02PG-5	02PG1-5, 02PG2-5, 4DS9-15F
		50-8000Hz	02PG-8	02PG1-8, 02PG2-8, 4DS9-15G

Switched digital 56 kbps (e.g., AccuPulse® service) services switching capability transmission is provided only with BellSouth SWA FGD or BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 using Interface Groups 6 and/or 9. Following is a matrix showing for Interface Groups 6 and 9 which premises interface codes are available as a function of the switched digital 56 kbps services level of digital transmission.

Interface Groups	Level of Transmission	Premises Interface Code
6	DS1	04DS9-15
9	DS3	04DS6-44

(DELETED) (D)

(DELETED) (D)

(DELETED) (D)

Note 1: When the DS interface is required, only the loop closure function is used. Voice frequency service specifications are not supported on any channel using CC or DC interfaces. Additional information may be found in TR-TSY-000335.

Note 2: With the DC interface the end user provides a voltage source. A negative voltage will be provided on the tip with ground provided on the ring. The open circuit tip-to-ring voltage shall not be more negative than 52.5 VDC. The voltage source shall be able to provide at least 16 mA to an external resistance of 2000 ohms.

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E6. BELLSOUTH SWA SERVICE

E6.1 General (Cont'd)

E6.1.3 Rate Categories (Cont'd)

A. BellSouth SWA Transport (Cont'd)

9. Optional Features (Cont'd)

c. IC Specification of Switched Transport Termination

This option allows the IC to specify, for BellSouth SWA FGB or BellSouth SWA TSBSA 1 routed directly to an end office or access tandem, a four-wire termination of the BellSouth SWA Transport at the entry switch in lieu of a Company selected two-wire termination. This option is available only when the BellSouth SWA FGB or BellSouth SWA TSBSA 1 arrangement is provided with Type B Transmission Specifications.

d. Switched Digital 56 kbps (e.g., AccuPulse® service) Services

This option allows an IC to establish a connection between the IC's premises and a suitably equipped end user premises over facilities that are capable of transmitting 56 kbps digital data. This option requires the use of Interface Groups 6 and/or 9. It is provided to suitably equipped electronic end offices or access tandems and is available only with BellSouth SWA FGD or BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3.

e. BellSouth SWA CCSAC

This option allows the customer to receive signals for call set-up out of band. This option is ***only*** available with BellSouth SWA FGD or BellSouth SWA TSBSA3. (C)

This option requires the establishment of ***a signaling path*** between the ***IC's*** signaling point of interface and the Company***'s Local*** Signal Transfer Point (STP). ***This path may also be used for the transmission of Mobile Service Providers' ISDNUP call control and T-CAP messages.*** (C)

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E6. BELLSOUTH SWA SERVICE

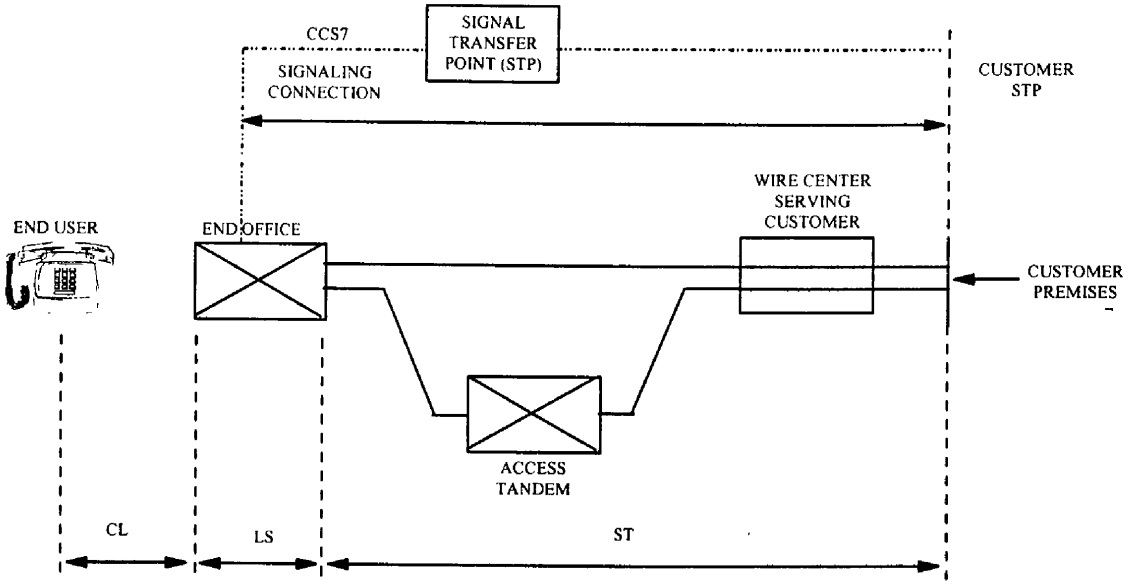
E6.1 General (Cont'd)

E6.1.3 Rate Categories (Cont'd)

A. BellSouth SWA Transport (Cont'd)

9. Optional Features (Cont'd)

e. BellSouth SWA CCSAC (Cont'd)



(C)

CL - Common Line

LS - Local Switching

ST - BellSouth SWA Transport

f. 64 Clear Channel Capability (CCC)

(1) Clear Channel Capability (CCC) is an arrangement that alters a DS1/1.544 Mbps signal with unconstrained information bits to meet pulse density requirements outlined in TR-NPL-000054 and TA-TSY-000342. This will allow an IC to transport an all-zero octet over a DS1/1.544 Mbps BellSouth SPA High Capacity channel and will provide an available combined maximum 1.536 Mbps data rate. This arrangement requires the IC signal at the channel interface to conform to Bipolar with eight (8) Zero Substitution (B8ZS) line code as described in Technical Reference TR-NPL-000054 and TR-INS-000342.

(2) This optional feature may be ordered at the same time the DS1/1.544 Mbps BellSouth SPA High Capacity is ordered, or it may be ordered as an additional feature of an existing DS1/1.544 Mbps BellSouth SPA High Capacity service.

E6. BELLSOUTH SWA SERVICE

E6.1 General (Cont'd)

E6.1.3 Rate Categories (Cont'd)

A. BellSouth SWA Transport (Cont'd)

9. Optional Features (Cont'd)

i. BellSouth SPA High Capacity and BellSouth SWA DS0 Transport Services (Cont'd)

(4) Channelization Equipment (Cont'd)

DS3 to DS1 - An arrangement that channelizes 44.736 Mbps channel to 28 DS1 channels.

DS1 Basic Channelization System - An arrangement that channelizes a 1.544 Mbps channel to a maximum of twenty-four (24) 64 Kbps channels. A DS1 Basic Channelization System requires a Central Office Channel Interface for each channel of lesser capacity.

A DS1 that is directly terminated into a digital switch is restricted to trunk side switched traffic and cannot be used for line side connections or BellSouth SPA Circuits.

A DS1 that is directly terminated into an analog switch is restricted to trunk side switched traffic and cannot be used for line side connections or Special Access Circuits.

The Central Office Channel Interface (COCI) rate element is necessary to activate the Sub DS1 Service capable of carrying Switched Access traffic. The COCI is required in addition to the Basic Channelization System.

Rates applicable to the Channelization Systems and the applicable Central Office Channel Interfaces are provided in E6.8.1 following.

j. Channelization for Common Transport Interoffice Channels

(1) DS3 to DS1 Multiplexer

This rate element is for use of DS3 to DS1 multiplexer equipment within the Company common transport network and is required for ICs utilizing BellSouth SWA Common Transport. The rate element applies for each BellSouth SWA Common Transport minute of use between the access tandem and the end office, as well as for each minute of use between a host and remote end office, and each terminating minute of use between a host and remote end office, and each terminating minute of use between a BellSouth SWA FGA or BellSouth SWA LSBSA dial tone office and the end office. The rate for this element is found in E6.8.1 following.

(2) DS1 to VG Multiplexer

This rate element is for DS1 to VG multiplexer equipment within the Company common transport network on the end office side of analog access tandem switches. This element is required for ICs utilizing BellSouth SWA Common Transport with an analog tandem switch. The rate for this element is found in E6.8.1 following.

k. Tandem Signaling

This option provides for the automatic transmission of signaling indicators, which identify the interexchange carrier and trunk group to which the call is to be directed. This option, available with BellSouth SWA FGD, is provided on originating direct trunk groups.

Direct trunk groups equipped with tandem signaling can be arranged to overflow to other direct trunk groups equipped with tandem signaling. Direct trunk groups equipped with tandem signaling cannot be arranged to overflow to the Company's common trunk groups.

Depending on the signaling facilities available, this option will be provisioned via MF or CCS7 signaling. The CCS7 alternative requires the establishment of; 1) BellSouth SWA CCSAC as described in e. preceding and 2) CCS7 Signaling Connections and CCS7 Signaling Terminations, ***between the IC's signaling point of interface and each of the Telephone Company's STPs.*** (C)

E6. BELLSOUTH SWA SERVICE

E6.1 General (Cont'd)

E6.1.3 Rate Categories (Cont'd)

D. BellSouth SWA WATS Service (Cont'd)

2. Applications

   a. BellSouth SWA WATS Service is provided only for use with BellSouth SWA FGC, BellSouth SWA FGD, BellSouth SWA TSBSA 2 or BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 service. It is for use at the closed end of an BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening Service or a BellSouth SWA WATS Service or similar type service.

3. Optional Features

   a. At the option of the IC, the BellSouth SWA WATS Service may be ordered with the Improved Two-Wire Voice Transmission Specifications optional feature (guaranteed specifications are set forth in E6.4.3 following). Certain other features which may be provided in connection with BellSouth SWA WATS Service are available under the Company's local and/or general exchange service tariffs. Examples are:

   - End User access to a Company test line

   - Speed Calling

E. (DELETED) (D)

E6. BELLSOUTH SWA SERVICE

E6.1 General (Cont'd)

E6.1.3 Rate Categories (Cont'd)

E. (DELETED) (D

F. BellSouth SWA 500 Service

The BellSouth SWA 500 service rate category includes the use of switch based translations and the use of transmission facilities and functions between a Service Switching Point (SSP) equipped switch and a Service Control Point (SCP) by the Company to provide for BellSouth SWA 500 service. Rate elements and rates associated with this category are provided in E6.8.13 following.

G. 800 Database

The 800 Database rate category includes the use of transmission facilities and functions between a Service Switching Point (SSP) equipped end office or access tandem and a Service Control Point (SCP) by the Company to provide for BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening Service. Rate elements and rates associated with this category are provided in E6.8.4 following.

E6.1.4 Special Facilities Routing

An IC may request that the facilities used to provide BellSouth SWA service be specially routed. The regulations, rates and charges for Special Facilities Routing (i.e., Avoidance, Diversity and Cable Only) are set forth in Section E11. following.

E6.1.5 Design Layout Report

A. At the request of the IC, the Company will provide to the IC the makeup of the facilities and services provided from the IC's terminal location to the first point of switching. This information will be provided in the form of a Design Layout Report. The Design Layout Report will be provided to the IC at no charge, and will be reissued or updated whenever these facilities are materially changed.

E6.1.6 Acceptance Testing

A. When analog or a combination of analog and digital services are provided at voice grade frequency, the Company will, at the IC's request, cooperatively test to the point of termination at no additional charge, the following parameters at the time of installation: loss, C-notched noise, C-message noise, 3-tone slope, d.c. continuity and operational signaling. When the BellSouth SWA Transport is provided with Interface Groups 2, 6 or 9 and the BellSouth SWA Transport Termination is two-wire (i.e., there is a four-wire to two-wire conversion in BellSouth SWA Transport), balance parameters (equal level echo path loss) may also be tested.

B. When the service is provided totally via digital facilities (i.e., digital switch and digital transport), the Company will, at the IC's request, cooperatively test at the time of installation the following at no additional charge: operational signaling for each circuit provided and loss for one circuit per di-group provided.

E6. BELLSOUTH SWA SERVICE

E6.4 Transmission Specifications

Each BellSouth SWA service transmission path is provided with standard transmission specifications. There are three different standard specifications (Types A, B and C). The standard for a particular transmission path is dependent on the BellSouth SWA FG or BellSouth SWA Basic Serving Arrangement, the Interface Group Arrangement and whether the service is directly routed or via an access tandem. When directly routed service is equipped with the tandem signaling option, Type A transmission specifications will be the standard. In addition, the WATS Access Line (a.k.a. BellSouth SPA WATS Line) is provided with standard transmission specifications for two-wire and four-wire. The available transmission specifications are set forth in E6.4.1 following. Data Transmission Parameters are also provided with each BellSouth SWA Service transmission path and WATS Access Line (a.k.a. BellSouth SPA WATS Line). The Company will, upon notification by the IC that the data parameters set forth in E6.4.2.A, B. or C. are not being met, conduct tests independently or in cooperation with the IC, and take any necessary action to insure that the data parameters are met.

In addition, the WATS Access Line (a.k.a. BellSouth SPA WATS Line) may be optionally provided with Improved Two-Wire Voice Transmission Specifications as set forth in E6.4.3 following.

The Company will maintain existing transmission specifications on functioning service configurations installed prior to the effective date of this Tariff except that service configurations having performance specifications exceeding the standards listed in this provision will be maintained at performance levels specified in this Tariff.

The transmission specifications contained in this section are immediate action limits. Acceptance limits are set forth in Technical Reference PUB TR-NPL-000334. This Technical Reference also provides the basis for determining BellSouth SWA service maintenance limits. Transmission specifications for ***BellSouth SWA CCSAC s****ignaling* ***c****onnections* are set forth in the BellSouth Guidelines to Technical Publication TR-TSV-000905. Transmission Specifications for 64 CCC are set forth in the Technical Publication TR-TSV-000962. (C)

E6.4.1 Standard Transmission Specifications

Following are descriptions of the three Standard Transmission Specifications available with BellSouth SWA FGs and the two Standard Transmission Specifications for WATS Access Lines (a.k.a. BellSouth SPA WATS Lines). The specific applications in terms of the BellSouth SWA FGs (and BellSouth SWA Basic Serving Arrangement) and Interface Group Arrangements with which the BellSouth SWA FG Feature Group (and BellSouth SWA Basic Serving Arrangement) Standard Transmission Specifications are provided are set forth in E6.2.1.C., E6.2.2.C., E6.2.3.C, E6.2.4.C., E6.2.8.C., E6.2.9.A.3., E6.2.9.B.3. and E6.2.9.C.3. preceding.

A. Type A Transmission Specifications

Type A Transmission Specifications are provided with the following parameters:

1. Loss Deviation

   The maximum Loss Deviation of the 1004 Hz loss relative to the Expected Measured Loss (EML) is +/- 2.0 dB.

2. Attenuation Distortion

   The maximum Attenuation Distortion in the 404 to 2804 Hz frequency band relative to the loss at 1004 Hz is -1.0 dB to +3.0 dB.

E6. BELLSOUTH SWA SERVICE

E6.5 Obligations of the Company (Cont'd)

E6.5.2 Design and Traffic Routing of Switched Access Service

For BellSouth SWA FGA, BellSouth SWA FGB, BellSouth SWA LSBSA and BellSouth SWA TSBSA 1 and BellSouth SWA FGC /BellSouth SWA TSBSA 2 or BellSouth SWA FGD/BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 ordered in trunks, the IC desired line or trunk directionality and /or traffic routing of the BellSouth SWA service between the IC's terminal location and the entry switch are specified on the IC's order for service. The Company will determine the optimal network configuration based on the capacity ordered. If the IC desires routing or directionality different from the optimal configuration determined by the Company, the Company will work cooperatively with the IC in determining: (1) whether the service is to be routed directly to an end office or through an access tandem switch, and (2) the directionality of the service before establishing a firm order. Additionally, for BellSouth SWA FGB or BellSouth SWA TSBSA 1 the IC may order the optional feature IC Specification of BellSouth SWA Transport Termination.

E6.5.3 Provision of Service Performance Data

Subject to availability, end-to-end service performance data available to the Company through its own service evaluation routines, may also be made available to the IC based on previously arranged intervals and format. These data provide information on overall end-to-end call completion and non-completion performance, e.g., IC equipment blockage, failure results and transmission performance. These data do not include service performance data, which are provided under other tariff sections, e.g., testing service results. If data are to be provided in other than paper format, the charges for such exchange will be determined on an individual case basis.

E6.5.4 Trunk Group Measurements Reports

Subject to availability, the Company will make available trunk group data in the form of usage in CCS, peg count and overflow, to the IC based on previously agreed to intervals.

E6.5.5 Determination of Number of Transmission Paths

The following applies to switched access voice transmission paths, and does not apply to signaling connections provided with the ***BellSouth SWA CCSAC option or other services requiring use of the SS7 Signaling Network***. The number of transmission paths for signaling connections will be determined jointly by the Company and the ***IC***. Any specialized routing or additional diversity requirements of the ***IC*** are provided as set forth in Section E11. ***following***. (C)

The customer's order for BellSouth SWA FGA, and BellSouth SWA LSBSA which are ordered on a per line basis and BellSouth SWA FGB and BellSouth SWA TSBSA 1 which are ordered on a per trunk basis, and BellSouth SWA FGC, BellSouth SWA FGD or BellSouth SWA TSBSA 2 or BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 which are ordered on a per trunk basis, or the BellSouth SWA Transport facilities ordered determines the number of transmission paths in the order for BellSouth SWA service. A transmission path is a communication path within the frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 Hz or a derived communication path of a frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 Hz to 3000 Hz provided over a high frequency analog facility or high speed digital facility between an IC and a Company location.

E6.5.6 Determination of Number of End Office Transport Terminations

For analog entry switches, a termination may be provided for each transmission path provided. For digital entry switches, an equivalent termination may be provided for each transmission path provided.

E6. BELLSOUTH SWA SERVICE

E6.6 Obligations of the IC (Cont'd)

E6.6.5 Billing Data For Terminating Usage

When an IC uses the service(s) of an alternative access provider or alternative tandem service provider and as a result the Company is unable to record usage terminated via dedicated trunks with sufficient specificity to identify the access IC of record, the alternative access provider or alternative tandem service provider must provide the Company with billing data so the Company can properly measure and bill the access minutes. The record that will be used for the transmission of data is the 110120 record. A description of the record and the fields contained can be found in BellCore Publication Sr-STS-000320, Message Interface. It is the responsibility of the alternative access provider or alternative tandem service provider to provide the billing data information to the Company on a daily basis. Failure on the part of the alternative provider to comply with the requirements of this paragraph will result in the Company's billing the alternative provider all terminating access minutes.

E6.7 Rate Regulations

This section contains the specific regulations governing the rates and charges that apply for BellSouth SWA service.

E6.7.1 Description and Application of Rates and Charges

A. There are three types of rates and charges that apply to BellSouth SWA service. These are monthly recurring rates, usage rates and nonrecurring charges. These rates and charges are applied differently to the various rate elements as set forth following.

1. Monthly Rates

   Monthly rates are flat recurring rates that apply each month or fraction thereof that a specific rate element is provided. Elements having a monthly "per mile" charge are charged per mile, per month. For the Switched DNAL, the applicable mileage band rate will be applied per mile, per month. For billing purposes each month is considered to have 30 days.

2. Usage Rates

   Usage rates are rates that apply only when a specific rate element is used. These are applied on a per access minute basis or on a per call basis. BellSouth SWA Common Transport transmission rates will be applied on a per minute of use, per mile basis. Usage rates are accumulated over a monthly period.

   a. BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening Service

      A per call charge, as specified in E6.8.4 following, applies for each 800 call utilizing BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening service for which an BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening service IC is identified.

   b. BellSouth SWA 500 Service

      A per call charge, as specified in E6.8.13 following, applies for each 500 call.

   c. **(DELETED)** (D)

3. Nonrecurring Charges

   Nonrecurring charges are one-time charges that apply for a specific work activity (i.e., installation of new service or change to an existing service). The types of nonrecurring charges that apply for BellSouth SWA service are: installation of new service, installation of optional features and BSEs, service rearrangements, transfer of service, BellSouth SWA 500 service, BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening service and BellSouth SWA 900 service.

E6. BELLSOUTH SWA SERVICE

E6.7 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

E6.7.1 Description and Application of Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

A. (Cont'd)

3. Nonrecurring Charges (Cont'd)

The following list identifies the individual BellSouth SWA service elements, for which charges are set forth in Section E6. of this Tariff, which are eligible for credit of nonrecurring charges under "Service Installation Guarantee" found in E2.4.10 of this Tariff. Customers with these services are not eligible for the Service Installation Guarantee when the requested installation, move or rearrangement service order interval is four days or less as measured from the Application Date of the order.

BellSouth SWA Transport Installation

BellSouth SWA Transport Interoffice Channel Installation

Optional Features (Installed coincident with Switched Local Channels, Switched Interoffice Channels and associated Channelization Equipment), and

Dedicated Network Access Line Service

The following list identifies the BellSouth SWA service elements not eligible for credit of nonrecurring charges under "Service Installation Guarantee" found in E2.4.10 preceding.

BellSouth SWA service Rearrangements, Conversions, and/or Inside Moves,

Activation of BellSouth SWA 500, BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening service and BellSouth SWA 900 service NXX codes

The BellSouth SWA FGD CCSAC and the SS7 Signaling Connection, and (C)

Transfer of Service

BellSouth® Remote Access Service

Customers will be exempt from nonrecurring charges for the installation of new BellSouth SWA transport facilities and optional features associated with those facilities, as set forth in E6.8.1 following, when prompted by the elimination of the unitary tandem-switched rate structure, pursuant to the First Report and Order in CC Docket No. 96-262, released May 16, 1997, per the provisions of E6.7.1 of this Tariff, during the time period established therein. This exemption is applicable to the installation of new switched access facilities in connection with those rearrangements of existing switched access services which qualify for the waiver of service rearrangement nonrecurring charges as set forth in E6.7.1.

a. Installation of New Service

Nonrecurring charges apply to each BellSouth SWA service installed.

For BellSouth SWA FGA/BellSouth SWA LSBSA and BellSouth SWA FGB/BellSouth SWA TSBSA 1 service which are ordered on a per line or trunk basis respectively, and for BellSouth SWA FGD /BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 when ordered on a per trunk basis the charge is applied per line or trunk. In addition, ***when a*** signaling connection ***is*** installed ***for use with the BellSouth SWA FGD and BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 BellSouth SWA CCSAC option and TCAP message transmission option***, the charge is applied per signaling connection. (C)

(1) Switched Local Channel

Nonrecurring charges, as set forth in E6.8.1 following, apply to each BellSouth SWA service installed. When one Switched Local Channel is ordered and installed, it is billed at the First Service installed rate. When more than one Switched Local Channel of the same type is ordered and installed at the same locations, for the same IC, at the same time, the first Switched Local Channel is billed at the "First Service" installed charge and the other Switched Local Channels are billed at the "Additional Service" installed charges. Services requested on multiple ASRs will be treated as one request when requirements, as specified in E6.1.7 are met, and will receive "First" and "Additional" treatment.

(2) BellSouth SWA Dedicated Transport

The nonrecurring charge for the BellSouth SWA Dedicated Interoffice Transport, as set forth in E6.8.1 following, will be applied each time BellSouth SWA Dedicated Interoffice Transport is ordered by the IC.

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E6. BELLSOUTH SWA SERVICE

E6.7 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

E6.7.1 Description and Application of Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

A. (Cont'd)

3. Nonrecurring Charges (Cont'd)

c. Service Rearrangements (Cont'd)

Administrative changes, as identified following, will be made without charge(s) to the IC. Such changes require the continued provision and billing of the Access Service to the same entity (i.e., IC remains responsible for all outstanding indebtedness for the Access Service). Administrative changes are as follows:

- Change of IC name (i.e., the IC of record does not change but rather the IC of record changes its name - e.g., AT&T Long Lines to AT&T Communications),
- Change of IC or IC's end user premises address when the change of address is not a result of a physical relocation of equipment,
- Change in billing data (name, address, or contact name or telephone number. The IC of record does not change).
- Change of agency authorization,
- Change of IC circuit identification,
- Change of billing account number,
- Change of IC test contact number,
- Change of IC or IC's end user contact name or telephone number,
- Change of jurisdiction, and
- Change of Agency Authorization.

When the BellSouth SWA CCSAC option is elected, the IC may add Calling Party Number (CPN), Charge Number (CN)/Billing Number and Carrier Selection Parameter (CSP) at no additional charge if these features/ BSEs are specified at the time the BellSouth SWA CCSAC option is ordered for existing BellSouth SWA access trunks.

(DELETED) (N)

When the 64 CCC option is elected to upgrade an existing BellSouth SWA FGD or BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 trunk equipped with BellSouth SWA CCSAC, the rearrangement charge as specified in E6.8.8.F. shall apply.

When the 64 CCC option is elected, the IC may select Access Transport Parameter (ATP) option at no additional charge if this feature is specified at the time the 64 CCC option is ordered for existing switched access trunks.

All other service rearrangements will be charged for as follows:

- If the change involves the addition of an optional feature or BSE which has separate nonrecurring charge, that nonrecurring charge will apply. The addition of Local Switching Optional Features or BSEs during conversion from BellSouth SWA FG service to BellSouth SWA LSBSA or BellSouth SWA TSBSA service will also incur the applicable nonrecurring charges.)

E6. BELLSOUTH SWA SERVICE

E6.7 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

E6.7.1 Description and Application of Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

A. (Cont'd)

3. Nonrecurring Charges (Cont'd)

c. Service Rearrangements (Cont'd)

- If the change involves rearrangement of an IC's existing lines and/or trunk groups, the addition and/or modification of an optional feature or BSE which does not have a separate nonrecurring charge, rearrangements that are accomplished via software translations changes such as those made in the common block of the switch (e.g., adding and/or changing carrier codes), and/or dialing arrangement changes to BellSouth SWA 500 service and BellSouth SWA 900 service, nonrecurring charges for service rearrangements will apply. A common charge is assessed for all changes submitted on the same ASR. Services requested on multiple ASRs will be treated as one request when requirements, as specified in E6.1.7, are met. The nonrecurring charges for service rearrangements are as specified in E6.8.8 following. (C

- If the change involves rearrangement of an IC's existing BellSouth SWA FGD or BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 Service from direct routed to tandem routed trunks, no charge shall apply for the IC requested rearrangement as long as the following conditions are met:

  Access tandem routed access was not available to the end office at the time the end office was converted to an equal access office,

  the IC was providing service in the access tandem serving area prior to the availability of access tandem routed access, and

  the IC requests the rearrangement of its trunks from direct routed access to access tandem routed access within six months of the first availability of access tandem routed access in that area.

- If the change involves the addition of BellSouth® Remote Access Service ports, nonrecurring charges as set forth in E6.8.2.A.4 following will apply for the installation of the additional ports as well as appropriate BellSouth SWA LSBSA installation nonrecurring charges.

When an optional feature or BSE is not required on each transmission path, but rather for an entire transmission path group, an end office or an access tandem switch, only one such charge will apply (i.e., it will not apply per transmission path). For example, if the requested option or change is common to more than one trunk and the work required will be performed in the common block of the switch, the charge specified in E6.8.8 following will be multiplied by the total number of Company central offices (access tandem and end offices) involved.

If, due to technical limitations of the Company, an IC cannot combine its BellSouth SWA 500 service or BellSouth SWA 8XX Toll Free Dialing Ten Digit Screening service traffic with its BellSouth SWA FGD or BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 service traffic, no charge shall apply to combine these trunk groups when it becomes technically possible.

Customers will be exempt from nonrecurring charges for Service Rearrangements, prompted by the elimination of the unitary tandem switched rate structure, as set forth in E6.8.8.A. and E6.8.8.C. following, pursuant to the First Report and Ordering CC Docket No. 96-262, released May 16, 1997, until July 1, 1999. The exemption is applicable to the replacement of access tandem routed trunks with direct end office routed trunks and to the replacement of common transport between the serving wire center and the access tandem with dedicated transport between the serving wire center and the access tandem, and to roll-overs and grooming of existing BellSouth SWA services in connection with such rearrangements. In addition, the waiver is limited to one change for a given Switched Access trunk, trunk group, or facility during the waiver period. In order for nonrecurring charges for Service rearrangements to be waived, the following conditions must be met:

- The customer must maintain the same point of presence (POP) location.
- It is the responsibility of the customer to provide all related purchase order numbers pertaining to the connect ASR on the disconnect ASR.
- The connect ASR and the disconnect ASR must be placed at the same time.
- If the number of installed trunks exceed the number of trunks to be disconnected the customer must provide, at the time the ASRs are placed, justification based upon standard engineering methods.
- When multiple ASRs are required, the ASRs must be submitted at the same time and the customer must provide related purchase order numbers pertaining to the multiple ASRs.
- The access trunk, trunk group, or facility must currently have a PIU-E percentage of zero.

E6. BELLSOUTH SWA SERVICE

E6.8 Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

E6.8.1 BellSouth SWA Transport (Cont'd)

F. Installation of New Service

1. Line Side Service

		Nonrecurring Charge First	Nonrecurring Charge Additional	Monthly Rate	USOC	
(a)	Per Line	$285.00	$263.00	$-	TPP++	
(b)	Per Inward Only BellSouth SWA LSBSA Line for DID Service	285.00	263.00	-	TPP+1	
(c)	Per Two-way BellSouth SWA LSBSA Line for DID/DOD Service	285.00	263.00	-	TPP+2	
(d)	Per BellSouth SWA LSBSA Line with Answer Supervision	285.00	263.00	-	TPP+3	

2. Trunk Side Service

(a)	Per Trunk or Signaling Connection	915.00	263.00	-	TPP++	

3. Point Code Establishing Change[1] (M)

(a)	Per Originating Point Code Established or Changed	40.00	8.00	-	CCAPO	(M)
(d)	Per Destination Point Code Established or Changed	8.00	8.00	-	CCAPD	(M)

G. Network Blocking Charge[2] (T)

1. Nonrecurring Charge

		Rate	USOC
(a)	Per Call Blocked	$.0080	NA

H. Optional Features

1. Supervisory Signaling

a. DX Supervisory Signaling arrangement
- Per Transmission Path[3] (T)

b. SF Supervisory Signaling arrangement
- Per Transmission Path[4] (T)

c. E&M Type I Supervisory Signaling arrangement
- Per Transmission Path[3] (T)

d. E&M Type II Supervisory Signaling arrangement
- Per Transmission Path[3] (T)

e. E&M Type III Supervisory Signaling arrangement
- Per Transmission Path[5] (T)

f. Tandem Supervisory Signaling arrangement
- Per Transmission Path[6] (T)

Note 1: Applies to Signaling Connections with TCAP Message Transmission Service.

Note 2: Applies to BellSouth SWA FGD and BellSouth SWA TSBSA 3 (T)

Note 3: Available with Interface Groups 1 and 2. (T)

Note 4: Available with Interface Groups 2, 6 and/or 9. (T)

Note 5: Available with Interface Groups 1 and 2 for BellSouth SWA FGC, BellSouth SWA FGD, BellSouth SWA TSBSA 2 and TSBSA 3. (T)

Note 6: Available with Interface Group 2 for BellSouth SWA FGA and BellSouth SWA LSBSA. (T)

Material appearing on this page previously appeared on page(s) 115 of this section.

E6. BELLSOUTH SWA SERVICE

E6.8 Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

E6.8.1 BellSouth SWA Transport (Cont'd)

J. Switched Local Channel - per Local Channel - Independent Telephone Companies (Cont'd)

4. End-Office Based Private Network

	Monthly Rate	Nonrecurring Charge	USOC
(a) Per Local Channel	$4.75	$18.43	TEFHK

K. (DELETED) (D

L. Switched Interoffice Channel - Switched Dedicated Transport - Independent Telephone Companies

1. Voice Grade

	Monthly Rate	Nonrecurring Charge	USOC
(a) Per mile	$1.90	-	1L5XF
(b) Facility Termination	23.30	79.85	NA
2. DS0 - 56/64 Kbps			
(a) Per mile	3.95	-	1L5XK
(b) Facility Termination	38.37	24.01	NA
3. DS1 - 1.544 Mbps			
(a) Per mile	16.75	-	1L5XL
(b) Facility Termination	59.75	100.49	NA
4. DS3 - 44.736 Mbps			
(a) Per mile	175.00	-	1L5XM
(b) Facility Termination	1,200.00	67.19	NA

M. Switched Interoffice Channel - Switched Common Transport - Independent Telephone Companies

1. Per Mile

	Rate Per Access Minute	USOC
(a) Premium	$.00004	NA
2. Facilities Termination		
(a) Premium	.00036	NA